

Resource-Parameterized Program Analysis using Observation Sequences

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(under the supervision of Prof. Thomas Wahl)



Outline

- Overview of the Research
- A Paradigm
- Applications (What I Have Accomplished)
- How *Might* They be Relevant to Google

Outline

- Overview of the Research
- A Paradigm
- Applications
- How *Might* They be Relevant to Facebook

Problem Statement

Target is **resource-parameterized programs**, which are designed over a variable number of discrete resources.

“Resource” could mean:



Threads



Context Switches



Memory Writes



Execution



Message Queues

Problem Statement

Analysis is to ensure **safety** and **liveness** of such programs for an **unspecified** number of resource instances

Safety and liveness could mean:

- Free of **data race / race condition** in shared-memory multi-threaded programs
- **Deadlock-free** or **mutual exclusion** in concurrent programs
- **Assertions** in various sequential or concurrent programs
- **Responsiveness** in message-passing programs
- **Eventual consistency** in distributed systems
- ...

Why Do We Care?

Reason 1: Resource-parameterized programs are **ubiquitous**.



Why Do We Care?

Reason 2: Ensuring their safety and liveness is **desirable** and **significant**.



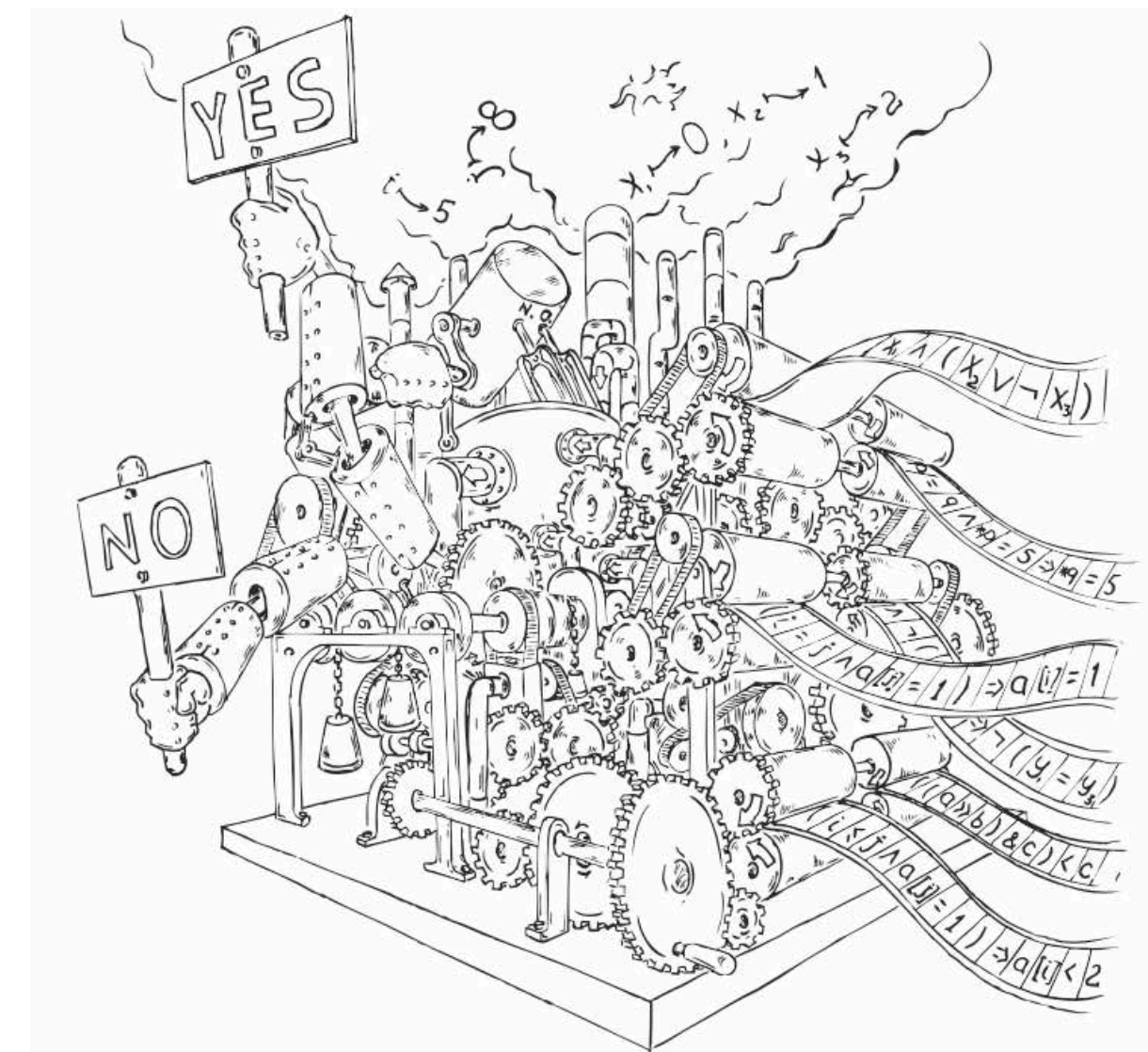
Why Do We Care?

