# SpringMVC第三天

### 第一章: 搭建整合环境

#### 1. 搭建整合环境

- 1. 整合说明:SSM整合可以使用多种方式,咱们会选择XML + 注解的方式
- 2. 整合的思路
  - 1. 先搭建整合的环境
  - 2. 先把Spring的配置搭建完成
  - 3. 再使用Spring整合SpringMVC框架
  - 4. 最后使用Spring整合MyBatis框架
- 3. 创建数据库和表结构
  - 1. 语句

```
create database ssm;
use ssm;
create table account(
   id int primary key auto_increment,
   name varchar(20),
   money double
);
```

- 4. 创建maven的工程(今天会使用到工程的聚合和拆分的概念,这个技术maven高级会讲)
  - 1. 创建ssm\_parent父工程(打包方式选择pom,必须的)
  - 2. 创建ssm\_web子模块(打包方式是war包)
  - 3. 创建ssm\_service子模块(打包方式是jar包)
  - 4. 创建ssm\_dao子模块(打包方式是jar包)
  - 5. 创建ssm\_domain子模块(打包方式是jar包)
  - 6. web依赖于service, service依赖于dao, dao依赖于domain
  - 7. 在ssm\_parent的pom.xml文件中引入坐标依赖

```
<!-- spring -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.aspectj</groupId>
    <artifactId>aspectjweaver</artifactId>
    <version>1.6.8
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-aop</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework
    <artifactId>spring-web</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-test</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework
    <artifactId>spring-tx</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
    <version>${spring.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>junit
    <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
    <version>4.12</version>
```

```
<scope>compile</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>mysql</groupId>
    <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
    <version>${mysql.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>javax.servlet
   <artifactId>servlet-api</artifactId>
    <version>2.5</version>
    <scope>provided</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>javax.servlet.jsp</groupId>
   <artifactId>jsp-api</artifactId>
   <version>2.0</version>
    <scope>provided</scope>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>jstl
    <artifactId>jstl</artifactId>
    <version>1.2</version>
</dependency>
<!-- log start -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>log4j
    <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
    <version>${log4j.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>slf4j-api</artifactId>
    <version>${slf4j.version}</version>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
    <artifactId>slf4j-log4j12</artifactId>
    <version>${slf4j.version}</version>
</dependency>
<!-- log end -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.mybatis
    <artifactId>mybatis</artifactId>
    <version>${mybatis.version}</version>
</dependency>
```

```
<dependency>
           <groupId>org.mybatis
           <artifactId>mybatis-spring</artifactId>
           <version>1.3.0
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>c3p0
           <artifactId>c3p0</artifactId>
           <version>0.9.1.2
           <type>jar</type>
           <scope>compile</scope>
       </dependency>
   </dependencies>
<build>
       <finalName>ssm</finalName>
       <plu><pluginManagement>
           <plugins>
               <plugin>
                   <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
                   <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
                   <version>3.2</version>
                   <configuration>
                       <source>1.8</source>
                       <target>1.8</target>
                       <encoding>UTF-8</encoding>
                       <showWarnings>true</showWarnings>
                   </configuration>
               </plugin>
           </plugins>
       </pluginManagement>
   </build>
```

- 8. 部署ssm\_web的项目,只要把ssm\_web项目加入到tomcat服务器中即可
- 5. 编写实体类,在ssm\_domain项目中编写

```
package cn.itcast.domain;
import java.io.Serializable;

public class Account implements Serializable{
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 7355810572012650248L;
    private Integer id;
    private String name;
    private Double money;

public Integer getId() {
```

```
return id;
}
public void setId(Integer id) {
    this.id = id;
}
public String getName() {
    return name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
    this.name = name;
}
public Double getMoney() {
    return money;
}
public void setMoney(Double money) {
    this.money = money;
}
```

#### 6. 编写dao接口

```
package cn.itcast.dao;
import java.util.List;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
public interface AccountDao {
    public void saveAccount(Account account);
    public List<Account> findAll();
}
```

#### 7. 编写service接口和实现类

```
package cn.itcast.service;
import java.util.List;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
public interface AccountService {
```

```
public void saveAccount(Account account);
   public List<Account> findAll();
}
package cn.itcast.service.impl;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import cn.itcast.dao.AccountDao;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
import cn.itcast.service.AccountService;
@Service("accountService")
public class AccountServiceImpl implements AccountService {
    private AccountDao account;
   public void saveAccount(Account account) {
    public List<Account> findAll() {
       System.out.println("业务层: 查询所有账户...");
        return null;
   }
}
```

