

LS-CAT PGPMAC

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Chapter 1

The LS-CAT pgpmac Project

[pgpmac.c](#)

Some pmac defines, typedefs, functions suggested by Delta Tau Accessory 54E User Manual, October 23, 2003 (C) 2003 by Delta Tau Data Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.

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This project implements the MD2 communications required for operation at LS-CAT and is intended to replace Windows XP based .NET code provided by MAATEL.

The need to do this is driven by a desire to make the system as effecient and fast as possible by combining various operations. A proof-of-principle version of this code saw frame rates of 23/minute as opposed to the nominal 18/minute we normally quote for 1 second exposures.

Additionally, as we rapidly approach EOL for Windows XP an alternative is urgently needed.

Structure

The project is roughly broken down as follows:

lsevents.c	Simple event queue
lsredis.c	Receive key value pair updates from redis databases
lslogging.c	A logging utility to simplify debugging
lspg.c	Handles communications with the controlling posgresql database
lsupdate.c	Periodically update the px.kvs table with new positions.
md2cmds.c	Provides the equivilant (mostly) of the LS-CAT BLUMax code.
pgpmac.c	Main: parses command line and starts up the various threads
pgpmac.h	All includes and defines. The only file included by the .c files in this
pmac_md2_ls-cat.pmc	Code for the PMAC: compile and install with pmac exectutive program.
pmac_md2.sql	Tables and procedures for the posgresql side of the project.

Notes:

- The postgresql and the pmac communications interfaces are asynchronous and rely heavily on the unix "poll" routine.
- The project is multithreaded and based on "pthreads".
- Most threads maintain a queue of commands to simplify communications with each other.
- Note that a MAATEL supported interface for a more recent version of Windows may be available, however, a bit of effort will be required to implement it at LS-CAT as the BLUMax code will likely require some revisions. This is still an option should the present project become intractable.
- An important constraint has been to run the MD2 either from the windows .NET environment or from the pgp-mac environment. A consequence is that the pmac "pmc" file has been augmented to include new capabilities without destroying the code that the .NET interface requires.
- Epics support could come by adapting the "e.c" code to work here directly or could come by making use of the existing kv pair mechanism already in place or, as is most likely, a combination of the two.
- Ncurses support could include input lines for SQL queries and direct commands for supporting homing etc. Perhaps the F keys could change modes or use of special mode changing text commands. Output is not asynchronous. Although this is unlikely to cause a problem I'd hate to have the program hang because terminal output is hung up.
- PG queries come back as text instead of binary. We could reduce the numeric errors by using binary and things would run a tad faster, though it is unlikely anyone would notice or care about the speed.

MD2 Motors and Coordinate Systems

CS	Motor	
1	1	X = Omega
2	17	X = Center X
	18	Y = Center Y
3	2	X = Alignment X
	3	Y = Alignment Y
	4	Z = Alignment Z
--	5	Analyzer
4	6	X = Zoom
5	7	Y = Aperture Y
	8	Z = Aperture Z
	9	U = Capillary Y
	10	V = Capillary Z
	11	W = Scintillator Z
6		(None)
7	19	X = Kappa
	20	Y = Phi

MD2 Motion Programs

before calling, set

M4XX = 1: flag to indicate we are running program XX
P variables as arguments

Program	Description
1	home omega
2	home alignment table X
3	home alignment table Y
4	home alignment table Z
6	home camera zoom
7	home aperture Y
8	home aperture Z
9	home capillary Y
10	home capillary Z
11	home scintillator Z
17	home center X
18	home center Y
19	home kappa
20	home phi (Home position is not defined for phi ...)
25	kappa stress test
26	Combined Incremental move of X and Y in selected coordinate system (Does not reset M426) P170 = X increment P171 = Y increment
31	scan omega P170 = Start P171 = End P173 = Velocity (float) P174 = Sample Rate (I5049) P175 = Acceleration time P176 = Gathering source P177 = Number of passes P178 = Shutter rising distance (units of omega motion) P179 = Shutter falling distance (units of omega motion) P180 = Exposure Time
34	Organ Scan P169 = Motor Number P170 = Start Position P171 = End Position P172 = Step Size P173 = Motor Speed
35	Organ Homing
37	Organ Move (microdiff_hard.ini says we don't use this anymore) P169 = Capillary Z P170 = Scintillator Z P171 = Aperture Z
50	Combined Incremental move of X and Y P170 = X increment P171 = Y increment
52	X oscillation (while M320 == 1) (Does not reset M452)
53	Center X and Y Synchronized homing

```
54          Combined X, Y, Z absolute move
           P170  = X
           P171  = Y
           P172  = Z

131          LS-CAT Modified Omega Scan
           P170  = Shutter open position, in counts
           P171  = Delta omega, in counts
           P173  = Omega velocity (counts/msec)
           P175  = Acceleration Time (msec)
           P177  = Number of passes
           P178  = Shutter Rising Distance
           P179  = Shutter Falling Distance
           P180  = Exposure Time (msec)

140          LS-CAT Move X Absolute
           Q10   = X Value (cts)

141          LS-CAT Move Y Absolute
           Q11   = Y Value (cts)

142          LS-CAT Move Z Absolute
           Q12   = Z Value (cts)

150          LS-CAT Move X, Y Absolute
           Q20   = X Value
           Q21   = Y Value

160          LS-CAT Move X, Y, Z Absolute
           Q30   = X Value
           Q31   = Y Value
           Q32   = Z Value
```

Chapter 2

Namespace Index

2.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

iniParser	11
mk_pgpmac_redis	11

Chapter 3

Data Structure Index

3.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

iniParser.iniParser	This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version	15
lsevents_listener_struct	Linked list of event listeners	17
lsevents_queue_struct	Storage definition for the events	18
lslogging_queue_struct	Our log object: time and message	19
lspg_demandairrights_struct	20
lspg_getcenter_struct	Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies	20
lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct	23
lspg_lock_detector_struct	Lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control	24
lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct	Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing	25
lspg_nextsample_struct	Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)	25
lspg_nextshot_struct	Storage definition for nextshot query	27
lspg_seq_run_prep_struct	Data collection running object	37
lspg_starttransfer_struct	Returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort	38
lspg_wait_for_detector_struct	Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake	39
lspg_waitcryo_struct	40
lspgQueryQueueStruct	Store each query along with it's callback function	41
lspmac_asci_buffers_struct	42
lspmac_bi_struct	Storage for binary inputs	42
lspmac_cmd_queue_struct	PMAC command queue item	44

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File Index

4.1 File List

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Implements commands to run the md2 diffractometer attached to a PMAC controled by post- gresql	242
mk_pgpmac_redis.py	269
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Main for the pgpmac project	270
pgpmac.h	
Headers for the entire pgpmac project	275

Chapter 5

Namespace Documentation

5.1 iniParser Namespace Reference

Data Structures

- class [iniParser](#)

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Variables

- tuple [ip iniParser](#)("21-ID-E/microdiff_hard.ini")

5.1.1 Variable Documentation

5.1.1.1 tuple [iniParser.ip iniParser](#)("21-ID-E/microdiff_hard.ini")

Definition at line 104 of file [iniParser.py](#).

5.2 mk_pgpmac_redis Namespace Reference

Functions

- def [active_simulation](#)
- def [asis](#)

Variables

- list [head](#) sys.argv[1]
- list [pref_ini](#) sys.argv[2]
- list [hard_ini](#) sys.argv[3]
- dictionary [motor_dict](#)
- dictionary [hard_ini_fields](#)
- list [motor_field_lists](#)
- list [bi_list](#) ["CryoSwitch"]
- dictionary [motor_presets](#)

- list [zoom_settings](#)
- tuple [hi](#) [iniParser.iniParser\(hard_ini\)](#)
- list [v](#) [motor_dict\[m\]](#)
- string [f](#) "HSETNX"
- list [xlate](#) [hard_ini_fields\[k\]](#)
- tuple [pi](#) [iniParser.iniParser\(pref_ini\)](#)
- int [i](#) 0
- tuple [ppos](#) [pi.get\(section, option\)](#)
- string [fnc](#) "HSETNX"
- tuple [b](#) [pi.get\(section, "LightIntensity"\)](#)
- tuple [p](#) [pi.get\(section, "MotorPosition"\)](#)
- tuple [x](#) [pi.get\(section, "ScaleX"\)](#)
- tuple [y](#) [pi.get\(section, "ScaleY"\)](#)

5.2.1 Function Documentation

5.2.1.1 `def mk_pgpmac_redis.active_simulation (sim)`

Definition at line 172 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

```

172
173 def active_simulation( sim):
174     if str(sim) != "0":
175         rtn = "0"
176     else:
177         rtn = "1"
178
179     print sim, rtn
180     return rtn

```

5.2.1.2 `def mk_pgpmac_redis.asis (arg)`

Definition at line 181 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

```

181
182 def asis( arg):
183     return arg

```

5.2.2 Variable Documentation

5.2.2.1 `tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.b pi.get(section, "LightIntensity")`

Definition at line 397 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

5.2.2.2 `list mk_pgpmac_redis.bi_list ["CryoSwitch"]`

Definition at line 245 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

5.2.2.3 `tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.f "HSETNX"`

Definition at line 346 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

5.2.2.4 `string mk_pgpmac_redis.fnc "HSETNX"`

Definition at line 389 of file `mk_pgpmac_redis.py`.

5.2.2.5 mk_pgpmac_redis.hard_ini sys.argv[3]

Definition at line 21 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.6 dictionary mk_pgpmac_redis.hard_ini_fields

Initial value:

```

1 {
2     "active"           : ["Simulation", active_simulation],
3     "coord_num"        : ["CoordinateSystem", asis],
4     "largeStep"        : ["LargeStep", asis],
5     "maxPosition"      : ["MaxPosition", asis],
6     "minPosition"      : ["MinPosition", asis],
7     "motor_num"        : ["MotorNumber", asis],
8     "neutralPosition" : ["NeutralPosition", asis],
9     "precision"        : ["Precision", asis],
10    "smallStep"        : ["SmallStep", asis],
11    "u2c"              : ["UnitRatio", asis]
12 }
```

Definition at line 184 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.7 list mk_pgpmac_redis.head sys.argv[1]

Definition at line 13 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.8 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.hi iniParser.iniParser(hard_ini)

Definition at line 320 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.9 int mk_pgpmac_redis.i 0

Definition at line 368 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.10 dictionary mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_dict

Definition at line 29 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.11 list mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_field_lists

Definition at line 206 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.12 dictionary mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_presets

Definition at line 247 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.13 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.p pi.get(section, "MotorPosition")

Definition at line 403 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.14 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.pi iniParser.iniParser(pref_ini)

Definition at line 365 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.15 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.ppos pi.get(section, option)

Definition at line 375 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.16 mk_pgpmac_redis.pref_ini sys.argv[2]

Definition at line 16 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.17 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.v motor_dict[m]

Definition at line 345 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.18 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.x pi.get(section, "ScaleX")

Definition at line 409 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.19 list mk_pgpmac_redis.xlate hard_ini_fields[k]

Definition at line 350 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.20 tuple mk_pgpmac_redis.y pi.get(section, "ScaleY")

Definition at line 415 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

5.2.2.21 list mk_pgpmac_redis.zoom_settings

Initial value:

```

1 [
2   #lev  front  back  pos      scalex  scaley  section
3   [1,    4.0,   8.0,   34100,  2.7083,  3.3442, "CoaxCam.Zoom1"],
4   [2,    6.0,   8.1,   31440,  2.2487,  2.2776, "CoaxCam.Zoom2"],
5   [3,    6.5,   8.2,   27460,  1.7520,  1.7550, "CoaxCam.Zoom3"],
6   [4,    7.0,   8.3,   23480,  1.3360,  1.3400, "CoaxCam.Zoom4"],
7   [5,    8.0,   10.0,  19500,  1.0140,  1.0110, "CoaxCam.Zoom5"],
8   [6,    9.0,   12.0,  15520,  0.7710,  0.7760, "CoaxCam.Zoom6"],
9   [7,   10.0,   17.0,  11540,  0.5880,  0.5920, "CoaxCam.Zoom7"],
10  [8,   12.0,   25.0,   7560,  0.4460,  0.4480, "CoaxCam.Zoom8"],
11  [9,   15.0,   37.0,   3580,  0.3410,  0.3460, "CoaxCam.Zoom9"],
12  [10,  16.0,   42.0,    0,  0.2700,  0.2690, "CoaxCam.Zoom10"]
13 ]

```

Definition at line 296 of file mk_pgpmac_redis.py.

Chapter 6

Data Structure Documentation

6.1 iniParser.iniParser Class Reference

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

Public Member Functions

- def `__init__`
- def `read`
- def `sections`
- def `options`
- def `has_section`
- def `has_option`
- def `get`

Data Fields

- `f`
- `sd`

6.1.1 Detailed Description

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We assume the sections and options are case insensitive and that, although nested sections are implied by the format used by the md2, that the nesting has no practical importance.

The current version is for READING the files.

TODO: add writing. We'll need to keep track of the preferred case used in the ini file as well as the existing comments. This is mildly tricky since comments apparently can appear on both option lines and non-option lines so

we'll need to track the line number within each section to preserve all the comments. Strictly speaking this is not necessary as we can just spit stuff out all lower case without comments and, presumably, the md2 should be able to deal with it. However, there is enough of a problem with the lack of documentation that willfully removing seems like a bad idea.

Definition at line 42 of file iniParser.py.

6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.1.2.1 `def iniParser.iniParser.__init__(self, fn)`

Definition at line 44 of file iniParser.py.

```
44
45     def __init__( self, fn):
46         self.f = open( fn, "r")
47         self.sd = {}
48
```

6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

6.1.3.1 `def iniParser.iniParser.get(self, section, option)`

Definition at line 99 of file iniParser.py.

```
99
100     def get( self, section, option):
101         return self.sd[section.lower()][option.lower()]
102
```

6.1.3.2 `def iniParser.iniParser.has_option(self, section, option)`

Definition at line 94 of file iniParser.py.

```
94
95     def has_option( self, section, option):
96         if self.has_section( section):
97             return self.sd[section.lower()].has_key( option.lower())
98         return False
```

6.1.3.3 `def iniParser.iniParser.has_section(self, section)`

Definition at line 91 of file iniParser.py.

```
91
92     def has_section( self, section):
93         return self.sd.has_key( section.lower())
```

6.1.3.4 `def iniParser.iniParser.options(self, section)`

Definition at line 87 of file iniParser.py.

```
87
88     def options( self, section):
89         return self.sd[section.lower()].keys()
90
```

6.1.3.5 `def iniParser.iniParser.read (self)`

Definition at line 49 of file `iniParser.py`.

```

49
50     def read( self):
51         self.sd = {}
52         current_section = "default"
53         current_dict = {}
54         for l in self.f.readlines():
55             sl = l.strip()
56             if len(sl) > 0:
57                 if sl[0] == ";":
58                     continue
59
60                 if sl[0] == "[" and sl.find("]") > 1:
61                     self.sd[current_section] = current_dict
62                     current_dict = {}
63                     current_section = (sl[1:sl.find(")"])).lower()
64
65                 else:
66                     if sl.find(";") > 0:
67                         s = sl[0:sl.find(";")]
68                     else:
69                         s = sl
70
71                     if s.find("=") > 0:
72                         slist = s.split("=")
73                         if len(slist) == 2:
74                             k = (slist[0].strip()).lower()
75                             v = slist[1].strip()
76                             current_dict[k] = v
77
78         self.sd[current_section] = current_dict
79
80
81         self.f.close()
82

```

6.1.3.6 `def iniParser.iniParser.sections (self)`

Definition at line 83 of file `iniParser.py`.

```

83
84     def sections( self):
85         ks = set(self.sd.keys())
86         return list(ks.difference( ["default"]))

```

6.1.4 Field Documentation

6.1.4.1 `iniParser.iniParser.f`

Definition at line 45 of file `iniParser.py`.

6.1.4.2 `iniParser.iniParser.sd`

Definition at line 46 of file `iniParser.py`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [iniParser.py](#)

6.2 Isevents_listener_struct Struct Reference

Linked list of event listeners.

Data Fields

- struct [lsevents_listener_struct](#) * next
Next listener.
- char * [raw_regexp](#)
the original string sent to us
- regex_t [re](#)
regular expression representing listened for events
- void(* [cb](#))(char *)
call back function

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Linked list of event listeners.

Definition at line 27 of file lsevents.c.

6.2.2 Field Documentation

6.2.2.1 void(* lsevents_listener_struct::cb)(char *)

call back function

Definition at line 31 of file lsevents.c.

6.2.2.2 struct lsevents_listener_struct* lsevents_listener_struct::next

Next listener.

Definition at line 28 of file lsevents.c.

6.2.2.3 char* lsevents_listener_struct::raw_regexp

the original string sent to us

Definition at line 29 of file lsevents.c.

6.2.2.4 regex_t lsevents_listener_struct::re

regular expression representing listened for events

Definition at line 30 of file lsevents.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lsevents.c](#)

6.3 lsevents_queue_struct Struct Reference

Storage definition for the events.

Data Fields

- char * [evp](#)
name of the event

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Storage definition for the events.

Just a string for now. Perhaps one day we'll succumb to the temptation to add an argument or two.

Definition at line 17 of file lsevents.c.

6.3.2 Field Documentation

6.3.2.1 char* lsevents_queue_struct::evp

name of the event

Definition at line 18 of file lsevents.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lsevents.c](#)

6.4 lslogging_queue_struct Struct Reference

Our log object: time and message.

Data Fields

- struct timespec [ltime](#)
time stamp: set when queued
- char [lmsg](#) [[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH](#)]
our message, truncated if too long

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Our log object: time and message.

Definition at line 24 of file lslogging.c.

6.4.2 Field Documentation

6.4.2.1 char lslogging_queue_struct::lmsg[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH]

our message, truncated if too long

Definition at line 26 of file lslogging.c.

6.4.2.2 struct timespec lslogging_queue_struct::itime

time stamp: set when queued

Definition at line 25 of file lslogging.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lslogging.c](#)

6.5 lspg_demandairrights_struct Struct Reference

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
- int [new_value_ready](#)

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 198 of file pgpmac.h.

6.5.2 Field Documentation

6.5.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_demandairrights_struct::cond

Definition at line 200 of file pgpmac.h.

6.5.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_demandairrights_struct::mutex

Definition at line 199 of file pgpmac.h.

6.5.2.3 int lspg_demandairrights_struct::new_value_ready

Definition at line 201 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.6 lspg_getcenter_struct Struct Reference

Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
don't let the threads collide!
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
provides signaling for when the query is done
- int [new_value_ready](#)
used with condition
- int [no_rows_returned](#)
flag in case no centering information was forthcoming
- int [zoom](#)
the next zoom level to go to before taking the next movie
- int [zoom_isnull](#)
- double [dcx](#)
center x change
- int [dcx_isnull](#)
- double [dcy](#)
center y change
- int [dcy_isnull](#)
- double [dax](#)
alignment x change
- int [dax_isnull](#)
- double [day](#)
alignment y change
- int [day_isnull](#)
- double [daz](#)
alignment z change
- int [daz_isnull](#)

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies.

Definition at line 212 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2 Field Documentation

6.6.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_getcenter_struct::cond

provides signaling for when the query is done

Definition at line 214 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.2 double lspg_getcenter_struct::dax

alignment x change

Definition at line 227 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.3 int lspg_getcenter_struct::dax_isnull

Definition at line 228 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.4 double lspg_getcenter_struct::day

alignment y change

Definition at line 230 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.5 int lspg_getcenter_struct::day_isnull

Definition at line 231 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.6 double lspg_getcenter_struct::daz

alignment z change

Definition at line 233 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.7 int lspg_getcenter_struct::daz_isnull

Definition at line 234 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.8 double lspg_getcenter_struct::dcx

center x change

Definition at line 221 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.9 int lspg_getcenter_struct::dcx_isnull

Definition at line 222 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.10 double lspg_getcenter_struct::dcy

center y change

Definition at line 224 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.11 int lspg_getcenter_struct::dcy_isnull

Definition at line 225 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.12 pthread_mutex_t lspg_getcenter_struct::mutex

don't let the threads collide!

Definition at line 213 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.13 int lspg_getcenter_struct::new_value_ready

used with condition

Definition at line 215 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.14 int lspg_getcenter_struct::no_rows_returned

flag in case no centering information was forthcoming

Definition at line 216 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.15 int lspg_getcenter_struct::zoom

the next zoom level to go to before taking the next movie

Definition at line 218 of file pgpmac.h.

6.6.2.16 int lspg_getcenter_struct::zoom_isnull

Definition at line 219 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.7 lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct Struct Reference

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
practice safe threading
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
for signaling
- int [no_rows_returned](#)
flag for an empty return
- int [new_value_ready](#)
OK, there is never a value, we need a variable for the conditional wait and this is what we call it everywhere else.
- unsigned int [getcurrentsampleid](#)
the sample we think is mounted on the diffractometer
- int [getcurrentsampleid_isnull](#)
the sample we think is mounted on the diffractometer

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 186 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2 Field Documentation

6.7.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::cond

for signaling

Definition at line 188 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2.2 unsigned int lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::getcurrentsampleid

the sample we think is mounted on the diffractometer

Definition at line 191 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2.3 int lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::getcurrentsampleid_isnull

the sample we think is mounted on the diffractometer

Definition at line 192 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2.4 pthread_mutex_t lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::mutex

practice safe threading

Definition at line 187 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2.5 int lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::new_value_ready

OK, there is never a value, we need a variable for the conditional wait and this is what we call it everywhere else.

Definition at line 190 of file pgpmac.h.

6.7.2.6 int lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct::no_rows_returned

flag for an empty return

Definition at line 189 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.8 lspg_lock_detector_struct Struct Reference

lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
- int [new_value_ready](#)

6.8.1 Detailed Description

lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control

Definition at line 974 of file lspg.c.

6.8.2 Field Documentation

6.8.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_lock_detector_struct::cond

Definition at line 976 of file lspg.c.

6.8.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_lock_detector_struct::mutex

Definition at line 975 of file lspg.c.

6.8.2.3 int lspg_lock_detector_struct::new_value_ready

Definition at line 977 of file lspg.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspg.c](#)

6.9 lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct Struct Reference

Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing.

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
- int [new_value_ready](#)

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing.

Definition at line 915 of file lspg.c.

6.9.2 Field Documentation

6.9.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct::cond

Definition at line 917 of file lspg.c.

6.9.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct::mutex

Definition at line 916 of file lspg.c.

6.9.2.3 int lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct::new_value_ready

Definition at line 918 of file lspg.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspg.c](#)

6.10 lspg_nextsample_struct Struct Reference

Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
Our mutex.
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
Our condition.
- int [new_value_ready](#)
flag for our condition
- int [no_rows_returned](#)
just in case, though this query should always return an integer, perhaps 0
- unsigned int [nextsample](#)
sample number (4 8-bit segments: station, dewar (lid), puck, and position in the puck)
- int [nextsample_isnull](#)
shouldn't ever be set, but if we change the logic of this call in PG then we are ready for it here.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)

Definition at line 259 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2 Field Documentation

6.10.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_nextsample_struct::cond

Our condition.

Definition at line 261 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_nextsample_struct::mutex

Our mutex.

Definition at line 260 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2.3 int lspg_nextsample_struct::new_value_ready

flag for our condition

Definition at line 262 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2.4 unsigned int lspg_nextsample_struct::nextsample

sample number (4 8-bit segments: station, dewar (lid), puck, and position in the puck)

Definition at line 265 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2.5 int lspg_nextsample_struct::nextsample_isnull

shouldn't ever be set, but if we change the logic of this call in PG then we are ready for it here.

Definition at line 266 of file pgpmac.h.

6.10.2.6 int lspg_nextsample_struct::no_rows_returned

just in case, though this query should always return an integer, perhaps 0

Definition at line 263 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.11 lspg_nextshot_struct Struct Reference

Storage definition for nextshot query.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
Our mutex for sanity in the multi-threaded program.
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
Condition to wait for a response from our postgresql server.
- int [new_value_ready](#)
Our flag for the condition to wait for.
- int [no_rows_returned](#)
flag indicating that no rows were returned.
- char * [dsdir](#)
Directory for data relative to the ESAF home directory.
- int [dsdir_isnull](#)
- char * [dspid](#)
ID string identifying this dataset.
- int [dspid_isnull](#)
- double [dsowidth](#)
dataset defined oscillation width
- int [dsowidth_isnull](#)
- char * [dsoscaxis](#)
dataset defined oscillation axis (always omega)
- int [dsoscaxis_isnull](#)
- double [dsexp](#)
dataset defined exposure time
- int [dsexp_isnull](#)
- long long [skey](#)
key identifying a particular image
- int [skey_isnull](#)
- double [sstart](#)
starting angle
- int [sstart_isnull](#)
- char * [sfn](#)
file name
- int [sfn_isnull](#)
- double [dsphi](#)
dataset defined starting phi angle
- int [dsphi_isnull](#)

- double [dsomega](#)
dataset defined starting omega angle
- int [dsomega_isnull](#)
- double [dskappa](#)
dataset defined starting kappa angle
- int [dskappa_isnull](#)
- double [dsdist](#)
dataset defined detector distance
- int [dsdist_isnull](#)
- double [dsnrg](#)
dataset defined energy
- int [dsnrg_isnull](#)
- unsigned int [dshpid](#)
sample holder ID
- int [dshpid_isnull](#)
- double [cx](#)
centering table x position
- int [cx_isnull](#)
- double [cy](#)
centering table y position
- int [cy_isnull](#)
- double [ax](#)
alignment table x position
- int [ax_isnull](#)
- double [ay](#)
alignment table y position
- int [ay_isnull](#)
- double [az](#)
alignment table z position
- int [az_isnull](#)
- int [active](#)
flag: 1=move to indicated center position, 0=don't move center or alignment tables
- int [active_isnull](#)
- int [sindex](#)
index of frame (used to generate the file extension)
- int [sindex_isnull](#)
- char * [stype](#)
"Normal" or "Gridsearch"
- int [stype_isnull](#)
- double [dsowidth2](#)
next image oscillation width
- int [dsowidth2_isnull](#)
- char * [dsoscaxis2](#)
next image ascillation axis (always "omega")
- int [dsoscaxis2_isnull](#)
- double [dsexp2](#)
next image exposure time
- int [dsexp2_isnull](#)
- double [sstart2](#)
next image start angle
- int [sstart2_isnull](#)
- double [dsphi2](#)

- next image phi position*
 - int [dsphi2_isnull](#)
 - double [dsomega2](#)
- next image omega position*
 - int [dsomega2_isnull](#)
 - double [dskappa2](#)
- next image kappa position*
 - int [dskappa2_isnull](#)
 - double [dsdist2](#)
- next image distance*
 - int [dsdist2_isnull](#)
 - double [dsnrg2](#)
- next image energy*
 - int [dsnrg2_isnull](#)
 - double [cx2](#)
- next image centering table x position*
 - int [cx2_isnull](#)
 - double [cy2](#)
- next image centering table y position*
 - int [cy2_isnull](#)
 - double [ax2](#)
- next image alignment x position*
 - int [ax2_isnull](#)
 - double [ay2](#)
- next image alignment y position*
 - int [ay2_isnull](#)
 - double [az2](#)
- next image alignment z position*
 - int [az2_isnull](#)
 - int [active2](#)
- flag: 1 if next image should use the above centering parameters*
 - int [active2_isnull](#)
 - int [sindex2](#)
- next image index number*
 - int [sindex2_isnull](#)
 - char * [stype2](#)
- next image type ("Normal" or "Gridsearch")*
 - int [stype2_isnull](#)

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Storage definition for nextshot query.

The next shot query returns all the information needed to collect the next data frame. Since SQL allows for null fields independently from blank strings a separate integer is used as a flag for this case. This adds to the program complexity but allows for some important cases. Suck it up.

Definition at line 279 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2 Field Documentation

6.11.2.1 int lspg_nextshot_struct::active

flag: 1=move to indicated center position, 0=don't move center or alignment tables

Definition at line 342 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.2 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::active2`

flag: 1 if next image should use the above centering parameters

Definition at line 393 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.3 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::active2_isnull`

Definition at line 394 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.4 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::active_isnull`

Definition at line 343 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.5 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::ax`

alignment table x position

Definition at line 333 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.6 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::ax2`

next image alignment x position

Definition at line 384 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.7 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::ax2_isnull`

Definition at line 385 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.8 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::ax_isnull`

Definition at line 334 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.9 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::ay`

alignment table y position

Definition at line 336 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.10 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::ay2`

next image alignment y position

Definition at line 387 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.11 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::ay2_isnull`

Definition at line 388 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.12 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::ay_isnull`

Definition at line 337 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.13 double lspg_nextshot_struct::az

alignment table z position

Definition at line 339 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.14 double lspg_nextshot_struct::az2

next image alignment z position

Definition at line 390 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.15 int lspg_nextshot_struct::az2_isnull

Definition at line 391 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.16 int lspg_nextshot_struct::az_isnull

Definition at line 340 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.17 pthread_cond_t lspg_nextshot_struct::cond

Condition to wait for a response from our postgresql server.

Definition at line 281 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.18 double lspg_nextshot_struct::cx

centering table x position

Definition at line 327 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.19 double lspg_nextshot_struct::cx2

next image centering table x position

Definition at line 378 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.20 int lspg_nextshot_struct::cx2_isnull

Definition at line 379 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.21 int lspg_nextshot_struct::cx_isnull

Definition at line 328 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.22 double lspg_nextshot_struct::cy

centering table y position

Definition at line 330 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.23 double lspg_nextshot_struct::cy2

next image centering table y position

Definition at line 381 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.24 int lspg_nextshot_struct::cy2_isnull

Definition at line 382 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.25 int lspg_nextshot_struct::cy_isnull

Definition at line 331 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.26 char* lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdir

Directory for data relative to the ESAF home directory.

Definition at line 285 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.27 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdir_isnull

Definition at line 286 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.28 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdist

dataset defined detector distance

Definition at line 318 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.29 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdist2

next image distance

Definition at line 372 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.30 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdist2_isnull

Definition at line 373 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.31 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsdist_isnull

Definition at line 319 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.32 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsexp

dataset defined exposure time

Definition at line 297 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.33 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsexp2`

next image exposure time

Definition at line 357 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.34 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsexp2_isnull`

Definition at line 358 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.35 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsexp_isnull`

Definition at line 298 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.36 `unsigned int lspg_nextshot_struct::dshpid`

sample holder ID

Definition at line 324 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.37 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dshpid_isnull`

Definition at line 325 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.38 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dskappa`

dataset defined starting kappa angle

Definition at line 315 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.39 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dskappa2`

next image kappa position

Definition at line 369 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.40 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dskappa2_isnull`

Definition at line 370 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.41 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dskappa_isnull`

Definition at line 316 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.42 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsnrg`

dataset defined energy

Definition at line 321 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.11.2.43 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsnrg2`

next image energy

Definition at line 375 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.44 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsnrg2_isnull`

Definition at line 376 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.45 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsnrg_isnull`

Definition at line 322 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.46 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsomega`

dataset defined starting omega angle

Definition at line 312 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.47 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsomega2`

next image omega position

Definition at line 366 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.48 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsomega2_isnull`

Definition at line 367 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.49 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsomega_isnull`

Definition at line 313 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.50 `char* lspg_nextshot_struct::dsoscaxis`

dataset defined oscillation axis (always omega)

Definition at line 294 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.51 `char* lspg_nextshot_struct::dsoscaxis2`

next image ascillation axis (always "omega")

Definition at line 354 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.52 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsoscaxis2_isnull`

Definition at line 355 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.53 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsoscaxis_isnull`

Definition at line 295 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.54 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsowidth

dataset defined oscillation width

Definition at line 291 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.55 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsowidth2

next image oscillation width

Definition at line 351 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.56 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsowidth2_isnull

Definition at line 352 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.57 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsowidth_isnull

Definition at line 292 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.58 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsphi

dataset defined starting phi angle

Definition at line 309 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.59 double lspg_nextshot_struct::dsphi2

next image phi position

Definition at line 363 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.60 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsphi2_isnull

Definition at line 364 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.61 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dsphi_isnull

Definition at line 310 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.62 char* lspg_nextshot_struct::dspid

ID string identifying this dataset.

Definition at line 288 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.63 int lspg_nextshot_struct::dspid_isnull

Definition at line 289 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.64 pthread_mutex_t lspg_nextshot_struct::mutex

Our mutex for sanity in the multi-threaded program.

Definition at line 280 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.65 int lspg_nextshot_struct::new_value_ready

Our flag for the condition to wait for.

Definition at line 282 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.66 int lspg_nextshot_struct::no_rows_returned

flag indicating that no rows were returned.

Definition at line 283 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.67 char* lspg_nextshot_struct::sfn

file name

Definition at line 306 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.68 int lspg_nextshot_struct::sfn_isnull

Definition at line 307 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.69 int lspg_nextshot_struct::sindex

index of frame (used to generate the file extension)

Definition at line 345 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.70 int lspg_nextshot_struct::sindex2

next image index number

Definition at line 396 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.71 int lspg_nextshot_struct::sindex2_isnull

Definition at line 397 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.72 int lspg_nextshot_struct::sindex_isnull

Definition at line 346 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.73 long long lspg_nextshot_struct::skey

key identifying a particular image

Definition at line 300 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.74 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::skey_isnull`

Definition at line 301 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.75 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::sstart`

starting angle

Definition at line 303 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.76 `double lspg_nextshot_struct::sstart2`

next image start angle

Definition at line 360 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.77 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::sstart2_isnull`

Definition at line 361 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.78 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::sstart_isnull`

Definition at line 304 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.79 `char* lspg_nextshot_struct::stype`

"Normal" or "Gridsearch"

Definition at line 348 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.80 `char* lspg_nextshot_struct::stype2`

next image type ("Normal" or "Gridsearch")

Definition at line 399 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.81 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::stype2_isnull`

Definition at line 400 of file pgpmac.h.

6.11.2.82 `int lspg_nextshot_struct::stype_isnull`

Definition at line 349 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.12 lspg_seq_run_prep_struct Struct Reference

Data collection running object.

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
- int [new_value_ready](#)

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Data collection running object.

Definition at line 1032 of file lspg.c.

6.12.2 Field Documentation

6.12.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_seq_run_prep_struct::cond

Definition at line 1034 of file lspg.c.

6.12.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_seq_run_prep_struct::mutex

Definition at line 1033 of file lspg.c.

6.12.2.3 int lspg_seq_run_prep_struct::new_value_ready

Definition at line 1035 of file lspg.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspg.c](#)

6.13 lspg_starttransfer_struct Struct Reference

returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
Our mutex.
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
Our condition.
- int [new_value_ready](#)
flag for our condition
- int [no_rows_returned](#)
just in case, though this query should always return an integer, perhaps 0
- unsigned int [starttransfer](#)
sample number (4 8-bit segments: station, dewar (lid), puck, and position in the puck)

6.13.1 Detailed Description

returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort

Definition at line 245 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.13.2 Field Documentation

6.13.2.1 `pthread_cond_t lspg_starttransfer_struct::cond`

Our condition.

Definition at line 247 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.13.2.2 `pthread_mutex_t lspg_starttransfer_struct::mutex`

Our mutex.

Definition at line 246 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.13.2.3 `int lspg_starttransfer_struct::new_value_ready`

flag for our condition

Definition at line 248 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.13.2.4 `int lspg_starttransfer_struct::no_rows_returned`

just in case, though this query should always return an integer, perhaps 0

Definition at line 249 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.13.2.5 `unsigned int lspg_starttransfer_struct::starttransfer`

sample number (4 8-bit segments: station, dewar (lid), puck, and position in the puck)

Definition at line 251 of file `pgpmac.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.14 `lspg_wait_for_detector_struct` Struct Reference

Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake.

Data Fields

- `pthread_mutex_t` [mutex](#)
- `pthread_cond_t` [cond](#)
- `int` [new_value_ready](#)

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake.

Definition at line 850 of file lspg.c.

6.14.2 Field Documentation

6.14.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_wait_for_detector_struct::cond

Definition at line 852 of file lspg.c.

6.14.2.2 pthread_mutex_t lspg_wait_for_detector_struct::mutex

Definition at line 851 of file lspg.c.

6.14.2.3 int lspg_wait_for_detector_struct::new_value_ready

Definition at line 853 of file lspg.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspg.c](#)

6.15 lspg_waitcryo_struct Struct Reference

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- pthread_mutex_t [mutex](#)
practice safe threading
- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
for signaling
- int [new_value_ready](#)
OK, there is never a value, we need a variable for the conditional wait and this is what we call it everywhere else.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 178 of file pgpmac.h.

6.15.2 Field Documentation

6.15.2.1 pthread_cond_t lspg_waitcryo_struct::cond

for signaling

Definition at line 180 of file pgpmac.h.

6.15.2.2 pthread_mutex_t Ispg_waitcryo_struct::mutex

practice safe threading

Definition at line 179 of file pgpmac.h.

6.15.2.3 int Ispg_waitcryo_struct::new_value_ready

OK, there is never a value, we need a variable for the conditional wait and this is what we call it everywhere else.

Definition at line 181 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.16 IspgQueryQueueStruct Struct Reference

Store each query along with it's callback function.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- char [qs](#) [[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH](#)]
our queries should all be pretty short as we'll just be calling functions: fixed length here simplifies memory management
- void(* [onResponse](#))(struct [IspgQueryQueueStruct](#) *qq, PGresult *pgr)
Callback function for when a query returns a result.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Store each query along with it's callback function.

All calls are asynchronous

Definition at line 31 of file kvredis.c.

6.16.2 Field Documentation

6.16.2.1 void(* IspgQueryQueueStruct::onResponse)(struct IspgQueryQueueStruct *qq, PGresult *pgr)

Callback function for when a query returns a result.

Definition at line 33 of file kvredis.c.

6.16.2.2 char IspgQueryQueueStruct::qs

our queries should all be pretty short as we'll just be calling functions: fixed length here simplifies memory management

Definition at line 32 of file kvredis.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- [kvredis.c](#)
- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.17 lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct Struct Reference

Data Fields

- uint16_t [command_buf](#)
- uint16_t [command_buf_cc](#)
- char [command_str](#) [160]
- uint16_t [response_buf](#)
- uint16_t [response_n](#)
- char [response_str](#) [256]

6.17.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 344 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2 Field Documentation

6.17.2.1 uint16_t lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::command_buf

Definition at line 346 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2.2 uint16_t lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::command_buf_cc

Definition at line 347 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2.3 char lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::command_str[160]

Definition at line 348 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2.4 uint16_t lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::response_buf

Definition at line 349 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2.5 uint16_t lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::response_n

Definition at line 350 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.17.2.6 char lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct::response_str[256]

Definition at line 351 of file `lspmac.c`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspmac.c](#)

6.18 lspmac_bi_struct Struct Reference

Storage for binary inputs.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- int * `ptr`
points to the location in the status buffer
- pthread_mutex_t `mutex`
so we don't get confused
- int `mask`
mask for the bit in the status register
- int `position`
the current value.
- int `previous`
the previous value
- int `first_time`
flag indicating we've not read the input even once
- char * `changeEventOn`
Event to send when the value changes to 1.
- char * `changeEventOff`
Event to send when the value changes to 0.

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Storage for binary inputs.

Definition at line 158 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2 Field Documentation

6.18.2.1 char* Ispmac_bi_struct::changeEventOff

Event to send when the value changes to 0.

Definition at line 166 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.2 char* Ispmac_bi_struct::changeEventOn

Event to send when the value changes to 1.

Definition at line 165 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.3 int Ispmac_bi_struct::first_time

flag indicating we've not read the input even once

Definition at line 164 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.4 int Ispmac_bi_struct::mask

mask for the bit in the status register

Definition at line 161 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.5 pthread_mutex_t lspmac_bi_struct::mutex

so we don't get confused

Definition at line 160 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.6 int lspmac_bi_struct::position

the current value.

Definition at line 162 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.7 int lspmac_bi_struct::previous

the previous value

Definition at line 163 of file pgpmac.h.

6.18.2.8 int* lspmac_bi_struct::ptr

points to the location in the status buffer

Definition at line 159 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.19 lspmac_cmd_queue_struct Struct Reference

PMAC command queue item.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- [pmac_cmd_t pcmd](#)
the pmac command to send
- int [no_reply](#)
1 = no reply is expected, 0 = expect a reply
- struct timespec [time_sent](#)
time this item was dequeued and sent to the pmac
- char * [event](#)
event name to send
- void(* [onResponse](#))(struct [lspmac_cmd_queue_struct](#) *, int, char *)
function to call when response is received. args are (int fd, nreturned, buffer)

6.19.1 Detailed Description

PMAC command queue item.

Command queue items are fixed length to simplify memory management.

Definition at line 86 of file pgpmac.h.

6.19.2 Field Documentation

6.19.2.1 `char* lspmac_cmd_queue_struct::event`

event name to send

Definition at line 90 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.19.2.2 `int lspmac_cmd_queue_struct::no_reply`

1 = no reply is expected, 0 = expect a reply

Definition at line 88 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.19.2.3 `void(* lspmac_cmd_queue_struct::onResponse)(struct lspmac_cmd_queue_struct *, int, char *)`

function to call when response is received. args are (int fd, nreturned, buffer)

Definition at line 91 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.19.2.4 `pmac_cmd_t lspmac_cmd_queue_struct::pcmd`

the pmac command to send

Definition at line 87 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.19.2.5 `struct timespec lspmac_cmd_queue_struct::time_sent`

time this item was dequeued and sent to the pmac

Definition at line 89 of file `pgpmac.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.20 `lspmac_combined_move_struct` Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [Delta](#)
- int [moveme](#)
- int [coord_num](#)
- char [axis](#)

6.20.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 367 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.20.2 Field Documentation

6.20.2.1 `char lspmac_combined_move_struct::axis`

Definition at line 371 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.20.2.2 `int lspmac_combined_move_struct::coord_num`

Definition at line 370 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.20.2.3 `int lspmac_combined_move_struct::Delta`

Definition at line 368 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.20.2.4 `int lspmac_combined_move_struct::moveme`

Definition at line 369 of file `lspmac.c`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspmac.c](#)

6.21 `lspmac_dpascii_queue_struct` Struct Reference

Data Fields

- `char * event`
- `char pl [160]`

6.21.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 358 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.21.2 Field Documentation

6.21.2.1 `char* lspmac_dpascii_queue_struct::event`

Definition at line 359 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.21.2.2 `char lspmac_dpascii_queue_struct::pl[160]`

Definition at line 360 of file `lspmac.c`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspmac.c](#)

6.22 `lspmac_motor_struct` Struct Reference

Motor information.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- `pthread_mutex_t mutex`
coordinate waiting for motor to be done

- pthread_cond_t [cond](#)
used to signal when a motor is done moving
- int [not_done](#)
set to 1 when request is queued, zero after motion has toggled
- void(* [read](#))(struct [lspmac_motor_struct](#) *)
method to read the motor status and position
- int [command_sent](#)
Motion command verified sent to pmac.
- int [motion_seen](#)
set to 1 when motion has been verified to have started
- [pmac_cmd_queue_t](#) * [pq](#)
the queue item requesting motion. Used to check time request was made
- int [homing](#)
Homing routine started.
- int [requested_pos_cnts](#)
requested position
- int * [actual_pos_cnts_p](#)
pointer to the md2_status structure to the actual position
- int [actual_pos_cnts](#)
local copy of actual counts so only our mutex is needed to read
- double [position](#)
scaled position
- double [reported_position](#)
previous position reported to the database
- double [requested_position](#)
The position as requested by the user.
- int * [status1_p](#)
First 24 bit PMAC motor status word.
- int [status1](#)
local copy of status1
- int * [status2_p](#)
Second 24 bit PMAC motor status word.
- int [status2](#)
local copy of status2
- char * [dac_mvar](#)
controlling mvariable as a string
- char * [name](#)
Name of motor as referred by ls database kvs table.
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [active](#)
Use the motor ("true") or not ("false")
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [active_init](#)
pmac commands to make this motor active
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [axis](#)
the axis (X, Y, Z, etc) or null if not in a coordinate system
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [coord_num](#)
coordinate system this motor belongs to (0 if none)
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [home](#)
pmac commands to home motor
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [inactive_init](#)
pmac commands to inactivate the motor
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [in_position_band](#)

- moves within this amount are ignored UNITS ARE 1/16 COUNT*
- `lsredis_obj_t * max_accel`
 - our maximum acceleration (cts/msec²)*
- `lsredis_obj_t * max_pos`
 - our maximum position (soft limit)*
- `lsredis_obj_t * max_speed`
 - our maximum speed (cts/msec)*
- `lsredis_obj_t * min_pos`
 - our minimum position (soft limit)*
- `lsredis_obj_t * motor_num`
 - pmac motor number*
- `lsredis_obj_t * neutral_pos`
 - zero offset*
- `lsredis_obj_t * pos_limit_hit`
 - positive limit status*
- `lsredis_obj_t * neg_limit_hit`
 - negative limit status*
- `lsredis_obj_t * precision`
 - moves of less than this amount may be ignored*
- `lsredis_obj_t * printf_fmt`
 - printf format*
- `lsredis_obj_t * redis_fmt`
 - special format string to create text array for putting the position back into redis*
- `lsredis_obj_t * redis_position`
 - how we report our position to the world*
- `lsredis_obj_t * status_str`
 - A talky version of the status.*
- `lsredis_obj_t * u2c`
 - conversion from counts to units: 0.0 means not loaded yet*
- `lsredis_obj_t * unit`
 - string to use as the units*
- `lsredis_obj_t * update_resolution`
 - Change needs to be at least this big to report as a new position to the database.*
- `char * write_fmt`
 - Format string to write requested position to PMAC used for binary io.*
- `int * read_ptr`
 - With read_mask finds bit to read for binary i/o.*
- `int read_mask`
 - With read_ptr find bit to read for binary i/o.*
- `int(* moveAbs)(struct lspmac_motor_struct *, double)`
 - function to move the motor*
- `int(* jogAbs)(struct lspmac_motor_struct *, double)`
 - function to move the motor*
- `double * lut`
 - lookup table (instead of u2c)*
- `int nlut`
 - length of lut*
- `WINDOW * win`
 - our ncurses window*

6.22.1 Detailed Description

Motor information.

A catchall for motors and motor like objects. Not all members are used by all objects.

Definition at line 101 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2 Field Documentation

6.22.2.1 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::active`

Use the motor ("true") or not ("false")

Definition at line 122 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.2 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::active_init`

pmac commands to make this motor active

Definition at line 123 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.3 `int lspmac_motor_struct::actual_pos_cnts`

local copy of actual counts so only our mutex is needed to read

Definition at line 112 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.4 `int* lspmac_motor_struct::actual_pos_cnts_p`

pointer to the `md2_status` structure to the actual position

Definition at line 111 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.5 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::axis`

the axis (X, Y, Z, etc) or null if not in a coordinate system

Definition at line 124 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.6 `int lspmac_motor_struct::command_sent`

Motion command verified sent to pmac.

Definition at line 106 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.7 `pthread_cond_t lspmac_motor_struct::cond`

used to signal when a motor is done moving

Definition at line 103 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.8 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::coord_num`

coordinate system this motor belongs to (0 if none)

Definition at line 125 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.22.2.9 `char* lspmac_motor_struct::dac_mvar`

controlling mvariable as a string

Definition at line 120 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.10 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::home`

pmac commands to home motor

Definition at line 126 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.11 `int lspmac_motor_struct::homing`

Homing routine started.

Definition at line 109 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.12 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::in_position_band`

moves within this amount are ignored UNITS ARE 1/16 COUNT

Definition at line 128 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.13 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::inactive_init`

pmac commands to inactivate the motor

Definition at line 127 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.14 `int(* lspmac_motor_struct::jogAbs)(struct lspmac_motor_struct *, double)`

function to move the motor

Definition at line 149 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.15 `double* lspmac_motor_struct::lut`

lookup table (instead of u2c)

Definition at line 150 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.16 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::max_accel`

our maximum acceleration (cts/msec²)

Definition at line 129 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.17 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::max_pos`

our maximum position (soft limit)

Definition at line 130 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.18 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::max_speed`

our maximum speed (cts/msec)

Definition at line 131 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.19 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::min_pos`

our minimum position (soft limit)

Definition at line 132 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.20 `int lspmac_motor_struct::motion_seen`

set to 1 when motion has been verified to have started

Definition at line 107 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.21 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::motor_num`

pmac motor number

Definition at line 133 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.22 `int(* lspmac_motor_struct::moveAbs)(struct lspmac_motor_struct *, double)`

function to move the motor

Definition at line 148 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.23 `pthread_mutex_t lspmac_motor_struct::mutex`

coordinate waiting for motor to be done

Definition at line 102 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.24 `char* lspmac_motor_struct::name`

Name of motor as referred by ls database kvs table.

Definition at line 121 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.25 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::neg_limit_hit`

negative limit status

Definition at line 136 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.26 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::neutral_pos`

zero offset

Definition at line 134 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.27 `int lspmac_motor_struct::nlut`

length of lut

Definition at line 151 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.28 `int lspmac_motor_struct::not_done`

set to 1 when request is queued, zero after motion has toggled

Definition at line 104 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.29 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::pos_limit_hit`

positive limit status

Definition at line 135 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.30 `double lspmac_motor_struct::position`

scaled position

Definition at line 113 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.31 `pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_motor_struct::pq`

the queue item requesting motion. Used to check time request was made

Definition at line 108 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.32 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::precision`

moves of less than this amount may be ignored

Definition at line 137 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.33 `lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::printf_fmt`

printf format

Definition at line 138 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.34 `void(* lspmac_motor_struct::read)(struct lspmac_motor_struct *)`

method to read the motor status and position

Definition at line 105 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.35 `int lspmac_motor_struct::read_mask`

With read_ptr find bit to read for binary i/o.

Definition at line 147 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.36 int* lspmac_motor_struct::read_ptr

With read_mask finds bit to read for binary i/o.

Definition at line 146 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.37 lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::redis_fmt

special format string to create text array for putting the position back into redis

Definition at line 139 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.38 lsredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::redis_position

how we report our position to the world

Definition at line 140 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.39 double lspmac_motor_struct::reported_position

previous position reported to the database

Definition at line 114 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.40 int lspmac_motor_struct::requested_pos_cnts

requested position

Definition at line 110 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.41 double lspmac_motor_struct::requested_position

The position as requested by the user.

Definition at line 115 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.42 int lspmac_motor_struct::status1

local copy of status1

Definition at line 117 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.43 int* lspmac_motor_struct::status1_p

First 24 bit PMAC motor status word.

Definition at line 116 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.44 int lspmac_motor_struct::status2

local copy of status2

Definition at line 119 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.45 `int* lspmac_motor_struct::status2_p`

Second 24 bit PMAC motor status word.

Definition at line 118 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.46 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::status_str`

A talky version of the status.

Definition at line 141 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.47 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::u2c`

conversion from counts to units: 0.0 means not loaded yet

Definition at line 142 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.48 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::unit`

string to use as the units

Definition at line 143 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.49 `Isredis_obj_t* lspmac_motor_struct::update_resolution`

Change needs to be at least this big to report as a new position to the database.

Definition at line 144 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.50 `WINDOW* lspmac_motor_struct::win`

our ncurses window

Definition at line 152 of file pgpmac.h.

6.22.2.51 `char* lspmac_motor_struct::write_fmt`

Format string to write requested position to PMAC used for binary io.

Definition at line 145 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.23 Isredis_obj_struct Struct Reference

Redis Object Basic object whose value is synchronized with our redis db.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- `pthread_mutex_t` [mutex](#)

- Don't let anyone use an old value.*

 - pthread_cond_t `cond`

wait for a valid value
 - struct `Isredis_obj_struct` * `next`

the next in our list (I guess this is going to be a linked list)
 - char `valid`

1 if we think the value is good, 0 otherwise
 - int `wait_for_me`

Number of times we need to see our publication before we start accepting new values.
 - char * `key`

The redis key for this object.
 - char * `events_name`

Name used to generate events (normally key without the station id)
 - int `value_length`

Number of bytes allocated for value (not value's string length)
 - char * `value`

our value
 - double `dvalue`

our value as a double
 - long int `lvalue`

our value as a long
 - char ** `avalue`

our value as an array of strings
 - int `bvalue`

our value as a boolean (1 or 0) -1 means we couldn't figure it out
 - char `cvalue`

just the first character of our value
 - int `hits`

number of times we've searched for this key

6.23.1 Detailed Description

Redis Object Basic object whose value is synchronized with our redis db.

Definition at line 38 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2 Field Documentation

6.23.2.1 char** Isredis_obj_struct::avalue

our value as an array of strings

Definition at line 50 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.2 int Isredis_obj_struct::bvalue

our value as a boolean (1 or 0) -1 means we couldn't figure it out

Definition at line 51 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.3 `pthread_cond_t lsredis_obj_struct::cond`

wait for a valid value

Definition at line 40 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.4 `char lsredis_obj_struct::cvalue`

just the first character of our value

Definition at line 52 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.5 `double lsredis_obj_struct::dvalue`

our value as a double

Definition at line 48 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.6 `char* lsredis_obj_struct::events_name`

Name used to generate events (normally key without the station id)

Definition at line 45 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.7 `int lsredis_obj_struct::hits`

number of times we've searched for this key

Definition at line 53 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.8 `char* lsredis_obj_struct::key`

The redis key for this object.

Definition at line 44 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.9 `long int lsredis_obj_struct::lvalue`

our value as a long

Definition at line 49 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.10 `pthread_mutex_t lsredis_obj_struct::mutex`

Don't let anyone use an old value.

Definition at line 39 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.11 `struct lsredis_obj_struct* lsredis_obj_struct::next`

the next in our list (I guess this is going to be a linked list)

Definition at line 41 of file pgpmac.h.

6.23.2.12 `char lster_timer_obj_struct::valid`

1 if we think the value is good, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 42 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.23.2.13 `char* lster_timer_obj_struct::value`

our value

Definition at line 47 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.23.2.14 `int lster_timer_obj_struct::value_length`

Number of bytes allocated for value (not value's string length)

Definition at line 46 of file `pgpmac.h`.

6.23.2.15 `int lster_timer_obj_struct::wait_for_me`

Number of times we need to see our publication before we start accepting new values.

Definition at line 43 of file `pgpmac.h`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

6.24 `lster_timer_list_struct` Struct Reference

Everything we need to know about a timer.

Data Fields

- `int shots`
run this many times: -1 means reload forever, 0 means we are done with this timer and it may be reused
- `unsigned long int ncalls`
track how many times we triggered a callback (like an unsigned long int is really needed)
- `char event [LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH]`
the event to send
- `long int next_secs`
epoch (seconds) of next alarm
- `long int next_nsecs`
nano seconds of next alarm
- `long int delay_secs`
number of seconds for a periodic delay
- `long int delay_nsecs`
nano seconds of delay
- `long int last_secs`
the last time this timer was triggered
- `long int last_nsecs`
the last time this timer was triggered
- `long int init_secs`

- our initialization time*
 - long int `init_nsecs`
 - our initialization time*

6.24.1 Detailed Description

Everything we need to know about a timer.

Definition at line 22 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2 Field Documentation

6.24.2.1 long int `lstimer_list_struct::delay_nsecs`

nano seconds of delay

Definition at line 29 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.2 long int `lstimer_list_struct::delay_secs`

number of seconds for a periodic delay

Definition at line 28 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.3 char `lstimer_list_struct::event[LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH]`

the event to send

Definition at line 25 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.4 long int `lstimer_list_struct::init_nsecs`

our initialization time

Definition at line 33 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.5 long int `lstimer_list_struct::init_secs`

our initialization time

Definition at line 32 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.6 long int `lstimer_list_struct::last_nsecs`

the last time this timer was triggered

Definition at line 31 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.7 long int `lstimer_list_struct::last_secs`

the last time this timer was triggered

Definition at line 30 of file `lstimer.c`.

6.24.2.8 unsigned long int ltimer_list_struct::ncalls

track how many times we triggered a callback (like an unsigned long int is really needed)

Definition at line 24 of file ltimer.c.

6.24.2.9 long int ltimer_list_struct::next_nsecs

nano seconds of next alarm

Definition at line 27 of file ltimer.c.

6.24.2.10 long int ltimer_list_struct::next_secs

epoch (seconds) of next alarm

Definition at line 26 of file ltimer.c.

6.24.2.11 int ltimer_list_struct::shots

run this many times: -1 means reload forever, 0 means we are done with this timer and it may be reused

Definition at line 23 of file ltimer.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ltimer.c](#)

6.25 md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct Struct Reference

Data Fields

- char * [k](#)
- int(* [v](#))(const char *)

6.25.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 36 of file md2cmds.c.

6.25.2 Field Documentation

6.25.2.1 char* md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct::k

Definition at line 37 of file md2cmds.c.

6.25.2.2 int(* md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct::v)(const char *)

Definition at line 38 of file md2cmds.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [md2cmds.c](#)

6.26 md2StatusStruct Struct Reference

The block of memory retrieved in a status request.

Data Fields

- int [dummy1](#)
- int [omega_status_1](#)
- int [alignx_status_1](#)
- int [aligny_status_1](#)
- int [alignz_status_1](#)
- int [analyzer_status_1](#)
- int [zoom_status_1](#)
- int [aperturey_status_1](#)
- int [aperturez_status_1](#)
- int [capy_status_1](#)
- int [capz_status_1](#)
- int [scint_status_1](#)
- int [centerx_status_1](#)
- int [centery_status_1](#)
- int [kappa_status_1](#)
- int [phi_status_1](#)
- int [dummy2](#)
- int [omega_status_2](#)
- int [alignx_status_2](#)
- int [aligny_status_2](#)
- int [alignz_status_2](#)
- int [analyzer_status_2](#)
- int [zoom_status_2](#)
- int [aperturey_status_2](#)
- int [aperturez_status_2](#)
- int [capy_status_2](#)
- int [capz_status_2](#)
- int [scint_status_2](#)
- int [centerx_status_2](#)
- int [centery_status_2](#)
- int [kappa_status_2](#)
- int [phi_status_2](#)
- int [dummy3](#)
- int [omega_act_pos](#)
- int [alignx_act_pos](#)
- int [aligny_act_pos](#)
- int [alignz_act_pos](#)
- int [analyzer_act_pos](#)
- int [zoom_act_pos](#)
- int [aperturey_act_pos](#)
- int [aperturez_act_pos](#)
- int [capy_act_pos](#)
- int [capz_act_pos](#)
- int [scint_act_pos](#)
- int [centerx_act_pos](#)
- int [centery_act_pos](#)
- int [kappa_act_pos](#)
- int [phi_act_pos](#)

- int [acc11c_1](#)
- int [acc11c_2](#)
- int [acc11c_3](#)
- int [acc11c_5](#)
- int [acc11c_6](#)
- int [front_dac](#)
- int [back_dac](#)
- int [scint_piezo](#)
- int [dummy4](#)
- int [dummy5](#)
- int [dummy6](#)
- int [dummy7](#)
- int [dummy8](#)
- int [dummy9](#)
- int [dummyA](#)
- int [dummyB](#)
- int [fs_is_open](#)
- int [phiscan](#)
- int [fs_has_opened](#)
- int [fs_has_opened_globally](#)
- int [number_passes](#)
- int [moving_flags](#)

6.26.1 Detailed Description

The block of memory retrieved in a status request.

Definition at line 245 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2 Field Documentation

6.26.2.1 int md2StatusStruct::acc11c_1

Definition at line 312 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2.2 int md2StatusStruct::acc11c_2

Definition at line 313 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2.3 int md2StatusStruct::acc11c_3

Definition at line 314 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2.4 int md2StatusStruct::acc11c_5

Definition at line 315 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2.5 int md2StatusStruct::acc11c_6

Definition at line 316 of file `lspmac.c`.

