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def compute_innovations(self, z_raw, Q_raw):
    """
    Given lines extracted from the scanner data, tries to associate each one
    to the closest map entry measured by Mahalanobis distance.
    Inputs:
        z_raw: np.array[2,I] - I lines extracted from scanner data in
                                columns representing (alpha, r) in the scanner frame.
        Q_raw: np.array[I,2,2] - I covariance matrices corresponding
                                to each (alpha, r) column of z_raw.
    Outputs:
        vs: np.array[M,2I] - M innovation vectors of size 2I
                                (predicted map measurement - scanner measurement).
    """
    ##### Code starts here #####
    # TODO: Compute vs (with shape [M x I x 2]).

    n      = self.M                      # Num of particles. M.
    n_lin  = self.map_lines.shape[1]     # Num of known lines on map. J.
    n_mea  = z_raw.shape[1]              # Num of scanned lines. I.

    z_raw = z_raw.T                     # shape(n_mea, 2)
    # Q_raw                                # shape(n_mea, 2, 2)
    hs = self.compute_predicted_measurements().transpose(0, 2, 1) # shape(n, n_lin, 2)

    z_mat = z_raw[None, None, :, :]     # shape(1, 1, n_mea, 2)
    h_mat = hs[:, :, None, :]           # shape(n, n_lin, 1, 2)

    v_mat = z_mat - h_mat # Innovation      # shape(n, n_lin, n_mea, 2)
    v_fat = v_mat[..., None]             # shape(n, n_lin, n_mea, 2, 1)
    Q_inv = np.linalg.inv(Q_raw)         # shape(n_mea, 2, 2)
    Q_inv = Q_inv[None, None, :, :, :]   # shape(1, 1, n_mea, 2, 2) # PEP20

    d_mat = np.matmul(v_fat.transpose(0, 1, 2, 4, 3), Q_inv)
    d_mat = np.matmul(d_mat, v_fat)      # shape(n, n_lin, n_mea, 1, 1)
    d_mat = d_mat.reshape((n,n_lin,n_mea)) # shape(n, n_lin, n_mea)

    # For each particle, for each scanned line, this returns the index
    # of the best known line.
    d_argmin = np.argmin(d_mat, axis=1)   # shape(n, n_mea)
    d_argmin = d_argmin[:, None, :, None] # shape(n, 1, n_mea, 1)
    vs = np.take_along_axis(v_mat, d_argmin, axis=1) # shape(n, 1, n_mea, 2)
    vs = vs.reshape((n, n_mea, 2))      # shape(n, n_mea, 2)

    ##### Code ends here #####

    # Reshape [M x I x 2] array to [M x 2I]
    return vs.reshape((self.M,-1))      # [M x 2I]

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