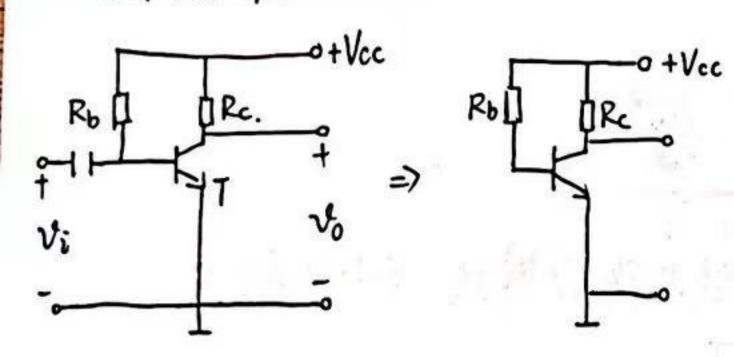
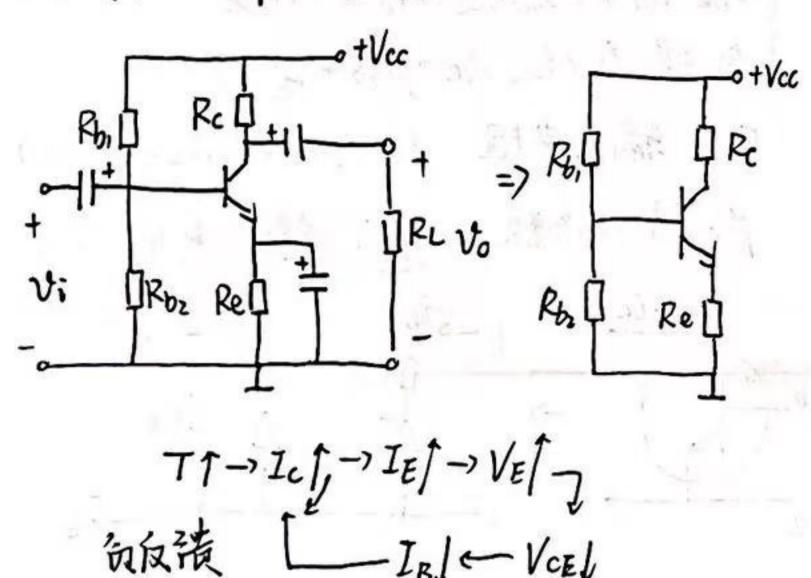
#### # BJT 放大电路的直流偏置电路

a)基极固定偏置电路 (基区还下挂尺)