6.26.2.6 int md2StatusStruct::alignx_act_pos

Definition at line 296 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.7 int md2StatusStruct::alignx_status_1

Definition at line 262 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.8 int md2StatusStruct::alignx_status_2

Definition at line 279 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.9 int md2StatusStruct::aligny_act_pos

Definition at line 297 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.10 int md2StatusStruct::aligny_status_1

Definition at line 263 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.11 int md2StatusStruct::aligny_status_2

Definition at line 280 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.12 int md2StatusStruct::alignz_act_pos

Definition at line 298 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.13 int md2StatusStruct::alignz_status_1

Definition at line 264 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.14 int md2StatusStruct::alignz_status_2

Definition at line 281 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.15 int md2StatusStruct::analyzer_act_pos

Definition at line 299 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.16 int md2StatusStruct::analyzer_status_1

Definition at line 265 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.17 int md2StatusStruct::analyzer_status_2

Definition at line 282 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.18 int md2StatusStruct::aperturey_act_pos

Definition at line 301 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.19 int md2StatusStruct::aperturey_status_1

Definition at line 267 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.20 int md2StatusStruct::aperturey_status_2

Definition at line 284 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.21 int md2StatusStruct::aperturez_act_pos

Definition at line 302 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.22 int md2StatusStruct::aperturez_status_1

Definition at line 268 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.23 int md2StatusStruct::aperturez_status_2

Definition at line 285 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.24 int md2StatusStruct::back_dac

Definition at line 318 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.25 int md2StatusStruct::capy_act_pos

Definition at line 303 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.26 int md2StatusStruct::capy_status_1

Definition at line 269 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.27 int md2StatusStruct::capy_status_2

Definition at line 286 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.28 int md2StatusStruct::capz_act_pos

Definition at line 304 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.29 int md2StatusStruct::capz_status_1

Definition at line 270 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.30 int md2StatusStruct::capz_status_2

Definition at line 287 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.31 int md2StatusStruct::centerx_act_pos

Definition at line 306 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.32 int md2StatusStruct::centerx_status_1

Definition at line 272 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.33 int md2StatusStruct::centerx_status_2

Definition at line 289 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.34 int md2StatusStruct::centery_act_pos

Definition at line 307 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.35 int md2StatusStruct::centery_status_1

Definition at line 273 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.36 int md2StatusStruct::centery_status_2

Definition at line 290 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.37 int md2StatusStruct::dummy1

Definition at line 260 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.38 int md2StatusStruct::dummy2

Definition at line 277 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.39 int md2StatusStruct::dummy3

Definition at line 294 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.40 int md2StatusStruct::dummy4

Definition at line 321 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.41 int md2StatusStruct::dummy5

Definition at line 322 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.42 int md2StatusStruct::dummy6

Definition at line 323 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.43 int md2StatusStruct::dummy7

Definition at line 324 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.44 int md2StatusStruct::dummy8

Definition at line 325 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.45 int md2StatusStruct::dummy9

Definition at line 326 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.46 int md2StatusStruct::dummyA

Definition at line 327 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.47 int md2StatusStruct::dummyB

Definition at line 328 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.48 int md2StatusStruct::front_dac

Definition at line 317 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.49 int md2StatusStruct::fs_has_opened

Definition at line 332 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.50 int md2StatusStruct::fs_has_opened_globally

Definition at line 333 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.51 int md2StatusStruct::fs_is_open

Definition at line 330 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.52 int md2StatusStruct::kappa_act_pos

Definition at line 308 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.53 int md2StatusStruct::kappa_status_1

Definition at line 274 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.54 int md2StatusStruct::kappa_status_2

Definition at line 291 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.55 int md2StatusStruct::moving_flags

Definition at line 336 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.56 int md2StatusStruct::number_passes

Definition at line 334 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.57 int md2StatusStruct::omega_act_pos

Definition at line 295 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.58 int md2StatusStruct::omega_status_1

Definition at line 261 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.59 int md2StatusStruct::omega_status_2

Definition at line 278 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.60 int md2StatusStruct::phi_act_pos

Definition at line 309 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.61 int md2StatusStruct::phi_status_1

Definition at line 275 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.62 int md2StatusStruct::phi_status_2

Definition at line 292 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.63 int md2StatusStruct::phiscan

Definition at line 331 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.64 int md2StatusStruct::scint_act_pos

Definition at line 305 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.65 int md2StatusStruct::scint_piezo

Definition at line 319 of file lspmacc.c.

6.26.2.66 int md2StatusStruct::scint_status_1

Definition at line 271 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.67 int md2StatusStruct::scint_status_2

Definition at line 288 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.68 int md2StatusStruct::zoom_act_pos

Definition at line 300 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.69 int md2StatusStruct::zoom_status_1

Definition at line 266 of file lspmac.c.

6.26.2.70 int md2StatusStruct::zoom_status_2

Definition at line 283 of file lspmac.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [lspmac.c](#)

6.27 tagEthernetCmd Struct Reference

PMAC ethernet packet definition.

```
#include <pgpmac.h>
```

Data Fields

- unsigned char [RequestType](#)
VR_UPLOAD or VR_DOWNLOAD.
- unsigned char [Request](#)
The command to run (VR_PMAC_GETMEM, etc).
- unsigned short [wValue](#)
Command parameter 1.
- unsigned short [wIndex](#)
Command parameter 2.
- unsigned short [wLength](#)
Number of bytes in bData.
- unsigned char [bData](#) [1492]
The data buffer, if required.

6.27.1 Detailed Description

PMAC ethernet packet definition.

Taken directly from the Delta Tau documentation.

Definition at line 73 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2 Field Documentation

6.27.2.1 unsigned char tagEthernetCmd::bData[1492]

The data buffer, if required.

Definition at line 79 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2.2 unsigned char tagEthernetCmd::Request

The command to run (VR_PMAC_GETMEM, etc).

Definition at line 75 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2.3 unsigned char tagEthernetCmd::RequestType

VR_UPLOAD or VR_DOWNLOAD.

Definition at line 74 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2.4 unsigned short tagEthernetCmd::wIndex

Command parameter 2.

Definition at line 77 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2.5 unsigned short tagEthernetCmd::wLength

Number of bytes in bData.

Definition at line 78 of file pgpmac.h.

6.27.2.6 unsigned short tagEthernetCmd::wValue

Command parameter 1.

Definition at line 76 of file pgpmac.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pgpmac.h](#)

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 iniParser.py File Reference

Data Structures

- class [iniParser.iniParser](#)

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Namespaces

- namespace [iniParser](#)

Variables

- tuple [iniParser.jp](#) `iniParser("21-ID-E/microdiff_hard.ini")`

7.2 kvredis.c File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <hiredis/hiredis.h>
#include <hiredis/async.h>
#include <poll.h>
#include <postgresql/libpq-fe.h>
#include <string.h>
```

Data Structures

- struct [lspgQueryQueueStruct](#)

Store each query along with it's callback function.

Macros

- `#define` [LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH](#) 512

- `#define LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH 512`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_INIT -4`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL -3`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET -2`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL -1`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_IDLE 1`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND 2`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH 3`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_RECV 4`

Typedefs

- typedef struct `lspgQueryQueueStruct` `lspg_query_queue_t`
Store each query along with it's callback function.

Functions

- void `redisDisconnectCB` (const `redisAsyncContext` *ac, int status)
- void `debugCB` (`redisAsyncContext` *ac, void *reply, void *privdata)
- void `addRead` (void *data)
- void `delRead` (void *data)
- void `addWrite` (void *data)
- void `delWrite` (void *data)
- void `cleanup` (void *data)
- void `lspg_allkvs_cb` (`lspg_query_queue_t` *qqp, `PGresult` *pgr)
- PQnoticeProcessor `lspg_notice_processor` (void *arg, const char *msg)
- `lspg_query_queue_t` * `lspg_query_next` ()
Return the next item in the postgresql queue.
- void `lspg_query_reply_next` ()
Remove the oldest item in the queue.
- `lspg_query_queue_t` * `lspg_query_reply_peek` ()
Return the next item in the reply queue but don't pop it since we may need it more than once.
- void `lspg_query_push` (void(*cb)(`lspg_query_queue_t` *, `PGresult` *), char *fmt,...)
Place a query on the queue.
- void `lspg_receive` ()
Receive a result of a query.
- void `lspg_pg_connect` ()
Connect to the pg server.
- void `lspg_flush` ()
Flush psql output buffer (ie, send the query)
- void `lspg_next_state` ()
Implements our state machine Does not strictly only set the next state as it also calls some functions that, perhaps, alters the state mid-function.
- void `lspg_send_next_query` ()
send the next queued query to the DB server
- void `lspg_pg_service` (struct pollfd *evt)
I/O control to/from the postgresql server.
- void `fd_service` (struct pollfd *evt)
- `main` ()

Variables

- static redisAsyncContext * [subac](#)
- static redisAsyncContext * [cmdac](#)
- static int [ls_pg_state](#) = [LS_PG_STATE_INIT](#)
State of the lspg state machine.
- static struct timeval
[lspg_time_sent](#) [now](#)
used to ensure we do not inundate the db server with connection requests
- static int [kvseq](#) = 0
used to synchronize pg.kvs and redis
- static [lspg_query_queue_t](#) [lspg_query_queue](#) [[LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH](#)]
Our query queue.
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_on](#) = 0
Next position to add something to the queue.
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_off](#) = 0
The last item still being used (on == off means nothing in queue)
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_reply](#) = 0
The current item being digested.
- static PGconn * [q](#) = NULL
Database connector.
- static PostgresPollingStatusType [lspg_connectPoll_response](#)
Used to determine state while connecting.
- static PostgresPollingStatusType [lspg_resetPoll_response](#)
Used to determine state while reconnecting.
- static struct pollfd [lspgfd](#)
our poll info
- static struct pollfd [subfd](#)
poll info for redis subscribe channel
- static struct pollfd [cmdfd](#)
poll info for redis command channel

7.2.1 Macro Definition Documentation

7.2.1.1 #define LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH 512

Definition at line 12 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.2 #define LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH 512

Definition at line 13 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.3 #define LS_PG_STATE_IDLE 1

Definition at line 19 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.4 #define LS_PG_STATE_INIT -4

Definition at line 15 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.5 `#define LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL -3`

Definition at line 16 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.6 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RECV 4`

Definition at line 22 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.7 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET -2`

Definition at line 17 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.8 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL -1`

Definition at line 18 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.9 `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND 2`

Definition at line 20 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.1.10 `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH 3`

Definition at line 21 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.2 Typedef Documentation

7.2.2.1 `typedef struct lspgQueryQueueStruct lspg_query_queue_t`

Store each query along with it's callback function.

All calls are asynchronous

7.2.3 Function Documentation

7.2.3.1 `void addRead (void * data)`

Definition at line 111 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        struct pollfd *pfd;
        pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;
        pfd->events |= POLLIN;
    }

```

7.2.3.2 `void addWrite (void * data)`

Definition at line 121 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        struct pollfd *pfd;
        pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;
        pfd->events |= POLLOUT;
    }

```

7.2.3.3 void cleanup (void * *data*)

Definition at line 131 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        struct pollfd *pfd;
        pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;
        pfd->events &= ~(POLLOUT | POLLIN);
    }

```

7.2.3.4 void debugCB (redisAsyncContext * *ac*, void * *reply*, void * *privdata*)

Definition at line 63 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        static int indentlevel = 0;
        redisReply *r;
        int i;

        r = (redisReply *)reply;

        if( r == NULL ) {
            printf( "Null reply. Odd\n");
            return;
        }

        switch( r->type) {
        case REDIS_REPLY_STATUS:
            printf( "%sSTATUS: %s\n", indentlevel*4, "", r->str);
            break;

        case REDIS_REPLY_ERROR:
            printf( "%sERROR: %s\n", indentlevel*4, "", r->str);
            break;

        case REDIS_REPLY_INTEGER:
            printf( "%sInteger: %lld\n", indentlevel*4, "", r->integer);
            break;

        case REDIS_REPLY_NIL:
            printf( "%s(nil)\n", indentlevel*4, "");
            break;

        case REDIS_REPLY_STRING:
            printf( "%sSTRING: %s\n", indentlevel*4, "", r->str);
            break;

        case REDIS_REPLY_ARRAY:
            printf( "%sARRAY of %d elements\n", indentlevel*4, "", (int)r->elements);
            indentlevel++;
            for( i=0; i<r->elements; i++) {
                debugCB( ac, r->element[i], NULL);
            }
            indentlevel--;
            break;

        default:
            printf( "%sUnknown type %d\n", indentlevel*4, "", r->type);
        }
    }
}

```

7.2.3.5 void delRead (void * *data*)

Definition at line 116 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        struct pollfd *pfd;
        pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;
        pfd->events &= ~POLLIN;
    }

```

7.2.3.6 void delWrite (void * data)

Definition at line 126 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;
    pfd->events &= ~POLLOUT;
}

```

7.2.3.7 void fd_service (struct pollfd * evt)

Definition at line 636 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    if( evt->fd == subac->c.fd) {
        if( evt->revents & POLLIN)
            redisAsyncHandleRead( subac);
        if( evt->revents & POLLOUT)
            redisAsyncHandleWrite( subac);
    }
    if( evt->fd == cmdac->c.fd) {
        if( evt->revents & POLLIN)
            redisAsyncHandleRead( cmdac);
        if( evt->revents & POLLOUT)
            redisAsyncHandleWrite( cmdac);
    }
    if( q && evt->fd == PQsocket( q))
        lspg_pg_service( evt);
}

```

7.2.3.8 void lspg_allkvs_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Definition at line 137 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    int kvname_col, kvvalue_col, kvseq_col, kvdbrtype_col;
    int i;
    int seq;
    char *argv[8];

    kvname_col = PQfnumber( pgr, "rname");
    kvvalue_col = PQfnumber( pgr, "rvalue");
    kvseq_col = PQfnumber( pgr, "rseq");
    kvdbrtype_col = PQfnumber( pgr, "rdbrtype");

    if( kvname_col == -1 || kvvalue_col == -1 || kvseq_col == -1 || kvdbrtype_col
        == -1) {
        fprintf( stderr, "lspg_allkvs_cb: bad column number(s)\n");
        return;
    }

    redisAsyncCommand( cmdac, NULL, NULL, "MULTI");
    for( i=0; i<PQntuples( pgr); i++) {
        seq = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvseq_col));
        kvseq = kvseq < seq ? seq : kvseq;

        argv[0] = "HMSET";
        argv[1] = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvname_col);
        argv[2] = "VALUE";
        argv[3] = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvvalue_col);
        argv[4] = "SEQ";
        argv[5] = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvseq_col);
        argv[6] = "DBRTYPE";
        argv[7] = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvdbrtype_col);
        redisAsyncCommandArgv( cmdac, NULL, NULL, 8, (const char **)argv, NULL
            );

        argv[0] = "PUBLISH";
        argv[1] = "REDIS_KV_CONNECTOR";
        argv[2] = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, kvname_col);
        redisAsyncCommandArgv( cmdac, NULL, NULL, 3, (const char **)argv, NULL
            );
    }
}

```

```

redisAsyncCommand( cmdac, NULL, NULL, "SET redis.kvseq %d", kvseq);

redisAsyncCommand( cmdac, NULL, NULL, "EXEC");
}

```

7.2.3.9 void lspg_flush ()

Flush psql output buffer (ie, send the query)

Definition at line 412 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    int err;

    err = PQflush( q);
    switch( err) {
    case -1:
        // an error occurred

        fprintf( stderr, "flush failed: %s\n", PQerrorMessage( q));

        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
        //
        // We should probably reset the connection and start from scratch.
        // Probably the connection died.
        //
        break;

    case 0:
        // goodness and joy.
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RECV;
        break;

    case 1:
        // more sending to do
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH;
        break;
    }
}

```

7.2.3.10 void lspg_next_state ()

Implements our state machine Does not strictly only set the next state as it also calls some functions that, perhaps, alters the state mid-function.

Definition at line 444 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    //
    // connect to the database
    //
    if( q == NULL ||
        ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT ||
        ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET ||
        ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL ||
        ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
        lspg_pg_connect( lspgfd);

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_IDLE &&
        lspg_query_queue_on != lspg_query_queue_off
    )
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND;

    switch( ls_pg_state) {
    case LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL:
        if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_WRITING)
            lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
        else if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_READING)
            lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
        else
            lspgfd.events = 0;
        break;
    }
}

```

```

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL:
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response == PGRES_POLLING_WRITING
    )
        lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
    else if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
    PGRES_POLLING_READING)
        lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
    else
        lspgfd.events = 0;
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_IDLE:
case LS_PG_STATE_RECV:
    lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_SEND:
case LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH:
    lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
    break;

default:
    lspgfd.events = 0;
}
}

```

7.2.3.11 PQnoticeProcessor lspg_notice_processor (void * arg, const char * msg)

Definition at line 182 of file kvredis.c.

```

                                                                    {
    fprintf( stderr, "lspg: %s", msg);
}

```

7.2.3.12 void lspg_pg_connect ()

Connect to the pg server.

Definition at line 325 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
PGresult *pgr;
int wait_interval = 1;
int connection_init = 0;
int i, err;

if( q == NULL)
    ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;

switch( ls_pg_state) {
case LS_PG_STATE_INIT:

    if( lspg_time_sent.tv_sec != 0) {
        //
        // Reality check: if it's less the about 10 seconds since the last failed
        // attempt
        // the just chill.
        //
        gettimeofday( &now, NULL);
        if( now.tv_sec - lspg_time_sent.tv_sec < 10) {
            return;
        }
    }

    q = PQconnectStart( "dbname=ls user=lsuser hostaddr=10.1.0.3");
    if( q == NULL) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Out of memory (lspg_pg_connect)");
        exit( -1);
    }

    err = PQstatus( q);
    if( err == CONNECTION_BAD) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Trouble connecting to database");

        gettimeofday( &lspg_time_sent, NULL);
        return;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    err = PQsetnonblocking( q, 1);
    if( err != 0) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Odd, could not set database connection to nonblocking")
        ;
    }

    ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL;
    lspg_connectPoll_response = PGRES_POLLING_WRITING;
    //
    // set up the connection for poll
    //
    lspgfd.fd = PQsocket( q);
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL:
    if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_OK) {
        PQsetNoticeProcessor( q, (PQnoticeProcessor)lspg_notice_processor
        , NULL);

        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
    }
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET:
    err = PQresetStart( q);
    if( err == 0) {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else {
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL;
        lspg_resetPoll_response = PGRES_POLLING_WRITING;
    }
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL:
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response == PGRES_POLLING_FAILED)
    {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_OK) {
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
    }
    break;
}
}

```

7.2.3.13 void lspg_pg_service (struct pollfd * evt)

I/O control to/from the postgresql server.

Parameters

in	evt	The pollfd object that we are responding to
----	-----	---

Definition at line 543 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
//
// Currently just used to check for notifies
// Other socket communication is done synchronously
//

if( evt->revents & POLLIN) {
    int err;

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL) {
        lspg_connectPoll_response = PQconnectPoll( q);
        if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {

```

```

        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
    }
    return;
}

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
{
    lspg_resetPoll_response = PQresetPoll( q);
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
    PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
    }
    return;
}

//
// if in IDLE or RECV we need to call consumeInput first
//
if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_IDLE) {
    err = PQconsumeInput( q);
    if( err != 1) {
        fprintf( stderr, "consume input failed: %s", PQerrorMessage( q));
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        return;
    }
}

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RECV) {
    lspg_receive();
}

//
// Check for notifies regardless of our state
// Push as many requests as we have notifies.
//
{
    PGnotify *pgn;

    while( 1) {
        pgn = PQnotifies( q);
        if( pgn == NULL)
            break;

        lspg_query_push( lspg_allkvs_cb, "SELECT *
        FROM px.redis_kv_update(%d)", kvseq);

        PQfreemem( pgn);
    }
}

if( evt->revents & POLLOUT) {

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL) {
        lspg_connectPoll_response = PQconnectPoll( q);
        if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        return;
    }

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
    {
        lspg_resetPoll_response = PQresetPoll( q);
        if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        return;
    }

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_SEND) {
        lspg_send_next_query();
    }

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH)
    {
        lspg_flush();
    }
}
}

```


7.2.3.14 lspg_query_queue_t* lspg_query_next ()

Return the next item in the postgresql queue.

If there is an item left in the queue then it is returned. Otherwise, NULL is returned.

Definition at line 191 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    lspg_query_queue_t *rtn;

    if( lspg_query_queue_off == lspg_query_queue_on
    )
        // Queue is empty
        rtn = NULL;
    else {
        rtn = &(lspg_query_queue[ (lspg_query_queue_off
        ++ ) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]);
    }
    return rtn;
}

```

7.2.3.15 void lspg_query_push (void(*) (lspg_query_queue_t *, PGresult *) cb, char * fmt, ...)

Place a query on the queue.

Parameters

in	<i>cb</i>	Our callback function that deals with the response
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style function to generate the query

Definition at line 234 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    int idx;
    va_list arg_ptr;

    //
    // Pause the thread while we service the queue
    //
    if( (lspg_query_queue_on + 1) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
        == lspg_query_queue_off % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
    ) {
        fprintf( stderr, "lspg_query_push: queue is full. Ignoring query \"%s\"\n"
        , fmt);
        return;
    }

    idx = lspg_query_queue_on % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( lspg_query_queue[idx].qs,
        LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lspg_query_queue[idx].qs[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH
        - 1] = 0;
    lspg_query_queue[idx].onResponse = cb;
    lspg_query_queue_on++;
};

```

7.2.3.16 void lspg_query_reply_next ()

Remove the oldest item in the queue.

this is called only when there is nothing else to service the reply: this pop does not return anything. We use the ...reply_peek function to return the next item in the reply queue

Definition at line 211 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        if( lspg_query_queue_reply != lspg_query_queue_on
        )
            lspg_query_queue_reply++;
    }

```

7.2.3.17 `lspg_query_queue_t*` `lspg_query_reply_peek ()`

Return the next item in the reply queue but don't pop it since we may need it more than once.

Call `lspg_query_reply_next()` when done.

Definition at line 221 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        lspg_query_queue_t *rtn;

        if( lspg_query_queue_reply == lspg_query_queue_on
        )
            rtn = NULL;
        else
            rtn = &(lspg_query_queue[ (lspg_query_queue_reply
            ) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]);

        return rtn;
    }

```

7.2.3.18 `void` `lspg_receive ()`

Receive a result of a query.

Definition at line 266 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        PGresult *pgr;
        lspg_query_queue_t *qqp;
        int err;

        err = PQconsumeInput( q );
        if( err != 1 ) {
            fprintf( stderr, "consume input failed: %s", PQerrorMessage( q ));
            ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
            return;
        }

        //
        // We must call PQgetResult until it returns NULL before sending the next
        // query
        // This implies that only one query can ever be active at a time and our
        // queue
        // management should be simple
        //
        // We should be in the LS_PG_STATE_RECV here
        //

        while( !PQisBusy( q ) ) {
            pgr = PQgetResult( q );
            if( pgr == NULL ) {
                lspg_query_reply_next();
                //
                // we are now done reading the response from the database
                //
                ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
                break;
            } else {
                ExecStatusType es;

                qqp = lspg_query_reply_peek();
                es = PQresultStatus( pgr );

                if( es != PGRES_COMMAND_OK && es != PGRES_TUPLES_OK ) {

```

```

    char *emess;
    emess = PQresultErrorMessage( pgr);
    if( emess != NULL && emess[0] != 0) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Error from query '%s':\n%s", qqp->qs, emess);
    }
    else {
        //
        // Deal with the response
        //
        // If the response is likely to take awhile we should probably
        // add a new state and put something in the main look to run the
        onResponse
        // routine in the main loop. For now, though, we only expect very
        brief onResponse routines
        //
        if( qqp != NULL && qqp->onResponse != NULL)
            qqp->onResponse( qqp, pgr);
    }
    PQclear( pgr);
}
}
}

```

7.2.3.19 void lspg_send_next_query ()

send the next queued query to the DB server

Definition at line 496 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    //
    // Normally we should be in the "send" state
    // but we can also send if we are servicing
    // a reply
    //
    lspg_query_queue_t *qqp;
    int err;

    qqp = lspg_query_next();
    if( qqp == NULL) {
        //
        // A send without a query? Should never happen.
        // But at least we shouldn't segfault if it does.
        //
        return;
    }

    if( qqp->qs[0] == 0) {
        //
        // Do we really have to check this case?
        // It would only come up if we stupidly pushed an empty query string
        // or ran off the end of the queue
        //
        fprintf( stderr, "Popped empty query string. Probably bad things are going
            on.\n");

        lspg_query_reply_next();
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
    }
    else {
        err = PQsendQuery( q, qqp->qs);
        if( err == 0) {
            fprintf( stderr, "query failed: %s\n", PQerrorMessage( q));

            //
            // Don't wait for a reply, just reset the connection
            //
            lspg_query_reply_next();
            ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        else {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH;
        }
    }
}
}

```

7.2.3.20 main ()

Definition at line 655 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
static struct pollfd fda[3];
static int nfda = 0;
int pollrtn;
int poll_timeout_ms;
int i;

subac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
if( subac->err) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error: %s\n", subac->errstr);
    exit( -1);
}

cmdac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
if( cmdac->err) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error: %s\n", cmdac->errstr);
    exit( -1);
}

if( redisAsyncSetDisconnectCallback( subac, redisDisconnectCB
    ) == REDIS_ERR) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error: could not set disconnect callback\n");
    exit( -1);
}

if( redisAsyncSetDisconnectCallback( cmdac, redisDisconnectCB
    ) == REDIS_ERR) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error: could not set disconnect callback\n");
    exit( -1);
}

// Set up redis events
//
subfd.fd      = subac->c.fd;
subfd.events  = 0;
subac->ev.data = &subfd;
subac->ev.addRead  = addRead;
subac->ev.delRead  = delRead;
subac->ev.addWrite = addWrite;
subac->ev.delWrite = delWrite;
subac->ev.cleanup  = cleanup;

cmdfd.fd      = cmdac->c.fd;
cmdfd.events  = 0;
cmdac->ev.data = &cmdfd;
cmdac->ev.addRead  = addRead;
cmdac->ev.delRead  = delRead;
cmdac->ev.addWrite = addWrite;
cmdac->ev.delWrite = delWrite;
cmdac->ev.cleanup  = cleanup;

lspgfd.fd = -1;

if( redisAsyncCommand( cmdac, NULL, NULL, "KEYS *" ) == REDIS_ERR) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error sending KEYS command\n");
    exit( -1);
}

if( redisAsyncCommand( subac, debugCB, NULL, "PSUBSCRIBE MD2* UI*"
    ) == REDIS_ERR) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error sending PSUBSCRIBE command\n");
    exit( -1);
}

lspg_query_push( lspg_allkvs_cb, "SELECT * FROM
    px.redis_kv_init()");
lspg_query_push( NULL, "LISTEN REDIS_KV_CONNECTOR");

while( 1) {
    nfda = 0;
    if( subfd.fd != -1) {
        fda[nfda].fd      = subfd.fd;
        fda[nfda].events  = subfd.events;
        fda[nfda].revents = 0;

        nfda++;
    }
    if( cmdfd.fd != -1) {
        fda[nfda].fd      = cmdfd.fd;
        fda[nfda].events  = cmdfd.events;
        fda[nfda].revents = 0;

        nfda++;
    }
    poll_timeout_ms = -1;

```

```

lspg_next_state();

if( lspgfd.fd == -1) {
    //
    // Here a connection to the database is not established.
    // Periodicaly try again. Should possibly arrange to reconnect
    // to signalfd but that's unlikely to be nessesary.
    //
    poll_timeout_ms = 10000;
} else {
    //
    // Arrange to peacefully do nothing until either the pg server sends us
    // something
    // or someone pushes something onto our queue
    //
    fda[nfda].fd      = lspgfd.fd;
    fda[nfda].events  = lspgfd.events;
    fda[nfda].revents = 0;
    nfda++;
    poll_timeout_ms = -1;
}

pollrtn = poll( fda, nfda, poll_timeout_ms);

for( i=0; i<nfda; i++) {
    if( fda[i].revents) {
        fd_service( &{fda[i]});
    }
}
}
}

```

7.2.3.21 void redisDisconnectCB (const redisAsyncContext * ac, int status)

Definition at line 54 of file kvredis.c.

```

{
    if( status == REDIS_OK) {
        printf( "OK, that was fun.\n");
        exit( 0);
    }
    fprintf( stderr, "Oops, Disconnected with status %d\n", status);
    exit( -1);
}

```

7.2.4 Variable Documentation

7.2.4.1 redisAsyncContext * cmdac [static]

Definition at line 9 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.2 struct pollfd cmdfd [static]

poll info for redis command channel

Definition at line 50 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.3 int kvseq = 0 [static]

used to synchronize pg.kvs and redis

Definition at line 26 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.4 int ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT [static]

State of the lspg state machine.

Definition at line 24 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.5 `PostgresPollingStatusType lspg_connectPoll_response` `[static]`

Used to determine state while connecting.

Definition at line 46 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.6 `lspg_query_queue_t lspg_query_queue[LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]` `[static]`

Our query queue.

Definition at line 37 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.7 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_off = 0` `[static]`

The last item still being used (on == off means nothing in queue)

Definition at line 39 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.8 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_on = 0` `[static]`

Next position to add something to the queue.

Definition at line 38 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.9 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_reply = 0` `[static]`

The current item being digested.

Normally off <= reply <= on. Corner case of queue wrap around works because we only increment and compare for equality.

Definition at line 40 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.10 `PostgresPollingStatusType lspg_resetPoll_response` `[static]`

Used to determine state while reconnecting.

Definition at line 47 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.11 `struct pollfd lspgfd` `[static]`

our poll info

Definition at line 48 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.12 `struct timeval lspg_time_sent now` `[static]`

used to ensure we do not inundate the db server with connection requests

Definition at line 25 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.13 PGconn* q = NULL [static]

Database connector.

Definition at line 45 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.14 redisAsyncContext* subac [static]

Definition at line 9 of file kvredis.c.

7.2.4.15 struct pollfd subfd [static]

poll info for redis subscribe channel

Definition at line 49 of file kvredis.c.

7.3 lsevents.c File Reference

event subsystem for inter-pgpmac communication

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [lsevents_queue_struct](#)
Storage definition for the events.
- struct [lsevents_listener_struct](#)
Linked list of event listeners.

Macros

- #define [LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH](#) 512

Typedefs

- typedef struct
[lsevents_queue_struct](#) lsevents_queue_t
Storage definition for the events.
- typedef struct
[lsevents_listener_struct](#) lsevents_listener_t
Linked list of event listeners.

Functions

- void [lsevents_send_event](#) (char *fmt,...)
Call the callback routines for the given event.
- void [lsevents_add_listener](#) (char *event, void(*cb)(char *))
Add a callback routine to listen for a specific event.
- void [lsevents_remove_listener](#) (char *event, void(*cb)(char *))
Remove a listener previously added with lsevents_add_listener.

- void * [lsevents_worker](#) (void *dummy)
Our worker.
- void [lsevents_init](#) ()
Initialize this module.
- void [lsevents_run](#) ()
Start up the thread and get out of the way.

Variables

- static [lsevents_queue_t](#) [lsevents_queue](#) [[LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH](#)]
simple list of events
- static unsigned int [lsevents_queue_on](#) = 0
next queue location to write
- static unsigned int [lsevents_queue_off](#) = 0
next queue location to read
- static [lsevents_listener_t](#) * [lsevents_listeners_p](#) = NULL
Pointer to the first item in the link list of listeners.
- static pthread_t [lsevents_thread](#)
thread to run the event queue
- static pthread_mutex_t [lsevents_listener_mutex](#)
mutex to protect the listener linked list
- static pthread_mutex_t [lsevents_queue_mutex](#)
mutex to protect the event queue
- static pthread_cond_t [lsevents_queue_cond](#)
condition to pause the queue if needed

7.3.1 Detailed Description

event subsystem for inter-pgpmac communication

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [lsevents.c](#).

7.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.3.2.1 #define LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH 512

Definition at line 10 of file [lsevents.c](#).

7.3.3 Typedef Documentation

7.3.3.1 typedef struct lsevents_listener_struct lsevents_listener_t

Linked list of event listeners.

7.3.3.2 typedef struct lsevents_queue_struct lsevents_queue_t

Storage definition for the events.

Just a string for now. Perhaps one day we'll succumb to the temptation to add an argument or two.

7.3.4 Function Documentation

7.3.4.1 void lsevents_add_listener (char * event, void(*)(char *) cb)

Add a callback routine to listen for a specific event.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	the name of the event to listen for
<i>cb</i>	the routine to call

Definition at line 75 of file lsevents.c.

```

lsevents_listener_t *new;
int err;
char *errbuf;
int nerrbuf;

new = calloc( 1, sizeof( lsevents_listener_t));
if( new == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: out of
        memory");
    exit( -1);
}

err = regcomp( &new->re, event, REG_EXTENDED | REG_NOSUB);
if( err != 0) {
    nerrbuf = regerror( err, &new->re, NULL, 0);
    errbuf = calloc( nerrbuf, sizeof( char));
    if( errbuf == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: out
            of memory (re)");
        exit( -1);
    }
    regerror( err, &new->re, errbuf, nerrbuf);
    lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: %s",
        errbuf);
    free( errbuf);
    free( new);
    return;
}

new->raw_regexp = strdup( event);
new->cb = cb;

pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
new->next = lsevents_listeners_p;
lsevents_listeners_p = new;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);

lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: added
    listener for event %s", event);
}

```

7.3.4.2 void lsevents_init ()

Initialize this module.

Definition at line 214 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lsevents_queue_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lsevents_queue_cond, NULL);
    pthread_mutex_init( &lsevents_listener_mutex, NULL);
}

```

7.3.4.3 void lsevents_remove_listener (char * event, void (*)(char *) cb)

Remove a listener previously added with lsevents_add_listener.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	The name of the event
<i>cb</i>	The callback routine to remove

Definition at line 120 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    lsevents_listener_t *last, *current;

    //
    // Find the listener to remove
    // and unlink it from the list
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
    last = NULL;
    for( current = lsevents_listeners_p; current != NULL;
        current = current->next) {
        if( strcmp( last->raw_regexp, event) == 0 && last->cb == cb) {
            if( last == NULL) {
                lsevents_listeners_p = current->next;
            } else {
                last->next = current->next;
            }
            break;
        }
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);

    //
    // Now remove it
    //
    if( current != NULL) {
        if( current->raw_regexp != NULL)
            free( current->raw_regexp);
        free(current);
    }
}

```

7.3.4.4 void lsevents_run ()

Start up the thread and get out of the way.

Definition at line 222 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &lsevents_thread, NULL, lsevents_worker
        , NULL);
}

```

7.3.4.5 void lsevents_send_event (char * *fmt*, ...)

Call the callback routines for the given event.

Parameters

<i>fmt</i>	a printf style formatting string
...	list of arguments specified by the format string

Definition at line 45 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    char event[LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH];
    va_list arg_ptr;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( event, sizeof(event)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    event[sizeof(event)-1]=0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);

    lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_send_event: %s", event)
        ;

    // maybe wait for room on the queue
    while( (lsevents_queue_on + 1) % LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH
        == lsevents_queue_off % LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH
        )
        pthread_cond_wait( &lsevents_queue_cond, &
            lsevents_queue_mutex);

    lsevents_queue[(lsevents_queue_on++) %
        LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH].evp = strdup(event);

    pthread_cond_signal( &lsevents_queue_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);
}

```

7.3.4.6 void* lsevents_worker (void * *dummy*)

Our worker.

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	Unused but needed by pthreads to be happy
--------------	---

Definition at line 155 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    // char *event;
    lsevents_queue_t *ep;
    lsevents_listener_t *p;

    while( 1) {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);

        //
        // wait for someone to send an event
        //
        while( lsevents_queue_off == lsevents_queue_on
            )
            pthread_cond_wait( &lsevents_queue_cond, &
                lsevents_queue_mutex);

        //
        // copy event string since the value in the queue may change when
        // we unlock the mutex
        //
        ep = &(lsevents_queue[(lsevents_queue_off++)
            % LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH]);
    }
}

```

```

//
// let the send event process know there is room on the queue again
//
pthread_cond_signal( &lsevents_queue_cond);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);

//
// Find the callbacks and, well, call them back
//
// TODO:
//
// Yes, this is O(N).
//
// Plan to make this O(1):
// track actual event names from send_event
// match listeners for new event names
// store matches in hash table
//
// That makes send_event for new events O(N)
// but O(1) otherwise, O(N) for add_listener, and O(1) here.
//
pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
for( p = lsevents_listeners_p; p != NULL; p = p->next
) {
    if( regexec( &p->re, ep->evp, 0, NULL, 0) == 0) {
        p->cb( ep->evp);
    }
}
free( ep->evp);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
}
return NULL;
}

```

7.3.5 Variable Documentation

7.3.5.1 pthread_mutex_t lsevents_listener_mutex [static]

mutex to protect the listener linked list

Definition at line 37 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.2 lsevents_listener_t* lsevents_listeners_p = NULL [static]

Pointer to the first item in the link list of listeners.

Definition at line 34 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.3 lsevents_queue_t lsevents_queue[LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH] [static]

simple list of events

Definition at line 21 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.4 pthread_cond_t lsevents_queue_cond [static]

condition to pause the queue if needed

Definition at line 39 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.5 pthread_mutex_t lsevents_queue_mutex [static]

mutex to protect the event queue

Definition at line 38 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.6 `unsigned int lsevents_queue_off = 0` `[static]`

next queue location to read

Definition at line 23 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.7 `unsigned int lsevents_queue_on = 0` `[static]`

next queue location to write

Definition at line 22 of file lsevents.c.

7.3.5.8 `pthread_t lsevents_thread` `[static]`

thread to run the event queue

Definition at line 36 of file lsevents.c.

7.4 Islogging.c File Reference

Logs messages to a file.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [lslogging_queue_struct](#)
Our log object: time and message.

Macros

- `#define LSLOGGING_FILE_NAME "/tmp/pgpmac.log"`
Full name of the log file.
- `#define LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH 2048`
Fixed maximum length messages to keep some form of sanity.
- `#define LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH 8192`
Modest length queue.

Typedefs

- typedef struct
[lslogging_queue_struct](#) [lslogging_queue_t](#)
Our log object: time and message.

Functions

- void [lslogging_init](#) ()
Initialize the lslogging objects.
- void [lslogging_log_message](#) (char *fmt,...)
The routine everyone will be talking about.
- void * [lslogging_worker](#) (void *dummy)

Service the queue, write to the file.

- void [lslogging_run](#) ()

Start up the worker thread.

Variables

- static pthread_t [lslogging_thread](#)
our thread
- static pthread_mutex_t [lslogging_mutex](#)
mutex to keep the various threads from adding to the queue at the exact same time
- static pthread_cond_t [lslogging_cond](#)
We'll spend most of our time waiting for this condition's signal.
- static FILE * [lslogging_file](#)
our log file object
- static [lslogging_queue_t](#) [lslogging_queue](#) [[LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH](#)]
Our entire queue. Right here. Every message we'll ever write.
- static unsigned int [lslogging_on](#) = 0
next location to add to the queue
- static unsigned int [lslogging_off](#) = 0
next location to remove from the queue

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Logs messages to a file.

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [lslogging.c](#).

7.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.4.2.1 #define LSLOGGING_FILE_NAME "/tmp/pgpmac.log"

Full name of the log file.

Probably should be in /var/log/pgpmac.

Definition at line 16 of file [lslogging.c](#).

7.4.2.2 #define LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH 2048

Fixed maximum length messages to keep some form of sanity.

Definition at line 20 of file [lslogging.c](#).

7.4.2.3 #define LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH 8192

Modest length queue.

Definition at line 30 of file Islogging.c.

7.4.3 Typedef Documentation

7.4.3.1 typedef struct Islogging_queue_struct Islogging_queue_t

Our log object: time and message.

7.4.4 Function Documentation

7.4.4.1 void Islogging_init ()

Initialize the Islogging objects.

Definition at line 37 of file Islogging.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lslogging_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lslogging_cond, NULL);

    lslogging_file = fopen( LSLOGGING_FILE_NAME,
        "w");
}

```

7.4.4.2 void Islogging_log_message (char * fmt, ...)

The routine everyone will be talking about.

Parameters

<i>fmt</i>	A printf style formatting string.
...	The arguments specified by <i>fmt</i>

Definition at line 48 of file Islogging.c.

```

{
    char msg[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH];
    struct timespec theTime;
    va_list arg_ptr;
    unsigned int on;

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &theTime);

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( msg, sizeof(msg)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    va_end( arg_ptr);
    msg[sizeof(msg)-1]=0;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lslogging_mutex);

    on = (lslogging_on++) % LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ;
    strncpy( lslogging_queue[on].lmsg, msg, LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH
        - 1);
    lslogging_queue[on].lmsg[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH
        -1] = 0;

    memcpy( &(lslogging_queue[on].ltime), &theTime, sizeof(theTime
        ));

    pthread_cond_signal( &lslogging_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lslogging_mutex);
}

```

7.4.4.3 void lslogging_run ()

Start up the worker thread.

Definition at line 105 of file lslogging.c.

```

    {
        pthread_create( &lslogging_thread, NULL, &lslogging_worker
            , NULL);
        lslogging_log_message( "Start up");
    }

```

7.4.4.4 void* lslogging_worker (void * dummy)

Service the queue, write to the file.

Parameters

in	<i>dummy</i>	Required by protocol but unused
----	--------------	---------------------------------

Definition at line 76 of file lslogging.c.

```

    {

        struct tm coarsetime;
        char tstr[64];
        unsigned int msec;
        unsigned int off;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &lslogging_mutex);

        while( 1) {
            while( lslogging_on == lslogging_off) {
                pthread_cond_wait( &lslogging_cond, &lslogging_mutex
                );
            }

            off = (lslogging_off++) % LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH
                ;
            localtime_r( &(lslogging_queue[off].ltime.tv_sec), &
                coarsetime);
            strftime( tstr, sizeof(tstr)-1, "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S", &coarsetime);
            tstr[sizeof(tstr)-1] = 0;
            msec = lslogging_queue[off].ltime.tv_nsec / 1000;
            fprintf( lslogging_file, "%s.%06u %s\n", tstr, msec,
                lslogging_queue[off].lmsg);
            fflush( lslogging_file);
        }
    }

```

7.4.5 Variable Documentation

7.4.5.1 pthread_cond_t lslogging_cond [static]

We'll spend most of our time waiting for this condition's signal.

Definition at line 12 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.2 FILE* lslogging_file [static]

our log file object

Definition at line 17 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.3 pthread_mutex_t lslogging_mutex [static]

mutex to keep the various threads from adding to the queue at the exact same time

Definition at line 11 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.4 unsigned int lslogging_off = 0 [static]

next location to remove from the queue

Definition at line 34 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.5 unsigned int lslogging_on = 0 [static]

next location to add to the queue

Definition at line 33 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.6 lslogging_queue_t lslogging_queue[LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH] [static]

Our entire queue. Right here. Every message we'll ever write.

Definition at line 31 of file lslogging.c.

7.4.5.7 pthread_t lslogging_thread [static]

our thread

Definition at line 10 of file lslogging.c.

7.5 lspg.c File Reference

Postgresql support for the LS-CAT pgpmac project.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [lspg_wait_for_detector_struct](#)
Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake.
- struct [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct](#)
Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing.
- struct [lspg_lock_detector_struct](#)
lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control
- struct [lspg_seq_run_prep_struct](#)
Data collection running object.

Macros

- #define [LS_PG_STATE_INIT](#) -4
- #define [LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL](#) -3
- #define [LS_PG_STATE_RESET](#) -2

- `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL -1`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_IDLE 1`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND 2`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH 3`
- `#define LS_PG_STATE_RECV 4`
- `#define LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH 16384`

Queue length should be long enough that we do not ordinarily bump into the end We should be safe as long as the thread the adds stuff to the queue is not the one that removes it.

Typedefs

- typedef struct
`lspg_wait_for_detector_struct` `lspg_wait_for_detector_t`
Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake.
- typedef struct
`lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct` `lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_t`
Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing.
- typedef struct
`lspg_lock_detector_struct` `lspg_lock_detector_t`
lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control
- typedef struct
`lspg_seq_run_prep_struct` `lspg_seq_run_prep_t`
Data collection running object.

Functions

- `lspg_query_queue_t * lspg_query_next ()`
Return the next item in the postgresql queue.
- void `lspg_query_reply_next ()`
Remove the oldest item in the queue.
- `lspg_query_queue_t * lspg_query_reply_peek ()`
Return the next item in the reply queue but don't pop it since we may need it more than once.
- void `lspg_query_push (void(*cb)(lspg_query_queue_t *, PGresult *), char *fmt,...)`
Place a query on the queue.
- char ** `lspg_array2ptrs (char *a)`
returns a null terminated list of strings parsed from postgresql array
- void `lspg_starttransfer_init ()`
- void `lspg_starttransfer_cb (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)`
- void `lspg_starttransfer_call (unsigned int nextsample, int sample_detected, double ax, double ay, double az, double horz, double vert, double esttime)`
- void `lspg_starttransfer_wait ()`
- void `lspg_starttransfer_done ()`
- int `lspg_starttransfer_all (int *err, unsigned int nextsample, int sampledetected, double ax, double ay, double az, double horz, double vert, double esttime)`
- void `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_init ()`
- void `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_cb (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)`
get currentsampleid
- void `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_call ()`
- unsigned int `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_read ()`
- void `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_wait_for_id (unsigned int test)`
- void `lspg_nextsample_cb (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)`

- *Next Sample.*
- void [lspg_nextsample_init](#) ()
Initialize the nextsample variable, mutex, and condition.
- void [lspg_nextsample_call](#) ()
Queue up a nextsample query.
- void [lspg_nextsample_wait](#) ()
Wait for the nextsample query to get processed.
- void [lspg_nextsample_done](#) ()
Called when the next shot query has been processed.
- unsigned int [lspg_nextsample_all](#) (int *err)
- void [lspg_waitcryo_init](#) ()
- void [lspg_waitcryo_cb](#) (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- void [lspg_waitcryo_all](#) ()
no need to get fancy with the wait cryo command It should not return until the robot is almost ready for air rights
- void [lspg_demandairrights_init](#) ()
initialize the demandairrights structure
- void [lspg_demandairrights_cb](#) (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
handle the airrights response
- void [lspg_demandairrights_call](#) ()
call for airrights
- void [lspg_demandairrights_wait](#) ()
wait for the air rights request to return
- void [lspg_demandairrights_all](#) ()
do nothing until we get airrights
- void [lspg_nextshot_cb](#) (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
Next Shot Callback.
- void [lspg_nextshot_init](#) ()
Initialize the nextshot variable, mutex, and condition.
- void [lspg_nextshot_call](#) ()
Queue up a nextshot query.
- void [lspg_nextshot_wait](#) ()
Wait for the next shot query to get processed.
- void [lspg_nextshot_done](#) ()
Called when the next shot query has been processed.
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_init](#) ()
initialize the detector timing object
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_cb](#) (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
Callback for the wait for detector query.
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_call](#) ()
initiate the wait for detector query
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_wait](#) ()
Pause the calling thread until the detector is ready Called by the MD2 thread.
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_done](#) ()
Done waiting for the detector.
- void [lspg_wait_for_detector_all](#) ()
Combined call to wait for the detector.
- void [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_init](#) ()
initialize the diffractionmeter locking object
- void [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_cb](#) (lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
Callback routine for a lock diffractionmeter query.
- void [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_call](#) ()

- Request that the database grab the diffractometer lock.*

 - void [lspg_lock_diffractometer_wait](#) ()
- Wait for the diffractometer lock.*

 - void [lspg_lock_diffractometer_done](#) ()
- Finish up the lock diffractometer call.*

 - void [lspg_lock_diffractometer_all](#) ()
- Convenience function that combines lock diffractometer calls.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_init](#) ()
- Initialize detector lock object.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- Callback for when the detector lock has be grabbed.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_call](#) ()
- Request (demand) a detector lock.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_wait](#) ()
- Wait for the detector lock.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_done](#) ()
- Finish waiting.*

 - void [lspg_lock_detector_all](#) ()
- Detector lock convenience function.*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_init](#) ()
- Initialize the data collection object.*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- Callback for the seq_run_prep query.*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_call](#) (long long skey, double [kappa](#), double [phi](#), double cx, double cy, double ax, double ay, double az)
- queue up the seq_run_prep query*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_wait](#) ()
- Wait for seq run prep query to return.*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_done](#) ()
- Indicate we are done waiting.*

 - void [lspg_seq_run_prep_all](#) (long long skey, double [kappa](#), double [phi](#), double cx, double cy, double ax, double ay, double az)
- Convenience function to call seq run prep.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- Retrieve the data to center the crystal.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_init](#) ()
- Initialize getcenter object.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_call](#) ()
- Request a getcenter query.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_wait](#) ()
- Wait for a getcenter query to return.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_done](#) ()
- Done with getcenter query.*

 - void [lspg_getcenter_all](#) ()
- Convenience function to complete synchronous getcenter query.*

 - void [lspg_nextaction_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- Queue the next MD2 instruction.*

 - void [lspg_cmd_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- Send strings directly to PMAC queue.*

 - void [lspg_flush](#) ()
- Flush psql output buffer (ie, send the query)*

- void [lspg_send_next_query](#) ()
send the next queued query to the DB server
- void [lspg_receive](#) ()
Receive a result of a query.
- void [lspg_sig_service](#) (struct pollfd *evt)
Service a signal Signals here are treated as file descriptors and fits into our poll scheme.
- void [lspg_pg_service](#) (struct pollfd *evt)
I/O control to/from the postgresql server.
- PQnoticeProcessor [lspg_notice_processor](#) (void *arg, const char *msg)
- void [lspg_pg_connect](#) ()
Connect to the pg server.
- void [lspg_next_state](#) ()
Implements our state machine Does not strictly only set the next state as it also calls some functions that, perhaps, alters the state mid-function.
- void * [lspg_worker](#) (void *dummy)
The main loop for the lspg thread.
- void [lspmac_sample_detector_cb](#) (char *event)
log magnet state
- void [lspg_init](#) ()
Initialize the lspg module.
- void [lspg_run](#) ()
Start 'er runnin'.

Variables

- static int [ls_pg_state](#) = LS_PG_STATE_INIT
State of the lspg state machine.
- static struct timeval
[lspg_time_sent](#) [now](#)
used to ensure we do not inundate the db server with connection requests
- static pthread_t [lspg_thread](#)
our worker thread
- static pthread_mutex_t [lspg_queue_mutex](#)
keep the queue from getting tangled
- static pthread_cond_t [lspg_queue_cond](#)
keeps the queue from overflowing
- static struct pollfd [lspgfd](#)
our poll info
- static [lspg_query_queue_t](#) [lspg_query_queue](#) [LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]
Our query queue.
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_on](#) = 0
Next position to add something to the queue.
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_off](#) = 0
The last item still being used (on == off means nothing in queue)
- static unsigned int [lspg_query_queue_reply](#) = 0
The current item being digested.
- static PGconn * [q](#) = NULL
Database connector.
- static PostgresPollingStatusType [lspg_connectPoll_response](#)
Used to determine state while connecting.
- static PostgresPollingStatusType [lspg_resetPoll_response](#)

- Used to determine state while reconnecting.*
- [lspg_nextsample_t](#) [lspg_nextsample](#)
the very next sample
- [lspg_nextshot_t](#) [lspg_nextshot](#)
the nextshot object
- [lspg_getcenter_t](#) [lspg_getcenter](#)
the getcenter object
- [lspg_demandairrights_t](#) [lspg_demandairrights](#)
our demandairrights object
- [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t](#) [lspg_getcurrentsampleid](#)
our currentsample id
- [lspg_starttransfer_t](#) [lspg_starttransfer](#)
start a sample transfer
- [lspg_waitcryo_t](#) [lspg_waitcryo](#)
signal the robot
- static [lspg_wait_for_detector_t](#) [lspg_wait_for_detector](#)
Instance of the detector timing object.
- static [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_t](#) [lspg_lock_diffractionmeter](#)
- static [lspg_lock_detector_t](#) [lspg_lock_detector](#)
- static [lspg_seq_run_prep_t](#) [lspg_seq_run_prep](#)

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Postgresql support for the LS-CAT pgpmac project.

```
\date 2012
\author Keith Brister
\copyright All Rights Reserved
```

Database state machine

State	Description
-4	Initiate connection
-3	Poll until connection initialization is complete
-2	Initiate reset
-1	Poll until connection reset is complete
1	Idle (wait for a notify from the server)
2	Send a query to the server
3	Continue flushing a command to the server
4	Waiting for a reply

Definition in file [lspg.c](#).

7.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.5.2.1 #define LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH 16384

Queue length should be long enough that we do not ordinarily bump into the end We should be safe as long as the thread the adds stuff to the queue is not the one that removes it.

(And we can tolerate the adding thread being paused.)

Definition at line 51 of file [lspg.c](#).

7.5.2.2 `#define LS_PG_STATE_IDLE 1`

Definition at line 34 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.3 `#define LS_PG_STATE_INIT -4`

Definition at line 30 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.4 `#define LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL -3`

Definition at line 31 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.5 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RECV 4`

Definition at line 37 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.6 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET -2`

Definition at line 32 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.7 `#define LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL -1`

Definition at line 33 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.8 `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND 2`

Definition at line 35 of file lspg.c.

7.5.2.9 `#define LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH 3`

Definition at line 36 of file lspg.c.

7.5.3 Typedef Documentation

7.5.3.1 `typedef struct lspg_lock_detector_struct lspg_lock_detector_t`

lock detector object Implements detector lock for exposure control

7.5.3.2 `typedef struct lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_struct lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_t`

Object used to impliment locking the diffractometer Critical to exposure timing.

7.5.3.3 `typedef struct lspg_seq_run_prep_struct lspg_seq_run_prep_t`

Data collection running object.

7.5.3.4 `typedef struct lspg_wait_for_detector_struct lspg_wait_for_detector_t`

Object that implements detector / spindle timing We use database locks for exposure control and this implements the md2 portion of this handshake.

7.5.4 Function Documentation

7.5.4.1 char** lspg_array2ptrs (char * a)

returns a null terminated list of strings parsed from postgresql array

Definition at line 161 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    char **rtn, *sp, *acums;
    int i, n, inquote, havebackslash, rtni;;
    int mxsz;

    inquote      = 0;
    havebackslash = 0;

    // Despense with the null input condition before we complicate the code below
    if( a == NULL || a[0] != '{' || a[strlen(a)-1] != '}' )
        return NULL;

    // Count the maximum number of strings
    // Actual number will be less if there are quoted commas
    //
    n = 1;
    for( i=0; a[i]; i++) {
        if( a[i] == ',' )
            n++;
    }
    //
    // The maximum size of any string is the length of a (+1)
    //
    mxsz = strlen(a) + 1;

    // This is the accumulation string to make up the array elements
    acums = (char *)calloc( mxsz, sizeof( char));
    if( acums == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspg_array2ptrs: out of memory
            (acums)");
        exit( 1);
    }

    //
    // allocate storage for the pointer array and the null terminator
    //
    rtn = (char **)calloc( n+1, sizeof( char *));
    if( rtn == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspg_array2ptrs: out of memory
            (rtn)");
        exit( 1);
    }
    rtni = 0;

    // Go through and create the individual strings
    sp = acums;
    *sp = 0;

    inquote = 0;
    havebackslash = 0;
    for( i=1; a[i] != 0; i++) {
        switch( a[i]) {
            case '"':
                if( havebackslash) {
                    // a quoted quote.  Cool
                    //
                    *(sp++) = a[i];
                    *sp = 0;
                    havebackslash = 0;
                } else {
                    // Toggle the flag
                    inquote = 1 - inquote;
                }
                break;

            case '\\':
                if( havebackslash) {
                    *(sp++) = a[i];
                    *sp = 0;
                    havebackslash = 0;
                } else {
                    havebackslash = 1;
                }
                break;

            case ',':

```



```

    if( inquote || havebackslash) {
        *(sp++) = a[i];
        *sp = 0;
        havebackslash = 0;
    } else {
        rtn[rtni++] = strdup( acums);
        sp = acums;
    }
    break;

case '}' :
    if( inquote || havebackslash) {
        *(sp++) = a[i];
        *sp = 0;
        havebackslash = 0;
    } else {
        rtn[rtni++] = strdup( acums);
        rtn[rtni] = NULL;
        free( acums);
        return( rtn);
    }
    break;

default:
    *(sp++) = a[i];
    *sp = 0;
    havebackslash = 0;
}
}
//
// Getting here means the final '}' was missing
// Probably we should throw an error or log it or something.
// Through out the last entry since this there is not resonable expectation
// that
// we should be parsing it anyway.
//
rtn[rtni] = NULL;
free( acums);
return( rtn);
}

```

7.5.4.2 void lspg_cmd_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Send strings directly to PMAC queue.

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	Our query
in	<i>pgr</i>	Our result

Definition at line 1239 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        //
        // Call back function assumes query results in zero or more commands to send
        // to the PMAC
        //
        int i;
        char *sp;

        for( i=0; i<PGntuples( pgr); i++) {
            sp = PQgetvalue( pgr, i, 0);
            if( sp != NULL && *sp != 0) {
                lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, sp);
                // lspmac_SockSendline( sp);
                //
                // Keep asking for more until
                // there are no commands left
                //
                // This should solve a potential problem where
                // more than one command is put on the queue for a given notify.
                //
                lspg_query_push( lspg_cmd_cb, "select
                    pmac.md2_queue_next()");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

7.5.4.3 void lspg_demandairrights_all ()

do nothing until we get airrights

Definition at line 556 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_demandairrights_call();
    lspg_demandairrights_wait();
    // there is no "done" version
}

```

7.5.4.4 void lspg_demandairrights_call ()

call for airrights

Definition at line 538 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
    lspg_demandairrights.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
    lspg_query_push( lspg_demandairrights_cb
        , "SELECT px.demandairrights()");
}

```

7.5.4.5 void lspg_demandairrights_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

handle the airrights response

Definition at line 529 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
    lspg_demandairrights.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_demandairrights.cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
}

```

7.5.4.6 void lspg_demandairrights_init ()

initialize the demandairrights structure

Definition at line 521 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_demandairrights.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex,
        NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lspg_demandairrights.cond, NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.7 void lspg_demandairrights_wait ()

wait for the air rights request to return

Definition at line 547 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
    while( lspg_demandairrights.new_value_ready
        == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_demandairrights.cond, &
            lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_demandairrights.mutex);
}

```

7.5.4.8 void lspg_flush ()

Flush psql output buffer (ie, send the query)

Definition at line 1269 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        int err;

        err = PQflush( q );
        switch( err ) {
            case -1:
                // an error occurred

                lslogging_log_message( "flush failed: %s",
                    PQerrorMessage( q ));

                ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
                //
                // We should probably reset the connection and start from scratch.
                // Probably the connection died.
                //
                break;

            case 0:
                // goodness and joy.
                ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RECV;
                break;

            case 1:
                // more sending to do
                ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH;
                break;
        }
    }
}

```

7.5.4.9 void lspg_getcenter_all ()

Convenience function to complete synchronous getcenter query.

Definition at line 1201 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        lspg_getcenter_call();
        lspg_getcenter_wait();
        lspg_getcenter_done();
    }
}

```

7.5.4.10 void lspg_getcenter_call ()

Request a getcenter query.

Definition at line 1177 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcenter.mutex );
        lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready = 0;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcenter.mutex );

        lspg_query_push( lspg_getcenter_cb, "SELECT *
            FROM px.getcenter2() );
    }
}

```

7.5.4.11 void lspg_getcenter_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qq, PGresult * pgr)

Retrieve the data to center the crystal.

