

eeg_for_kd

April 10, 2019

1 EEG Analysis: Arousal-Valence for Keystroke Dynamics

```
In [1]: try:
        import sys
        import matplotlib as mpl

        SUBJECT = int(sys.argv[1])
        mpl.use('Agg')
        INTERACTIVE = False
    except:
        %reset -f
        import matplotlib as mpl

        SUBJECT = 5
        INTERACTIVE = True

    import os
    import json
    import pprint
    import math
    import itertools
    import pandas
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.patches as mpatches
    import matplotlib.lines as mlines
    import matplotlib as mpl

    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    from IPython.display import set_matplotlib_formats
    from collections import defaultdict

    set_matplotlib_formats('png', 'pdf')

    from mpl_toolkits.axes_grid1.axes_grid import AxesGrid
    from mpl_toolkits.axes_grid.anchored_artists import AnchoredText

    from sklearn import preprocessing
```

```

from scipy import signal
from scipy import stats
#from matplotlib2tikz import save as tikz_save, get_tikz_code

pgf_with_latex = { # setup matplotlib to use latex for output
    "pgf.texsystem": "pdflatex", # change this if using xetex or latex
    "text.usetex": True, # use LaTeX to write all text
    "font.family": "serif",
    "legend.fancybox": False,
    "legend.shadow": False,

    'xtick.major.size': 3,
    'xtick.major.width': 0.3,
    'ytick.major.size': 3,
    'ytick.major.width': 0.3,

    "pgf.preamble": [
        r"\usepackage[utf8x]{inputenc}", # use utf8 fonts because your computer can handle it
    ]
}

mpl.rcParams.update(pgf_with_latex)

def save_matrix(filename, matrix, fmt='%5.3f'):
    np.savetxt(filename, matrix, fmt=fmt, delimiter=" & ", newline='\\\\\\n')

/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/matplotlib/cbook/deprecation.py:106: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning:
  warnings.warn(message, mplDeprecation, stacklevel=1)

```

1.1 Configuration

```

In [2]: PHI = (np.sqrt(5) - 1.0) / 2.0
        LINEWIDTH = (52 / 9) # width in inches

def latexify(fig_width=None, fig_height=None, ratio=None, legend_fontsize=10, fontsize=12,
            axes_fontsize=8):
    """Set up matplotlib's RC params for LaTeX plotting.
    Call this before plotting a figure.
    """

    # code adapted from http://www.scipy.org/Cookbook/Matplotlib/LaTeX_Examples
    if fig_width is None:
        fig_width = LINEWIDTH

    if fig_height is None:

```

```

        if not ratio:
            ratio = PHI # Aesthetic ratio
            fig_height = fig_width * ratio # height in inches

    params = {'backend': 'ps',
              'text.latex.preamble': ['\\usepackage{gensymb}'],
              'axes.labelsize': axes_fontsize, # fontsize for x and y labels (was 10)
              'axes.titlesize': axes_fontsize,
              'font.size': fontsize,
              'legend.fontsize': legend_fontsize, # was 10
              'xtick.labelsize': tick_fontsize,
              'ytick.labelsize': tick_fontsize,
              'text.usetex': True,
              'figure.figsize': [fig_width, fig_height],
              'font.family': 'serif'
            }

    mpl.rcParams.update(params)

In [3]: print('Subject: {}'.format(SUBJECT))
        EPOCH_TYPE = "4s-1s"
        RELAX_START_OFFSET = 0
        RELAX_END_OFFSET = 0

        SUBJECTS = ('02', '14', '04', '08', '01', '07', '06', '05', '16', '13', '03', '12')
        SUBJECTS_SESSIONS = {
            '02': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.19-21.18-v02@eic', 'day': 0},
            '14': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.19-22.48-v14@eic', 'day': 0},
            '04': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.26-19.22-v04@eic', 'day': 7},
            '08': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.26-22.12-v08@eic', 'day': 7},
            '01': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.27-12.36-v01@eic', 'day': 8},
            '07': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.27-16.16-v07@eic', 'day': 8},
            '06': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.27-18.44-v06@eic', 'day': 8},
            '05': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.27-20.17-v05@eic', 'day': 8},
            '16': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.27-21.46-v16@eic', 'day': 8},
            '13': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.28-21.45-v13@eic', 'day': 9},
            '03': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.29-13.20-v03@eic', 'day': 10},
            '12': {'folder': 'session-2016.12.29-21.25-v12@eic', 'day': 10}
        }

        RAW_DIR_DATA = '../raw_data_data/'
        RAW_DIR_TIMING = '../raw_data_timings/'
        EEG_DIR = '../eeg/results/' + EPOCH_TYPE + '/'
        EEG_FILENAME = 'v{0}.electrodes.data.csv'
        AV_FILENAME = 'v{0}.av{1}.data.csv'
        TIMESTAMPS_FILENAME = 'v{0}.timestamps.json'
        GENERIC_FILENAME = 'v{0}'
        AV_DIR = '../data/'

