Main Telescope Slew simulation: Setup notebook

This notebook does slew simulations, and check all aos components (M1M3, M2, hexapods) behavior during the slew-and-track process

This is expected to work both for SUMMIT and NCSA

```
In [1]: %load_ext autoreload
        %autoreload 2
In [2]:
        import rubin_jupyter_utils.lab.notebook as nb
        nb.utils.get_node()
        /tmp/ipykernel_954/1665379685.py:2: DeprecationWarning: Call to deprecated fun
        ction (or staticmethod) get_node. (Please use lsst.rsp.get_node())
          nb.utils.get_node()
        'yagan03'
Out[2]:
In [3]:
        import os
        import sys
        import asyncio
        import logging
        import pandas as pd
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        from lsst.ts import salobj
        from lsst.ts.observatory.control.maintel.mtcs import MTCS
        lsst.ts.utils.tai INFO: Update leap second table
        lsst.ts.utils.tai INFO: current_tai uses the system TAI clock
In [4]: summit = 1 #use this for summit testing
        # summit = 0 #use this for NCSA
```

Check environment setup

The following cell will print some of the basic DDS configutions.

```
In [5]: print(os.environ["OSPL URI"])
        print(os.environ["LSST_DDS_PARTITION_PREFIX"])
        print(os.environ.get("LSST_DDS_DOMAIN_ID", "Expected, not set."))
        file:///home/slimleashma/WORK/ts ddsconfig/config/ospl-shmem.xml
        summit
        Expected, not set.
```

Setup logging

Setup logging in debug mode and create a logger to use on the notebook.

```
In [6]:
        logging.basicConfig(format="%(name)s:%(message)s", level=logging.DEBUG)
In [7]:
        log = logging.getLogger("setup")
        log.level = logging.DEBUG
```

Starting communication resources

We start by creating a domain and later instantiate the MTCS class. We will use the class to startup the components.

```
In [8]:
         domain = salobj.Domain()
 In [9]: mtcs = MTCS(domain=domain, log=log)
         mtcs.set_rem_loglevel(40)
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtmount: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtptg: Adding all resources.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtaos: Adding all resources.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm1m3: Adding all resources.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm2: Adding all resources.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mthexapod_1: Adding all resources.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mthexapod_2: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtrotator: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtdome: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtdometrajectory: Adding all resources.
        MTHexapod INFO: Read historical data in 0.03 sec
         MTHexapod INFO: Read historical data in 0.04 sec
         MTRotator.logevent_heartbeat ERROR: evt_heartbeat DDS read queue is full (1
        00 elements); data may be lost
In [10]: await mtcs.start_task
         [None, None, None, None, None, None, None, None, None]
Out[10]:
```

Starting components

From now on we will start the various components of the MTAOS. You may wonder why are we not simply sending all CSCs to ENABLED state in one go, as we usually do on other systems.

The answer is that the MTCS components have some initilization dependencies that need to be observed for the components to be enabled properly. We will describe these as we work our way the initialization steps.

Starting MTPtg

We start by making sure the pointing component is alive, by waiting for a heartbeat. Next we enable the component using mtcs.set_state method.

We select to start with the MTPtg mainly because, of all components of the MTCS it is the only pure-software components. As such the MTPtg is pretty independent and can be brought to enabled in any condition.

It is also worth noticed that, as a pure-software component, the MTPtg does not have a simulation mode.

Furthermore, as you will notice below, we are not checking the software version of the MTPtg, mainly because the component is currently not sending this information.

```
In [11]:
         await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mtptg")
         <ddsutil.MTPtg_logevent_heartbeat_b28358a6 at 0x7f15e4b4b280>
Out[11]:
In [12]:
         await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.ENABLED, components=["mtptg"])
          setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtptg]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

Starting MTMount

This is one case where the initialization order is important.

The MTMount needs to be enabled before we enable the MTRotator. The reason is that the MTRotator needs to know the position of the Camera Cable Wrap (CCW), which is provided by the MTMount, before it can be enable. If the MTRotator does not receive the position of the CCW, it will immediatelly activate the breaks and transition to FAULT state.

We start by verifying that the CSC is sending heartbeats.