Definition at line 1112 of file lspg.c.

```

static int
    zoom_c, dcx_c, dcy_c, dax_c, day_c, daz_c;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));

lspg_getcenter.no_rows_returned = PQntuples(
    pgr) <= 0;
if( lspg_getcenter.no_rows_returned) {
    //
    // No particular reason this path should ever be taken
    // but if we don't get rows then we had better not move anything.
    //
    lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_getcenter.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
    return;
}

zoom_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "zoom");
dcx_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dcx");
dcy_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dcy");
dax_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dax");
day_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "day");
daz_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "daz");

lspg_getcenter.zoom_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    zoom_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.zoom_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.zoom = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, zoom_c));

lspg_getcenter.dcx_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dcx_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.dcx_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.dcx = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, dcx_c));

lspg_getcenter.dcy_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dcy_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.dcy_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.dcy = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, dcy_c));

lspg_getcenter.dax_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dax_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.dax_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.dax = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, dax_c));

lspg_getcenter.day_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    day_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.day_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.day = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, day_c));

lspg_getcenter.daz_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    daz_c);
if( lspg_getcenter.daz_isnull == 0)
    lspg_getcenter.daz = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, daz_c));

lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready = 1;

pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_getcenter.cond));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.12 void lspg_getcenter_done ()

Done with getcenter query.

Definition at line 1195 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.13 void lspg_getcenter_init ()

Initialize getcenter object.

Definition at line 1169 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        memset( &lspg_getcenter, 0, sizeof( lspg_getcenter
        ));
        pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex), NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_getcenter.cond), NULL);
    }

```

7.5.4.14 void lspg_getcenter_wait ()

Wait for a getcenter query to return.

Definition at line 1187 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
        while( lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_getcenter.cond), &(
            lspg_getcenter.mutex));
    }

```

7.5.4.15 void lspg_getcurrentsampleid_call ()

Definition at line 367 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
        lspg_getcurrentsampleid.new_value_ready
        = 0;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );

        lspg_query_push( lspg_getcurrentsampleid_cb
        , "SELECT px.getcurrentsampleid()");
    }

```

7.5.4.16 void lspg_getcurrentsampleid_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

get currentsampleid

Definition at line 346 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );

        lspg_nextsample.new_value_ready = 1;
        lspg_getcurrentsampleid.no_rows_returned
        = PQntuples( pgr) <= 0;
        if( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.no_rows_returned
        ) {
            pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond
            );
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
            );
            return;
        }

        lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid_isnull
        = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, 0);
        if( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid_isnull
        == 0)
            lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid
            = strtol( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, 0), NULL, 0);

        pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond
        );
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
    }

```

7.5.4.17 void lspg_getcurrentsampleid_init ()

Definition at line 338 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_getcurrentsampleid.new_value_ready
        = 0;
    pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        , NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond,
        NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.18 unsigned int lspg_getcurrentsampleid_read ()

Definition at line 377 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    unsigned int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
    while( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.new_value_ready
        == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond
            , &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex);

    if( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid_isnull
        )
        rtn = -1;
    else
        rtn = lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid
            ;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
    return rtn;
}

```

7.5.4.19 void lspg_getcurrentsampleid_wait_for_id (unsigned int test)

Definition at line 393 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
    while( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid
        != test)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond
            , &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex);

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex
        );
}

```

7.5.4.20 void lspg_init ()

Initiallize the lspg module.

Definition at line 1759 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_queue_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lspg_queue_cond, NULL);

    lspg_demandairrights_init();
    lspg_getcenter_init();
    lspg_getcurrentsampleid_init();
    lspg_lock_detector_init();
    lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_init();
    lspg_nextsample_init();
}

```

```

lspg_nextshot_init();
lspg_seq_run_prep_init();
lspg_starttransfer_init();
lspg_wait_for_detector_init();
lspg_waitcryo_init();
}

```

7.5.4.21 void lspg_lock_detector_all ()

Detector lock convenience function.

Definition at line 1024 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_lock_detector_call();
    lspg_lock_detector_wait();
    lspg_lock_detector_done();
}

```

7.5.4.22 void lspg_lock_detector_call ()

Request (demand) a detector lock.

Definition at line 1000 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
    lspg_lock_detector.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_lock_detector_cb, "
        SELECT px.lock_detector() ");
}

```

7.5.4.23 void lspg_lock_detector_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Callback for when the detector lock has be grabbed.

Definition at line 991 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
    lspg_lock_detector.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_lock_detector.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.24 void lspg_lock_detector_done ()

Finish waiting.

Definition at line 1018 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.25 void lspg_lock_detector_init ()

Initialize detector lock object.

Definition at line 983 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        lspg_lock_detector.new_value_ready = 0;
        pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex), NULL)
        ;
        pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_lock_detector.cond), NULL);
    }

```

7.5.4.26 void lspg_lock_detector_wait ()

Wait for the detector lock.

Definition at line 1010 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
        while( lspg_lock_detector.new_value_ready ==
            0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_lock_detector.cond), &(
                lspg_lock_detector.mutex));
    }

```

7.5.4.27 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_all ()

Convenience function that combines lock diffractionmeter calls.

Definition at line 965 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_call();
        lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_wait();
        lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_all();
    }

```

7.5.4.28 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_call ()

Request that the database grab the diffractionmeter lock.

Definition at line 941 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.mutex
        ));
        lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.new_value_ready
            = 0;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.
            mutex));

        lspg_query_push( lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_cb
            , "SELECT px.lock_diffractionmeter()");
    }

```

7.5.4.29 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Callback routine for a lock diffractionmeter query.

Definition at line 932 of file lspg.c.


```

pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.mutex
));
lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.new_value_ready
= 1;
pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.cond
));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.
mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.30 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_done ()

Finish up the lock diffractionmeter call.

Definition at line 959 of file lspg.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.
mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.31 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_init ()

initialize the diffractionmeter locking object

Definition at line 924 of file lspg.c.

```

{
lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.new_value_ready
= 0;
pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.mutex
), NULL);
pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.cond
), NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.32 void lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_wait ()

Wait for the diffractionmeter lock.

Definition at line 951 of file lspg.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.mutex
));
while( lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.new_value_ready
== 0)
pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.cond
), &(lspg_lock_diffractionmeter.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.33 void lspg_next_state ()

Implements our state machine Does not strictly only set the next state as it also calls some functions that, perhaps, alters the state mid-function.

Definition at line 1624 of file lspg.c.

```

{
//
// connect to the database
//
if( q == NULL ||
ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT ||

```

```

    ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET ||
    ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL ||
    ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
    lspg_pg_connect( lspgfd);

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_IDLE &&
    lspg_query_queue_on != lspg_query_queue_off
    )
    ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND;

switch( ls_pg_state) {
case LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL:
    if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_WRITING)
        lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
    else if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_READING)
        lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
    else
        lspgfd.events = 0;
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL:
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response == PGRES_POLLING_WRITING
        )
        lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
    else if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_READING)
        lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
    else
        lspgfd.events = 0;
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_IDLE:
case LS_PG_STATE_RECV:
    lspgfd.events = POLLIN;
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_SEND:
case LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH:
    lspgfd.events = POLLOUT;
    break;

default:
    lspgfd.events = 0;
}
}

```

7.5.4.34 void lspg_nextaction.cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Queue the next MD2 instruction.

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	The query that generated this result
in	<i>pgr</i>	The result

Definition at line 1210 of file lspg.c.

```

{
char *action;

if( PQntuples( pgr) <= 0)
    return;          // Note: nextaction should always return at least
                    // "noAction", so this branch should never be taken

action = PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, 0);          // next action only returns one row

if( strcmp( action, "noAction") == 0)
    return;

if( pthread_mutex_trylock( &md2cmds_mutex) == 0) {
    strncpy( md2cmds_cmd, action, MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH
        -1);
    md2cmds_cmd[MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH-1] = 0;
    pthread_cond_signal( &md2cmds_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_mutex);
}
}

```

```

    } else {
        lslogging_log_message( "MD2 command '%s' ignored.
            Already running '%s'", action, md2cmds_cmd);
    }
}

```

7.5.4.35 unsigned int lspg_nextsample_all(int *err)

Definition at line 468 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    unsigned int rtn;

    lspg_nextsample_call();
    lspg_nextsample_wait();

    if( lspg_nextsample.no_rows_returned) {
        rtn = 0;
        *err = 1;
    } else {
        if( lspg_nextsample.nextsample_isnull) {
            rtn = 0;
            *err = 1;
        } else {
            rtn = lspg_nextsample.nextsample;
            *err = 0;
        }
    }
    lspg_nextsample_done();

    return rtn;
}

```

7.5.4.36 void lspg_nextsample_call()

Queue up a nextsample query.

Definition at line 445 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));
    lspg_nextsample.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_nextsample_cb, "SELECT
        nextsample FROM px.nextsample()");
}

```

7.5.4.37 void lspg_nextsample_cb(lspg_query_queue_t *qqp, PGresult *pgr)

Next Sample.

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	Our nextsample query
in	<i>pgr</i>	result of the query

Definition at line 404 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    static int got_columns = 0;
    static int nextsample_col;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));

    lspg_nextsample.no_rows_returned = PQntuples(
        pgr) <= 0;
    if( lspg_nextsample.no_rows_returned) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspg_nextsample_cb: no rows

```

```

        returned. This should never happen.");
    lspg_nextsample.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));
    return;
}

if( got_columns == 0) {
    nextsample_col = PQfnumber( pgr, "nextsample");
    got_columns = 1;
}

lspg_nextsample.nextsample_isnull =
    PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, nextsample_col);
if( lspg_nextsample.nextsample_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextsample.nextsample = strtol( PQgetvalue(
        pgr, 0, nextsample_col), NULL, 0);

lspg_nextsample.new_value_ready = 1;
pthread_cond_signal( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.cond));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.38 void lspg_nextsample.done ()

Called when the next shot query has been processed.

Definition at line 463 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.39 void lspg_nextsample.init ()

Initialize the nextsample variable, mutex, and condition.

Definition at line 437 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
memset( &lspg_nextsample, 0, sizeof( lspg_nextsample
));
pthread_mutex_init( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex), NULL);
pthread_cond_init( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.cond), NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.40 void lspg_nextsample.wait ()

Wait for the nextsample query to get processed.

Definition at line 455 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
pthread_mutex_lock( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.mutex));
while( lspg_nextsample.new_value_ready == 0)
    pthread_cond_wait( &(amp;lspg_nextsample.cond), &(amp;
        lspg_nextsample.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.41 void lspg_nextshot.call ()

Queue up a nextshot query.

Definition at line 824 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready = 0;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));

lspg_query_push( lspg_nextshot_cb, "SELECT *
    FROM px.nextshot2()");
}

```

7.5.4.42 void lspg_nextshot.cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Next Shot Callback.

This is a long and tedious routine as there are a large number of variables returned. Suck it up. Return with the global object lspg_nextshot set.

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	Our nextshot query
in	<i>pgr</i>	result of the query

Definition at line 569 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
static int got_col_nums=0;
static int
    dsdir_c, dspid_c, dsowidth_c, dsoscaxis_c, dsexp_c, skey_c, sstart_c, sfn_c
    , dsphi_c,
    dsomega_c, dskappa_c, dsdist_c, dsnrg_c, dshpid_c, cx_c, cy_c, ax_c, ay_c,
    az_c,
    active_c, sindex_c, stype_c,
    dsowidth2_c, dsoscaxis2_c, dsexp2_c, sstart2_c, dsphi2_c, dsomega2_c,
    dskappa2_c, dsdist2_c, dsnrg2_c,
    cx2_c, cy2_c, ax2_c, ay2_c, az2_c, active2_c, sindex2_c, stype2_c;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));

lspg_nextshot.no_rows_returned = PQntuples( pgr)
    <= 0;
if( lspg_nextshot.no_rows_returned) {
    lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_nextshot.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
    return; // I guess there was no shot after all
}

if( got_col_nums == 0) {
    dsdir_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsdir");
    dspid_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dspid");
    dsowidth_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsowidth");
    dsoscaxis_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsoscaxis");
    dsexp_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsexp");
    skey_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "skey");
    sstart_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "sstart");
    sfn_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "sfn");
    dsphi_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsphi");
    dsomega_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsomega");
    dskappa_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dskappa");
    dsdist_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsdist");
    dsnrg_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsnrg");
    dshpid_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dshpid");
    cx_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "cx");
    cy_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "cy");
    ax_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "ax");
    ay_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "ay");
    az_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "az");
    active_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "active");
    sindex_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "sindex");
    stype_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "stype");
    dsowidth2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsowidth2");
    dsoscaxis2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsoscaxis2");
    dsexp2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsexp2");
    sstart2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "sstart2");
    dsphi2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsphi2");
    dsomega2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsomega2");
    dskappa2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dskappa2");
    dsdist2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsdist2");
    dsnrg2_c = PQfnumber( pgr, "dsnrg2");
}

```

```

    cx2_c      = PQfnumber( pgr, "cx2");
    cy2_c      = PQfnumber( pgr, "cy2");
    ax2_c      = PQfnumber( pgr, "ax2");
    ay2_c      = PQfnumber( pgr, "ay2");
    az2_c      = PQfnumber( pgr, "az2");
    active2_c   = PQfnumber( pgr, "active2");
    sindex2_c   = PQfnumber( pgr, "sindex2");
    stype2_c    = PQfnumber( pgr, "stype2");

    got_col_nums = 1;
}

//
// NULL string values come back as empty strings
// Mark the null flag but allocate the empty string anyway
//

lspg_nextshot.dmdir_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dmdir_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dmdir != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.dmdir);
lspg_nextshot.dmdir = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, dmdir_c))
;

lspg_nextshot.dsapid_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsapid_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsapid != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.dsapid);
lspg_nextshot.dsapid = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, dsapid_c))
;

lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis_isnull = PQgetisnull(
    pgr, 0, dsoscaxis_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis);
lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    dsoscaxis_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis2_isnull = PQgetisnull(
    pgr, 0, dsoscaxis2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis2 != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis2);
lspg_nextshot.dsoscaxis2 = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    dsoscaxis2_c));

lspg_nextshot.sfn_isnull = PQgetisnull(pgr, 0, sfn_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.sfn != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.sfn);
lspg_nextshot.sfn = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, sfn_c));

lspg_nextshot.stype_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    stype_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.stype != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.stype);
lspg_nextshot.stype = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, stype_c))
;

lspg_nextshot.stype2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    stype2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.stype2 != NULL)
    free( lspg_nextshot.stype2);
lspg_nextshot.stype2 = strdup( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    stype2_c));

//
// Probably shouldn't try to convert null number values
//
lspg_nextshot.dsowidth_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr,
    0, dsowidth_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsowidth_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsowidth = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dsowidth_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsexp_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsexp_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsexp_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsexp = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, dsexp_c
    ));

lspg_nextshot.sstart_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    sstart_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.sstart_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.sstart = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    sstart_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsphi_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,

```

```

    dsphi_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsphi_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsphi = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, dsphi_c
    ));

lspg_nextshot.dsomega_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , dsoomega_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsomega_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsomega = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dsoomega_c));

lspg_nextshot.dskappa_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , dskappa_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dskappa_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dskappa = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dskappa_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsdist_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsdist_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsdist_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsdist = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dsdist_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsnrg_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsnrg_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsnrg_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsnrg = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, dsnrg_c
    ));

lspg_nextshot.cx_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, cx_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.cx_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.cx = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, cx_c));

lspg_nextshot.cy_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, cy_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.cy_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.cy = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, cy_c));

lspg_nextshot.ax_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, ax_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.ax_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.ax = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, ax_c));

lspg_nextshot.ay_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, ay_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.ay_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.ay = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, ay_c));

lspg_nextshot.az_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, az_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.az_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.az = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, az_c));

lspg_nextshot.active_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    active_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.active_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.active = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    active_c));

lspg_nextshot.sindex_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    sindex_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.sindex_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.sindex = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    sindex_c));

lspg_nextshot.dshpid_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dshpid_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dshpid_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dshpid = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
    dshpid_c));

lspg_nextshot.skey_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    skey_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.skey_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.skey = atoll( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, skey_c)
    );

lspg_nextshot.dsowidth2_isnull = PQgetisnull(
    pgr, 0, dsowidth2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsowidth2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsowidth2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dsowidth2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsexp2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsexp2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsexp2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsexp2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
    dsexp2_c));

lspg_nextshot.sstart2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , sstart2_c);

```

```

if( lspg_nextshot.sstart2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.sstart2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        sstart2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsphi2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsphi2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsphi2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsphi2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        dsphi2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsomega2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr,
    0, dsomega2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsomega2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsomega2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        dsomega2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dskappa2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr,
    0, dskappa2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dskappa2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dskappa2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        dskappa2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsdist2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , dsdist2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsdist2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsdist2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        dsdist2_c));

lspg_nextshot.dsnrg2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0,
    dsnrg2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.dsnrg2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.dsnrg2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0,
        dsnrg2_c));

lspg_nextshot.cx2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, cx2_c)
;
if( lspg_nextshot.cx2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.cx2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, cx2_c));

lspg_nextshot.cy2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, cy2_c)
;
if( lspg_nextshot.cy2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.cy2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, cy2_c));

lspg_nextshot.ax2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, ax2_c)
;
if( lspg_nextshot.ax2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.ax2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, ax2_c));

lspg_nextshot.ay2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, ay2_c)
;
if( lspg_nextshot.ay2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.ay2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, ay2_c));

lspg_nextshot.az2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, az2_c)
;
if( lspg_nextshot.az2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.az2 = atof( PQgetvalue( pgr,0, az2_c));

lspg_nextshot.active2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , active2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.active2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.active2 = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
        active2_c));

lspg_nextshot.sindex2_isnull = PQgetisnull( pgr, 0
    , sindex2_c);
if( lspg_nextshot.sindex2_isnull == 0)
    lspg_nextshot.sindex2 = atoi( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0,
        sindex2_c));

lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready = 1;

pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_nextshot.cond));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.43 void lspg_nextshot.done ()

Called when the next shot query has been processed.

Definition at line 842 of file lspg.c.


```

    {
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
    }

```

7.5.4.44 void lspg_nextshot_init ()

Initialize the nextshot variable, mutex, and condition.

Definition at line 816 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        memset( &lspg_nextshot, 0, sizeof( lspg_nextshot));
        pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex), NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_nextshot.cond), NULL);
    }

```

7.5.4.45 void lspg_nextshot_wait ()

Wait for the next shot query to get processed.

Definition at line 834 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
        while( lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_nextshot.cond), &(lspg_nextshot
                .mutex));
    }

```

7.5.4.46 PQnoticeProcessor lspg_notice_processor (void * arg, const char * msg)

Definition at line 1528 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspg: %s", msg);
        return NULL;
    }

```

7.5.4.47 void lspg_pg_connect ()

Connect to the pg server.

Definition at line 1535 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        int err;

        if( q == NULL)
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;

        switch( ls_pg_state) {
        case LS_PG_STATE_INIT:

            if( lspg_time_sent.tv_sec != 0) {
                //
                // Reality check: if it's less the about 10 seconds since the last failed
                // attempt
                // the just chill.
                //
                gettimeofday( &now, NULL);
                if( now.tv_sec - lspg_time_sent.tv_sec < 10) {
                    return;
                }
            }

            q = PQconnectStart( "dbname=ls user=lsuser hostaddr=10.1.0.3");

```

```

if( q == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Out of memory
        (lspg_pg_connect)");
    exit( -1);
}

err = PQstatus( q);
if( err == CONNECTION_BAD) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Trouble connecting to
        database");

    gettimeofday( &lspg_time_sent, NULL);
    return;
}
err = PQsetnonblocking( q, 1);
if( err != 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Odd, could not set database
        connection to nonblocking");
}

ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL;
lspg_connectPoll_response = PGRES_POLLING_WRITING;
//
// set up the connection for poll
//
lspgfd.fd = PQsocket( q);
break;

case LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL:
    if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_OK) {
        PQsetNoticeProcessor( q, (PQnoticeProcessor)lspg_notice_processor
            , NULL);
        lspg_query_push( NULL, "select pmac.md2_init()");
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
    }
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET:
    err = PQresetStart( q);
    if( err == 0) {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else {
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL;
        lspg_resetPoll_response = PGRES_POLLING_WRITING;
    }
    break;

case LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL:
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response == PGRES_POLLING_FAILED)
    {
        PQfinish( q);
        q = NULL;
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT;
    } else if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_OK) {
        lspg_query_push( NULL, "select pmac.md2_init()");
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
    }
    break;
}
}

```

7.5.4.48 void lspg_pg_service (struct pollfd * evt)

I/O control to/from the postgresql server.

Parameters

in	evt	The pollfd object that we are responding to
----	-----	---

Definition at line 1429 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
//
// Currently just used to check for notifies
// Other socket communication is done synchronously
//

if( evt->revents & POLLIN) {
    int err;

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL) {
        lspg_connectPoll_response = PQconnectPoll( q);
        if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        return;
    }

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
    {
        lspg_resetPoll_response = PQresetPoll( q);
        if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        return;
    }

//
// if in IDLE or RECV we need to call consumeInput first
//
if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_IDLE) {
    err = PQconsumeInput( q);
    if( err != 1) {
        lslogging_log_message( "consume input failed: %s",
            PQerrorMessage( q));
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        return;
    }
}

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RECV) {
    lspg_receive();
}

//
// Check for notifies regardless of our state
// Push as many requests as we have notifies.
//
{
    PGnotify *pgn;

    while( 1) {
        pgn = PQnotifies( q);
        if( pgn == NULL)
            break;

        lslogging_log_message( "lspg_pg_service: notify
            recieved %s", pgn->relnam);

        if( strstr( pgn->relnam, "_pmac") != NULL) {
            lspg_query_push( lspg_cmd_cb, "SELECT
                pmac.md2_queue_next()");
        } else if (strstr( pgn->relnam, "_diff") != NULL || strstr( pgn->
            relnam, "_run") != NULL) {
            lspg_query_push( lspg_nextaction_cb,
                "SELECT action FROM px.nextaction()");
        } else if (strstr( pgn->relnam, "_sample") != NULL) {
            lspg_getcurrentsampleid_call();
        }
        PQfreemem( pgn);
    }
}

if( evt->revents & POLLOUT) {

    if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_INIT_POLL) {
        lspg_connectPoll_response = PQconnectPoll( q);
        if( lspg_connectPoll_response ==
            PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
        }
        return;
    }
}

```

```

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_RESET_POLL)
{
    lspg_resetPoll_response = PQresetPoll( q );
    if( lspg_resetPoll_response ==
        PGRES_POLLING_FAILED) {
        ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
    }
    return;
}

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_SEND) {
    lspg_send_next_query();
}

if( ls_pg_state == LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH)
{
    lspg_flush();
}
}
}

```

7.5.4.49 lspg_query_queue_t* lspg_query_next()

Return the next item in the postgresql queue.

If there is an item left in the queue then it is returned. Otherwise, NULL is returned.

Definition at line 75 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_query_queue_t *rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_queue_mutex);

    if( lspg_query_queue_off == lspg_query_queue_on
        )
        // Queue is empty
        rtn = NULL;
    else {
        rtn = &(lspg_query_queue[ (lspg_query_queue_off
            ++ ) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]);
        pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_queue_cond);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_queue_mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.5.4.50 void lspg_query_push(void(*) (lspg_query_queue_t *, PGresult *) cb, char * fmt, ...)

Place a query on the queue.

Parameters

in	<i>cb</i>	Our callback function that deals with the response
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style function to generate the query

Definition at line 128 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    int idx;
    va_list arg_ptr;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_queue_mutex);

    //
    // Pause the thread while we service the queue
    //
    while( (lspg_query_queue_on + 1) %
        LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH == lspg_query_queue_off %
        LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH) {
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_queue_cond, &lspg_queue_mutex

```

```

    );
}

idx = lspg_query_queue_on % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
;

va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
vsnprintf( lspg_query_queue[idx].qs,
    LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
va_end( arg_ptr);

lspg_query_queue[idx].qs[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH
    - 1] = 0;
lspg_query_queue[idx].onResponse = cb;
lspg_query_queue_on++;

pthread_kill( lspg_thread, SIGUSR1);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_queue_mutex);
};

```

7.5.4.51 void lspg_query_reply_next ()

Remove the oldest item in the queue.

this is called only when there is nothing else to service the reply: this pop does not return anything. We use the ...reply_peek function to return the next item in the reply queue

Definition at line 99 of file lspg.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_queue_mutex);

if( lspg_query_queue_reply != lspg_query_queue_on
)
    lspg_query_queue_reply++;

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_queue_mutex);
}

```

7.5.4.52 lspg_query_queue_t* lspg_query_reply_peek ()

Return the next item in the reply queue but don't pop it since we may need it more than once.

Call [lspg_query_reply_next\(\)](#) when done.

Definition at line 112 of file lspg.c.

```

{
lspg_query_queue_t *rtn;

pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_queue_mutex);

if( lspg_query_queue_reply == lspg_query_queue_on
)
    rtn = NULL;
else
    rtn = &(lspg_query_queue[ (lspg_query_queue_reply
    ) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_queue_mutex);
return rtn;
}

```

7.5.4.53 void lspg_receive ()

Receive a result of a query.

Definition at line 1346 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        PGresult *pgr;
        lspg_query_queue_t *qqp;
        int err;

        err = PQconsumeInput( q );
        if( err != 1 ) {
            lslogging_log_message( "consume input failed: %s",
                PQerrorMessage( q ));
            ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
            return;
        }

        //
        // We must call PQgetResult until it returns NULL before sending the next
        // query
        // This implies that only one query can ever be active at a time and our
        // queue
        // management should be simple
        //
        // We should be in the LS_PG_STATE_RECV here
        //

        while( !PQisBusy( q )) {
            pgr = PQgetResult( q );
            if( pgr == NULL ) {
                lspg_query_reply_next();
                //
                // we are now done reading the response from the database
                //
                ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
                break;
            } else {
                ExecStatusType es;

                qqp = lspg_query_reply_peek();
                es = PQresultStatus( pgr );

                if( es != PGRES_COMMAND_OK && es != PGRES_TUPLES_OK ) {
                    char *emess;
                    emess = PQresultErrorMessage( pgr );
                    if( emess != NULL && emess[0] != 0 ) {
                        lslogging_log_message( "Error from query '%s':\n
%s", qqp->qid, emess );
                    }
                } else {
                    //
                    // Deal with the response
                    //
                    // If the response is likely to take awhile we should probably
                    // add a new state and put something in the main loop to run the
                    onResponse
                    // routine in the main loop. For now, though, we only expect very
                    brief onResponse routines
                    //
                    if( qqp != NULL && qqp->onResponse != NULL )
                        qqp->onResponse( qqp, pgr );
                }
                PQclear( pgr );
            }
        }
    }
}

```

7.5.4.54 void lspg_run ()

Start 'er runnin'.

Definition at line 1778 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_create( &lspg_thread, NULL, lspg_worker, NULL );
        lsevents_add_listener( "Sample(Detected|Absent)",
            lspmac_sample_detector_cb );
    }
}

```

7.5.4.55 void lspg_send_next_query ()

send the next queued query to the DB server

Definition at line 1299 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
//
// Normally we should be in the "send" state
// but we can also send if we are servicing
// a reply
//
lspg_query_queue_t *qqp;
int err;

qqp = lspg_query_next();
if( qqp == NULL) {
//
// A send without a query? Should never happen.
// But at least we shouldn't segfault if it does.
//
return;
}

if( qqp->qs[0] == 0) {
//
// Do we really have to check this case?
// It would only come up if we stupidly pushed an empty query string
// or ran off the end of the queue
//
lslogging_log_message( "Popped empty query string.
    Probably bad things are going on.");

lspg_query_reply_next();
ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_IDLE;
} else {
err = PQsendQuery( q, qqp->qs);
if( err == 0) {
lslogging_log_message( "query failed: %s\n",
    PQerrorMessage( q));

//
// Don't wait for a reply, just reset the connection
//
lspg_query_reply_next();
ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_RESET;
} else {
ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_SEND_FLUSH;
}
}
}
}

```

7.5.4.56 void `lspg_seq_run_prep_all` (long long *skey*, double *kappa*, double *phi*, double *cx*, double *cy*, double *ax*, double *ay*, double *az*)

Convenience function to call seq run prep.

Parameters

in	<i>skey</i>	px.shots key for this image
in	<i>kappa</i>	current kappa position
in	<i>phi</i>	current phi position
in	<i>cx</i>	current center table x
in	<i>cy</i>	current center table y
in	<i>ax</i>	current alignment table x
in	<i>ay</i>	current alignment table y
in	<i>az</i>	current alignment table z

Definition at line 1095 of file lspg.c.

```

{
lspg_seq_run_prep_call( skey, kappa, phi, cx,
    cy, ax, ay, az);
lspg_seq_run_prep_wait();
lspg_seq_run_prep_done();
}

```

7.5.4.57 void `lspg_seq_run_prep_call` (long long *skey*, double *kappa*, double *phi*, double *cx*, double *cy*, double *ax*, double *ay*, double *az*)

queue up the `seq_run_prep` query

Parameters

in	<i>skey</i>	px.shots key for this image
in	<i>kappa</i>	current kappa postion
in	<i>phi</i>	current phi postition
in	<i>cx</i>	current center table x
in	<i>cy</i>	current center table y
in	<i>ax</i>	current alignment table x
in	<i>ay</i>	current alignment table y
in	<i>az</i>	current alignment table z

Definition at line 1061 of file `lspg.c`.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
    lspg_seq_run_prep.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_seq_run_prep.cb, "
        SELECT px.seq_run_prep( %lld, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f)",
        skey, kappa, phi, cx, cy, ax, ay, az);
}

```

7.5.4.58 void `lspg_seq_run_prep_cb` (`lspg_query_queue_t` * *qqp*, `PGresult` * *pgr*)

Callback for the `seq_run_prep` query.

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	The query item that generated this callback
in	<i>pgr</i>	The result of the query

Definition at line 1049 of file `lspg.c`.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
    lspg_seq_run_prep.new_value_ready = 1;
    pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.59 void `lspg_seq_run_prep_done` ()

Indicate we are done waiting.

Definition at line 1089 of file `lspg.c`.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.60 void `lspg_seq_run_prep_init` ()

Initialize the data collection object.

Definition at line 1041 of file `lspg.c`.


```

    {
        lspg_seq_run_prep.new_value_ready = 0;
        pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex), NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.cond), NULL);
    }

```

7.5.4.61 void lspg_seq_run_prep.wait ()

Wait for seq run prep query to return.

Definition at line 1081 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
        while( lspg_seq_run_prep.new_value_ready == 0
        )
            pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_seq_run_prep.cond), &(
                lspg_seq_run_prep.mutex));
    }

```

7.5.4.62 void lspg_sig.service (struct pollfd * evt)

Service a signal Signals here are treated as file descriptors and fits into our poll scheme.

Parameters

in	evt	The pollfd object that triggered this call
----	-----	--

Definition at line 1407 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        struct signalfd_siginfo fdsi;

        //
        // Really, we don't care about the signal,
        // it's just used to drop out of the poll
        // function when there is something for us
        // to do that didn't involve something coming
        // from our postgresql server.
        //
        // This is accomplished by the query_push function
        // to notify us that a new query is ready.
        //

        read( evt->fd, &fdsi, sizeof( struct signalfd_siginfo));
    }

```

7.5.4.63 int lspg_starttransfer.all (int * err, unsigned int nextsample, int sampledected, double ax, double ay, double az, double horz, double vert, double esttime)

Definition at line 322 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        int rtn;

        lspg_starttransfer_call( nextsample, sampledected,
            ax, ay, az, horz, vert, esttime);
        lspg_starttransfer_wait();
        if( lspg_starttransfer.no_rows_returned ||
            lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer != 1) {
            *err = 1;
        } else {
            *err = 0;
            rtn = lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer;
        }
        lspg_starttransfer_done();
    }

```

```

    return rtn;
}

```

7.5.4.64 void lspg_starttransfer_call (unsigned int *nextsample*, int *sample_detected*, double *ax*, double *ay*, double *az*, double *horz*, double *vert*, double *esttime*)

Definition at line 302 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
    lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_starttransfer_cb, "
        SELECT px.starttransfer( %d, %d, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f",
            nextsample, sample_detected, ax, ay, az, horz
        , vert, esttime);
}

```

7.5.4.65 void lspg_starttransfer_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * *qqp*, PGresult * *pgr*)

Parameters

in	<i>qqp</i>	Our nextsample query
in	<i>pgr</i>	result of the query

Definition at line 281 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));

    lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready = 1;
    if( PQntuples( pgr) <=0) {
        lspg_starttransfer.no_rows_returned = 0;
        lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer = 0;
    } else {
        lspg_starttransfer.no_rows_returned = 1;
        if( PQgetisnull( pgr, 0, 0) || strtol( PQgetvalue( pgr, 0, 0), NULL, 0) !=
            1)
            lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer = 0;
        else
            lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer = 1;
    }
    pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_starttransfer.cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.66 void lspg_starttransfer_done ()

Definition at line 317 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.67 void lspg_starttransfer_init ()

Definition at line 275 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_starttransfer.mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lspg_starttransfer.cond, NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.68 void lspg_starttransfer_wait ()

Definition at line 311 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
while( lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready ==
0)
pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_starttransfer.cond), &(
lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.69 void lspg_wait_for_detector_all ()

Combined call to wait for the detector.

Definition at line 905 of file lspg.c.

```

{
lspg_wait_for_detector_call();
lspg_wait_for_detector_wait();
lspg_wait_for_detector_done();
}

```

7.5.4.70 void lspg_wait_for_detector.call ()

initiate the wait for detector query

Definition at line 879 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));
lspg_wait_for_detector.new_value_ready =
0;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));

lspg_query_push( lspg_wait_for_detector_cb
, "SELECT px.lock_detector_test_block()");
}

```

7.5.4.71 void lspg_wait_for_detector.cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Callback for the wait for detector query.

Definition at line 870 of file lspg.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));
lspg_wait_for_detector.new_value_ready =
1;
pthread_cond_signal( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.cond
));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));
}

```

7.5.4.72 void lspg_wait_for_detector.done ()

Done waiting for the detector.

Definition at line 898 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));
}

```

7.5.4.73 void lspg_wait_for_detector_init ()

initialize the detector timing object

Definition at line 862 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
lspg_wait_for_detector.new_value_ready =
0;
pthread_mutex_init( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
), NULL);
pthread_cond_init( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.cond),
NULL);
}

```

7.5.4.74 void lspg_wait_for_detector_wait ()

Pause the calling thread until the detector is ready Called by the MD2 thread.

Definition at line 890 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex
));
while( lspg_wait_for_detector.new_value_ready
== 0)
pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_wait_for_detector.cond)
, &(lspg_wait_for_detector.mutex));
}

```

7.5.4.75 void lspg_waitcryo_all ()

no need to get fancy with the wait cryo command It should not return until the robot is almost ready for air rights

Definition at line 507 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready = 0;

lspg_query_push( lspg_waitcryo_cb, "SELECT
px.waitcryo()");

while( lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready == 0)
pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_waitcryo.cond, &lspg_waitcryo
.mutex);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
}

```

7.5.4.76 void lspg_waitcryo.cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Definition at line 497 of file lspg.c.

```

        {
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready = 1;
pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_waitcryo.cond);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
}

```

7.5.4.77 void lspg_waitcryo_init ()

Definition at line 491 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready = 0;
        pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex, NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &lspg_waitcryo.cond, NULL);
    }

```

7.5.4.78 void* lspg_worker (void * dummy)

The main loop for the lspg thread.

Parameters

in	<i>dummy</i>	Required by pthreads but unused
----	--------------	---------------------------------

Definition at line 1675 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        static struct pollfd fda[2]; // 0=signal handler, 1=pg socket
        static int nfda = 0;
        static sigset_t our_sigset;

        //
        // block ordinary signal mechanism
        //
        sigemptyset( &our_sigset);
        sigaddset( &our_sigset, SIGUSR1);
        pthread_sigmask(SIG_BLOCK, &our_sigset, NULL);

        fda[0].fd = signalfd( -1, &our_sigset, SFD_NONBLOCK);
        if( fda[0].fd == -1) {
            char *es;

            es = strerror( errno);
            lslogging_log_message( "Signalfd trouble: %s", es);
        }
        fda[0].events = POLLIN;

        //
        // make sure file descriptor is not legal until it's been conneceted
        //
        lspgfd.fd = -1;

        while( 1) {
            int pollrtn;
            int poll_timeout_ms;

            lspg_next_state();

            if( lspgfd.fd == -1) {
                //
                // Here a connection to the database is not established.
                // Periodicaly try again. Should possibly arrange to reconnect
                // to signalfd but that's unlikely to be nessesary.
                //
                nfda = 1;
                poll_timeout_ms = 10000;
                fda[1].revents = 0;
            } else {
                //
                // Arrange to peacefully do nothing until either the pg server sends us
                // something
                // or someone pushes something onto our queue
                //
                nfda = 2;
                fda[1].fd = lspgfd.fd;
                fda[1].events = lspgfd.events;
                fda[1].revents = 0;
                poll_timeout_ms = -1;
            }

            pollrtn = poll( fda, nfda, poll_timeout_ms);

```

```

    if( pollrtn && fda[0].revents) {
        lspg_sig_service( &(fda[0]));
        pollrtn--;
    }
    if( pollrtn && fda[1].revents) {
        lspg_pg_service( &(fda[1]));
        pollrtn--;
    }
}
}

```

7.5.4.79 void lspmac_sample_detector_cb (char * event)

log magnet state

Definition at line 1747 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    int present;
    if( strcmp( event, "SampleDetected") == 0)
        present = 1;
    else
        present = 0;

    lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.logmagnetstate(%s)", present
        ? "TRUE" : "FALSE");
}

```

7.5.5 Variable Documentation

7.5.5.1 int ls_pg_state = LS_PG_STATE_INIT [static]

State of the lspg state machine.

Definition at line 39 of file lspg.c.

7.5.5.2 PostgresPollingStatusType lspg_connectPoll_response [static]

Used to determine state while connecting.

Definition at line 60 of file lspg.c.

7.5.5.3 lspg_demandairrights_t lspg_demandairrights

our demandairrights object

Definition at line 66 of file lspg.c.

7.5.5.4 lspg_getcenter_t lspg_getcenter

the getcenter object

Definition at line 65 of file lspg.c.

7.5.5.5 lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t lspg_getcurrentsampleid

our currentsample id

Definition at line 67 of file lspg.c.

7.5.5.6 `lspg_lock_detector_t lspg_lock_detector` `[static]`

Definition at line 979 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.7 `lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_t lspg_lock_diffractionmeter` `[static]`

Definition at line 920 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.8 `lspg_nextsample_t lspg_nextsample`

the very next sample

Definition at line 63 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.9 `lspg_nextshot_t lspg_nextshot`

the nextshot object

Definition at line 64 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.10 `lspg_query_queue_t lspg_query_queue[LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH]` `[static]`

Our query queue.

Definition at line 52 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.11 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_off = 0` `[static]`

The last item still being used (on == off means nothing in queue)

Definition at line 54 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.12 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_on = 0` `[static]`

Next position to add something to the queue.

Definition at line 53 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.13 `unsigned int lspg_query_queue_reply = 0` `[static]`

The current item being digested.

Normally `off <= reply <= on`. Corner case of queue wrap around works because we only increment and compare for equality.

Definition at line 55 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.14 `pthread_cond_t lspg_queue_cond` `[static]`

keeps the queue from overflowing

Definition at line 44 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.15 `pthread_mutex_t lspg_queue_mutex` `[static]`

keep the queue from getting tangled

Definition at line 43 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.16 `PostgresPollingStatusType lspg_resetPoll_response` `[static]`

Used to determine state while reconnecting.

Definition at line 61 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.17 `lspg_seq_run_prep_t lspg_seq_run_prep` `[static]`

Definition at line 1037 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.18 `lspg_starttransfer_t lspg_starttransfer`

start a sample transfer

Definition at line 68 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.19 `pthread_t lspg_thread` `[static]`

our worker thread

Definition at line 42 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.20 `lspg_wait_for_detector_t lspg_wait_for_detector` `[static]`

Instance of the detector timing object.

Definition at line 858 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.21 `lspg_waitcryo_t lspg_waitcryo`

signal the robot

Definition at line 69 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.22 `struct pollfd lspgfd` `[static]`

our poll info

Definition at line 45 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.23 `struct timeval lspg_time_sent now` `[static]`

used to ensure we do not inundate the db server with connection requests

Definition at line 40 of file `lspg.c`.

7.5.5.24 PGconn* q = NULL [static]

Database connector.

Definition at line 59 of file lspg.c.

7.6 lspmac.c File Reference

Routines concerned with communication with PMAC.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [md2StatusStruct](#)
The block of memory retrieved in a status request.
- struct [lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct](#)
- struct [lspmac_dpascii_queue_struct](#)
- struct [lspmac_combined_move_struct](#)

Macros

- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_RESET](#) -1
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED](#) 0
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE](#) 1
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_SC](#) 2
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_NFR](#) 3
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_CC](#) 4
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK](#) 5
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR](#) 6
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_CR](#) 7
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_RR](#) 8
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_RR](#) 9
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_GB](#) 10
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WCR](#) 11
- #define [LS_PMAC_STATE_WGB](#) 12
- #define [LSPMAC_PRESET_REGEX](#) "(.*\\.%s\\.presets)\\.[0-9+}\\.(name|position)"
Regex to pick out preset name and corresponding position.
- #define [PMACPORT](#) 1025
The PMAC (only) listens on this port.
- #define [pmac_cmd_size](#) 8
PMAC command size in bytes.
- #define [VR_UPLOAD](#) 0xc0
- #define [VR_DOWNLOAD](#) 0x40
- #define [VR_PMAC_SENDLINE](#) 0xb0
- #define [VR_PMAC_GETLINE](#) 0xb1
- #define [VR_PMAC_FLUSH](#) 0xb3
- #define [VR_PMAC_GETMEM](#) 0xb4
- #define [VR_PMAC_SETMEM](#) 0xb5
- #define [VR_PMAC_SENDCTRLCHAR](#) 0xb6
- #define [VR_PMAC_SETBIT](#) 0xba
- #define [VR_PMAC_SETBITS](#) 0xbb

- `#define VR_PMAC_PORT 0xbe`
- `#define VR_PMAC_GETRESPONSE 0xbf`
- `#define VR_PMAC_READREADY 0xc2`
- `#define VR_CTRL_RESPONSE 0xc4`
- `#define VR_PMAC_GETBUFFER 0xc5`
- `#define VR_PMAC_WRITEBUFFER 0xc6`
- `#define VR_PMAC_WRITEERROR 0xc7`
- `#define VR_FWDOWNLOAD 0xcb`
- `#define VR_IPADDRESS 0xe0`
- `#define PMAC_MIN_CMD_TIME 10000.0`
Minimum time between commands to the pmac.
- `#define PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH 2048`
Size of the PMAC command queue.
- `#define LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH 1024`

Typedefs

- `typedef struct md2StatusStruct md2_status_t`
The block of memory retrieved in a status request.
- `typedef struct lspmac_ascii_buffers_struct lspmac_ascii_buffers_t`
- `typedef struct lspmac_dpascii_queue_struct lspmac_dpascii_queue_t`
- `typedef struct lspmac_combined_move_struct lspmac_combined_move_t`

Functions

- `void lspmac_get_ascii (char *)`
Forward declaration.
- `double lspmac_lut (int nlut, double *lut, double x)`
Look up table support for motor positions (think x=zoom, y=light intensity) use a lookup table to find the "counts" to move the motor to the requested position The look up table is a simple one dimensional array with the x values as even indices and the y values as odd indices.
- `double lspmac_rlut (int nlut, double *lut, double y)`
- `void hex_dump (int n, unsigned char *s)`
Prints a hex dump of the given data.
- `void cleanstr (char *s)`
Replace \r with \n in null terminated string and print result to terminal.
- `void lsConnect (char *ipaddr)`
Connect to the PMAC socket.
- `void lspmac_reset_queue ()`
Clear the queue as part of PMAC reinitialization.
- `pmac_cmd_queue_t * lspmac_push_queue (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd)`
Put a new command on the queue.
- `pmac_cmd_queue_t * lspmac_pop_queue ()`
Remove the oldest queue item.
- `pmac_cmd_queue_t * lspmac_pop_reply ()`
Remove the next command queue item that is waiting for a reply.
- `pmac_cmd_queue_t * lspmac_send_command (int rqType, int rq, int wValue, int wIndex, int wLength, char *data, void(*responseCB)(pmac_cmd_queue_t *, int, char *), int no_reply, char *event)`
Compose a packet and send it to the PMAC.

- void [lspmac_SockFlush](#) ()
Reset the PMAC socket from the PMAC side.
- void [lspmac_Reset](#) ()
Clear the queue and put the PMAC into a known state.
- void [lspmac_Error](#) (char *buff)
The service routing detected an error condition.
- void [lspmac_Service](#) (struct pollfd *evt)
Service routine for packet coming from the PMAC.
- void [lspmac_GetShortReplyCB](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Receive a reply that does not require multiple buffers.
- void [lspmac_SendControlReplyPrintCB](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Receive a reply to a control character Print a "printable" version of the character to the terminal Followed by a hex dump of the response.
- void [lspmac_GetmemReplyCB](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Service a reply to the getmem command.
- pmac_cmd_queue_t * [lspmac_SockGetmem](#) (int offset, int nbytes)
Request a chunk of memory to be returned.
- pmac_cmd_queue_t * [lspmac_SockSendline](#) (char *event, char *fmt,...)
Send a one line command.
- pmac_cmd_queue_t * [lspmac_SockSendline_nr](#) (char *event, char *fmt,...)
Send a command and ignore the response.
- pmac_cmd_queue_t * [lspmac_SockSendControlCharPrint](#) (char *event, char c)
Send a control character.
- void [lspmac_Getmem](#) ()
Request a block of double buffer memory.
- void [lspmac_bo_read](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Read the state of a binary i/o motor This is the read method for the binary i/o motor class.
- void [lspmac_dac_read](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Read a DAC motor position.
- void [lspmac_shutter_read](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Fast shutter read routine The shutter is mildly complicated in that we need to take into account the fact that the shutter can open and close again between status updates.
- void [lspmac_home1_queue](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Home the motor.
- void [lspmac_home2_queue](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Second stage of homing.
- double [lspmac_getPosition](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
get the motor position (with locking)
- void [lspmac_pmacmotor_read](#) (lspmac_motor_t *mp)
Read the position and status of a normal PMAC motor.
- int [lspmac_getBIPosition](#) (lspmac_bi_t *bip)
get binary input value
- void [lspmac_get_status_cb](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Service routing for status upate This updates positions and status information.
- void [lspmac_get_status](#) ()
Request a status update from the PMAC.
- void [lspmac_more_ascii_cb](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
we are expecting more characters from the DPRAM ASCII interface
- void [lspmac_get_ascii_cb](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
service the ascii buffer request response
- void [lspmac_asciicmdCB](#) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buf)

- PMAC has received our ascii command request Now see when it is ready for the next one.*
- void `lspmac_SockSendDPLine` (char *event, char *fmt,...)
prepare (queue up) a line to send the dpram ascii command interface
- void `lspmac_SockSendDPControlCharCB` (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buf)
- void `lspmac_SockSendDPControlChar` (char *event, char c)
use dpram ascii interface to send a control character
- void `lspmac_SockSendDPQueue` ()
- void `lspmac_abort` ()
abort motion and try to recover
- void `lspmac_GetAllIVarsCB` (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Receive the values of all the I variables Update our Postgresql database with the results.
- void `lspmac_GetAllIVars` ()
Request the values of all the I variables.
- void `lspmac_GetAllMVarsCB` (pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd, int nreceived, char *buff)
Receive the values of all the M variables Update our database with the results.
- void `lspmac_GetAllMVars` ()
Request the values of all the M variables.
- void `lspmac_sendcmd_nocb` (char *fmt,...)
Send a command that does not need to deal with the reply.
- void `lspmac_sendcmd` (char *event, void(*responseCB)(pmac_cmd_queue_t *, int, char *), char *fmt,...)
PMAC command with call back.
- void `lspmac_next_state` ()
State machine logic.
- void * `lspmac_worker` (void *dummy)
Our lspmac worker thread.
- int `lspmac_movedac_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)
Move method for dac motor objects (ie, lights)
- int `lspmac_movezoom_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)
Move method for the zoom motor.
- int `lspmac_move_preset_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, char *preset_name)
Move a given motor to one of its preset positions.
- int `lspmac_test_preset` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, char *preset_name, double tolerance)
see if the motor is within tolerance of the preset 1 means yes, it is 0 mean no it isn't or that the preset was not found
- int `lspmac_moveabs_fshut_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)
Move method for the fast shutter.
- int `lspmac_moveabs_bo_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)
Move method for binary i/o motor objects.
- void `lspmac_moveabs_timed_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double start, double delta, double time)
timed motor move
- int `lspmac_moveabs_frontlight_oo_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double pos)
"move" frontlight on/off
- int `lspmac_moveabs_flight_factor_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double pos)
- int `lspmac_moveabs_blight_factor_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double pos)
- void `lspmac_video_rotate` (double secs)
Special motion program to collect centering video.
- int `lspmac_est_move_time` (double *est_time, int *mmask, lspmac_motor_t *mp_1, int jog_1, char *preset_1, double end_point_1,...)
Move the motors and estimate the time it'll take to finish the job.
- int `lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position, int use_jog)
Move method for normal stepper and servo motor objects Returns non-zero on abort, zero if OK.
- int `lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, char *preset, int use_jog)

- move using a preset value returns 0 on success, non-zero on error*
- `int lspmac_moveabs_queue (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)`
Use coordinate system motion program, if available, to move motor to requested position.
- `int lspmac_jogabs_queue (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double requested_position)`
Use jog to move motor to requested position.
- `int lspmac_moveabs_wait (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double timeout_secs)`
Wait for motor to finish moving.
- `void _lspmac_motor_init (lspmac_motor_t *d, char *name)`
Helper function for the init calls.
- `lspmac_motor_t * lspmac_motor_init (lspmac_motor_t *d, int wy, int wx, int *posp, int *stat1p, int *stat2p, char *wtitle, char *name, int(*moveAbs)(lspmac_motor_t *, double), int(*jogAbs)(lspmac_motor_t *, double))`
Initialize a pmac stepper or servo motor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * lspmac_fshut_init (lspmac_motor_t *d)`
Initialize the fast shutter motor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * lspmac_bo_init (lspmac_motor_t *d, char *name, char *write_fmt, int *read_ptr, int read_mask)`
Initialize binary i/o motor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * lspmac_dac_init (lspmac_motor_t *d, int *posp, char *mvar, char *name, int(*moveAbs)(lspmac_motor_t *, double))`
Initialize DAC motor Note that some motors require further initialization from a database query.
- `void lspmac_soft_motor_read (lspmac_motor_t *p)`
Dummy routine to read a soft motor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * lspmac_soft_motor_init (lspmac_motor_t *d, char *name, int(*moveAbs)(lspmac_motor_t *, double))`
- `lspmac_bi_t * lspmac_bi_init (lspmac_bi_t *d, int *ptr, int mask, char *onEvent, char *offEvent)`
Initialize binary input.
- `void lspmac_init (int ivarsflag, int mvarsflag)`
Initialize this module.
- `void lspmac_cryoSwitchChanged_cb (char *event)`
- `void lspmac_scint_inPosition_cb (char *event)`
Maybe start drying off the scintillator.
- `void lspmac_backLight_up_cb (char *event)`
Turn on the backlight whenever it goes up.
- `void lspmac_backLight_down_cb (char *event)`
Turn off the backlight whenever it goes down.
- `void lspmac_light_zoom_cb (char *event)`
Set the backlight intensity whenever the zoom is changed (and the backlight is up)
- `void lspmac_scint_dried_cb (char *event)`
Turn off the dryer.
- `void lspmac_zoom_lut_setup ()`
Set up lookup table for zoom.
- `void lspmac_flight_lut_setup ()`
Set up lookup table for flight.
- `void lspmac_blight_lut_setup ()`
Set up lookup table for blight.
- `void lspmac_fscint_lut_setup ()`
Set up lookup table for fscint.
- `void lspmac_command_done_cb (char *event)`
- `void lspmac_run ()`
Start up the lspmac thread.

Variables

- static int `ls_pmac_state` = `LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED`
Current state of the PMAC communications state machine.
- int `lspmac_shutter_state`
State of the shutter, used to detect changes.
- int `lspmac_shutter_has_opened`
Indicates that the shutter had opened, perhaps briefly even if the state did not change.
- pthread_mutex_t `lspmac_shutter_mutex`
Coordinates threads reading shutter status.
- pthread_cond_t `lspmac_shutter_cond`
Allows waiting for the shutter status to change.
- pthread_mutex_t `lspmac_moving_mutex`
Coordinate moving motors between threads.
- pthread_cond_t `lspmac_moving_cond`
Wait for motor(s) to finish moving condition.
- int `lspmac_moving_flags`
Flag used to implement motor moving condition.
- static pthread_mutex_t `lspmac_ascii_mutex`
Keep too many processes from sending commands at once.
- static int `lspmac_ascii_busy` = 0
flag for condition to wait for
- static int `omega_zero_search` = 0
Indicate we'd really like to know when omega crosses zero.
- static double `omega_zero_velocity` = 0
rate (cnts/sec) that omega was traveling when it crossed zero
- struct timespec `omega_zero_time`
Time we believe that omega crossed zero.
- static struct timespec `lspmac_status_time`
Time the status was read.
- static struct timespec `lspmac_status_last_time`
Time the status was read.
- static pthread_t `pmac_thread`
our thread to manage access and communication to the pmac
- pthread_mutex_t `pmac_queue_mutex`
manage access to the pmac command queue
- pthread_cond_t `pmac_queue_cond`
wait for a command to be sent to PMAC before continuing
- static struct pollfd `pmacfd`
our poll structure
- static int `getivars` = 0
flag set at initialization to send i vars to db
- static int `getmvars` = 0
flag set at initialization to send m vars to db
- `lspmac_bi_t` `lspmac_bis` [32]
array of binary inputs
- int `lspmac_nbis` = 0
number of active binary inputs
- `lspmac_motor_t` `lspmac_motors` [48]
All our motors.
- int `lspmac_nmotors` = 0

- The number of motors we manage.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * omega`
 - MD2 omega axis (the air bearing)*
- `lspmac_motor_t * alignx`
 - Alignment stage X.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * aligny`
 - Alignment stage Y.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * alignz`
 - Alignment stage X.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * anal`
 - Polaroid analyzer motor.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * zoom`
 - Optical zoom.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * apery`
 - Aperture Y.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * aperz`
 - Aperture Z.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * capy`
 - Capillary Y.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * capz`
 - Capillary Z.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * scint`
 - Scintillator Z.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * cenx`
 - Centering Table X.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * ceny`
 - Centering Table Y.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * kappa`
 - Kappa.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * phi`
 - Phi (not data collection axis)*
- `lspmac_motor_t * fshut`
 - Fast shutter.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * flight`
 - Front Light DAC.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * blight`
 - Back Light DAC.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * fscint`
 - Scintillator Piezo DAC.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * smart_mag_oo`
 - Smart Magnet on/off.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * blight_ud`
 - Back light Up/Down actuator.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * cryo`
 - Move the cryostream towards or away from the crystal.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * dryer`
 - blow air on the scintillator to dry it off*
- `lspmac_motor_t * fluo`
 - Move the fluorescence detector in/out.*
- `lspmac_motor_t * flight_oo`
 - Turn front light on/off.*

- `lspmac_motor_t * blight_f`
Back light scale factor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * flight_f`
Front light scale factor.
- `lspmac_bi_t * lp_air`
Low pressure air OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * hp_air`
High pressure air OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * cryo_switch`
that little toggle switch for the cryo
- `lspmac_bi_t * blight_down`
Backlight is down.
- `lspmac_bi_t * blight_up`
Backlight is up.
- `lspmac_bi_t * cryo_back`
cryo is in the back position
- `lspmac_bi_t * fluor_back`
fluor is in the back position
- `lspmac_bi_t * sample_detected`
smart magnet detected sample
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_ready`
ETEL is ready.
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_on`
ETEL is on.
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_init_ok`
ETEL initialized OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * minikappa_ok`
Minikappa is OK (whatever that means)
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_on`
smart magnet is on
- `lspmac_bi_t * arm_parked`
(whose arm? parked where?)
- `lspmac_bi_t * shutter_open`
shutter is open (note in pmc says this is a slow input)
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_err`
smart magnet error (coil broken perhaps)
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_off`
smart magnet is off
- static unsigned char `dbmem` [64 * 1024]
double buffered memory
- static int `dbmemIn` = 0
next location
- static struct timeval
`pmac_time_sent` `now`
used to ensure we do not send commands to the pmac too often. Only needed for non-DB commands.
- static `pmac_cmd_t rr_cmd`
- static `pmac_cmd_t gb_cmd`
- static `pmac_cmd_t cr_cmd`
commands to send out "readready", "getbuffer", "controlresponse" (initialized in main)
- static `pmac_cmd_queue_t ethCmdQueue` [PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH]
PMAC command queue.

- static unsigned int `ethCmdOn` = 0
points to next empty PMAC command queue position
- static unsigned int `ethCmdOff` = 0
points to current command (or none if == ethCmdOn)
- static unsigned int `ethCmdReply` = 0
Used like ethCmdOff only to deal with the pmac reply to a command.
- static char * `pmac_error_strs` []
Decode the errors perhaps returned by the PMAC.
- static `md2_status_t` `md2_status`
Buffer for MD2 Status.
- `pthread_mutex_t` `md2_status_mutex`
Synchronize reading/writing status buffer.
- static `lspmac_ascii_buffers_t` `lspmac_ascii_buffers`
- `pthread_mutex_t` `lspmac_ascii_buffers_mutex`
- static `lspmac_dpascii_queue_t` `lspmac_dpascii_queue` [`LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH`]
- static `uint32_t` `lspmac_dpascii_on` = 0
- static `uint32_t` `lspmac_dpascii_off` = 0

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Routines concerned with communication with PMAC. Test suite for the pgpmac routines.

```
\date 2012
\author Keith Brister
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```

This is a state machine (surprise!) Lacking is support for writingbuffer, control writing and reading, as well as double buffered memory It looks like several different methods of managing PMAC communications are possible. Here is set up a queue of outgoing commands and deal completely with the result before sending the next. A full handshake of acknowledgements and "readready" is expected.

State	Description
-1	Reset the connection
0	Detached: need to connect to tcp port
1	Idle (waiting for a command to send to the pmac)
2	Send command
3	Waiting for command acknowledgement (no further response expected)
4	Waiting for control character acknowledgement (further response expected)
5	Waiting for command acknowledgement (further response expected)
6	Waiting for get memory response
7	Send controlresponse
8	Send readready
9	Waiting for acknowledgement of "readready"
10	Send readbuffer
11	Waiting for control response
12	Waiting for readbuffer response

Date

2013

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [lspmac.c](#).

7.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation**7.6.2.1 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_CR 7**

Definition at line 45 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.2 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED 0

Definition at line 38 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.3 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_GB 10

Definition at line 48 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.4 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR 6

Definition at line 44 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.5 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE 1

Definition at line 39 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.6 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_RESET -1

Definition at line 37 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.7 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_RR 8

Definition at line 46 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.8 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_SC 2

Definition at line 40 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.9 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK 5

Definition at line 43 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.10 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_CC 4

Definition at line 42 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.11 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_NFR 3

Definition at line 41 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.12 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_RR 9

Definition at line 47 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.13 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WCR 11

Definition at line 49 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.14 #define LS_PMAC_STATE_WGB 12

Definition at line 50 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.15 #define LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH 1024

Definition at line 357 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.16 #define LSPMAC_PRESET_REGEX "(.*\\.%s\\.presets)\\.([0-9]+)\\.\\. (name|position)"

Regex to pick out preset name and corresponding position.

