London

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This work separates the universities in tops from the overall Rank variable:

- Top10 1-10.
- Top20 11-20.
- Top30 21-30.
- Top40 31-40.
- Top50 41-50.
- Top60 51-60.
- Top70 61-70.
- Top80 71-80.
- Top90 81-90.
- Top100 91-100.

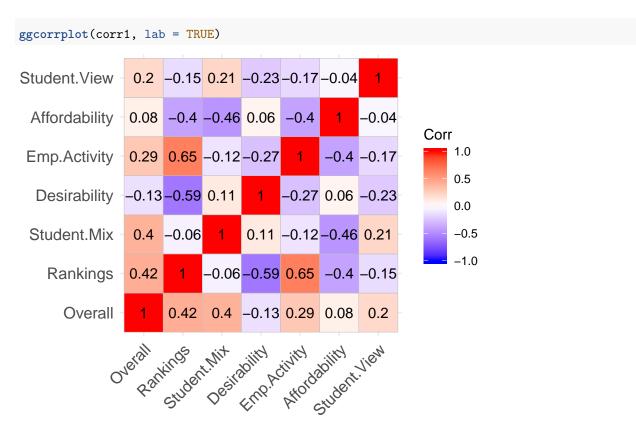
Then some correlation plots were exported using this variables as groups.

Read data

```
library(xlsx)
library(ggpubr)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: magrittr
library(DescTools)
library(xtable)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:DescTools':
##
       MAE, RMSE
##
library(DMwR)
## Loading required package: grid
library(ggcorrplot)
library(corrplot)
## corrplot 0.84 loaded
data <- read.xlsx2("../final.xlsx", sheetIndex = 1)</pre>
for(i in c(1,2,4:10)){
    data[,i] <- as.numeric(as.character(data[,i]))</pre>
```

```
colnames(data) <- c("Year", "Rank", "City", "Overall", "Rankings", "Student.Mix", "Desirability", "Emp.
# Adding variable for top universities
data$Top <- data$Rank</pre>
for (i in 1:376){
    if (data$Rank[i] <= 10){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top10"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 10 & data$Rank[i] <= 20){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top20"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 20 & data$Rank[i] <= 30){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top30"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 30 & data$Rank[i] <= 40){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top40"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 40 & data$Rank[i] <= 50){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top50"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 50 & data$Rank[i] <= 60){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top60"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 60 & data$Rank[i] <= 70){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top70"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 70 & data$Rank[i] <= 80){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top80"</pre>
    } else if (data$Rank[i] > 80 & data$Rank[i] <= 90){</pre>
        data$Top[i] <- "Top90"</pre>
    } else {
        data$Top[i] <- "Top100"</pre>
    }
}
data$Top <- as.factor(data$Top)</pre>
str(data)
## 'data.frame':
                  376 obs. of 11 variables:
## $ Year
                    : num 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 ...
## $ Rank
                   : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ City
                   : Factor w/ 110 levels "Aberdeen", "Adelaide", ...: 50 99 56 62 76 65 12 110 96 89 ...
## $ Overall
                  : num 482 479 476 467 463 461 457 454 453 449 ...
## $ Rankings
                    : num 100 84 68 57 93 54 49 63 64 93 ...
## $ Student.Mix : num 92 55 100 94 80 74 75 83 97 67 ...
## $ Desirability : num 80 97 91 89 80 89 88 94 95 67 ...
## $ Emp.Activity : num 93 100 86 80 88 78 80 90 84 92 ...
## $ Affordability: num 25 54 33 47 38 67 71 42 23 44 ...
## $ Student. View : num 92 89 98 100 84 99 94 82 90 86 ...
## $ Top
                    : Factor w/ 10 levels "Top10", "Top100", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
Gruop Top10, top 10 cities.
# Using spearman
```

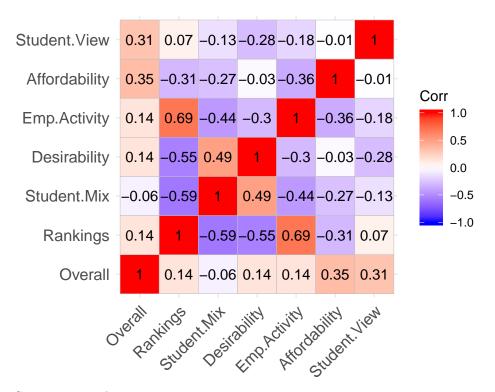
corr1 <- cor(data[data\$Top=="Top10",c(4:10)], method="spearman")</pre>



Some cities in this group: * London * Paris * Tokyo

Gruop Top20, cities from 11-20.

```
# Using spearman
corr2 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top20",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr2, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```

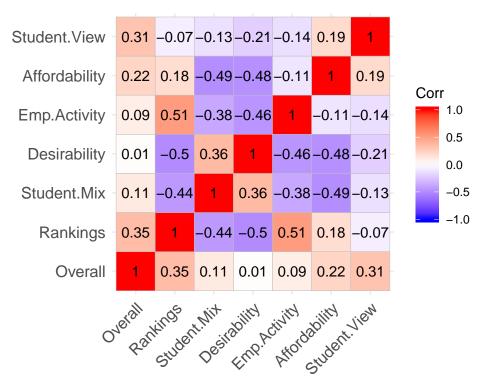


Some cities in this group:

- Seoul
- Toronto
- New York

Gruop Top30, cities from 21-30.

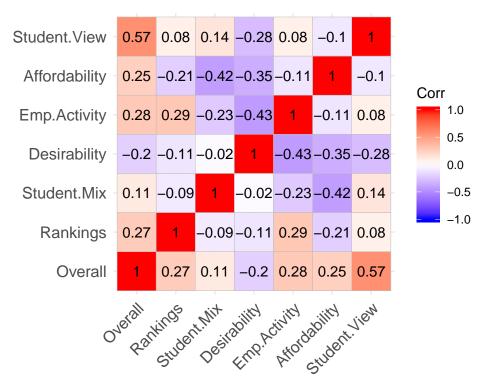
```
# Using spearman
corr3 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top30",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr3, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Canberra * Auckland * Prague

Gruop Top40, cities from 31-40.

