

Problem 1

formula for the conditional likelihood

$$1. a: NB: P(Y=1 | X_1, \dots, X_p) = \frac{P(Y=1) \prod_{i=1}^p P(X_i | Y=1)}{\sum_{j=1}^K P(Y=y_j) \prod_{i=1}^p P(X_i | Y=y_j)}$$

$$LR: P(Y=1 | X_1, \dots, X_p) = \frac{\exp(w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^p w_i X_i)}{1 + \exp(w_0 + \sum_{i=1}^p w_i X_i)}$$

b. classification rule:

NB: for $X^{new} = \langle X_1, \dots, X_n \rangle$ is: $Y^{new} \leftarrow \arg \max_{y_k} P(Y=y_k) \prod_i P(X_i^{new} | Y=y_k)$

LR: $w_0 + \sum_i w_i X_i \geq 0$

c. parameters we have to estimate:

For NB: NB for discrete-valued inputs: have to estimate two sets of parameters:

first: $\theta_{ijk} \equiv P(X_i = x_{ij} | Y=y_k)$ for each input features X_i , each of its possible values x_{ij} , and each of the possible values y_k of Y .

second: we have to estimate the parameter that define the prior probability over Y .

$$\pi_k \equiv P(Y=y_k)$$

NB for continuous inputs: must estimate the mean and standard deviation of each of these Gaussians for example Gaussian NB

μ_{ik} and σ_{ik}^2 for each feature X_i and each possible value y_k of Y

For LR: $W \leftarrow \arg \max_W \prod P(Y^i | X^i, W)$

where $W = \langle w_0, w_1, \dots, w_n \rangle$ is the vector of parameters to be estimated.