Definition at line 140 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.17 #define PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH 2048

Size of the PMAC command queue.

Definition at line 184 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.18 #define pmac_cmd_size 8

PMAC command size in bytes.

Definition at line 150 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.19 #define PMAC_MIN_CMD_TIME 10000.0

Minimum time between commands to the pmac.

Definition at line 180 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.20 #define PMACPORT 1025

The PMAC (only) listens on this port.

Definition at line 144 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.21 #define VR_CTRL_RESPONSE 0xc4

Definition at line 166 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.22 #define VR_DOWNLOAD 0x40

Definition at line 153 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.23 #define VR_FWDOWNLOAD 0xcb

Definition at line 170 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.24 #define VR_IPADDRESS 0xe0

Definition at line 171 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.25 #define VR_PMAC_FLUSH 0xb3

Definition at line 157 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.26 #define VR_PMAC_GETBUFFER 0xc5

Definition at line 167 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.27 #define VR_PMAC_GETLINE 0xb1

Definition at line 156 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.28 #define VR_PMAC_GETMEM 0xb4

Definition at line 158 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.29 #define VR_PMAC_GETRESPONSE 0xbf

Definition at line 164 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.30 #define VR_PMAC_PORT 0xbe

Definition at line 163 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.31 #define VR_PMAC_READREADY 0xc2

Definition at line 165 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.32 #define VR_PMAC_SENDCTRLCHAR 0xb6

Definition at line 160 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.33 #define VR_PMAC_SENDLINE 0xb0

Definition at line 155 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.2.34 #define VR_PMAC_SETBIT 0xba

Definition at line 161 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.2.35 #define VR_PMAC_SETBITS 0xbb

Definition at line 162 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.2.36 #define VR_PMAC_SETMEM 0xb5

Definition at line 159 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.2.37 #define VR_PMAC_WRITEBUFFER 0xc6

Definition at line 168 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.2.38 #define VR_PMAC_WRITEERROR 0xc7

Definition at line 169 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.2.39 #define VR_UPLOAD 0xc0

Definition at line 152 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.3 Typedef Documentation**7.6.3.1 typedef struct Ispmac_ascii_buffers_struct Ispmac_ascii_buffers_t****7.6.3.2 typedef struct Ispmac_combined_move_struct Ispmac_combined_move_t****7.6.3.3 typedef struct Ispmac_dpascii_queue_struct Ispmac_dpascii_queue_t****7.6.3.4 typedef struct md2StatusStruct md2_status_t**

The block of memory retrieved in a status request.

7.6.4 Function Documentation**7.6.4.1 void Ispmac_motor_init(Ispmac_motor_t * d, char * name)**

Helper function for the init calls.

Definition at line 3261 of file Ispmac.c.

```

{
    Ispmac_nmotors++;

    pthread_mutex_init( &(d->mutex), NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &(d->cond), NULL);

    d->name = strdup(name);
    d->active = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.active",
                                d->name);
    d->active_init = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.active_init", d->name);
    d->axis = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.axis",
                                d->name);
}

```

```

d->coord_num      = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.coord_num",      d->name);
d->home           = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.home",
    d->name);
d->inactive_init  = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.inactive_init",  d->name);
d->in_position_band = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.in_position_band", d->name);
d->redis_fmt      = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.format",
    d->name);
d->max_accel      = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.max_accel",      d->name);
d->max_speed      = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.max_speed",      d->name);
d->max_pos        = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.maxPosition",    d->name);
d->min_pos        = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.minPosition",    d->name);
d->motor_num      = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.motor_num",      d->name);
d->neg_limit_hit  = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.negLimitSet",    d->name);
d->neutral_pos    = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.neutralPosition", d->name);
d->redis_position = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.position",       d->name);
d->pos_limit_hit  = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.posLimitSet",    d->name);
d->precision      = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.precision",      d->name);
d->printf_fmt     = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.printf",         d->name);
d->status_str     = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.status_str",     d->name);
d->u2c            = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.u2c",
    d->name);
d->unit           = lsredis_get_obj( "%s.unit",
    d->name);
d->update_resolution = lsredis_get_obj( "
    %s.update_resolution", d->name);
d->lut            = NULL;
d->nlut          = 0;
d->homing        = 0;
d->dac_mvar       = NULL;
d->actual_pos_cnts_p = NULL;
d->status1_p      = NULL;
d->status2_p      = NULL;
d->win           = NULL;
d->read          = NULL;
d->reported_position = INFINITY;
}

```

7.6.4.2 void cleanstr (char * s)

Replace \r with \n in null terminated string and print result to terminal.

Needed to turn PMAC messages into something printable.

Parameters

in	s	String to print to terminal.
----	---	------------------------------

Definition at line 543 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);

    for( i=0; i<strlen( s); i++) {
        if( s[i] == '\r')
            wprintw( term_output, "\n");
        else
            wprintw( term_output, "%c", s[i]);
    }

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.3 void hex_dump (int *n*, unsigned char * *s*)

Prints a hex dump of the given data.

Used to debug packet data.

Parameters

in	<i>n</i>	Number of bytes passed in <i>s</i>
in	<i>s</i>	Data to dump

Definition at line 516 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        int i;          // row counter
        int j;          // column counter
        unsigned char outs[128], outsl[4];

        for( i=0; n > 0; i++) {
            sprintf( (char *)outs, "%04d: ", 16*i);
            for( j=0; j<16 && n > 0; j++) {
                if( j==8)
                    strcat( (char *)outs, " ");
                sprintf( (char *)outsl, " %02x", *(s + 16*i + j));
                strcat( (char *)outs, (char *)outsl);
                n--;
            }
            lslogging_log_message( "hex_dump: %s", outs);
        }
    }

```

7.6.4.4 void lsConnect (char * *ipaddr*)

Connect to the PMAC socket.

Establish or reestablish communications.

Parameters

in	<i>ipaddr</i>	String representation of the IP address (dot quad or FQN)
----	---------------	---

Definition at line 564 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        int psock;          // our socket: value stored in pmacfd.fd
        int err;            // error code from some system calls
        struct sockaddr_in *addrP; // our address structure to connect to
        struct addrinfo ai_hints; // required for getaddrinfo
        struct addrinfo *ai_resultP; // linked list of address structures (we'll
            always pick the first)

        pmacfd.fd = -1;
        pmacfd.events = 0;

        // Initial buffer(s)
        memset( &ai_hints, 0, sizeof( ai_hints));

        ai_hints.ai_family = AF_INET;
        ai_hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;

        //
        // get address
        //
        err = getaddrinfo( ipaddr, NULL, &ai_hints, &ai_resultP);
        if( err != 0) {

            lslogging_log_message( "Could not find address: %s",
                gai_strerror( err));

            return;
        }
    }

```

```

addrP = (struct sockaddr_in *)ai_resultP->ai_addr;
addrP->sin_port = htons( PMACPORT);

psock = socket( PF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
if( psock == -1) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Could not create socket");
    return;
}

err = connect( psock, (const struct sockaddr *)addrP, sizeof( *addrP));
if( err != 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Could not connect socket: %s",
        strerror( errno));
    return;
}

ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;
pmacfd.fd      = psock;
pmacfd.events  = POLLIN;
}

```

7.6.4.5 void lspmac_abort()

abort motion and try to recover

Definition at line 2021 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
//
// Stop everything!  (consider ^O instead of ^A)
//
lspmac_SockSendDPControlChar( "Abort Request", 0
    x01);
}

```

7.6.4.6 void lspmac_asciiCmdCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buf)

PMAC has received our ascii command request Now see when it is ready for the next one.

Definition at line 1952 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    lspmac_get_ascii( cmd->event);
}

```

7.6.4.7 void lspmac_backLight_down_cb (char * event)

Turn off the backlight whenever it goes down.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Name of the event that called us
--------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 3628 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    blight->moveAbs( blight, 0.0);
}

```


7.6.4.8 void Ispmac_backLight_up.cb (char * event)

Turn on the backlight whenever it goes up.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Name of the event that called us
--------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 3621 of file Ispmac.c.

```

    {
        blight->moveAbs( blight, (int) (Ispmac_getPosition
            ( zoom) ));
    }

```

7.6.4.9 Ispmac_bi_t*Ispmac_bi.init(Ispmac_bi_t * d, int * ptr, int mask, char * onEvent, char * offEvent)

Initialize binary input.

Definition at line 3423 of file Ispmac.c.

```

    {
        Ispmac_nbis++;
        pthread_mutex_init( &(d->mutex), NULL);
        d->ptr = ptr;
        d->mask = mask;
        d->changeEventOn = strdup( onEvent);
        d->changeEventOff = strdup( offEvent);
        d->first_time = 1;

        return d;
    }

```

7.6.4.10 void Ispmac_blight_lut_setup ()

Set up lookup table for blight.

Definition at line 3730 of file Ispmac.c.

```

    {
        int i;
        lsredis_obj_t *p;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &blight->mutex);

        blight->nlut = 11;
        blight->lut = calloc( 2 * blight->nlut, sizeof( double));
        if( blight->lut == NULL) {
            lslogging_log_message( "Ispmac_blight_lut_setup: out
                of memory");
            exit( -1);
        }

        blight->lut[0] = 0;
        blight->lut[1] = 0;

        for( i=1; i<blight->nlut; i++) {
            p = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.zoom.%d.LightIntensity", i);
            if( p==NULL || strlen( lsredis_getstr(p)) == 0) {
                free( blight->lut);
                blight->lut = NULL;
                blight->nlut = 0;
                pthread_mutex_unlock( &blight->mutex);
                lslogging_log_message( "Ispmac_blight_lut_setup:
                    cannot find MotorPosition element for cam.blight level %d", i);
                return;
            }
            blight->lut[2*i] = i;
            blight->lut[2*i+1] = 20000.0 * lsredis_getd( p) / 100.
                0;
        }
    }

```

```

for( i=0; i<blight->nlut; i++) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_blight_lut_setup: i:
        %d x: %f y: %f y(lut): %f x(rlut): %f",
            i, blight->lut[2*i], blight->lut[2
        *i+1],
            lspmac_lut( blight->nlut, blight
->lut, blight->lut[2*i]),
            lspmac_rlut( blight->nlut,
        blight->lut, blight->lut[2*i+1])
        );
}
pthread_mutex_unlock( &blight->mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.11 `lspmac_motor_t* lspmac_bo_init (lspmac_motor_t * d, char * name, char * write_fmt, int * read_ptr, int read_mask)`

Initialize binary i/o motor.

Parameters

in	<i>d</i>	Our uninitialized motor object
in	<i>name</i>	Name of motor to coordinate with DB
in	<i>write_fmt</i>	Format string used to generate PMAC command to move motor
in	<i>read_ptr</i>	Pointer to byte in md2_status to find position
in	<i>read_mask</i>	Bitmask to find position in *read_ptr

Definition at line 3354 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    _lspmac_motor_init( d, name);

    d->moveAbs      = lspmac_moveabs_bo_queue;
    d->jogAbs       = lspmac_moveabs_bo_queue;
    d->read         = lspmac_bo_read;
    d->write_fmt    = strdup( write_fmt);
    d->read_ptr     = read_ptr;
    d->read_mask    = read_mask;

    return d;
}

```

7.6.4.12 `void lspmac_bo_read (lspmac_motor_t * mp)`

Read the state of a binary i/o motor This is the read method for the binary i/o motor class.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor
----	-----------	-----------

Definition at line 1127 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int pos, changed;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    pos = (*(mp->read_ptr) & mp->read_mask) == 0 ? 0 : 1;

    changed = pos != mp->position;
    mp->position = pos;

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

    if( changed)
        lsevents_send_event( "%s %d", mp->name, pos);
}

```

7.6.4.13 void lspmac_command_done_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 3790 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;
    lspmac_motor_t *mp;

    // O(n). Bad.
    //
    for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
        if( strcmp( lspmac_motors[i].name, event, strlen(
            lspmac_motors[i].name)) == 0)
            break;
    }

    if( i >= lspmac_nmotors)
        return;

    mp = &(lspmac_motors[i]);
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    mp->command_sent = 1;

    pthread_cond_signal( &(mp->cond));
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

    return;
}

```

7.6.4.14 void lspmac_cryoSwitchChanged_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 3583 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int pos;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(cryo->mutex));
    pos = cryo->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(cryo->mutex));

    cryo->moveAbs( cryo, pos ? 0.0 : 1.0);
}

```

7.6.4.15 lspmac_motor_t* lspmac_dac_init (lspmac_motor_t * d, int * posp, char * mvar, char * name, int (*)(lspmac_motor_t *, double) moveAbs)

Initialize DAC motor Note that some motors require further initialization from a database query.

For this reason this initialization code must be run before the database queue is allowed to be processed.

Parameters

out	<i>d</i>	Returns the (almost) initialized motor object [in,out] unitintialized motor
in	<i>posp</i>	Location of current position
in	<i>mvar</i>	M variable, ie, "M1200"
in	<i>name</i>	name to coordinate with DB
in	<i>moveAbs</i>	Method to use to move this motor

Definition at line 3381 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    _lspmac_motor_init( d, name);
    d->moveAbs          = moveAbs;
    d->jogAbs           = moveAbs;
    d->read             = lspmac_dac_read;
    d->actual_pos_cnts_p = posp;
    d->dac_mvar         = strdup( mvar);
}

```

```

    return d;
}

```

7.6.4.16 void lspmac_dac_read (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Read a DAC motor position.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor
----	-----------	-----------

Definition at line 1147 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double u2c;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
    mp->actual_pos_cnts = *mp->actual_pos_cnts_p;
    u2c = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);

    if( mp->nlut >0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
        if( u2c == 0.0)
            u2c = 1.0;
        mp->position = lspmac_rlut( mp->nlut, mp->lut, mp
            ->actual_pos_cnts/u2c);
    } else {
        if( u2c != 0.0) {
            mp->position = mp->actual_pos_cnts / u2c;
        } else {
            mp->position = mp->actual_pos_cnts;
        }
    }

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
}

```

7.6.4.17 void lspmac_Error (char * buff)

The service routing detected an error condition.

Scan the response buffer for an error code and print it out.

Parameters

in	<i>buff</i>	Buffer returned by PMAC perhaps containing a NULL terminated message.
----	-------------	---

Definition at line 773 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int err;
    //
    // assume buff points to a 1400 byte array of stuff read from the pmac
    //

    if( buff[0] == 7 && buff[1] == 'E' && buff[2] == 'R' && buff[3] == 'R') {
        buff[7] = 0; // For null termination
        err = atoi( &(buff[4]));
        if( err > 0 && err < 20) {
            lslogging_log_message( pmac_error_strs
                [err]);

            pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
            wprintw( term_output, "\n%s\n", pmac_error_strs
                [err]);
            wnoutrefresh( term_output);
            wnoutrefresh( term_input);
            doupdate();
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
        }
    }
}

```

```
lspmac_Reset();
}
```

7.6.4.18 `int lspmac_est_move_time (double * est_time, int * mmask, lspmac_motor_t * mp_1, int jog_1, char * preset_1, double end_point_1, ...)`

Move the motors and estimate the time it'll take to finish the job.

Returns the estimate time and the coordinate system mask to wait for

Parameters

<i>est_time</i>	Returns number of seconds we estimate the move(s) will take
<i>mmask</i>	Mask of coordinate systems we are trying to move, excluding jogs. Used to wait for motions to complete
<i>mp_1</i>	Pointer to first motor
<i>jog_1</i>	1 to force a jog, 0 to try a motion program DO NOT MIX JOGS AND MOTION PROGRAMS IN THE SAME COORDINATE SYSTEM!
<i>preset_1</i>	Name of preset we'd like to move to or NULL if <i>end_point_1</i> should be used instead
<i>end_point_1</i>	End point for the first motor. Ignored if <i>preset_1</i> is non null and identifies a valid preset for this motor
...	Perhaps more quads of motors, jog flags, preset names, and end points. End is a NULL motor pointer MUST END ARG LIST WITH NULL

< units to counts

< The total distance we need to go

< Our maximum velocity

< Our maximum acceleration

< Total time for this motor

< coordinate system motion flags

Definition at line 2617 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    static char axes[] = "XYZUVWABC";
    static int qs[9];
    static lspmac_combined_move_t motions[32];

    int j;
    va_list arg_ptr;
    lspmac_motor_t *mp;
    double ep, maybe_ep;
    char *ps;
    double
        min_pos,
        max_pos,
        neutral_pos,
        u2c,
        D,
        V,
        A,
        Tt;
    int err;
    int jog;
    int i;
    int m5075;

    // reset our coordinate flags and command strings
    //
    for( i=0; i<32; i++) {
        motions[i].moveme = 0;
    }
    m5075 = 0;

    //
    // Initialize first iteration

```



```

    D > V^2 / A

    we need to use equation (1) otherwise we need to use equation (2)

*/

Tt = 0.0;
if( mp != NULL && mp->max_speed != NULL && mp->max_accel
    != NULL && mp->u2c != NULL) {

    //
    // get the real endpoint if a preset was mentioned
    //
    if( ps != NULL && *ps != 0) {
        err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, ps, &
maybe_ep);
        if( err != 0)
            ep = maybe_ep;
    }

    u2c = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);

    if( u2c <= 0.0)
        continue;

    D = ep - lspmac_getPosition( mp);
    // User units
    V = lsredis_getd( mp->max_speed) / u2c * 1000.;
    // User units per second
    A = lsredis_getd( mp->max_accel) / u2c * 1000. *
1000;          // User units per second per second

    neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
    min_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->min_pos) - neutral_pos
;
    max_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->max_pos) - neutral_pos
;

    if( ep < min_pos || ep > max_pos) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
Motor %s Requested position %f out of range: min=%f, max=%f", mp->name, ep,
min_pos, max_pos);
        lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name
);
        return 1;
    }

    //
    // Don't bother with motors without velocity or acceleration defined
    //
    if( V > 0.0 && A > 0.0) {
        if( fabs(D) > V*V/A) {
            //
            // Normal ramp up, constant velocity, and ramp down
            //
            Tt = fabs(D)/V + V/A;
        } else {
            //
            // Never reach constantanve velocity, just ramp up a bit and back
down
            //
            Tt = 2.0 * sqrt( fabs(D)/A);
        }

        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
Motor: %s D: %f VV/A: %f Tt: %f", mp->name, D, V*V/A, Tt);
    } else {
        //
        // TODO: insert move time based for DAC or BO motor like objects;
        // For now assume 100 msec;
        //
        Tt = 0.1;
    }

    // Perhaps flag a coordinate system
    //
    // We can move a motor that's not in a coordinate system but we cannot
move a motor that is but does not
    // have an axis defined if we are also moving one that does. It's a
limitation, I guess.
    //
    if( jog != 1 &&
        mp->coord_num != NULL && lsredis_getl( mp->
coord_num) > 0 && lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num) <=
16 &&
        mp->motor_num != NULL && lsredis_getl( mp->

```

```

motor_num) > 0 && mp->axis != NULL && lsredis_getc( mp
->axis) != 0) {
    int axis;
    int motor_num;

    motor_num = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);

    axis = lsredis_getc( mp->axis);
    for( j=0; j<sizeof(axes); j++) {
        if( axis == axes[j])
            break;
    }

    if( j < sizeof( axes)) {
        //
        // Store the motion request for a normal PMAC motor
        //
        int cn;
        int in_position_band;

        cn = lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num);
        in_position_band = lsredis_getl( mp->in_position_band
    );

    motions[motor_num - 1].coord_num = cn;
    motions[motor_num - 1].axis      = j;
    motions[motor_num - 1].Delta     = D * u2c;
    //
    // Don't ask to run a motion program if we are already where we want
    to be
    //
    // Deadband is 10 counts except for zoom which is 100.
    // We use Ixx28 In-Position Band which has units of 1/16 count
    //
    //
    if( abs(motions[motor_num - 1].Delta)*16 >= in_position_band) {
        m5075 |= 1 << (cn - 1);
        motions[motor_num - 1].moveme    = 1;
    }
} else {
    //
    // Here we are dealing with a DAC or BO motor or just want to jog.
    //
    if( mp->jogAbs( mp, lspmac_getPosition( mp) + D
)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
motor %s failed to queue move of distance %f from %f", mp->name, D,
lspmac_getPosition(mp));
        lsevents_send_event( "Move Aborted");
        return 1;
    }
}
//
// Update the estimated time
//
*est_time = *est_time < Tt ? Tt : *est_time;

lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
est_time=%f", *est_time);
}

mp = va_arg( arg_ptr, lspmac_motor_t *);
if( mp == NULL)
    break;

jog = va_arg( arg_ptr, int);
ps  = va_arg( arg_ptr, char *);
ep  = va_arg( arg_ptr, double);
}
va_end( arg_ptr);

// Call the motion program(s)
{
    char s[256];
    int foundone;
    int err;
    int moving_flags;
    struct timespec timeout;

    if( m5075 != 0) {
        *mmask |= m5075; // Tell the caller about our new mask

        pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

```



```

if( (lspmac_moving_flags & m5075) != m5075)
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "M5075=(M5075 | %d)",
        m5075);

clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &timeout);
//
timeout.tv_sec += 2;      // 2 seconds should be more than enough time to
    set the flags
err = 0;
while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & m5075) !=
m5075)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);
moving_flags = lspmac_moving_flags;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
    Timed out waiting for moving flags.  lspmac_moving_flags = %0x", moving_flags);
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted Combined
    Motors");
    return 1;
}
}

for( i=1; i<=16; i++) {
    //
    // Loop over coordinate systems
    //
    foundone = 0;

    for( j=0; j<9; j++)
        qs[j] = 0;

    for( j=0; j<31; j++) {
        //
        // Loop over motors
        //
        if( motions[j].moveme && motions[j].coord_num == i) {
            if( abs(motions[j].Delta) > 0) {
                qs[(int)(motions[j].axis)] = motions[j].Delta;
                foundone=1;
            }
        }
    }

    if( foundone) {
        sprintf( s, "%d Q40=%d Q41=%d Q42=%d Q43=%d Q44=%d Q45=%d Q46=%d
        Q47=%d Q48=%d Q49=%d Q100=%d B180R",
            i, qs[0], qs[1], qs[2], qs[3], qs[4], qs[5], qs[6], qs[7], qs[
            8], *est_time * 1000., 1 << (i-1));

        lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, s);
    }
}
}
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.19 void lspmac_flight_lut_setup ()

Set up lookup table for flight.

Definition at line 3697 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;
    lsredis_obj_t *p;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &flight->mutex);

    flight->nlut = 11;
    flight->lut = calloc( 2 * flight->nlut, sizeof( double));
    if( flight->lut == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_flight_lut_setup: out
        of memory");
        exit( -1);
    }

    flight->lut[0] = 0;
}

```

```

flight->lut[1] = 0;
for( i=1; i < flight->nlut; i++) {
    p = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.zoom.%d.FrontLightIntensity", i);
    if( p==NULL || strlen( lsredis_getstr(p)) == 0) {
        free( flight->lut);
        flight->lut = NULL;
        flight->nlut = 0;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &flight->mutex);
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_flight_lut_setup:
            cannot find MotorPosition element for cam.flight level %d", i);
        return;
    }
    flight->lut[2*i] = i;
    flight->lut[2*i+1] = 32767.0 * lsredis_getd( p) / 100.
    0;
}
pthread_mutex_unlock( &flight->mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.20 void lspmac.fscint.lut.setup ()

Set up lookup table for fscint.

Definition at line 3771 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &fscint->mutex);

    fscint->nlut = 101;
    fscint->lut = calloc( 2 * fscint->nlut, sizeof( double));
    if( fscint->lut == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_fscint_lut_setup: out
            of memory");
        exit( -1);
    }

    for( i=0; i<fscint->nlut; i++) {
        fscint->lut[2*i] = i;
        fscint->lut[2*i+1] = 320.0 * i;
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &fscint->mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.21 lspmac_motor_t* lspmac.fshut.init(lspmac_motor_t * d)

Initialize the fast shutter motor.

Parameters

in	<i>d</i>	Our uninitialized motor object
----	----------	--------------------------------

Definition at line 3337 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    _lspmac_motor_init( d, "fastShutter");

    d->moveAbs = lspmac_moveabs_fshut_queue;
    ;
    d->jogAbs = lspmac_moveabs_fshut_queue;
    ;
    d->read = lspmac_shutter_read;

    return d;
}

```

7.6.4.22 void lspmac.get_ascii (char * event)

Forward declarateion.

Request the ascii buffers from the PMAC.

Definition at line 1944 of file lspmac.c.

```

lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_GETMEM
    , 0x0e9c, 0, sizeof(lspmac_ascii_buffers_t), NULL,
    lspmac_get_ascii_cb, 0, event);
}

```

7.6.4.23 void lspmac_get_ascii.cb (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

service the ascii buffer request response

Definition at line 1836 of file lspmac.c.

```

uint32_t clrddata;
int need_more;

need_more = 0;
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
memcpy( &lspmac_ascii_buffers, buff, sizeof(
    lspmac_ascii_buffers));

//
// The response is not ready yet
// This will be an infinite loop if we queue a command that does not
// produce a response.
//
// Quoted comments below from Delta Tau "Turbo PMAC User Manual 9/12/2008,
// page 422"
//
// "1. Wait for the Host-Input Control Word at 0x0F40 (Y:$063D0) to become
// greater than 0, indicating
// that a response line is ready."
//
if( lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf == 0) {
    need_more = 1;
} else {
    if( (lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf & 0
        x8000) != 0) {
        char bcd1, bcd2, bcd3;
        int errcode;
        // Error response
        //
        // "2. Interpret the value in this register to determine what
        // type of response is present. If Bit 15 is 1, Turbo PMAC is
        // reporting an error in the command, and there is no response
        // other than this word. In this case, Bits 0 - 11 encode the
        // error number for the command as 3 BCD digits."
        //
        need_more = 0;
        bcd1 = lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf
            & 0x000f;
        bcd2 = (lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf
            & 0x00f0) >> 4;
        bcd3 = (lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf
            & 0x0f00) >> 8;
        errcode = (bcd3 * 10 + bcd2) * 10 + bcd1;

        if( errcode >= sizeof( pmac_error_strs)/sizeof(
            *pmac_error_strs))
            errcode = 0;
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_get_ascii.cb: Error
            returned for %s: %s", lspmac_ascii_buffers.command_str
            , pmac_error_strs[errcode]);
        //
        // Command not allowed during program execution.
        //
        // Requeue it;
        if( errcode == 1) {
            lspmac_dpascii_off--;
        }
    } else {
        //
        // "3. Read the response string starting at 0x0F44
        // (Y:$0603D1). Two 8-bit characters are packed into each 16-bit
        // word; the first character is placed into the low
        // byte. Subsequent characters are placed into consecutive

```

```

// higher addresses, two per 16-bit word. (In byte addressing,
// each character is read from an address one higher than the
// preceding character.) Up to 255 characters can be sent in a
// single response line. The string is terminated with the NULL
// character (byte value 0), convenient for C-style string
// handling. For Pascal-style string handling, the register at
// 0x0F42 (X:$0603D0) contains the number of characters in the
// string (plus one).
//
if( lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_n > 1)
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_get_ascii_cb: '%s'
'%s'", lspmac_ascii_buffers.command_str,
lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_str);
else
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_get_ascii_cb: '%s'
responded", lspmac_ascii_buffers.command_str);

//
// 5. "If Bits 0 - 7 of the Host-Input Control Word had
// contained the value $0D (13 decimal, "CR"), this was not the
// last line in the response, and steps 1 - 4 should be
// repeated. If they had contained the value $06 (6 decimal,
// "ACK"), this was the last line in the response."
//
if( (lspmac_ascii_buffers.response_buf &
0x00ff) == 0x0d) {
    need_more = 1;
} else {
    need_more = 0;

    if( cmd->event != NULL && *(cmd->event) != 0)
        lsevents_send_event( "%s command accepted", cmd->
event);
}
}
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);

//
// Reset the buffer flags and, perhaps, requeue a request
//
// "4. Clear the Host-Input Control Word at 0x0F40 (Y:$063D0)
// to 0. Turbo PMAC will not send another response line until it sees
// this register set to 0."
//
clrdata = 0;          // set the control word to zero

if( need_more) {
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
, 0x0f40, 0, 4, (char *)&clrdata, lspmac_more_ascii_cb, 1,
NULL);
} else {
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
, 0x0f40, 0, 4, (char *)&clrdata, NULL, 1, NULL);
    lspmac_ascii_busy = 0;
}
}

```

7.6.4.24 void lspmac_get_status ()

Request a status update from the PMAC.

Definition at line 1824 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_GETMEM
, 0x400, 0, sizeof(md2_status_t), NULL, lspmac_get_status_cb
, 0, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.25 void lspmac_get_status.cb (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

Service routing for status update This updates positions and status information.

Parameters

in	<i>cmd</i>	The command that generated this reply
in	<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
in	<i>buff</i>	The Big Byte Buffer

Definition at line 1600 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
#ifdef SHOW_RATE
static struct timespec ts1;
static struct timespec ts2;
static int cnt = 0;
#endif

int i;
lspmac_bi_t *bp;

clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &lspmac_status_time);

#ifdef SHOW_RATE
if( cnt == 0) {
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &ts1);
}
#endif

pthread_mutex_lock( &md2_status_mutex);
memcpy( &md2_status, buff, sizeof(md2_status));
//
// Note that we are the only thread that writes to md2_status
// so we no longer need the lock to read. Other threads must
// lock the mutex to read md2_status.
//
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2_status_mutex);

//
// track the coordinate system moving flags
//
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);
if( md2_status.moving_flags != lspmac_moving_flags
    ) {
    int mask;

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_get_status_cb: new
        moving flag: %0x", md2_status.moving_flags);
    mask = 1;
    for( i=1; i<=16; i++, mask <= 1) {
        if( ((lspmac_moving_flags & mask) != 0) && ((
            md2_status.moving_flags & mask) == 0)) {
            // Falling edge: send event
            lsevents_send_event( "Coordsys %d Stopped", i);
        }
    }
    lspmac_moving_flags = md2_status.moving_flags
    ;
    pthread_cond_signal( &lspmac_moving_cond);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

//
// Read the motor positions
//
for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
    lspmac_motors[i].read(&(lspmac_motors[i]));
}

//
// Read the binary inputs and perhaps send an event
//
for( i=0; i<lspmac_nbis; i++) {
    bp = &(lspmac_bis[i]);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(bp->mutex));

    bp->position = (*bp->ptr) & bp->mask == 0 ? 0 : 1;

    if( bp->first_time) {
        bp->first_time = 0;
        if( bp->position==1 && bp->changeEventOn != NULL &&
            bp->changeEventOn[0] != 0)
            lsevents_send_event( lspmac_bis[i].
                changeEventOn);
    }
}

```

```

    if( bp->position==0 && bp->changeEventOff != NULL
    && bp->changeEventOff[0] != 0)
        lsevents_send_event( lspmac_bis[i].
changeEventOff);
    } else {
        if( bp->position != bp->previous) {
            if( bp->position==1 && bp->changeEventOn != NULL
            && bp->changeEventOn[0] != 0)
                lsevents_send_event( lspmac_bis[i].
changeEventOn);
            if(bp->position==0 && bp->changeEventOff != NULL
            && bp->changeEventOff[0] != 0)
                lsevents_send_event( lspmac_bis[i].
changeEventOff);
        }
    }
    bp->previous = bp->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(bp->mutex));
}

pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);

// acc11c_1  INPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x01  0   M1000   Air pressure OK
// 0x02  1   M1001   Air bearing OK
// 0x04  2   M1002   Cryo switch
// 0x08  3   M1003   Backlight Down
// 0x10  4   M1004   Backlight Up
// 0x20  5
// 0x40  6   M1006   Cryo is back

//
// acc11c_2  INPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x01  0   M1008   Fluor Dector back
// 0x02  1   M1009   Sample Detected
// 0x04  2   M1020   {SC load request}
// 0x08  3   M1021   {SC move cryo back request}
// 0x10  4   M1022   {SC sample magnet control}
// 0x20  5   M1013   Etel Ready
// 0x40  6   M1014   Etel On
// 0x80  7   M1015   Etel Init OK

if( md2_status.acc11c_2 & 0x01)
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 3, 10, "%s", -8, "Fluor Out");
else
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 3, 10, "%s", -8, "Fluor In");

if( md2_status.acc11c_5 & 0x08)
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 4, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Dryer On");
else
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 4, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Dryer Off");

if( md2_status.acc11c_2 & 0x02)
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 2, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Cap Dectected");
else
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 2, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Cap Not Dectected");
wnoutrefresh( term_status2);

// acc11c_3  INPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x01  0   M1025   Minikappa OK
// 0x02  1   M1023   {SC unload request}
// 0x04  2   M1024   Smartmagnet is on (note in pmc saying this is not used
//          in VB interface)
// 0x08  3   M1027   Arm Parked
// 0x10  4   M1031   Smartmagnet error (coil is broken)
// 0x20  5
// 0x40  6
// 0x80  7
// 0x100 8   M1048   Shutter is open (note in pmc says: slow input !!!)

// acc11c_4  INPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x01  0   M1031   {laser mirror is back}
// 0x02  1   M1032   {laser PSS OK}
// 0x04  2   M1033   {laser shutter open}

```

```

// acc11c_5  OUTPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x01  0    M1100  Mag Off
// 0x02  1    M1191  Condenser Out
// 0x04  2    M1102  Cryo Back
// 0x08  3    M1103  Dryer On
// 0x10  4    M1104  FluoDet Out
// 0x20  5    M1105  {smartmagnet on/off: note in pmc says this is not used}
// 0x40  6    M1106  1=SmartMag, 0=Permanent Mag
//

if( md2_status.acc11c_5 & 0x04)
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 3, 1, "%s", -8, "Cryo Out");
else
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 3, 1, "%s", -8, "Cryo In ");

// acc11c_6  OUTPUTS
// mask  bit
// 0x0001  0 M1040  {SC Sample transfer is on}
// 0x0002  1
// 0x0004  2
// 0x0008  3
// 0x0010  4
// 0x0020  5
// 0x0040  6
// 0x0080  7 M1115  Etel Enable
// 0x0100  8 M1124  Fast Shutter Enable
// 0x0200  9 M1125  Fast Shutter Manual Enable
// 0x0400 10 M1126  Fast Shutter On
// 0x0800 11
// 0x1000 12 M1128  ADC1 gain bit 0
// 0x2000 13 M1129  ADC1 gain bit 1
// 0x4000 14 M1130  ADC2 gain bit 0
// 0x8000 15 M1131  ADC2 gain bit 1
//

if( md2_status.acc11c_5 & 0x02)
    mvwprintw( term_status, 3, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Backlight Up");
else
    mvwprintw( term_status, 3, 1, "%s", -(LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2), "Backlight Down");

mvwprintw( term_status, 4, 1, "Front: %u",
    LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH-2-8, (int)flight->position);
mvwprintw( term_status, 5, 1, "Back: %u", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2-7, (int)blight->position);
mvwprintw( term_status, 6, 1, "Piezo: %u",
    LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH-2-8, (int)fscint->position);
wnoutrefresh( term_status);

wnoutrefresh( term_input);
doupdate();
pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);

#ifdef SHOW_RATE
if( ++cnt % 1000 == 0) {
    long diff_sec;
    long diff_nsec;

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &ts2);

    diff_sec = ts2.tv_sec - ts1.tv_sec;
    diff_nsec = ts2.tv_nsec - ts1.tv_nsec;

    if( diff_nsec < 0) {
        diff_nsec += 1000000000;
        diff_sec--;
    }

    lslogging_log_message( "Refresh Rate: %0.1f Hz", (
        double)cnt / (diff_sec + diff_nsec/1000000000.));

    cnt = 0;
}
#endif
}

```

7.6.4.26 void Ispmac.GetAllIvars ()

Request the values of all the I variables.

Definition at line 2051 of file Ispmac.c.

```

    {
static char *cmds = "I0..8191";
lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen( cmds), cmds,
lspmac_GetAllIVarsCB, 0, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.27 void lspmac.GetAllIVarsCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

Receive the values of all the I variables Update our Postgresql database with the results.

Parameters

in	<i>cmd</i>	The command that gave this response
in	<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
in	<i>buff</i>	The byte buffer

Definition at line 2034 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
static char qs[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH];
char *sp;
int i;
for( i=0, sp=strtok(buff, "\r"); sp != NULL; sp=strtok( NULL, "\r"), i++) {
    snprintf( qs, sizeof( qs)-1, "SELECT pmac.md2_ivar_set( %d, '%s')", i, sp);
    qs[sizeof( qs)-1]=0;
    lspg_query_push( NULL, qs);
}
}

```

7.6.4.28 void lspmac.GetAllMVars ()

Request the values of all the M variables.

Definition at line 2076 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
static char *cmds = "M0..8191->";
lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen( cmds), cmds,
lspmac_GetAllMVarsCB, 0, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.29 void lspmac.GetAllMVarsCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

Receive the values of all the M variables Update our database with the results.

Parameters

in	<i>cmd</i>	The command that started this
in	<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
in	<i>buff</i>	Our byte buffer

Definition at line 2059 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
static char qs[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH];
char *sp;
int i;
for( i=0, sp=strtok(buff, "\r"); sp != NULL; sp=strtok( NULL, "\r"), i++) {
    snprintf( qs, sizeof( qs)-1, "SELECT pmac.md2_mvar_set( %d, '%s')", i, sp);
    qs[sizeof( qs)-1]=0;
    lspg_query_push( NULL, qs);
}
}

```



```

    }
}

```

7.6.4.30 int Ispmac_getBIPosition (Ispmac_bi_t * bip)

get binary input value

Definition at line 1588 of file Ispmac.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &bip->mutex);
    rtn = bip->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &bip->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.31 void Ispmac_Getmem ()

Request a block of double buffer memory.

Definition at line 1118 of file Ispmac.c.

```

{
    int nbytes;
    nbytes = (dbmemIn + 1400 > sizeof( dbmem)) ? sizeof( dbmem)
        - dbmemIn : 1400;
    Ispmac_SockGetmem( dbmemIn, nbytes);
}

```

7.6.4.32 void Ispmac_GetmemReplyCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

Service a reply to the getmem command.

Parameters

<i>cmd</i>	Queue item this is a reply to
<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
<i>buff</i>	Buffer of bytes recieved

Definition at line 1044 of file Ispmac.c.

```

{
    memcpy( &(dbmem[ntohs(cmd->pcmd.wValue)]), buff, nreceived);

    dbmemIn += nreceived;
    if( dbmemIn >= sizeof( dbmem)) {
        dbmemIn = 0;
    }
}

```

7.6.4.33 double Ispmac_getPosition (Ispmac_motor_t * mp)

get the motor position (with locking)

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	the motor object
-----------	------------------

Definition at line 1345 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
    rtn = mp->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.34 void lspmac_GetShortReplyCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

Receive a reply that does not require multiple buffers.

Parameters

in	<i>cmd</i>	Queue item this is a reply to
in	<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
in	<i>buff</i>	The buffer of bytes

Definition at line 987 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    char *sp;          // pointer to the command this is a reply to

    if( nreceived < 1400)
        buff[nreceived]=0;

    sp = (char *) (cmd->pcmd.bData);

    if( *buff == 0) {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
        wprintw( term_output, "%s\n", sp);
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
    } else {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
        wprintw( term_output, "%s: ", sp);
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
        cleanstr( buff);
    }
    wnoutrefresh( term_output);
    wnoutrefresh( term_input);
    doupdate();

    memset( cmd->pcmd.bData, 0, sizeof( cmd->pcmd.bData));
}

```

7.6.4.35 void lspmac_home1_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Home the motor.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	motor we are concerned about
----	-----------	------------------------------

Definition at line 1211 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;
    int motor_num;
    int coord_num;
    char **home;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    motor_num = lsredis_get1( mp->motor_num);
    coord_num = lsredis_get1( mp->coord_num);
    home      = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->home);
}

```

```

// Each of the motors should have this defined
// but let's not seg fault if home is missing
//
if( home == NULL || *home == NULL) {
    //
    // Note we are already initialized
    // so if we are here there is something wrong.
    //
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_home1_queue: null or
        empty home strings for motor %s", mp->name);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

// We've already been called. Don't home again until
// we're finish with the last time.
//
if( mp->homing) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

//
// Don't go on if any other motors in this coordinate system are homing.
// It's possible to write the homing program to home all the motors in the
// coordinate
// system. TODO (hint hint)
//
if( coord_num > 0) {
    for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
        if( &(lspmac_motors[i]) == mp)
            continue;
        if( lsredis_getl(lspmac_motors[i].coord_num) ==
            coord_num) {
            int nogo;
            nogo = 0;
            pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspmac_motors[i].mutex));
            //
            // Don't go on if
            //
            // we are homing or ( not in position
            while in open loop)
            //
            if( lspmac_motors[i].homing || (((lspmac_motors
                [i].status2 & 0x01)==0) && ((lspmac_motors[i].status1 & 0x040000)
                != 0)))
                nogo = 1;
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspmac_motors[i].mutex));
            if( nogo) {
                pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}
mp->homing = 1;
mp->not_done = 1; // set up waiting for cond
mp->motion_seen = 0;
// This opens the control loop.
// The status routine should notice this and the fact that
// the homing flag is set and call on the home2 routine
//
// Only send the open loop command if we are not in
// open loop mode already. This test might prevent a race condition
// where we've already moved the home2 routine (and queue the homing program
// motion)
// before the open loop command is dequeued and acted on.
//
if( ~(mp->status1) & 0x040000) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPline( mp->name, "##d$*",
        motor_num);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

lsevents_send_event( "%s Homing", mp->name);
}

```

7.6.4.36 void lspmac_home2.queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Second stage of homing.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	motor we are concerned about
----	-----------	------------------------------

Definition at line 1299 of file lspmacc.c.

```

{

char **spp;
char **home;

//
// At this point we are in open loop.
// Run the motor specific commands
//

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

home = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->home);

//
// We don't have any motors that have a null home text array so
// there is currently no need to worry about this case other than
// not to seg fault
//
// Also, Only go on if the first homing phase has been started
//
if( home == NULL || mp->homing != 1) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

for( spp = home; *spp != NULL; spp++) {

    pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
    wprintw( term_output, "home2 is queuing '%s'\n", *spp);
    wnoutrefresh( term_output);
    doupdate();
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);

    lspmacc_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, *spp);
}

mp->homing = 2;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
}

```

7.6.4.37 void lspmacc_init(int ivarsflag, int mvarsflag)

Initialize this module.

Parameters

in	<i>ivarsflag</i>	Set global flag to harvest i variables
in	<i>mvarsflag</i>	Set global flag to harvest m variables

Definition at line 3439 of file lspmacc.c.

```

{
md2_status_t *p;
pthread_mutexattr_t mutex_initializer;

// Set our global harvest flags
getivars = ivarsflag;
getmvars = mvarsflag;

// Use recursive mutexes
//
pthread_mutexattr_init( &mutex_initializer);
pthread_mutexattr_settype( &mutex_initializer, PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE);

// All important status mutex
pthread_mutex_init( &md2_status_mutex, &mutex_initializer);

//
// Get the MD2 initialization strings
//

```

```

// lspmac_md2_init = lsredis_get_obj( "md2_pmac.init"); // hard coded now.

//
// Initialize the motor objects
//

p = &md2_status;

omega = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 0]), 0, 0, &p->omega_act_pos, &p->omega_status_1
, &p->omega_status_2, "Omega #1 &1 X", "omega",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
alignx = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 1]), 0, 1, &p->alignx_act_pos, &p->alignx_status_1
, &p->alignx_status_2, "Align X #2 &3 X", "align.x",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
aligny = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 2]), 0, 2, &p->aligny_act_pos, &p->aligny_status_1
, &p->aligny_status_2, "Align Y #3 &3 Y", "align.y",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
alignz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 3]), 0, 3, &p->alignz_act_pos, &p->alignz_status_1
, &p->alignz_status_2, "Align Z #4 &3 Z", "align.z",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
anal = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 4]), 0, 4, &p->analyzer_act_pos, &p->analyzer_status_1
, &p->analyzer_status_2, "Anal #5", "lightPolar",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
zoom = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 5]), 1, 0, &p->zoom_act_pos, &p->zoom_status_1,
&p->zoom_status_2, "Zoom #6 &4 Z", "cam.zoom",
lspmac_movezoom_queue, lspmac_movezoom_queue
);
apery = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 6]), 1, 1, &p->aperturey_act_pos, &p->aperturey_status_1
, &p->aperturey_status_2, "Aper Y #7 &5 Y", "appy",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
aperz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 7]), 1, 2, &p->aperturez_act_pos, &p->aperturez_status_1
, &p->aperturez_status_2, "Aper Z #8 &5 Z", "appz",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
capy = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 8]), 1, 3, &p->capy_act_pos, &p->capy_status_1,
&p->capy_status_2, "Cap Y #9 &5 U", "capy",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
capz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 9]), 1, 4, &p->capz_act_pos, &p->capz_status_1,
&p->capz_status_2, "Cap Z #10 &5 V", "capz",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
scint = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[10]), 2, 0, &p->scint_act_pos, &p->scint_status_1
, &p->scint_status_2, "Scin Z #11 &5 W", "scint",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
cenx = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[11]), 2, 1, &p->centerx_act_pos, &p->centerx_status_1
, &p->centerx_status_2, "Cen X #17 &2 X", "centering.x",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
ceny = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[12]), 2, 2, &p->centery_act_pos, &p->centery_status_1
, &p->centery_status_2, "Cen Y #18 &2 Y", "centering.y",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
kappa = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[13]), 2, 3, &p->kappa_act_pos, &p->kappa_status_1
, &p->kappa_status_2, "Kappa #19 &7 X", "kappa",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
phi = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors[
14]), 2, 4, &p->phi_act_pos, &p->phi_status_1,
&p->phi_status_2, "Phi #20 &7 Y", "phi",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);

fshut = lspmac_fshut_init( &(lspmac_motors
[15]));
flight = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1

```

```

        6)), &p->front_dac, "M1200", "frontLight.intensity",
        lspmac_movedac_queue);
blight = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1
7]), &p->back_dac, "M1201", "backLight.intensity",
        lspmac_movedac_queue);
fscint = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1
8]), &p->scint_piezo, "M1203", "scint.focus",
        lspmac_movedac_queue);

smart_mag_oo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[19]), "smartMagnet", "M1100=%d", &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x01)
;
blight_ud = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[20]), "backLight", "M1101=%d", &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x02)
;
cryo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[21]), "cryo", "M1102=%d", &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x04)
;
dryer = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[22]), "dryer", "M1103=%d", &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x08)
;
fluo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[23]), "fluo", "M1104=%d", &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x10)
;
flight_oo = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[24]), "frontLight",
lspmac_moveabs_frontlight_oo_queue);
blight_f = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[25]), "backLight.factor",
lspmac_moveabs_blight_factor_queue);
flight_f = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[26]), "frontLight.factor",
lspmac_moveabs_flight_factor_queue);

lp_air = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis[
0]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x01, "Low Pressure Air OK", "
Low Pressure Air Failed");
hp_air = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis[
1]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x02, "High Pressure Air OK", "
High Pressure Air Failed");
cryo_switch = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 2]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x04, "CryoSwitchChanged",
"CryoSwitchChanged");
blight_down = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 3]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x08, "Backlight Down",
"Backlight Not Down");
blight_up = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 4]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x10, "Backlight Up",
"Backlight Not Up");
cryo_back = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 5]), &(md2_status.acc11c_1), 0x40, "Cryo Back",
"Cryo Not Back");
fluor_back = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 6]), &(md2_status.acc11c_2), 0x01, "Fluor. Det. Parked",
"Fluor. Det. Not Parked");
sample_detected = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 7]), &(md2_status.acc11c_2), 0x02, "SamplePresent",
"SampleAbsent");
etel_ready = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 8]), &(md2_status.acc11c_2), 0x20, "ETEL Ready",
"ETEL Not Ready");
etel_on = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 9]), &(md2_status.acc11c_2), 0x40, "ETEL On",
"ETEL Off");
etel_init_ok = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[10]), &(md2_status.acc11c_2), 0x80, "ETEL Init OK",
"ETEL Init Not OK");
minikappa_ok = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[11]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x01, "Minikappa OK",
"Minikappa Not OK");
smart_mag_on = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[12]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x04, "Smart Magnet On",
"Smart Magnet Not On");
arm_parked = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[13]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x08, "Arm Parked",
"Arm Not Parked");
smart_mag_err = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[14]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x10, "Smart Magnet Error",
"Smart Magnet OK");
shutter_open = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[15]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x100, "Shutter Open",
"Shutter Not Open");
smart_mag_off = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[16]), &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x01, "Smart Magnet Off",
"Smart Magnet Not Off");

```

```

//
// Initialize several commands that get called, perhaps, alot
//

rr_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
rr_cmd.Request     = VR_PMAC_READREADY;
rr_cmd.wValue      = 0;
rr_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
rr_cmd.wLength     = htons(2);
memset( rr_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(rr_cmd.bData));

gb_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
gb_cmd.Request     = VR_PMAC_GETBUFFER;
gb_cmd.wValue      = 0;
gb_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
gb_cmd.wLength     = htons(1400);
memset( gb_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(gb_cmd.bData));

cr_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
cr_cmd.Request     = VR_CTRL_RESPONSE;
cr_cmd.wValue      = 0;
cr_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
cr_cmd.wLength     = htons(1400);
memset( cr_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(cr_cmd.bData));

//
// Initialize some mutexs and conditions
//

pthread_mutex_init( &pmac_queue_mutex, &mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &pmac_queue_cond, NULL);

lspmac_shutter_state = 0; //
    assume the shutter is now closed: not a big deal if we are wrong
pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_shutter_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &lspmac_shutter_cond, NULL);
pmacfd.fd = -1;

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_moving_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &lspmac_moving_cond, NULL);

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_ascii_mutex, &mutex_initializer
    );

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_ascii_buffers_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);

//
// clear the ascii communications buffers
//
{
    uint32_t cc;
    cc = 0;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);

    cc = 0x18;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);
}

lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I5=0");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "ENABLE PLCC 0,2");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "DISABLE PLCC 1");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I5=3");
}

```

7.6.4.38 int lspmac_jogabs_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Use jog to move motor to requested position.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor to move
in	<i>requested_position</i>	Where to move it

Definition at line 3171 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
return lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp,
    requested_position, 1);
}

```

7.6.4.39 void lspmac.light_zoom.cb (char * event)

Set the backlight intensity whenever the zoom is changed (and the backlight is up)

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Name of the event that called us
--------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 3635 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
int z;

z = (int) (lspmac_getPosition( zoom));

lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_light_zoom_cb: zoom = %d"
    , z);

if( lspmac_getPosition( flight_oo) != 0.0) {
    flight->moveAbs( flight, (double)z);
} else {
    flight->moveAbs( flight, 0.0);
}
if( lspmac_getPosition( blight_ud) != 0.0) {
    blight->moveAbs( blight, (double)z);
} else {
    blight->moveAbs( blight, 0.0);
}
}
}

```

7.6.4.40 double lspmac.lut (int nlut, double * lut, double x)

Look up table support for motor positions (think x=zoom, y=light intensity) use a lookup table to find the "counts" to move the motor to the requested position The look up table is a simple one dimensional array with the x values as even indicies and the y values as odd indices.

Returns: y value

Parameters

in	<i>nlut</i>	number of entries in lookup table
in	<i>lut</i>	The lookup table: even indicies are the x values, odd are the y's
in	<i>x</i>	The x value we are looking up.

Definition at line 384 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
int i, foundone;
double m;
double y1, y2, x1, x2, y;

foundone = 0;
if( lut != NULL && nlut > 1) {
    for( i=0; i < 2*nlut; i += 2) {
        x1 = lut[i];
        y1 = lut[i+1];
        if( i < 2*nlut - 2) {
            x2 = lut[i+2];
            y2 = lut[i+3];
        }
    }
}

```



```

//
// First one too big? Use the y value of the first element
//
if( i == 0 && x1 > x) {
    y = y1;
    foundone = 1;
    break;
}

//
// Look for equality
//
if( x1 == x) {
    y = y1;
    foundone = 1;
    break;
}

//
// Maybe interpolate
//
if( (i < 2*nlut-2) && x < x2) {
    m = (y2 - y1) / (x2 - x1);
    y = m*(x - x1) + y1;
    foundone = 1;
    break;
}
}
if( foundone == 0) {
    // must be bigger than the last entry
    //
    //
    y = lut[2*(nlut-1) + 1];
}
return y;
}
return 0.0;
}

```

7.6.4.41 void lspmac_more_ascii.cb (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buff)

we are expecting more characters from the DPRAM ASCII interface

Definition at line 1830 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    lspmac_get_ascii( cmd->event );
}

```

7.6.4.42 lspmac_motor_t* lspmac_motor_init (lspmac_motor_t * d, int wy, int wx, int * posp, int * stat1p, int * stat2p, char * wtitle, char * name, int(*) (lspmac_motor_t *, double) moveAbs, int(*) (lspmac_motor_t *, double) jogAbs)

Initialize a pmac stepper or servo motor.

Parameters

in, out	<i>d</i>	An uninitialized motor object
in	<i>wy</i>	Curses status window row index
in	<i>wx</i>	Curses status window column index
in	<i>posp</i>	Pointer to position status
in	<i>stat1p</i>	Pointer to 1st status word
in	<i>stat2p</i>	Pointer to 2nd status word
in	<i>wtitle</i>	Title for this motor (to display)
in	<i>name</i>	This motor's name
in	<i>moveAbs</i>	Method to use to move this motor (motion program preferred)
in	<i>jogAbs</i>	Method to use to jog this motor (jog preferred)

Definition at line 3306 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {

        _lspmac_motor_init( d, name);

        d->moveAbs      = moveAbs;
        d->jogAbs        = jogAbs;
        d->read          = lspmac_pmacmotor_read;
        d->actual_pos_cnts_p = posp;
        d->status1_p     = stat1p;
        d->status2_p     = stat2p;
        d->win = newwin( LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_HEIGHT,
            LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH, wy*LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_HEIGHT
            , wx*LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH);
        box( d->win, 0, 0);
        mvwprintw( d->win, 1, 1, "%s", wtitle);
        wnoutrefresh( d->win);

        return d;
    }

```

7.6.4.43 int lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position, int use_jog)

Move method for normal stepper and servo motor objects Returns non-zero on abort, zero if OK.

< format string for coordinate system move

< coordinate system bit

< the requested position in units of "counts"

< motor and coordinate system;

< our axis

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor to move
in	<i>requested_ - position</i>	Where to move it
in	<i>use_jog</i>	1 to force jog, 0 for motion prog

Definition at line 2937 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {

        char *fmt;
        int ql00;
        int requested_pos_cnts;
        int coord_num, motor_num;
        char *axis;
        double u2c;
        double neutral_pos;
        double min_pos, max_pos;
        int pos_limit_hit, neg_limit_hit, in_position_band;
        struct timespec timeout, now;
        int err;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

        u2c          = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
        motor_num    = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);
        coord_num    = lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num);
        axis         = lsredis_getstr( mp->axis);
        neutral_pos  = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
        min_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->min_pos) -
            neutral_pos;
        max_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->max_pos) -
            neutral_pos;
        pos_limit_hit = lsredis_getd( mp->pos_limit_hit
        );
        neg_limit_hit = lsredis_getd( mp->neg_limit_hit
        );
        in_position_band = lsredis_getl( mp->in_position_band
        );
    }

```

```

if( u2c == 0.0 || requested_position < min_pos || requested_position >
    max_pos) {
    //
    // Shouldn't try moving a motor that's in trouble
    //
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue:
        %s u2c=%f requested position=%f min allowed=%f max allowed=%f", mp->name
        , u2c, requested_position, min_pos, max_pos);
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}

if( (neg_limit_hit && (requested_position < mp->position)) || (pos_limit_hit
    && (requested_position > mp->position))) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue:
        %s Moving wrong way on limit: requested position=%f current position=%f low
        limit=%d high limit=%d",
        mp->name, requested_position, mp->position
        , neg_limit_hit, pos_limit_hit);
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 2;
}

mp->requested_position = requested_position;
if( mp->nlut > 0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = (int)lspmac_lut( mp->
        nlut, mp->lut, requested_position);
} else {
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = u2c * (requested_position +
        neutral_pos);
}
requested_pos_cnts = mp->requested_pos_cnts;

if( (abs( requested_pos_cnts - mp->actual_pos_cnts) * 16 <
    in_position_band) || (lsredis_getb( mp->active) != 1)) {
    //
    // Lie and say we moved even though we didn't. Who will know? We are
    // within the deadband or not active.
    //
    mp->not_done = 0;
    mp->motion_seen = 1;
    mp->command_sent = 1;

    if( lsredis_getb( mp->active) != 1) {
        //
        // fake the motion for simulated motors
        //
        mp->position = requested_position;
        mp->actual_pos_cnts = requested_pos_cnts;
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return 0;
}

mp->not_done = 1;
mp->motion_seen = 0;
mp->command_sent = 0;

if( use_jog || axis == NULL || *axis == 0) {
    use_jog = 1;
} else {
    use_jog = 0;
    q100 = 1 << (coord_num -1);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

if( !use_jog) {
    //
    // Make sure the coordinate system is not moving something, wait if it is
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
    //
    // TODO: Have all moves estimate how long they'll take and use that here
    //
    timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 60.0; // a long timeout, but
    // we might really be moving something that takes this long (or longer)
    timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

    err = 0;
    while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & q100) != 0)

```

```

    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
    lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    lslogging_log_message( "
    lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue: Timed Out.  lspmac_moving_flags = %0x", lspmac_moving_flags
    );
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}

//
// Set the "we are moving this coordinate system" flag
//
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "M5075=(M5075 | %d)",
    q100);

switch( *axis) {
case 'A':
    fmt = "%d Q16=%d Q100=%d B146R";
    break;

case 'B':
    fmt = "%d Q17=%d Q100=%d B147R";
    break;

case 'C':
    fmt = "%d Q18=%d Q100=%d B148R";
    break;
case 'X':
    fmt = "%d Q10=%d Q100=%d B140R";
    break;

case 'Y':
    fmt = "%d Q11=%d Q100=%d B141R";
    break;

case 'Z':
    fmt = "%d Q12=%d Q100=%d B142R";
    break;

case 'U':
    fmt = "%d Q13=%d Q100=%d B143R";
    break;

case 'V':
    fmt = "%d Q14=%d Q100=%d B144R";
    break;

case 'W':
    fmt = "%d Q15=%d Q100=%d B145R";
    break;
}

//
// Make sure the flag has been seen
//

clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 4.0; // also a long timeout.
    This should really only take a few milliseconds on a slow day
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

err = 0;
while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & q100) == 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
    lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    lslogging_log_message( "
    lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue: Did not see flag propagate.  Move aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}
}

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
if( use_jog) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, "##d j=%d",
        motor_num, requested_pos_cnts);
} else {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, fmt, coord_num,

```

```

        requested_pos_cnts, q100);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

    free( axis);

    return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.44 int lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue(lspmac_motor_t * mp, char * preset, int use_jog)

move using a preset value returns 0 on success, non-zero on error

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	Our motor
in	<i>preset</i>	the name of the preset
	<i>use_jog</i>	[in] 1 to force jog, 0 to try motion prog

Definition at line 3132 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
double pos;
int err;
int rtn;

if( preset == NULL || *preset == 0) {
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 0;
}

err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, preset, &pos);

if( err != 0)
    rtn = lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp, pos,
        use_jog);
else {
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    rtn = 1;
}
return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.45 int lspmac_move_preset_queue(lspmac_motor_t * mp, char * preset_name)

Move a given motor to one of its preset positions.

No movement if the preset is not found.

Parameters

	<i>mp</i>	lspmac motor pointer
	<i>preset_name</i>	Name of the preset to use

Definition at line 2360 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
double pos;
int err;

lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_preset_queue: Called
    with motor %s and preset named '%s'", mp->name, preset_name);

err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, preset_name, &pos
    );
if( err == 0)
    return 1;

err = mp->jogAbs( mp, pos);
}

```

```

if( !err)
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_preset_queue:
        moving %s to preset '%s' (%f)", mp->name, preset_name, pos);
//
// the abort event should have been sent in moveAbs
//
return err;
}

```

7.6.4.46 int lspmac_moveabs_blight_factor_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double pos)

Definition at line 2553 of file lspmac.c.

```

char *fmt;
{

if( pos >= 60 && pos <= 140) {
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
    *mp->actual_pos_cnts_p = pos;
    mp->position = pos;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(blight->mutex));
    fmt = lsredis_getstr( blight->redis_fmt);
    lsredis_setstr( blight->u2c, fmt, pos / 100.0);
    free( fmt);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(blight->mutex));

    blight->moveAbs( blight, lspmac_getPosition
        ( zoom));
}

return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.47 int lspmac_moveabs_bo_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Move method for binary i/o motor objects.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	A binary i/o motor object
in	<i>requested_position</i>	a 1 or a 0 request to move

Definition at line 2434 of file lspmac.c.