However, resource-parameterized program analysis is **challenging**



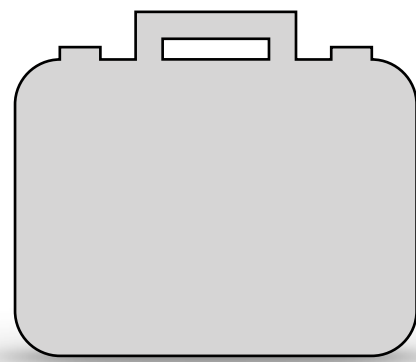
I can't find an efficient algorithm, but neither can all these famous people.

intractable

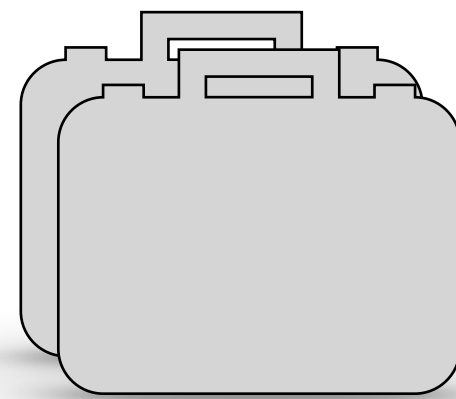


undecidable

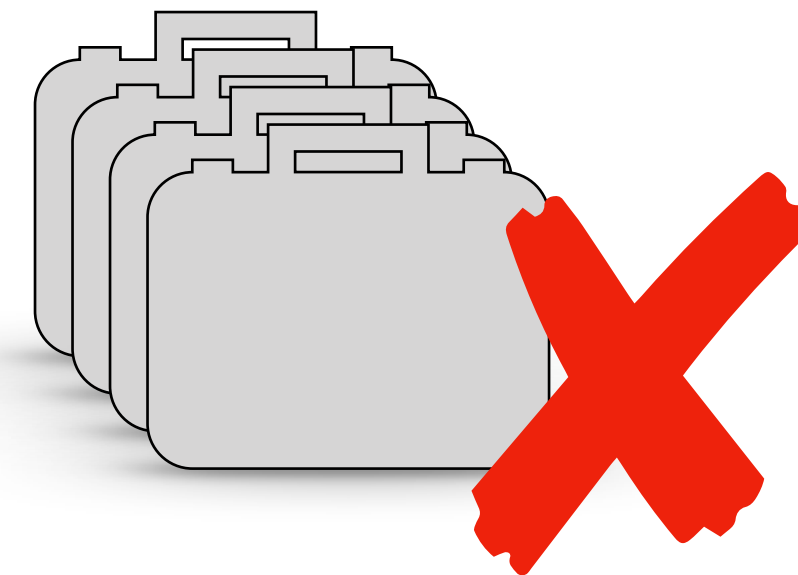
A Sidestep: Resource-Bounded Analysis



*start with **one** resource*



iteratively increase resource



until a violation is found



*until a **pre-specified** upper bound*

A Sidestep: Resource-Bounded Analysis

We thus have a **bug-finding** technique.



A Sidestep: Resource-Bounded Analysis

Tested empirically [Lu, et. al. ASPLOS'08]: **Most bugs can be exposed with a **small** number of resources.**

Learning from Mistakes — A Comprehensive Study on Real World Concurrency Bug Characteristics

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A Sidestep: Resource-Bounded Analysis

Still, uncertainty remains beyond the **pre-specified** bound.



Beyond the Sidestep

Can we lift the **resource-bounded bug-finding** technique to **resource-unbounded** analysis?



Goal of the Research

To provide a uniform paradigm, which can
lift resource-bounded bug-finding technique to resource-unbounded analysis.

Our Paradigm: Bird's Eye View

Observation sequence (OS)

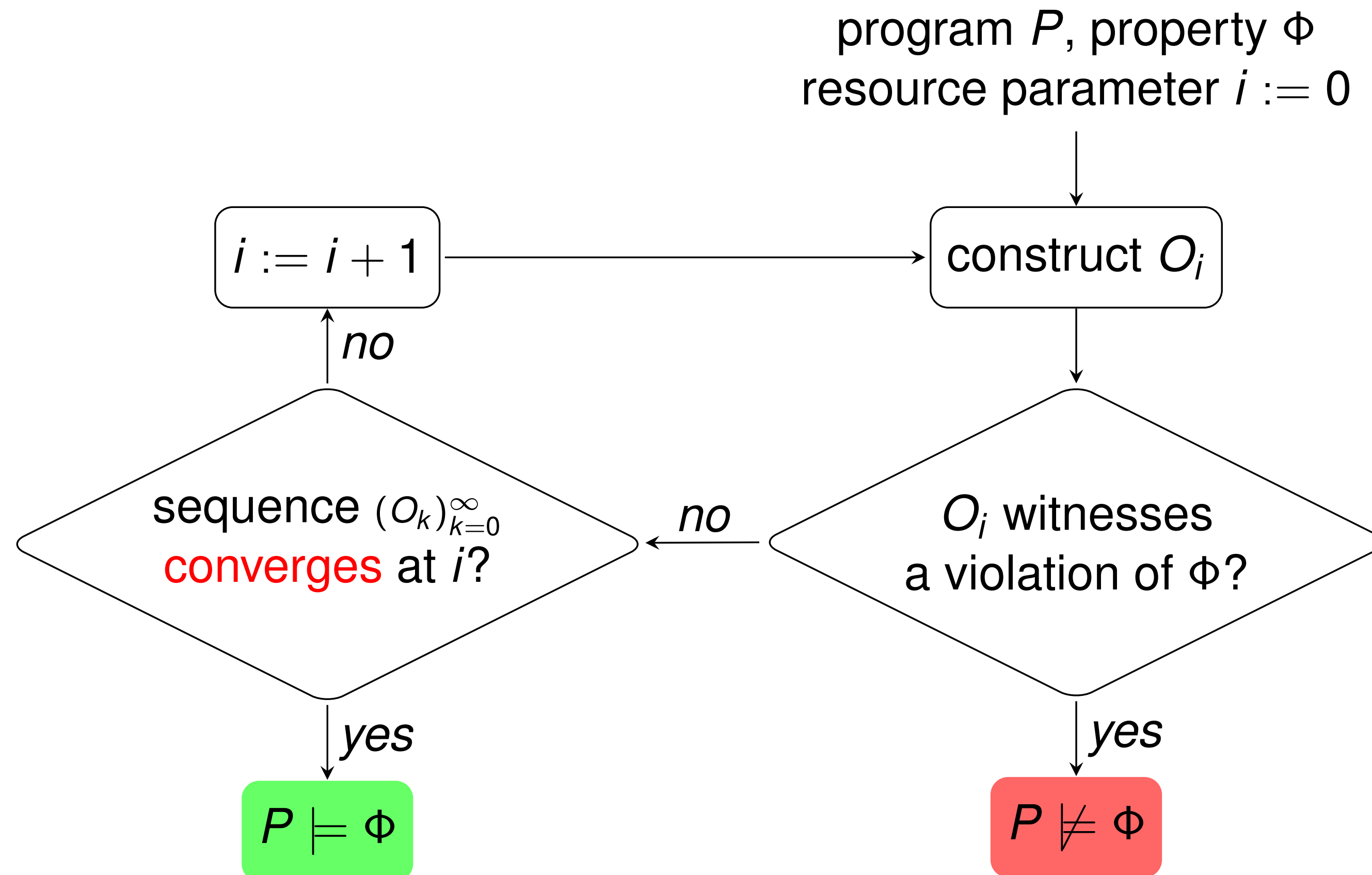
*Informally, a sequence of observable **program behaviors** O_k within k instances of resource.*