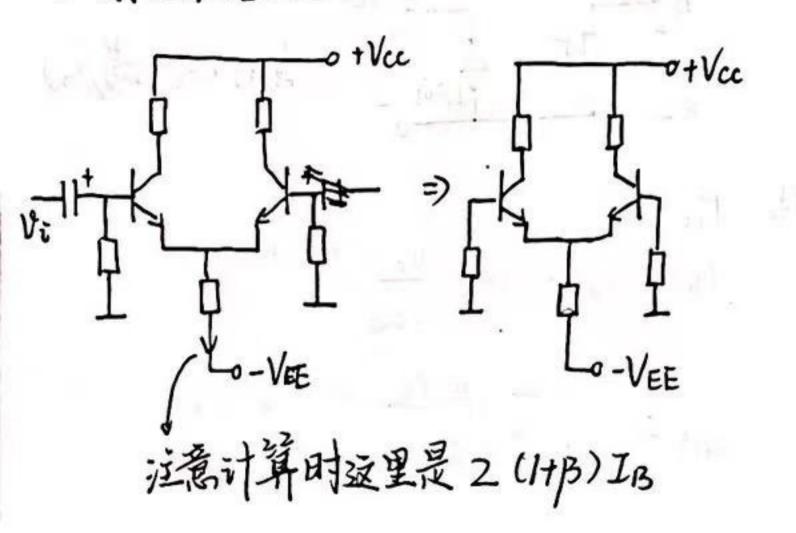


配置好Rb与Rc(临界B至VB=Vc). Q可能陷下变化

6) 剧有稳定工作主的基极偏置电路



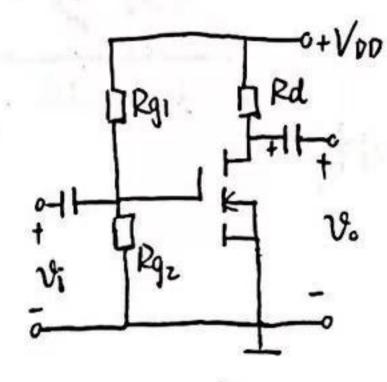
c) 射极偏置电路



证 控制 ic.证

# FET 放大电路的直流偏置电路 ① 新国纪六镑放大时 Vas 与 Vas 的 正负要求 和对应将号

a) 国泛编压编置电路



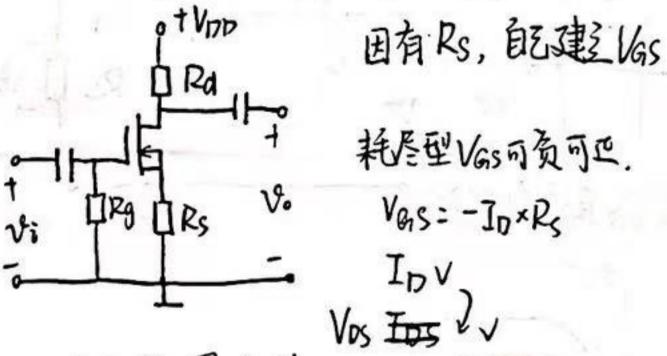
配置母 Pg, Pg, Pd VGS>VG Vos>VGS-Vq

$$V_{GS} = \frac{Rg_2}{Rg_1 + Rg_2} V_{DD}$$

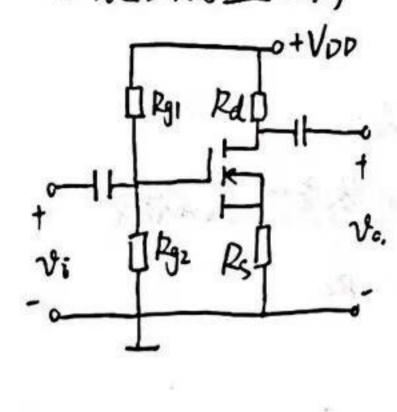
$$I_{p} = I_{DO} \left( \frac{V_{GS}}{V_T} - 1 \right)^2$$

Vps = Vpp - Ip Rd > VGs - V7

的 館偏压偏置电路 (栅址拉)



c) 混合偏置电路



Rg, Rg, -国总属压 VGS= Voo Pg, 12, -Io Rg Vos V

O. b) c) 常用于JFET (因为2个偏置要求不同)

Vas 控制 To

注. 比也分为 Vs 与 Ps, 图中和图出 画直流通路时,不要高了 Ps(小)

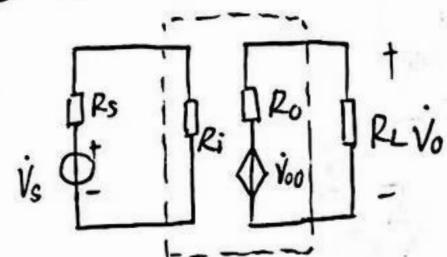


# 狮沙沙

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# 单号放大电路性能指标

①电压增益



Àu = Vo

那略胚增益 Avo = 1/2 = RL Avo PRILAV ROBELE 增益 Avs = 1/2 = Pi-1Ps Av

dB Au(dB)= 201g(Vo/Vi)

②输入电阻Ri

越大越好

输入站看出去的电阻(Vcc->0)

③输出电阻Ro

交流清(一花->0)

越小越好

输出结局进去的电阻 (Vcc -> 0)

怎么算?