```

{

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
mp->requested_position = requested_position == 0.0 ? 0.0 :
    1.0;
mp->requested_pos_cnts = requested_position == 0.0 ? 0 : 1;

mp->not_done = 1;
mp->motion_seen = 0;
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, mp->write_fmt
    , mp->requested_pos_cnts);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.48 int lspmac_moveabs_flight_factor_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double pos)

Definition at line 2530 of file lspmac.c.

```

char *fmt;
{
    if( pos >= 60 && pos <= 140) {
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
        *mp->actual_pos_cnts_p = pos;
        mp->position = pos;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

        pthread_mutex_lock( &(flight->mutex));

        fmt = lsredis_getstr( flight->redis_fmt);
        lsredis_setstr( flight->u2c, fmt, pos / 100.0);
        free( fmt);

        pthread_mutex_unlock( &(flight->mutex));

        flight->moveAbs( flight, lspmac_getPosition
            ( zoom));
        return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

```

7.6.4.49 int lspmac_moveabs_frontlight_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double pos)

"move" frontlight on/off

Definition at line 2517 of file lspmac.c.

```

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
*mp->actual_pos_cnts_p = pos;
mp->position = pos;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
if( pos == 0.0) {
    flight->moveAbs( flight, 0.0);
} else {
    flight->moveAbs( flight, lspmac_getPosition
        ( zoom));
}
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.50 int lspmac_moveabs_fshut_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Move method for the fast shutter.

Slightly more complicated than a binary io as some flags need to be set up.

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	The fast shutter motor instance
<i>requested_position</i>	1 (open) or 0 (close), really

Definition at line 2404 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    mp->requested_position = requested_position;
    mp->not_done = 1;
    mp->motion_seen = 0;
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = requested_position;
    if( requested_position != 0) {
        //
        // ScanEnable=0, ManualEnable=1, ManualOn=1
        //
        lspmac_SockSendDPline( mp->name, "M1124=0 M1125=1
            M1126=1");
    } else {
        //
    }
}

```

```

    // ManualOn=0, ManualEnable=0, ScanEnable=0
    //
    lspmac_SockSendDPline( mp->name, "M1126=0 M1125=0
        M1124=0");
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.51 int lspmac_moveabs.queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Use coordinate system motion program, if available, to move motor to requested position.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor to move
in	<i>requested_</i> - <i>position</i>	Where to move it

Definition at line 3160 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    return lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp,
        requested_position, 0);
}

```

7.6.4.52 void lspmac_moveabs.timed.queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double start, double delta, double time)

timed motor move

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	Our motor object
<i>start</i>	Beginning of motion
<i>delta</i>	Distance to move
<i>time</i>	to move it in (secs)

< Flags needed for wait routine

Definition at line 2460 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    // 240          LS-CAT Timed X move
    //          Q10   = Starting X value (cnts)
    //          Q11   = Delta X value    (cnts)
    //          Q12   = Time to run between the two points (mSec)
    //          Q13   = Acceleration time (msecs)
    //          Q100  = 1 << (coord sys no - 1)

    int q10;        // Starting value (counts)
    int q11;        // Delta (counts)
    int q12;        // Time to run (msecs)
    int q13;        // Acceleration time (msecs)
    int q100;       // 1 << (coord sys no - 1)
    int coord_num;  // our coordinate number
    double u2c;
    double neutral_pos;
    double max_accel;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    u2c      = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
    max_accel = lsredis_getd( mp->max_accel);
    coord_num = lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num);
    neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
}

```



```

if( u2c == 0.0 || time <= 0.0 || max_accel <= 0.0) {
    //
    // Shouldn't try moving a motor that has bad motion parameters
    //
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

mp->not_done = 1;
mp->motion_seen = 0;

mp->requested_position = start + delta;
mp->requested_pos_cnts = u2c * (mp->requested_position
    + neutral_pos);
q10 = mp->requested_pos_cnts;
q11 = u2c * delta;
q12 = 1000 * time;
q13 = q11 / q12 / max_accel;
q100 = 1 << (coord_num - 1);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, "%d Q10=%d Q11=%d
    Q12=%d Q13=%d Q100=%d B240R", coord_num, q10, q11, q12, q13, q100);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
}

```

7.6.4.53 int lspmac.moveabs.wait(lspmac_motor_t * mp, double timeout_secs)

Wait for motor to finish moving.

Assume motion already queued, now just wait

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	The motor object to wait for
<i>timeout_secs</i>	The number of seconds to wait for. Fractional values fine.

Definition at line 3186 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    struct timespec timeout, now;
    double isecs, fsecs;
    int err;

    //
    // Copy the queue item for the most recent move request
    //
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

    fsecs = modf( timeout_secs, &isecs);

    timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + (long)floor( isecs);
    timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec + (long)floor( fsecs * 1.0e9);

    timeout.tv_sec += timeout.tv_nsec / 1000000000;
    timeout.tv_nsec %= 1000000000;

    err = 0;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    while( err == 0 && mp->command_sent == 0)
        err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &mp->cond, &mp->mutex, &timeout);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    if( err != 0) {
        if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac.moveabs.wait:
                unexpected error from timedwait %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
                timeout.tv_nsec);
        }
        return 1;
    }

    //
    // wait for the motion to have started
    // This will time out if the motion ends before we can read the status back
    // hence the added complication of time stamp of the sent packet.

```

```

err = 0;
pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
while( err == 0 && mp->motion_seen == 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &(mp->cond), &(mp->mutex), &timeout)
    ;

if( err != 0) {
    if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_moveabs_wait:
            unexpected error from timedwait: %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
            timeout.tv_nsec);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return 1;
}

//
// wait for the motion that we know has started to finish
//
err = 0;
while( err == 0 && mp->not_done)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &(mp->cond), &(mp->mutex), &timeout)
    ;

if( err != 0) {
    if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_moveabs_wait:
            unexpected error from timedwait: %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
            timeout.tv_nsec);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return 1;
}

//
// if return code was not 0 then we know we shouldn't wait for not_done flag.
// In this case the motion ended before we read the status registers
//
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.54 int lspmac.movedac.queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Move method for dac motor objects (ie, lights)

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	Our motor
in	<i>requested_position</i>	Desired x postion (look up and send y position)

Definition at line 2294 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
double u2c;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

u2c = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
mp->requested_position = requested_position;

if( mp->nlut > 0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
    //
    // u2c scales the lookup table value
    //
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = u2c * lspmac_lut( mp->
        nlut, mp->lut, requested_position);

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_movedac_queue: motor %s
        requested position %f requested counts %d u2c %f",
        mp->name, mp->requested_position
        , mp->requested_pos_cnts, u2c);

    mp->not_done = 1;
    mp->motion_seen = 0;
}

```

```

    lspmac_SockSendDPlane( mp->name, "%s=%d", mp->
        dac_mvar, mp->requested_pos_cnts);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.55 int lspmac_movezoom_queue(lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position)

Move method for the zoom motor.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	the zoom motor
in	<i>requested_position</i>	our desired zoom

Definition at line 2327 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
double y;
int motor_num;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

motor_num = lsredis_get1( mp->motor_num);

mp->requested_position = requested_position;

if( mp->nlut > 0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
    y = lspmac_lut( mp->nlut, mp->lut, requested_position);

    mp->requested_pos_cnts = (int)y;
    mp->not_done = 1;
    mp->motion_seen = 0;

    lspmac_SockSendDPlane( mp->name, "##d j=%d",
        motor_num, mp->requested_pos_cnts);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.56 void lspmac_next_state()

State machine logic.

Given the current state, generate the next one

Definition at line 2125 of file lspmac.c.

```

{

//
// Connect to the pmac and perhaps initialize it.
// OK, this is slightly more than just the state
// machine logic...
//
if( ls_pmac_state == LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED
    ) {
    //
    // TODO (eventually)
    // This ip address wont change in a single PMAC installation
    // We'll need to audit the code if we decide to implement
    // multiple PMACs so might as well wait til then.
    //
    lsConnect( "192.6.94.5");

    //
}

```

```

// If the connect was successful we can proceed with the initialization
//
if( ls_pmac_state != LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED
) {
    lspmac_SockFlush();

    //
    // Harvest the I and M variables in case we need them
    // one day.
    //
    if( getmvars ) {
        lspmac_GetAllMVars();
        getmvars = 0;
    }

    if( getivars ) {
        lspmac_GetAllIVars();
        getivars = 0;
    }
}

//
// Check the command queue and perhaps go to the "Send Command" state.
//
if( ls_pmac_state == LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE ) {
    int goodtogo;
    goodtogo = 0;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
    if( lspmac_ascii_busy==0 && lspmac_dpascii_on
        != lspmac_dpascii_off)
        goodtogo = 1;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
    if( goodtogo)
        lspmac_SockSendDPqueue();
}

if( ls_pmac_state == LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE &&
    ethCmdOn != ethCmdOff)
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_SC;

//
// Set the events flag
// to tell poll what we are waiting for.
//
switch( ls_pmac_state ) {
case LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED:
    //
    // there shouldn't be a valid fd, so ignore the events
    //
    pmacfd.events = 0;
    break;

case LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE:
    if( ethCmdOn == ethCmdOff ) {
        //
        // Anytime we are idle we want to
        // get the status of the PMAC
        //
        lspmac_get_status();
    }

//
// These states require that we listen for packets
//
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_NFR:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_CC:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_RR:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WCR:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_WGB:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR:
    pmacfd.events = POLLIN;
    break;

//
// These states require that we send packets out.
//
case LS_PMAC_STATE_SC:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_CR:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_RR:
case LS_PMAC_STATE_GB:
    //

```

```

// Sad fact: PMAC will fail to process commands if we send them too
// quickly.
// We deal with that by waiting a tad before we let poll tell us the PMAC
// socket is ready to write.
//
gettimeofday( &now, NULL);
if( ((now.tv_sec * 1000000. + now.tv_usec) - (pmac_time_sent.tv_sec
* 1000000. + pmac_time_sent.tv_usec)) < PMAC_MIN_CMD_TIME) {
    pmacfd.events = 0;
} else {
    pmacfd.events = POLLOUT;
}
break;
}
}

```

7.6.4.57 void lspmac_pmacmotor_read(lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Read the position and status of a normal PMAC motor.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	Our motor
----	-----------	-----------

Definition at line 1356 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
char s[512], *sp;
int homing1, homing2;
double u2c;
double neutral_pos;
int motor_num;
char *fmt;
int status_changed;

if( lsredis_getb( mp->active) != 1)
    return;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

//
// if this time and last time were both "in position"
// and the position changed significantly then log the event
//
// On E omega has been observed to change by 0x10000 on its own
// with no real motion.
//
if( mp->status2 & 1 && mp->status2 == *mp->status2_p
&& abs( mp->actual_pos_cnts - *mp->actual_pos_cnts_p
) > 256) {
    //
    // lslogging_log_message( "Instantaneous change: %s old status1: %0x,
    // new status1: %0x, old status2: %0x, new status2: %0x, old cnts: %0x, new cnts:
    // %0x",
    // mp->name, mp->status1, *mp->status1_p, mp->status2,
    // *mp->status2_p, mp->actual_pos_cnts, *mp->actual_pos_cnts_p);

    //
    // At this point we'll just log the event and return
    // There is no reason to believe the change is real.
    //
    // There is a non-zero probability that the first value is the bad one and
    // any value afterwards will be taken as
    // wrong. Homing (or moving) the motor should fix this. There is a
    // non-zero probably that it can happen
    // two or more times in a row after moving.
    //
    // TODO: account for the case where mp->actual_pos_cnts is the bad value.
    //
    // TODO: Is this a problem when the motor is moving? Can we detect it?
    //
    // TODO: Think of the correct change value here (currently 256) that works
    // for all motors
    // or have this value configurable
    //
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

```

```

// Send an event if inPosition has changed
//
if( (mp->status2 & 0x000001) != (mp->status2_p & 0x000001))
{
    lsevents_send_event( "%s %s", mp->name, (mp->
        status2_p & 0x000001) ? "In Position" : "Moving");
}

// Get some values we might need later
//
u2c          = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
motor_num    = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);
neutral_pos  = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);

//
// maybe look for omega zero crossing
//
if( motor_num == 1 && omega_zero_search && mp->
    actual_pos_cnts_p >= 0 && mp->actual_pos_cnts <
    0) {
    int secs, nsecs;

    if( omega_zero_velocity > 0.0) {
        secs = mp->actual_pos_cnts_p / omega_zero_velocity
        ;
        nsecs = (mp->actual_pos_cnts_p / omega_zero_velocity
            - secs) * 1000000000;

        omega_zero_time.tv_sec = lspmac_status_time
        .tv_sec - secs;
        omega_zero_time.tv_nsec= lspmac_status_time
        .tv_nsec;
        if( omega_zero_time.tv_nsec < nsecs) {
            omega_zero_time.tv_sec -= 1;
            omega_zero_time.tv_nsec += 1000000000;
        }
        omega_zero_time.tv_nsec -= nsecs;

        lsevents_send_event( "omega crossed zero");
        lslogging_log_message("lspmac_pmacmotor_read: omega
            zero secs %d nsecs %d ozt.tv_sec %ld ozt.tv_nsec %ld, motor cnts %d",
                secs, nsecs, omega_zero_time.tv_sec,
                omega_zero_time.tv_nsec, mp->actual_pos_cnts_p
            );
    }
    omega_zero_search = 0;
}

// Make local copies so we can inspect them in other threads
// without having to grab the status mutex
//
if( mp->status1 != mp->status1_p || mp->status2 != *
    mp->status2_p) {
    mp->status1 = mp->status1_p;
    mp->status2 = mp->status2_p;
    status_changed = 1;
} else {
    status_changed = 0;
}
mp->actual_pos_cnts = mp->actual_pos_cnts_p;

//
// See if we are done moving, ie, in position
//
if( mp->status2 & 0x000001) {
    if( mp->not_done) {
        mp->not_done = 0;
        pthread_cond_signal( &(mp->cond));
    }
} else if( mp->not_done == 0) {
    mp->not_done = 1;
}

// See if the motor is moving
//
//          move timer          homing
//          123456              123456
if( mp->status1 & 0x020000 || mp->status1 & 0x000400) {
    if( mp->motion_seen == 0) {
        mp->motion_seen = 1;
        pthread_cond_signal( &(mp->cond));
    }
}

```

```

mvwprintw( mp->win, 2, 1, "%s", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2, " ");
mvwprintw( mp->win, 2, 1, "%d cts", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-6, mp->actual_pos_cnts);
mvwprintw( mp->win, 3, 1, "%s", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2, " ");

if( mp->nlut > 0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
    mp->position = lspmac_rlut( mp->nlut, mp->lut, mp
->actual_pos_cnts);
} else {
    if( u2c != 0.0) {
        mp->position = ((mp->actual_pos_cnts / u2c) -
neutral_pos);
    } else {
        mp->position = mp->actual_pos_cnts;
    }
}

if( status_changed || fabs(mp->reported_position - mp->
position) >= lsredis_getd(mp->update_resolution
)) {
    fmt = lsredis_getstr(mp->redis_fmt);
    lsredis_setstr( mp->redis_position, fmt, mp->
position);
    free(fmt);
    mp->reported_position = mp->position;
}

fmt = lsredis_getstr( mp->printf_fmt);
snprintf( s, sizeof(s)-1, fmt, 8, mp->position);
s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
free( fmt);

//
// indicate limit problems
//
lsredis_setstr( mp->pos_limit_hit, mp->status1
& 0x200000 ? "1" : "0");
lsredis_setstr( mp->neg_limit_hit, mp->status1
& 0x400000 ? "1" : "0");

// set flag if we are not homed
homing1 = 0;
//
// ~ (homed flag)
if( mp->homing == 0 && (~mp->status2 & 0x000400) != 0) {
    homing1 = 1;
}

// set flag if we are homing and in open loop
homing2 = 0;
//
// open loop
if( mp->homing == 1 && (mp->status1 & 0x040000) != 0) {
    homing2 = 1;
}
// maybe reset homing flag
//
// homed flag in position flag
if( (mp->homing == 2) && ((mp->status2 & 0x000400) != 0) && ((mp
->status2 & 0x000001) != 0)) {
    mp->homing = 0;
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Homed", mp->name);
}

s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
mvwprintw( mp->win, 3, 1, "%s", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-6, s);

if( status_changed) {
    mvwprintw( mp->win, 4, 1, "%x", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2, mp->status1);
    mvwprintw( mp->win, 5, 1, "%x", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2, mp->status2);
    sp = "";
    if( mp->status2 & 0x000002)
        sp = "Following Warning";
    else if( mp->status2 & 0x000004)
        sp = "Following Error";
    else if( mp->status2 & 0x000020)
        sp = "I2T Amp Fault";
    else if( mp->status2 & 0x000008)
        sp = "Amp. Fault";
    else if( mp->status2 & 0x000800)
        sp = "Stopped on Limit";
    else if( mp->status1 & 0x040000)
        sp = "Open Loop";
}

```

```

else if( ~(mp->status1) & 0x080000)
    sp = "Motor Disabled";
else if( mp->status1 & 0x000400)
    sp = "Homing";
else if( (mp->status1 & 0x600000) == 0x600000)
    sp = "Both Limits Tripped";
else if( mp->status1 & 0x200000)
    sp = "Positive Limit";
else if( mp->status1 & 0x400000)
    sp = "Negative Limit";
else if( ~(mp->status2) & 0x000400)
    sp = "Not Homed";
else if( mp->status1 & 0x020000)
    sp = "Moving";
else if( mp->status2 & 0x000001)
    sp = "In Position";

mvwprintw( mp->win, 6, 1, "%s", LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH
-2, sp);

    lsredis_setstr( mp->status_str, sp);
}
wnoutrefresh( mp->win);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

if( homing1)
    lspmac_home1_queue( mp);

if( homing2)
    lspmac_home2_queue( mp);

lspmac_status_last_time.tv_sec = lspmac_status_time
.tv_sec;
lspmac_status_last_time.tv_nsec = lspmac_status_time
.tv_nsec;
}

```

7.6.4.58 `pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_pop_queue()`

Remove the oldest queue item.

Used to send command to PMAC. Note that there is a separate reply index to ensure we've know to what command a reply is referring. Returns the item.

Definition at line 658 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    pmac_cmd_queue_t *rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &pmac_queue_mutex);

    if( ethCmdOn == ethCmdOff)
        rtn = NULL;
    else {
        rtn = &(ethCmdQueue[(ethCmdOff++) %
            PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH]);
        clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &(rtn->time_sent));
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &pmac_queue_mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.59 `pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_pop_reply()`

Remove the next command queue item that is waiting for a reply.

We always need a reply to know we are done with a given command. Returns the item.

Definition at line 678 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    pmac_cmd_queue_t *rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &pmac_queue_mutex);

```



```

if( ethCmdOn == ethCmdReply)
    rtn = NULL;
else
    rtn = &(ethCmdQueue[(ethCmdReply++) %
        PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH]);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &pmac_queue_mutex);
return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.60 `pmac_cmd_queue_t*` `lspmac_push_queue (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd)`

Put a new command on the queue.

Pointer is returned so caller can evaluate the time command was actually sent.

Parameters

<i>cmd</i>	Command to send to the PMAC
------------	-----------------------------

Definition at line 634 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    pmac_cmd_queue_t *rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &pmac_queue_mutex);
    rtn = &(ethCmdQueue[(ethCmdOn++) % PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ]);
    memcpy( rtn, cmd, sizeof( pmac_cmd_queue_t));
    rtn->time_sent.tv_sec = 0;
    rtn->time_sent.tv_nsec = 0;
    pthread_cond_signal( &pmac_queue_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &pmac_queue_mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.6.4.61 `void` `lspmac_Reset ()`

Clear the queue and put the PMAC into a known state.

Definition at line 757 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;

    // clear queue
    ethCmdReply = ethCmdOn;
    ethCmdOff = ethCmdOn;

    lspmac_SockFlush();
}

```

7.6.4.62 `void` `lspmac_reset_queue ()`

Clear the queue as part of PMAC reinitialization.

Definition at line 621 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &pmac_queue_mutex);
    ethCmdOn = 0;
    ethCmdOff = 0;
    ethCmdReply = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &pmac_queue_mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.63 double lspmac_rlut (int *nlut*, double * *lut*, double *y*)

Parameters

in	<i>nlut</i>	number of entries in lookup table
in	<i>lut</i>	our lookup table
in	<i>y</i>	the y value for which we need an x

Definition at line 442 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
int i, foundone, up;
double m;
double y1, y2, x1, x2, x;

foundone = 0;
if( lut != NULL && nlut > 1) {

    //
    // are the table values going up or down?
    //
    if( lut[1] < lut[2*nlut-1])
        up = 1;
    else
        up = 0;

    //
    // Linear search
    //
    for( i=0; i < 2*nlut; i += 2) {
        x1 = lut[i];
        y1 = lut[i+1];
        if( i < 2*nlut - 2) {
            x2 = lut[i+2];
            y2 = lut[i+3];
        }
        //
        // see if y is before the beginning of the table
        //
        if( i==0 && ( up ? y1 > y : y1 < y)) {
            x = x1;
            foundone = 1;
            break;
        }
        //
        // Did we, perhaps, nail it?
        //
        if( y1 == y) {
            x = x1;
            foundone = 1;
            break;
        }
        //
        // Interpolate between the two values (if we've not bumped our heads on
        // the end of the table)
        //
        if( ( i < 2*nlut-2) && (up ? y < y2 : y > y2)) {
            m = (x2 - x1) / (y2 - y1);
            x = m * (y - y1) + x1;
            foundone = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
    //
    // y is off the charts: just use the last value
    //
    if( foundone == 0 ) {
        x = lut[2*(nlut-1)];
    }
    return x;
}
return 0.0;
}

```

7.6.4.64 void lspmac_run ()

Start up the lspmac thread.

Definition at line 3818 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
char **inits;
lspmac_motor_t *mp;
char evts[64];
int i;
int active;
int motor_num;

pthread_create( &pmac_thread, NULL, lspmac_worker,
    NULL);

lsevents_add_listener( "CryoSwitchChanged",
    lspmac_cryoSwitchChanged_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "scint In Position",
    lspmac_scint_inPosition_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "scintDried",
    lspmac_scint_dried_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "backLight 1",
    lspmac_backLight_up_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "backLight 0",
    lspmac_backLight_down_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "cam.zoom In Position",
    lspmac_light_zoom_cb);

for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
    snprintf( evts, sizeof( evts)-1, "%s command accepted", lspmac_motors
        [i].name);
    evts[sizeof( evts)-1] = 0;
    lsevents_add_listener( evts, lspmac_command_done_cb
        );
}

lspmac_zoom_lut_setup();
lspmac_flight_lut_setup();
lspmac_blight_lut_setup();
lspmac_fscint_lut_setup();

//
// Clear the command interfaces
//
lspmac_SockSendControlCharPrint( NULL, '\x18')
;
{
    uint32_t cc;
    cc = 0;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);

    cc = 0x18;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);
}

//
// Initialize the MD2 pmac (ie, turn on the right plcc's etc)
//
/*
for( inits = lsredis_get_string_array(lspmac_md2_init); *inits != NULL;
    inits++) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, *inits);
}
*/

//
// Initialize the pmac's support for each motor
// (ie, set the various flag for when a motor is active or not)
//
for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
    mp
        = &(lspmac_motors[i]);
    active
        = lsredis_getb( mp->active);
    motor_num
        = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);

    if( motor_num >= 1 && motor_num <= 32) {

        //
        // Set the PMAC to be consistant with redis
        //
        lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I%d16=%f I%d17=%f
            I%d28=%d", motor_num, lsredis_getd( mp->max_speed), motor_num,
            lsredis_getd( mp->max_accel), motor_num, lsredis_getl
                ( mp->in_position_band));
    }

    // if there is a problem with "active" then don't do anything
    // On the other hand, various combinations of yes/no true/false 1/0 should

```

```

        work
    //
    switch( active) {
    case 1:
        inits = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->active_init
        );
        break;

    case 0:
        inits = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->
        inactive_init);
        break;

    default:
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_run: motor %s is
        neither active nor inactive (!?)", mp->name);
        inits = NULL;
    }
    if( inits != NULL) {
        while( *inits != NULL) {
            lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, *inits);
            inits++;
        }
    }
}
}

```

7.6.4.65 void lspmac_scint_dried_cb (char * event)

Turn off the dryer.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	required by protocol
--------------	----------------------

Definition at line 3658 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_scint_dried_cb: Stopping
        dryer");
    dryer->moveAbs( dryer, 0.0);
}

```

7.6.4.66 void lspmac_scint_inPosition.cb (char * event)

Maybe start drying off the scintillator.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	required by protocol
--------------	----------------------

Definition at line 3596 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double pos;
    double cover;
    int err;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(scint->mutex));
    pos = scint->position;
    err = lsredis_find_preset( scint->name, "Cover",
        &cover);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(scint->mutex));

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_scint_inPosition_cb: pos
        %f, cover %f, diff %f, err %d", pos, cover, fabs( pos-cover), err);

    if( err == 0)
        return;

    if( fabs( pos - cover) <= 0.1) {

```

```

    dryer->moveAbs( dryer, 1.0);
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_scint_inPosition_cb:
        Starting dryer");
    lstimer_add_timer( "scintDried", 1, 120, 0);
}
}

```

7.6.4.67 `pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_send_command (int rqType, int rq, int wValue, int wIndex, int wLength, char * data, void(*) (pmac_cmd_queue_t *, int, char *) responseCB, int no_reply, char * event)`

Compose a packet and send it to the PMAC.

This is the meat of the PMAC communications routines. The queued command is returned.

Parameters

in	<i>rqType</i>	VR_UPLOAD or VR_DOWNLOAD
in	<i>rq</i>	PMAC command (see PMAC User Manual)
in	<i>wValue</i>	Command argument 1
in	<i>wIndex</i>	Command argument 2
in	<i>wLength</i>	Length of data array
in	<i>data</i>	Data array (or NULL)
in	<i>responseCB</i>	Function to call when a response is read from the PMAC
in	<i>no_reply</i>	Flag, non-zero means no reply is expected
in	<i>event</i>	base name for events

Definition at line 696 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    static pmac_cmd_queue_t cmd;

    cmd.pcmd.RequestType = rqType;
    cmd.pcmd.Request      = rq;
    cmd.pcmd.wValue       = htons(wValue);
    cmd.pcmd.wIndex       = htons(wIndex);
    cmd.pcmd.wLength       = htons(wLength);
    cmd.onResponse        = responseCB;
    cmd.no_reply          = no_reply;
    cmd.event              = event;

    //
    // Setting the message buff bData requires a bit more care to avoid over
    // filling it
    // or sending garbage in the unused bytes.
    //

    if( wLength > sizeof( cmd.pcmd.bData)) {
        //
        // Bad things happen if we do not catch this case.
        //
        lslogging_log_message( "Message Length %d longer than
            maximum of %ld, aborting", wLength, sizeof( cmd.pcmd.bData));
        exit( -1);
    }
    if( data == NULL) {
        memset( cmd.pcmd.bData, 0, sizeof( cmd.pcmd.bData));
    } else {
        //
        // This could leave bData non-null terminated. I do not know if this is a
        // problem.
        //
        if( wLength > 0)
            memcpy( cmd.pcmd.bData, data, wLength);
        if( wLength < sizeof( cmd.pcmd.bData))
            memset( cmd.pcmd.bData + wLength, 0, sizeof( cmd.pcmd.bData)
                - wLength);
    }

    return lspmac_push_queue( &cmd);
}

```

7.6.4.68 void lspmac_sendcmd (char * *event*, void(*)(*pmac_cmd_queue_t* *, int, char *) *responseCB*, char * *fmt*, ...)

PMAC command with call back.

Parameters

in	<i>event</i>	base name for events
in	<i>responseCB</i>	our callback routine
in	<i>fmt</i>	printf style format string

Definition at line 2104 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    static char tmps[1024];
    va_list arg_ptr;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( tmps, sizeof(tmps)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    tmps[sizeof(tmps)-1]=0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
        VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen(tmps), tmps, responseCB, 0,
        event);
}

```

7.6.4.69 void lspmac_sendcmd_nocb (char * *fmt*, ...)

Send a command that does not need to deal with the reply.

Parameters

in	<i>fmt</i>	A printf style format string
----	------------	------------------------------

Definition at line 2085 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    static char tmps[1024];
    va_list arg_ptr;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( tmps, sizeof(tmps)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    tmps[sizeof(tmps)-1]=0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
        VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen(tmps), tmps, NULL, 0, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.70 void lspmac_SendControlReplyPrintCB (*pmac_cmd_queue_t* * *cmd*, int *nreceived*, char * *buff*)

Receive a reply to a control character Print a "printable" version of the character to the terminal Followed by a hex dump of the response.

Parameters

in	<i>cmd</i>	Queue item this is a reply to
in	<i>nreceived</i>	Number of bytes received
in	<i>buff</i>	Buffer of bytes received

Definition at line 1021 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
}

```

```

wprintw( term_output, "control-%c: ", '@' + ntohs(cmd->pcmd.
wValue));
pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
hex_dump( nreceived, (unsigned char *)buff);
pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);
wnoutrefresh( term_output);
wnoutrefresh( term_input);
doupdate();
pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.71 void lspmac_Service (struct pollfd * evt)

Service routine for packet coming from the PMAC.

All communications is asynchronous so this is the only place incoming packets are handled

Parameters

in	evt	pollfd object returned by poll
----	-----	--------------------------------

Definition at line 804 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
static char *receiveBuffer = NULL;    // the buffer inwhich to stick our
incoming characters
static int receiveBufferSize = 0;      // size of receiveBuffer
static int receiveBufferIn = 0;        // next location to write to in
receiveBuffer
pmac_cmd_queue_t *cmd;                // maybe the
command we are servicing
ssize_t nsent, nread;                // nbytes dealt with
int i;                                // loop counter
int foundEOCR;                        // end of command response flag

if( evt->revents & (POLLERR | POLLHUP | POLLNVAL)) {
    if( evt->fd != -1) {
        close( evt->fd);
        evt->fd = -1;
    }
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED;
    return;
}

if( evt->revents & POLLOUT) {
    switch( ls_pmac_state) {
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED:
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE:
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_SC:
        cmd = lspmac_pop_queue();
        if( cmd == NULL)
            return;

        if( cmd->pcmd.Request == VR_PMAC_GETMEM) {
            nsent = send( evt->fd, cmd, pmac_cmd_size, 0);
            if( nsent != pmac_cmd_size) {
                lslogging_log_message( "Could only send %d of %d
bytes....Not good.", (int)nsent, (int)(pmac_cmd_size));
            }
        } else {
            nsent = send( evt->fd, cmd, pmac_cmd_size + ntohs(cmd->
pcmd.wLength), 0);
            gettimeofday( &pmac_time_sent, NULL);
            if( nsent != pmac_cmd_size + ntohs(cmd->pcmd.wLength
)) {
                lslogging_log_message( "Could only send %d of %d
bytes....Not good.", (int)nsent, (int)(pmac_cmd_size + ntohs(cmd->
pcmd.wLength)));
            }
        }

        if( cmd->pcmd.Request == VR_PMAC_SENDCTRLCHAR
)
            ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_CC

```

```

;
else if( cmd->pcmd.Request == VR_PMAC_GETMEM)
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR;
else if( cmd->no_reply == 0)
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK;
else
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_NFR
;
break;

case LS_PMAC_STATE_CR:
    nsent = send( evt->fd, &cr_cmd, pmac_cmd_size, 0);
    gettimeofday( &pmac_time_sent, NULL);
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WCR;
    break;

case LS_PMAC_STATE_RR:
    nsent = send( evt->fd, &rr_cmd, pmac_cmd_size, 0);
    gettimeofday( &pmac_time_sent, NULL);
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_RR;
    break;

case LS_PMAC_STATE_GB:
    nsent = send( evt->fd, &gb_cmd, pmac_cmd_size, 0);
    gettimeofday( &pmac_time_sent, NULL);
    ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_WGB;
    break;
}
}

if( evt->revents & POLLIN) {

    if( receiveBufferSize - receiveBufferIn < 1400) {
        char *newbuff;

        receiveBufferSize += 1400;
        newbuff = calloc( receiveBufferSize, sizeof( unsigned char));
        if( newbuff == NULL) {
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_Service: Out of
memory");
            exit( -1);
        }
        if( receiveBuffer != NULL) {
            memcpy( newbuff, receiveBuffer, receiveBufferIn);
            free(receiveBuffer);
        }
        receiveBuffer = newbuff;
    }

    nread = read( evt->fd, receiveBuffer + receiveBufferIn, 1400);

    foundEOCR = 0;
    if( ls_pmac_state == LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR) {
        //
        // get memory returns binary stuff, don't try to parse it
        //
        receiveBufferIn += nread;
    } else {
        //
        // other commands end in 6 if OK, 7 if not
        //
        for( i=receiveBufferIn; i<receiveBufferIn+nread; i++) {
            if( receiveBuffer[i] == 7) {
                //
                // Error condition
                //
                lspmac_Error( &(receiveBuffer[i]));
                receiveBufferIn = 0;
                return;
            }
            if( receiveBuffer[i] == 6) {
                //
                // End of command response
                //
                foundEOCR = 1;
                receiveBuffer[i] = 0;
                break;
            }
        }
        receiveBufferIn = i;
    }

    cmd = NULL;

    switch( ls_pmac_state) {
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_NFR:
        receiveBuffer[--receiveBufferIn] = 0;

```



```

        cmd = lspmac_pop_reply();
        ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK:
        receiveBuffer[--receiveBufferIn] = 0;
        ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_RR;
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_CC:
        receiveBuffer[--receiveBufferIn] = 0;
        ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_CR;
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WACK_RR:
        receiveBufferIn -= 2;
        if( receiveBuffer[receiveBufferIn])
            ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_GB;
        else
            ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_RR;
        receiveBuffer[receiveBufferIn] = 0;
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_GMR:
        cmd = lspmac_pop_reply();
        ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;
        break;

    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WCR:
        cmd = lspmac_pop_reply();
        ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;
        break;
    case LS_PMAC_STATE_WGB:
        if( foundEOCR) {
            cmd = lspmac_pop_reply();
            ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_IDLE;
        } else {
            ls_pmac_state = LS_PMAC_STATE_RR;
        }
        break;
}

if( cmd != NULL && cmd->onResponse != NULL) {
    cmd->onResponse( cmd, receiveBufferIn, receiveBuffer);
    receiveBufferIn = 0;
}
}
}

```

7.6.4.72 void lspmac_shutter_read (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Fast shutter read routine The shutter is mildly complicated in that we need to take into account the fact that the shutter can open and close again between status updates.

This means that we need to rely on a PCL program running in the PMAC to monitor the shutter state and let us know that this has happened.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor object associated with the fast shutter
----	-----------	---

Definition at line 1177 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
//
// track the shutter state and signal if it has changed
//
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
if( md2_status.fs_has_opened && !
    lspmac_shutter_has_opened && !md2_status.
    fs_is_open) {
//
// Here the shutter opened and closed again before we got the memo
// Treat it as a shutter closed event
//
pthread_cond_signal( &lspmac_shutter_cond);
}
lspmac_shutter_has_opened = md2_status.
    fs_has_opened;

if( lspmac_shutter_state != md2_status.

```

```

        fs_is_open) {
    lspmac_shutter_state = md2_status.fs_is_open
    ;
    pthread_cond_signal( &lspmac_shutter_cond);
}

if( md2_status.fs_is_open) {
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 1, 1, "Shutter Open ");
    mp->position = 1;
} else {
    mvwprintw( term_status2, 1, 1, "Shutter Closed");
    mp->position = 0;
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.73 void lspmac_SockFlush ()

Reset the PMAC socket from the PMAC side.

Puts the PMAC into a known communications state

Definition at line 750 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
    lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD, VR_PMAC_FLUSH
        , 0, 0, 0, NULL, NULL, 1, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.74 pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_SockGetmem (int offset, int nbytes)

Request a chunk of memory to be returned.

Parameters

in	<i>offset</i>	Offset in PMAC Double Buffer
in	<i>nbytes</i>	Number of bytes to request

Definition at line 1056 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
    return lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD,
        VR_PMAC_GETMEM, offset, 0, nbytes, NULL, lspmac_GetmemReplyCB
        , 0, NULL);
}

```

7.6.4.75 pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_SockSendControlCharPrint (char * event, char c)

Send a control character.

Parameters

in	<i>event</i>	base name for events
	<i>c</i>	The control character to send

Definition at line 1109 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
    return lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
        VR_PMAC_SENDCTRLCHAR, c, 0, 0, NULL,
        lspmac_SendControlReplyPrintCB, 0, event);
}

```

7.6.4.76 void lspmac_SockSendDPControlChar (char * event, char c)

use dpram ascii interface to send a control character

Definition at line 1985 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    uint16_t buff;

    buff = 0x07 & c;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 2, (char *)&buff, lspmac_SockSendDPControlCharCB
        , 1, event);
    lsevents_send_event( "%s queued", event);
}

```

7.6.4.77 void lspmac_SockSendDPControlCharCB (pmac_cmd_queue_t * cmd, int nreceived, char * buf)

Definition at line 1978 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    if( cmd->event != NULL && *(cmd->event))
        lsevents_send_event( "%s accepted", cmd->event);
}

```

7.6.4.78 void lspmac_SockSendDPLine (char * event, char * fmt, ...)

prepare (queue up) a line to send the dpram ascii command interface

Definition at line 1958 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    uint32_t index;
    char *pl;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
    index = lspmac_dpascii_on++ % LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ;

    pl = lspmac_dpascii_queue[index].pl;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( pl, 159, fmt, arg_ptr);
    pl[159] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lspmac_dpascii_queue[index].event = event;

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
}

```

7.6.4.79 void lspmac_SockSendDPQueue ()

Definition at line 1994 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    lspmac_dpascii_queue_t *qp;
    uint32_t mask;
    uint32_t clrdata;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
    qp = &(lspmac_dpascii_queue[(lspmac_dpascii_off
        ++)% LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH]);
    lspmac_ascii_busy = 1;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_SockSendDPQueue: %s", qp

```

```

->p1);

clrdata = 0;           // set the control word to zero
lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
    , 0x0f40, 0, 4, (char *)&clrdata, NULL, 1, NULL);
lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
    , 0x0e9c, 0, 4, (char *)&clrdata, NULL, 1, NULL);

lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
    , 0x0ea0, 0, strlen(qp->p1)+1, qp->p1, NULL, 1, NULL);

mask = 0x0001;
lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETBIT
    , 0x0e9c, 1, sizeof( mask), (char *)&mask,lspmac_asciicmdCB, 1,
    qp->event);

if( qp->event != NULL && *(qp->event) != 0)
    lsevents_send_event( "%s queued", qp->event);
}

```

7.6.4.80 `pmac_cmd_queue_t*` lspmac.SockSendline (`char * event`, `char * fmt`, ...)

Send a one line command.

Uses printf style arguments.

Parameters

in	<i>event</i>	base name for events
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style format string

Definition at line 1066 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char payload[1400];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( payload, sizeof(payload)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    payload[ sizeof(payload)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lslogging_log_message( payload);

    return lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
        VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen( payload), payload,
        lspmac_GetShortReplyCB, 0, event);
}

```

7.6.4.81 `pmac_cmd_queue_t*` lspmac.SockSendline_nr (`char * event`, `char * fmt`, ...)

Send a command and ignore the response.

Parameters

in	<i>event</i>	base name for events
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style format string

Definition at line 1089 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char s[512];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( s, sizeof(s)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lslogging_log_message( s);
}

```

```

return lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
    VR_PMAC_SENDFLINE, 0, 0, strlen( s), s, NULL, 1, event);
}

```

7.6.4.82 `lspmac_motor_t*` `lspmac_soft_motor_init` (`lspmac_motor_t` * *d*, `char` * *name*, `int`(*)(`lspmac_motor_t` *, `double`) *moveAbs*)

Definition at line 3407 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{

    _lspmac_motor_init( d, name);

    d->moveAbs      = moveAbs;
    d->jogAbs       = moveAbs;
    d->read         = lspmac_soft_motor_read;
    d->actual_pos_cnts_p = calloc( sizeof(int), 1);
    *d->actual_pos_cnts_p = 0;

    return d;
}

```

7.6.4.83 `void` `lspmac_soft_motor_read` (`lspmac_motor_t` * *p*)

Dummy routine to read a soft motor.

Definition at line 3402 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{

}

```

7.6.4.84 `int` `lspmac_test_preset` (`lspmac_motor_t` * *mp*, `char` * *preset_name*, `double` *tolerance*)

see if the motor is within tolerance of the preset 1 means yes, it is 0 mean no it isn't or that the preset was not found

Definition at line 2383 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    double preset_position;
    int err;

    err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, preset_name, &
        preset_position);
    if( err == 0)
        return 0;

    if( fabs( preset_position - lspmac_getPosition( mp)) <=
        tolerance)
        return 1;

    return 0;
}

```

7.6.4.85 `void` `lspmac_video_rotate` (`double` *secs*)

Special motion program to collect centering video.

Definition at line 2577 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

    {
double q10;           // starting position (counts)
double q11;           // delta counts
double q12;           // milliseconds to run over delta

double u2c;
double neutral_pos;

if( secs <= 0.0)
    return;

omega_zero_search = 1;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(omega->mutex));
u2c = lsredis_getd( omega->u2c);
neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( omega->neutral_pos);

q10 = neutral_pos * u2c;
q11 = 360.0 * u2c;
q12 = 1000 * secs;

omega_zero_velocity = 360.0 * u2c / secs; //
    counts/second to back calculate zero crossing time

lspmac_SockSendDPLine( omega->name, "&1
    Q10=%.1f Q11=%.1f Q12=%.1f Q13=(I117) Q14=(I116) B240R", q10, q11, q12);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(omega->mutex));
}

```

7.6.4.86 void* lspmac_worker(void * dummy)

Our lspmac worker thread.

Parameters

in	<i>dummy</i>	Unused but required by pthread library
----	--------------	--

Definition at line 2243 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
static int disconnected_notify = 0;
static int old_state;

old_state = ls_pmac_state;
while( 1) {
    int pollrtn;

    lspmac_next_state();

    if( ls_pmac_state != old_state) {
        // lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_worker: state = %d",
        // ls_pmac_state);
        old_state = ls_pmac_state;
    }

    if( pmacfd.fd == -1) {
        if( disconnected_notify == 0)
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_worker: PMAC not
            connected");
        disconnected_notify = 1;
        //
        // At this point we assume we became disconnected due to something like a
        // hard boot of the MD2 PMAC
        // and hence the entire system needs reinitialization.
        //
        // It's possible to put in a test here (perhaps using I65) to see if we
        // in fact suffered a reset
        // and need to clear the queue, reinitialize, etc. Or if it was just a
        // networking glitch and do not
        // need to clear the queue and should instead just charge ahead.
        //
        lspmac_reset_queue();
        sleep( 10);
        //
        // This just puts us into a holding pattern until the pmac becomes
        // connected again
        //
        continue;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    disconnected_notify = 0;

    pollrtn = poll( &pmacfd, 1, 10);
    if( pollrtn) {
        lspmac_Service( &pmacfd);
    }
}
}

```

7.6.4.87 void lspmac_zoom_lut_setup ()

Set up lookup table for zoom.

Definition at line 3666 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;
    lsredis_obj_t *p;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &zoom->mutex);

    zoom->nlut = 10;
    zoom->lut = calloc( 2 * zoom->nlut, sizeof( double));
    if( zoom->lut == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_zoom_lut_setup: out of
            memory");
        exit( -1);
    }

    for( i=0; i < zoom->nlut; i++) {
        p = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.zoom.%d.MotorPosition", i+1);
        if( p==NULL || strlen( lsredis_getstr(p)) == 0) {
            free( zoom->lut);
            zoom->lut = NULL;
            zoom->nlut = 0;
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &zoom->mutex);
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_zoom_lut_setup:
                cannot find MotorPosition element for cam.zoom level %d", i+1);
            return;
        }
        zoom->lut[2*i] = i+1;
        zoom->lut[2*i+1] = lsredis_getd( p);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &zoom->mutex);
}

```

7.6.5 Variable Documentation

7.6.5.1 lspmac_motor_t* alignx

Alignment stage X.

Definition at line 90 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.2 lspmac_motor_t* aligny

Alignment stage Y.

Definition at line 91 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.3 lspmac_motor_t* alignz

Alignment stage X.

Definition at line 92 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.4 Ispmac_motor_t* anal

Polaroid analyzer motor.

Definition at line 93 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.5 Ispmac_motor_t* apery

Aperture Y.

Definition at line 95 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.6 Ispmac_motor_t* aperz

Aperture Z.

Definition at line 96 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.7 Ispmac_bi_t* arm_parked

(whose arm? parked where?)

Definition at line 133 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.8 Ispmac_motor_t* blight

Back Light DAC.

Definition at line 107 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.9 Ispmac_bi_t* blight_down

Backlight is down.

Definition at line 123 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.10 Ispmac_motor_t* blight_f

Back light scale factor.

Definition at line 116 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.11 Ispmac_motor_t* blight_ud

Back light Up/Down actuator.

Definition at line 111 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.12 Ispmac_bi_t* blight_up

Backlight is up.

Definition at line 124 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.13 Ispmac_motor_t* capy

Capillary Y.

Definition at line 97 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.14 Ispmac_motor_t* capz

Capillary Z.

Definition at line 98 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.15 Ispmac_motor_t* cenx

Centering Table X.

Definition at line 100 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.16 Ispmac_motor_t* ceny

Centering Table Y.

Definition at line 101 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.17 pmac_cmd_t cr_cmd [static]

commands to send out "readready", "getbuffer", "controlresponse" (initialized in main)

Definition at line 185 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.18 Ispmac_motor_t* cryo

Move the cryostream towards or away from the crystal.

Definition at line 112 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.19 Ispmac_bi_t* cryo_back

cryo is in the back position

Definition at line 125 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.20 Ispmac_bi_t* cryo_switch

that little toggle switch for the cryo

Definition at line 122 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.21 unsigned char dbmem[64 * 1024] [static]

double buffered memory

Definition at line 174 of file Ispmac.c.

7.6.5.22 `int dbmemIn = 0` `[static]`

next location

Definition at line 175 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.23 `lspmac_motor_t* dryer`

blow air on the scintillator to dry it off

Definition at line 113 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.24 `lspmac_bi_t* etel_init_ok`

ETEL initialized OK.

Definition at line 130 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.25 `lspmac_bi_t* etel_on`

ETEL is on.

Definition at line 129 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.26 `lspmac_bi_t* etel_ready`

ETEL is ready.

Definition at line 128 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.27 `unsigned int ethCmdOff = 0` `[static]`

points to current command (or none if == `ethCmdOn`)

Definition at line 188 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.28 `unsigned int ethCmdOn = 0` `[static]`

points to next empty PMAC command queue position

Definition at line 187 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.29 `pmac_cmd_queue_t ethCmdQueue[PMAC_CMD_QUEUE_LENGTH]` `[static]`

PMAC command queue.

Definition at line 186 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.30 `unsigned int ethCmdReply = 0` `[static]`

Used like `ethCmdOff` only to deal with the pmac reply to a command.

Definition at line 189 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.31 lspmac_motor_t* flight

Front Light DAC.

Definition at line 106 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.32 lspmac_motor_t* flight_f

Front light scale factor.

Definition at line 117 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.33 lspmac_motor_t* flight.oo

Turn front light on/off.

Definition at line 115 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.34 lspmac_motor_t* fluo

Move the fluorescence detector in/out.

Definition at line 114 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.35 lspmac_bi_t* fluor_back

fluor is in the back position

Definition at line 126 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.36 lspmac_motor_t* fscint

Scintillator Piezo DAC.

Definition at line 108 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.37 lspmac_motor_t* fshut

Fast shutter.

Definition at line 105 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.38 pmac_cmd_t gb.cmd [static]

Definition at line 185 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.39 int getivars = 0 [static]

flag set at initialization to send i vars to db

Definition at line 81 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.40 `int getmvars = 0` `[static]`

flag set at initialization to send m vars to db

Definition at line 82 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.41 `lspmac_bi_t* hp_air`

High pressure air OK.

Definition at line 121 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.42 `lspmac_motor_t* kappa`

Kappa.

Definition at line 102 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.43 `lspmac_bi_t* lp_air`

Low pressure air OK.

Definition at line 120 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.44 `int ls_pmac.state = LS_PMAC_STATE_DETACHED` `[static]`

Current state of the PMAC communications state machine.

Definition at line 51 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.45 `lspmac_ascii_buffers_t lspmac_ascii_buffers` `[static]`

Definition at line 354 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.46 `pthread_mutex_t lspmac_ascii_buffers_mutex`

Definition at line 355 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.47 `int lspmac_ascii_busy = 0` `[static]`

flag for condition to wait for

Definition at line 68 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.48 `pthread_mutex_t lspmac_ascii_mutex` `[static]`

Keep too many processes from sending commands at once.

Definition at line 67 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.49 `lspmac_bi_t lspmac_bis[32]`

array of binary inputs

Definition at line 84 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.50 `uint32_t lspmac_dpascii_off = 0` `[static]`

Definition at line 365 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.51 `uint32_t lspmac_dpascii_on = 0` `[static]`

Definition at line 364 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.52 `lspmac_dpascii_queue_t lspmac_dpascii_queue[LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH]` `[static]`

Definition at line 363 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.53 `lspmac_motor_t lspmac_motors[48]`

All our motors.

Definition at line 87 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.54 `pthread_cond_t lspmac_moving_cond`

Wait for motor(s) to finish moving condition.

Definition at line 64 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.55 `int lspmac_moving_flags`

Flag used to implement motor moving condition.

Definition at line 65 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.56 `pthread_mutex_t lspmac_moving_mutex`

Coordinate moving motors between threads.

Definition at line 63 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.57 `int lspmac_nbis = 0`

number of active binary inputs

Definition at line 85 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.58 `int lspmac_nmotors = 0`

The number of motors we manage.

Definition at line 88 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.59 `pthread_cond_t lspmac_shutter_cond`

Allows waiting for the shutter status to change.

Definition at line 62 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.60 `int lspmac_shutter_has_opened`

Indicates that the shutter had opened, perhaps briefly even if the state did not change.

Definition at line 60 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.61 `pthread_mutex_t lspmac_shutter_mutex`

Coordinates threads reading shutter status.

Definition at line 61 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.62 `int lspmac_shutter_state`

State of the shutter, used to detect changes.

Definition at line 59 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.63 `struct timespec lspmac_status_last_time` `[static]`

Time the status was read.

Definition at line 74 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.64 `struct timespec lspmac_status_time` `[static]`

Time the status was read.

Definition at line 73 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.65 `md2_status_t md2_status` `[static]`

Buffer for MD2 Status.

Definition at line 340 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.66 `pthread_mutex_t md2_status_mutex`

Synchronize reading/writing status buffer.

Definition at line 341 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.67 `lspmac_bi_t* minikappa_ok`

Minikappa is OK (whatever that means)

Definition at line 131 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.68 `struct timeval pmac_time_sent now` `[static]`

used to ensure we do not send commands to the pmac too often. Only needed for non-DB commands.

Definition at line 181 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.6.5.69 lspmac_motor_t* omega

MD2 omega axis (the air bearing)

Definition at line 89 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.70 int omega_zero_search = 0 [static]

Indicate we'd really like to know when omega crosses zero.

Definition at line 70 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.71 struct timespec omega_zero_time

Time we believe that omega crossed zero.

Definition at line 72 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.72 double omega_zero_velocity = 0 [static]

rate (cnts/sec) that omega was traveling when it crossed zero

Definition at line 71 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.73 lspmac_motor_t* phi

Phi (not data collection axis)

Definition at line 103 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.74 char* pmac_error_strs[] [static]

Initial value:

```
= {
    "ERR000: Unknown error",
    "ERR001: Command not allowed during program execution",
    "ERR002: Password error",
    "ERR003: Data error or unrecognized command",
    "ERR004: Illegal character",
    "ERR005: Command not allowed unless buffer is open",
    "ERR006: No room in buffer for command",
    "ERR007: Buffer already in use",
    "ERR008: MACRO auxiliary communication error",
    "ERR009: Program structure error (e.g. ENDIF without IF)",
    "ERR010: Both overtravel limits set for a motor in the C.S.",
    "ERR011: Previous move not completed",
    "ERR012: A motor in the coordinate system is open-loop",
    "ERR013: A motor in the coordinate system is not activated",
    "ERR014: No motors in the coordinate system",
    "ERR015: Not pointer to valid program buffer",
    "ERR016: Running improperly structure program (e.g. missing ENDWHILE)",
    "ERR017: Trying to resume after H or Q with motors out of stopped position",
    "ERR018: Attempt to perform phase reference during move, move during phase
             reference, or enabling with phase clock error",
    "ERR019: Illegal position-chage command while moves stored in CCBUFFER",
    "ERR020: FSAVE issued on Turbo PMAC with incompatible flash memory",
    "ERR021: FSAVE issued while clearing old flash memory sector",
    "ERR022: FREAD attempted but the flash memory is bad"
}
```

Decode the errors perhaps returned by the PMAC.

Definition at line 192 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.75 pthread_cond_t pmac_queue_cond

wait for a command to be sent to PMAC before continuing

Definition at line 78 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.76 pthread_mutex_t pmac_queue_mutex

manage access to the pmac command queue

Definition at line 77 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.77 pthread_t pmac_thread [static]

our thread to manage access and communication to the pmac

Definition at line 76 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.78 struct pollfd pmacfd [static]

our poll structure

Definition at line 79 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.79 pmac_cmd_t rr_cmd [static]

Definition at line 185 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.80 lspmac_bi_t* sample_detected

smart magnet detected sample

Definition at line 127 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.81 lspmac_motor_t* scint

Scintillator Z.

Definition at line 99 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.82 lspmac_bi_t* shutter_open

shutter is open (note in pmc says this is a slow input)

Definition at line 134 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.83 lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_err

smart magnet error (coil broken perhaps)

Definition at line 135 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.84 `lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_off`

smart magnet is off

Definition at line 136 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.85 `lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_on`

smart magnet is on

Definition at line 132 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.86 `lspmac_motor_t* smart_mag_oo`

Smart Magnet on/off.

Definition at line 110 of file lspmac.c.

7.6.5.87 `lspmac_motor_t* zoom`

Optical zoom.

Definition at line 94 of file lspmac.c.

7.7 Isredis.c File Reference

Support redis hash synchronization.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Functions

- void `lsredis_debugCB` (redisAsyncContext *ac, void *reply, void *privdata)
Log the reply.
- void `_lsredis_set_value` (lsredis_obj_t *p, char *v)
set_value and setstr helper function p->mutex must be locked before calling
- void `lsredis_set_value` (lsredis_obj_t *p, char *fmt,...)
Set the value of a redis object and make it valid.
- int `lsredis_cmpstr` (lsredis_obj_t *p, char *s)
- int `lsredis_cmpnstr` (lsredis_obj_t *p, char *s, int n)
- int `lsredis_regexec` (const regex_t *preg, lsredis_obj_t *p, size_t nmatch, regmatch_t *pmatch, int eflags)
- char * `lsredis_getstr` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
return a copy of the key's string value
- void `lsredis_setstr` (lsredis_obj_t *p, char *fmt,...)
Set the value and update redis.
- double `lsredis_getd` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
- long int `lsredis_getl` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
- char ** `lsredis_get_string_array` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
- int `lsredis_getb` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
- char `lsredis_getc` (lsredis_obj_t *p)
- void `lsredis_hgetCB` (redisAsyncContext *ac, void *reply, void *privdata)
- `lsredis_obj_t * _lsredis_get_obj` (char *key)
Maybe add a new object Used internally for this module Must be called with lsredis_mutex locked.

- `lsredis_obj_t * lsredis_get_obj` (char *fmt,...)
- void `redisDisconnectCB` (const redisAsyncContext *ac, int status)
call back in case a redis server becomes disconnected TODO: reconnect
- void `lsredis_addRead` (void *data)
hook to mange read events
- void `lsredis_delRead` (void *data)
hook to manage "don't need to read" events
- void `lsredis_addWrite` (void *data)
hook to manage write events
- void `lsredis_delWrite` (void *data)
hook to manage "don't need to write anymore" events
- void `lsredis_cleanup` (void *data)
hook to clean up TODO: figure out what we are supposed to do here and do it
- void `lsredis_subCB` (redisAsyncContext *ac, void *reply, void *privdata)
Use the publication to request the new value.
- void `lsredis_maybe_add_key` (char *k)
- void `lsredis_keysCB` (redisAsyncContext *ac, void *reply, void *privdata)
Sift through the keys to find ones we like.
- int `lsredis_find_preset` (char *base, char *preset_name, double *dval)
- void `lsredis_init` (char *pub, char *re, char *head)
Initialize this module, that is, set up the connections.
- void `lsredis_fd_service` (struct pollfd *evt)
service the socket requests
- void `lsredis_sig_service` (struct pollfd *evt)
- void * `lsredis_worker` (void *dummy)
subscribe to changes and service sockets
- void `lsredis_run` ()

Variables

- static pthread_t `lsredis_thread`
- static pthread_mutex_t `lsredis_mutex` = PTHREAD_RECURSIVE_MUTEX_INITIALIZER_NP
- static pthread_cond_t `lsredis_cond`
- static int `lsredis_running` = 0
- static `lsredis_obj_t * lsredis_objs` = NULL
- static struct hsearch_data `lsredis_htab`
- static redisAsyncContext * `subac`
- static redisAsyncContext * `roac`
- static redisAsyncContext * `wrac`
- static char * `lsredis_publisher` = NULL
- static regex_t `lsredis_key_select_regex`
- static char * `lsredis_head` = NULL
- static struct pollfd `subfd`
- static struct pollfd `rofd`
- static struct pollfd `wrfd`

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Support redis hash synchronization.

```
\date 2012
\author Keith Brister
\copyright All Rights Reserved
```

Redis support for redis in pgpmac.