```
In [13]:
         await mtcs.next heartbeat("mtmount")
         <ddsutil.MTMount logevent heartbeat d373cb25 at 0x7f15e4b010d0>
Out[13]:
         Now we can enable the CSC.
In [14]: await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.ENABLED, components=["mtmount"])
          setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtmount]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Sta</pre>
         te.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

Perform some basic checks

The following are a couple of sanity checks we routinely perform when starting the MTMount.

We check if the CSC is running in simulation mode and then the version of the CSC.

Finally, we verify that the camera cable wrap following is enabled.

```
In [15]:
        mtmount simulation mode = await mtcs.get simulation mode(["mtmount"])
         mode = mtmount_simulation_mode["mtmount"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtmount_simulation_mode["mtmount"].private_sndStamp,
         log.debug(
             f"MTMount simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
         setup DEBUG: MTMount simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-05-13 16:16:10.433714944
In [16]: mtmount_software_versions = await mtcs.get_software_versions(["mtmount"])
         csc_version = mtmount_software_versions["mtmount"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mtmount software versions["mtmount"].private sndStam
         log.debug(
             f"MTMount software version: {csc_version} @ {timestamp}",
          setup DEBUG: MTMount software version: 0.4.0rc2.dev194+g7e3b2bc.d20220513 @
         2022-05-13 16:16:10.434583296
In [17]: mtmount ccw following = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.evt_cameraCableWrapFollowing.age
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mtmount ccw following.private sndStamp, unit='s')
         if mtmount_ccw_following.enabled:
             log.debug(f"CCW following mode enabled: {mtmount ccw following.enabled} @
         else:
             await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.DISABLED, ["mtmount"])
             raise RuntimeError(
                  "CCW following mode not enabled. Usually this means that the MTMount co
                 "not see telemetry from the rotator when it was enabled. To correct this
                 "make sure the MTRotator telemetry is being published, then execute the
                  "MTMount CSC will be left in DISABLED state."
                  )
         setup DEBUG: CCW following mode enabled: 1 @ 2022-05-18 16:04:33.716677888.
In [18]: # We want to turn off CCW following if MTMount is in Simulation Mode
         if mtmount_simulation_mode["mtmount"].mode:
             await mtcs.disable_ccw_following()
```

Starting Rotator

```
In [19]: await mtcs.next heartbeat("mtrotator")
         <ddsutil.MTRotator logevent heartbeat 6ca7fbf4 at 0x7f15e4a49f70>
Out[19]:
```

```
In [21]: await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.ENABLED, components=["mtrotator"])
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtrotator]::[<State.DISABLED: 1>, <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
 In [ ]: await mtcs.move_rotator(0)
```

Perform some basic checks

The following is a few sanity checks we routinely perform to verify the system integrity at this stage.

```
In [22]: mtrotator_simulation_mode = await mtcs.get_simulation_mode(["mtrotator"])
         mode = mtrotator simulation mode["mtrotator"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtrotator_simulation_mode["mtrotator"].private_sndSt
         log.debug(
             f"MTRotator simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
         setup DEBUG: MTRotator simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-05-12 19:24:27.471294976
In [23]: mtrotator_software_versions = await mtcs.get_software_versions(["mtrotator"])
         csc_version = mtrotator_software_versions["mtrotator"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtrotator_software_versions["mtrotator"].private_snd
         log.debug(
             f"MTRotator software version: {csc_version} @ {timestamp}",
          setup DEBUG: MTRotator software version: 0.23.0 @ 2022-05-12 19:24:27.47153
         6384
In [24]: elevation = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel_elevation.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         azimuth = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel_azimuth.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         ccw = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel_cameraCableWrap.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         rotator = await mtcs.rem.mtrotator.tel rotation.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         log.info(f"mount elevation Angle = {elevation.actualPosition}")
         log.info(f"mount azimuth angle = {azimuth.actualPosition}")
         log.info(f"CCW angle = {ccw.actualPosition}. Needs to be within 2.2 deg of rota
         log.info(f"rot angle = {rotator.actualPosition} diff = {rotator.actualPosition
         setup INFO: mount elevation Angle = 60.389158796163876
         setup INFO: mount azimuth angle = 119.27304748751129
         setup INFO: CCW angle = -0.0004. Needs to be within 2.2 deg of rotator angl
         setup INFO: rot angle = -0.0005131127508377631 diff = -0.000113112750837763
         07
```