```

```

RAW_EEG_DIR = 'eeg/'
RAW_DATA_FILENAME = 'data.json'
RAW_EEG_TIMING_FILENAME = 'timing.data'

selected_subject = SUBJECTS[SUBJECT]

# EEG
eeg_path = os.path.join(EEG_DIR, EEG_FILENAME.format(selected_subject))
eeg = np.genfromtxt(eeg_path, delimiter=',', skip_header=True, dtype=np.float64)

# EEG timing
eeg_timing_path = os.path.join(RAW_DIR_TIMING, SUBJECTS_SESSIONS[selected_subject]['folder'], RAW_EEG_TIMING_FILENAME)
eeg_timing_file = open(eeg_timing_path)
eeg_timing = json.load(eeg_timing_file)
eeg_timing_file.close()

# Session data
raw_path = os.path.join(RAW_DIR_DATA, SUBJECTS_SESSIONS[selected_subject]['folder'], RAW_DATA_FILENAME)
raw_file = open(raw_path)
raw = json.load(raw_file)
raw_file.close()

# AV Data
av_path_non_standardized = os.path.join(AV_DIR, EPOCH_TYPE, AV_FILENAME.format(selected_subject, EPOCH_TYPE))
av_path_standardized = os.path.join(AV_DIR, EPOCH_TYPE, AV_FILENAME.format(selected_subject, EPOCH_TYPE))
av_path_standardized_scaled = os.path.join(AV_DIR, EPOCH_TYPE, AV_FILENAME.format(selected_subject, '_standardized'))
av_path_standardized_cropped_scaled = os.path.join(AV_DIR, EPOCH_TYPE, AV_FILENAME.format(selected_subject, '_standardized_cropped'))

def show(f, filename):
    if INTERACTIVE:
        plt.show()
        print("show " + './data/kd/{0}-{1}'.format(SUBJECT + 1, filename))
    else:
        f.savefig('./data/kd/{0}-{1}'.format(SUBJECT + 1, filename), bbox_inches='tight')

def save_file(filename, contents):
    if INTERACTIVE:
        print(contents)
    else:
        file = open('./data/kd/{0}-{1}'.format(SUBJECT + 1, filename), 'wt')
        file.write(contents)
        file.close()

```

```

def get_sam(phase):
    for tp in ('images', 'audios', 'videos'):
        data = raw['acquisition']['stimuli_phases'][phase]['stimuli'].get(tp)
        if data:
            a, v = data['assessment']['arousal'], data['assessment']['valence']
            yield (tp, int(a), int(v))

```

Subject: 5

1.2 Timestamps and session segments

1.2.1 Offset adjustment

```

In [4]: #
        # Add a synchronization factor to avoid the desynchronization of the acquisition server
        #
        def desynchronization_offset(day):
            return day * 731.8 + 100

eeg_timing['start']['timestamp'] = ((int(eeg_timing['start']['timestamp']) * 1000) -
SUBJECTS_SESSIONS[selected_subject]['day'])) / 1000

```

1.2.2 Session segments

```

In [5]: # Search the event 'experiment' within the log
        experiment_start = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'experiment' and x['status'] == 'start'))
        experiment_end = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'experiment' and x['status'] == 'end'))
        # Search the event 'relaxation' within the log
        relaxation_start = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'relaxation' and x['status'] == 'start'))
        relaxation_end = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'relaxation' and x['status'] == 'end'))
        # Search the event 'relaxation' within the log
        writing_start = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'writing' and x['status'] == 'start'))
        writing_end = next((x for x in raw['log'] if x['event'] == 'writing' and x['status'] == 'end'))

        # Get timestamps
        ts_eeg_start = int(eeg_timing['start']['timestamp'] * 1000)
        ts_experiment_start = experiment_start['timestamp']
        ts_experiment_end = experiment_end['timestamp']
        ts_relaxation_start = relaxation_start['timestamp'] + RELAX_START_OFFSET * 1000
        ts_relaxation_end = relaxation_end['timestamp'] - 1 - RELAX_END_OFFSET * 1000
        ts_writing_start = writing_start['timestamp']
        ts_writing_end = writing_end['timestamp']

        # Calculate upper and lower limits of the experimental session
        delta_eeg_experiment_start = (ts_experiment_start - ts_eeg_start) / 1000
        delta_eeg_experiment_end = (ts_experiment_end - ts_eeg_start) / 1000

```

```

# Calculate upper and lower limits of the relaxation phase in the experimental session
delta_eeg_relaxation_start = (ts_relaxation_start - ts_eeg_start) / 1000
delta_eeg_relaxation_end = (ts_relaxation_end - ts_eeg_start) / 1000
# Calculate upper and lower limits of the writing phase in the experimental session
delta_eeg_writing_start = (ts_writing_start - ts_eeg_start) / 1000
delta_eeg_writing_end = (ts_writing_end - ts_eeg_start) / 1000

def relativize_timestamp(ts):
    return (ts - ts_eeg_start) / 1000

timestamps = {}
_active = None

for log in raw['log']:

    # Debug
    # print(log['event'], log['status'], log['timestamp'], relativize_timestamp(log['t

    if log['event'] == 'phase' and log['status'] == 's':
        _active = int(log['event_id'])
        timestamps[_active] = {}
        timestamps[_active]['start'] = relativize_timestamp(log['timestamp'])
        continue

    elif log['event'] == 'phase' and log['status'] == 'e':
        timestamps[_active]['end'] = relativize_timestamp(log['timestamp'])
        _active = None

    elif not _active:
        continue

    if not log['event'] in {'image', 'images', 'videos', 'audios', 'writing'}:
        continue

    elif not log['event'] in timestamps[_active]:
        timestamps[_active][log['event']] = []

        # Debug
        # print(log['timestamp'], relativize_timestamp(log['timestamp']))

    log_aux = log.copy()
    log_aux['timestamp'] = relativize_timestamp(log['timestamp'])
    timestamps[_active][log['event']].append(log_aux)