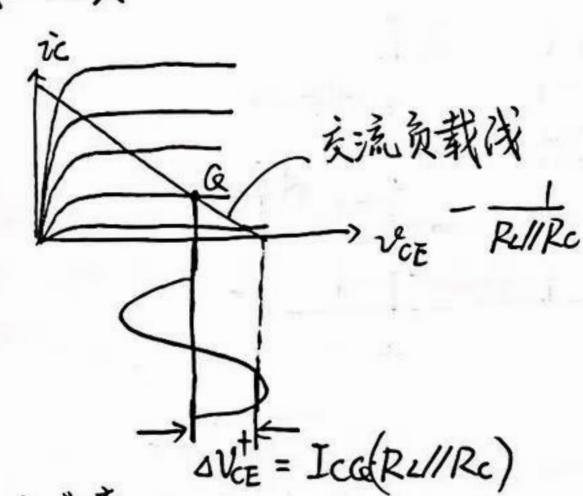
- ①加压线
- ②取2个凡(英能)

田通频常

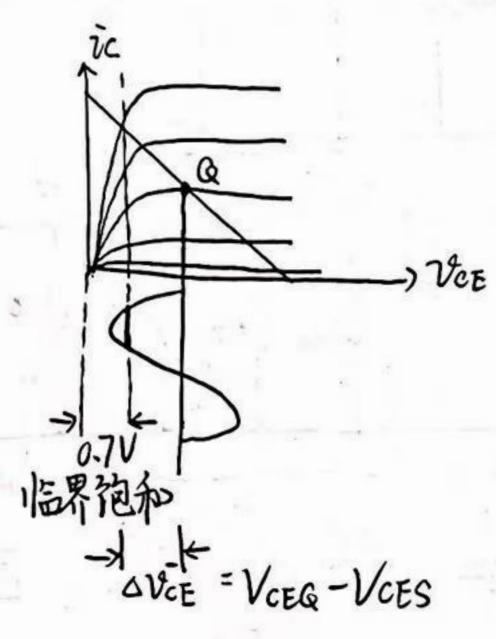
魏级好

图最大不头真输出辐度

1)截止失真



习饱和失真



Vom = min { DUCE , DUCE }

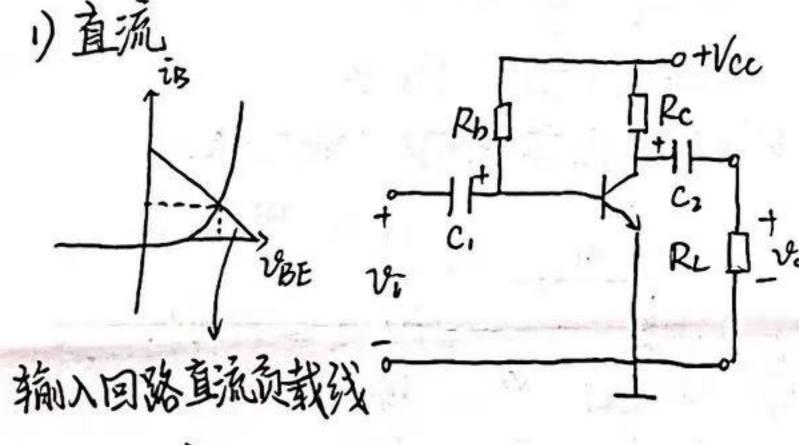


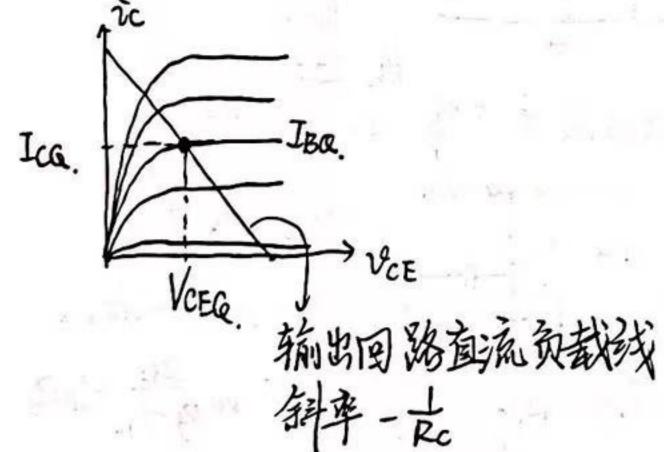
# 洲沙沙

ZHEJIANG UNIVERSITY

