# Main Telescope Slew simulation: Setup notebook

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This notebook does slew simulations, and check all aos components (M1M3, M2, hexapods) behavior during the slew-and-track process

This is expected to work both for SUMMIT and NCSA

```
In [1]:
       %load_ext autoreload
        %autoreload 2
In [2]:
        import rubin jupyter utils.lab.notebook as nb
        nb.utils.get node()
        /tmp/ipykernel_3911/1665379685.py:2: DeprecationWarning: Call to deprecated fu
        nction (or staticmethod) get_node. (Please use lsst.rsp.get_node())
          nb.utils.get_node()
        'yagan07'
Out[2]:
In [3]:
        import os
        import sys
        import asyncio
        import logging
        import pandas as pd
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        from lsst.ts import salobj
        from lsst.ts.observatory.control.maintel.mtcs import MTCS
        lsst.ts.utils.tai INFO: Update leap second table
       lsst.ts.utils.tai INFO: current_tai uses the system TAI clock
In [4]: summit = 1 #use this for summit testing
        # summit = 0 #use this for NCSA
```

## Check environment setup

The following cell will print some of the basic DDS configutions.

```
In [5]: print(os.environ["OSPL_URI"])
    print(os.environ["LSST_DDS_PARTITION_PREFIX"])
    print(os.environ.get("LSST_DDS_DOMAIN_ID", "Expected, not set."))

file:///home/blquint/WORK/ts_ddsconfig/config/ospl-shmem.xml
    summit
    0
```

#### Setup logging

Setup logging in debug mode and create a logger to use on the notebook.

```
In [6]: logging.basicConfig(format="%(name)s:%(message)s", level=logging.DEBUG)
In [7]: log = logging.getLogger("setup")
log.level = logging.DEBUG
```

# Starting communication resources

We start by creating a domain and later instantiate the MTCS class. We will use the class to startup the components.

```
In [8]:
         domain = salobj.Domain()
 In [9]: mtcs = MTCS(domain=domain, log=log)
         mtcs.set rem loglevel(40)
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtmount: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtptg: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtaos: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm1m3: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtm2: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mthexapod 1: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mthexapod_2: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtrotator: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtdome: Adding all resources.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: mtdometrajectory: Adding all resources.
In [10]: await mtcs.start task
         MTMount.elevation ERROR: elevation DDS read queue is full (100 elements); d
        ata may be lost
         MTPtg.mountPosition ERROR: mountPosition DDS read queue is full (100 elemen
        ts); data may be lost
         MTMount.azimuth ERROR: azimuth DDS read queue is full (100 elements); data
         may be lost
         MTRotator.rotation ERROR: rotation DDS read queue is full (100 elements); d
         ata may be lost
         MTRotator.motors ERROR: motors DDS read queue is full (100 elements); data
         may be lost
         MTRotator.electrical ERROR: electrical DDS read queue is full (100 element
        s); data may be lost
        MTHexapod INFO: Read historical data in 0.18 sec
        MTRotator.ccwFollowingError ERROR: ccwFollowingError DDS read queue is full
        (100 elements); data may be lost
        MTHexapod INFO: Read historical data in 0.21 sec
        MTRotator.rotation ERROR: rotation DDS read queue is full (100 elements); d
        ata may be lost
```

```
MTMount.elevation ERROR: elevation DDS read queue is full (100 elements); d ata may be lost

MTM1M3.powerSupplyData ERROR: powerSupplyData DDS read queue is full (100 e lements); data may be lost

Out[10]: [None, None, None, None, None, None, None, None, None, None]

MTHexapod.electrical ERROR: electrical DDS read queue is full (100 element s); data may be lost

MTM1M3.pidData ERROR: pidData DDS read queue is full (100 elements); data m ay be lost

MTHexapod.application ERROR: application DDS read queue is full (100 elements); data may be lost
```

# Starting components

From now on we will start the various components of the MTAOS. You may wonder why are we not simply sending all CSCs to ENABLED state in one go, as we usually do on other systems.

The answer is that the MTCS components have some initilization dependencies that need to be observed for the components to be enabled properly. We will describe these as we work our way the initialization steps.

## **Starting MTPtg**

We start by making sure the pointing component is alive, by waiting for a heartbeat. Next we enable the component using mtcs.set\_state method.

We select to start with the MTPtg mainly because, of all components of the MTCS it is the only pure-software components. As such the MTPtg is pretty independent and can be brought to enabled in any condition.

It is also worth noticed that, as a pure-software component, the MTPtg does not have a simulation mode.

Furthermore, as you will notice below, we are not checking the software version of the MTPtg, mainly because the component is currently not sending this information.

## **Starting MTMount**

This is one case where the initialization order is important.