```

1.3 Signal smoothing

The EEG signal is smoothed applying a convolution with a gaussian kernel. The number of points of the gaussian curve is four times the standard deviation value to one side, i.e., the standard deviation times four times two.

```
In [6]: # win = signal.gaussian(96, std=8)
        # win = signal.gaussian(64, std=8)
        win = signal.gaussian(128, std=128)

        eeg_smoothed = np.copy(eeg)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 3] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 3], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 4] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 4], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 5] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 5], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 6] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 6], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 7] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 7], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 8] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 8], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 9] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 9], win, mode='same') / sum(win)
        eeg_smoothed[:, 10] = signal.convolve(eeg_smoothed[:, 10], win, mode='same') / sum(win)

In [7]: NUMBER_OF_GRAPHS = 8
        latexify(ratio=PHI * 1.3)

        # Subplots sharing both x/y axes
        f, axes = plt.subplots(NUMBER_OF_GRAPHS, sharex=True, sharey=True)

        for i, name in enumerate(('F3\\ \\alpha$', 'F3\\ \\beta$',
                                   'F4\\ \\alpha$', 'F4\\ \\beta$',
                                   'AF3\\ \\alpha$', 'AF3\\ \\beta$',
                                   'AF4\\ \\alpha$', 'AF4\\ \\beta$')):

            #
            # SIGNALS
            #

            # Alpha & beta frequency bands
            axes[i].plot(eeg[:, 1], eeg[:, i + 3], color=str(0.7), linewidth=0.3)

            # Smoothed signal
            axes[i].plot(eeg_smoothed[:, 1], eeg_smoothed[:, i + 3], color='k', linewidth=0.4)

            #
            # LINES
            #

            # Relaxation separators
            axes[i].axvline(delta_eeg_relaxation_start, color='#111111', linestyle='--', linewidth=1)

            axes[i].tick_params(axis='both', direction='in', color='#aaaaaa')
```

```

# keystroke
for p in timestamps:
    axes[i].axvline(timestamps[p]['start'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=1)
    axes[i].axvline(timestamps[p]['end'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=1)
    if 'writing' in timestamps[p]:
        sta = timestamps[p]['writing'][0]['timestamp']
        end = timestamps[p]['writing'][1]['timestamp']
        axes[i].axvspan(sta, end, facecolor='#dddddd', linewidth=0)

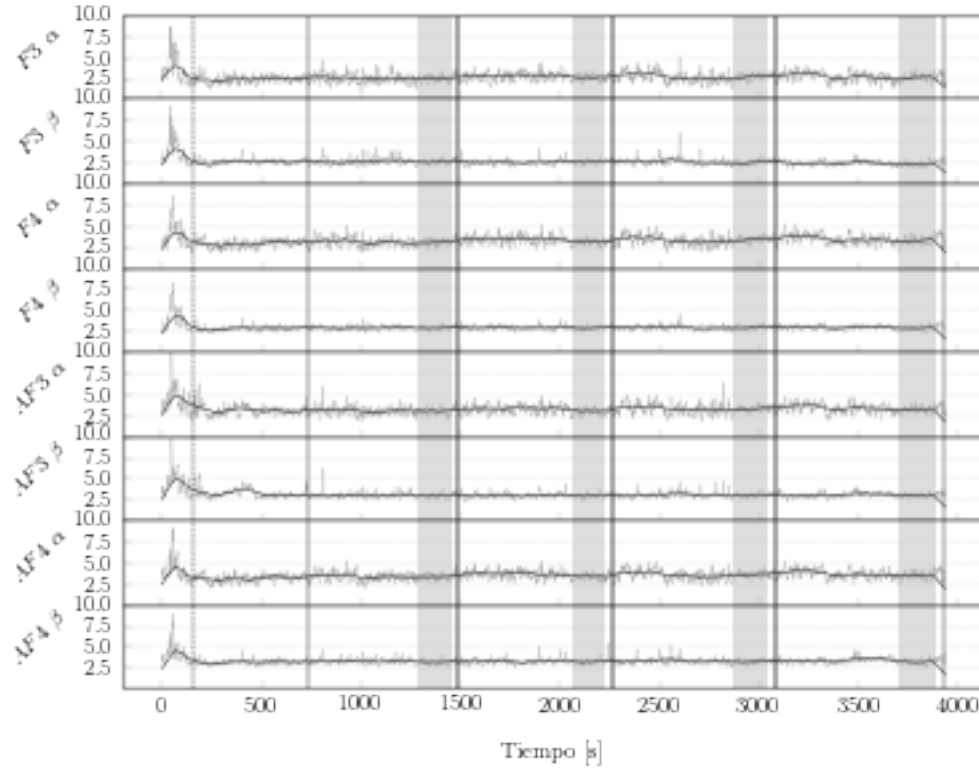
# Axes limits
axes[i].set_ylim([0, 10])
axes[i].yaxis.set_ticks([2.5, 5, 7.5, 10])
axes[i].yaxis.grid(b=True, color='#cccccc', linestyle='dotted', linewidth=0.4)
axes[i].set_ylabel(name, rotation=45, labelpad=10)
for axis in ['top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right']:
    axes[i].spines[axis].set_linewidth(0.4)

axes[7].set_xlabel("Tiempo [s]", rotation=0, labelpad=10)

# Fine-tune figure; make subplots close to each other and hide x ticks for
# all but bottom plot.
f.subplots_adjust(hspace=0)
plt.setp([a.get_xticklabels() for a in f.axes[:-1]], visible=False)

# draw or save it
plt.draw()
show(f, 'eeg.pdf')

```

show ./data/kd/6-eeg.pdf

1.4 Arousal-Valence models

1.4.1 Ramirez model

$$\begin{cases} Arousal = \frac{\beta}{\alpha} = \frac{\beta_{F3} + \beta_{F4}}{\alpha_{F3} + \alpha_{F4}} \\ Valence = \frac{\alpha_{F4}}{\beta_{F4}} - \frac{\alpha_{F3}}{\beta_{F3}} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

1.4.2 Yurci model

$$\begin{cases} Arousal = \frac{\beta}{\alpha} = \frac{\beta_{AF4} + \beta_{AF3} + \beta_{F4} + \beta_{F3}}{\alpha_{AF4} + \alpha_{AF3} + \alpha_{F4} + \alpha_{F3}} \\ Valence = \frac{\beta_{AF4} + \beta_{F4}}{\alpha_{AF4} + \alpha_{F4}} - \frac{\beta_{AF3} + \beta_{F3}}{\alpha_{AF3} + \alpha_{F3}} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

```
In [8]: def av_model_ramirez(row):
        """ Row must be sorted to have the following order of inputs related to the electrode
            F3, F4, AF3, AF4; with the following order of frequency band values: Alpha, Beta

        alpha = row[:,2] # Odd columns (alpha values)
        beta = row[1::2] # Even columns (beta values)
```

```

arousal = (beta[0] + beta[1]) / (alpha[0] + alpha[1])
valence = (alpha[1] / beta[1]) - (alpha[0] / beta[0])

return [arousal, valence]

def av_model_yurci(row):
    """ Row must be sorted to have the following order of inputs related to the electrode
        F3, F4, AF3, AF4; with the following order of frequency band values: Alpha, Beta """

    alpha = row[:,2] # Odd columns (alpha values)
    beta = row[:,1] # Even columns (beta values)

    arousal = beta.sum() / alpha.sum()
    valence = ((beta[3] + beta[1]) / (alpha[3] + alpha[1])) - ((beta[2] + beta[0]) / (alpha[2] + alpha[0]))
    # valence = ((alpha[3] + alpha[1]) / (beta[3] + beta[1])) - ((alpha[2] + alpha[0]) / (beta[2] + beta[0]))

    return [arousal, valence]