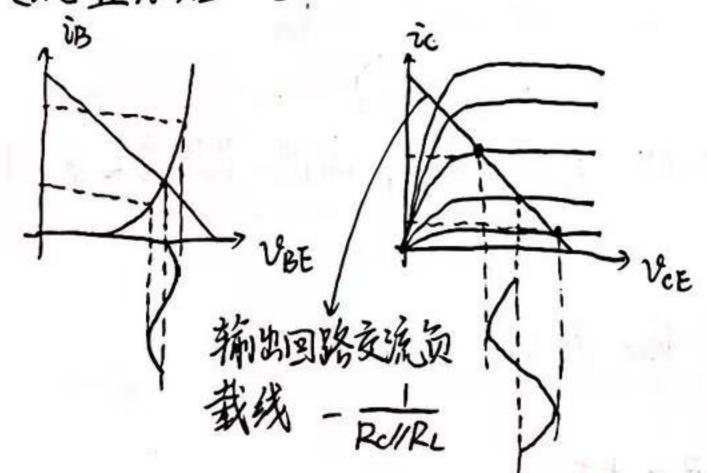
# 放大电路的交直流分析 图解法 等效电路估算法

① 图解法 公额的特性曲线





2)交流叠加在Q上



②等效电路估算法 (小侉号!)

a) BJT

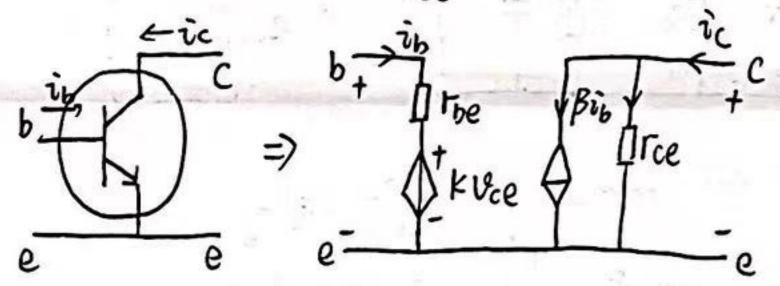
YBE=f(iB, VCE) 基础 ic=f(iB, VCE) 水线

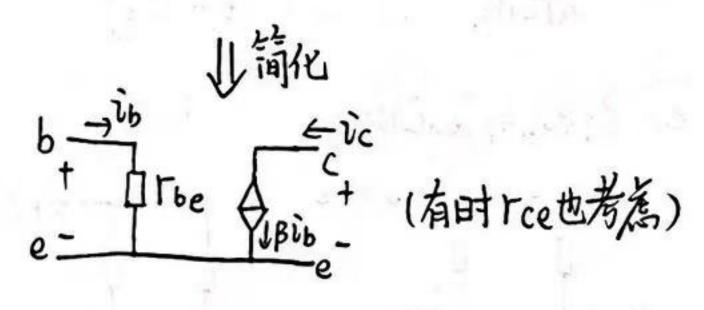
Vbe=huib+hiz Vce=Tbeib+KVce

tc=hzib+hzz Vce=Bib+tre Vce

The:输入电阻 K: 内电压反馈系数(小)