The MTMount needs to be enabled before we enable the MTRotator. The reason is that the MTRotator needs to know the position of the Camera Cable Wrap (CCW), which is provided by the MTMount, before it can be enable. If the MTRotator does not receive the position of the CCW, it will immediately activate the breaks and transition to FAULT state.

We start by verifying that the CSC is sending heartbeats.

```
In [ ]: await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mtmount")
```

Now we can enable the CSC.

```
In [25]: await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.ENABLED, components=["mtmount"])

setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtmount]::[<State.DISABLED: 1>, <State.ENABLED: 2>]
setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
```

#### Perform some basic checks

The following are a couple of sanity checks we routinely perform when starting the MTMount.

We check if the CSC is running in simulation mode and then the version of the CSC.

Finally, we verify that the camera cable wrap following is enabled.

```
In [26]: mtmount_simulation_mode = await mtcs.get_simulation_mode(["mtmount"])
    mode = mtmount_simulation_mode["mtmount"].mode
    timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtmount_simulation_mode["mtmount"].private_sndStamp,
    log.debug(
        f"MTMount simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
    )

        setup DEBUG: MTMount simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-04-01 19:38:46.266199296

In [27]: mtmount_software_versions = await mtcs.get_software_versions(["mtmount"])
        csc_version = mtmount_software_versions["mtmount"].cscVersion
        timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtmount_software_versions["mtmount"].private_sndStam
        log.debug(
            f"MTMount software version: {csc_version} @ {timestamp}",
        )

        setup DEBUG: MTMount software version: 0.4.0rc2.dev190+g077fa8b @ 2022-04-0
        1 19:38:46.279004928

In [28]: mtmount_ccw_following = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.evt_cameraCableWrapFollowing.age
        timestamp = pd.to_datetime(mtmount_ccw_following.private_sndStamp, unit='s')
```

```
if mtmount_ccw_following.enabled:
    log.debug(f"CCW following mode enabled: {mtmount_ccw_following.enabled} @ {
else:
    await mtcs.set_state(salobj.State.DISABLED, ["mtmount"])
    raise RuntimeError(
        "CCW following mode not enabled. Usually this means that the MTMount cc
        "not see telemetry from the rotator when it was enabled. To correct thi
        "make sure the MTRotator telemetry is being published, then execute the
        "MTMount CSC will be left in DISABLED state."
        )
```

setup DEBUG: CCW following mode enabled: 1 @ 2022-04-05 18:19:42.242197504.

## **Starting Rotator**

#### Perform some basic checks

The following is a few sanity checks we routinely perform to verify the system integrity at this stage.

```
In [33]: mtrotator simulation mode = await mtcs.get simulation mode(["mtrotator"])
         mode = mtrotator_simulation_mode["mtrotator"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mtrotator simulation mode["mtrotator"].private sndSt
         log.debug(
             f"MTRotator simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
        setup DEBUG: MTRotator simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-04-05 15:25:08.037279488
In [34]: mtrotator software versions = await mtcs.get software versions(["mtrotator"])
         csc version = mtrotator software versions["mtrotator"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mtrotator software versions["mtrotator"].private snc
         log.debug(
             f"MTRotator software version: {csc version} @ {timestamp}",
         setup DEBUG: MTRotator software version: 0.22.0rc1 @ 2022-04-05 15:25:08.04
        5175552
In [35]: | elevation = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel_elevation.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         azimuth = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel azimuth.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
         ccw = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel cameraCableWrap.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
```

#### CCW telemetry too old

This warning message may appear in the MTRotator in a couple different conditions.

The most common occurence is when the MTMount component is not publishing the CCW telemetry. This should be rectified by enabling the CSC, as we've done on the section above, and is one of the reasons we enable MTMount before the MTRotator.

The less common but more critical condition is when the clock on the MTMount controller is out of sync with the observatory clock server. In this case, the timestamp attribute, used by the MTRotator to determine the relevant time for the published telemetry, will be out of sync and we won't be able to operate the system.

You can use the cell below to determine whether this is the case or not. If so, you need to contact IT or someone with knowledge about the MTMount low level controller to fix the time synchronization issue.

```
In [ ]: ccw = await mtcs.rem.mtmount.tel cameraCableWrap.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
        rotator = await mtcs.rem.mtrotator.tel rotation.next(flush=True, timeout=5)
        ccw snd stamp = pd.to datetime(ccw.private sndStamp, unit='s')
        ccw timestamp = pd.to datetime(ccw.timestamp, unit='s')
        ccw_actual_position = ccw.actualPosition
        rotator snd stamp = pd.to datetime(rotator.private sndStamp, unit='s')
        rotator_timestamp = pd.to_datetime(rotator.timestamp, unit='s')
        rotator actual position = rotator.actualPosition
        log.info(
            f"CCW:: snd stamp={ccw snd stamp} timestamp={ccw timestamp} actual position
        log.info(
            f"Rotator:: snd stamp={rotator snd stamp} timestamp={rotator timestamp} act
        ccw telemetry maximum age = pd.to timedelta(1.0, unit='s')
        if abs(ccw snd stamp - ccw timestamp) > ccw telemetry maximum age:
            log.warning(
                f"CCW timestamp out of sync by {abs(ccw snd stamp - ccw timestamp)}s.
```

```
"System may not work. Check clock synchronization in MTMount low level
```

#### Clearing error in MTRotator

If the MTRotator is in FAULT state, you need to send the clearError command before transitioning it back to ENABLED .