CCW telemetry too old

This warning message may appear in the MTRotator in a couple different conditions.

The most common occurence is when the MTMount component is not publishing the CCW telemetry. This should be rectified by enabling the CSC, as we've done on the section above, and is one of the reasons we enable MTMount before the MTRotator.

The less common but more critical condition is when the clock on the MTMount controller is out of sync with the observatory clock server. In this case, the timestamp attribute, used by the MTRotator to determine the relevant time for the published telemetry, will be out of sync and we won't be able to operate the system.

You can use the cell below to determine whether this is the case or not. If so, you need to contact IT or someone with knowledge about the MTMount low level controller to fix the time synchronization issue.

```
In [25]:
        ccw = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel cameraCableWrap.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         rotator = await mtcs.rem.mtrotator.tel_rotation.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         ccw snd stamp = pd.to datetime(ccw.private sndStamp, unit='s')
         ccw timestamp = pd.to datetime(ccw.timestamp, unit='s')
         ccw_actual_position = ccw.actualPosition
         rotator snd stamp = pd.to datetime(rotator.private sndStamp, unit='s')
         rotator timestamp = pd.to datetime(rotator.timestamp, unit='s')
         rotator_actual_position = rotator.actualPosition
         log.info(
             f"CCW:: snd stamp={ccw snd stamp} timestamp={ccw timestamp} actual position
         log.info(
             f"Rotator:: snd_stamp={rotator_snd_stamp} timestamp={rotator_timestamp} act
         ccw_telemetry_maximum_age = pd.to_timedelta(1.0, unit='s')
         if abs(ccw_snd_stamp - ccw_timestamp) > ccw_telemetry_maximum_age:
             log.warning(
                 f"CCW timestamp out of sync by {abs(ccw snd stamp - ccw timestamp)}s.
                  "System may not work. Check clock synchronization in MTMount low level
                  )
         setup INFO: CCW:: snd_stamp=2022-05-18 16:08:11.266096896 timestamp=2022-05
```

```
-18 16:08:11.045799936 actual position=-0.0002
setup INFO: Rotator:: snd_stamp=2022-05-18 16:08:11.294574336 timestamp=202
2-05-18 16:08:11.175449088 actual position=-0.00011664864805993602
```

Clearing error in MTRotator

If the MTRotator is in FAULT state, you need to send the clearError command before transitioning it back to ENABLED.

This is a particularity of the MTRotator (and MTHexapod) that violates our state machine.

```
In [ ]: if False:
```

```
await mtcs.rem.mtrotator.cmd clearError.set start()
```

Checkpoint

At this point the system is ready for exercicing slew activities, without involving the optical components.

Starting M1M3 (Mount telemetry mode)

If running the test on level 3 and if M1M3 is configured to listen for the mount telemetry, we firt need to make sure the MTMount is pointing to zenith.

The reason is that M1M3 is in a fixed position and, when we try to enabled/raise it, the will check the inclinometer data against the elevation data. If they differ by more than a couple degrees the process will fail.