B. 放大倍数 -(i 输出电子 (小)

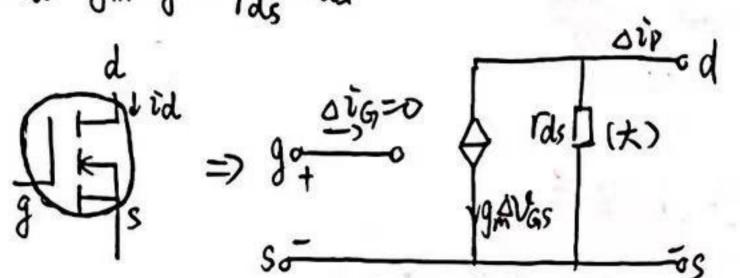




附: Le 测定.

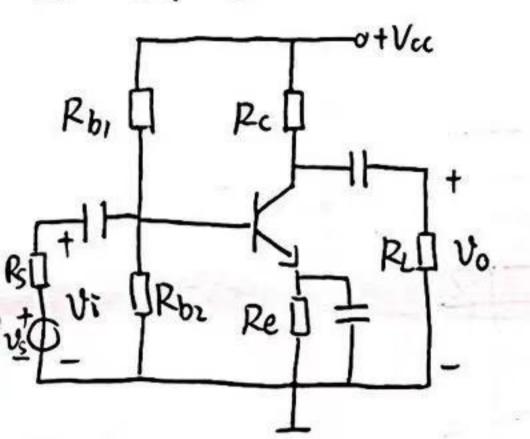
the=166+(1+B) Vi JEG.
基区体电阻 100~3~~~26mV
由内部活构导出的公式 (赔)

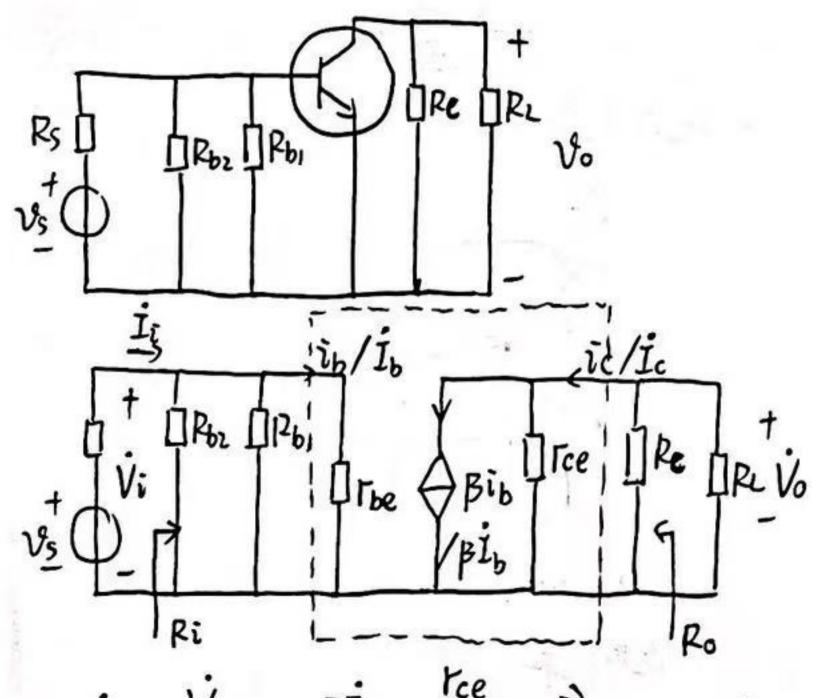
上述说明均针对交流!