This is a particularity of the MTRotator (and MTHexapod ) that violates our state machine.

## Checkpoint

At this point the system is ready for exercicing slew activities, without involving the optical components.

## Starting M1M3 (Mount telemetry mode)

If running the test on level 3 and if M1M3 is configured to listen for the mount telemetry, we firt need to make sure the MTMount is pointing to zenith.

The reason is that M1M3 is in a fixed position and, when we try to enabled/raise it, the will check the inclinometer data against the elevation data. If they differ by more than a couple degrees the process will fail.

Once M1M3 is mounted on the telescope and we are operating the actual mount, instead of in simulation mode, this will not be necessary.

#### Raise m1m3

Now that m1m3 is enabled we can raise it.

The following has a trick to allow raising the m1m3 in the background and give control back to the notebook. If, in middle of the process, you need to abort the operation you can still do

it from the notebooks.

Once you execute the cell bellow you will notice that the log messages will appear below the cell, but you can also see that the cell will be masked as "finished executing". That means, instead of seeing an \* you will see the number of the cell. This is because the operation is running in the background and we have control over the notebook to execute additional cells.

```
In [ ]: task_raise_m1m3 = asyncio.create_task(mtcs.raise_m1m3())
```

The next cell contain a command to abort the raise operation initiated in the background on the cell above. Note that the command to execute the abort operation is encapsulated by an if False. This is to prevent the command from executing if the notebook is being executed by papermill or by accident.

If you need to abort the operation change the if statement to if True.

The next cell will wait for the raise\_m1m3 command to finish executing. This is to make sure a batch processing of the notebook won't proceed until the raise operation is completed.

```
In []: await task_raise_mlm3
In []: await mtcs.enable_mlm3_balance_system()
In []: await mtcs.reset_mlm3_forces()
In []: # Move this to a shutdown notebook...
# await lowerM1M3(mlm3)
```

## Starting M2

```
In [ ]: await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mtm2")
```

Remember to reset interlocks.

M2 has an issue that it returns the state transition commands before it is actually finishing doing the state transition. This causes the subsequent transitions to fail. To work around it we will do them one at a time, adding a sleep between each of them to allow the CSC to finish the state transition.

These workarounds should be removed once the CSC is fixed.

```
components=["mtm2"]
             )
In [ ]:
        mtm2_state_transition_sleep_time = 5.
In [ ]:
        await asyncio.sleep(mtm2_state_transition_sleep_time)
In [ ]: await mtcs.set_state(
            state=salobj.State.DISABLED,
            components=["mtm2"]
In [ ]:
        await asyncio.sleep(mtm2_state_transition_sleep_time)
In []:
        await mtcs.set_state(
            state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
            components=["mtm2"]
In [ ]: |
        if False:
            await mtcs.rem.mtm2.cmd_clearErrors.set_start(timeout=15.)
```

#### Prepare M2 for operation

Switch on m2 force balance system and reset m2 forces.

```
In [ ]: await mtcs.enable_m2_balance_system()
In [ ]: await mtcs.reset_m2_forces()
```

## **Starting Camera Hexapod**

```
In [36]: await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mthexapod_1")
Out[36]: <ddsutil.MTHexapod_logevent_heartbeat_ae564757 at 0x7f881d0041c0>
```

The command bellow to enable the Camera Hexapod should work, in general. Nevertheless, we found an issue with the interaction between the low level controller and the CSC that was causing it to fail from time to time.

The error report can be found in DM-31111.

Until this ticket is worked on you may encounter failures when executing the cell below. You can continue by running the cell again.

