Solution 1

Euler Cat

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1 Solutions to exercises in chapter 1

1.1 1.2.2

Note that by definition

$$EX = \int_0^\infty x * p(x)dx + \int_{-\infty}^0 x * p(x)dx \tag{1}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} x * p(x)dx - \int_{-\infty}^{0} (-x) * p(x)dx$$
 (2)

(3)

Note that the first part can be treated as the expectation with respect to a non-negative random variable, which is by Lemma 1.2.1 $\int_0^\infty P(X > t) dt$. And

$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} (-x) * p(x) dx \tag{4}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty t * p(-t)dt \tag{5}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty P(-X > t)dt \tag{6}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty P(X < -t)dt \tag{7}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} P(X < y) dy \tag{8}$$

Where in (5) we use the replacement t=-x and in (8) we use replacement again.

$1.2 \quad 1.2.3$

Note that

$$E|X|^p = \int_0^\infty P(|X|^p > t)dt \tag{9}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} P(|X| > t^{\frac{1}{p}}) dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} P(|X| > y) dy^{p}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} P(|X| > y) * p * y^{p-1} dy$$
(12)

$$= \int_0^\infty P(|X| > y) dy^p \tag{11}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty P(|X| > y) * p * y^{p-1} dy$$
 (12)

1.3 1.2.6

Note that

$$P(|X - \mu| \ge t) \tag{13}$$

$$= P(|x - \mu|^2 \ge t^2) \tag{14}$$

$$P(|X - \mu| \ge t)$$

$$= P(|x - \mu|^2 \ge t^2)$$

$$\le \frac{E|x - \mu|^2}{t^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{t^2}$$
(13)
(14)
(15)

$$=\frac{\sigma^2}{t^2}\tag{16}$$

1.3.3 1.4

The proof comes from link.

$$E|\frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}(X_{i}-\mu)|\tag{17}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{E \left| \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \mu) \right|^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} * Var(X_i)}$$

$$(18)$$

$$=\sqrt{\frac{1}{N}*Var(X_i)}\tag{19}$$

Where from (17) to (18) we use the Cauchy-Schwartz inequality.