

Detection of Higher-Level Concepts in Highly-Linked Big Data

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Hiermit erkläre ich, dass ich die vorliegende Arbeit selbstständig und eigenhändig sowie ohne unerlaubte fremde Hilfe und ausschließlich unter Verwendung der aufgeführten Quellen und Hilfsmittel angefertigt habe.

Berlin, den

Zusammenfassung

Kurze Zusammenfassung der Arbeit in 250 Wörtern.

Abstract

Short version of the thesis in 250 words.

Acknowledgements

This chapter is optional. First of all, I would like to...

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Introduction

1.1 What is Big Data?

1.2 Why is Scheduling Important

All the reader needs to know to get introduced to the topic. Motivate, state the problem and give a hint to your contribution. What is this thesis about? Why is it interesting? Give the reader a brief idea of the structure of the thesis. One to three pages.

2

Background

2.1 What is Spark / Batch Frameworks?

2.2 What is Kubernetes?

Necessary background for topic, in order to understand the problem, motivation and contribution. Approximately 10 pages.

3

Related Work

3.1 Scheduler

3.2 Scheduler Frameworks

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Approach

This Chapter should give a brief overview over the hurdles I encountered when implementing the Project

4.1 Overview over different Approaches

During the initial phase of collecting Resources regarding influencing the Kubernetes Scheduler, I discovered multiple ways I could accomplish my goals. This section shall give a brief overview of the different Approaches i could have chosen, and maybe provide an answer on why i did not chose them in the end.

- ◇ Implementation of Scheduling Algorithm, like Hugo and Mary directly inside the Kube-Scheduler, either by replacing the original or extending with a plugin
- ◇ Implementation of the Interface directly inside the Kube Scheduler, forgoing the Operator/Controller
- ◇ Implementation of the Interface as an Extender

4.2 Deep Dive: Batch-Job Operator

Give a brief introduction how the Operator Pattern in kubernetes is used Show the Operator Framework i used Explain hurdles I encountered implementing the Operator Explain its functions

4.3 Deep Dive: Kubernetes Scheduler

Explain how the Kubernetes Scheduler works Describe how an Operating Cycle works Explain at which points we need to interact with the Scheduler

4.4 Deep Dive: Extender

<https://developer.ibm.com/articles/creating-a-custom-kube-scheduler/>

4.4.1 Four ways to extend Kubernetes Scheduler

- ◇ Modify Upstream Source code, recompile and run scheduler
- ◇ Separate Scheduler, that runs a long (scales bad, such as a distributed lock and cache synchronization)
- ◇ scheduler extender
- ◇ scheduler framework

4.4.2 How the scheduler extender works

How does the scheduler function? - scheduler starts with parameters give - watches pods with empty `.spec.nodeName` puts them in a queue - pops out a pod from the queue and starts scheduling cycle - filter (based on hard requirements, etc) - score (soft requirement) - bind (api server)

4.4.3 What is an Extender

Extender is a set of API endpoints - `/filter` Filter based on extender-implemented predicate functions. The filtered list is expected to be a subset of the supplied list. The `failedNodes` and `failedAndUnresolvableNodes` optionally contains the list of failed nodes and failure reasons, except nodes in the latter are unresolvable. - Arguments: Pod + List of Nodes - Expects: List of Nodes (subset of Input Nodes) - `/prioritize` Prioritize based on extender-implemented priority functions. The returned scores & weight are used to compute the weighted score for an extender. The weighted scores are added to the scores computed by Kubernetes scheduler. The total scores are used to do the host selection. - Arguments: Pod + List of Nodes - Expects: List of Nodes with Scores + Weight - `/bind` Delegates binding - Arguments: Binding (which is essentially Pod + TargetNode) - Expects: Error if occurred - `/preempt` ProcessPreemption returns nodes with their victim pods processed by extender based on given: 1. Pod to schedule 2. Candidate nodes and victim pods (`nodeNameToVictims`) generated by the previous scheduling process. The possible changes made by extender may include:

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Evaluation

5.1 Does it Work?

Should give a brief summary of the functionality that the operator is supporting in the current state.

5.2 Comparision between different Apporoaches + Implementation of Mary inside the Scheduler

6

Open Questions

6.1 Future Work for the Operator

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Conclusion

One page. What have we learned in/through this thesis?
Expected thesis length: 90 pages (+-10%)

Bibliography