#三组态放大电路动态分析(BJT) TODO:静态楼数,微爱求性能

### 

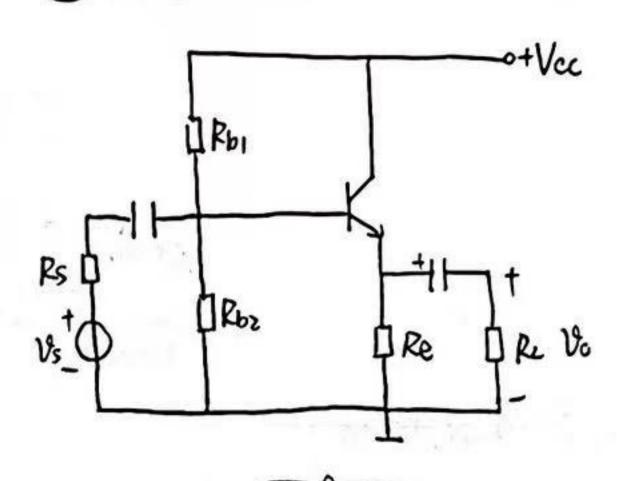


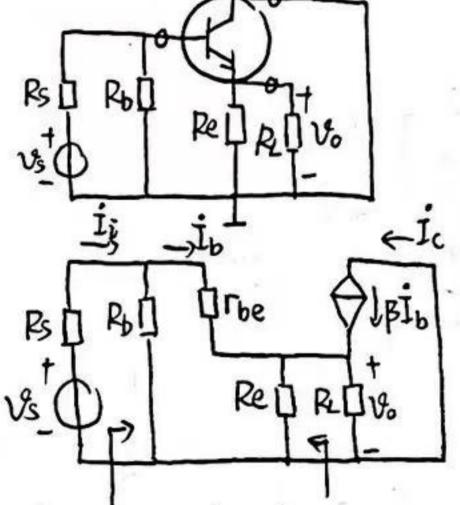


a) 
$$A_v = \frac{\dot{V_o}}{\dot{V_i}} = \frac{-\beta \dot{I_b}}{r_{ce} + RL} \frac{r_{ce}}{r_{be}} \approx \frac{\beta R_L}{r_{be}}$$

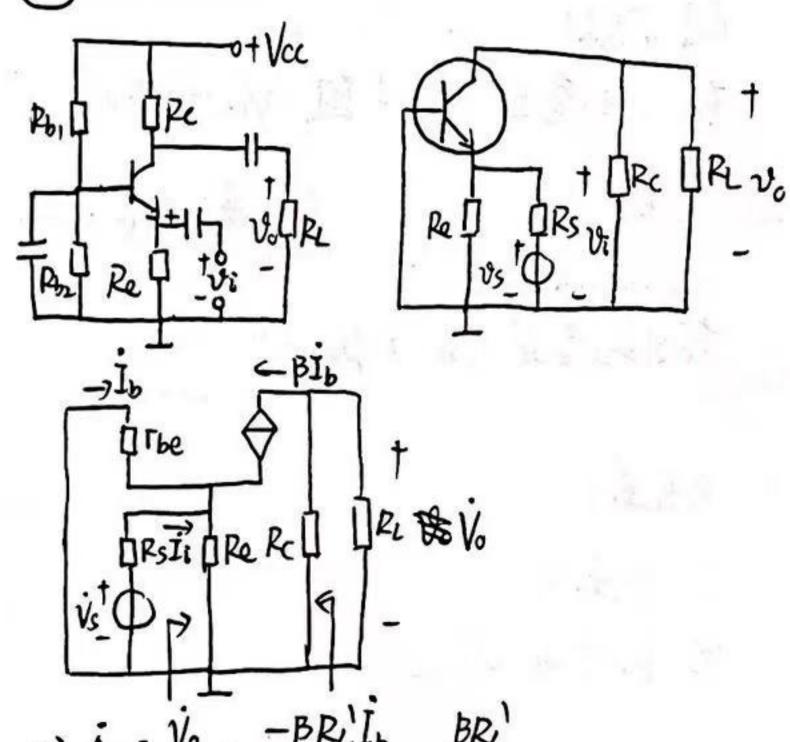
(15岁0)