```

1.5 Arousal-Valence calculation

```

In [9]: # Calculate arousal and valence with alpha and beta values
arousal_valence = np.apply_along_axis(av_model_yurci, 1, eeg_smoothed[:, 3:])
arousal_valence = np.concatenate((eeg_smoothed[:, :3], arousal_valence), axis=1)

```

1.6 Signal cropping

The signal is cropped to get relevant segments of values.

```

In [10]: # Crop EEG to keep only the rows that belong to the session
av_session = np.copy(arousal_valence)
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 1] >= delta_eeg_experiment_start]
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 1] <= delta_eeg_experiment_end]

# Crop EEG to keep only the rows that belong to the relaxation phase
av_relaxation = np.copy(arousal_valence)
av_relaxation = av_relaxation[av_relaxation[:, 1] >= delta_eeg_relaxation_start]
av_relaxation = av_relaxation[av_relaxation[:, 1] <= delta_eeg_relaxation_end]

# Crop EEG to keep only the rows that belong to the writing phase
av_writing = np.copy(arousal_valence)
av_writing = av_writing[av_writing[:, 1] >= delta_eeg_writing_start]
av_writing = av_writing[av_writing[:, 1] <= delta_eeg_writing_end]

```

1.7 Standarization of the Arousal-Valence values

This step includes not only standardization, but also the cutting of values respect to the calculated standard deviation, i.e., the dataset is cropped to keep only the values that are within the range

$[-3\sigma; 3\sigma]$.

```
In [11]: # Standarize the data (Z-Score normalization)
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit(av_relaxation[:, 3:])

# print('Mean: \t', scaler.mean_)
# print('Std: \t', scaler.scale_)

av_session_non_standardized = np.copy(av_session)

# Crop based on arousal axis
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 3] >= (scaler.mean_[0] - 3 * scaler.scale_[0])]
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 3] <= (scaler.mean_[0] + 3 * scaler.scale_[0])]
# Crop based on valence axis
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 4] >= (scaler.mean_[1] - 3 * scaler.scale_[1])]
av_session = av_session[av_session[:, 4] <= (scaler.mean_[1] + 3 * scaler.scale_[1])]

av_session_standardized = np.concatenate(
    (av_session_non_standardized[:, :3], scaler.transform(av_session_non_standardized[:, :3])),
    axis=1)
av_relaxation_standardized = np.concatenate((av_relaxation[:, :3], scaler.transform(av_relaxation[:, :3])),
    axis=1)
av_session_standardized_cropped = np.concatenate((av_session[:, :3], scaler.transform(av_session[:, :3])),
    axis=1)

av_session_standardized.shape
av_session_standardized_cropped.shape
```

Out[11]: (1918, 5)

```
In [12]: # Scaling
min_max_scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(1, 9))

av_session_non_standardized_scaled = np.concatenate(
    (av_session_non_standardized[:, :3], min_max_scaler.fit_transform(av_session_non_standardized[:, :3])),
    axis=1)
av_session_standardized_scaled = np.concatenate(
    (av_session_standardized[:, :3], min_max_scaler.fit_transform(av_session_standardized[:, :3])),
    axis=1)
av_session_standardized_cropped_scaled = np.concatenate(
    (av_session_standardized_cropped[:, :3], min_max_scaler.fit_transform(av_session_standardized_cropped[:, :3])),
    axis=1)

#####

# '''
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit(av_relaxation_standardized[:, 3:])
print('Mean: \t', scaler.mean_)
print('Std: \t', scaler.scale_)

av_relaxation_standardized_scaled = np.concatenate(
    (av_relaxation_standardized[:, :3], min_max_scaler.fit_transform(av_relaxation_standardized[:, :3])),
    axis=1)
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit(av_relaxation_standardized_scaled[:, 3:])
```

```

print('Mean: \t', scaler.mean_)
print('Std: \t', scaler.scale_)
# '''

```

```

Mean:          [ -8.28824189e-15  -1.75002463e-15]
Std:           [ 1.   1.]
Mean:          [ 5.20860104  3.74947425]
Std:           [ 2.52403022  1.94418188]

```

1.8 Plotting of standardized Arousal-Valence values with t-test

```

In [13]: use = av_session_standardized_scaled
stimuli = 'writing' # 'images' # ['images'/'videos_audios']

plt.close('all')
latexify(ratio=0.8, legend_fontsize=6)

COLS = 2
ROWS = 2
CONNECTION_STYLE = "arc3,rad=0.3"

PHASE_NAMES = (
    "Fase 1\\\\\\HAPV",
    "Fase 2\\\\\\LAPV",
    "Fase 3\\\\\\LANV",
    "Fase 4\\\\\\HANV"
)

f, axis = plt.subplots(ROWS, COLS, sharex='col', sharey='row')
f.subplots_adjust(left=None, bottom=None, right=None, top=None, wspace=0.00, hspace=0)
f.text(0.5, 0.03, 'Valence', ha='center')
f.text(0.05, 0.5, 'Arousal', va='center', rotation='vertical')

phase_positioning = {1: [0, 1], 2: [1, 1], 3: [1, 0], 4: [0, 0]}

axes = plt.gca()

def addLabel(ax, t):
    _at = AnchoredText(t, loc='lower left', prop={'size': 8}, borderpad=1)
    _at.patch.set_boxstyle("square", pad=0.3)
    _at.patch.set_linewidth(0.3)
    ax.add_artist(_at)
    return _at

writing_eeg = {}