Examples:

- $O_k := \{ \text{reachable program **states** within } k \text{ threads} \}$
- $O_k := \{ \text{reachable program **locations** within } k \text{ context switches} \}$
-

Our Paradigm: Bird's Eye View

Scheme



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- Overview of the Research
- **A Paradigm**
- Applications
- How *Might* They be Relevant to Facebook

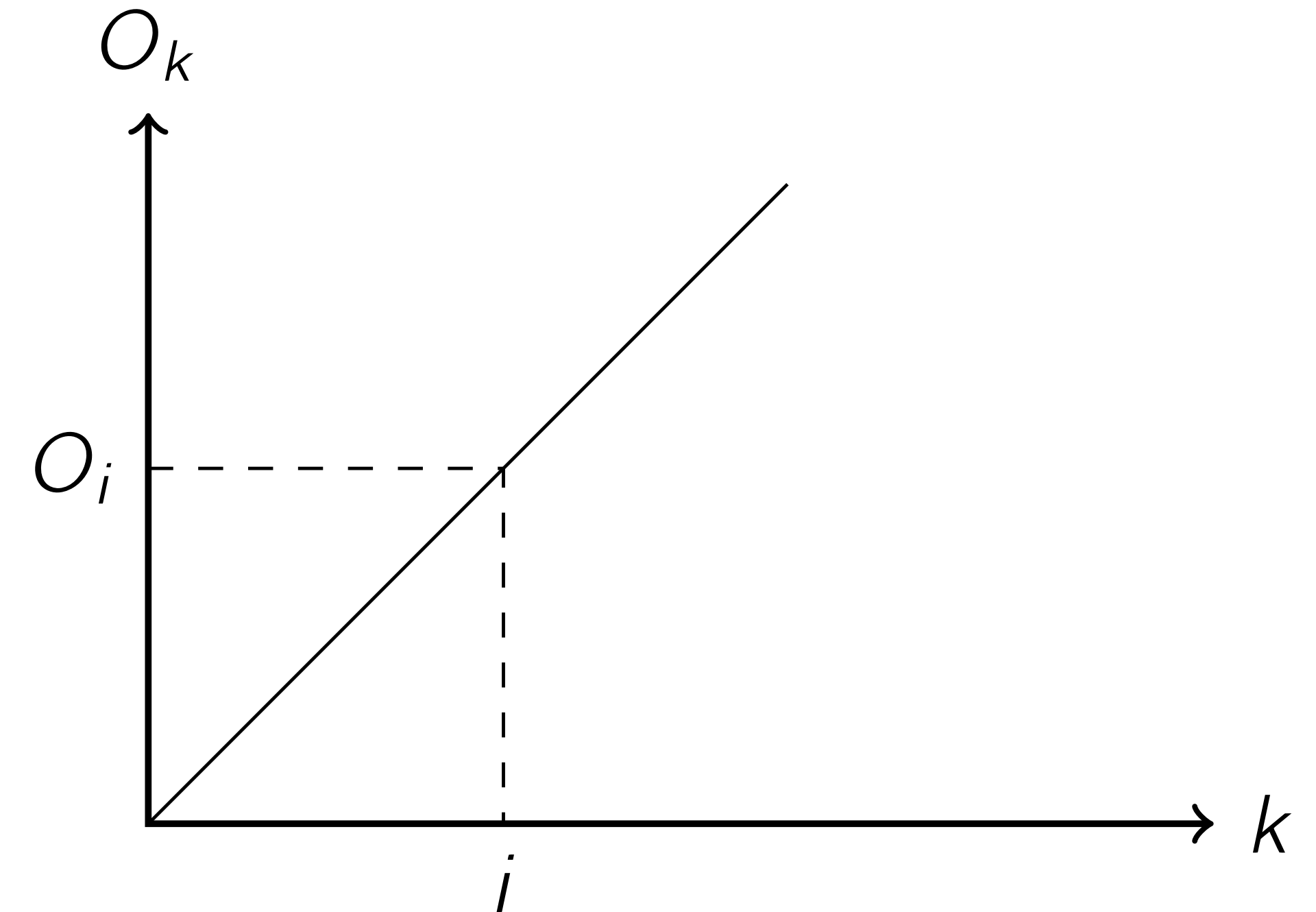
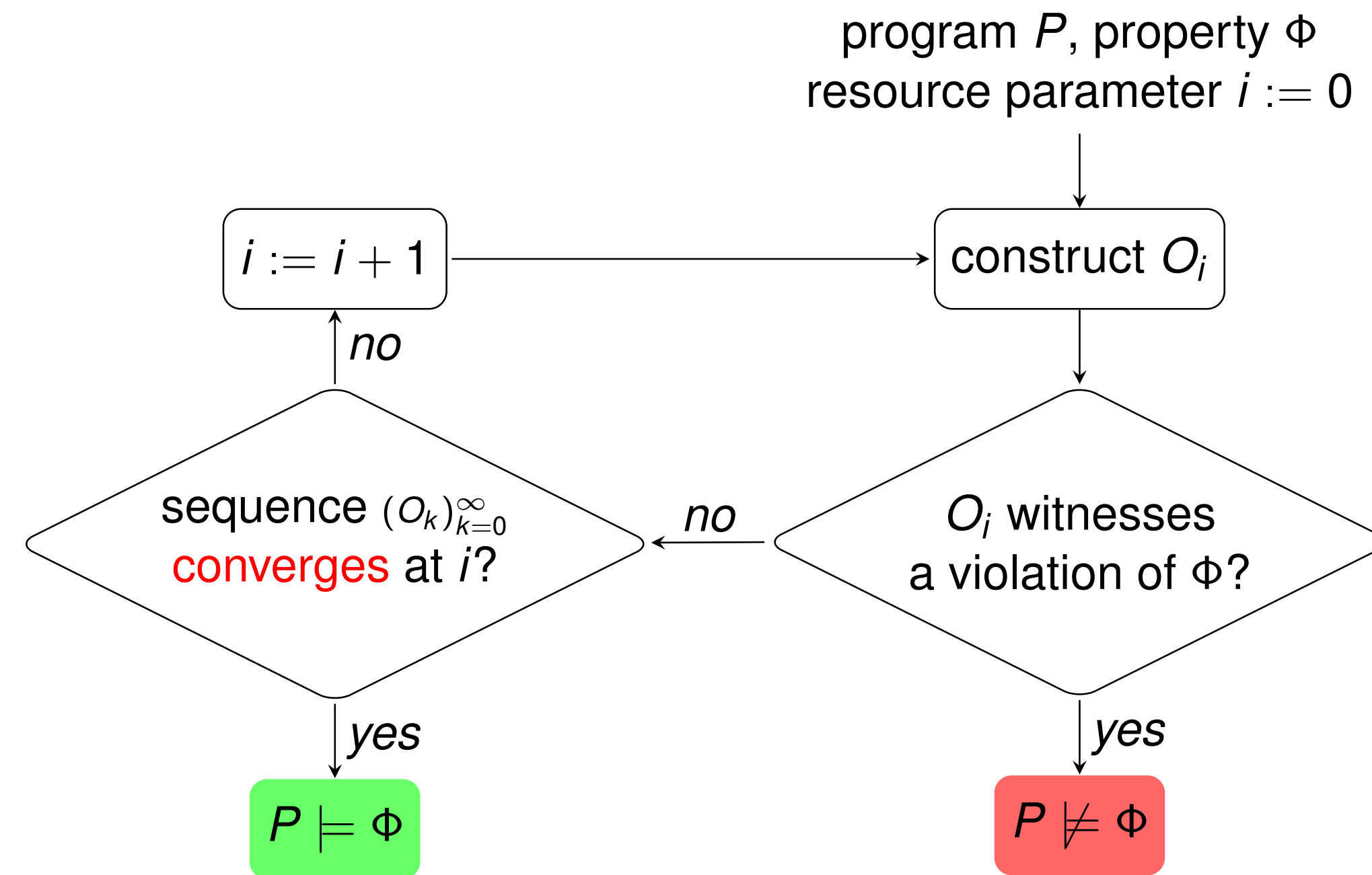
Observation Sequences