Once M1M3 is mounted on the telescope and we are operating the actual mount, instead of in simulation mode, this will not be necessary.

```
In [26]:
         await mtcs.rem.mtmount.cmd moveToTarget.set start(azimuth=0, elevation=90)
         <ddsutil.MTMount_ackcmd_d68fb318 at 0x7f15e4a7e280>
Out[26]:
In [29]:
         await mtcs.next heartbeat("mtm1m3")
         <ddsutil.MTM1M3_logevent_heartbeat_d6c09f79 at 0x7f15e4b33bb0>
Out[29]:
In [30]:
         await mtcs.set state(
              state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
             components=["mtm1m3"],
              overrides = {"mtm1m3": 'Default'}
          setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm1m3]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

Raise m1m3

Now that m1m3 is enabled we can raise it.

The following has a trick to allow raising the m1m3 in the background and give control back to the notebook. If, in middle of the process, you need to abort the operation you can still do it from the notebooks.

Once you execute the cell bellow you will notice that the log messages will appear below the cell, but you can also see that the cell will be masked as "finished executing". That means, instead of seeing an * you will see the number of the cell. This is because the operation is

running in the background and we have control over the notebook to execute additional cells.

```
In [31]: task_raise_mlm3 = asyncio.create_task(mtcs.raise_mlm3())
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: M1M3 current detailed state {<DetailedState.PARKEDENGINEE</pre>
         RING: 9>, <DetailedState.PARKED: 5>}, executing command...
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: process as completed...
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: M1M3 detailed state 6
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm1m3: <State.ENABLED: 2>
```

The next cell contain a command to abort the raise operation initiated in the background on the cell above. Note that the command to execute the abort operation is encapsulated by an if False. This is to prevent the command from executing if the notebook is being executed by papermill or by accident.

If you need to abort the operation change the if statement to if True.

```
In [ ]:
        if False:
             await mtcs.abort_raise_m1m3()
```

The next cell will wait for the raise_m1m3 command to finish executing. This is to make sure a batch processing of the notebook won't proceed until the raise operation is completed.

```
In [32]: await task_raise_m1m3
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm1m3: <State.ENABLED: 2>
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: M1M3 detailed state 7
In [33]: await mtcs.enable_m1m3_balance_system()
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: Enabling hardpoint corrections.
In [34]:
         await mtcs.reset_m1m3_forces()
```

Starting M2

```
In [35]:
         await mtcs.next heartbeat("mtm2")
         <ddsutil.MTM2 logevent heartbeat c8b944e6 at 0x7f1579052070>
Out[35]:
In [36]:
         await mtcs.set state(
              state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
              components=["mtm2"]
          setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm2]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <State.</pre>
         ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

Prepare M2 for operation

Switch on m2 force balance system and reset m2 forces.

```
In [37]: await mtcs.enable_m2_balance_system()
        setup.MTCS INFO: M2 force balance system already enabled. Nothing to do.
In [38]: await mtcs.reset m2 forces()
```

Starting Camera Hexapod

```
In [39]:
         await mtcs.next heartbeat("mthexapod 1")
         <ddsutil.MTHexapod logevent heartbeat ae564757 at 0x7f1570c9ad30>
Out[39]:
```

The documentation below is now deprecated. We are leaving it just for the sake of keeping the information alive. You can simply run the commands that follow.

The command bellow to enable the Camera Hexapod should work, in general. Nevertheless, we found an issue with the interaction between the low level controller and the CSC that was causing it to fail from time to time.

The error report can be found in DM-31111.

Until this ticket is worked on you may encounter failures when executing the cell below. You can continue by running the cell again.

