- (1) The other conductors are GFCI protected.
- (2) The other conductors are equipment grounding conductors and bonding jumpers as required per 680.23(B)(2)(b).
- (3) The other conductors are supply conductors to a feedthrough-type GFCI.
- (4) GFCIs shall be permitted in a panelboard that contains circuits protected by other than ground-fault circuit interrupters.

## 680.24 Junction Boxes and Electrical Enclosures for Transformers or Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupters.

- (A) Junction Boxes. A junction box connected to a conduit that extends directly to a forming shell or mounting bracket of a no-niche luminaire shall meet the requirements of this section.
- (1) Construction. The junction box shall be listed, labeled, and identified as a swimming pool junction box and shall comply with the following conditions:
- Be equipped with threaded entries or hubs or a nonmetallic hub
- Be comprised of copper, brass, suitable plastic, or other approved corrosion-resistant material
- (3) Be provided with electrical continuity between every connected metal conduit and the grounding terminals by means of copper, brass, or other approved corrosion-resistant metal that is integral with the box
- Δ (2) Installation. Where the luminaire operates over the low-voltage contact limit, the junction box location shall comply with 680.24(A)(2)(a) and (A)(2)(b). Where the luminaire operates at the low-voltage contact limit or less, the junction box location shall be permitted to comply with 680.24(A)(2)(c).
  - (a) Vertical Spacing. The junction box shall be located not less than 100 mm (4 in.), measured from the inside of the bottom of the box, above the ground level, or pool deck, or not less than 200 mm (8 in.) above the maximum pool water level, whichever provides the greater elevation.
  - (b) *Horizontal Spacing*. The junction box shall be located not less than 1.2 m (4 ft) from the inside wall of the pool, unless separated from the pool by a solid fence, wall, or other permanent barrier.
  - (c) Flush Deck Box. If used on a lighting system operating at the low-voltage contact limit or less, a flush deck box shall be permitted if both of the following conditions are met:
    - Potting compound is used to fill the box to prevent the entrance of moisture.
  - (2) The flush deck box is located not less than 1.2 m (4 ft) from the inside wall of the pool.
  - (B) Other Enclosures. An enclosure for a transformer, ground-fault circuit interrupter, or a similar device connected to a conduit that extends directly to a forming shell or mounting bracket of a no-niche luminaire shall meet the requirements of this section.

- (1) Construction. The enclosure shall be listed and labeled for the purpose and meet the following requirements:
  - Equipped with threaded entries or hubs or a nonmetallic hub
  - Comprised of copper, brass, suitable plastic, or other approved corrosion-resistant material
- (3) Provided with sealing compound identified for use with cable insulation, conductor insulation, bare conductor, shield, or other components, sat the conduit connection, that prevents circulation of air between the conduit and the enclosures
- (4) Provided with electrical continuity between every connected metal conduit and the grounding terminals by means of copper, brass, or other approved corrosion-resistant metal that is integral with the box

## (2) Installation.

- (a) Vertical Spacing. The enclosure shall be located not less than 100 mm (4 in.), measured from the inside of the bottom of the box, above the ground level, or pool deck, or not less than 200 mm (8 in.) above the maximum pool water level, whichever provides the greater elevation.
- (b) *Horizontal Spacing*. The enclosure shall be located not less than 1.2 m (4 ft) from the inside wall of the pool, unless separated from the pool by a solid fence, wall, or other permanent barrier.
- **(C) Protection.** Junction boxes and enclosures mounted above the grade of the finished walkway around the pool shall not be located in the walkway unless afforded additional protection, such as by location under diving boards, adjacent to fixed structures, and the like.
- (D) Grounding Terminals. Junction boxes, transformer and power-supply enclosures, and ground-fault circuit-interrupter enclosures connected to a conduit that extends directly to a forming shell or mounting bracket of a no-niche luminaire shall be provided with a number of grounding terminals that shall be no fewer than one more than the number of conduit entries.

This requirement ensures the availability of integral grounding terminals necessary for the grounding and bonding of underwater luminaires. A box that is not specifically listed for use with swimming pools might not provide the correct number of integral grounding and bonding terminals. The number of grounding terminals in a box or enclosure is required to be one more than the number of conduit entries for which the box is designed.

- **(E) Strain Relief.** The termination of a flexible cord of an underwater luminaire within a junction box, transformer or power-supply enclosure, ground-fault circuit interrupter, or other enclosure shall be provided with a strain relief.
- **(F) Grounding.** The grounding terminals of a junction box, transformer enclosure, or other enclosure in the supply circuit to