```

```

sam_markers = {
    'audios': 'v',
    'videos': '^',
    'images': 'D'
}

sam_processed=[]
eeg_processed=[]

for phase_id in [1, 2, 3, 4]:
    for _stimuli in stimuli.split('_'):
        if not _stimuli in timestamps[phase_id]: continue

        av_phase = np.copy(use)
        av_phase = av_phase[av_phase[:, 1] >= timestamps[phase_id][_stimuli][0]['time']:]
        av_phase = av_phase[av_phase[:, 1] <= timestamps[phase_id][_stimuli][1]['time']:]

        label = '{\\noindent ' + PHASE_NAMES[phase_id - 1] + '}'
        pos = phase_positioning[phase_id]
        ax = axis[pos[0]][pos[1]]

        ax.axhline(5, color='#aaaaaa', linewidth=0.5)
        ax.axvline(5, color='#aaaaaa', linewidth=0.5)

        ax.xaxis.set_ticks(np.arange(pos[1], 10 + pos[1], 1))
        ax.yaxis.set_ticks(np.arange(1 - pos[0], 11 - pos[0], 1))
        ax.tick_params(axis='both', direction='in', color='#aaaaaa')
        ax.set_xlim([0, 10])
        ax.set_ylim([0, 10])

        for axis_pos in ['top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right']:
            ax.spines[axis_pos].set_linewidth(0.4)

        writing_eeg[phase_id] = av_phase[:, 3:]

    # Correlation
    def eigsorted(cov):
        vals, vecs = np.linalg.eigh(cov)
        order = vals.argsort()[::-1]
        return vals[order], vecs[:, order]

    x = av_phase[:, 4] # valence
    y = av_phase[:, 3] # arousal

    cov = np.cov(x, y)

```

```

vals, vecs = eigsorted(cov)
theta = np.degrees(np.arctan2(*vecs[:, 0][::-1]))
xymean=(np.mean(x), np.mean(y))

for nstd in range(1, 10):
    w, h = 4 * nstd * np.sqrt(vals)
    ell = mpatches.Ellipse(xy=xymean,
                            width=w, height=h,
                            angle=theta, fill=False, color=str(1 - .6 ** nstd),
    ax.add_patch(ell)

eeg_processed.append((phase_id, np.array(xymean), cov))

# SAM
sam_aux={}
for sam_type, sam_arousal, sam_valence in get_sam(str(phase_id)):
    sam_aux[sam_type=='images']=(sam_type, sam_arousal, sam_valence)
    ax.scatter(sam_valence, sam_arousal, color='k', label='SAM (%s)' % sam_type,
               marker=sam_markers[sam_type], alpha=1, s=25, linewidth=0.4)

sam_processed.append((phase_id, sam_aux))

# Points
ax.scatter(av_phase[:, 4], av_phase[:, 3], color='k', label='EEG', alpha=0.2,

# Mean
ax.scatter(np.mean(x), np.mean(y), color='k', marker='x', label='EEG Medio',

ax.tick_params(axis='x', labelsz=6)
ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsz=6)
addLabel(ax, label)

legend_loc = 'lower right' if SUBJECT not in {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11} else 'upper

leg = plt.legend(loc=legend_loc)
leg.get_frame().set_edgecolor('k')
leg.get_frame().set_linewidth(0.5)

plt.draw()
show(f, 'av_per_phase.pdf')

theoretical_a = [
    [1, 0, 0, 1],
    [0, 1, 1, 0],
    [0, 1, 1, 0],
    [1, 0, 0, 1]
]

```

```

theoretical_v = [
    [1, 1, 0, 0],
    [1, 1, 0, 0],
    [0, 0, 1, 1],
    [0, 0, 1, 1]
]

pval_matrix = np.zeros((4, 4, 2))
statistic_matrix = np.zeros((4, 4, 2))
hypo_theoretical_matrix = np.array([theoretical_a, theoretical_v], dtype=bool).T

for phase_id_1 in [1, 2, 3, 4]:
    for phase_id_2 in [1, 2, 3, 4]:
        p1 = writing_eeg[phase_id_1]
        p2 = writing_eeg[phase_id_2]

        resulta = stats.mannwhitneyu(p1[:, 0], p2[:, 0])
        resultv = stats.mannwhitneyu(p1[:, 1], p2[:, 1])
        statistic_matrix[phase_id_1 - 1, phase_id_2 - 1] = np.around([resulta.statistic, resultv.statistic],
                                                                    decimals=3)
        pval_matrix[phase_id_1 - 1, phase_id_2 - 1] = np.around(2 * np.array([resulta.pvalue, resultv.pvalue]),
                                                                    decimals=3)

        hypo_real_matrix = pval_matrix > 0.9

# print("real",hypo_real_matrix[:, :, 1])
# print("pval",pval_matrix[:, :, 1])
# print("eq",((hypo_real_matrix / hypo_theoretical_matrix) == hypo_theoretical_matrix))

def format_table(vals, fmt):
    out = ''
    for i in range(4):
        out += r"& %d & %s && %s\\" % (i + 1,
                                        ' & '.join(fmt(a) for a in vals[i, :, 0]),
                                        ' & '.join(fmt(v) for v in vals[i, :, 1])) + ' & '
    return out

table = r"""
\begin{table}
\centering
\begin{tabular}{rrcccp{0.5cm}cccc}
\toprule
&& \multicolumn{4}{c}{Arousal} && \multicolumn{4}{c}{Valence}\\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
\verticalField{Estadístico}& Fase & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 && 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
"""+ format_table(statistic_matrix, lambda x: "%d" % x) + r"""
\midrule