Definition

An observation sequence of a program P w.r.t. resource bound k is a sequence $(O_k)_{k=0}^{\infty}$ with the following properties:

- for all k , $O_k \subseteq O_{k+1}$ that is **monotonicity**
- for all k , O_k is **computable**.
- for all k , $O_k \models \Phi$ is **decidable**, where Φ is a property of interest.
- for all k , $O_k \models \Phi$ **implies** $P \models \Phi$.

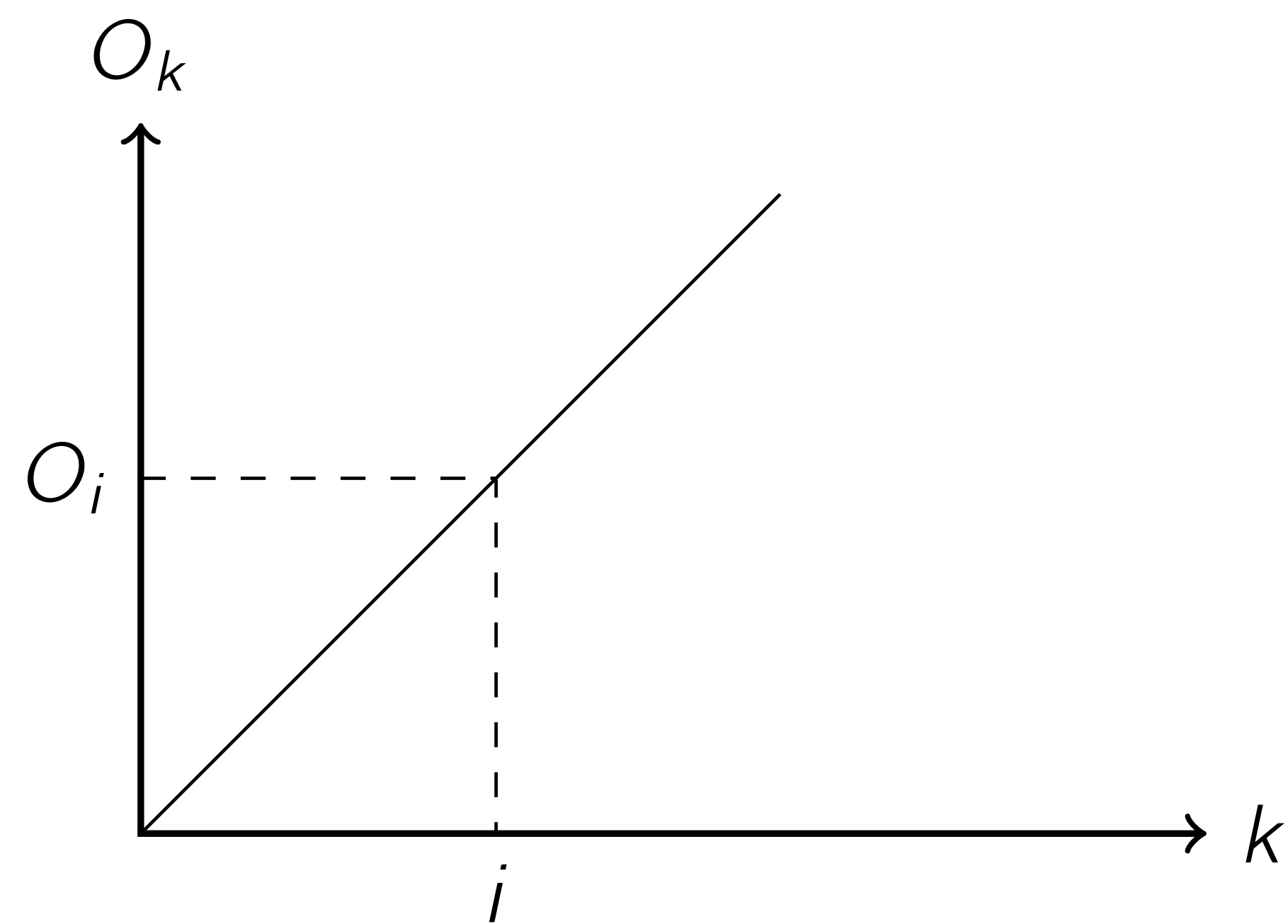
Convergence Detection is Challenging