Values in redis are assumed to be hashes with at list one field "VALUE". At startup the initialization routine is passed a regular expression to select which keys we'd like to duplicate locally as a `lsredis_obj_t`. It is assumed that the following construct in redis is used to change a value:

```
MULTI
HSET key VALUE value
PUBLISH publisher key
EXEC
```

Where "publisher" is a unique name in the following format:

```
MD2-*
or    UI-*
or    REDIS_KV_CONNECTOR
```

(this last value is used to support the now depreciated `px.kvs` table in the LS-CAT postgresql server). We assume that all publisher that we are listening to ONLY publish key names that have changed.

When someone else changes a value we invalidate our internal copy and issue a "HGET key VALUE" command. Other threads that request the value of our `lsredis_obj_t` will pause until the new value has been received and processed.

When a value changes locally this module changes it in redis as shown above. At this point we refuse other publishers attempt to change the value until we've seen all of our PUBLISH messages. That is, we ignore changes that in redis happened before our change.

You'll need an `lsredis_obj_t` to do anything with redis in the pgpmac project:

```
lsredis_obj_t *lsredis_get_obj( char *fmt, ...) where fmt is a printf style formatting string
During initialization a "head" string is passed
For example, "omega.position" might refer to t
```

To set a redis value use

```
void lsredis_setstr( lsredis_obj_t *p, char *fmt, ...) where fmt is a printf style formatting
```

When a new value is seen we immediately parse it and make it available through the following functions:

<code>char *lsredis_getstr(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns a copy of the VALUE field. Use
<code>double lsredis_getd(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns a double. If the value was not
<code>long int lsredis_getl(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns a long int. If the value was not
<code>char **lsredis_get_string_array(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns an array of string pointers. V or NULL if the value could not be parsed

int	<code>lsredis_getb(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns 1, 0, or -1 based on the first character of VALUE
char	<code>lsredis_getc(lsredis_obj_t *p)</code>	Returns the first character of VALUE

Definition in file [lsredis.c](#).

7.7.2 Function Documentation

7.7.2.1 `lsredis_obj_t* lsredis_get_obj(char * key)`

Maybe add a new object Used internally for this module Must be called with `lsredis_mutex` locked.

Definition at line 438 of file `lsredis.c`.

```

{
    lsredis_obj_t *p;
    regmatch_t pmatch[2];
    int err;
    ENTRY htab_input, *htab_output;

    // Dispense with obviously bad keys straight away
    // unless p->valid == 0 in which case we call HGET first
    //
    // TODO: review logic: is there ever a time when valid is zero for a
    // preexisting p and HGET has not been called?
    // If not then we should just return p without checking for validity.
    //
    if( key == NULL || *key == 0 || strchr( key, ' ' ) != NULL ) {
        lslogging_log_message( "_lsredis_get_obj: bad key '%s'"
            ", key == NULL ? "<NULL>" : key);
        return NULL;
    }

    // If the key is already there then just return it
    //

    htab_input.key = key;
    htab_input.data = NULL;
    errno = 0;
    err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab);

    if( err == 0 )
        p = NULL;
    else
        p = htab_output->data;

    if( p != NULL ) {
        return p;
    } else {
        // make a new one.
        p = calloc( 1, sizeof( lsredis_obj_t));
        if( p == NULL ) {
            lslogging_log_message( "_lsredis_get_obj: Out of
                memory");
            exit( -1);
        }

        err = regexec( &lsredis_key_select_regex, key, 2,
            pmatch, 0);
        if( err == 0 && pmatch[1].rm_so != -1) {
            p->events_name = strndup( key+pmatch[1].rm_so, pmatch[1].rm_eo
                - pmatch[1].rm_so);
        } else {
            p->events_name = strdup( key);
        }
        if( p->events_name == NULL ) {
            lslogging_log_message( "_lsredis_get_obj: Out of
                memory (events_name)");
            exit( -1);
        }

        pthread_mutex_init( &p->mutex, NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &p->cond, NULL);
        p->value = NULL;
        p->valid = 0;
    }
}

```

```

lsredis_send_event( "%s Invalid", p->events_name
);
p->wait_for_me = 0;
p->key = strdup( key);
p->hits = 0;

htab_input.key = p->key;
htab_input.data = p;

errno = 0;
err = hsearch_r( htab_input, ENTER, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab
);
if( err == 0 ) {
    lslogging_log_message( "_lsredis_get_obj: hsearch
        error on enter.  errno=%d", errno);
}

//
// Shouldn't need the linked list unless we need to rebuild the hash table
// when, for example, we run out of room.
// TODO: resize hash table when needed.
//
p->next = lsredis_objs;
lsredis_objs = p;
}
//
// We arrive here with the valid flag lowered.  Go ahead and request the
// latest value.
//
redisAsyncCommand( roac, lsredis_hgetCB, p, "HGET %s VALUE"
, key);

return p;
}

```

7.7.2.2 void lsredis_set_value(lsredis_obj_t *p, char *v)

set_value and setstr helper function p->mutex must be locked before calling

Definition at line 146 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    if( strlen(v) >= (unsigned int) p->value_length ) {
        if( p->value != NULL )
            free( p->value );
        p->value_length = strlen(v) + 256;
        p->value = calloc( p->value_length, sizeof( char ));
        if( p->value == NULL ) {
            lslogging_log_message( "_lsredis_set_value: out of
                memory");
            exit( -1 );
        }
    }
    strncpy( p->value, v, p->value_length - 1 );
    p->value[p->value_length-1] = 0;
    p->dvalue = strtod( p->value, NULL );
    p->lvalue = p->dvalue;

    if( p->avalue != NULL ) {
        int i;
        for( i=0; (p->avalue)[i] != NULL; i++)
            free( (p->avalue)[i] );
        free( p->avalue );
        p->avalue = NULL;
    }

    p->avalue = lspg_array2ptrs( p->value );

    switch( *(p->value) ) {
        case 'T':
        case 't':
        case 'Y':
        case 'y':
        case '1':
            p->bvalue = 1;
            break;

        case 'F':
        case 'f':
        case 'N':
        case 'n':

```

```

        case '0':
            p->bvalue = 0;
            break;

        default:
            p->bvalue = -1;           // nil is -1 here in our world
    }

    p->cvalue = *(p->value);

    if( !(p->valid) ) {
        p->valid = 1;
        lsevents_send_event( "%s Valid", p->events_name
        );
    }
}

```

7.7.2.3 void lsredis_addRead (void * data)

hook to mange read events

Definition at line 568 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;

    if( (pfd->events & POLLIN) == 0 ) {
        pfd->events |= POLLIN;
        pthread_kill( lsredis_thread, SIGUSR1);
    }
}

```

7.7.2.4 void lsredis_addWrite (void * data)

hook to manage write events

Definition at line 592 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;

    if( (pfd->events & POLLOUT) == 0 ) {
        pfd->events |= POLLOUT;
        pthread_kill( lsredis_thread, SIGUSR1);
    }
}

```

7.7.2.5 void lsredis_cleanup (void * data)

hook to clean up TODO: figure out what we are supposed to do here and do it

Definition at line 617 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;

    pfd->fd = -1;

    if( (pfd->events & (POLLOUT | POLLIN)) != 0 ) {
        pfd->events &= ~(POLLOUT | POLLIN);
        pthread_kill( lsredis_thread, SIGUSR1);
    }
}

```

7.7.2.6 int Isredis_cmpnstr (Isredis_obj_t * p, char * s, int n)

Definition at line 236 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = strncmp( p->value, s, n);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.7 int Isredis_cmpstr (Isredis_obj_t * p, char * s)

Definition at line 225 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = strcmp( p->value, s);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.8 void Isredis_debugCB (redisAsyncContext * ac, void * reply, void * privdata)

Log the reply.

Definition at line 96 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    static int indentlevel = 0;
    redisReply *r;
    int i;

    r = (redisReply *)reply;

    if( r == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "Null reply. Odd");
        return;
    }

    switch( r->type) {
    case REDIS_REPLY_STATUS:
        lslogging_log_message( "%sSTATUS: %s", indentlevel*4,
            "", r->str);
        break;

    case REDIS_REPLY_ERROR:
        lslogging_log_message( "%sERROR: %s", indentlevel*4,
            "", r->str);
        break;

    case REDIS_REPLY_INTEGER:
        lslogging_log_message( "%sInteger: %lld", indentlevel
            *4, "", r->integer);
        break;

    case REDIS_REPLY_NIL:
        lslogging_log_message( "%s(nil)", indentlevel*4, "");
        break;

    case REDIS_REPLY_STRING:
        lslogging_log_message( "%sSTRING: %s", indentlevel*4,
            "", r->str);
        break;

    case REDIS_REPLY_ARRAY:
        lslogging_log_message( "%sARRAY of %d elements",

```

```

        indentlevel*4, "", (int)r->elements);
    indentlevel++;
    for( i=0; i<(int)r->elements; i++)
        lsredis_debugCB( ac, r->element[i], NULL);
    indentlevel--;
    break;

default:
    lslogging_log_message( "%*sUnknown type %d",
        indentlevel*4,"", r->type);
}
}
}

```

7.7.2.9 void lsredis_delRead (void * data)

hook to manage "don't need to read" events

Definition at line 580 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;

    if( (pfd->events & POLLIN) != 0) {
        pfd->events &= ~POLLIN;
        pthread_kill( lsredis_thread, SIGUSR1);
    }
}

```

7.7.2.10 void lsredis_delWrite (void * data)

hook to manage "don't need to write anymore" events

Definition at line 604 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    struct pollfd *pfd;
    pfd = (struct pollfd *)data;

    if( (pfd->events & POLLOUT) != 0) {
        pfd->events &= ~POLLOUT;
        pthread_kill( lsredis_thread, SIGUSR1);
    }
}

```

7.7.2.11 void lsredis_fd_service (struct pollfd * evt)

service the socket requests

Definition at line 889 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
    if( evt->fd == subac->c.fd) {
        if( evt->revents & POLLIN)
            redisAsyncHandleRead( subac);
        if( evt->revents & POLLOUT)
            redisAsyncHandleWrite( subac);
    }
    if( evt->fd == roac->c.fd) {
        if( evt->revents & POLLIN)
            redisAsyncHandleRead( roac);
        if( evt->revents & POLLOUT)
            redisAsyncHandleWrite( roac);
    }
    if( evt->fd == wrac->c.fd) {
        if( evt->revents & POLLIN)
            redisAsyncHandleRead( wrac);
        if( evt->revents & POLLOUT)
            redisAsyncHandleWrite( wrac);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);
}

```


7.7.2.12 int lsredis_find_preset(char *base, char *preset_name, double *dval)

Definition at line 756 of file lsredis.c.

```

char s[512];
int i;
int err;
ENTRY htab_input, *htab_output;
lsredis_obj_t *p;

i = 0;
for( i=0; i<1024; i++) {
    snprintf( s, sizeof( s)-1, "%s.%s.presetsets.%d.name", lsredis_head
        , base, i);
    s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
    htab_input.key = s;
    htab_input.data = NULL;
    err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab)
        ;
    if( err == 0) {
        // We've run out of names to look for: done
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_find_preset: no
            preset for motor %s named '%s'", base, preset_name);
        *dval = 0.0;
        return 0;
    }

    // Check if we have a match
    p = htab_output->data;
    if( lsredis_cmpstr( p, preset_name)==0) {
        // got a match, now look for the position
        snprintf( s, sizeof( s)-1, "%s.%s.presetsets.%d.position", lsredis_head
            , base, i);
        s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
        htab_input.key = s;
        htab_input.data = NULL;
        err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab
            );
        if( err == 0) {
            // Name but not position? odd.
            lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_find_preset:
                Error, motor %s preset '%s' has no position defined", base, preset_name);
            *dval = 0.0;
            return 0;
        }
        p = htab_output->data;
        *dval = lsredis_getd( p);
        return 1;
    }
}
// How'd we get here?
// did someone really define that many presetsets? And then looked for one
// that's not there?
*dval = 0;
return 0;
}

```

7.7.2.13 lsredis_obj_t* lsredis_get_obj(char *fmt, ...)

Definition at line 524 of file lsredis.c.

```

lsredis_obj_t *rtn;
va_list arg_ptr;
char k[512];
char *kp;
int nkp;

va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
vsnprintf( k, sizeof(k)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
k[sizeof(k)-1] = 0;
va_end( arg_ptr);

nkp = strlen(k) + strlen( lsredis_head) + 16; // 16
        is overkill. I know. Get over it.
kp = calloc( nkp, sizeof( char));
if( kp == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_get_obj: Out of memory
        ");
}

```

```

    exit( -1);
}

snprintf( kp, nkp-1, "%s.%s", lsredis_head, k);
kp[nkp-1] = 0;

pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
while( lsredis_running == 0)
    pthread_cond_wait( &lsredis_cond, &lsredis_mutex);

rtn = _lsredis_get_obj( kp);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

free( kp);
return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.14 char** lsredis_get_string_array(lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 365 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
char **rtn;

pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
while( p->valid == 0)
    pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

rtn = p->avalue;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.15 int lsredis_getb(lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 378 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
int rtn;

pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
while( p->valid == 0)
    pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

rtn = p->bvalue;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.16 char lsredis_getc(lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 391 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
int rtn;

pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
while( p->valid == 0)
    pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

rtn = p->cvalue;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.17 double Isredis_getd (Isredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 339 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    double rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = p->dvalue;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.18 long int Isredis_getl (Isredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 352 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    long int rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = p->lvalue;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.19 char* Isredis_getstr (Isredis_obj_t * p)

return a copy of the key's string value

Definition at line 263 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    char *rtn;

    //
    // Have to use strdup since we cannot guarantee that p->value won't be freed
    // while the caller is still using it
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = strdup(p->value);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.20 void Isredis_hgetCB (redisAsyncContext * ac, void * reply, void * privdata)

Definition at line 404 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    redisReply *r;
    Isredis_obj_t *p;

    r = reply;
    p = privdata;

    // lslogging_log_message( "hgetCB: %s %s", p == NULL ? "<NULL>" : p->key,
    // r->type == REDIS_REPLY_STRING ? r->str : "Non-string value. Why?");
}

```

```

//
// Apparently this item does not exist
// Just set it to an empty string so at least other apps will have the same
//   behaviour as us
// TODO: figure out a better way to deal with missing key/values
//
if( p != NULL && r->type == REDIS_REPLY_NIL) {
    lsredis_setstr( p, "");
    return;
}

if( p != NULL && r->type == REDIS_REPLY_STRING && r->str != NULL) {
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);

    _lsredis_set_value( p, r->str);

    pthread_cond_signal( &p->cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
}
}

```

7.7.2.21 void lsredis.init(char * pub, char * re, char * head)

Initialize this module, that is, set up the connections.

Parameters

<i>pub</i>	Publish under this (unique) name
<i>re</i>	Regular expression to select keys we want to mirror
<i>head</i>	Prepend this (+ a dot) to the beginning of requested objects

Definition at line 810 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    int err;
    int nerrmsg;
    char *errmsg;

    //
    // set up hash map to store redis objects
    //
    err = hcreate_r( 8192, &lsredis_htab);
    if( err == 0) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_init: Cannot create
            hash table. Really bad things are going to happen. hcreate_r returned %d", err);
    }

    lsredis_head = strdup( head);
    lsredis_publisher = strdup( pub);

    pthread_cond_init( &lsredis_cond, NULL);

    subac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
    if( subac->err) {
        lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", subac->errstr
            );
    }

    subfd.fd = subac->c.fd;
    subfd.events = 0;
    subac->ev.data = &subfd;
    subac->ev.addRead = lsredis_addRead;
    subac->ev.delRead = lsredis_delRead;
    subac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
    subac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
    subac->ev.cleanup = lsredis_cleanup;

    roac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
    if( roac->err) {
        lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", roac->errstr);
    }

    rofd.fd = roac->c.fd;
    rofd.events = 0;
    roac->ev.data = &rofd;
    roac->ev.addRead = lsredis_addRead;

```

```

roac->ev.delRead = lsredis_delRead;
roac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
roac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
roac->ev.cleanup = lsredis_cleanup;

//wrac = redisAsyncConnect("10.1.0.3", 6379);
wrac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
if( wrac->err) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", wrac->errstr);
}

wrfd.fd = wrac->c.fd;
wrfd.events = 0;
wrac->ev.data = &wrfd;
wrac->ev.addRead = lsredis_addRead;
wrac->ev.delRead = lsredis_delRead;
wrac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
wrac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
wrac->ev.cleanup = lsredis_cleanup;

err = regcomp( &lsredis_key_select_regex, re,
    REG_EXTENDED);
if( err != 0) {
    nerrmsg = regerror( err, &lsredis_key_select_regex,
        NULL, 0);
    if( nerrmsg > 0) {
        errmsg = calloc( nerrmsg, sizeof( char));
        nerrmsg = regerror( err, &lsredis_key_select_regex
            , errmsg, nerrmsg);
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_select: %s", errmsg);
        free( errmsg);
    }
}
}
}

```

7.7.2.22 void Lsredis_keysCB (redisAsyncContext * ac, void * reply, void * privdata)

Sift through the keys to find ones we like.

Add them to our list of followed objects

Definition at line 735 of file Lsredis.c.

```

redisReply *r;
int i;

r = reply;
if( r->type != REDIS_REPLY_ARRAY) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_keysCB: expected
        array...");
    lsredis_debugCB( ac, reply, privdata);
    return;
}

for( i=0; i< (int)r->elements; i++) {
    if( r->element[i]->type != REDIS_REPLY_STRING) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_keysCB: expected
            string...");
        lsredis_debugCB( ac, r->element[i], privdata);
    } else {
        lsredis_maybe_add_key( r->element[i]->str);
    }
}
}

```

7.7.2.23 void Lsredis_maybe_add_key (char * k)

Definition at line 727 of file Lsredis.c.

```

{
if( regexec( &lsredis_key_select_regex, k, 0, NULL, 0
    ) == 0) {
    _lsredis_get_obj( k);
}
}

```

7.7.2.24 `int lsredis_regexec (const regex_t * preg, lsredis_obj_t * p, size_t nmatch, regmatch_t * pmatch, int eflags)`

Definition at line 247 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = regexec( preg, p->value, nmatch, pmatch, eflags);

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.7.2.25 `void lsredis_run ()`

Definition at line 1014 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &lsredis_thread, NULL, lsredis_worker
        , NULL);
}

```

7.7.2.26 `void lsredis_set_value (lsredis_obj_t * p, char * fmt, ...)`

Set the value of a redis object and make it valid.

Called by mgetCB to set the value as it is in redis Maybe TODO: we've arbitrarily set the maximum size of a value here. Although I cannot imagine needed bigger values it would not be a big deal to enable it.

Definition at line 207 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char v[512];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( v, sizeof(v)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    v[sizeof(v)-1] = 0;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);

    _lsredis_set_value( p, v);

    pthread_cond_signal( &p->cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
}

```

7.7.2.27 `void lsredis_setstr (lsredis_obj_t * p, char * fmt, ...)`

Set the value and update redis.

Note that lsredis_set_value sets the value based on redis while here we set redis based on the value Arbitrary maximum string length set here. TODO: Probably this limit should be removed at some point.

redisAsyncCommandArgv used instead of redisAsyncCommand 'cause it's easier (and possible) to deal with strings that would otherwise cause hiredis to emit a bad command, like those containing spaces. < up the count of times we need to see ourselves published before we start listening to others again

< Unlock to prevent deadlock in case the service routine needs to set our value

< redisAsyncCommandArgv shouldn't need to access this after it's made up it's packet (before it returns) so we should be OK with this location disappearing soon.

Definition at line 288 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char v[512];
    char *argv[4];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( v, sizeof(v)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    v[sizeof(v)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);

    //
    // Don't send an update if a good value has not changed
    //
    if( p->valid && strcmp( v, p->value) == 0) {
        // nothing to do
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
        return;
    }

    p->wait_for_me++;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    argv[0] = "HSET";
    argv[1] = p->key;
    argv[2] = "VALUE";
    argv[3] = v;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
    while( lsredis_running == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lsredis_cond, &lsredis_mutex);

    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "MULTI");
    redisAsyncCommandArgv( wrac, NULL, NULL, 4, (const char **)argv, NULL);

    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "PUBLISH %s %s", lsredis_publisher
        , p->key);
    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "EXEC");
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

    // Assume redis will take exactly the value we sent it
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    _lsredis_set_value( p, v);
    pthread_cond_signal( &p->cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
}

```

7.7.2.28 void lsredis_sig_service (struct pollfd * evt)

Parameters

in	evt	The pollfd object that triggered this call
----	-----	--

Definition at line 913 of file Isredis.c.

```

{
    struct signalfd_siginfo fdsi;

    //
    // Really, we don't care about the signal,
    // it's just used to drop out of the poll
    // function when there is something for us
    // to do.
    //

    read( evt->fd, &fdsi, sizeof( struct signalfd_siginfo));
}

```

7.7.2.29 void lsredis_subCB (redisAsyncContext * ac, void * reply, void * privdata)

Use the publication to request the new value.

Definition at line 635 of file lsredis.c.

```

redisReply *r;
lsredis_obj_t *p;
char *k;
char *publisher;
ENTRY htab_input, *htab_output;
int err;

r = (redisReply *)reply;

// Ignore our psubscribe reply
//
if( r->type == REDIS_REPLY_ARRAY && r->elements == 3 && r->element[0]->type
    == REDIS_REPLY_STRING && strcmp( r->element[0]->str, "psubscribe")==0)
    return;

// But log other stuff we don't understand
//
if( r->type != REDIS_REPLY_ARRAY ||
    r->elements != 4 ||
    r->element[3]->type != REDIS_REPLY_STRING ||
    r->element[2]->type != REDIS_REPLY_STRING) {

    lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_subCB: unexpected
        reply");
    lsredis_debugCB( ac, reply, privdata);
    return;
}

//
// Ignore obvious junk
//
k = r->element[3]->str;

if( k == NULL || *k == 0)
    return;

//
// see if we care
//
if( regexexec( &lsredis_key_select_regex, k, 0, NULL, 0
    ) == 0) {
    //
    // We should know about this one
    //

    htab_input.key = k;
    htab_input.data = NULL;

    errno = 0;
    err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab)
    ;
    if( err == 0 && errno == ESRCH)
        p = NULL;
    else
        p = htab_output->data;

    if( p == NULL) {
        _lsredis_get_obj( k);
    } else {
        // Look who's talk'n
        publisher = r->element[2]->str;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        if( p->wait_for_me) {
            //
            // see if we are done waiting
            //
            if( strcmp( publisher, lsredis_publisher)==0)
                p->wait_for_me--;

            pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
            //
            // Don't get a new value, either we set it last or we are still waiting
            // for redis to report
            // our publication
            //
            return;
        }
    }
}

```



```

    }

    // Here we know our value is out of date
    //
    p->valid = 0;
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Invalid", p->events_name
    );
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    //
    // We shouldn't get here if wait_for_me is zero and we are the publisher.
    // If somehow we did (ie we did an hset with out incrementing wait_for_me
    // or if we published too many times), it shouldn't hurt to get the value again.
    //
    redisAsyncCommand( roac, lsredis_hgetCB, p, "HGET %s
    VALUE", k);
}
}
}

```

7.7.2.30 void* Lsredis_worker (void * dummy)

subscribe to changes and service sockets

< poll timeout, in millisecs (of course)

< array of pollfd's for the poll function, one entry per connection

< number of active elements in fda

Definition at line 932 of file Lsredis.c.

```

{
    static int poll_timeout_ms = -1;
    static struct pollfd fda[4];
    static int nfda = 0;
    static sigset_t our_sigset;
    int pollrtn;
    int i;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
    //
    // block ordinary signal mechanism
    //
    sigemptyset( &our_sigset);
    sigaddset( &our_sigset, SIGUSR1);
    pthread_sigmask( SIG_BLOCK, &our_sigset, NULL);

    // Set up fd mechanism
    //
    fda[0].fd = signalfd( -1, &our_sigset, SFD_NONBLOCK);
    if( fda[0].fd == -1) {
        char *es;

        es = strerror( errno);
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_worker: Signalfd
        trouble '%s'", es);
    }
    fda[0].events = POLLIN;
    nfda = 1;

    lsredis_running = 1;

    if( redisAsyncCommand( subac, lsredis_subCB, NULL, "
    PSUBSCRIBE REDIS_KV_CONNECTOR UI* MD2-*") == REDIS_ERR) {
        lslogging_log_message( "Error sending PSUBSCRIBE
        command");
    }

    redisAsyncCommand( roac, lsredis_keysCB, NULL, "KEYS *");
    pthread_cond_signal( &lsredis_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

    while(1) {
        nfda = 1;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
        if( subfd.fd != -1) {
            fda[nfda].fd = subfd.fd;

```

```

        fda[nfda].events = subfd.events;
        fda[nfda].revents = 0;
        nfda++;
    }

    if( rofd.fd != -1) {
        fda[nfda].fd = rofd.fd;
        fda[nfda].events = rofd.events;
        fda[nfda].revents = 0;
        nfda++;
    }

    if( wrfd.fd != -1) {
        fda[nfda].fd = wrfd.fd;
        fda[nfda].events = wrfd.events;
        fda[nfda].revents = 0;
        nfda++;
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

    pollrtn = poll( fda, nfda, poll_timeout_ms);

    if( pollrtn && fda[0].revents) {
        lsredis_sig_service( &(fda[0]));
        pollrtn--;
    }

    for( i=1; i<nfda; i++) {
        if( fda[i].revents) {
            lsredis_fd_service( &(fda[i]));
        }
    }
}
}

```

7.7.2.31 void redisDisconnectCB (const redisAsyncContext * ac, int status)

call back in case a redis server becomes disconnected TODO: reconnect

Definition at line 560 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    if( status != REDIS_OK) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis: Disconnected with
            status %d", status);
    }
}

```

7.7.3 Variable Documentation

7.7.3.1 pthread_cond_t lsredis_cond [static]

Definition at line 75 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.2 char* lsredis_head = NULL [static]

Definition at line 88 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.3 struct hsearch_data lsredis_hstab [static]

Definition at line 80 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.4 regex_t lsredis_key_select_regex [static]

Definition at line 87 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.5 `pthread_mutex_t lsredis_mutex = PTHREAD_RECURSIVE_MUTEX_INITIALIZER_NP` `[static]`

Definition at line 73 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.6 `lsredis_obj_t* lsredis_objs = NULL` `[static]`

Definition at line 79 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.7 `char* lsredis_publisher = NULL` `[static]`

Definition at line 86 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.8 `int lsredis_running = 0` `[static]`

Definition at line 76 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.9 `pthread_t lsredis_thread` `[static]`

Definition at line 71 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.10 `redisAsyncContext* roac` `[static]`

Definition at line 83 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.11 `struct pollfd rofd` `[static]`

Definition at line 91 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.12 `redisAsyncContext* subac` `[static]`

Definition at line 82 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.13 `struct pollfd subfd` `[static]`

Definition at line 90 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.14 `redisAsyncContext* wrac` `[static]`

Definition at line 84 of file lsredis.c.

7.7.3.15 `struct pollfd wrfd` `[static]`

Definition at line 92 of file lsredis.c.

7.8 ltest.c File Reference

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Functions

- int [lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait](#) (double move_time, int flag)
- void [lptest_lspmac_est_move_time](#) ()
- void [lptest_main](#) ()

7.8.1 Function Documentation

7.8.1.1 void [lptest_lspmac_est_move_time](#) ()

Definition at line 41 of file [lptest.c](#).

```

{
    int err;
    double move_time;
    double fudge;
    int mmask;

    fudge = 2.0;

    mmask = 0;
    err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, omega
        , 0, NULL, 360., NULL);
    lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        omega 360 move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

    if( lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
        move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
            timed out");
        return;
    }

    err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, aperz
        , 0, "Cover", 0., NULL);
    lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        aperz Cover move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

    if( lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
        move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
            timed out");
        return;
    }

    err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, aperz
        , 0, "In", 0., NULL);
    lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        aperz In move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

    if( lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
        move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
            timed out");
        return;
    }

    err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, capz,
        0, "Cover", 0., NULL);
    lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        capz Cover move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

    if( lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
        move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
            timed out");
        return;
    }

    err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, capz,
        0, "In", 0., NULL);
    lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        capz In move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

    if( lptest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
        move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lptest_lspmac_est_move_time:
            timed out");
        return;
    }
}

```

```

}

err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, apery
    , 0, "In", 0.0, aperz, 0, "In", 0.0, capy, 0, "In", 0.0, capz, 0, "
    In", 0.0, scint, 0, "Scintillator", 0.0, NULL);
lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
    apery In aperz In capy In capz In scint Scintillator move_time=%f err=%d",
    move_time, err);

if( ltest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
    move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        timed out");
    return;
}

err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, apery
    , 0, "In", 0.0, aperz, 0, "Cover", 0.0, capy, 0, "In", 0.0, capz, 0
    , "Cover", 0.0, scint, 0, "Cover", 0.0, NULL);
lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
    apery Cover aperz Cover capy Cover capz Cover scint Cover move_time=%f err=%d",
    move_time, err);

if( ltest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
    move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        timed out");
    return;
}

err = lspmac_est_move_time( &move_time, &mmask, apery
    , 1, "In", 0.0, aperz, 1, "In", 0.0, capy, 1, "In", 0.0, capz, 1, "
    In", 0.0, scint, 1, "Scintillator", 0.0,
        omega, 0, "manualMount", 0.0, kappa, 0,
        "manualMount", 0.0, NULL);
lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
    apery In aperz In capy In capz In scint Scintillator omega manualMount kappa
    Manualmount move_time=%f err=%d", move_time, err);

if( ltest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait(
    move_time + fudge, mmask)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
        timed out");
    return;
}
}
}

```

7.8.1.2 int ltest_lspmac_est_move_time_wait (double move_time, int flag)

Definition at line 13 of file ltest.c.

```

{
    int err;
    double isecs, fsecs;
    struct timespec timeout;

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &timeout);
    fsecs = modf( move_time, &isecs);
    timeout.tv_sec += (long)floor(isecs);
    timeout.tv_nsec += (long)floor(fsecs * 1.e9);
    timeout.tv_sec += timeout.tv_nsec / 1000000000;
    timeout.tv_nsec %= 1000000000;

    err = 0;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);
    while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & flag) != 0)
        err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
            lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

    if( err != 0) {
        if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
            lslogging_log_message( "ltest_lspmac_est_move_time:
                timed out waiting %f seconds", move_time);
        }
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

7.8.1.3 void ltest_main ()

Definition at line 119 of file ltest.c.

```

    {
        ltest_lspmac_est_move_time ();
    }

```

7.9 Istimer.c File Reference

Support for delayed and periodic events.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [ltimer_list_struct](#)
Everything we need to know about a timer.

Macros

- #define [LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH](#) 1024
We'll allow this many timers. This should be way more than enough.
- #define [LSTIMER_RESOLUTION_NSECS](#) 100000
times within this amount in the future are considered "now" and the events should be called

Typedefs

- typedef struct [ltimer_list_struct](#) [ltimer_list_t](#)
Everything we need to know about a timer.

Functions

- void [ltimer_add_timer](#) (char *event, int shots, unsigned long int secs, unsigned long int nsecs)
Create a timer.
- static void [service_timers](#) ()
Send events that are past due, due, or just about to be due.
- static void [handler](#) (int sig, siginfo_t *si, void *dummy)
Service the signal.
- static void * [ltimer_worker](#) (void *dummy)
Our worker.
- void [ltimer_init](#) ()
Initialize the timer list and pthread stuff.
- void [ltimer_run](#) ()
Start up our thread.

Variables

- static int `lstimer_active_timers` = 0
count of the number timers we are tracking
- static `lstimer_list_t` `lstimer_list` [`LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH`]
Our timer list.
- static pthread_t `lstimer_thread`
the timer thread
- static pthread_mutex_t `lstimer_mutex`
protect the timer list
- static pthread_cond_t `lstimer_cond`
allows us to be idle when there is nothing to do
- static timer_t `lstimer_timerid`
our real time timer
- static int `new_timer` = 0
indicate that a new timer exists and a call to service_timers is required

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Support for delayed and periodic events.

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [lstimer.c](#).

7.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.9.2.1 #define LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH 1024

We'll allow this many timers. This should be way more than enough.

Definition at line 11 of file `lstimer.c`.

7.9.2.2 #define LSTIMER_RESOLUTION_NSECS 100000

times within this amount in the future are considered "now" and the events should be called

Definition at line 16 of file `lstimer.c`.

7.9.3 Typedef Documentation

7.9.3.1 typedef struct lstimer_list_struct lstimer_list_t

Everything we need to know about a timer.

7.9.4 Function Documentation

7.9.4.1 static void handler (int *sig*, siginfo_t* *si*, void* *dummy*) [static]

Service the signal.

Definition at line 174 of file `lstimer.c`.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lstimer_mutex);
    service_timers();
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);
}

```

7.9.4.2 void lstimer_add_timer (char* *event*, int *shots*, unsigned long int *secs*, unsigned long int *nsecs*)

Create a timer.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Name of the event to send when the timer goes off
<i>shots</i>	Number of times to run. 0 means never, -1 means forever
<i>secs</i>	Number of seconds to wait
<i>nsecs</i>	Number of nano-seconds to run in addition to secs

Definition at line 50 of file `lstimer.c`.

```

{
    int i;
    struct timespec now;

    // Time we were called. Delay is based on call time, not queued time
    //
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lstimer_mutex);

    for( i=0; i<LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH; i++) {
        if( lstimer_list[i].shots == 0)
            break;
    }

    if( i == LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH) {
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);

        lslogging_log_message( "lstimer_add_timer: out of
            timers for event: %s, shots: %d, secs: %u, nsecs: %u",
                event, shots, secs, nsecs);
        return;
    }

    strncpy( lstimer_list[i].event, event, LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH
        - 1);
    lstimer_list[i].event[LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH
        - 1] = 0;
    lstimer_list[i].shots      = shots;
    lstimer_list[i].delay_secs = secs;
    lstimer_list[i].delay_nsecs = nsecs;

    lstimer_list[i].next_secs  = secs + now.tv_sec + (
        now.tv_nsec + nsecs) / 1000000000;
    lstimer_list[i].next_nsecs = (now.tv_nsec + nsecs
        ) % 1000000000;
    lstimer_list[i].last_secs  = 0;
    lstimer_list[i].last_nsecs = 0;

    lstimer_list[i].ncalls     = 0;
    lstimer_list[i].init_secs  = now.tv_sec;
    lstimer_list[i].init_nsecs = now.tv_nsec;

    if( shots != 0) {
        lstimer_active_timers++;
    }
}

```



```

    new_timer++;
}

pthread_cond_signal( &lstimer_cond);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);
}

```

7.9.4.3 void lstimer_init ()

Initialize the timer list and pthread stuff.

Definition at line 259 of file ltimer.c.

```

{
    int i;

    for( i=0; i<LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH; i++) {
        lstimer_list[i].shots = 0;
    }

    pthread_mutex_init( &lstimer_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lstimer_cond, NULL);
}

```

7.9.4.4 void lstimer_run ()

Start up our thread.

Definition at line 273 of file ltimer.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &lstimer_thread, NULL, lstimer_worker
, NULL);
}

```

7.9.4.5 static void* lstimer_worker (void * dummy) [static]

Our worker.

The main loop runs when a new timer is added. The service routine deals with maintenance.

Parameters

in	<i>dummy</i>	required by protocol
----	--------------	----------------------

Definition at line 184 of file ltimer.c.

```

{
    int
        known_timers;

    struct sigevent sev;
    struct sigaction sa;
    sigset_t mask;

    // See example at
    // http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/online/pages/man2/timer_create.2.html
    //

    // Set up handler
    //
    sa.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
    sa.sa_sigaction = handler;
    sigemptyset(&sa.sa_mask);
    if (sigaction(SIGRTMIN, &sa, NULL) == -1) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lstimer_worker: sigaction
        failed");
    }
}

```

```

    exit( -1);
}

// Create the timer
//
sev.sigev_notify = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
sev.sigev_signo  = SIGRTMIN;
sev.sigev_value.sival_ptr = &lstimer_timerid;
timer_create( CLOCK_REALTIME, &sev, &lstimer_timerid);

// Block timer signal for now since we really
// want to be sure we do not own a lock on the timer mutex
// while servicing the signal
//
sigemptyset( &mask);
sigaddset( &mask, SIGRTMIN);

known_timers = 0;

while( 1) {
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lstimer_mutex);

    while( new_timer == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lstimer_cond, &lstimer_mutex
        );

    // ignore signals so we don't service the signal while we are already in
    // the
    // service routine
    //
    sigprocmask( SIG_SETMASK, &mask, NULL);

    //
    // Setting up the timer interval is in the handler
    // so just call it
    //
    service_timers();

    //
    // Reset our flag
    //
    new_timer = 0;

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);

    // Let the signals rain down
    //
    sigprocmask( SIG_UNBLOCK, &mask, NULL);
}
}

```

7.9.4.6 static void service_timers () [static]

Send events that are past due, due, or just about to be due.

Definition at line 102 of file lstimer.c.

```

{
    int
    i,
    found_active;

    lstimer_list_t *p;
    struct timespec now, then, soonest;
    struct itimerspec its;

    //
    // Did I remind you not to let this thread own the lstimer mutex outside of
    // this
    // service routine when SIGRTMIN is active?
    //

    // Call with lstimer_mutex locked

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
    //
    // Project a tad into the future
    then.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + (now.tv_nsec + LSTIMER_RESOLUTION_NSECS
    ) / 1000000000;
}

```

```

then.tv_nsec = (now.tv_nsec + LSTIMER_RESOLUTION_NSECS
) % 1000000000;

found_active = 0;
for( i=0; i<lstimer_active_timers; i++) {
    p = &(lstimer_list[i]);
    if( p->shots != 0) {
        found_active++;
        if( p->next_secs < then.tv_sec || (p->next_secs ==
then.tv_sec && p->next_nsecs <= then.tv_nsec)) {
            lsevents_send_event( p->event);
            //
            // After sending the event, compute the next time we need to do this
            //
            p->last_secs = now.tv_sec;
            p->last_nsecs = now.tv_nsec;
            p->ncalls++;
            //
            // Decrement non-infinite loops
            if( p->shots != -1)
                p->shots--;
            if( p->shots == 0) {
                //
                // Take this timer out of the mix
                lstimer_active_timers--;
            } else {
                p->next_secs = p->init_secs + (p->ncalls+1)
* p->delay_secs + (p->init_nsecs + (p->ncalls+1)*p->
delay_nsecs)/1000000000;
                p->next_nsecs = (p->init_nsecs + (p->ncalls
+1)*p->delay_nsecs) % 1000000000;
            }
        }

        if( found_active == 1) {
            soonest.tv_sec = p->next_secs;
            soonest.tv_nsec = p->next_nsecs;
        } else {
            if( soonest.tv_sec > p->next_secs || (soonest.tv_sec == p->
next_secs && soonest.tv_nsec > p->next_nsecs)) {
                soonest.tv_sec = p->next_secs;
                soonest.tv_nsec = p->next_nsecs;
            }
        }
    }
}

if( soonest.tv_sec != 0) {
    its.it_value.tv_sec = soonest.tv_sec;
    its.it_value.tv_nsec = soonest.tv_nsec;
    its.it_interval.tv_sec = 0;
    its.it_interval.tv_nsec = 0;
    timer_settime( lstimer_timerid, TIMER_ABSTIME, &its, NULL);
}
}

```

7.9.5 Variable Documentation

7.9.5.1 `int lstimer_active_timers = 0` [static]

count of the number timers we are tracking

Definition at line 18 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.2 `pthread_cond_t lstimer_cond` [static]

allows us to be idle when there is nothing to do

Definition at line 40 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.3 `lstimer_list_t lstimer_list[LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH]` [static]

Our timer list.

Definition at line 36 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.4 pthread_mutex_t ltimer_mutex [static]

protect the timer list

Definition at line 39 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.5 pthread_t ltimer_thread [static]

the timer thread

Definition at line 38 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.6 timer_t ltimer_timerid [static]

our real time timer

Definition at line 41 of file ltimer.c.

7.9.5.7 int new_timer = 0 [static]

indicate that a new timer exists and a call to service_timers is required

Definition at line 42 of file ltimer.c.

7.10 md2cmds.c File Reference

Implements commands to run the md2 diffractometer attached to a PMAC controled by postgresql.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Data Structures

- struct [md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct](#)

Typedefs

- typedef struct [md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct](#) [md2cmds_cmd_kv_t](#)

Functions

- int [md2cmds_abort](#) (const char *dummy)
abort the current motion and put the system into a known state /param dummy Unused here
- int [md2cmds_center](#) (const char *dummy)
Move centering and alignment tables as requested TODO: Implement.
- int [md2cmds_collect](#) (const char *dummy)
Collect some data.
- int [md2cmds_moveAbs](#) (const char *ccmd)
Move a motor to the position requested Returns non zero on error.
- int [md2cmds_phase_change](#) (const char *ccmd)
Move md2 devices to a preconfigured state.
- int [md2cmds_test](#) (const char *dummy)

- Run the test routine(s)*

 - int `md2cmds_rotate` (const char *dummy)

Spin 360 and make a video (recenter first, maybe)

 - int `md2cmds_transfer` (const char *dummy)

Transfer a sample.

 - void `md2cmds_home_prep` ()
 - int `md2cmds_home_wait` (double timeout_secs)
 - void `md2cmds_move_prep` ()

prepare for new movements

 - int `md2cmds_move_wait` (double timeout_secs)

Wait for all the motions requested to complete.

 - int `md2cmds_is_moving` ()

returns non-zero if we think a motor is moving, 0 otherwise

 - double `md2cmds_prep_axis` (lspmac_motor_t *mp, double pos)
 - void `md2cmds_organs_move_presets` (char *pay, char *paz, char *pcy, char *pcz, char *psz)
 - void `md2cmds_mvcenter_move` (double cx, double cy, double ax, double ay, double az)

Move the centering and alignment tables.

 - void `md2cmds_maybe_done_moving_cb` (char *event)

Track how many motors are moving.

 - void `md2cmds_maybe_done_homing_cb` (char *event)

Track motors homing.

 - void `md2cmds_kappaphi_move` (double kappa_deg, double phi_deg)
 - void `md2cmds_rotate_cb` (char *event)

Tell the database about the time we went through omega=zero.

 - void `md2cmds_maybe_rotate_done_cb` (char *event)

Now that we are done with the 360 rotation lets rehome right quick.

 - void `md2cmds_set_scale_cb` (char *event)

Fix up xscale and yscale when zoom changes.

 - void `md2cmds_time_capz_cb` (char *event)

Time the capillary motion for the transfer routine.

 - int `md2cmds_action_queue` (double timeout, char *action)
 - void `md2cmds_action_wait` ()

pause until md2cmds_worker has finished running the command

 - void * `md2cmds_worker` (void *dummy)

Our worker thread.

 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_1_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_2_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_3_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_4_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_5_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_coordsys_7_stopped_cb` (char *event)
 - void `md2cmds_init` ()

Initialize the md2cmds module.

 - void `md2cmds_run` ()

Start up the thread.

Variables

- pthread_cond_t [md2cmds_cond](#)
condition to signal when it's time to run an md2 command
- pthread_mutex_t [md2cmds_mutex](#)
mutex for the condition
- int [md2cmds_moving_queue_wait](#) = 0
- pthread_cond_t [md2cmds_moving_cond](#)
wait for command to have been dequeued and run
- pthread_mutex_t [md2cmds_moving_mutex](#)
message passing between md2cmds and pg
- int [md2cmds_homing_count](#) = 0
We've asked a motor to home.
- pthread_cond_t [md2cmds_homing_cond](#)
coordinate homing and homed
- pthread_mutex_t [md2cmds_homing_mutex](#)
our mutex;
- int [md2cmds_moving_count](#) = 0
- char [md2cmds_cmd](#) [MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH]
our command;
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [md2cmds_md_status_code](#)
- static pthread_t [md2cmds_thread](#)
- static int [rotating](#) = 0
flag: when omega is in position after a rotate we want to re-home omega
- static double [md2cmds_capz_moving_time](#) = NAN
- static struct hsearch_data [md2cmds_hmap](#)
- static [md2cmds_cmd_kv_t](#) [md2cmds_cmd_kvs](#) []

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Implements commands to run the md2 diffractometer attached to a PMAC controlled by postgresql.

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [md2cmds.c](#).

7.10.2 Typedef Documentation

7.10.2.1 typedef struct md2cmds_cmd_kv_struct md2cmds_cmd_kv_t

7.10.3 Function Documentation

7.10.3.1 int md2cmds_abort (const char * *dummy*)

abort the current motion and put the system into a known state /param dummy Unused here

Definition at line 1314 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
//
// First priority is to close the shutter
//
if( fshut->moveAbs( fshut, 0))
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_abort: for some reason
        the shutter close requested failed. Proceeding anyway.");

//
// Now stop all the motors
//
lspmac_abort();
if( md2cmds_move_wait( 10.0))
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_abort: Some motors did
        not appear to stop. Proceeding with reset anyway");

//
// Now try to close the shutter (again)
//
if( fshut->moveAbs( fshut, 0))
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_abort: for some reason
        the shutter close requested failed (2). Proceeding anyway.");

//
// Force the motion flags down
//
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "m5075=0");

return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.2 int md2cmds_action_queue (double *timeout*, char * *action*)

Definition at line 1276 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
int rtn;
struct timespec waitforit;

if( timeout < 0.0) {
    rtn = pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_mutex);
} else {
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &waitforit);

    waitforit.tv_sec += floor(timeout);

    waitforit.tv_nsec += (timeout - waitforit.tv_sec)*1.e9;
    while( waitforit.tv_nsec >= 1000000000) {
        waitforit.tv_sec++;
        waitforit.tv_nsec -= 1000000000;
    }

    rtn = pthread_mutex_timedlock( &md2cmds_mutex, &waitforit);
}

if( rtn == 0) {
    strncpy( md2cmds_cmd, action, MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH
        -1);
    md2cmds_cmd[MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH-1] = 0;
    pthread_cond_signal( &md2cmds_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_mutex);
} else {
    if( rtn == ETIMEDOUT)

```

```

    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_action_queue: %s not
    queued, operation timed out", action);
else
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_action_queue: %s not
    queued with error code %d", action, rtn);
}
return rtn;
}

```

7.10.3.3 void md2cmds_action_wait ()

pause until md2cmds_worker has finished running the command

Definition at line 1344 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_mutex);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_mutex);
}

```

7.10.3.4 int md2cmds_center (const char * dummy)

Move centering and alignment tables as requested TODO: Implement.

Definition at line 1239 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.5 int md2cmds_collect (const char * dummy)

Collect some data.

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	Unused returns non-zero on error
--------------	----------------------------------

- < index of shot to be taken
- < Exposure time (saved to compute shutter timeout)
- < start cnts
- < delta cnts
- < omega velocity cnts/msec
- < acceleration time (msec)
- < exposure time (msec)
- < one of the stages, at least, needs to be moved
- < unit to counts conversion
- < nominal zero offset
- < maximum acceleration allowed for omega
- < current kappa position in case we need to move phi only
- < current phi position in case we need to move kappa only
- < setup timeouts for shutter

Definition at line 814 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    long long skey;
    double exp_time;
    double p170;
    double p171;
    double p173;
    double p175;
    double p180;
    int center_request;
    double u2c;
    double neutral_pos;
    double max_accel;
    double kappa_pos;
    double phi_pos;
    struct timespec now, timeout;
    int err;

    u2c = lsredis_getd( omega->u2c);
    neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( omega->neutral_pos);
    max_accel = lsredis_getd( omega->max_accel);

    md2cmds_move_prep();
    md2cmds_organs_move_presets( "In", "In", "In", "In",
        "", "Cover");
    //
    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 30.0)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed out
            waiting for organs to move. Aborting data collection.");
        lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
        return 1;
    }

    //
    // reset shutter has opened flag
    //
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "P3001=0 P3002=0");

    while( 1) {
        lspg_nextshot_call();
        lspg_nextshot_wait();

        exp_time = lspg_nextshot.dsexp;

        if( lspg_nextshot.no_rows_returned) {
            lspg_nextshot_done();
            break;
        }

        skey = lspg_nextshot.skey;
        lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.shots_set_state(%lld,
            'Preparing')", skey);

        center_request = 0;
        if( lspg_nextshot.active) {
            if(
                //
                // Don't move if we are within 0.1 microns of our destination
                //
                (fabs( lspg_nextshot.cx - cenx->position) >
                0.1) ||
                (fabs( lspg_nextshot.cy - ceny->position) >
                0.1) ||
                (fabs( lspg_nextshot.ax - alignx->position
                ) > 0.1) ||
                (fabs( lspg_nextshot.ay - aligny->position
                ) > 0.1) ||
                (fabs( lspg_nextshot.az - alignz->position
                ) > 0.1)) {

                center_request = 1;
                lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: moving
                    center to cx=%f, cy=%f, ax=%f, ay=%f, az=%f",lspg_nextshot.cx,
                    lspg_nextshot.cy, lspg_nextshot.ax, lspg_nextshot
                    .ay, lspg_nextshot.az);
                md2cmds_move_prep();
                md2cmds_mvcenter_move( lspg_nextshot.
                    cx, lspg_nextshot.cy, lspg_nextshot.ax,
                    lspg_nextshot.ay, lspg_nextshot.az);
                if( md2cmds_move_wait( 2.0)) {
                    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed
                        out waiting for alignment or centering stage (or both) to stop moving. Aborting
                        data collection.");
                    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
                    return 1;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

// Maybe move kappa and/or phi
//
if( !lspg_nextshot.dsphi_isnull || !lspg_nextshot
    .dskappa_isnull) {

    kappa_pos = lspg_nextshot.dskappa_isnull ?
    lspmac_getPosition( kappa) : lspg_nextshot.
    dskappa;
    phi_pos = lspg_nextshot.dsphi_isnull ?
    lspmac_getPosition( phi) : lspg_nextshot.
    dsphi;

    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: move
    phy/kappa: kappa=%f phi=%f", kappa_pos, phi_pos);
    md2cmds_move_prep();
    md2cmds_kappaphi_move( kappa_pos, phi_pos);
    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 30.0)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed
        out waiting for kappa or phi (or both) to stop moving. Aborting data collection.
        ");
        lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
        return 1;
    }
}

//
// Calculate the parameters we'll need to run the scan
//
p180 = lspg_nextshot.dsexp * 1000.0;
p170 = u2c * (lspg_nextshot.sstart + neutral_pos);
p171 = u2c * lspg_nextshot.dsowidth;
p173 = fabs(p180) < 1.e-4 ? 0.0 : u2c * lspg_nextshot.dsowidth
    / p180;
p175 = p173/max_accel;

//
// free up access to nextshot
//
lspg_nextshot_done();

//
// prepare the database and detector to expose
// On exit we own the diffractometer lock and
// have checked that all is OK with the detector
//
lspg_seq_run_prep_all( skey,
    kappa->position,
    phi->position,
    cenx->position,
    ceny->position,
    alignx->position,
    aligny->position,
    alignz->position
);

//
// make sure our opened flag is down
// wait for the p3001=0 command to be noticed
//
clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 10;
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

err = 0;
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
while( err == 0 && lspmac_shutter_has_opened == 1)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_shutter_cond, &
    lspmac_shutter_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed out
    waiting for shutter to open. Data collection aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// Start the exposure

```

```

//
md2cmds_move_prep();
lspmac_SockSendDPline( "Exposure", "&l P170=%.1f
    P171=%.1f P173=%.1f P174=0 P175=%.1f P176=0 P177=1 P178=0 P180=%.1f M431=1 &lB131R",
    p170,    p171,    p173,    p175,
    p180);

//
// We could look for the "Exposure command accepted" event at this point.
//
//
// wait for the shutter to open
//
clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 10;
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

err = 0;
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
while( err == 0 && lspmac_shutter_has_opened == 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_shutter_cond, &
        lspmac_shutter_mutex, &timeout);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed out
        waiting for shutter to open. Data collection aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// wait for the shutter to close
//
clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 4 + exp_time;    // hopefully 4 seconds
    is long enough to never catch a legitimate shutter close and short enough to
    bail when something is really wrong
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

err = 0;
while( err == 0 && lspmac_shutter_state == 1)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_shutter_cond, &
        lspmac_shutter_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_shutter_mutex);
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Timed out
        waiting for shutter to close. Data collection aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// Signal the detector to start reading out
//
lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.unlock_diffractionmeter()");

//
// Update the shot status
//
lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.shots_set_state(%lld,
    'Writing')", skey);

//
// reset shutter has opened flag
//
lspmac_SockSendDPline( NULL, "P3001=0");

//
// Wait for omega to stop moving
//
if( md2cmds_move_wait( 10.0)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_collect: Giving up
        waiting for omega to stop moving. Data collection aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// Move the center/alignment stages to the next position
//
// TODO: position omega for the next shot. During data collection the

```

```

    motion program
    // makes a good guess but for ortho snaps it is wrong. We should add an
    // argument to the motion program
    //

    if( !lspg_nextshot.active2_isnull &&
        lspg_nextshot.active2) {
        if(
            (fabs( lspg_nextshot.cx2 - cenx->position)
             > 0.1) ||
            (fabs( lspg_nextshot.cy2 - ceny->position)
             > 0.1) ||
            (fabs( lspg_nextshot.ax2 - alignx->position)
             > 0.1) ||
            (fabs( lspg_nextshot.ay2 - aligny->position)
             > 0.1) ||
            (fabs( lspg_nextshot.az2 - alignz->position)
             > 0.1)) {

            center_request = 1;
            md2cmds_move_prep();
            md2cmds_mvcenter_move( lspg_nextshot.
                                   cx, lspg_nextshot.cy, lspg_nextshot.ax,
                                   lspg_nextshot.ay, lspg_nextshot.az);
        }
    }
    lsevents_send_event( "Data Collection Done");
    return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.6 void md2cmds_coordsys_1_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1417 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.7 void md2cmds_coordsys_2_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1419 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.8 void md2cmds_coordsys_3_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1421 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.9 void md2cmds_coordsys_4_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1423 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.10 void md2cmds_coordsys_5_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1425 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.11 void md2cmds_coordsys_7_stopped_cb (char * event)

Definition at line 1427 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
}

```

7.10.3.12 void md2cmds_home_prep ()

Definition at line 61 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);
md2cmds_homing_count = -1;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);
}

```

7.10.3.13 int md2cmds_home_wait (double timeout_secs)

Definition at line 68 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
struct timespec timeout, now;
double isecs, fsecs;
int err;

clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

fsecs = modf( timeout_secs, &isecs);

timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + (long)floor( isecs);
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec + (long)floor( fsecs * 1.0e9);

timeout.tv_sec += timeout.tv_nsec / 1000000000;
timeout.tv_nsec %= 1000000000;

err = 0;
pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);
while( err == 0 && md2cmds_homing_count == -1)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &md2cmds_homing_cond, &
        md2cmds_homing_mutex, &timeout);

if( err != 0) {
    if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_home_wait:
            unexpected error from timedwait: %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
            timeout.tv_nsec);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);
    return 1;
}

err = 0;
while( err == 0 && md2cmds_homing_count > 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &md2cmds_homing_cond, &
        md2cmds_homing_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);

if( err != 0) {
    if( err != ETIMEDOUT)
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_home_wait:
            unexpected error from timedwait: %d", err);
}
}

```

```

    return 1;
}
return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.14 void md2cmds_init ()

Initialize the md2cmds module.

Definition at line 1433 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
ENTRY hloader, *hrtval;
int i, err;

pthread_mutexattr_t mutex_initializer;

pthread_mutexattr_init( &mutex_initializer);
pthread_mutexattr_settype( &mutex_initializer, PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE);

pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_mutex, &mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_cond, NULL);

pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_moving_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_moving_cond, NULL);

pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_homing_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_homing_cond, NULL);

md2cmds_md_status_code = lsredis_get_obj
    ( "md2_status_code");
lsredis_setstr( md2cmds_md_status_code, "
    7");

hcreate_r( 32, &md2cmds_hmap);
for( i=0; i<sizeof(md2cmds_cmd_kvs)/sizeof(md2cmds_cmd_kvs
    [0]); i++) {
    hloader.key = md2cmds_cmd_kvs[i].k;
    hloader.data = md2cmds_cmd_kvs[i].v;
    err = hsearch_r( hloader, ENTER, &hrtval, &md2cmds_hmap);
    if( err == 0) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_init: hsearch_r
            returned an error for item %d: %s", i, strerror( errno));
    }
}
}

```

7.10.3.15 int md2cmds_is_moving ()

returns non-zero if we think a motor is moving, 0 otherwise

Definition at line 167 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
int rtn;

pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
rtn = md2cmds_moving_count != 0;
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);

return rtn;
}

```

7.10.3.16 void md2cmds_kappaphi_move (double kappa_deg, double phi_deg)

Definition at line 792 of file md2cmds.c.

```

int kc, pc;

// coordinate system 7
// 1 << (coord sys no - 1) = 64

kc = md2cmds_prep_axis( kappa, kappa_deg);
pc = md2cmds_prep_axis( kappa, phi_deg);

// ;150          LS-CAT Move X, Y Absolute
// ;            Q20   = X Value
// ;            Q21   = Y Value
// ;            Q100  = 1 << (coord sys no - 1)

lsrmac_SockSendDPLine( "kappaphi_move", "&7 Q20=%d
Q21=%d Q100=64", kc, pc);
}

```

7.10.3.17 void md2cmds_maybe_done_homing_cb (char * event)

Track motors homing.

Definition at line 768 of file md2cmds.c.

```

pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);

if( strstr( event, "Homing") == NULL) {
    if( md2cmds_homing_count != -1)
        md2cmds_homing_count = 1;
    else
        md2cmds_homing_count++;
} else {
    if( md2cmds_homing_count > 0)
        md2cmds_homing_count--;
}

if( md2cmds_homing_count != 0)
    lsredis_setstr( md2cmds_md_status_code,
        "%s", "4");

if( md2cmds_homing_count == 0)
    pthread_cond_signal( &md2cmds_homing_cond);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_homing_mutex);
}

```

7.10.3.18 void md2cmds_maybe_done_moving_cb (char * event)

Track how many motors are moving.

Definition at line 739 of file md2cmds.c.

```

pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
if( strstr( event, "Moving") != NULL) {
    //
    // -1 is a flag indicating we're expecting some action
    //
    if( md2cmds_moving_count == -1)
        md2cmds_moving_count = 1;
    else
        md2cmds_moving_count++;
} else {
    //
    //
    if( md2cmds_moving_count > 0)
        md2cmds_moving_count--;
}

lsredis_setstr( md2cmds_md_status_code, "
%s", md2cmds_moving_count ? "4" : "3");

if( md2cmds_moving_count == 0)
    pthread_cond_signal( &md2cmds_moving_cond);
}

```

```
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
}
```

7.10.3.19 void md2cmds_maybe_rotate_done_cb (char * event)

Now that we are done with the 360 rotation lets rehome right quick.

Definition at line 1203 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    if( rotating) {
        rotating = 0;
        lsevents_send_event( "Rotate Done");
    }
}
```

7.10.3.20 void md2cmds_move_prep ()

prepare for new movements

Definition at line 113 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
    md2cmds_moving_count = -1;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
}
```

7.10.3.21 int md2cmds_move_wait (double timeout_secs)

Wait for all the motions requested to complete.

Parameters

<i>timeout_secs</i>	Double value of seconds to wait
---------------------	---------------------------------

There are two waits involved: First to wait for the first "Moving" to be seen and second to wait for the last "In Position". The timeout specified here is the sum of the two.

returns 0 on success and 1 if we timedout.