## 第二章: Spring框架代码的编写

### 1. 搭建和测试Spring的开发环境

1. 在ssm\_web项目中创建applicationContext.xml的配置文件,编写具体的配置信息。

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
    xmlns:aop="http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop"
    xmlns:tx="http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx"
    xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/aop/spring-aop.xsd</pre>
```

2. 在ssm\_web项目中编写测试方法,进行测试

```
package cn.itcast.test;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
import cn.itcast.service.AccountService;

public class ServiceTest {

    @Test
    public void run1() {
        ApplicationContext ac = new
ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("classpath:applicationContext.xml");
        AccountService as = (AccountService) ac.getBean("accountService");
        as.findAll();
    }
}
```

## 第三章: Spring整合SpringMVC框架

### 1. 搭建和测试SpringMVC的开发环境

1. 在web.xml中配置DispatcherServlet前端控制器

#### 2. 在web.xml中配置DispatcherServlet过滤器解决中文乱码

#### 3. 创建springmvc.xml的配置文件,编写配置文件

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
    xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    xsi:schemaLocation="
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc.xsd
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd">
    <!-- 扫描controller的注解, 别的不扫描 -->
    <context:component-scan base-package="cn.itcast">
        <context:include-filter type="annotation"</pre>
expression="org.springframework.stereotype.Controller"/>
    </context:component-scan>
    <!-- 配置视图解析器 -->
    <bean id="viewResolver"</pre>
```

- 4. 测试SpringMVC的框架搭建是否成功
  - 1. 编写index.jsp和list.jsp编写,超链接

```
<a href="account/findAll">查询所有</a>
```

2. 创建AccountController类,编写方法,进行测试

```
package cn.itcast.controller;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;

@Controller
@RequestMapping("/account")
public class AccountController {

    /**
    * 查询所有的数据
    * @return
    */
    @RequestMapping("/findAll")
    public String findAll() {
        System.out.println("表现层: 查询所有账户...");
        return "list";
    }

}
```

### 2. Spring整合SpringMVC的框架

1. 目的:在controller中能成功的调用service对象中的方法。

2. 在项目启动的时候,就去加载applicationContext.xml的配置文件,在web.xml中配置 ContextLoaderListener监听器(该监听器只能加载WEB-INF目录下的applicationContext.xml的配置文件)。

3. 在controller中注入service对象,调用service对象的方法进行测试

```
package cn.itcast.controller;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import cn.itcast.service.AccountService;
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/account")
public class AccountController {
   @Autowired
   private AccountService accoutService;
    * 查询所有的数据
    * @return
    */
   @RequestMapping("/findAll")
    public String findAll() {
       System.out.println("表现层: 查询所有账户...");
       accoutService.findAll();
       return "list";
   }
}
```

## 第四章: Spring整合MyBatis框架

### 1. 搭建和测试MyBatis的环境

1. 在web项目中编写SqlMapConfig.xml的配置文件,编写核心配置文件

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE configuration</pre>
 PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Config 3.0//EN"
 "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-config.dtd">
<configuration>
   <environments default="mysql">
        <environment id="mysql">
            <transactionManager type="JDBC"/>
            <dataSource type="POOLED">
                cproperty name="driver" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"/>
                cproperty name="url" value="jdbc:mysql:///ssm"/>
                cproperty name="username" value="root"/>
                cproperty name="password" value="root"/>
            </dataSource>
        </environment>
    </environments>
   <!-- 使用的是注解 -->
   <mappers>
        <!-- <mapper class="cn.itcast.dao.AccountDao"/> -->
        <!-- 该包下所有的dao接口都可以使用 -->
        <package name="cn.itcast.dao"/>
    </mappers>
</configuration>
```

2. 在AccountDao接口的方法上添加注解,编写SQL语句

```
package cn.itcast.dao;
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Insert;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Select;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;

public interface AccountDao {

    @Insert(value="insert into account (name,money) values (#{name},#{money})")
    public void saveAccount(Account account);