In addition to the ticket above, the software of camera hexapod controller and EUI v1.2.0 on summit require the <a href="mthexapod\_1">mthexapod\_1</a> to be in <a href="DISABLED">DISABLED</a> state when setting the command source to DDS/CSC.

```
In [ ]: await salobj.set_summary_state(
```

```
mtcs.rem.mthexapod_1,
salobj.State.DISABLED,
)
```

Set the Source Command in the EUI to DDS regardless the EUI State.

```
In [38]: await mtcs.set_state(
             state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
             components=["mthexapod_1"]
             )
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_1]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>,
          <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
In [39]: mthexapod 1 simulation mode = await mtcs.get simulation mode(["mthexapod 1"])
         mode = mthexapod_1_simulation_mode["mthexapod_1"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 1 simulation mode["mthexapod 1"].private s
         log.debug(
             f"Camera Hexapod simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
         setup DEBUG: Camera Hexapod simulation mode: 0 @ 2022-04-05 15:52:29.471375
         104
In [40]: mthexapod 1 software versions = await mtcs.get software versions(["mthexapod 1"
         csc version = mthexapod 1 software versions["mthexapod 1"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 1 software versions["mthexapod 1"].private
         log.debug(
             f"Camera Hexapod software version: {csc version} @ {timestamp}",
         setup DEBUG: Camera Hexapod software version: 0.24.0rc1 @ 2022-04-05 15:52:
         29.479212544
In [41]: if False:
             await mtcs.rem.mthexapod 1.cmd clearError.set start()
In [42]: await mtcs.enable compensation mode(component="mthexapod 1")
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: Setting mthexapod 1 compensation mode from False to True.
In [43]: await mtcs.reset camera hexapod position()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod compensation mode enabled. Move will offset
         with respect to LUT.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Wait for Camera Hexapod in position event.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position: False.
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position True. Waiting settle time 5.0s
```

## Starting M2 Hexapod

```
await mtcs.next_heartbeat("mthexapod_2")
In [44]:
         <ddsutil.MTHexapod_logevent_heartbeat_ae564757 at 0x7f885ca63e50>
Out[44]:
         We have been mostly running the M2 Hexapod in simulation mode, because the actual
         hardware is mounted on the telescope. This means the M2 Hexapod is not affected by the
         issue we reported above for the Camera Hexapod.
In [45]: await mtcs.set state(
              state=salobj.State.ENABLED,
             components=["mthexapod_2"]
              )
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_2]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>,
          <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
In [46]: mthexapod_2_simulation_mode = await mtcs.get_simulation_mode(["mthexapod_2"])
         mode = mthexapod 2 simulation mode["mthexapod 2"].mode
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 2 simulation mode["mthexapod 2"].private s
         log.debug(
              f"M2 Hexapod simulation mode: {mode} @ {timestamp}"
         )
         setup DEBUG: M2 Hexapod simulation mode: 1 @ 2022-03-31 18:03:08.799778048
In [47]: mthexapod 2 software versions = await mtcs.get software versions(["mthexapod 2"
         csc version = mthexapod 2 software versions["mthexapod 2"].cscVersion
         timestamp = pd.to datetime(mthexapod 2 software versions["mthexapod 2"].private
         log.debug(
             f"M2 Hexapod software version: {csc version} @ {timestamp}",
          setup DEBUG: M2 Hexapod software version: 0.24.0rc1 @ 2022-03-31 18:03:08.8
         08720896
In [48]: await mtcs.enable compensation mode(component="mthexapod 2")
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Setting mthexapod 2 compensation mode from False to True.
In [49]: await mtcs.reset camera hexapod position()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod compensation mode enabled. Move will offset
         with respect to LUT.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Wait for Camera Hexapod in position event.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod already in position. Handling potential ra
         ce condition.
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: False.
         setup.MTCS INFO: Camera Hexapod in position: True.
```

setup.MTCS DEBUG: Camera Hexapod in position True. Waiting settle time 5.0s

## Closing MTCS and Domain

```
In [50]: await mtcs.enable()
         setup.MTCS INFO: Enabling all components
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Gathering settings.
        setup.MTCS DEBUG: Couldn't get settingVersions event. Using empty settings.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtmount.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtptg.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtaos.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtm1m3.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtm2.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mthexapod_1.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mthexapod_2.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtrotator.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtdome.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Complete settings for mtdometrajectory.
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: Settings versions: {'mtmount': '', 'mtptg': '', 'mtaos':
          'comcam', 'mtm1m3': '', 'mtm2': '', 'mthexapod_1': 'default', 'mthexapod_
        2': 'default', 'mtrotator': '', 'mtdome': '', 'mtdometrajectory': ''}
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtmount]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtptg]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtaos]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm1m3]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtm2]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod_1]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mthexapod 2]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtrotator]::[<State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtdome]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED: 1>, <Stat</pre>
         e.ENABLED: 2>1
         setup.MTCS DEBUG: [mtdometrajectory]::[<State.STANDBY: 5>, <State.DISABLED:</pre>
         1>, <State.ENABLED: 2>]
         setup.MTCS INFO: All components in <State.ENABLED: 2>.
 In [ ]: await mtcs.standby()
 In [ ]: await mtcs.close()
 In [ ]: await domain.close()
```