```



```
show ./data/kd/6-av_per_phase.pdf
```

```
\begin{table}
\centering
\begin{tabular}{rrcccp{0.5cm}cccc}
\toprule
&& \multicolumn{4}{c}{Arousal} && \multicolumn{4}{c}{Valence}\\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
\verticalField{Estadístico}& Fase & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 && 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
& 1 & 15138 & 8016 & 0 & 0 && 15138 & 13651 & 13986 & 1534\\
& 2 & 8016 & 12482 & 0 & 601 && 13651 & 12482 & 11914 & 605\\
& 3 & 0 & 0 & 14964 & 12520 && 13986 & 11914 & 14964 & 900\\
& 4 & 0 & 601 & 12520 & 16562 && 1534 & 605 & 900 & 16562\\

\midrule
&& \multicolumn{4}{c}{Arousal} && \multicolumn{4}{c}{Valence}\\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
\verticalField{$p$-value}& Fase & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 && 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
& 1 & 1.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 && 1.000 & 0.914 & 0.255 & 0.000\\
& 2 & 0.000 & 1.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 && 0.914 & 1.000 & 0.044 & 0.000\\
& 3 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 1.000 & 0.001 && 0.255 & 0.044 & 1.000 & 0.000\\
& 4 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.001 & 1.000 && 0.000 & 0.000 & 0.000 & 1.000\\

\midrule
&& \multicolumn{4}{c}{Arousal} && \multicolumn{4}{c}{Valence}\\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
\verticalField{$H_0$ aceptada}& Fase & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 && 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\
\cmidrule{3-6}\cmidrule{8-11}
& 1 & A & NA & NA & NA && A & A & NA & NA\\
& 2 & NA & A & NA & NA && A & A & NA & NA\\
& 3 & NA & NA & A & NA && NA & NA & A & NA\\
& 4 & NA & NA & NA & A && NA & NA & NA & A\\

\bottomrule
\end{tabular}
\caption{Resultados de cambios de fase para el participante número 6.}
\label{tab:eeg:6}
\end{table}
```

```
In [14]: use = av_session_standarized_scaled
```

```
plt.close('all')
```

```

latexify(ratio=0.5)

# Subplots sharing both x/y axes
f, axes = plt.subplots(2, sharex=True, sharey=True)

# Arousal values
axes[0].plot(use[:, 1], use[:, 3], color='k', linewidth=0.4)
axes[0].set_ylabel('Arousal', rotation=90, labelpad=10, size=10)

# Valence values
axes[1].plot(use[:, 1], use[:, 4], color='k', linewidth=0.4)
axes[1].set_ylabel('Valence', rotation=90, labelpad=10, size=10)
axes[1].set_xlabel('Tiempo [s]', rotation=0, labelpad=10, size=10)

av_mean = [5, 5]

# Separators
for i in range(0, 2):

    # Horizontal
    axes[i].axhline(av_mean[i], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.4)

    # Relaxation separators
    axes[i].axvline(delta_eeg_relaxation_start, color='#111111', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.4)
    # axes[i].axvline(delta_eeg_relaxation_end, color='k', alpha=0.2, linestyle='--', linewidth=0.4)

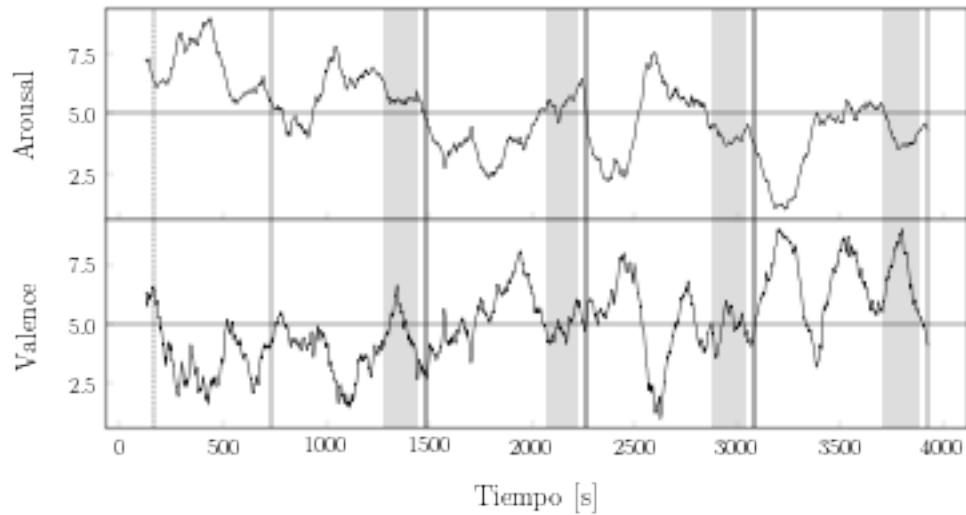
    axes[i].tick_params(axis='both', direction='in', color='aaaaaa')
    for axis_pos in ['top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right']:
        axes[i].spines[axis_pos].set_linewidth(0.4)

    # keystroke
    for p in timestamps:
        axes[i].axvline(timestamps[p]['start'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.4)
        axes[i].axvline(timestamps[p]['end'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.4)
        if 'writing' in timestamps[p]:
            sta = timestamps[p]['writing'][0]['timestamp']
            end = timestamps[p]['writing'][1]['timestamp']
            axes[i].axvspan(sta, end, facecolor='#dddddd', linewidth=0)

# Fine-tune figure; make subplots close to each other and hide x ticks for
# all but bottom plot.
f.subplots_adjust(hspace=0)
plt.setp([a.get_xticklabels() for a in f.axes[:-1]], visible=False)

plt.draw()
show(f, 'av.pdf')

