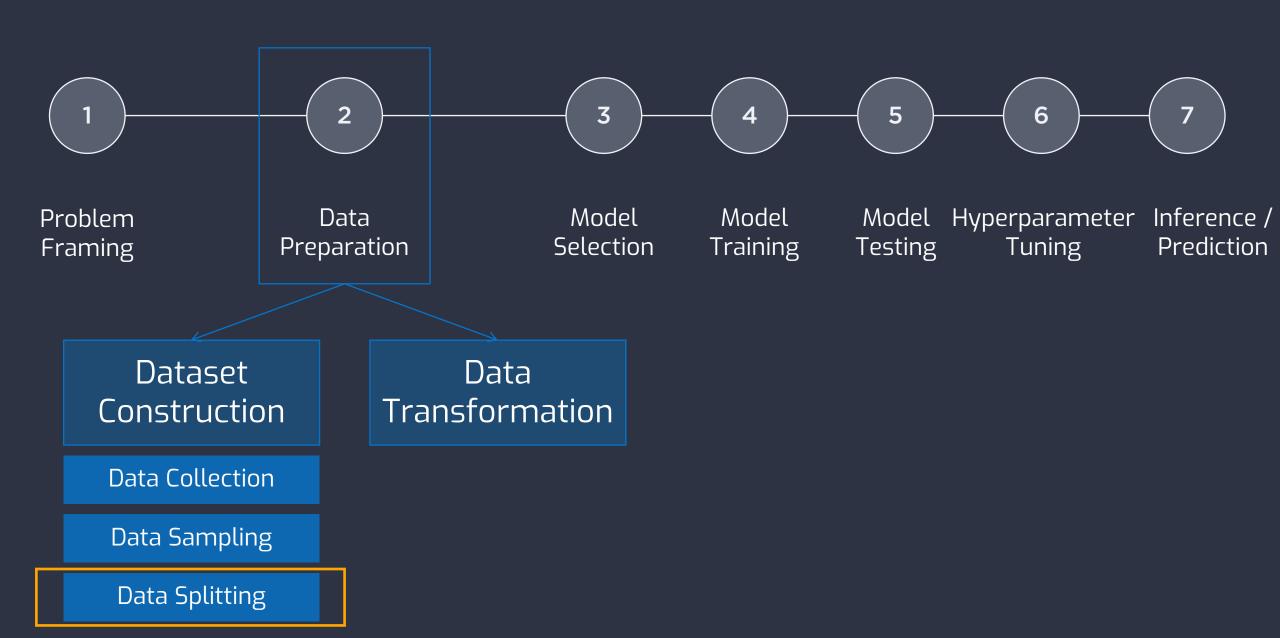
COMP2261 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / MACHINE LEARNING

# Data Splitting

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## Learning Objectives

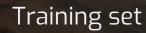
- Understand what is data splitting and how to do it.
- Understand overfitting and solutions to overfitting.
- Understand what is validation set and how to use it.





## Green tea / Oolong tea







Test set

- We need to split the dataset into training set and test set.
- We need to keep them separate, as we don't want the model to memorise the questions instead of learning from the data.

## Green tea / Oolong tea

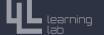


Randomise instances

- Before splitting the dataset, we must randomise it.
- We don't want the order of the instances, which is irrelevant, to affect the model training process.

How large should we make different splits?





## The larger Training Set

the better model we will be able to learn

### The larger Test Set

the better we will be able to have confidence in evaluation metrics, and tighter confidence intervals.





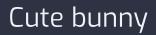
For now... make sure our Test Set meets the following 2 conditions:

- large enough to yield statistically meaningful results.
- representative of the data set as a whole. In other words, don't pick a test set with different characteristics than the training set.









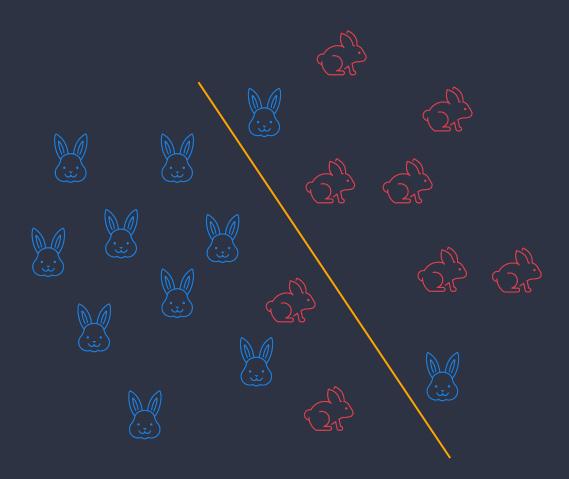


No-so-cute bunny

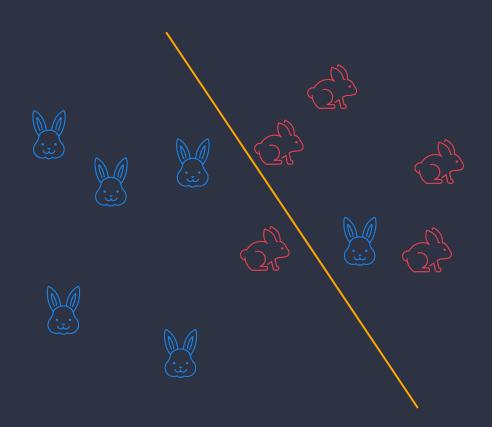




#### Cute bunny detector



Training set



Test set (as a proxy for new data)