    @Select("select * from account")
    public List<Account> findAll();
}
```

```
package cn.itcast.test;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.ibatis.io.Resources;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactory;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactoryBuilder;
import org.junit.Test;
import cn.itcast.dao.AccountDao;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
public class Demo1 {
   @Test
    public void run1() throws Exception {
       // 加载配置文件
       InputStream inputStream = Resources.getResourceAsStream("SqlMapConfig.xml");
       SqlSessionFactory factory = new SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(inputStream);
       // 创建sqlSession对象
       SqlSession session = factory.openSession();
       // 获取代理对象
       AccountDao dao = session.getMapper(AccountDao.class);
       // 调用查询的方法
       List<Account> list = dao.findAll();
       for (Account account : list) {
           System.out.println(account);
       }
       // 释放资源
       session.close();
       inputStream.close();
   }
   @Test
    public void run2() throws Exception {
       Account account = new Account();
       account.setName("熊大");
       account.setMoney(400d);
       // 加载配置文件
       InputStream inputStream = Resources.getResourceAsStream("SqlMapConfig.xml");
       // 创建工厂
       SqlSessionFactory factory = new SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(inputStream);
       // 创建sqlSession对象
       SqlSession session = factory.openSession();
       // 获取代理对象
       AccountDao dao = session.getMapper(AccountDao.class);
```

```
dao.saveAccount(account);

// 提交事务
session.commit();

// 释放资源
session.close();
inputStream.close();
}
```

### 2. Spring整合MyBatis框架

1. 目的: 把SqlMapConfig.xml配置文件中的内容配置到applicationContext.xml配置文件中

```
<!-- 配置C3P0的连接池对象 -->
   <bean id="dataSource"</pre>
class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
        cproperty name="driverClassName" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver" />
       cproperty name="url" value="jdbc:mysql:///ssm" />
       cproperty name="username" value="root" />
       cproperty name="password" value="root" />
   </bean>
   <!-- 配置SqlSession的工厂 -->
   <bean id="sqlSessionFactory" class="org.mybatis.spring.SqlSessionFactoryBean">
       cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
   </bean>
   <!-- 配置扫描dao的包 -->
   <bean id="mapperScanner" class="org.mybatis.spring.mapper.MapperScannerConfigurer">
       cproperty name="basePackage" value="cn.itcast.dao"/>
   </bean>
```

- 2. 在AccountDao接口中添加@Repository注解
- 3. 在service中注入dao对象,进行测试
- 4. 代码如下

```
package cn.itcast.dao;
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Insert;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Select;
```

```
import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
@Repository
public interface AccountDao {
   @Insert(value="insert into account (name,money) values (#{name},#{money})")
   public void saveAccount(Account account);
   @Select("select * from account")
   public List<Account> findAll();
}
 package cn.itcast.service.impl;
   import java.util.List;
   import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
   import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
   import cn.itcast.dao.AccountDao;
   import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
   import cn.itcast.service.AccountService;
   @Service("accountService")
   public class AccountServiceImpl implements AccountService {
   @Autowired
    private AccountDao accountDao;
   public void saveAccount(Account account) {
   }
    public List<Account> findAll() {
       System.out.println("业务层: 查询所有账户...");
       return accountDao.findAll();
   }
   }
```

```
package cn.itcast.controller;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import cn.itcast.domain.Account;
import cn.itcast.service.AccountService;
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/account")
public class AccountController {
@Autowired
 private AccountService accoutService;
 /**
  * 查询所有的数据
      * @return
         */
         @RequestMapping("/findAll")
         public String findAll() {
            System.out.println("表现层: 查询所有账户...");
            List<Account> list = accoutService.findAll();
            for (Account account : list) {
                System.out.println(account);
            return "list";
         }
}
```

<tx:advice id="txAdvice" transaction-manager="transactionManager"></tx:advice>
tx:attributes
<tx:method name="find*" read-only="true"></tx:method>
<tx:method isolation="DEFAULT" name="*"></tx:method>
/tx:attributes
/tx:advice
aop:config
<aop:advisor advice-ref="txAdvice" pointcut="execution(public * cn.itcast.serviceServiceImpl.*())"></aop:advisor>
/aop:config
6. 测试保存帐户的方法
姓名:
金额:
保存
<pre>@RequestMapping("/saveAccount") public String saveAccount(Account account) { accoutService.saveAccount(account); return "list"; }</pre>