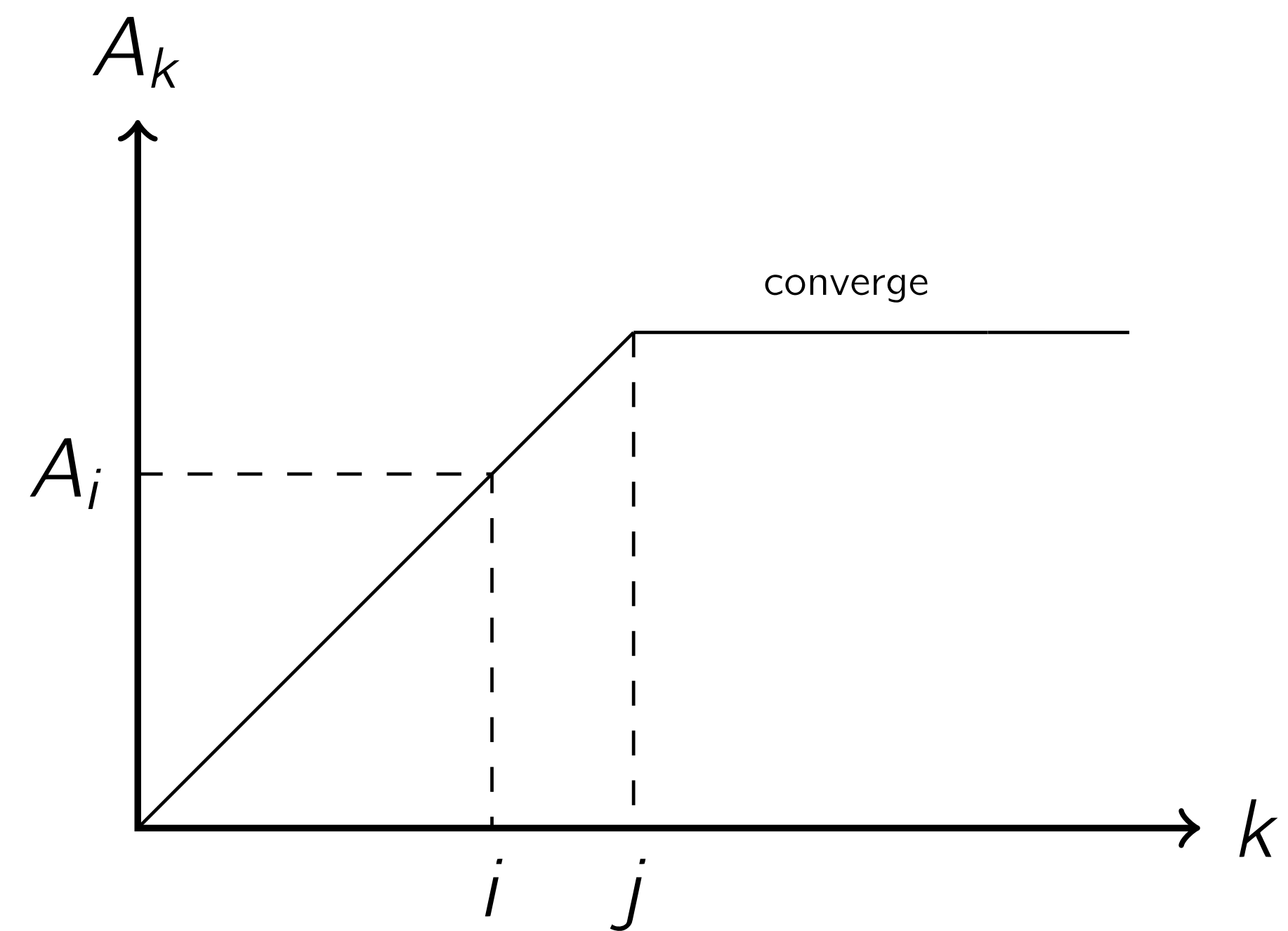
Convergence Property

*An OS $(O_k)_{k=0}^{\infty}$ over a **finite** domain always converges.*

Abstraction

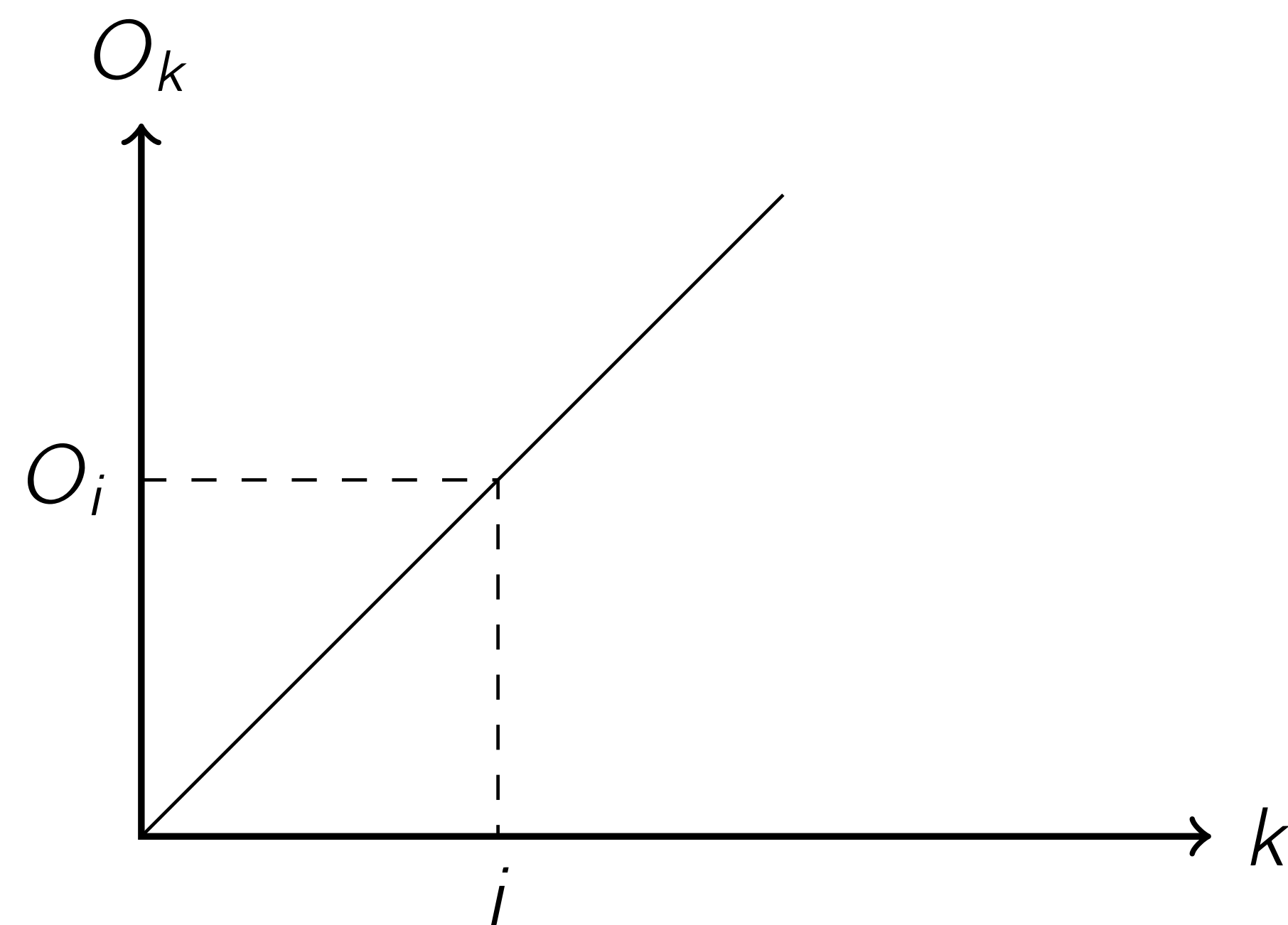


Abstraction

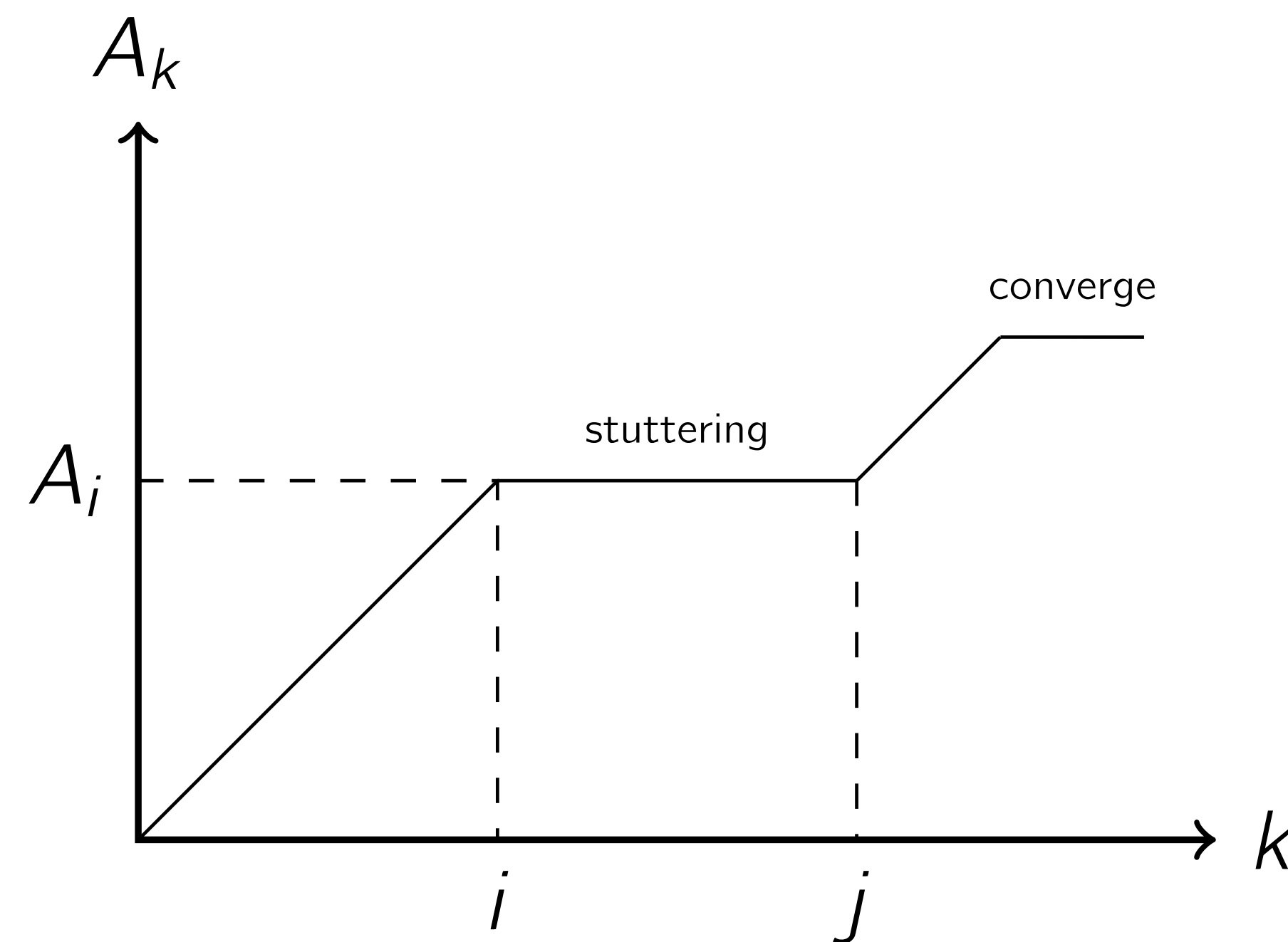


$$A_k := \text{absrtaction}(O_k)$$

Stuttering

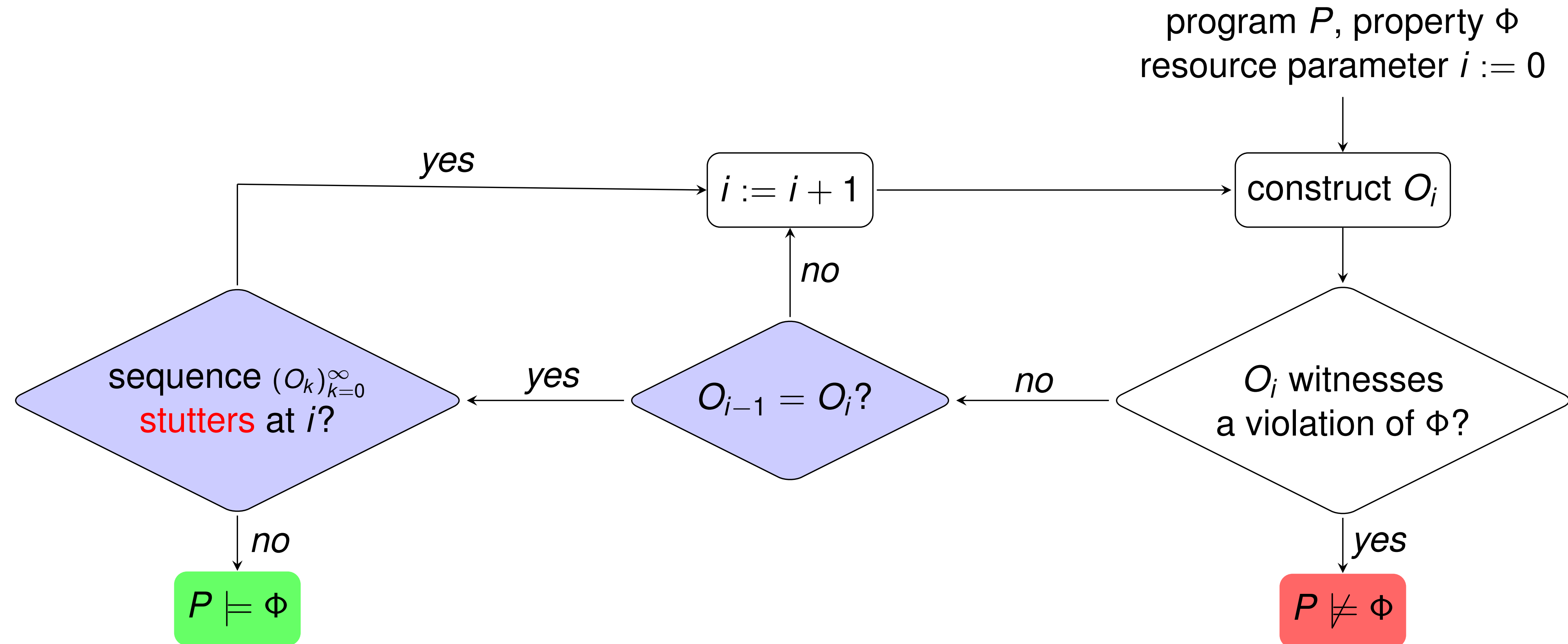


Abstraction



$$A_k := \text{absrtaction}(O_k)$$

A Refined Scheme



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- **Applications**
- How *Might* They be Relevant to Facebook

Application 1: Thread-Parameterized Programs

Target is ...

*shared-memory multi-threaded **non-recursive** programs.*

Resource is ...

*the number of **threads** in the executions.*

Observation is ...

*the set of **reachable** program states w.r.t. k threads.*

Analysis is ...

*to check the reachability of **bad** states.*

Our Contributions to This Area

1. **Peizun Liu** and Thomas Wahl, “Concolic Unbounded-Thread Reachability via Loop Summaries”. In ICFEM, pp.346-362, 2016.
2. Konstantinos Athanasiou, **Peizun Liu** and Thomas Wahl, “Unbounded-Thread Program Verification using Thread-State Equations”. In IJCAR, pp. 516-531, 2016.
3. **Peizun Liu** and Thomas Wahl, "Infinite-State Backward Exploration of Boolean Broadcast Programs". In FMCAD, pp.155-162, 2014.

All tools and benchmarks are available on <https://github.com/lpzun>



Github

Application 2: Context-Parameterized Programs

Target is ...

