

American Football Special Teams Database Data Dictionary

Purpose

The purpose of this database was to have a streamlined, all in one place for Kent State Football Special Teams Data. Prior to this, the data was stored on their BI application, DV Sport, which was great, but hard to pull select pieces of data, create reports, and find insights hence a relational database was made.

The data present in this database contains all relevant data in special teams performance from Hash Location, Punt Distance, Snap time, and even weather. The database is in third normal form (no transitive and no partial relationships) to optimize performance. Below on page (put number) you will find the entity - relationship diagram listing all of the tables as well as their relationships to one another. Below the table column description tables, you will find a list of all views present in this database.

TABLES:

The tables included in this database are:

- Conditions: Describes weather, game, practice, field conditions.
- Field_Goal: Contains information regarding every field goal attempt.
- Game: Holds each game played and its members.
- Hash: Relates to the Field Goal table and shows what each HashID represents.
- Kickoff: Contains information regarding every kickoff.
- Location: Relates to the Kickoff table representing what each locationID means. (See page (put page number) for diagram)
- Norm_Values_KO: Used to normalize values in the kickoff table allowing for ease of creating the 'kickoff_view'.
- Norm_Values_Punt: Used to normalize values in the punt table allowing for ease of creating the 'punt_view'.
- Norm_Values_Snap: Used to normalize values in the Punt table related to snapping allowing for ease of creating the 'snap_view'.
- Player: Contains player demographic and positional information.
- Position: Related to the Player table and holds what each Position is.
- Punt: Contains information regarding every punt attempt.
- Teams: Related to the Game table, contains additional team information.

Table Columns:

Conditions

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Date (PK)	date	NN	Acts as the primary key for the conditions table. Used to be able to represent and differentiate dates on which different practices/games occurred.
Practice	tinyint(1)	N	Boolean value representing 1 for practice 0 for non-practice.
Game	int	N	Boolean value representing 1 for game 0 for non-game.
Precipitation	float(4,2)	N	Amount of Precipitation on which the event took place. Collected from weatherunderground.com.
Wind	int	N	Wind on which the event took place. Collected from weatherunderground.com.
Grass	tinyint(1)	N	Boolean value representing 1 for grass 0 for non-grass.
Turf	tinyint(1)	N	Boolean value representing 1 for turf 0 for non-turf.
Temp	float(5,2)	N	Temperature on which the event took place. Collected from

			weatherunderground.com.
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Field_Goal

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Result	tinyint(1)	N	Boolean value representing 1 for make and 0 for miss.
Distance	int	N	Distance in yards the kick was.
OP	float(3,2)	N	The operation time in seconds from the time the short snapper moves until the ball is kicked.
Field_GoalID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as the primary key of the field_goal table. Used to uniquely identify each field goal instance.
HashID (FK)	varchar(10)	NN	Location on the field in which the kick was attempted. Either “L, R, M, LM, RM”
PlayerIDFG (FK)	int	NN	Player Number of the kicker attempting the field goal.
PlayerIDSS (FK)	int	NN	Player Number of the short snapper.
FGDATE (FK)	date	NN	Date of which field goal instance took place.

Game

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
GameID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as the primary key of the Game table. Used to represent each game as an auto-incrementing number.
TeamH (FK)	int	NN	Represents the Home team of each game. Represented by their Team ID.
TeamA (FK)	int	NN	Represents the Away team of each game. Represented by their Team ID.
Date (FK)	date	NN	Date when the game took place.

Hash

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
HashID (PK)	varchar(10)	NN	Acts as the primary key of the Hash Table. Uniquely differs between the different hashes.
Description	varchar(20)	N	Description of what each HashID represents.

Kickoff

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
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HangTime	float(3,2)	N	Duration in seconds from when the kicker's foot hits the ball until it hits the ground and/or is fielded.
Distance	int	N	Distance the kick travels.
KOID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as the primary key of the Kickoff table. Uniquely represents each Kickoff instance.
KOLocID (FK)	int	NN	Horizontal location where kick is placed.
PlayerIDKO (FK)	int	NN	Player number of the kicker attempting the kickoff.
KODate (FK)	date	NN	Date of Kickoff.
Returned	tinyint(1)	N	Is Kick returned?
Return_Yards	int	N	How many yards is kick returned for.

Location

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Description	varchar(30)	N	Describes what each LocationID means.
LocationID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as Primary Key for the Location table. Represents each unique locationID.