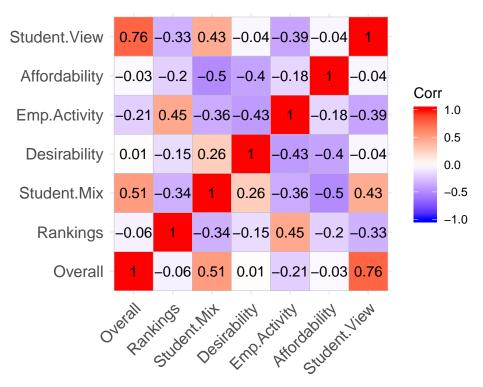
```
# Using spearman
corr4 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top40",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr4, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Barcelona * Los Angeles * Milan

Gruop Top50, cities from 41-50.

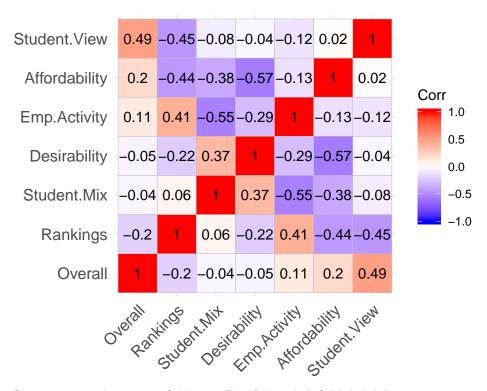
```
# Using spearman
corr5 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top50",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr5, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Lyon * Ottawa * Budapest

Gruop Top60, cities from 51-60.

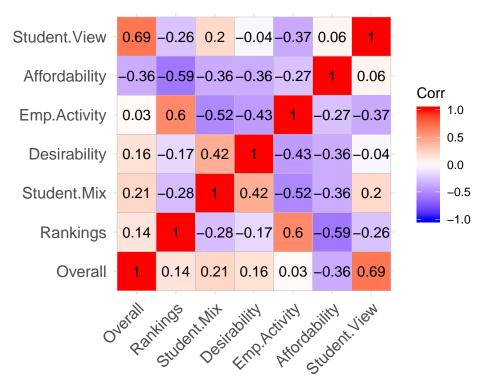
```
# Using spearman
corr6 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top60",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr6, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Mexico City * Bangkok * Philadelphia

Gruop Top70, cities from 61-70.

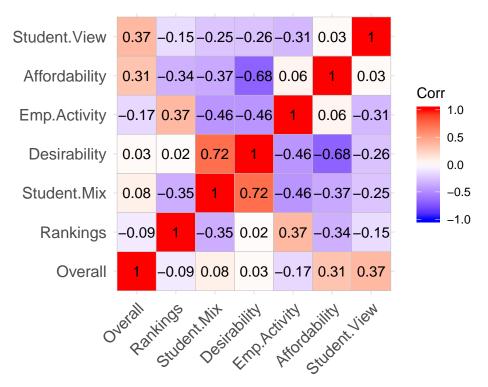
```
# Using spearman
corr7 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top70",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr7, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Dubai * Oslo * Rome

Gruop Top80, cities from 71-80.

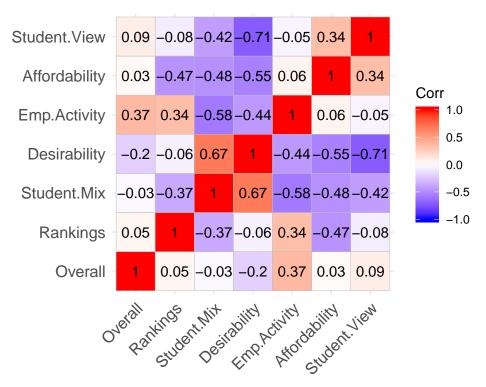
```
# Using spearman
corr8 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top80",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr8, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Cape Town * Athens * Toulouse

Gruop Top90, cities from 81-90.

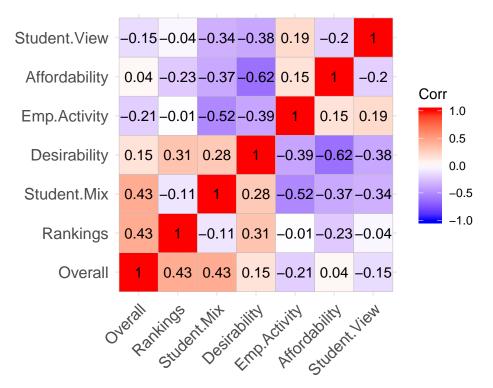
```
# Using spearman
corr9 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top90",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr9, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Bogota * Monterrey * Nanjing

Gruop Top100, cities from 91-100.

```
# Using spearman
corr10 <- cor(data[data$Top=="Top100",c(4:10)], method="spearman")
ggcorrplot(corr10, lab = TRUE)</pre>
```



Some cities in this group: * Mainla * Mumbai * Rio de Janeiro