② 5集 CC



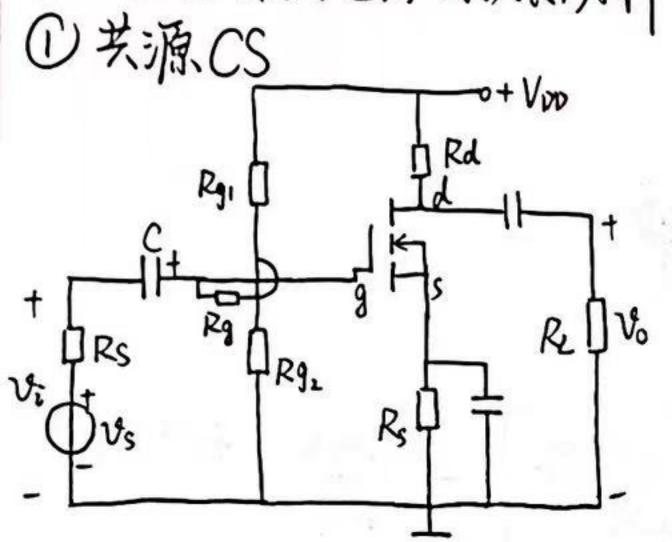


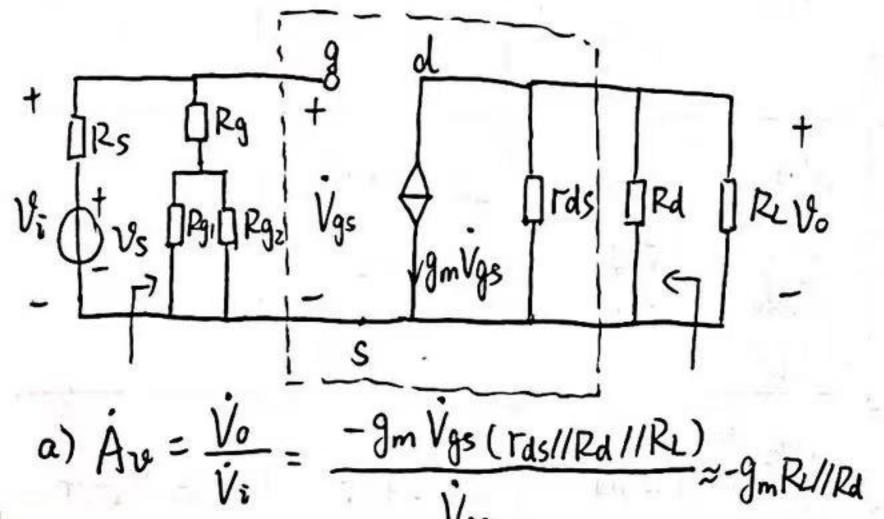
③ 共基 CB



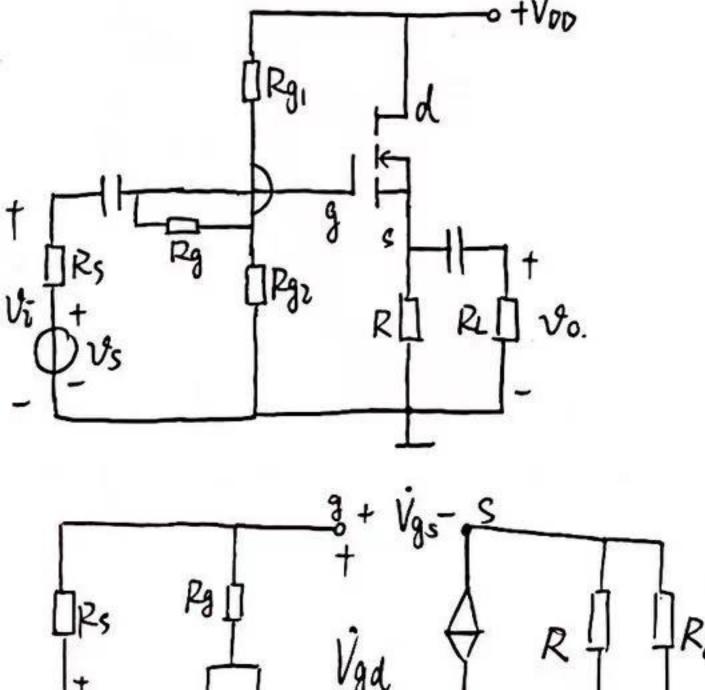
a) 
$$Av = \frac{\dot{V}_0}{\dot{V}_i} = \frac{-\beta R_L \dot{I}_b}{-\Gamma_b e \dot{I}_b} = \frac{\beta R_L}{\Gamma_b e}$$

