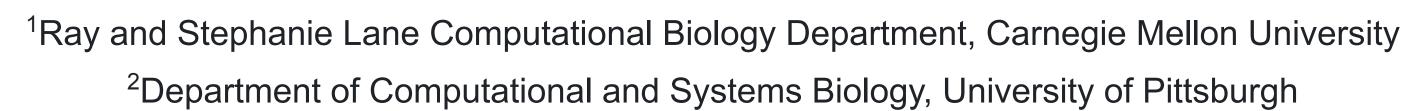


Evaluating the Functional Information Content of Protein Structure Prediction Model Embeddings using Deep Mutational Scanning Data

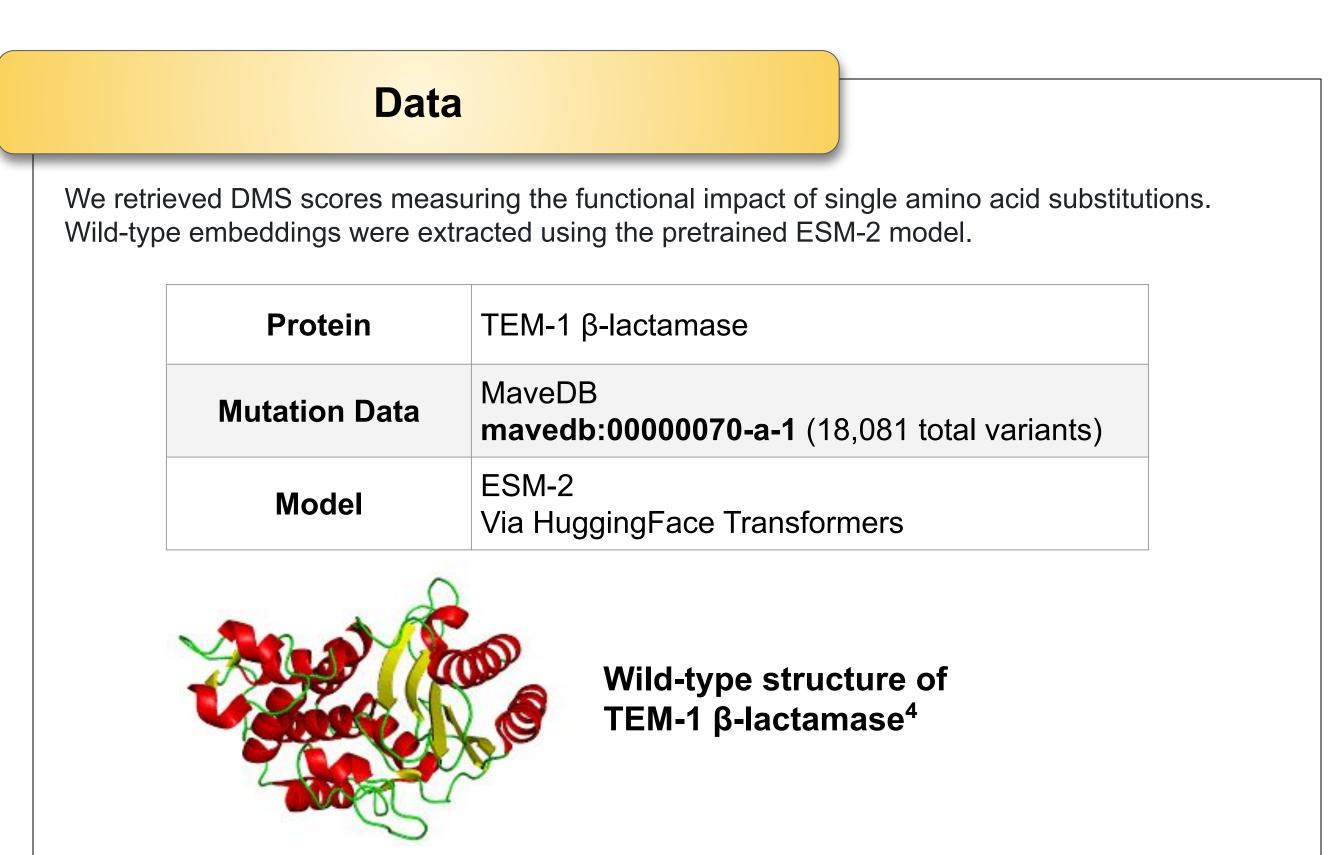
Laura McDonnell¹ & David Antolick²

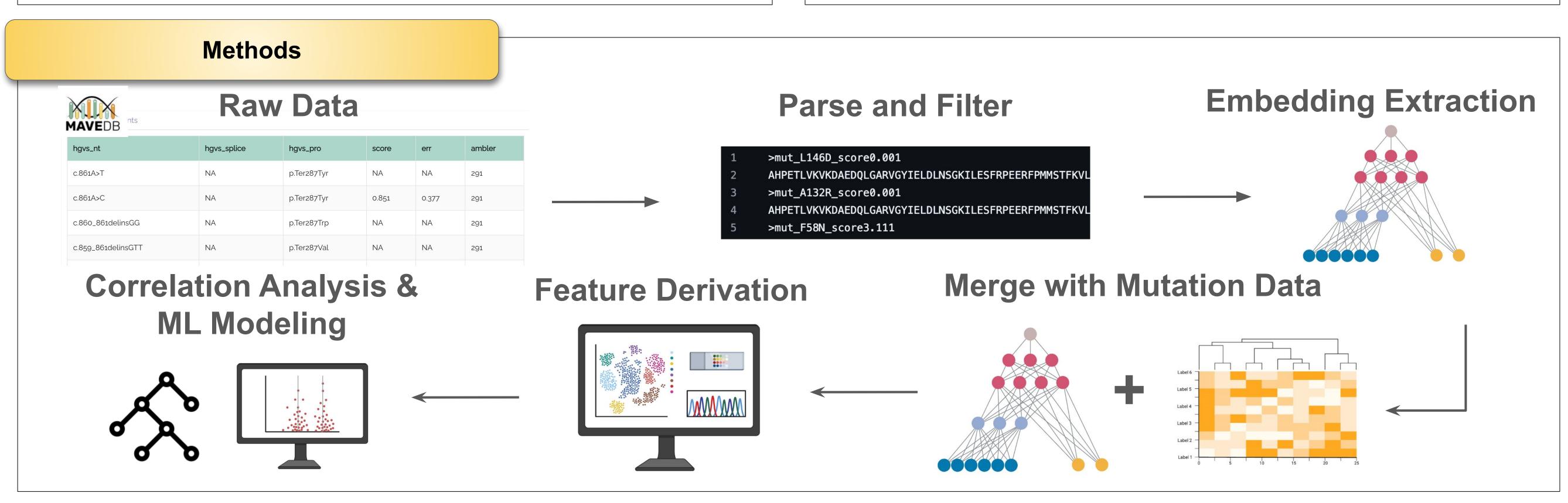




Deep Mutational Scanning (DMS) provides rich datasets measuring the effects of single-point mutations on protein function. And, protein language models such as ESM-2 learn high-dimensional representations (embeddings) of protein sequences. Deep Mutational Scanning (DMS) Concept Measure function Protein Mutagenesis Do ESM-2 embeddings contain information predictive of the functional consequences of mutations?

Protein Sequence





Embeddings

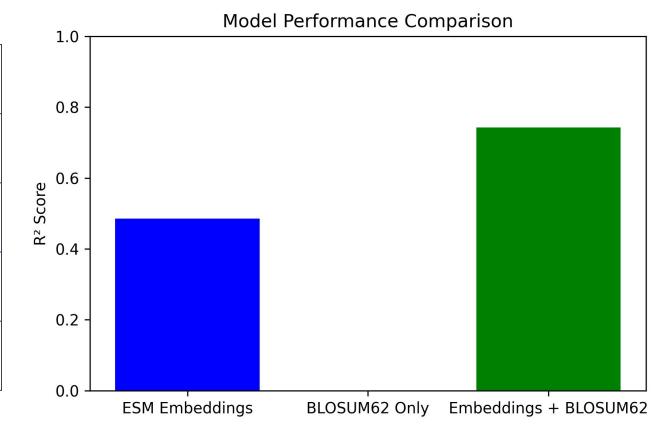
Results

Understanding this relationship could inform future work

in protein engineering and mutation effect prediction.

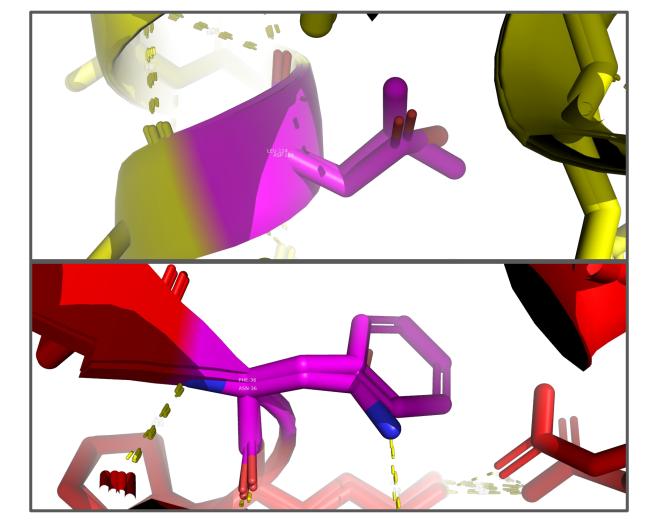
Model Performance in Predicting Mutation Functional Scores

Task	Description	Value
Α	Spearman correlation (embedding norm vs DMS score)	~0.27
В	Random Forest R ² (embeddings only)	~0.45
С	Spearman correlation (BLOSUM62 vs DMS score)	~0.46
D	Random Forest R ² (embeddings + BLOSUM62)	~0.73



Random Forest models trained on embeddings or BLOSUM62 substitution scores alone achieve moderate performance. However, combining both feature sets significantly improves predictive accuracy, suggesting complementary predictive signals in learned embeddings and evolutionary substitution scores.

Structural Visualization of Mutations with Reduced pLDDT Confidence



L146D Leucine > Aspartate

F58N
Phenylalanine
> Asparagine

Conclusions

- Protein language model embeddings, even extracted from the wild-type sequence, encode information related to mutation functional impact.
- Although embedding features alone offer moderate predictive power, combining them with classical features like BLOSUM62 scores significantly improves performance.
- Future directions include embedding mutant sequences directly, leveraging structural embeddings, and exploring fine-tuning approaches.

References

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- [4] Bidmon, Katrin & Reina, Guido & Bös, Fabian & Pleiss, Juergen & Ertl, Thomas. (2007). Time-Based Haptic Analysis of Protein Dynamics. 537-542. 10.1109/WHC.2007.115.