```



```
show ./data/kd/6-av.pdf
```

```
In [15]: # Get current size
         latexify(ratio=0.2)

         # Subplots sharing both x/y axes
         f, ax = plt.subplots()
         electrode_index = 0

         #
         # SIGNALS
         #

         # Alpha & beta frequency bands
         ax.plot(eeg[:, 1], eeg[:, electrode_index + 3], color=str(0.7), linewidth=0.3)

         # Smoothed signal
         ax.plot(eeg_smoothed[:, 1], eeg_smoothed[:, electrode_index + 3], color='k', linewidth=0.4)

         #
         # LINES
         #

         # Relaxation separators
         ax.axvline(delta_eeg_relaxation_start, color='#111111', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.4)

         ax.tick_params(axis='both', direction='in', color='#aaaaaa')
         for axis_pos in ['top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right']:
```

```

ax.spines[axis_pos].set_linewidth(0.4)

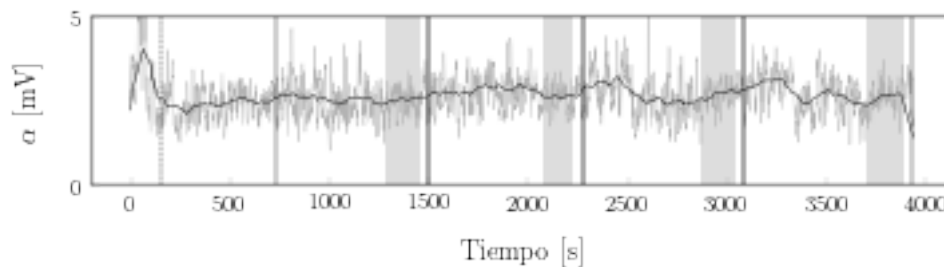
# keystroke
for p in timestamps:
    ax.axvline(timestamps[p]['start'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.4)
    ax.axvline(timestamps[p]['end'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.4)
    if 'writing' in timestamps[p]:
        sta = timestamps[p]['writing'][0]['timestamp']
        end = timestamps[p]['writing'][1]['timestamp']
        ax.axvspan(sta, end, facecolor='#dddddd', linewidth=0)

# Axes limits
ax.set_ylim([0, 5])
ax.yaxis.set_ticks([0, 5])
ax.set_ylabel('$\\alpha$ [mV]', rotation=90, labelpad=10, size=10)

ax.set_xlabel("Tiempo [s]", rotation=0, labelpad=10, size=10)

# draw or save it
plt.draw()
show(f, 'casoeegsimple.pdf')

```



```
show ./data/kd/6-casoeegsimple.pdf
```

```

In [16]: def get_ticks():
    counter = defaultdict(int)
    counter['speaking'] = -1
    counter['writing'] = -1
    counter['assessment'] = -1

    translate = {'name': 'Ingreso nombre',
                  'personal_data': 'Ingreso datos personales',
                  'relaxation': 'Relajaci\\on',
                  'game': 'Juego',
                  'assessment': 'SAM',

```

```

        'writing': 'KD',
        'speaking': 'Voz',
        'audio': 'Audio',
        'image': 'Imagen'}

    for log in raw['log']:
        if log.get('status') == 's':
            event = log['event']
            loc = relativize_timestamp(log['timestamp'])
            if event not in (
                'experiment', 'video_recording', 'stimuli', 'videos', 'samples',
                counter[event] += 1
            if event == 'phase':
                yield (loc, "{\\normalsize Fase %d}\\hspace{1.2cm}\\ ." % counter
            else:
                if event in ('image', 'audio', 'speaking', 'writing', 'assessment
                    val = "%s %d" % (translate.get(event, event), counter[event])
                else:
                    val = translate.get(event, event)
                yield (loc, val)

In [17]: # Get current size
         latexify(ratio=1.8,tick_fontsize=5)

         TOTAL_DIVISIONS=4

         fig_size = plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]

         # Set figure width and height
         #plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (15, 15)

         # Subplots sharing both x/y axes
         f, ax = plt.subplots(1,TOTAL_DIVISIONS)
         electrode_index = 0

         tick_except={15,25,40,55}

         (xticks,xticklabels)=list(zip(*(list(get_ticks())+[(a,"%d min"%(a/60)) for a in range
         plt.setp(ax, yticks=xticks, yticklabels=xticklabels)

         for i in range(TOTAL_DIVISIONS):
             time_min=i*1200
             time_max=time_min+1200

             #
             # SIGNALS
             #

