Data And Uncertainity Assignment 8 November 2017

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Ex. 1) Let $\Omega = \mathbb{N}$, show that \boldsymbol{A} , the set of all cofinite subsets in Ω , forms an algebra.

The proof is done by checking that the 3 properties of an algebra are satisfied: empty set, closeness to complement and closeness to finite unions.

- 1. $\emptyset \in A$ trivially because it is finite.
- 2. By definition if $A \in \mathbf{A}$ it is cofinite, therefore either it is finite and its complement is infinite, or the other way around: in either case $A \in \mathbf{A} \implies A^{\complement} \in \mathbf{A}$.
- 3. Let $A_1, A_2, A_3 \dots \in \mathbf{A}$, then if all of the A_i are finite, clearly $\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i$ is finite and therefore $\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i \in \mathbf{A}$. If at least one of the A_i is infinite, then $\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i$ is infinite, we have to show that $(\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i)^{\complement}$ is finite. Let's say at least A_k is infinite (and therefore A_k^{\complement} is finite because A_k is cofinite by hypothesis), we have that $(\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i)^{\complement} = \bigcap_{k=1}^n A_i^{\complement}$, and since $\bigcap_{k=1}^n A_i^{\complement} \subseteq A_k^{\complement}$ and A_k^{\complement} is finite, it must be that $\bigcap_{k=1}^n A_i^{\complement}$ is finite and therefore we have shown that $\bigcup_{k=1}^n A_i \in \mathbf{A}$.