Norm_Values_KO

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
KOID (PK)	int	NN	Uniquely Identifies each kickoff instance
MIN_KO_DIST	float	N	Minimum kickoff distance
MAX_KO_DIST	float	N	Maximum kickoff distance
KO_DIST_NORM	float	N	Normalized kickoff distance value
MAX_KO_HANG	float	N	Maximum kickoff hang
MIN_KO_HANG	float	N	Minimum kickoff hang
KO_HANG_NORM	float	N	Normalized kickoff hang
MIN_KO_LOC	float	N	Minimum kickoff location
MAX_KO_LOC	float	N	Maximum kickoff location
KO_LOC_NORM	float	N	Normalized kickoff location

Norm_Values_Punt

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
PUNTID (PK)	int	NN	Uniquely identifies each punt instance.
MIN_P_DIST	float	N	Minimum punt distance
MAX_P_DIST	float	N	Maximum punt distance

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
P_DIST_NORM	float	N	Normalized punt distance value
MIN_P_HANG	float	N	Maximum punt hang
MAX_P_HANG	float	N	Minimum punt hang
P_HANG_NORM	float	N	Normalized punt hang
MIN_P_LOC	float	N	Minimum punt location
MAX_P_LOC	float	N	Maximum punt location
P_LOC_NORM	float	N	Normalized punt location

Norm_Values_Snap

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
PUNTID (PK)	int	NN	Uniquely identifies each punt instance for each snap.
MIN_SNAPTIME	float	N	Minimum snaptime
MAX_SNAPTIME	float	N	Maximum snaptime
SNAPTIME_NORM	float	N	Normalized snaptime
MIN_SNAPLOCID	float	N	Minimum snaplocID
MAX_SNAPLOCID	float	N	Maximum snaplocid
SNAPLOCID_NORM	float	N	Normalized snaplocid

Player

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
First_Name	varchar(100)	N	Player first name.
Last_Name	varchar(100)	N	Player last name.
Position (FK)	varchar(100)	NN	Player Position.
PlayerID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as Primary Key for the player table. The player jersey number acts as a unique ID.
Height	int	N	Player height.
Weight	int	N	Player Weight

Position

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Position (PK)	varchar(100)	NN	Acts as the primary key for the Position Table. Each position is given its own unique ID.
Description	varchar(100)	N	Describes what each PositionID represents.

Punt

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Snaptime	float(3,2)	N	Time in seconds from the long snapper's initial movement to when it reaches the punter's hands.

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
OP	float(3,2)	N	Time in seconds from long snappers initial movement until it is kicked by the punter.
H2F	float(3,2)	N	Difference in seconds between OP and Snaptime.
Hang	float(3,2)	N	Duration in seconds from when the punter's foot hits the ball until it hits the ground and/or is fielded.
Distance	int	N	Distance the punt travels in yards.
PuntID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as the primary key in the punt table. Auto-incrementing number used to identify each punt instance.
PlayerIDP (FK)	int	NN	Punter Jersey Number.
PLocID (FK)	int	NN	Horizontal location where the punt lands.
PlayerIDLS (FK)	int	NN	Long Snapper Jersey Number.
SnapLocID (FK)	int	NN	Horizontal and Vertical Location where the snap goes to. See additional documentation.
PDate (FK)	date	NN	Date the punt occurred.
Returned	tinyint(1)	N	Was punt returned

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
Return_Yards	int	N	How many yards was punt returned for.

Teams

Column Name	Datatype	Nullable?	Context
TeamID (PK)	int	NN	Acts as the primary key of the Teams table. Unique auto-incrementing number identifying each team.
TeamName	varchar(100)	N	Team name
Conference	varchar(100)	N	Conference name
Division	varchar(100)	N	Division name

VIEWS:

The views included in this database are:

- Kickoff_View: Provides important metrics and the resulting performance score
 - $\text{WeightedSum_Score} = 0.50 * \text{KOLOCID} + 0.35 * \text{Distance} + 0.15 * \text{HangTime}$
- Punt_View: Provides important metrics and the resulting performance score
 - $\text{WeightedSum_Score} = 0.38 * \text{PLocID} + 0.35 * \text{Distance} + 0.27 * \text{Hang}$
- Snap_View:
 - $\text{WeightedSum_Score} = 0.65 * \text{SnapLocID} + 0.35 * \text{Snaptime}$

Views Columns:

Kickoff_View

Column Name	Datatype	Context
KO_ID	int	Uniquely identifies each kickoff instance.
HangTime	float	Hangtime (in seconds) for that particular KO instance.
Distance	int	Distance (in yards) for that particular KO instance.
KOlocID	int	KOlocID for that particular KO instance.
WeightedSum_Score	Double	WeightedSum_Score for that particular KO instance using the formula above.

Punt_View

Column Name	Datatype	Context
PuntID	int	Uniquely identifies each punt instance.
Hang	float	Hangtime (in seconds) for that particular Punt instance.
Distance	int	Distance (in yards)for that particular Punt instance.
PLocID	int	PLocID for that particular Punt instance.
WeightedSum_Score	Double	WeightedSum_Score for that particular Punt instance using the formula above.