```

```

# Alpha & beta frequency bands
ax[i].plot(eeg[:, electrode_index + 3], eeg[:, 1], color=str(0.7), linewidth=0.3)

# Smoothed signal
ax[i].plot(eeg_smoothed[:, electrode_index + 3], eeg_smoothed[:, 1], color='k', linewidth=0.3)

#
# LINES
#

# Relaxation separators
ax[i].axhline(delta_eeg_relaxation_start, color='#111111', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.3)

ax[i].tick_params(axis='both', direction='in', color='#aaaaaa')

# keystroke
for p in timestamps:
    ax[i].axhline(timestamps[p]['start'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.3)
    ax[i].axhline(timestamps[p]['end'], color='#111111', linestyle='-', linewidth=0.3)
    if 'writing' in timestamps[p]:
        sta = timestamps[p]['writing'][0]['timestamp']
        end = timestamps[p]['writing'][1]['timestamp']
        ax[i].axhspan(sta, end, facecolor='#dddddd', linewidth=0)

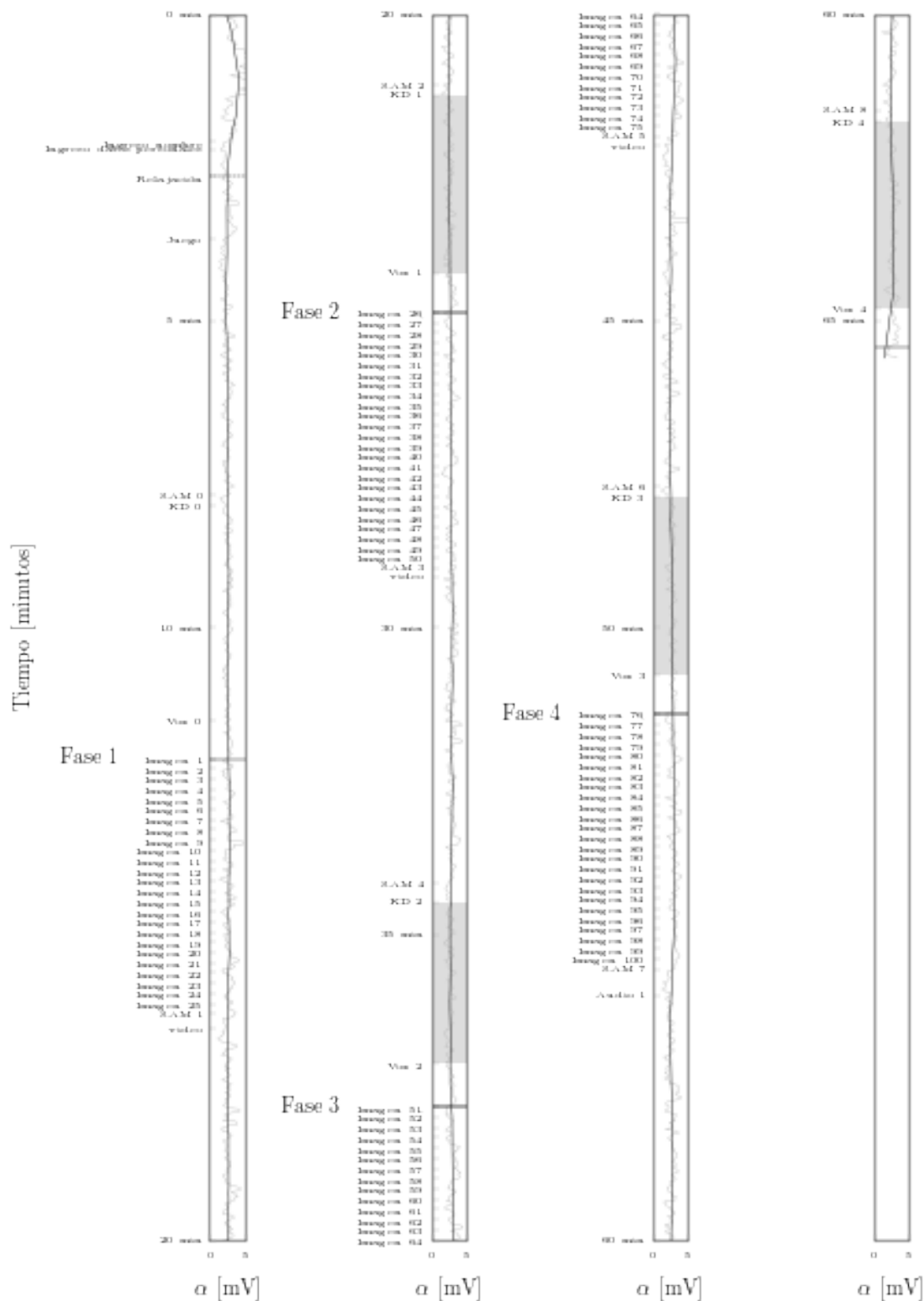
# Axes limits
ax[i].set_xlim([0, 5])
ax[i].xaxis.set_ticks([0, 5])
ax[i].set_xlabel('$\\alpha$ [mV]', rotation=0, labelpad=10, size=10)

ax[i].set_ylim([time_max, time_min])
for axis_pos in ['top', 'bottom', 'left', 'right']:
    ax[i].spines[axis_pos].set_linewidth(0.4)

ax[0].set_ylabel("Tiempo [minutos]", rotation=90, size=10)
f.subplots_adjust(wspace=5.3)

# draw or save it
plt.draw()
show(f, 'casoeeg.pdf')

```



show ./data/kd/6-casoeeg.pdf


```

merged = itertools.chain(sam_to_av(sam[True]), [''], sam_to_av(sam[False]), [''])
if prev:
    aux+=(' $\\Delta$ && '+' & '.join(itertools.chain(subtract_sam(prev[False],
                                                             subtract_sam(prev[False], sam[False],
                                                             subtract_eeg(prev_eeg, eeg_mean))))+

    aux+=(' \\hline\\n')
    aux+=(' %d && '%phase+' & '.join(merged)+'\\\\\\n')
    prev=sam
    prev_eeg=eeg_mean

    aux+=(r""" \\bottomrule
\\end{tabular}"""+'\\n')
    return aux

save_file("summary.tex", postprocess_av())

\\begin{tabular}{cp{0.25cm}ccp{0.5cm}ccp{0.5cm}ccccc}
\\toprule
&& \\multicolumn{2}{p{1cm}}{\\centering SAM Img. } && \\multicolumn{2}{p{1cm}}{\\centering SAM V. } \\
\\cmidrule(1{1mm}r{1mm}){3-4}\\cmidrule(1{1mm}r{1mm}){6-7}\\cmidrule(1{1mm}r{1mm}){9-13}
Fase && A & V && A & V && A & V & $\\sigma^2_\\text{A}$ & $\\sigma^2_\\text{V}$ & $\\sigma_\\text{te}
\\midrule
1 && 7 & 5 & & 5 & 7 & & 5.65 & 4.84 & 0.04 & 0.78 & -0.08\\
$\\Delta$ && 0 & -2 & & -1 & -2 & & -0.22 & 0.00 & \\multicolumn{3}{c}{$\\norm{\\Delta}=0.22$} \\
\\hline
2 && 5 & 5 & & 4 & 5 & & 5.43 & 4.84 & 0.11 & 0.26 & 0.07\\
$\\Delta$ && 0 & -2 & & 2 & -3 & & -1.37 & 0.08 & \\multicolumn{3}{c}{$\\norm{\\Delta}=1.37$} \\
\\hline
3 && 4 & 3 & & 6 & 2 & & 4.06 & 4.92 & 0.07 & 0.40 & -0.14\\
$\\Delta$ && 0 & 1 & & -1 & 0 & & -0.01 & 2.24 & \\multicolumn{3}{c}{$\\norm{\\Delta}=2.24$} \\
\\hline
4 && 6 & 3 & & 5 & 2 & & 4.05 & 7.16 & 0.23 & 1.17 & -0.26\\
\\bottomrule
\\end{tabular}

```