#### Overfitting

Pick model that does best on <u>Test Set</u>

Tweak model according to results on <u>Test Set</u> ←

Train model on Training Set

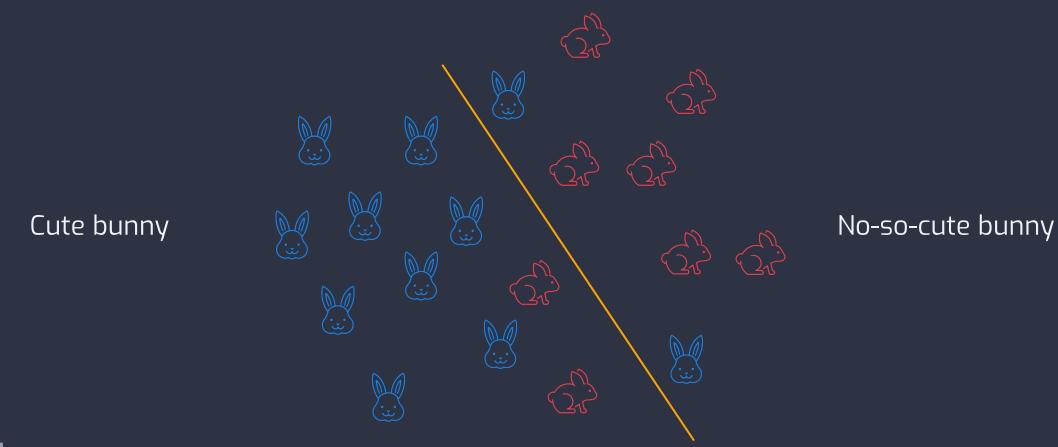
Test model on Test Set





#### Overfitting

The result of learning corresponds too closely or exactly to a particular dataset, and may thus fail to fit previously unseen data or make reliable predictions.

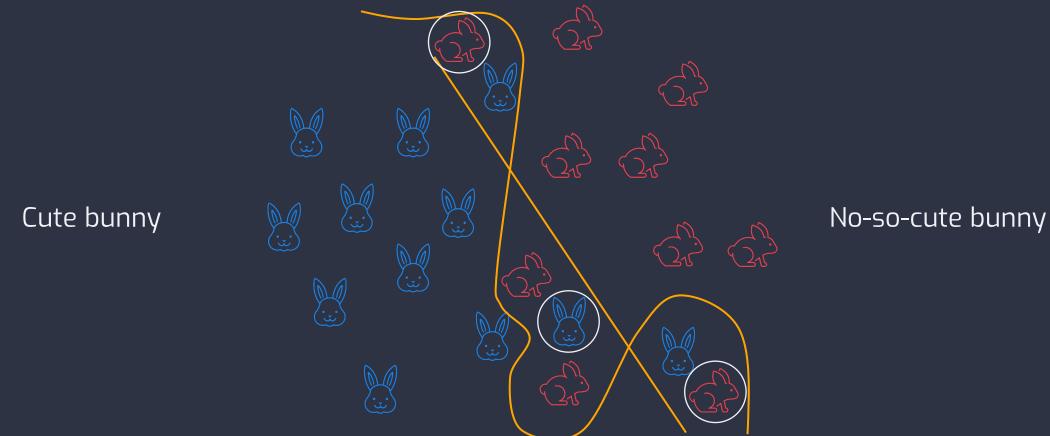






#### Overfitting

The result of learning corresponds too closely or exactly to a particular dataset, and may thus fail to fit previously unseen data or make reliable predictions.







### A solution to Overfitting

Training Set

Validation Set

Test Set





#### A solution to Overfitting

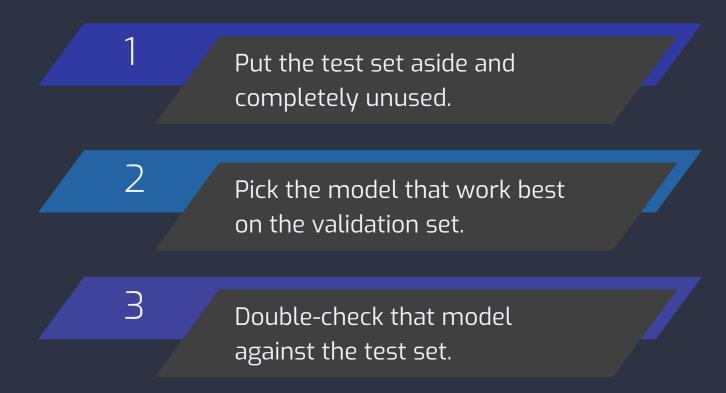
Pick model that does best on Validation Set Confirm results on <u>Test Set</u> Tweak model according to results on Validation Set ← Train model on Training Set Evaluate model on Validation Set





#### A solution to Overfitting

To summarise:



This is a better approach because it creates <u>fewer exposures</u> to the test <u>set</u>.





Why need validation set AND test set both to evaluate model?





#### Why need validation set AND test set both to evaluate model?

#### Validation Set

#### Compare hyperparameter combinations

- We want to train a model whose performance depends on a set of hyperparameters e.g. learning rate.
- Validation Set is used to evaluate model performance for different combinations of hyperparameter values.

#### Test Set

#### Compare different models

- We want to compare trained models in an unbiased way, by comparing model performance using unseen data.
- Test Set is kept apart from the training process, thus being the unseen data, for comparing different trained models.





## ✓ Takeaway Points

- Need to split the dataset into the training set and the test set and keep the test set completely separate from the training process.
- Need to ensure the chosen sample does not lose statistical significance with respect to the whole population.
- Both validation set and test set are to evaluate the model, but the validation set is for tuning hyperparameters, and the test set is for comparing different trained models.