*shared-memory multi-threaded **recursive** programs.*

Resource is ...

*the number of **context switches** in the executions.*

Observation is ...

*the set of **reachable** program states w.r.t. k context switches.*

Analysis is ...

*to check the reachability of **bad** states.*

Our Contributions to This Area

1. **Peizun Liu** and Thomas Wahl, “CUBA: Interprocedural Context-Unbounded Analysis of Concurrent Programs”. In PLDI, pp.105-119, 2018.
2. **Peizun Liu** and Thomas Wahl, “IJIT: An API for Boolean Program Analysis with Just-in-Time Translation”. In SEFM, pp.316-331, 2017.



Github

All tools and benchmarks are available on <https://github.com/lpzun>

Application 3: Queue-Parameterized Programs

Target is ...

message-passing programs and asynchronous event-driven programs.

Resource is ...

the size of message queues.

Observation is ...

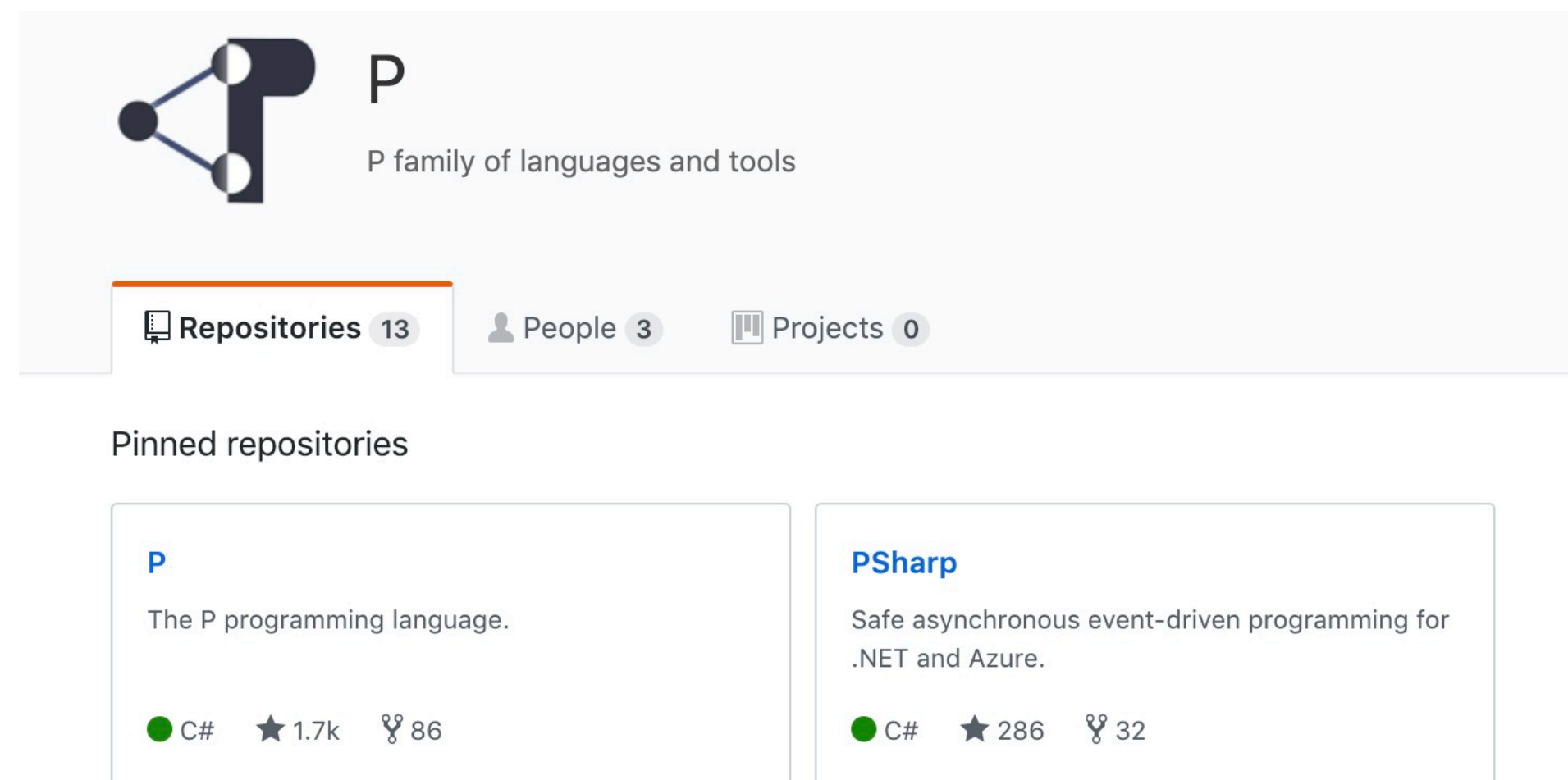
*the set of **reachable** program states w.r.t. the size of queue within k .*

Analysis is ...

*to check the reachability of **bad** states.*

Our Contributions to This Area

1. **Peizun Liu**, Akash Lal and Thomas Wahl, “*Verifying Asynchronous Event-Driven Programs Using Partial Abstract Transformers*”. Under Submission.



Github

The tool and benchmarks is available on <https://github.com/lpzun/P> soon!

Take-Away

We target ...

resource-parameterized programs.

We proposed ...

a uniform paradigm of observation sequences.

The paradigm can ...

lift the bug-finding technique to resource-unbounded analysis.

We successfully applied ...

to verify several different resource-parameterized programs.

Limitations

- Scalability.
- Transition systems, how about programs?
- Benchmarks, application scenarios...

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- **How *Might My* Research be Relevant to Google**

How Might My Research be Relevant to Google

- **Analysis of distributed systems and protocols**
 - Those include some crucial properties.
 - Model and verify them before ship them.
- **Analysis of various Android apps**
 - Help Android app developers to improve the reliability and security of their apps
- **Integrate the idea into existing static analysis tools**
 - Google-scale deep program analysis tools using abstract interpretation
 - ...