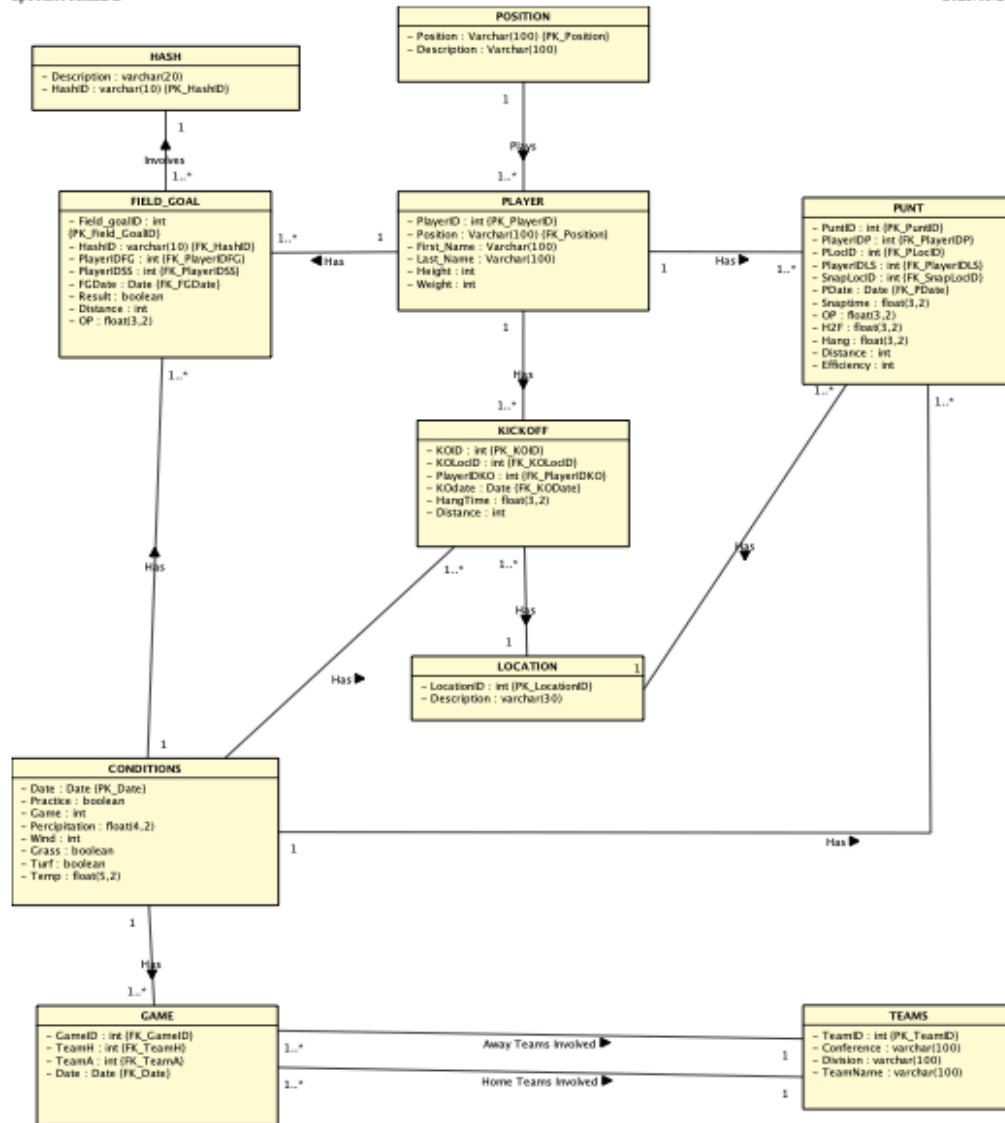
Snap_View

Column Name	Datatype	Context
PuntID	int	Uniquely identifies each punt and each punt only has one snap.
SnapLocID	int	SnapLocID of the punt instance.
Snaptime	float	Snaptime (in seconds) of the punt instance
OP	float	Operation time (in seconds) of the punt instance.
WeightedSum_Score	double	WeightedSum_Score for the snap related to the particular Punt instance using the formula above.

Class Diagram

SpecialTeamsDB

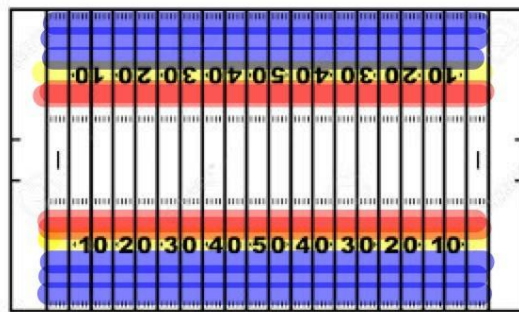
2025/05/29



LOCATION DIAGRAMS AND CALCULATIONS:

Kickoff

- Divide the Field Up and have aiming points
 - Aiming Point Bottom Numbers
 - 3=Bottom Numbers
 - 2=On Numbers
 - 1=Between Middle Hash and Numbers
 - 0.5=Hash
 - Goal is to have highest location score.
 - See diagram below:



Red = 1
Yellow = 2
Blue = 3

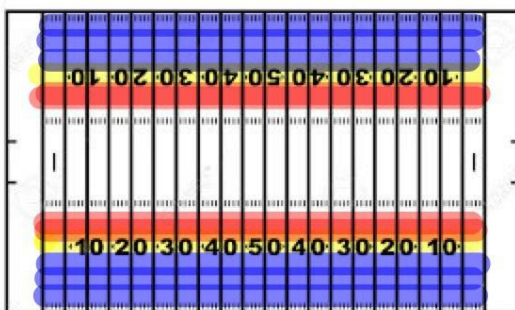
- Each value will become normalized by using min/max normalization:

$$X_{\text{normalized}} = \frac{X - X_{\min}}{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}$$

- WeightedSum_Score = 0.50 * KOLOCID + 0.35 * Distance + 0.15 * HangTime
 - Multiply each normalized value by the features' weight and sum.

Punt

- Divide Field Up (similar to KO)
 - Aiming Point Between Bottom Numbers & Sideline
 - 3=Between bottom numbers and sideline
 - 2=On numbers
 - 1=Between Middle Hash and Numbers
 - 0.5=Hash
 - Goal is to have highest location score.
 - See Diagram Below



Red = 1, Yellow = 2, Blue = 3

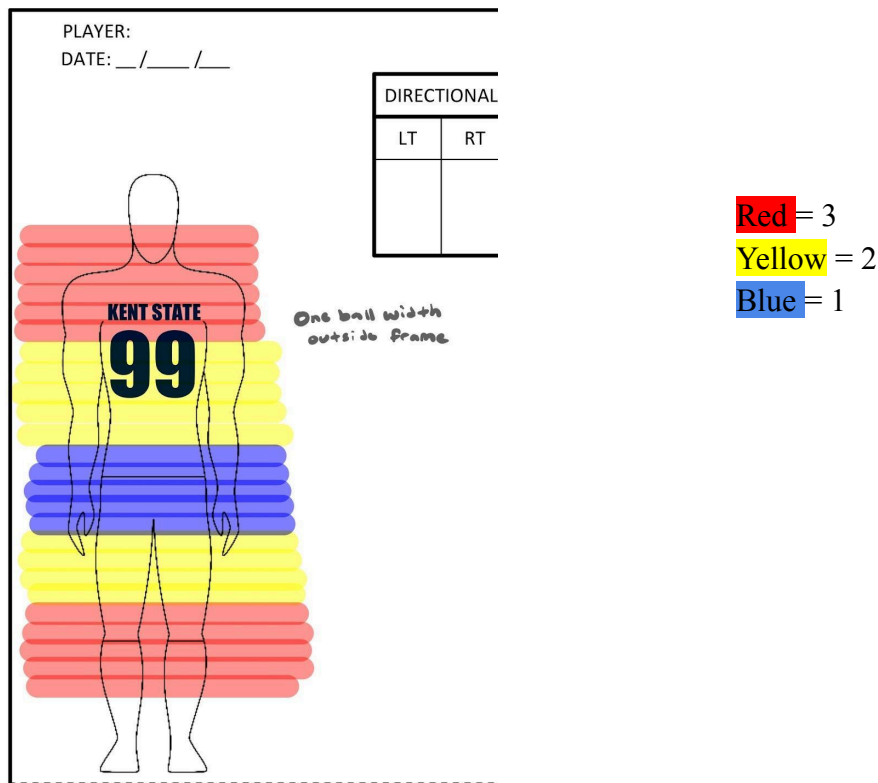
- Each value will become normalized by using min/max normalization:

$$X_{\text{normalized}} = \frac{X - X_{\min}}{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}$$

- WeightedSum_Score = 0.38 * PLocID + 0.35 * Distance + 0.27 * Hang
 - Multiply each normalized value by the features' weight and sum.

Long Snaps

- Divide the Punters Body Up
 - Aiming Point is Punter's belt line.
 - 1=Punter's Belt Line
 - 2=Punter's Belly Button-Nipples/Crotch-Middle Thigh
 - 3=Punter's Nipples-Helmet/Middle Thigh-shins
 - The goal is to have the lowest location score.
 - Multiply by Snap Time



- Each value will become normalized by using min/max normalization:

$$X_{\text{normalized}} = \frac{X - X_{\min}}{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}$$

- $\text{WeightedSum_Score} = 0.65 * \text{SnapLocID} + 0.35 * \text{Snaptime}$
 - Multiply each normalized value by the features' weight and sum.