In addition to the ticket above, the software of camera hexapod controller and EUI v1.2.0 on summit require the mthexapod_1 to be in DISABLED state when setting the command source to DDS/CSC.

```
In [41]: await mtcs.set_state(
             state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
             components=["mthexapod_1"]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_1]::[<State.DISABLED: 1>, <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
In [42]: mthexapod 1 simulation_mode = await mtcs.get_simulation_mode(["mthexapod_1"])
         mode = mthexapod 1 simulation mode["mthexapod 1"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mthexapod_1_simulation_mode["mthexapod_1"].private_s
         log.debug(
             f"Camera Hexapod simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
          setup DEBUG: Camera Hexapod simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-05-12 19:24:16.225221
         376
In [43]: mthexapod_1_software_versions = await mtcs.get_software_versions(["mthexapod_1"
         csc_version = mthexapod_1_software_versions["mthexapod_1"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 1 software versions["mthexapod 1"].private
```

```
log.debug(
             f"Camera Hexapod software version: {csc_version} @ {timestamp}",
          setup DEBUG: Camera Hexapod software version: 0.26.0 @ 2022-05-12 19:24:16.
         225595904
 In [ ]: if False:
             await mtcs.rem.mthexapod_1.cmd_clearError.set_start()
In [44]: await mtcs.enable_compensation_mode(component="mthexapod 1")
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: Setting mthexapod_1 compensation mode from False to True.
In [45]: await mtcs.reset_camera_hexapod_position()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod compensation mode enabled. Move will offset
         with respect to LUT.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Wait for Camera Hexapod in position event.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod already in position. Handling potential ra
         ce condition.
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: False.
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position True. Waiting settle time 5.0s
```

Starting M2 Hexapod

```
In [46]:
         await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mthexapod_2")
         <ddsutil.MTHexapod_logevent_heartbeat_ae564757 at 0x7f15e4a119d0>
Out[46]:
```

We have been mostly running the M2 Hexapod in simulation mode, because the actual hardware is mounted on the telescope. This means the M2 Hexapod is not affected by the issue we reported above for the Camera Hexapod.

```
In [47]: await mtcs.set state(
             state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
             components=["mthexapod_2"]
          setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_2]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>,
          <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
In [48]: mthexapod_2_simulation_mode = await mtcs.get_simulation_mode(["mthexapod_2"])
         mode = mthexapod_2_simulation_mode["mthexapod_2"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 2 simulation mode["mthexapod 2"].private s
         log.debug(
             f"M2 Hexapod simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
```

```
setup DEBUG: M2 Hexapod simulation mode: 1 @ 2022-05-13 16:28:18.896282624
In [49]: mthexapod_2_software_versions = await mtcs.get_software_versions(["mthexapod_2'
         csc_version = mthexapod_2_software_versions["mthexapod_2"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 2 software versions["mthexapod 2"].private
         log.debug(
             f"M2 Hexapod software version: {csc version} @ {timestamp}",
         setup DEBUG: M2 Hexapod software version: 0.26.0 @ 2022-05-13 16:28:18.8966
         38208
In [50]: await mtcs.enable compensation mode(component="mthexapod 2")
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: Setting mthexapod_2 compensation mode from False to True.
In [51]: await mtcs.reset_camera_hexapod_position()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod compensation mode enabled. Move will offset
         with respect to LUT.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Wait for Camera Hexapod in position event.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod already in position. Handling potential ra
         ce condition.
```

Starting all other components

setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: False. setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: True.

```
In [52]: await mtcs.enable()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Enabling all components
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Expand overrides None
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete overrides: {'mtmount': '', 'mtptg': '', 'mtaos':
          '', 'mtm1m3': '', 'mtm2': '', 'mthexapod_1': '', 'mthexapod_2': '', 'mtrota
         tor': '', 'mtdome': '', 'mtdometrajectory': ''}
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtmount]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtptg]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtaos]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm1m3]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm2]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_1]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_2]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtrotator]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtdome]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtdometrajectory]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED:</pre>
         1>, <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position True. Waiting settle time 5.0s

Closing MTCS and Domain

You can use the commands below to easily shut-down (send to STANDBY) all the components.

```
In []:
        await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.STANDBY, components=["mtaos"])
In []:
        # Move this to a shutdown notebook...
        await mtcs.lower_m1m3()
In [ ]:
        await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.STANDBY, components=["mtmlm3"])
In []:
        await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.STANDBY, components=["mtm2"])
In []:
        await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.STANDBY, components=["mthexapod_1"])
In []:
        await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.STANDBY, components=["mthexapod_2"])
In [ ]:
        await mtcs.standby()
In []:
        await mtcs.close()
In [ ]:
        await domain.close()
```