#三组态放大电路的动态分析 (FET)

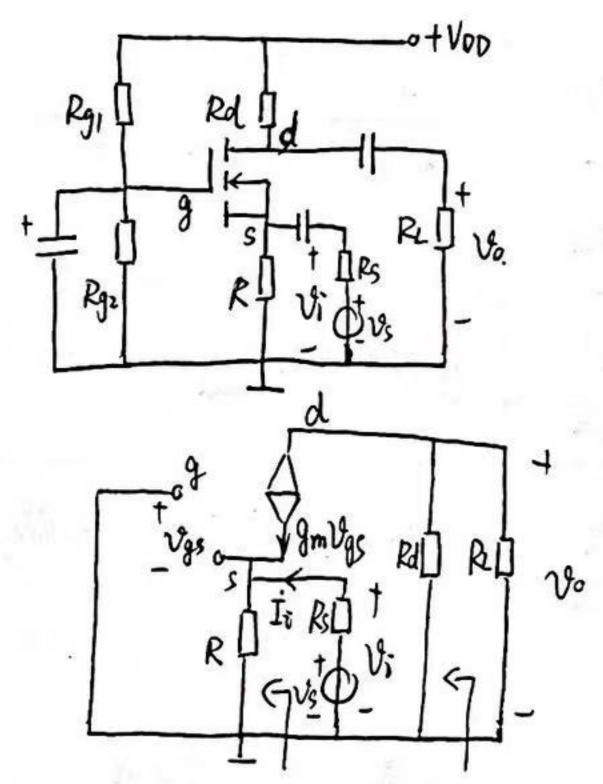




### ②共编CD



a) 
$$\dot{A}_{v} = \frac{\dot{V}_{o}}{\dot{V}_{i}} = \frac{g_{m}\dot{V}_{gs}R_{L}^{1}}{\dot{V}_{gs}+g_{m}\dot{V}_{gs}R_{L}^{1}} = \frac{g_{m}R_{L}^{1}}{1+g_{m}R_{L}^{1}} \approx 1$$



a) 
$$Av = \frac{\dot{V}o}{\dot{V}} = -g_m R$$





To Sum Up

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	Αv	Ri	Ro	¥
共射 CE	大	较大	较缺	中间级
关集 CC	<li>&lt;  </li>	Max	Min	最后-级
浅 CB	大  「	Min	较大	· 韦频

	共射 CE	关集 CC	提 CB
Áv	-BRi The	(1+B) Ri toe+(1+B) Ri	BR' roe
Rī	Rb//Tbe	Rb//[rbe+(HB)RL]	Re // rbe HB
Ro	≈Rc	Re// The+Ry//Rs 1+B	≈Rc

共 と 料 と 湯	电压增益 反相 CE>100 CS TW/T	新入电阻 CE: 百升 CS: 北	新虫电阻 CE:否-14 CS:百-14
CS 撰C编CD	国相	CC: 十一百十 CD: 北	CC: 1到十 CD: 百
提B KG CG	国相 CB. Noo CG Mit	CB:小利士 CG:首	CB:百~4 CG:百~4