Definition at line 130 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    double isecs, fsecs;
    struct timespec timeout, now;
    int err;

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

    fsecs = modf( timeout_secs, &isecs);

    timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + (long)floor( isecs);
    timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec + (long)floor( fsecs * 1.0e9);

    timeout.tv_sec += timeout.tv_nsec / 1000000000;
    timeout.tv_nsec %= 1000000000;

    err = 0;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
    while( err == 0 && md2cmds_moving_count == -1)
        err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &md2cmds_moving_cond, &
            md2cmds_moving_mutex, &timeout);

    if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);
    }
}
```



```

    return 1;
}

err = 0;
while( err == 0 && md2cmds_moving_count > 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &md2cmds_moving_cond, &
        md2cmds_moving_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &md2cmds_moving_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT)
    return 1;
return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.22 int md2cmds_moveAbs (const char * ccmd)

Move a motor to the position requested Returns non zero on error.

Parameters

in	<i>ccmd</i>	The full command string to parse, ie, "moveAbs omega 180"
----	-------------	---

Definition at line 446 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
char *cmd;
char *ignore;
char *ptr;
char *mtr;
char *pos;
double fpos;
char *endptr;
lspmac_motor_t *mp;
int i;
int err;

// ignore nothing
if( ccmd == NULL || *ccmd == 0) {
    return 1;
}

// operate on a copy of the string since strtok_r will modify its argument
//
cmd = strdup( ccmd);

// Parse the command string
//
ignore = strtok_r( cmd, " ", &ptr);
if( ignore == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_moveAbs: ignoring
        blank command '%s'", cmd);
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}

// The first string should be "moveAbs" cause that's how we got here.
// Toss it.

mtr = strtok_r( NULL, " ", &ptr);
if( mtr == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds moveAbs error: missing
        motor name");
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}

mp = NULL;
for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
    if( strcmp( lspmac_motors[i].name, mtr) == 0) {
        mp = &(lspmac_motors[i]);
        break;
    }
}

if( mp == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds moveAbs error: cannot
        find motor %s", mtr);
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}
}

```

```

pos = strtok_r( NULL, " ", &ptr);
if( pos == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds moveAbs error: missing
        position");
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}

fpos = strtod( pos, &endptr);
if( pos == endptr) {
    //
    // Maybe we have a preset. Give it a whirl
    // In any case we are done here.
    //
    err = lspmac_move_preset_queue( mp, pos);
    free( cmd);
    return err;
}

if( mp != NULL && mp->moveAbs != NULL) {
    wprintw( term_output, "Moving %s to %f\n", mtr, fpos);
    wnoutrefresh( term_output);
    err = mp->moveAbs( mp, fpos);
}

free( cmd);
return err;
}

```

7.10.3.23 void md2cmds_mvcenter_move (double cx, double cy, double ax, double ay, double az)

Move the centering and alignment tables.

Parameters

in	cx	Requested Centering Table X
in	cy	Requested Centering Table Y
in	ax	Requested Alignment Table X
in	ay	Requested Alignment Table Y
in	az	Requested Alignment Table Z

Definition at line 712 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    //
    // centering stage is coordinate system 2
    // alignment stage is coordinate system 3
    //

    double cx_cts, cy_cts, ax_cts, ay_cts, az_cts;

    cx_cts = md2cmds_prep_axis( cenx, cx);
    cy_cts = md2cmds_prep_axis( ceny, cy);
    ax_cts = md2cmds_prep_axis( alignx, ax);
    ay_cts = md2cmds_prep_axis( aligny, ay);
    az_cts = md2cmds_prep_axis( alignz, az);

    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "&2 Q100=2 Q20=%.1f
        Q21=%.1f B150R", cx_cts, cy_cts);
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( "mvcenter_move", "&3 Q100=4
        Q30=%.1f Q31=%.1f Q32=%.1f B160R", ax_cts, ay_cts, az_cts);
}

```

7.10.3.24 void md2cmds_organs.move_presets (char * pay, char * paz, char * pcy, char * pcz, char * psz)

Definition at line 202 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    double ay, az, cy, cz, sz;

```

```

int    cay, caz, ccy, ccz, csz;
int err;

err = lsredis_find_preset( apery->name, pay, &ay)
;
if( err == 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_move_organs_presets:
        no preset '%s' for motor '%s'", pay, apery->name);
    return;
}

err = lsredis_find_preset( aperz->name, paz, &az)
;
if( err == 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_move_organs_presets:
        no preset '%s' for motor '%s'", paz, aperz->name);
    return;
}

err = lsredis_find_preset( capy->name, pcy, &cy);
if( err == 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_organs_move_presets:
        no preset '%s' for motor '%s'", pcy, capy->name);
    return;
}

err = lsredis_find_preset( capz->name, pcz, &cz);
if( err == 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_organs_move_presets:
        no preset '%s' for motor '%s'", pcz, capz->name);
    return;
}

err = lsredis_find_preset( scint->name, psz, &sz)
;
if( err == 0) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_organs_move_presets:
        no preset '%s' for motor '%s'", psz, scint->name);
    return;
}

cay = md2cmds_prep_axis( apery, ay);
caz = md2cmds_prep_axis( aperz, az);
ccy = md2cmds_prep_axis( capy, cy);
ccz = md2cmds_prep_axis( capz, cz);
csz = md2cmds_prep_axis( scint, sz);

//
// 170          LS-CAT Move U, V, W, X, Y, Z Absolute
//              Q40      = X Value
//              Q41      = Y Value
//              Q42      = Z Value
//              Q43      = U Value
//              Q44      = V Value
//              Q45      = W Value
//

lspmac_SockSendDPLine( "organs", "&5 Q40=0 Q41=%d Q42=%d
    Q43=%d Q44=%d Q45=%d Q100=16 B170R", cay, caz, ccy, ccz, csz);
}

```

7.10.3.25 int md2cmds_phase_change (const char * *ccmd*)

Move md2 devices to a preconfigured state.

EMBL calls these states "phases" and this language is partially retained here

Parameters

<i>ccmd</i>	The full text of the command that sent us here
-------------	--

Definition at line 535 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
char *cmd;
char *ignore;
char *ptr;
char *mode;
int err;

```

```

if( ccmd == NULL || *ccmd == 0)
    return 1;

// use a copy as strtok_r modifies the string it is parsing
//
cmd = strdup( ccmd);

ignore = strtok_r( cmd, " ", &ptr);
if( ignore == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_phase_change: ignoring
        empty command string (how did we let things get this far?");
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}

//
// ignore should point to "mode" cause that's how we got here. Ignore it
//
mode = strtok_r( NULL, " ", &ptr);
if( mode == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_phase_change: no mode
        specified");
    free( cmd);
    return 1;
}

if( strcmp( mode, "manualMount") == 0) {
    lsevents_send_event( "Mode manualMount Starting");

    //
    // Try all motions, flag errors at the end
    //
    md2cmds_move_prep();
    err = lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue(
        kappa, "manualMount", 1);
    err += lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue(
        omega, "manualMount", 0);
    err += lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( phi,
        0.0, 0);
    err += lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue(
        aperz, "Cover", 1);
    err += lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz
        , "Cover", 1);
    err += lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue(
        scint, "Cover", 1);
    err += md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 0");
    err += md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight.intensity 0");
    err += md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 1");
    err += md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");
    err += md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cam.zoom 1");

    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0) || err)
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode manualMount Aborted");
    else
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode manualMount Done");
} else if( strcmp( mode, "robotMount") == 0) {

    lsevents_send_event( "Mode robotMount Starting");
    md2cmds_home_prep();
    md2cmds_move_prep();
    lspmac_homel_queue( kappa);
    lspmac_homel_queue( omega);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( phi, 0.0, 0);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( apery,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( aperz,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz,
        "Cover", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( scint,
        "Cover", 1);
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight.intensity 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 1");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cam.zoom 1");
    if( md2cmds_home_wait( 60.0)) {
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode robotMount Aborted");
    } else {
        if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0))
            lsevents_send_event( "Mode robotMount Aborted");
        else
            lsevents_send_event( "Mode robotMount Done");
    }
} else if( strcmp( mode, "center") == 0) {

```

```

lsevents_send_event( "Mode center Starting");

md2cmds_move_prep();
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs kappa 0");
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs omega 0");
lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( phi, 0.0,
0);
lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( apery,
    "In", 1);
lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( aperz,
    "In", 1);
lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capy,
    "In", 1);
lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz,
    "In", 1);
lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( scint,
    "Cover", 1);
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 1");
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cam.zoom 1");
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 0");
md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");

if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0))
    lsevents_send_event( "Mode center Aborted");
else
    lsevents_send_event( "Mode center Done");

} else if( strcmp( mode, "dataCollection") == 0) {

    lsevents_send_event( "Mode dataCollection Starting");

    md2cmds_move_prep();
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( apery,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( aperz,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capy,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( scint,
        "Cover", 1);
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight.intensity 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");

    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0))
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode dataCollection Aborted");
    else
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode dataCollection Done");

} else if( strcmp( mode, "beamLocation") == 0) {

    lsevents_send_event( "Mode beamLocation Starting");

    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs kappa 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs omega 0");
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( apery,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( aperz,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capy,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( scint,
        "Scintillator", 1);
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cam.zoom 1");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");

    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0))
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode beamLocation Aborted");
    else
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode beamLocation Done");

} else if( strcmp( mode, "safe") == 0) {

    lsevents_send_event( "Mode safe Starting");

    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs kappa 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs omega 0");
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( apery,
        "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( aperz,

```

```

    "Cover", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capy,
    "In", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( capz,
    "Cover", 1);
    lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue( scint,
    "Cover", 1);
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs backLight 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cam.zoom 1");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs cryo 0");
    md2cmds_moveAbs( "moveAbs fluo 0");

    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 60.0))
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode safe Aborted");
    else
        lsevents_send_event( "Mode safe Done");
}

free( cmd);

return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.26 double md2cmds_prep_axis (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double pos)

Definition at line 178 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
double rtn;
double u2c;
double current_pos;
double neutral_pos;

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

u2c      = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
current_pos = mp->position;

mp->motion_seen = 0;
mp->not_done     = 1;

rtn = u2c * (pos + neutral_pos);

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

return rtn;
}

```

7.10.3.27 int md2cmds_rotate (const char * dummy)

Spin 360 and make a video (recenter first, maybe)

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	Unused returns non-zero on error
--------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 1064 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
double cx, cy, ax, ay, az;
int mmask;

mmask = 0;
//
// BLUMax disables scintillator here.
//

//
// get the new center information
//
lspg_getcenter_call();
lspg_getcenter_wait();

```

```

// put up the back light
blight_ud->moveAbs( blight_ud, 1);

md2cmds_move_prep();
md2cmds_home_prep();

//
// make sure omega is homed
//
lspmac_home1_queue( omega);
//
if( lspg_getcenter.no_rows_returned) {
    //
    // Always specify zoom even if no other center information is found
    //
    zoom->moveAbs( zoom, 1);    // default zoom is 1
} else {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: getcenter
        returned dcx %f, dcy %f, dax %f, day %f, daz %f, zoom %d",
        lspg_getcenter.dcx, lspg_getcenter
        .dcy, lspg_getcenter.dax, lspg_getcenter.day
        , lspg_getcenter.daz, lspg_getcenter.zoom);

    if( lspg_getcenter.zoom_isnull == 0) {
        zoom->moveAbs( zoom, lspg_getcenter.zoom
        );
    } else {
        zoom->moveAbs( zoom, 1);
    }

    //
    // Grab the current positions and perhaps add the tad specified by
    // getcenter
    //
    cx = lspmac_getPosition( cenx);
    cy = lspmac_getPosition( ceny);
    ax = lspmac_getPosition( alignx);
    ay = lspmac_getPosition( aligny);
    az = lspmac_getPosition( alignz);
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: actual
        positions cx %f, cy %f, ax %f, ay %f, az %f", cx, cy, ax, ay, az);

    if( lspg_getcenter.dcx_isnull == 0)
        cx += lspg_getcenter.dcx;

    if( lspg_getcenter.dcy_isnull == 0)
        cy += lspg_getcenter.dcy;

    if( (lspg_getcenter.dcx_isnull == 0 && fabs(
        lspg_getcenter.dcx) >= 0.0) ||
        (lspg_getcenter.dcy_isnull == 0 && fabs(
        lspg_getcenter.dcy) >= 0.0)) {
        mmask |= 2;
    }

    if( lspg_getcenter.dax_isnull == 0)
        ax += lspg_getcenter.dax;

    if( lspg_getcenter.day_isnull == 0)
        ay += lspg_getcenter.day;

    if( lspg_getcenter.daz_isnull == 0)
        az += lspg_getcenter.daz;

    if( (lspg_getcenter.dax_isnull == 0 && fabs(
        lspg_getcenter.dax) >= lsredis_getd( alignx
        ->precision)) ||
        (lspg_getcenter.day_isnull == 0 && fabs(
        lspg_getcenter.day) >= lsredis_getd( aligny
        ->precision)) ||
        (lspg_getcenter.daz_isnull == 0 && fabs(
        lspg_getcenter.daz) >= lsredis_getd( alignz
        ->precision))) {

    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: requested
        positions cx %f, cy %f, ax %f, ay %f, az %f", cx, cy, ax, ay, az);

    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: moving center"
    );
    md2cmds_mvcenter_move( cx, cy, ax, ay, az);
}

```

```

    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: waiting for
        center move");
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: done waiting")
    ;
}
lspg_getcenter_done();

if( md2cmds_home_wait( 20.0)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: homing motors
        timed out. Rotate aborted");
    lsevents_send_event( "Rotate Aborted");
    return 1;
}

if( md2cmds_move_wait( 20.0)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: moving motors
        timed out. Rotate aborted");
    lsevents_send_event( "Rotate Aborted");
    return 1;
}

// Report new center positions
cx = lspmac_getPosition( cenx);
cy = lspmac_getPosition( ceny);
ax = lspmac_getPosition( alignx);
ay = lspmac_getPosition( aligny);
az = lspmac_getPosition( alignz);
lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.applycenter( %.3f, %.3f,
    %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f)", cx, cy, ax, ay, az, lspmac_getPosition
    (kappa), lspmac_getPosition( phi));

lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: done with
    applycenter");
lspmac_video_rotate( 4.0);
lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_rotate: starting
    rotation");
rotating = 1;

return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.28 void md2cmds_rotate_cb(char * event)

Tell the database about the time we went through omega=zero.

This should trigger the video feed server to starting making a movie.

Definition at line 1188 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    struct tm t;
    int usecs;

    localtime_r( &(omega_zero_time.tv_sec), &t);

    usecs = omega_zero_time.tv_nsec / 1000;
    lspg_query_push( NULL, "SELECT px.trigcam('%d-%d-%d
        %d:%d:%d.%06d', %d, 0.0, 90.0)",
        t.tm_year+1900, t.tm_mon+1, t.tm_mday, t.tm_hour, t.tm_min,
        t.tm_sec, usecs,
        (int)(lspmac_getPosition( zoom)));
}

```

7.10.3.29 void md2cmds_run()

Start up the thread.

Definition at line 1469 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &md2cmds_thread, NULL,
        md2cmds_worker, NULL);
    lsevents_add_listener( "omega crossed zero",

```



```

    md2cmds_rotate_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "omega In Position",
        md2cmds_maybe_rotate_done_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( ".+ (Moving|In Position)",
        md2cmds_maybe_done_moving_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "(.+ (Homing|Homed)",
        md2cmds_maybe_done_homing_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "capz (Moving|In Position)",
        md2cmds_time_capz_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 1 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_1_stopped_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 2 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_2_stopped_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 3 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_3_stopped_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 4 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_4_stopped_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 5 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_5_stopped_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 7 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_7_stopped_cb);
}

```

7.10.3.30 void md2cmds_set_scale_cb (char * *event*)

Fix up xscale and yscale when zoom changes.

Definition at line 1213 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    int mag;
    lsredis_obj_t *p1, *p2;
    char *vp;

    mag = lspmac_getPosition( zoom);

    p1 = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.xScale");
    p2 = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.zoom.%d.ScaleX", mag);

    vp = lsredis_getstr( p2);
    lsredis_setstr( p2, vp);
    free( vp);

    p1 = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.yScale");
    p2 = lsredis_get_obj( "cam.zoom.%d.ScaleY", mag);

    vp = lsredis_getstr( p2);
    lsredis_setstr( p2, vp);
    free( vp);
}

```

7.10.3.31 int md2cmds_test (const char * *dummy*)

Run the test routine(s)

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	Unused
--------------	--------

Definition at line 1352 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
    lctest_main();
    return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.32 void md2cmds_time_capz_cb (char * *event*)

Time the capillary motion for the transfer routine.

< track the time spent moving capz

Definition at line 1246 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
static struct timespec capz_timestarted;
struct timespec now;
int nsec, sec;

if( strstr( event, "Moving") != NULL) {
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &capz_timestarted);
} else {
    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

    sec = now.tv_sec - capz_timestarted.tv_sec;
    nsec = 0;
    if( now.tv_nsec > capz_timestarted.tv_nsec) {
        sec--;
        nsec += 1000000000;
    }
    nsec += now.tv_nsec - capz_timestarted.tv_nsec;
    md2cmds_capz_moving_time = sec + nsec / 1000000000.
    ;
}
}

```

7.10.3.33 int md2cmds_transfer(const char * dummy)

Transfer a sample.

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	Unused
--------------	--------

Definition at line 260 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{
int nextsample, abort_now;
double esttime;
double ax, ay, az, cx, cy, horz, vert, oref;
int err;

nextsample = lspg_nextsample_all( &err);
if( err) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: no sample
        requested to be transfered, false alarm");
    return 1;
}

//
// BLUMax sets up an abort dialogbox here. Probably we should figure out how
// we are going to handle that.
//

//
// Wait for motors to stop
//
if( md2cmds_is_moving()) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: Waiting for
        previous motion to finish");
    if( md2cmds_move_wait( 30.0)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: Timed out
            waiting for previous motion to finish. Aborting transfer");
    }
}

//
// get positions we'll be needed to report to postgres
//
ax = lspmac_getPosition(alignedx);
ay = lspmac_getPosition(alignedy);
az = lspmac_getPosition(alignedz);
cx = lspmac_getPosition(cenx);
cy = lspmac_getPosition(ceny);
oref = lsredis_getd(lsredis_get_obj( "
    omega.reference")) * M_PI/180.;

horz = cx * cos(oref) + cy * sin(oref);

```

```

vert = cx * sin(oref) - cy * cos(oref);

if( lsredis_getd( capz->u2c) <= 0.0 || lsredis_getd
    ( capz->max_speed) <= 0.0 || lsredis_getd( capz->
    max_accel) <= 0.0) {
    esttime = 0.0;
} else {

    // Here we assume moving the capillary is the rate limiting step in
    // preparing the MD2.
    //
    // TODO: look at factors in which something besides the capillary determines
    // the time such as if the scintillator is out.
    //
    // pretend we are going to zero instead of the "Out" position. We should
    // probably arrange for
    // neutralPosition such that "Out" is zero.
    //
    // This also treats S curve acceleration as taking the same time as linear
    // acceleration.
    //
    esttime = lspmac_getPosition( capz)/lsredis_getd
        ( capz->u2c)/(lsredis_getd( capz->max_speed));
    // Time if we moved at constant velocity
    esttime += lsredis_getd( capz->max_speed)/
        lsredis_getd(capz->max_accel);
    // Correction for time spent accelerating
    esttime /= 1000.;
    // convert from milliseconds to seconds
}

lspg_starttransfer_call( nextsample,
    lspmac_getBIPosition( sample_detected), ax,
    ay, az, horz, vert, esttime);

// put the light down if it's not already
//
if( lspmac_getBIPosition( blight_down) != 1)
    blight_ud->moveAbs( blight_ud, 0);

// Pull the fluorescence detector out of the way
//
if( lspmac_getBIPosition( fluor_back) != 1)
    blight_ud->moveAbs( fluo, 0);

//
// Prepare for moving stuff
//
md2cmds_move_prep();

//
// Put the organs into position
//
md2cmds_organs_move_presets( "In", "Cover", "In",
    "Cover", "Cover");

md2cmds_home_prep();

//
// Home Kappa
//
lspmac_home1_queue( kappa);

//
// Home omega
//
lspmac_home1_queue( omega);

//
// wait for kappa cause we can't home phi until kappa's done
//
lspmac_moveabs_wait( kappa, 60.0);

//
// Home phi (whatever that means)
//
lspmac_home1_queue( phi);

// Now let's get back to postgresql (remember our query so long ago?)
//
lspg_starttransfer_wait();

//
// It's possible that the sample that's mounted is unknown to the robot.
// If so then we need to abort after we're done moving stuff
//

```

```

if( lspg_starttransfer.no_rows_returned ||
    lspg_starttransfer.starttransfer != 1)
    abort_now = 1;
else
    abort_now = 0;

lspg_starttransfer_done();

//
// Wait for the homing routines to finish
//
if( md2cmds_home_wait( 30.0)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: homing
        routines taking too long. Aborting transfer.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Transfer Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// Wait for all the motors to stop moving
//
if( md2cmds_move_wait( 30.0)) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: We got bored
        waiting for the motors to stop. Aborting transfer. Later.");
    lsevents_send_event( "Transfer Aborted");
    return 1;
}

// TODO: check that all the motors are where we told them to go
//

if( abort_now) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: Apparently
        there is a sample mounted already but we don't know where it is supposed to go");
    lsevents_send_event( "Transfer Aborted");
    return 1;
}

// refuse to go on if we do not have positive confirmation that the backlight
// is down and the
// fluorescence detector is back
//
if( lspmac_getBIPosition( blight_down) != 1 ||
    lspmac_getBIPosition( fluor_back) != 1) {
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_transfer: It looks
        like either the back light is not down or the fluoescence dectector is not back");
    lsevents_send_event( "Transfer Aborted");
    return 1;
}

//
// Wait for the robot to unlock the cryo which signals us that we need to
// move the cryo back and drop air rights
//
lspg_waitcryo_all();

// Move the cryo back
//
cryo->moveAbs( cryo, 1);
lspmac_moveabs_wait( cryo, 10.0);

// simplest query yet!
lspg_query_push( lspg_waitcryo_cb, "SELECT
    px.dropairrights()");

// wait for the result
// TODO: find an easy way out of this in case of error
//
lspg_getcurrentsampleid_wait_for_id(
    nextsample);

// grab the airrights again
//
lspg_demandairrights_all();

lsevents_send_event( "Transfer Done");

return 0;
}

```

7.10.3.34 void* md2cmds_worker (void * *dummy*)

Our worker thread.

Parameters

<i>dummy</i>	[in] Unused but required by protocol
--------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 1360 of file md2cmds.c.

```

{

ENTRY hsearcher, *hrtnval;
char theCmd[32], *sp;
int i, err;
md2cmds_cmd_kv_t *cmdp;

pthread_mutex_lock( &md2cmds_mutex);

while( 1) {
    //
    // wait for someone to give us a command (and tell us they did so)
    //
    while( md2cmds_cmd[0] == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &md2cmds_cond, &md2cmds_mutex
        );

    //
    // pull out the command name itself from the string we were given
    //
    for( i=0, sp=md2cmds_cmd; i<sizeof( theCmd)-1; i++, sp++) {
        if( *sp == 0 || *sp == ' ' ) {
            theCmd[i] = 0;
            break;
        }
        theCmd[i] = *sp;
    }
    theCmd[sizeof(theCmd)-1]=0;

    hsearcher.key = theCmd;
    hsearcher.data = NULL;

    errno = 0;
    err = hsearch_r( hsearcher, FIND, &hrtnval, &md2cmds_hmap);
    if( err == 0) {
        lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_worker: hsearch_r
            failed. theCmd = '%s' Errno: %d: %s", theCmd, errno, strerror( errno));
        md2cmds_cmd[0] = 0;
        continue;
    }
    lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_worker: Found command
        '%s'", theCmd);
    if( hrtnval != NULL) {
        cmdp = (md2cmds_cmd_kv_t *)hrtnval;
        err = cmdp->v( md2cmds_cmd);
        if( err) {
            lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_worker: Command
                failed: '%s', md2cmds_cmd);
            //
            // At this point we'd clear the queue but the queue is currently too
            // short to bother doing that
            //
        }
    }

    md2cmds_cmd[0] = 0;
}
}

```

7.10.4 Variable Documentation

7.10.4.1 double md2cmds_capz_moving_time = NAN [static]

Definition at line 32 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.2 char md2cmds_cmd[MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH]

our command;

Definition at line 24 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.3 md2cmds_cmd_kv_t md2cmds_cmd_kvs[] [static]

Initial value:

```
= {  
  { "abort",      md2cmds_abort},  
  { "center",     md2cmds_center},  
  { "changeMode", md2cmds_phase_change},  
  { "collect",    md2cmds_collect},  
  { "moveAbs",    md2cmds_moveAbs},  
  { "rotate",     md2cmds_rotate},  
  { "test",       md2cmds_test},  
  { "transfer",   md2cmds_transfer}  
}
```

Definition at line 50 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.4 pthread_cond_t md2cmds_cond

condition to signal when it's time to run an md2 command

Definition at line 10 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.5 struct hsearch_data md2cmds_hmap [static]

Definition at line 34 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.6 pthread_cond_t md2cmds_homing_cond

coordinate homing and homed

Definition at line 18 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.7 int md2cmds_homing_count = 0

We've asked a motor to home.

Definition at line 17 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.8 pthread_mutex_t md2cmds_homing_mutex

our mutex;

Definition at line 19 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.9 Isredis_obj_t* md2cmds_md_status_code

Definition at line 26 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.10 pthread_cond_t md2cmds_moving_cond

wait for command to have been dequeued and run
coordinate call and response
Definition at line 14 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.11 int md2cmds_moving_count = 0

Definition at line 22 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.12 pthread_mutex_t md2cmds_moving_mutex

message passing between md2cmds and pg
Definition at line 15 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.13 int md2cmds_moving_queue_wait = 0

Definition at line 13 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.14 pthread_mutex_t md2cmds_mutex

mutex for the condition
Definition at line 11 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.15 pthread_t md2cmds_thread [static]

Definition at line 28 of file md2cmds.c.

7.10.4.16 int rotating = 0 [static]

flag: when omega is in position after a rotate we want to re-home omega
Definition at line 30 of file md2cmds.c.

7.11 mk_pgpmac_redis.py File Reference

Namespaces

- namespace [mk_pgpmac_redis](#)

Functions

- def [mk_pgpmac_redis.active_simulation](#)
- def [mk_pgpmac_redis.asis](#)

Variables

- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.head` `sys.argv[1]`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.pref_ini` `sys.argv[2]`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.hard_ini` `sys.argv[3]`
- dictionary `mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_dict`
- dictionary `mk_pgpmac_redis.hard_ini_fields`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_field_lists`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.bi_list` ["CryoSwitch"]
- dictionary `mk_pgpmac_redis.motor_presets`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.zoom_settings`
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.hi` `iniParser.iniParser(hard_ini)`
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.v` `motor_dict[m]`
- string `mk_pgpmac_redis.f` "HSETNX"
- list `mk_pgpmac_redis.xlate` `hard_ini_fields[k]`
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.pi` `iniParser.iniParser(pref_ini)`
- int `mk_pgpmac_redis.i` 0
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.ppos` `pi.get(section, option)`
- string `mk_pgpmac_redis.fnc` "HSETNX"
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.b` `pi.get(section, "LightIntensity")`
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.p` `pi.get(section, "MotorPosition")`
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.x` `pi.get(section, "ScaleX")`
- tuple `mk_pgpmac_redis.y` `pi.get(section, "ScaleY")`

7.12 pgpmac.c File Reference

Main for the pgpmac project.

```
#include "pgpmac.h"
```

Functions

- void `stdinService` (`struct pollfd *evt`)
Handle keyboard input.
- void `pgpmac_printf` (`char *fmt,...`)
Terminal output routine ala printf.
- int `main` (`int argc, char **argv`)
Our main routine.

Variables

- WINDOW * `term_output`
place to print stuff out
- WINDOW * `term_input`
place to put the cursor
- WINDOW * `term_status`
shutter, lamp, air, etc status
- WINDOW * `term_status2`
shutter, lamp, air, etc status
- pthread_mutex_t `ncurses_mutex`
allow more than one thread access to the screen

- static struct pollfd [stdinfd](#)
Handle input from the keyboard.
- static int [running](#) = 1

7.12.1 Detailed Description

Main for the pgpmac project.

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [pgpmac.c](#).

7.12.2 Function Documentation

7.12.2.1 int main (int *argc*, char ** *argv*)

Our main routine.

< argument flags

Parameters

in	<i>argc</i>	Number of arguments
in	<i>argv</i>	Vector of argument strings

Definition at line 353 of file pgpmac.c.

```
{  
  
    static struct pollfd fda[3];           // input for poll: room for postgres,  
        pmac, and stdin  
    static int nfd = 0;                    // number of items in fda  
    static int pollrtn = 0;  
    static struct option long_options[] = {  
        { "i-vars", 0, NULL, 'i' },  
        { "m-vars", 0, NULL, 'm' },  
        { NULL, 0, NULL, 0 }  
    };  
    int c;  
    int ivars, mvars;  
    mvars = 0;  
    ivars = 0;  
    int i;                                // standard loop counter  
  
    while( 1 ) {  
        c=getopt_long( argc, argv, "im", long_options, NULL);  
        if( c == -1)  
            break;  
  
        switch( c ) {  
            case 'i':  
                ivars=1;  
                break;  
  
            case 'm':  
                mvars=1;  
                break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```



```

    }

    pollrtn = poll( fda, nfd, 10);

    for( i=0; pollrtn>0 && i<nfd; i++) {
        if( fda[i].revents) {
            pollrtn--;
            if( fda[i].fd == 0) {
                stdinService( &fda[i]);
            }
        }
    }
}
endwin();
return 0;
}

```

7.12.2.2 void pgpmac_printf (char * *fmt*, ...)

Terminal output routine ala printf.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style forming string
-----------	------------	-----------------------------

Definition at line 330 of file pgpmac.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vwprintw( term_output, fmt, arg_ptr);
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    wnoutrefresh( term_output);
    wnoutrefresh( term_input);
    doupdate();

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
}

```

7.12.2.3 void stdinService (struct pollfd * *evt*)

Handle keyboard input.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>evt</i>	The pollfd object that caused this call
-----------	------------	---

Definition at line 254 of file pgpmac.c.

```

{
    static char cmds[1024];
    static char cntrlcmd[2];
    static unsigned int cmds_on = 0;
    int ch;

    for( ch=wgetch(term_input); ch != ERR && running; ch=wgetch(
        term_input)) {
        // wprintw( term_output, "%04x\n", ch);
        // wnoutrefresh( term_output);

        switch( ch) {
            case KEY_F(1):
            case KEY_F(2):
            case KEY_F(3):

```

```

        running = 0;
        break;

case 0x0001:      // Control-A
case 0x0002:      // Control-B
case 0x0003:      // Control-C
case 0x0004:      // Control-D
case 0x0005:      // Control-E
case 0x0006:      // Control-F
case 0x0007:      // Control-G
case 0x000b:      // Control-K
case 0x000f:      // Control-O
case 0x0010:      // Control-P
case 0x0011:      // Control-Q
case 0x0012:      // Control-R
case 0x0013:      // Control-Q
case 0x0016:      // Control-V
    cntrlcmd[0] = ch;
    cntrlcmd[1] = 0;
    lspmac_SockSendline( NULL, cntrlcmd);
    //      PmacSockSendControlCharPrint( ch);
    break;

case KEY_BACKSPACE:
    cmds[cmds_on] = 0;
    cmds_on == 0 ? 0 : cmds_on--;
    break;

case KEY_ENTER:
case 0x000a:
    if( cmds_on > 0 && strlen( cmds) > 0) {
        lspmac_SockSendline( NULL, "%s", cmds);
    }
    memset( cmds, 0, sizeof(cmds));
    cmds_on = 0;
    break;

default:
    if( ch >= 0x20 && ch <= 0x7e) {
        if( cmds_on < sizeof( cmds)-1) {
            cmds[cmds_on++] = ch;
            cmds[cmds_on] = 0;
        }
    }
    break;
}

if( running) {
    mvwprintw( term_input, 1, 1, "PMAC> %s", cmds);
    wclrtoeol( term_input);
    box( term_input, 0, 0);
    wnoutrefresh( term_input);
    doupdate();
}
}
}

```

7.12.3 Variable Documentation

7.12.3.1 pthread_mutex_t ncurses_mutex

allow more than one thread access to the screen

Definition at line 242 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.2 int running = 1 [static]

Definition at line 249 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.3 struct pollfd stdinfd [static]

Handle input from the keyboard.

Definition at line 248 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.4 WINDOW* term_input

place to put the cursor

Definition at line 238 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.5 WINDOW* term_output

place to print stuff out

Definition at line 237 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.6 WINDOW* term_status

shutter, lamp, air, etc status

Definition at line 239 of file pgpmac.c.

7.12.3.7 WINDOW* term_status2

shutter, lamp, air, etc status

Definition at line 240 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13 pgpmac.h File Reference

Headers for the entire pgpmac project.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <poll.h>
#include <libpq-fe.h>
#include <ncurses.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <sys/signalfd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <regex.h>
#include <hiredis/hiredis.h>
#include <hiredis/async.h>
#include <search.h>
```

Data Structures

- struct [lsredis_obj_struct](#)
Redis Object Basic object whose value is synchronized with our redis db.
- struct [tagEthernetCmd](#)
PMAC ethernet packet definition.
- struct [lspmac_cmd_queue_struct](#)
PMAC command queue item.
- struct [lspmac_motor_struct](#)
Motor information.
- struct [lspmac_bi_struct](#)
Storage for binary inputs.
- struct [lspgQueryQueueStruct](#)
Store each query along with it's callback function.
- struct [lspg_waitcryo_struct](#)
- struct [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct](#)
- struct [lspg_demandairrights_struct](#)
- struct [lspg_getcenter_struct](#)
Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies.
- struct [lspg_starttransfer_struct](#)
returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort
- struct [lspg_nextsample_struct](#)
Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)
- struct [lspg_nextshot_struct](#)
Storage definition for nextshot query.

Macros

- #define [_GNU_SOURCE](#)
- #define [LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_HEIGHT](#) 8
Number of status box rows.
- #define [LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH](#) 24
Number of status box columns.
- #define [LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH](#) 1024
Fixed length postgresql query strings. Queries should all be function calls so this is not as weird as one might think.
- #define [LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH](#) 256
Fixed length for event names: simplifies string handling.
- #define [MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH](#) 32

Typedefs

- typedef struct [lsredis_obj_struct](#) [lsredis_obj_t](#)
Redis Object Basic object whose value is synchronized with our redis db.
- typedef struct [tagEthernetCmd](#) [pmac_cmd_t](#)
PMAC ethernet packet definition.
- typedef struct [lspmac_cmd_queue_struct](#) [pmac_cmd_queue_t](#)
PMAC command queue item.
- typedef struct [lspmac_motor_struct](#) [lspmac_motor_t](#)
Motor information.
- typedef struct [lspmac_bi_struct](#) [lspmac_bi_t](#)

- Storage for binary inputs.*

 - typedef struct [lspgQueryQueueStruct](#) [lspg_query_queue_t](#)
 - Store each query along with it's callback function.*
 - typedef struct [lspg_waitcryo_struct](#) [lspg_waitcryo_t](#)
 - typedef struct [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct](#) [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t](#)
 - typedef struct [lspg_demandairrights_struct](#) [lspg_demandairrights_t](#)
 - typedef struct [lspg_getcenter_struct](#) [lspg_getcenter_t](#)
 - Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies.*
 - typedef struct [lspg_starttransfer_struct](#) [lspg_starttransfer_t](#)
 - returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort*
 - typedef struct [lspg_nextsample_struct](#) [lspg_nextsample_t](#)
 - Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)*
 - typedef struct [lspg_nextshot_struct](#) [lspg_nextshot_t](#)
 - Storage definition for nextshot query.*

Functions

- double [lspmac_getPosition](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *)
- get the motor position (with locking)*
- char ** [lspg_array2ptrs](#) (char *)
- returns a null terminated list of strings parsed from postgresql array*
- char ** [lsredis_get_string_array](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- void [lspmac_SockSendDPLine](#) (char *, char *fmt,...)
- prepare (queue up) a line to send the dpram ascii command interface*
- [pmac_cmd_queue_t](#) * [lspmac_SockSendline](#) (char *, char *,...)
- Send a one line command.*
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [lsredis_get_obj](#) (char *,...)
- char * [lsredis_getstr](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- return a copy of the key's string value*
- void [PmacSockSendline](#) (char *s)
- unsigned int [lspg_nextsample_all](#) (int *err)
- char [lsredis_getc](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- long int [lsredis_getl](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- void [lsevents_add_listener](#) (char *, void(*cb)(char *))
- Add a callback routine to listen for a specific event.*
- void [lsevents_init](#) ()
- Initialize this module.*
- void [lsevents_remove_listener](#) (char *, void(*cb)(char *))
- Remove a listener previously added with lsevents_add_listener.*
- void [lsevents_run](#) ()
- Start up the thread and get out of the way.*
- void [lsevents_send_event](#) (char *,...)
- Call the callback routines for the given event.*
- void [lslogging_init](#) ()
- Initialize the lslogging objects.*
- void [lslogging_log_message](#) (char *fmt,...)
- The routine everyone will be talking about.*

- void [lslogging_run](#) ()
Start up the worker thread.
- void [lspg_demandairrights_all](#) ()
do nothing until we get airrights
- void [lspg_getcenter_call](#) ()
Request a getcenter query.
- void [lspg_getcenter_done](#) ()
Done with getcenter query.
- void [lspg_getcenter_wait](#) ()
Wait for a getcenter query to return.
- void [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_wait_for_id](#) (unsigned int test)
- void [lspg_init](#) ()
Initialize the lspg module.
- void [lspg_nextshot_call](#) ()
Queue up a nextshot query.
- void [lspg_nextshot_done](#) ()
Called when the next shot query has been processed.
- void [lspg_nextshot_wait](#) ()
Wait for the next shot query to get processed.
- void [lspg_query_push](#) (void(*cb)([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *, PGresult *), char *fmt,...)
Place a query on the queue.
- void [lspg_run](#) ()
Start 'er runnin'.
- void [lspg_seq_run_prep_all](#) (long long skey, double [kappa](#), double [phi](#), double cx, double cy, double ax, double ay, double az)
Convenience function to call seq run prep.
- void [lspg_starttransfer_call](#) (unsigned int nextsample, int [sample_detected](#), double ax, double ay, double az, double horz, double vert, double esttime)
- void [lspg_starttransfer_done](#) ()
- void [lspg_starttransfer_wait](#) ()
- void [lspg_waitcryo_all](#) ()
no need to get fancy with the wait cryo command It should not return until the robot is almost ready for air rights
- void [lspg_waitcryo_cb](#) ([lspg_query_queue_t](#) *qqp, PGresult *pgr)
- void [lspg_zoom_lut_call](#) ()
- int [lspmac_getBIPosition](#) ([lspmac_bi_t](#) *)
get binary input value
- void [lspmac_home1_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *mp)
Home the motor.
- void [lspmac_abort](#) ()
abort motion and try to recover
- void [lspmac_init](#) (int, int)
Initialize this module.
- int [lspmac_jogabs_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *, double)
Use jog to move motor to requested position.
- int [lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *mp, double requested_position, int use_jo)
Move method for normal stepper and servo motor objects Returns non-zero on abort, zero if OK.
- int [lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *, char *, int)
move using a preset value returns 0 on success, non-zero on error
- void [lspmac_move_or_jog_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *, double, int)
- int [lspmac_move_preset_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *mp, char *preset_name)
Move a given motor to one of its preset positions.

- int [lspmac_moveabs_queue](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *, double)
Use coordinate system motion program, if available, to move motor to requested position.
- int [lspmac_moveabs_wait](#) ([lspmac_motor_t](#) *mp, double timeout)
Wait for motor to finish moving.
- void [lspmac_run](#) ()
Start up the lspmacthread.
- void [lspmac_video_rotate](#) (double secs)
Special motion program to collect centering video.
- int [lsredis_cmpnstr](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p, char *s, int n)
- int [lsredis_cmpstr](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p, char *s)
- int [lsredis_find_preset](#) (char *base, char *preset_name, double *dval)
- int [lsredis_getb](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- double [lsredis_getd](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p)
- void [lsredis_init](#) (char *pub, char *re, char *head)
Initialize this module, that is, set up the connections.
- int [lsredis_regexec](#) (const [regex_t](#) *preg, [lsredis_obj_t](#) *p, size_t nmatch, [regmatch_t](#) *pmatch, int eflags)
- void [lsredis_run](#) ()
- void [lsredis_setstr](#) ([lsredis_obj_t](#) *p, char *fmt,...)
Set the value and update redis.
- void [lstimer_add_timer](#) (char *, int, unsigned long int, unsigned long int)
Create a timer.
- void [lstimer_init](#) ()
Initialize the timer list and pthread stuff.
- void [lstimer_run](#) ()
Start up our thread.
- void [lsupdate_init](#) ()
- void [lsupdate_run](#) ()
- void [md2cmds_init](#) ()
Initialize the md2cmds module.
- void [md2cmds_run](#) ()
Start up the thread.
- void [pgpmac_printf](#) (char *fmt,...)
Terminal output routine ala printf.
- void [lstest_main](#) ()
- int [lspmac_est_move_time](#) (double *est_time, int *mmask, [lspmac_motor_t](#) *mp_1, int jog_1, char *preset_1, double end_point_1,...)
Move the motors and estimate the time it'll take to finish the job.

Variables

- [lspg_waitcryo_t](#) [lspg_waitcryo](#)
signal the robot
- [lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t](#) [lspg_getcurrentsampleid](#)
our currentsample id
- [lspg_demandairrights_t](#) [lspg_demandairrights](#)
our demandairrights object
- [lspg_getcenter_t](#) [lspg_getcenter](#)
the getcenter object
- [lspg_starttransfer_t](#) [lspg_starttransfer](#)
start a sample transfer
- [lspg_nextsample_t](#) [lspg_nextsample](#)

- the very next sample*
- [lspg_nextshot_t lspg_nextshot](#)
- the nextshot object*
- [lspmac_motor_t lspmac_motors \[\]](#)
- All our motors.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * omega](#)
- MD2 omega axis (the air bearing)*
- [lspmac_motor_t * alignx](#)
- Alignment stage X.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * aligny](#)
- Alignment stage Y.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * alignz](#)
- Alignment stage X.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * anal](#)
- Polaroid analyzer motor.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * zoom](#)
- Optical zoom.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * apery](#)
- Aperture Y.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * aperz](#)
- Aperture Z.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * capy](#)
- Capillary Y.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * capz](#)
- Capillary Z.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * scint](#)
- Scintillator Z.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * cenx](#)
- Centering Table X.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * ceny](#)
- Centering Table Y.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * kappa](#)
- Kappa.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * phi](#)
- Phi (not data collection axis)*
- [lspmac_motor_t * fshut](#)
- Fast shutter.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * flight](#)
- Front Light DAC.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * blight](#)
- Back Light DAC.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * fscint](#)
- Scintillator Piezo DAC.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * smart_mag_oo](#)
- Smart Magnet on/off.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * blight_ud](#)
- Back light Up/Down actuator.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * cryo](#)
- Move the cryostream towards or away from the crystal.*
- [lspmac_motor_t * dryer](#)
- blow air on the scintillator to dry it off*

- `lspmac_motor_t * fluo`
Move the fluorescence detector in/out.
- `lspmac_motor_t * flight_oo`
Turn front light on/off.
- `lspmac_motor_t * blight_f`
Back light scale factor.
- `lspmac_motor_t * flight_f`
Front light scale factor.
- `int lspmac_nmotors`
The number of motors we manage.
- `lspmac_bi_t * lp_air`
Low pressure air OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * hp_air`
High pressure air OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * cryo_switch`
that little toggle switch for the cryo
- `lspmac_bi_t * blight_down`
Backlight is down.
- `lspmac_bi_t * blight_up`
Backlight is up.
- `lspmac_bi_t * cryo_back`
cryo is in the back position
- `lspmac_bi_t * fluor_back`
fluor is in the back position
- `lspmac_bi_t * sample_detected`
smart magnet detected sample
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_ready`
ETEL is ready.
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_on`
ETEL is on.
- `lspmac_bi_t * etel_init_ok`
ETEL initialized OK.
- `lspmac_bi_t * minikappa_ok`
Minikappa is OK (whatever that means)
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_on`
smart magnet is on
- `lspmac_bi_t * arm_parked`
(whose arm? parked where?)
- `lspmac_bi_t * shutter_open`
shutter is open (note in pmc says this is a slow input)
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_off`
smart magnet is off
- `lspmac_bi_t * smart_mag_err`
smart magnet error (coil broken perhaps)
- `struct timespec omega_zero_time`
Time we believe that omega crossed zero.
- `WINDOW * term_output`
place to print stuff out
- `WINDOW * term_input`
place to put the cursor
- `WINDOW * term_status`

- shutter, lamp, air, etc status*
- WINDOW * [term_status2](#)
- shutter, lamp, air, etc status*
- pthread_mutex_t [ncurses_mutex](#)
- allow more than one thread access to the screen*
- pthread_cond_t [md2cmds_cond](#)
- condition to signal when it's time to run an md2 command*
- pthread_mutex_t [md2cmds_mutex](#)
- mutex for the condition*
- pthread_cond_t [md2cmds_pg_cond](#)
- pthread_mutex_t [md2cmds_pg_mutex](#)
- pthread_mutex_t [pmac_queue_mutex](#)
- manage access to the pmac command queue*
- pthread_cond_t [pmac_queue_cond](#)
- wait for a command to be sent to PMAC before continuing*
- pthread_mutex_t [lspmac_shutter_mutex](#)
- Coordinates threads reading shutter status.*
- pthread_cond_t [lspmac_shutter_cond](#)
- Allows waiting for the shutter status to change.*
- int [lspmac_shutter_state](#)
- State of the shutter, used to detect changes.*
- int [lspmac_shutter_has_opened](#)
- Indicates that the shutter had opened, perhaps briefly even if the state did not change.*
- pthread_mutex_t [lspmac_moving_mutex](#)
- Coordinate moving motors between threads.*
- pthread_cond_t [lspmac_moving_cond](#)
- Wait for motor(s) to finish moving condition.*
- int [lspmac_moving_flags](#)
- Flag used to implement motor moving condition.*
- pthread_mutex_t [md2_status_mutex](#)
- Synchronize reading/writing status buffer.*
- char [md2cmds_cmd](#) []
- our command;*
- [lsredis_obj_t](#) * [md2cmds_md_status_code](#)

7.13.1 Detailed Description

Headers for the entire pgpmac project.

Date

2012

Author

Keith Brister

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Definition in file [pgpmac.h](#).

7.13.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.13.2.1 `#define GNU_SOURCE`

Definition at line 7 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.2.2 `#define LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_HEIGHT 8`

Number of status box rows.

Definition at line 57 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.2.3 `#define LS_DISPLAY_WINDOW_WIDTH 24`

Number of status box columns.

Definition at line 61 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.2.4 `#define LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH 1024`

Fixed length postgresql query strings. Queries should all be function calls so this is not as weird as one might think.

Definition at line 64 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.2.5 `#define LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH 256`

Fixed length for event names: simplifies string handling.

Definition at line 67 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.2.6 `#define MD2CMDS_CMD_LENGTH 32`

Definition at line 486 of file pgpmac.h.

7.13.3 Typedef Documentation

7.13.3.1 `typedef struct lspg_demandairrights_struct lspg_demandairrights_t`

7.13.3.2 `typedef struct lspg_getcenter_struct lspg_getcenter_t`

Storage for getcenter query Used for the md2 ROTATE command that generates the centering movies.

7.13.3.3 `typedef struct lspg_getcurrentsampleid_struct lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t`

7.13.3.4 `typedef struct lspg_nextsample_struct lspg_nextsample_t`

Returns the next sample number Just a 32 bit int (Ha!, take that, nextshot!)

7.13.3.5 `typedef struct lspg_nextshot_struct lspg_nextshot_t`

Storage definition for nextshot query.

The next shot query returns all the information needed to collect the next data frame. Since SQL allows for null fields independently from blank strings a separate integer is used as a flag for this case. This adds to the program

complexity but allows for some important cases. Suck it up.definition of the next image to be taken (and the one after that, too!)

7.13.3.6 `typedef struct lspgQueryQueueStruct lspg_query_queue_t`

Store each query along with it's callback function.

All calls are asynchronous

7.13.3.7 `typedef struct lspg_starttransfer_struct lspg_starttransfer_t`

returns 1 if transfer can continue 0 to abort

7.13.3.8 `typedef struct lspg_waitcryo_struct lspg_waitcryo_t`

7.13.3.9 `typedef struct lspmac_bi_struct lspmac_bi_t`

Storage for binary inputs.

7.13.3.10 `typedef struct lspmac_motor_struct lspmac_motor_t`

Motor information.

A catchall for motors and motor like objects. Not all members are used by all objects.

7.13.3.11 `typedef struct lsredis_obj_struct lsredis_obj_t`

Redis Object Basic object whose value is synchronized with our redis db.

7.13.3.12 `typedef struct lspmac_cmd_queue_struct pmac_cmd_queue_t`

PMAC command queue item.

Command queue items are fixed length to simplify memory management.

7.13.3.13 `typedef struct tagEthernetCmd pmac_cmd_t`

PMAC ethernet packet definition.

Taken directly from the Delta Tau documentation.

7.13.4 Function Documentation

7.13.4.1 `void lsevents_add_listener (char * event, void(*)(char *) cb)`

Add a callback routine to listen for a specific event.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	the name of the event to listen for
<i>cb</i>	the routine to call

Definition at line 75 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    lsevents_listener_t *new;
    int err;
    char *errbuf;
    int nerrbuf;

    new = calloc( 1, sizeof( lsevents_listener_t));
    if( new == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: out of
            memory");
        exit( -1);
    }

    err = regcomp( &new->re, event, REG_EXTENDED | REG_NOSUB);
    if( err != 0) {
        nerrbuf = regerror( err, &new->re, NULL, 0);
        errbuf = calloc( nerrbuf, sizeof( char));
        if( errbuf == NULL) {
            lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: out
                of memory (re)");
            exit( -1);
        }
        regerror( err, &new->re, errbuf, nerrbuf);
        lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: %s",
            errbuf);
        free( errbuf);
        free( new);
        return;
    }

    new->raw_regexp = strdup( event);
    new->cb = cb;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
    new->next = lsevents_listeners_p;
    lsevents_listeners_p = new;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);

    lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_add_listener: added
        listener for event %s", event);
}

```

7.13.4.2 void lsevents_init ()

Initialize this module.

Definition at line 214 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lsevents_queue_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lsevents_queue_cond, NULL);
    pthread_mutex_init( &lsevents_listener_mutex, NULL);
}

```

7.13.4.3 void lsevents_remove_listener (char * event, void (*)(char *) cb)

Remove a listener previously added with lsevents_add_listener.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	The name of the event
<i>cb</i>	The callback routine to remove

Definition at line 120 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    lsevents_listener_t *last, *current;

    //

```

```

// Find the listener to remove
// and unlink it from the list
//
pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);
last = NULL;
for( current = lsevents_listeners_p; current != NULL;
    current = current->next) {
    if( strcmp( last->raw_regexp, event) == 0 && last->cb == cb) {
        if( last == NULL) {
            lsevents_listeners_p = current->next;
        } else {
            last->next = current->next;
        }
        break;
    }
}
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_listener_mutex);

//
// Now remove it
//
if( current != NULL) {
    if( current->raw_regexp != NULL)
        free( current->raw_regexp);
    free(current);
}
}

```

7.13.4.4 void lsevents_run ()

Start up the thread and get out of the way.

Definition at line 222 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &lsevents_thread, NULL, lsevents_worker
        , NULL);
}

```

7.13.4.5 void lsevents_send_event (char *fmt, ...)

Call the callback routines for the given event.

Parameters

<i>fmt</i>	a printf style forming string
...	list of arguments specified by the format string

Definition at line 45 of file lsevents.c.

```

{
    char event[LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH];
    va_list arg_ptr;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( event, sizeof(event)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    event[sizeof(event)-1]=0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);

    lslogging_log_message( "lsevents_send_event: %s", event)
        ;

    // maybe wait for room on the queue
    while( (lsevents_queue_on + 1) % LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH
        == lsevents_queue_off % LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH
        )
        pthread_cond_wait( &lsevents_queue_cond, &
            lsevents_queue_mutex);

    lsevents_queue[(lsevents_queue_on++) %

```



```

    LSEVENTS_QUEUE_LENGTH].evp = strdup(event);

    pthread_cond_signal( &lsevents_queue_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsevents_queue_mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.6 void lslogging_init ()

Initialize the lslogging objects.

Definition at line 37 of file lslogging.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lslogging_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lslogging_cond, NULL);

    lslogging_file = fopen( LSLOGGING_FILE_NAME,
        "w");
}

```

7.13.4.7 void lslogging_log_message (char * fmt, ...)

The routine everyone will be talking about.

Parameters

<i>fmt</i>	A printf style formatting string.
...	The arguments specified by <i>fmt</i>

Definition at line 48 of file lslogging.c.

```

{
    char msg[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH];
    struct timespec theTime;
    va_list arg_ptr;
    unsigned int on;

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &theTime);

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( msg, sizeof(msg)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    va_end( arg_ptr);
    msg[sizeof(msg)-1]=0;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lslogging_mutex);

    on = (lslogging_on++) % LSLOGGING_QUEUE_LENGTH
    ;
    strncpy( lslogging_queue[on].lmsg, msg, LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH
        - 1);
    lslogging_queue[on].lmsg[LSLOGGING_MSG_LENGTH
        -1] = 0;

    memcpy( &(lslogging_queue[on].ltime), &theTime, sizeof(theTime
        ));

    pthread_cond_signal( &lslogging_cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lslogging_mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.8 void lslogging_run ()

Start up the worker thread.

Definition at line 105 of file lslogging.c.

```

    {
pthread_create( &lslogging_thread, NULL, &lslogging_worker
, NULL);
lslogging_log_message( "Start up");
}

```

7.13.4.9 char** lspg_array2ptrs (char *)

returns a null terminated list of strings parsed from postgresql array

Definition at line 161 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
char **rtn, *sp, *acums;
int i, n, inquote, havebackslash, rtni;;
int mxsz;

inquote      = 0;
havebackslash = 0;

// Despense with the null input condition before we complicate the code below
if( a == NULL || a[0] != '{' || a[strlen(a)-1] != '}' )
    return NULL;

// Count the maximum number of strings
// Actual number will be less if there are quoted commas
//
n = 1;
for( i=0; a[i]; i++) {
    if( a[i] == ',' )
        n++;
}
//
// The maximum size of any string is the length of a (+1)
//
mxsz = strlen(a) + 1;

// This is the accumulation string to make up the array elements
acums = (char *)calloc( mxsz, sizeof( char));
if( acums == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lspg_array2ptrs: out of memory
(acums)");
    exit( 1);
}

//
// allocate storage for the pointer array and the null terminator
//
rtn = (char **)calloc( n+1, sizeof( char *));
if( rtn == NULL) {
    lslogging_log_message( "lspg_array2ptrs: out of memory
(rtn)");
    exit( 1);
}
rtni = 0;

// Go through and create the individual strings
sp = acums;
*sp = 0;

inquote = 0;
havebackslash = 0;
for( i=1; a[i] != 0; i++) {
    switch( a[i]) {
        case '"':
            if( havebackslash) {
                // a quoted quote. Cool
                //
                *(sp++) = a[i];
                *sp = 0;
                havebackslash = 0;
            } else {
                // Toggle the flag
                inquote = 1 - inquote;
            }
            break;
        case '\\':
            if( havebackslash) {
                *(sp++) = a[i];
                *sp = 0;
                havebackslash = 0;
            }

```

```

    } else {
        havebackslash = 1;
    }
    break;

case ',':
    if( inquote || havebackslash) {
        *(sp++) = a[i];
        *sp = 0;
        havebackslash = 0;
    } else {
        rtn[rtni++] = strdup( acums);
        sp = acums;
    }
    break;

case '}' :
    if( inquote || havebackslash) {
        *(sp++) = a[i];
        *sp = 0;
        havebackslash = 0;
    } else {
        rtn[rtni++] = strdup( acums);
        rtn[rtni] = NULL;
        free( acums);
        return( rtn);
    }
    break;

default:
    *(sp++) = a[i];
    *sp = 0;
    havebackslash = 0;
}
}
//
// Getting here means the final '}' was missing
// Probably we should throw an error or log it or something.
// Through out the last entry since this there is not resonable expectation
// that
// we should be parsing it anyway.
//
rtn[rtni] = NULL;
free( acums);
return( rtn);
}

```

7.13.4.10 void lspg_demandairrights_all ()

do nothing until we get airrights

Definition at line 556 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_demandairrights_call();
    lspg_demandairrights_wait();
    // there is no "done" version
}

```

7.13.4.11 void lspg_getcenter_call ()

Request a getcenter query.

Definition at line 1177 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcenter.mutex);
    lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcenter.mutex);

    lspg_query_push( lspg_getcenter_cb, "SELECT *
        FROM px.getcenter2()");
}

```

7.13.4.12 void lspg_getcenter_done ()

Done with getcenter query.

Definition at line 1195 of file lspg.c.

```
{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
}
```

7.13.4.13 void lspg_getcenter_wait ()

Wait for a getcenter query to return.

Definition at line 1187 of file lspg.c.

```
{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_getcenter.mutex));
    while( lspg_getcenter.new_value_ready == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_getcenter.cond), &(
            lspg_getcenter.mutex));
}
```

7.13.4.14 void lspg_getcurrentsampleid_wait_for_id (unsigned int test)

Definition at line 393 of file lspg.c.

```
{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex );
    while( lspg_getcurrentsampleid.getcurrentsampleid
        != test)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.cond
            , &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_getcurrentsampleid.mutex );
}
```

7.13.4.15 void lspg_init ()

Initiallize the lspg module.

Definition at line 1759 of file lspg.c.

```
{
    pthread_mutex_init( &lspg_queue_mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init( &lspg_queue_cond, NULL);

    lspg_demandairrights_init();
    lspg_getcenter_init();
    lspg_getcurrentsampleid_init();
    lspg_lock_detector_init();
    lspg_lock_diffractionmeter_init();
    lspg_nextsample_init();
    lspg_nextshot_init();
    lspg_seq_run_prep_init();
    lspg_starttransfer_init();
    lspg_wait_for_detector_init();
    lspg_waitcryo_init();
}
```

7.13.4.16 unsigned int lspg_nextsample_all(int * err)

Definition at line 468 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    unsigned int rtn;

    lspg_nextsample_call();
    lspg_nextsample_wait();

    if( lspg_nextsample.no_rows_returned) {
        rtn = 0;
        *err = 1;
    } else {
        if( lspg_nextsample.nextsample_isnull) {
            rtn = 0;
            *err = 1;
        } else {
            rtn = lspg_nextsample.nextsample;
            *err = 0;
        }
    }
    lspg_nextsample_done();

    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.17 void lspg_nextshot_call()

Queue up a nextshot query.

Definition at line 824 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
    lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_nextshot.cb, "SELECT *
        FROM px.nextshot2()");
}

```

7.13.4.18 void lspg_nextshot_done()

Called when the next shot query has been processed.

Definition at line 842 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
}

```

7.13.4.19 void lspg_nextshot_wait()

Wait for the next shot query to get processed.

