Questions a to e

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The adjacency matrix is:
[{}, {6e1}, {e1}, {e1}, {e2}, {e1}, {6e1}, {}, {6e1}, {}, {6e1}, {}, {1e1}, {5e1}, {6e1}, {}, {1e1}, {2e1}, {3e1}, {3e1}, {3e1}, {2e1}, {1e1}, {9e1}, {1e1}, {1e1}, {2e1}, {1e1}, {6e1}, {1e1}, {1
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Question d:
The sminus spanning tree(undirected graph) found by Kruskal's algorithm is
[[1:1], [6:1, 2:1, 91:1], [1:1], [1:1], [1:1], [2:1, 9:1], [4:1], [5:1], [4:1], [5:1], [4:1], [5:1], [4:1], [5:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:1], [4:
```

Question f

The running time, optimal cost, and the optimal solution are shown as above. The reason why the time is different is that the two algorithms have different time complexity

Question g

 x_{ij} indicates the network flow on edge (i,j) is in the tree.

For each vertex i, ensure that exactly one incoming and one outgoing edge are present: Out degree constraint: $\sum_i x_{ij} = 1$ for all vertices i. In degree constraint: $\sum_i x_{ji} = 1$ for all vertices i

Objective function: Minimize the sum of the edge weights in the tree $\sum_i \sum_j c_{ij} x_{ij} \ c_{ij}$ is the cost of edge (i,j), and x_{ij} is the network flow on edge (i,j) is in the tree.

Question h

The result is shown as below. The algorithm is optimized and costs less time than the algorithms as above.

(1, 0, {'weight': 1}), (1, 2, {'weight': 1}), (1, 91, {'weight': 99}), (2, 3, {'weight': 1}), (2, 97, {'weight': 95}), (2, 111, {'weight': 109}), (3, 9, {'weight': 6}), (5, 4, ('weight': 1}), (7, 6, {'weight': 1}), (7, 15, {'weight': 1}), (9, 8, ('weight': 1}), (9, 2, ('weight': 3}), (10, 11, {'weight': 3}), (10, 11, {'weight': 3}), (10, 11, {'weight': 1}), (10, 12, {'weight': 3}), (10, 11, {'weight': 3}), (10, 12, {'weight': 3}), (12, 12, {'weight': 3}), (12, 12, {'weight': 3}), (12, 12, {'weight': 4}), (17, 22, {'weight': 4}), (17, 23, {'weight': 6}), (19, 26, {'weight': 3}), (19, 20, {'weight': 3}), (23, 40, {'weight': 45}), (23, 30, {'weight': 5}), (23, 46, {