Definition at line 834 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_nextshot.mutex));
    while( lspg_nextshot.new_value_ready == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_nextshot.cond), &(lspg_nextshot
            .mutex));
}

```

7.13.4.20 void lspg_query_push (void(*) (lspg_query_queue_t *, PGresult *) *cb*, char * *fmt*, ...)

Place a query on the queue.

Parameters

in	<i>cb</i>	Our callback function that deals with the response
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style function to generate the query

Definition at line 234 of file kvredis.c.

```

    {
        int idx;
        va_list arg_ptr;

        //
        // Pause the thread while we service the queue
        //
        if( (lspg_query_queue_on + 1) % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
            == lspg_query_queue_off % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ) {
            fprintf( stderr, "lspg_query_push: queue is full. Ignoring query \"%s\"\n"
                , fmt);
            return;
        }

        idx = lspg_query_queue_on % LS_PG_QUERY_QUEUE_LENGTH
            ;

        va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
        vsnprintf( lspg_query_queue[idx].qs,
            LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
        va_end( arg_ptr);

        lspg_query_queue[idx].qs[LS_PG_QUERY_STRING_LENGTH
            - 1] = 0;
        lspg_query_queue[idx].onResponse = cb;
        lspg_query_queue_on++;
    };

```

7.13.4.21 void lspg_run ()

Start 'er runnin'.

Definition at line 1778 of file lspg.c.

```

    {
        pthread_create( &lspg_thread, NULL, lspg_worker, NULL);
        lsevents_add_listener( "Sample(Detected|Absent)",
            lspmac_sample_detector_cb);
    }

```

7.13.4.22 void lspg_seq_run_prep_all (long long *skey*, double *kappa*, double *phi*, double *cx*, double *cy*, double *ax*, double *ay*, double *az*)

Convenience function to call seq run prep.

Parameters

in	<i>skey</i>	px.shots key for this image
in	<i>kappa</i>	current kappa postion
in	<i>phi</i>	current phi postition
in	<i>cx</i>	current center table x
in	<i>cy</i>	current center table y
in	<i>ax</i>	current alignment table x
in	<i>ay</i>	current alignment table y
in	<i>az</i>	current alignment table z

Definition at line 1095 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    lspg_seq_run_prep_call( skey, kappa, phi, cx,
        cy, ax, ay, az);
    lspg_seq_run_prep_wait();
    lspg_seq_run_prep_done();
}

```

7.13.4.23 void lspg_starttransfer_call(unsigned int *nextsample*, int *sample_detected*, double *ax*, double *ay*, double *az*, double *horz*, double *vert*, double *esttime*)

Definition at line 302 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
    lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready = 0;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));

    lspg_query_push( lspg_starttransfer_cb, "
        SELECT px.starttransfer( %d, %d, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f, %.3f",
            nextsample, sample_detected, ax, ay, az, horz
            , vert, esttime);
}

```

7.13.4.24 void lspg_starttransfer_done()

Definition at line 317 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
}

```

7.13.4.25 void lspg_starttransfer_wait()

Definition at line 311 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
    while( lspg_starttransfer.new_value_ready ==
        0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &(lspg_starttransfer.cond), &(
            lspg_starttransfer.mutex));
}

```

7.13.4.26 void lspg_waitcryo_all()

no need to get fancy with the wait cryo command It should not return until the robot is almost ready for air rights

Definition at line 507 of file lspg.c.

```

{
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
    lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready = 0;

    lspg_query_push( lspg_waitcryo_cb, "SELECT
        px.waitcryo()");

    while( lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lspg_waitcryo.cond, &lspg_waitcryo
            .mutex);

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.27 void lspg_waitcryo_cb (lspg_query_queue_t * qqp, PGresult * pgr)

Definition at line 497 of file lspg.c.

```

{
pthread_mutex_lock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
lspg_waitcryo.new_value_ready = 1;
pthread_cond_signal( &lspg_waitcryo.cond);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspg_waitcryo.mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.28 void lspg_zoom_lut.call ()

7.13.4.29 void lspmac_abort ()

abort motion and try to recover

Definition at line 2021 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
//
// Stop everything! (consider ^O instead of ^A)
//
lspmac_SockSendDPControlChar( "Abort Request", 0
x01);
}

```

7.13.4.30 int lspmac_est_move_time (double * est_time, int * mmask, lspmac_motor_t * mp_1, int jog_1, char * preset_1, double end_point_1, ...)

Move the motors and estimate the time it'll take to finish the job.

Returns the estimate time and the coordinate system mask to wait for

Parameters

<i>est_time</i>	Returns number of seconds we estimate the move(s) will take
<i>mmask</i>	Mask of coordinate systems we are trying to move, excluding jogs. Used to wait for motions to complete
<i>mp_1</i>	Pointer to first motor
<i>jog_1</i>	1 to force a jog, 0 to try a motion program DO NOT MIX JOGS AND MOTION PROGRAMS IN THE SAME COORDINATE SYSTEM!
<i>preset_1</i>	Name of preset we'd like to move to or NULL if end_point_1 should be used instead
<i>end_point_1</i>	End point for the first motor. Ignored if preset_1 is non null and identifies a valid preset for this motor
...	Perhaps more quads of motors, jog flags, preset names, and end points. End is a NULL motor pointer MUST END ARG LIST WITH NULL

< units to counts

< The total distance we need to go

< Our maximum velocity

< Our maximum acceleration

< Total time for this motor

< coordinate system motion flags

Definition at line 2617 of file lspmac.c.

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If we had infinite acceleration the total time would be D/V . To account for finite acceleration we just need to adjust this for the average velocity while accelerating ($0.5 V$). This neatly adds a single V/A term:

$$(1) \quad T_t = D/V + V/A$$

When the distance is short, we need a different calculation:

$$D = 0.5 * A * T_1^2 + 0.5 * A * T_2^2 \quad (T_1 = \text{acceleration time and } T_2 = \text{deceleration time})$$

or, since total time $T_t = T_1 + T_2$ and $T_1 = T_2$,

$$D = A * (0.5 * T_t)^2$$

or

$$(2) \quad T_t = 2 * \sqrt{D/A}$$

When we accelerate to the maximum speed the time it takes is V/A so the distance we travel (D_a) is

$$D_a = 0.5 * A * (V/A)^2$$

or

$$D_a = 0.5 * V^2 / A$$

So when $D > 2 * D_a$, or

$$D > V^2 / A$$

we need to use equation (1) otherwise we need to use equation (2)

```

*/
Tt = 0.0;
if( mp != NULL && mp->max_speed != NULL && mp->max_accel
    != NULL && mp->u2c != NULL) {

    //
    // get the real endpoint if a preset was mentioned
    //
    if( ps != NULL && *ps != 0) {
        err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, ps, &
maybe_ep);
        if( err != 0)
            ep = maybe_ep;
    }

    u2c = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);

    if( u2c <= 0.0)
        continue;

    D = ep - lspmac_getPosition( mp);
    // User units
    V = lsredis_getd( mp->max_speed) / u2c * 1000.;
    // User units per second
    A = lsredis_getd( mp->max_accel) / u2c * 1000. *
1000; // User units per second per second

    neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
    min_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->min_pos) - neutral_pos
;
    max_pos      = lsredis_getd( mp->max_pos) - neutral_pos
;

    if( ep < min_pos || ep > max_pos) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
Motor %s Requested position %f out of range: min=%f, max=%f", mp->name, ep,
min_pos, max_pos);
        lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name
);
        return 1;
    }

    //
    // Don't bother with motors without velocity or acceleration defined
    //
    if( V > 0.0 && A > 0.0) {
        if( fabs(D) > V*V/A) {
            //

```

```

        // Normal ramp up, constant velocity, and ramp down
        //
        Tt = fabs(D)/V + V/A;
    } else {
        //
        // Never reach constant velocity, just ramp up a bit and back
        down
        //
        Tt = 2.0 * sqrt( fabs(D)/A);
    }

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
Motor: %s D: %f VV/A: %f Tt: %f", mp->name, D, V*V/A, Tt);
} else {
    //
    // TODO: insert move time based for DAC or BO motor like objects;
    // For now assume 100 msec;
    //
    Tt = 0.1;
}

// Perhaps flag a coordinate system
//
// We can move a motor that's not in a coordinate system but we cannot
move a motor that is but does not
// have an axis defined if we are also moving one that does. It's a
limitation, I guess.
//
if( jog != 1 &&
    mp->coord_num != NULL && lsredis_getl( mp->
coord_num) > 0 && lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num) <=
16 &&
    mp->motor_num != NULL && lsredis_getl( mp->
motor_num) > 0 && mp->axis != NULL && lsredis_getc( mp
->axis) != 0) {
    int axis;
    int motor_num;

    motor_num = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);

    axis = lsredis_getc( mp->axis);
    for( j=0; j<sizeof(axes); j++) {
        if( axis == axes[j])
            break;
    }

    if( j < sizeof( axes)) {
        //
        // Store the motion request for a normal PMAC motor
        //
        int cn;
        int in_position_band;

        cn = lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num);
        in_position_band = lsredis_getl( mp->in_position_band
);

        motions[motor_num - 1].coord_num = cn;
        motions[motor_num - 1].axis = j;
        motions[motor_num - 1].Delta = D * u2c;
        //
        // Don't ask to run a motion program if we are already where we want
        to be
        //
        // Deadband is 10 counts except for zoom which is 100.
        // We use Ixx28 In-Position Band which has units of 1/16 count
        //
        //
        if( abs(motions[motor_num - 1].Delta)*16 >= in_position_band) {
            m5075 |= 1 << (cn - 1);
            motions[motor_num - 1].moveme = 1;
        }
    }
} else {
    //
    // Here we are dealing with a DAC or BO motor or just want to jog.
    //
    if( mp->jogAbs( mp, lspmac_getPosition( mp) + D
)) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
motor %s failed to queue move of distance %f from %f", mp->name, D,
lspmac_getPosition(mp));
        lsevents_send_event( "Move Aborted");
        return 1;
    }
}
//

```

```

    // Update the estimated time
    //
    *est_time = *est_time < Tt ? Tt : *est_time;

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
        est_time=%f", *est_time);
}

mp = va_arg( arg_ptr, lspmac_motor_t *);
if( mp == NULL)
    break;

jog = va_arg( arg_ptr, int);
ps  = va_arg( arg_ptr, char *);
ep  = va_arg( arg_ptr, double);
}
va_end( arg_ptr);

// Call the motion program(s)
{
    char s[256];
    int foundone;
    int err;
    int moving_flags;
    struct timespec timeout;

    if( m5075 != 0) {
        *mmask |= m5075; // Tell the caller about our new mask

        pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);
        if( (lspmac_moving_flags & m5075) != m5075)
            lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "M5075=(M5075 | %d)",
                m5075);

        clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &timeout);
        //
        timeout.tv_sec += 2; // 2 seconds should be more than enough time to
            set the flags
        err = 0;
        while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & m5075) !=
            m5075)
            err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
                lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);
        moving_flags = lspmac_moving_flags;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

        if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_est_move_time:
                Timed out waiting for moving flags. lspmac_moving_flags = %0x", moving_flags);
            lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted Combined
                Motors");
            return 1;
        }
    }
}

for( i=1; i<=16; i++) {
    //
    // Loop over coordinate systems
    //
    foundone = 0;

    for( j=0; j<9; j++)
        qs[j] = 0;

    for( j=0; j<31; j++) {
        //
        // Loop over motors
        //
        if( motions[j].moveme && motions[j].coord_num == i) {
            if( abs(motions[j].Delta) > 0) {
                qs[(int)(motions[j].axis)] = motions[j].Delta;
                foundone=1;
            }
        }
    }

    if( foundone) {
        sprintf( s, "%d Q40=%d Q41=%d Q42=%d Q43=%d Q44=%d Q45=%d Q46=%d
            Q47=%d Q48=%d Q49=%.1f Q100=%d B180R",
            i, qs[0], qs[1], qs[2], qs[3], qs[4], qs[5], qs[6], qs[7], qs[
            8], *est_time * 1000., 1 << (i-1));

        lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, s);
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
return 0;
}

```

7.13.4.31 int lspmac_getBIPosition (lspmac_bi_t *)

get binary input value

Definition at line 1588 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &bip->mutex);
    rtn = bip->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &bip->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.32 double lspmac_getPosition (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

get the motor position (with locking)

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	the motor object
-----------	------------------

Definition at line 1345 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
    rtn = mp->position;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.33 void lspmac_home1_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp)

Home the motor.

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	motor we are concerned about
----	-----------	------------------------------

Definition at line 1211 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    int i;
    int motor_num;
    int coord_num;
    char **home;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

    motor_num = lsredis_get1( mp->motor_num);
    coord_num = lsredis_get1( mp->coord_num);
    home = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->home);

    // Each of the motors should have this defined
    // but let's not seg fault if home is missing
    //
    if( home == NULL || *home == NULL) {
        //
    }
}

```

```

    // Note we are already initialized
    // so if we are here there is something wrong.
    //
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_home1_queue: null or
        empty home strings for motor %s", mp->name);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

// We've already been called. Don't home again until
// we're finish with the last time.
//
if( mp->homing) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return;
}

//
// Don't go on if any other motors in this coordinate system are homing.
// It's possible to write the homing program to home all the motors in the
// coordinate
// system. TODO (hint hint)
//
if( coord_num > 0) {
    for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
        if( &(lspmac_motors[i]) == mp)
            continue;
        if( lsredis_getl(lspmac_motors[i].coord_num) ==
            coord_num) {
            int nogo;
            nogo = 0;
            pthread_mutex_lock( &(lspmac_motors[i].mutex));
            //
            // Don't go on if
            //
            // we are homing          or          ( not in position
            while      in open loop)
            //
            if( lspmac_motors[i].homing || (((lspmac_motors
            [i].status2 & 0x01)==0) && ((lspmac_motors[i].status1 & 0x040000)
            != 0)))
                nogo = 1;
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &(lspmac_motors[i].mutex));
            if( nogo) {
                pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}
mp->homing = 1;
mp->not_done = 1; // set up waiting for cond
mp->motion_seen = 0;
// This opens the control loop.
// The status routine should notice this and the fact that
// the homing flag is set and call on the home2 routine
//
// Only send the open loop command if we are not in
// open loop mode already. This test might prevent a race condition
// where we've already moved the home2 routine (and queue the homing program
// motion)
// before the open loop command is dequeued and acted on.
//
if( ~(mp->status1) & 0x040000) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPline( mp->name, "%d$",
        motor_num);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

lsevents_send_event( "%s Homing", mp->name);
}

```

7.13.4.34 void lspmac_init(int , int)

Initialize this module.

Definition at line 3439 of file lspmac.c.

```

md2_status_t *p;
{

```

```

pthread_mutexattr_t mutex_initializer;

// Set our global harvest flags
getivars = ivarsflag;
getmvars = mvarsflag;

// Use recursive mutexs
//
pthread_mutexattr_init( &mutex_initializer);
pthread_mutexattr_settype( &mutex_initializer, PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE);

// All important status mutex
pthread_mutex_init( &md2_status_mutex, &mutex_initializer);

//
// Get the MD2 initialization strings
//
//  lspmac_md2_init = lsredis_get_obj( "md2_pmac.init"); // hard coded now.

//
// Initialize the motor objects
//

p = &md2_status;

omega = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 0]), 0, 0, &p->omega_act_pos, &p->omega_status_1
, &p->omega_status_2, "Omega #1 &1 X", "omega",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
alignx = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 1]), 0, 1, &p->alignx_act_pos, &p->alignx_status_1
, &p->alignx_status_2, "Align X #2 &3 X", "align.x",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
aligny = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 2]), 0, 2, &p->aligny_act_pos, &p->aligny_status_1
, &p->aligny_status_2, "Align Y #3 &3 Y", "align.y",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
alignz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 3]), 0, 3, &p->alignz_act_pos, &p->alignz_status_1
, &p->alignz_status_2, "Align Z #4 &3 Z", "align.z",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
anal = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 4]), 0, 4, &p->analyzer_act_pos, &p->analyzer_status_1
, &p->analyzer_status_2, "Anal #5", "lightPolar",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
zoom = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 5]), 1, 0, &p->zoom_act_pos, &p->zoom_status_1,
&p->zoom_status_2, "Zoom #6 &4 Z", "cam.zoom",
lspmac_movezoom_queue, lspmac_movezoom_queue
);
apery = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 6]), 1, 1, &p->aperturey_act_pos, &p->aperturey_status_1
, &p->aperturey_status_2, "Aper Y #7 &5 Y", "appy",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
aperz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 7]), 1, 2, &p->aperturez_act_pos, &p->aperturez_status_1
, &p->aperturez_status_2, "Aper Z #8 &5 Z", "appz",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
capy = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 8]), 1, 3, &p->capy_act_pos, &p->capy_status_1,
&p->capy_status_2, "Cap Y #9 &5 U", "capy",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
capz = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[ 9]), 1, 4, &p->capz_act_pos, &p->capz_status_1,
&p->capz_status_2, "Cap Z #10 &5 V", "capz",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
scint = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[10]), 2, 0, &p->scint_act_pos, &p->scint_status_1
, &p->scint_status_2, "Scin Z #11 &5 W", "scint",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
cenx = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[11]), 2, 1, &p->centerx_act_pos, &p->centerx_status_1
, &p->centerx_status_2, "Cen X #17 &2 X", "centering.x",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
ceny = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[12]), 2, 2, &p->centery_act_pos, &p->centery_status_1

```

```

    , &p->centery_status_2, "Cen Y #18 &2 Y", "centering.y",
    lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
kappa = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors
[13]), 2, 3, &p->kappa_act_pos, &p->kappa_status_1
, &p->kappa_status_2, "Kappa #19 &7 X", "kappa",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);
phi = lspmac_motor_init( &(lspmac_motors[
14]), 2, 4, &p->phi_act_pos, &p->phi_status_1,
&p->phi_status_2, "Phi #20 &7 Y", "phi",
lspmac_moveabs_queue, lspmac_jogabs_queue
);

fshut = lspmac_fshut_init( &(lspmac_motors
[15]));
flight = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1
6]), &p->front_dac, "M1200", "frontLight.intensity",
lspmac_movedac_queue);
blight = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1
7]), &p->back_dac, "M1201", "backLight.intensity",
lspmac_movedac_queue);
fscint = lspmac_dac_init( &(lspmac_motors[1
8]), &p->scint_piezo, "M1203", "scint.focus",
lspmac_movedac_queue);

smart_mag_oo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[19]), "smartMagnet", "M1100=%d", &(md2_status.accllc_5), 0x01)
;
blight_ud = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[20]), "backLight", "M1101=%d", &(md2_status.accllc_5), 0x02)
;
cryo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[21]), "cryo", "M1102=%d", &(md2_status.accllc_5), 0x04)
;
dryer = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[22]), "dryer", "M1103=%d", &(md2_status.accllc_5), 0x08)
;
fluo = lspmac_bo_init( &(lspmac_motors
[23]), "fluo", "M1104=%d", &(md2_status.accllc_5), 0x10)
;
flight_oo = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[24]), "frontLight",
lspmac_moveabs_frontlight_oo_queue);
blight_f = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[25]), "backLight.factor",
lspmac_moveabs_blight_factor_queue);
flight_f = lspmac_soft_motor_init( &(
lspmac_motors[26]), "frontLight.factor",
lspmac_moveabs_flight_factor_queue);

lp_air = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis[
0]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x01, "Low Pressure Air OK", "
Low Pressure Air Failed");
hp_air = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis[
1]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x02, "High Pressure Air OK", "
High Pressure Air Failed");
cryo_switch = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 2]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x04, "CryoSwitchChanged",
"CryoSwitchChanged");
blight_down = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 3]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x08, "Backlight Down",
"Backlight Not Down");
blight_up = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 4]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x10, "Backlight Up",
"Backlight Not Up");
cryo_back = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 5]), &(md2_status.accllc_1), 0x40, "Cryo Back",
"Cryo Not Back");
fluor_back = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 6]), &(md2_status.accllc_2), 0x01, "Fluor. Det. Parked",
"Fluor. Det. Not Parked");
sample_detected = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 7]), &(md2_status.accllc_2), 0x02, "SamplePresent",
"SampleAbsent");
etel_ready = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 8]), &(md2_status.accllc_2), 0x20, "ETEL Ready",
"ETEL Not Ready");
etel_on = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[ 9]), &(md2_status.accllc_2), 0x40, "ETEL On",
"ETEL Off");
etel_init_ok = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[10]), &(md2_status.accllc_2), 0x80, "ETEL Init OK",
"ETEL Init Not OK");
minikappa_ok = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
[11]), &(md2_status.accllc_3), 0x01, "Minikappa OK",
"Minikappa Not OK");

```



```

smart_mag_on    = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
    [12]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x04, "Smart Magnet On",
    "Smart Magnet Not On");
arm_parked      = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
    [13]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x08, "Arm Parked",
    "Arm Not Parked");
smart_mag_err    = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
    [14]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x10, "Smart Magnet Error",
    "Smart Magnet OK");
shutter_open     = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
    [15]), &(md2_status.acc11c_3), 0x100, "Shutter Open",
    "Shutter Not Open");
smart_mag_off    = lspmac_bi_init( &(lspmac_bis
    [16]), &(md2_status.acc11c_5), 0x01, "Smart Magnet Off",
    "Smart Magnet Not Off");

//
// Initialize several commands that get called, perhaps, alot
//

rr_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
rr_cmd.Request     = VR_PMAC_READREADY;
rr_cmd.wValue      = 0;
rr_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
rr_cmd.wLength     = htons(2);
memset( rr_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(rr_cmd.bData));

gb_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
gb_cmd.Request     = VR_PMAC_GETBUFFER;
gb_cmd.wValue      = 0;
gb_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
gb_cmd.wLength     = htons(1400);
memset( gb_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(gb_cmd.bData));

cr_cmd.RequestType = VR_UPLOAD;
cr_cmd.Request     = VR_CTRL_RESPONSE;
cr_cmd.wValue      = 0;
cr_cmd.wIndex      = 0;
cr_cmd.wLength     = htons(1400);
memset( cr_cmd.bData, 0, sizeof(cr_cmd.bData));

//
// Initialize some mutexs and conditions
//

pthread_mutex_init( &pmac_queue_mutex, &mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &pmac_queue_cond, NULL);

lspmac_shutter_state = 0; //
    assume the shutter is now closed: not a big deal if we are wrong
pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_shutter_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &lspmac_shutter_cond, NULL);
pmacfd.fd = -1;

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_moving_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);
pthread_cond_init( &lspmac_moving_cond, NULL);

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_ascii_mutex, &mutex_initializer
    );

pthread_mutex_init( &lspmac_ascii_buffers_mutex, &
    mutex_initializer);

//
// clear the ascii communications buffers
//
{
    uint32_t cc;
    cc = 0;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);

    cc = 0x18;
    lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
        , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);
}

lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I5=0");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "ENABLE PLCC 0,2");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "DISABLE PLCC 1");
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I5=3");
}

```

7.13.4.35 int lspmac_jogabs_queue (lspmac_motor_t *, double)

Use jog to move motor to requested position.

Definition at line 3171 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        return lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp,
            requested_position, 1);
    }

```

7.13.4.36 int lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double requested_position, int use_jo)

Move method for normal stepper and servo motor objects Returns non-zero on abort, zero if OK.

< format string for coordinate system move

< coordinate system bit

< the requested position in units of "counts"

< motor and coordinate system;

< our axis

Parameters

in	<i>mp</i>	The motor to move
in	<i>requested_position</i>	Where to move it
in	<i>use_jo</i>	1 to force jog, 0 for motion prog

Definition at line 2937 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        char *fmt;
        int ql00;
        int requested_pos_cnts;
        int coord_num, motor_num;
        char *axis;
        double u2c;
        double neutral_pos;
        double min_pos, max_pos;
        int pos_limit_hit, neg_limit_hit, in_position_band;
        struct timespec timeout, now;
        int err;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

        u2c = lsredis_getd( mp->u2c);
        motor_num = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);
        coord_num = lsredis_getl( mp->coord_num);
        axis = lsredis_getstr( mp->axis);
        neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->neutral_pos);
        min_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->min_pos) -
            neutral_pos;
        max_pos = lsredis_getd( mp->max_pos) -
            neutral_pos;
        pos_limit_hit = lsredis_getd( mp->pos_limit_hit);
        neg_limit_hit = lsredis_getd( mp->neg_limit_hit);
        in_position_band = lsredis_getl( mp->in_position_band);

        if( u2c == 0.0 || requested_position < min_pos || requested_position >
            max_pos) {
            //
            // Shouldn't try moving a motor that's in trouble
            //
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
            lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue:
                %s u2c=%f requested position=%f min allowed=%f max allowed=%f", mp->name
                , u2c, requested_position, min_pos, max_pos);

```

```

    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}

if( (neg_limit_hit && (requested_position < mp->position)) || (pos_limit_hit
&& (requested_position > mp->position))) {
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue:
    %s Moving wrong way on limit: requested position=%f current position=%f low
    limit=%d high limit=%d",
        mp->name, requested_position, mp->position
    , neg_limit_hit, pos_limit_hit);
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 2;
}

mp->requested_position = requested_position;
if( mp->nlut > 0 && mp->lut != NULL) {
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = (int)lspmac_lut( mp->
    nlut, mp->lut, requested_position);
} else {
    mp->requested_pos_cnts = u2c * (requested_position +
    neutral_pos);
}
requested_pos_cnts = mp->requested_pos_cnts;

if( (abs( requested_pos_cnts - mp->actual_pos_cnts) * 16 <
in_position_band) || (lsredis_getb( mp->active) != 1)) {
    //
    // Lie and say we moved even though we didn't. Who will know? We are
    // within the deadband or not active.
    //
    mp->not_done = 0;
    mp->motion_seen = 1;
    mp->command_sent = 1;

    if( lsredis_getb( mp->active) != 1) {
        //
        // fake the motion for simulated motors
        //
        mp->position = requested_position;
        mp->actual_pos_cnts = requested_pos_cnts;
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return 0;
}

mp->not_done = 1;
mp->motion_seen = 0;
mp->command_sent = 0;

if( use_jog || axis == NULL || *axis == 0) {
    use_jog = 1;
} else {
    use_jog = 0;
    q100 = 1 << (coord_num -1);
}

pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

if( !use_jog) {
    //
    // Make sure the coordinate system is not moving something, wait if it is
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

    clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
    //
    // TODO: Have all moves estimate how long they'll take and use that here
    //
    timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 60.0; // a long timeout, but
    // we might really be moving something that takes this long (or longer)
    timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

    err = 0;
    while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & q100) != 0)
        err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
        lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

    if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
        lslogging_log_message( "
        lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue: Timed Out. lspmac_moving_flags = %0x", lspmac_moving_flags
        );
    }
}

```

```

    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}

//
// Set the "we are moving this coordinate system" flag
//
lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "M5075=(M5075 | %d) ",
    q100);

switch( *axis) {
case 'A':
    fmt = "%d Q16=%d Q100=%d B146R";
    break;

case 'B':
    fmt = "%d Q17=%d Q100=%d B147R";
    break;

case 'C':
    fmt = "%d Q18=%d Q100=%d B148R";
    break;

case 'X':
    fmt = "%d Q10=%d Q100=%d B140R";
    break;

case 'Y':
    fmt = "%d Q11=%d Q100=%d B141R";
    break;

case 'Z':
    fmt = "%d Q12=%d Q100=%d B142R";
    break;

case 'U':
    fmt = "%d Q13=%d Q100=%d B143R";
    break;

case 'V':
    fmt = "%d Q14=%d Q100=%d B144R";
    break;

case 'W':
    fmt = "%d Q15=%d Q100=%d B145R";
    break;
}

//
// Make sure the flag has been seen
//

clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);
timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + 4.0; // also a long timeout.
    This should really only take a few milliseconds on a slow day
timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec;

pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

err = 0;
while( err == 0 && (lspmac_moving_flags & q100) == 0)
    err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &lspmac_moving_cond, &
        lspmac_moving_mutex, &timeout);
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_moving_mutex);

if( err == ETIMEDOUT) {
    lslogging_log_message( "
lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue: Did not see flag propagate. Move aborted.");
    lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
    return 1;
}
}

pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
if( use_jog) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, "##d j=%d",
        motor_num, requested_pos_cnts);
} else {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( mp->name, fmt, coord_num,
        requested_pos_cnts, q100);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));

free( axis);

return 0;
}

```

7.13.4.37 int lspmac_move_or_jog_preset_queue (lspmac_motor_t *, char *, int)

move using a preset value returns 0 on success, non-zero on error

Definition at line 3132 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double pos;
    int err;
    int rtn;

    if( preset == NULL || *preset == 0) {
        lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
        return 0;
    }

    err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, preset, &pos);

    if( err != 0)
        rtn = lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp, pos,
            use_jog);
    else {
        lsevents_send_event( "%s Move Aborted", mp->name);
        rtn = 1;
    }
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.38 void lspmac_move_or_jog_queue (lspmac_motor_t *, double, int)

7.13.4.39 int lspmac_move_preset_queue (lspmac_motor_t * mp, char * preset_name)

Move a given motor to one of its preset positions.

No movement if the preset is not found.

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	lspmac motor pointer
<i>preset_name</i>	Name of the preset to use

Definition at line 2360 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    double pos;
    int err;

    lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_preset_queue: Called
        with motor %s and preset named '%s'", mp->name, preset_name);

    err = lsredis_find_preset( mp->name, preset_name, &pos
        );
    if( err == 0)
        return 1;

    err = mp->jogAbs( mp, pos);
    if( !err)
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_move_preset_queue:
            moving %s to preset '%s' (%f)", mp->name, preset_name, pos);
    //
    // the abort event should have been sent in moveAbs
    //
    return err;
}

```

7.13.4.40 int lspmac_moveabs_queue (lspmac_motor_t *, double)

Use coordinate system motion program, if available, to move motor to requested position.

Definition at line 3160 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        return lspmac_move_or_jog_abs_queue( mp,
            requested_position, 0);
    }

```

7.13.4.41 int lspmac.moveabs.wait (lspmac_motor_t * mp, double timeout_secs)

Wait for motor to finish moving.

Assume motion already queued, now just wait

Parameters

<i>mp</i>	The motor object to wait for
<i>timeout_secs</i>	The number of seconds to wait for. Fractional values fine.

Definition at line 3186 of file lspmac.c.

```

    {
        struct timespec timeout, now;
        double isecs, fsecs;
        int err;

        //
        // Copy the queue item for the most recent move request
        //
        clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

        fsecs = modf( timeout_secs, &isecs);

        timeout.tv_sec = now.tv_sec + (long)floor( isecs);
        timeout.tv_nsec = now.tv_nsec + (long)floor( fsecs * 1.0e9);

        timeout.tv_sec += timeout.tv_nsec / 1000000000;
        timeout.tv_nsec %= 1000000000;

        err = 0;
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));

        while( err == 0 && mp->command_sent == 0)
            err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &mp->cond, &mp->mutex, &timeout);
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
        if( err != 0) {
            if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
                lslogging_log_message( "lspmac.moveabs.wait:
                    unexpected error from timedwait %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
                    timeout.tv_nsec);
            }
            return 1;
        }

        //
        // wait for the motion to have started
        // This will time out if the motion ends before we can read the status back
        // hence the added complication of time stamp of the sent packet.

        err = 0;
        pthread_mutex_lock( &(mp->mutex));
        while( err == 0 && mp->motion_seen == 0)
            err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &(mp->cond), &(mp->mutex), &timeout)
            ;

        if( err != 0) {
            if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
                lslogging_log_message( "lspmac.moveabs.wait:
                    unexpected error from timedwait: %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
                    timeout.tv_nsec);
            }
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
            return 1;
        }

        //
        // wait for the motion that we know has started to finish
        //
        err = 0;
        while( err == 0 && mp->not_done)
            err = pthread_cond_timedwait( &(mp->cond), &(mp->mutex), &timeout)

```

```

;

if( err != 0) {
    if( err != ETIMEDOUT) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_moveabs_wait:
            unexpected error from timedwait: %d tv_sec %ld tv_nsec %ld", err, timeout.tv_sec,
            timeout.tv_nsec);
    }
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
    return 1;
}

//
// if return code was not 0 then we know we shouldn't wait for not_done flag.
// In this case the motion ended before we read the status registers
//
pthread_mutex_unlock( &(mp->mutex));
return 0;
}

```

7.13.4.42 void lspmac_run ()

Start up the lspmac thread.

Definition at line 3818 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    char **inits;
    lspmac_motor_t *mp;
    char evts[64];
    int i;
    int active;
    int motor_num;

    pthread_create( &pmac_thread, NULL, lspmac_worker,
        NULL);

    lsevents_add_listener( "CryoSwitchChanged",
        lspmac_cryoSwitchChanged_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "scint In Position",
        lspmac_scint_inPosition_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "scintDried",
        lspmac_scint_dried_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "backLight 1",
        lspmac_backLight_up_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "backLight 0",
        lspmac_backLight_down_cb);
    lsevents_add_listener( "cam.zoom In Position",
        lspmac_light_zoom_cb);

    for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
        snprintf( evts, sizeof( evts)-1, "%s command accepted", lspmac_motors
            [i].name);
        evts[sizeof(evts)-1] = 0;
        lsevents_add_listener( evts, lspmac_command_done_cb
            );
    }

    lspmac_zoom_lut_setup();
    lspmac_flight_lut_setup();
    lspmac_blight_lut_setup();
    lspmac_fscint_lut_setup();

    //
    // Clear the command interfaces
    //
    lspmac_SockSendControlCharPrint( NULL, '\x18')
        ;
    {
        uint32_t cc;
        cc = 0;
        lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
            , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);

        cc = 0x18;
        lspmac_send_command( VR_UPLOAD, VR_PMAC_SETMEM
            , 0x0e9e, 0, 4, (char *)&cc, NULL, 1, NULL);
    }
}

```

```

//
// Initialize the MD2 pmac (ie, turn on the right plcc's etc)
//
/*
for( inits = lsredis_get_string_array(lspmac_md2_init); *inits != NULL;
    inits++) {
    lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, *inits);
}
*/

//
// Initialize the pmac's support for each motor
// (ie, set the various flag for when a motor is active or not)
//
for( i=0; i<lspmac_nmotors; i++) {
    mp      = &(lspmac_motors[i]);
    active   = lsredis_getb( mp->active);
    motor_num = lsredis_getl( mp->motor_num);

    if( motor_num >= 1 && motor_num <= 32) {

        //
        // Set the PMAC to be consistant with redis
        //
        lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, "I%d16=%f I%d17=%f
            I%d28=%d", motor_num, lsredis_getd( mp->max_speed), motor_num,
            lsredis_getd( mp->max_accel), motor_num, lsredis_getl
            ( mp->in_position_band));
    }

    // if there is a problem with "active" then don't do anything
    // On the other hand, various combinations of yes/no true/false 1/0 should
    // work
    //
    switch( active) {
    case 1:
        inits = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->active_init
            );
        break;

    case 0:
        inits = lsredis_get_string_array( mp->
            inactive_init);
        break;

    default:
        lslogging_log_message( "lspmac_run: motor %s is
            neither active nor inactive (!?)", mp->name);
        inits = NULL;
    }
    if( inits != NULL) {
        while( *inits != NULL) {
            lspmac_SockSendDPLine( NULL, *inits);
            inits++;
        }
    }
}
}

```

7.13.4.43 void lspmac_SockSendDPLine (char *, char * *fmt*, ...)

prepare (queue up) a line to send the dpram ascii command interface

Definition at line 1958 of file lspmac.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    uint32_t index;
    char *pl;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
    index = lspmac_dpascii_on++ % LSPMAC_DPASCII_QUEUE_LENGTH
        ;

    pl = lspmac_dpascii_queue[index].pl;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( pl, 159, fmt, arg_ptr);
    pl[159] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lspmac_dpascii_queue[index].event = event;
}

```



```
pthread_mutex_unlock( &lspmac_ascii_mutex);
}
```

7.13.4.44 `pmac_cmd_queue_t* lspmac_SockSendline (char * event, char * fmt, ...)`

Send a one line command.

Uses printf style arguments.

Parameters

in	<i>event</i>	base name for events
in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style format string

Definition at line 1066 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char payload[1400];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( payload, sizeof(payload)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    payload[ sizeof(payload)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    lslogging_log_message( payload);

    return lspmac_send_command( VR_DOWNLOAD,
                               VR_PMAC_SENDLINE, 0, 0, strlen( payload), payload,
                               lspmac_GetShortReplyCB, 0, event);
}
```

7.13.4.45 `void lspmac_video_rotate (double secs)`

Special motion program to collect centering video.

Definition at line 2577 of file `lspmac.c`.

```

{
    double q10;           // starting position (counts)
    double q11;           // delta counts
    double q12;           // milliseconds to run over delta

    double u2c;
    double neutral_pos;

    if( secs <= 0.0)
        return;

    omega_zero_search = 1;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &(omega->mutex));
    u2c = lsredis_getd( omega->u2c);
    neutral_pos = lsredis_getd( omega->neutral_pos);

    q10 = neutral_pos * u2c;
    q11 = 360.0 * u2c;
    q12 = 1000 * secs;

    omega_zero_velocity = 360.0 * u2c / secs; //
        counts/second to back calculate zero crossing time

    lspmac_SockSendDPlane( omega->name, "&1
        Q10=%.1f Q11=%.1f Q12=%.1f Q13=(I117) Q14=(I116) B240R", q10, q11, q12);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &(omega->mutex));
}
```

7.13.4.46 int lsredis_cmpnstr (lsredis_obj_t * p, char * s, int n)

Definition at line 236 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = strncmp( p->value, s, n);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.47 int lsredis_cmpstr (lsredis_obj_t * p, char * s)

Definition at line 225 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = strcmp( p->value, s);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.48 int lsredis_find_preset (char * base, char * preset_name, double * dval)

Definition at line 756 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    char s[512];
    int i;
    int err;
    ENTRY htab_input, *htab_output;
    lsredis_obj_t *p;

    i = 0;
    for( i=0; i<1024; i++) {
        snprintf( s, sizeof( s)-1, "%s.%s.presets.%d.name", lsredis_head,
            base, i);
        s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
        htab_input.key = s;
        htab_input.data = NULL;
        err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab);
        ;
        if( err == 0) {
            // We've run out of names to look for: done
            lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_find_preset: no
                preset for motor %s named '%s'", base, preset_name);
            *dval = 0.0;
            return 0;
        }

        // Check if we have a match
        p = htab_output->data;
        if( lsredis_cmpstr( p, preset_name)==0) {
            // got a match, now look for the position
            snprintf( s, sizeof( s)-1, "%s.%s.presets.%d.position", lsredis_head,
                base, i);
            s[sizeof(s)-1] = 0;
            htab_input.key = s;
            htab_input.data = NULL;
            err = hsearch_r( htab_input, FIND, &htab_output, &lsredis_htab);
            );
            if( err == 0) {
                // Name but not position? odd.
                lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_find_preset:
                    Error, motor %s preset '%s' has no position defined", base, preset_name);
                *dval = 0.0;
                return 0;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    p = htab_output->data;
    *dval = lsredis_getd( p);
    return 1;
}
}
// How'd we get here?
// did someone really define that many presets? And then looked for one
// that's not there?
*dval = 0;
return 0;
}

```

7.13.4.49 lsredis_obj_t* lsredis_get_obj(char *, ...)

Definition at line 524 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    lsredis_obj_t *rtn;
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char k[512];
    char *kp;
    int nkp;

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( k, sizeof(k)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    k[sizeof(k)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    nkp = strlen(k) + strlen( lsredis_head) + 16;           // 16
    // is overkill. I know. Get over it.
    kp = calloc( nkp, sizeof( char));
    if( kp == NULL) {
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_get_obj: Out of memory
        ");
        exit( -1);
    }

    snprintf( kp, nkp-1, "%s.%s", lsredis_head, k);
    kp[nkp-1] = 0;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
    while( lsredis_running == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lsredis_cond, &lsredis_mutex);

    rtn = _lsredis_get_obj( kp);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

    free( kp);
    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.50 char** lsredis_get_string_array(lsredis_obj_t *p)

Definition at line 365 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    char **rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = p->avalue;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.51 int lsredis_getb(lsredis_obj_t *p)

Definition at line 378 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        int rtn;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        while( p->valid == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

        rtn = p->bvalue;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

        return rtn;
    }

```

7.13.4.52 char lsredis_getc (lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 391 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        int rtn;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        while( p->valid == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

        rtn = p->cvalue;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

        return rtn;
    }

```

7.13.4.53 double lsredis_getd (lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 339 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        double rtn;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        while( p->valid == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

        rtn = p->dvalue;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

        return rtn;
    }

```

7.13.4.54 long int lsredis_getl (lsredis_obj_t * p)

Definition at line 352 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        long int rtn;

        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        while( p->valid == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

        rtn = p->lvalue;
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

        return rtn;
    }

```

7.13.4.55 char* lsredis_getstr (lsredis_obj_t * p)

return a copy of the key's string value

Definition at line 263 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        char *rtn;

        //
        // Have to use strdup since we cannot guarantee that p->value won't be freed
        // while the caller is still using it
        //
        pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
        while( p->valid == 0)
            pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

        rtn = strdup(p->value);
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
        return rtn;
    }

```

7.13.4.56 void lsredis_init (char * *pub*, char * *re*, char * *head*)

Initialize this module, that is, set up the connections.

Parameters

<i>pub</i>	Publish under this (unique) name
<i>re</i>	Regular expression to select keys we want to mirror
<i>head</i>	Prepend this (+ a dot) to the beginning of requested objects

Definition at line 810 of file lsredis.c.

```

    {
        int err;
        int nerrmsg;
        char *errmsg;

        //
        // set up hash map to store redis objects
        //
        err = hcreate_r( 8192, &lsredis_htab);
        if( err == 0) {
            lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_init: Cannot create
                hash table. Really bad things are going to happen. hcreate_r returned %d", err);
        }

        lsredis_head = strdup( head);
        lsredis_publisher = strdup( pub);

        pthread_cond_init( &lsredis_cond, NULL);

        subac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
        if( subac->err) {
            lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", subac->errstr
                );
        }

        subfd.fd = subac->c.fd;
        subfd.events = 0;
        subac->ev.data = &subfd;
        subac->ev.addRead = lsredis_addRead;
        subac->ev.delRead = lsredis_delRead;
        subac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
        subac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
        subac->ev.cleanup = lsredis_cleanup;

        roac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
        if( roac->err) {
            lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", roac->errstr);
        }

        rofd.fd = roac->c.fd;
        rofd.events = 0;
        roac->ev.data = &rofd;
        roac->ev.addRead = lsredis_addRead;
        roac->ev.delRead = lsredis_delRead;
        roac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
        roac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
        roac->ev.cleanup = lsredis_cleanup;

        //wrac = redisAsyncConnect("10.1.0.3", 6379);
    }

```

```

wrac = redisAsyncConnect("127.0.0.1", 6379);
if( wrac->err) {
    lslogging_log_message( "Error: %s", wrac->errstr);
}

wrfd.fd          = wrac->c.fd;
wrfd.events      = 0;
wrac->ev.data     = &wrfd;
wrac->ev.addRead  = lsredis_addRead;
wrac->ev.delRead  = lsredis_delRead;
wrac->ev.addWrite = lsredis_addWrite;
wrac->ev.delWrite = lsredis_delWrite;
wrac->ev.cleanup  = lsredis_cleanup;

err = regcomp( &lsredis_key_select_regex, re,
    REG_EXTENDED);
if( err != 0) {
    nerrmsg = regerror( err, &lsredis_key_select_regex,
        NULL, 0);
    if( nerrmsg > 0) {
        errmsg = calloc( nerrmsg, sizeof( char));
        nerrmsg = regerror( err, &lsredis_key_select_regex
            , errmsg, nerrmsg);
        lslogging_log_message( "lsredis_select: %s", errmsg);
        free( errmsg);
    }
}
}
}

```

7.13.4.57 int lsredis_regexec (const regex_t * preg, lsredis_obj_t * p, size_t nmatch, regmatch_t * pmatch, int eflags)

Definition at line 247 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    int rtn;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    while( p->valid == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &p->cond, &p->mutex);

    rtn = regexec( preg, p->value, nmatch, pmatch, eflags);

    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    return rtn;
}

```

7.13.4.58 void lsredis_run ()

Definition at line 1014 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    pthread_create( &lsredis_thread, NULL, lsredis_worker
        , NULL);
}

```

7.13.4.59 void lsredis_setstr (lsredis_obj_t * p, char * fmt, ...)

Set the value and update redis.

Note that lsredis_set_value sets the value based on redis while here we set redis based on the value. Arbitrary maximum string length set here. TODO: Probably this limit should be removed at some point.

redisAsyncCommandArgv used instead of redisAsyncCommand 'cause it's easier (and possible) to deal with strings that would otherwise cause hiredis to emit a bad command, like those containing spaces. < up the count of times we need to see ourselves published before we start listening to others again

< Unlock to prevent deadlock in case the service routine needs to set our value

< redisAsyncCommandArgv shouldn't need to access this after it's made up it's packet (before it returns) so we should be OK with this location disappearing soon.

Definition at line 288 of file lsredis.c.

```

{
    va_list arg_ptr;
    char v[512];
    char *argv[4];

    va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
    vsnprintf( v, sizeof(v)-1, fmt, arg_ptr);
    v[sizeof(v)-1] = 0;
    va_end( arg_ptr);

    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);

    //
    // Don't send an update if a good value has not changed
    //
    if( p->valid && strcmp( v, p->value) == 0) {
        // nothing to do
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
        return;
    }

    p->wait_for_me++;
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);

    argv[0] = "HSET";
    argv[1] = p->key;
    argv[2] = "VALUE";
    argv[3] = v;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &lsredis_mutex);
    while( lsredis_running == 0)
        pthread_cond_wait( &lsredis_cond, &lsredis_mutex);

    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "MULTI");
    redisAsyncCommandArgv( wrac, NULL, NULL, 4, (const char **)argv, NULL);

    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "PUBLISH %s %s", lsredis_publisher
        , p->key);
    redisAsyncCommand( wrac, NULL, NULL, "EXEC");
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &lsredis_mutex);

    // Assume redis will take exactly the value we sent it
    //
    pthread_mutex_lock( &p->mutex);
    _lsredis_set_value( p, v);
    pthread_cond_signal( &p->cond);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &p->mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.60 void ltest_main ()

Definition at line 119 of file ltest.c.

```

{
    ltest_lspmac_est_move_time();
}

```

7.13.4.61 void ltimer_add_timer (char * event, int shots, unsigned long int secs, unsigned long int nsecs)

Create a timer.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Name of the event to send when the timer goes off
<i>shots</i>	Number of times to run. 0 means never, -1 means forever
<i>secs</i>	Number of seconds to wait
<i>nsecs</i>	Number of nano-seconds to run in addition to secs

Definition at line 50 of file lstimer.c.

```

    {
        int i;
        struct timespec now;

        // Time we were called. Delay is based on call time, not queued time
        //
        clock_gettime( CLOCK_REALTIME, &now);

        pthread_mutex_lock( &lstimer_mutex);

        for( i=0; i<LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH; i++) {
            if( lstimer_list[i].shots == 0)
                break;
        }

        if( i == LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH) {
            pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);

            lslogging_log_message( "lstimer_addtimer: out of
                timers for event: %s, shots: %d, secs: %u, nsecs: %u",
                event, shots, secs, nsecs);

            return;
        }

        strncpy( lstimer_list[i].event, event, LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH
            - 1);
        lstimer_list[i].event[LSEVENTS_EVENT_LENGTH
            - 1] = 0;
        lstimer_list[i].shots      = shots;
        lstimer_list[i].delay_secs = secs;
        lstimer_list[i].delay_nsecs = nsecs;

        lstimer_list[i].next_secs  = secs + now.tv_sec + (
            now.tv_nsec + nsecs) / 1000000000;
        lstimer_list[i].next_nsecs = (now.tv_nsec + nsecs
            ) % 1000000000;
        lstimer_list[i].last_secs  = 0;
        lstimer_list[i].last_nsecs = 0;

        lstimer_list[i].ncalls     = 0;
        lstimer_list[i].init_secs  = now.tv_sec;
        lstimer_list[i].init_nsecs = now.tv_nsec;

        if( shots != 0) {
            lstimer_active_timers++;
            new_timer++;
        }

        pthread_cond_signal( &lstimer_cond);
        pthread_mutex_unlock( &lstimer_mutex);
    }

```

7.13.4.62 void lstimer_init ()

Initialize the timer list and pthread stuff.

Definition at line 259 of file lstimer.c.

```

    {
        int i;

        for( i=0; i<LSTIMER_LIST_LENGTH; i++) {
            lstimer_list[i].shots = 0;
        }

        pthread_mutex_init( &lstimer_mutex, NULL);
        pthread_cond_init( &lstimer_cond, NULL);
    }

```

7.13.4.63 void lstimer_run ()

Start up our thread.

Definition at line 273 of file lstimer.c.

```

    {
        pthread_create( &lstimer_thread, NULL, lstimer_worker
            , NULL);
    }

```

7.13.4.64 void lsupdate_init ()

7.13.4.65 void lsupdate_run ()

7.13.4.66 void md2cmds_init ()

Initialize the md2cmds module.

Definition at line 1433 of file md2cmds.c.

```

    {
        ENTRY hloader, *hrtinval;
        int i, err;

        pthread_mutexattr_t mutex_initializer;

        pthread_mutexattr_init( &mutex_initializer);
        pthread_mutexattr_settype( &mutex_initializer, PTHREAD_MUTEX_RECURSIVE);

        pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_mutex, &mutex_initializer);
        pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_cond, NULL);

        pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_moving_mutex, &
            mutex_initializer);
        pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_moving_cond, NULL);

        pthread_mutex_init( &md2cmds_homing_mutex, &
            mutex_initializer);
        pthread_cond_init( &md2cmds_homing_cond, NULL);

        md2cmds_md_status_code = lsredis_get_obj
            ( "md2_status_code");
        lsredis_setstr( md2cmds_md_status_code, "
            7");

        hcreate_r( 32, &md2cmds_hmap);
        for( i=0; i<sizeof(md2cmds_cmd_kvs)/sizeof(md2cmds_cmd_kvs
            [0]); i++) {
            hloader.key = md2cmds_cmd_kvs[i].k;
            hloader.data = md2cmds_cmd_kvs[i].v;
            err = hsearch_r( hloader, ENTER, &hrtinval, &md2cmds_hmap);
            if( err == 0) {
                lslogging_log_message( "md2cmds_init: hsearch_r
                    returned an error for item %d: %s", i, strerror( errno));
            }
        }
    }
}

```

7.13.4.67 void md2cmds_run ()

Start up the thread.

Definition at line 1469 of file md2cmds.c.

```

    {
        pthread_create( &md2cmds_thread, NULL,
            md2cmds_worker, NULL);
        lsevents_add_listener( "omega crossed zero",
            md2cmds_rotate_cb);
        lsevents_add_listener( "omega In Position",
            md2cmds_maybe_rotate_done_cb);
        lsevents_add_listener( ".+ (Moving|In Position)",
            md2cmds_maybe_done_moving_cb);
        lsevents_add_listener( "(.+)" (Homing|Homed)",

```

```

        md2cmds_maybe_done_homing_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "capz (Moving|In Position)",
        md2cmds_time_capz_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 1 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_1_stopped_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 2 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_2_stopped_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 3 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_3_stopped_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 4 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_4_stopped_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 5 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_5_stopped_cb);
lsevents_add_listener( "Coordsys 7 Stopped",
        md2cmds_coordsys_7_stopped_cb);
}

```

7.13.4.68 void pgpmac_printf (char * *fmt*, ...)

Terminal output routine ala printf.

Parameters

in	<i>fmt</i>	Printf style forming string
----	------------	-----------------------------

Definition at line 330 of file pgpmac.c.

```

        {
va_list arg_ptr;

pthread_mutex_lock( &ncurses_mutex);

va_start( arg_ptr, fmt);
vwprintw( term_output, fmt, arg_ptr);
va_end( arg_ptr);

wnoutrefresh( term_output);
wnoutrefresh( term_input);
doupdate();

pthread_mutex_unlock( &ncurses_mutex);
}

```

7.13.4.69 void PmacSockSendline (char * *s*)

7.13.5 Variable Documentation

7.13.5.1 lspmac_motor_t* alignx

Alignment stage X.

Definition at line 90 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.2 lspmac_motor_t* aligny

Alignment stage Y.

Definition at line 91 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.3 lspmac_motor_t* alignz

Alignment stage X.

Definition at line 92 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.4 Ispmac_motor_t* anal

Polaroid analyzer motor.

Definition at line 93 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.5 Ispmac_motor_t* apery

Aperture Y.

Definition at line 95 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.6 Ispmac_motor_t* aperz

Aperture Z.

Definition at line 96 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.7 Ispmac_bi_t* arm_parked

(whose arm? parked where?)

Definition at line 133 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.8 Ispmac_motor_t* blight

Back Light DAC.

Definition at line 107 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.9 Ispmac_bi_t* blight_down

Backlight is down.

Definition at line 123 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.10 Ispmac_motor_t* blight_f

Back light scale factor.

Definition at line 116 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.11 Ispmac_motor_t* blight_ud

Back light Up/Down actuator.

Definition at line 111 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.12 Ispmac_bi_t* blight_up

Backlight is up.

Definition at line 124 of file Ispmac.c.

7.13.5.13 lspmac_motor_t* capy

Capillary Y.

Definition at line 97 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.14 lspmac_motor_t* capz

Capillary Z.

Definition at line 98 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.15 lspmac_motor_t* cenx

Centering Table X.

Definition at line 100 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.16 lspmac_motor_t* ceny

Centering Table Y.

Definition at line 101 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.17 lspmac_motor_t* cryo

Move the cryostream towards or away from the crystal.

Definition at line 112 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.18 lspmac_bi_t* cryo_back

cryo is in the back position

Definition at line 125 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.19 lspmac_bi_t* cryo_switch

that little toggle switch for the cryo

Definition at line 122 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.20 lspmac_motor_t* dryer

blow air on the scintillator to dry it off

Definition at line 113 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.21 lspmac_bi_t* etel_init_ok

ETEL initialized OK.

Definition at line 130 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.22 lspmac_bi_t* etel_on

ETEL is on.

Definition at line 129 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.23 lspmac_bi_t* etel_ready

ETEL is ready.

Definition at line 128 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.24 lspmac_motor_t* flight

Front Light DAC.

Definition at line 106 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.25 lspmac_motor_t* flight_f

Front light scale factor.

Definition at line 117 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.26 lspmac_motor_t* flight_oo

Turn front light on/off.

Definition at line 115 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.27 lspmac_motor_t* fluo

Move the fluorescence detector in/out.

Definition at line 114 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.28 lspmac_bi_t* fluor_back

fluor is in the back position

Definition at line 126 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.29 lspmac_motor_t* fscint

Scintillator Piezo DAC.

Definition at line 108 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.30 lspmac_motor_t* fshut

Fast shutter.

Definition at line 105 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.31 `lspmac_bi_t*` `hp_air`

High pressure air OK.

Definition at line 121 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.32 `lspmac_motor_t*` `kappa`

Kappa.

Definition at line 102 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.33 `lspmac_bi_t*` `lp_air`

Low pressure air OK.

Definition at line 120 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.34 `lspg_demandairrights_t` `lspg_demandairrights`

our demandairrights object

Definition at line 66 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.35 `lspg_getcenter_t` `lspg_getcenter`

the getcenter object

Definition at line 65 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.36 `lspg_getcurrentsampleid_t` `lspg_getcurrentsampleid`

our currentsample id

Definition at line 67 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.37 `lspg_nextsample_t` `lspg_nextsample`

the very next sample

Definition at line 63 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.38 `lspg_nextshot_t` `lspg_nextshot`

the nextshot object

Definition at line 64 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.39 `lspg_starttransfer_t` `lspg_starttransfer`

start a sample transfer

Definition at line 68 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.40 `lspg_waitcryo_t` `lspg_waitcryo`

signal the robot

Definition at line 69 of file `lspg.c`.

7.13.5.41 `lspmac_motor_t` `lspmac_motors[]`

All our motors.

Definition at line 87 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.42 `pthread_cond_t` `lspmac_moving_cond`

Wait for motor(s) to finish moving condition.

Definition at line 64 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.43 `int` `lspmac_moving_flags`

Flag used to implement motor moving condition.

Definition at line 65 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.44 `pthread_mutex_t` `lspmac_moving_mutex`

Coordinate moving motors between threads.

Definition at line 63 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.45 `int` `lspmac_nmotors`

The number of motors we manage.

Definition at line 88 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.46 `pthread_cond_t` `lspmac_shutter_cond`

Allows waiting for the shutter status to change.

Definition at line 62 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.47 `int` `lspmac_shutter_has_opened`

Indicates that the shutter had opened, perhaps briefly even if the state did not change.

Definition at line 60 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.48 `pthread_mutex_t` `lspmac_shutter_mutex`

Coordinates threads reading shutter status.

Definition at line 61 of file `lspmac.c`.

7.13.5.49 int lspmac_shutter_state

State of the shutter, used to detect changes.

Definition at line 59 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.50 pthread_mutex_t md2_status_mutex

Synchronize reading/writing status buffer.

Definition at line 341 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.51 char md2cmds_cmd[]

our command;

Definition at line 24 of file md2cmds.c.

7.13.5.52 pthread_cond_t md2cmds_cond

condition to signal when it's time to run an md2 command

Definition at line 10 of file md2cmds.c.

7.13.5.53 lsredis_obj_t* md2cmds_md_status_code

Definition at line 26 of file md2cmds.c.

7.13.5.54 pthread_mutex_t md2cmds_mutex

mutex for the condition

Definition at line 11 of file md2cmds.c.

7.13.5.55 pthread_cond_t md2cmds_pg_cond**7.13.5.56 pthread_mutex_t md2cmds_pg_mutex****7.13.5.57 lspmac_bi_t* minikappa_ok**

Minikappa is OK (whatever that means)

Definition at line 131 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.58 pthread_mutex_t ncurses_mutex

allow more than one thread access to the screen

Definition at line 242 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13.5.59 lspmac_motor_t* omega

MD2 omega axis (the air bearing)

Definition at line 89 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.60 struct timespec omega_zero_time

Time we believe that omega crossed zero.

Definition at line 72 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.61 lspmac_motor_t* phi

Phi (not data collection axis)

Definition at line 103 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.62 pthread_cond_t pmac_queue_cond

wait for a command to be sent to PMAC before continuing

Definition at line 78 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.63 pthread_mutex_t pmac_queue_mutex

manage access to the pmac command queue

Definition at line 77 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.64 lspmac_bi_t* sample_detected

smart magnet detected sample

Definition at line 127 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.65 lspmac_motor_t* scint

Scintillator Z.

Definition at line 99 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.66 lspmac_bi_t* shutter_open

shutter is open (note in pmc says this is a slow input)

Definition at line 134 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.67 lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_err

smart magnet error (coil broken perhaps)

Definition at line 135 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.68 lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_off

smart magnet is off

Definition at line 136 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.69 lspmac_bi_t* smart_mag_on

smart magnet is on

Definition at line 132 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.70 lspmac_motor_t* smart_mag_oo

Smart Magnet on/off.

Definition at line 110 of file lspmac.c.

7.13.5.71 WINDOW* term_input

place to put the cursor

Definition at line 238 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13.5.72 WINDOW* term_output

place to print stuff out

Definition at line 237 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13.5.73 WINDOW* term_status

shutter, lamp, air, etc status

Definition at line 239 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13.5.74 WINDOW* term_status2

shutter, lamp, air, etc status

Definition at line 240 of file pgpmac.c.

7.13.5.75 lspmac_motor_t* zoom

Optical zoom.

Definition at line 94 of file lspmac.c.

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