to 2.1 m (5 ft to 7 ft) from the left edge (driver's side of the parked RV) from 4.9 m (16 ft) forward of the rear of the recreational vehicle stand to the center point between the two roads that gives access to and egress from the pull-through sites.

The left edge (driver's side of the parked RV) of the recreational vehicle stand shall be marked.

- **(B) Disconnecting Means.** A disconnecting switch or circuit breaker shall be provided in the site supply equipment for disconnecting the power supply to the recreational vehicle.
- (C) Access. All site supply equipment shall be accessible by an unobstructed entrance or passageway not less than 600 mm (2 ft) wide and 2.0 m (6 ft 6 in.) high.
- (D) Mounting Height. Site supply equipment shall be located not less than 600 mm (2 ft) above the electrical datum plane for that RV site and no more than 2.0 m (6 ft 6 in.) above the electrical datum plane unless platform provisions are made to reach the circuit protection devices that are no more than 2.0 m (6 ft 6 in.) above that platform.
- **(E) Working Space.** Sufficient space shall be provided and maintained about all electrical equipment to permit ready and safe operation, in accordance with 110.26.
- (F) Marking. Where the site supply equipment contains a 125/250-volt receptacle, the equipment shall be marked as follows: "Turn disconnecting switch or circuit breaker off before inserting or removing plug. Plug must be fully inserted or removed." The marking shall be located on the equipment adjacent to the receptacle outlet.

The marking is to reduce the possibility of a partially engaged attachment plug, which could result in intermittent neutral (grounded conductor) contact. Loss of the neutral could momentarily apply the line-to-line voltage (240 volts) across 125-volt equipment, causing damage to equipment and wiring within the vehicle.

551.78 Protection of Outdoor Equipment.

- (A) Wet Locations. All switches, circuit breakers, receptacles, control equipment, and metering devices located in wet locations shall be weatherproof.
- **(B) Meters.** If secondary meters are installed, meter sockets without meters installed shall be blanked off with an approved blanking plate.
- Δ 551.79 Clearance for Overhead Conductors. Open conductors of not over 1000 volts, nominal, shall have a vertical clearance of not less than 5.5 m (18 ft) and a horizontal clearance of not less than 900 mm (3 ft) in all areas subject to recreational vehicle movement. In all other areas, clearances shall conform to 235.360 and 235.361.

Informational Note: See 235.360 and 235.361, for clearances of conductors over 600 volts, nominal.

551.80 Underground Service, Feeder, Branch-Circuit, and Recreational Vehicle Site Feeder-Circuit Conductors.

- (A) General. All direct-burial conductors, including the equipment grounding conductor if of aluminum, shall be insulated and identified for the use. All conductors shall be continuous from equipment to equipment. All splices and taps shall be made in approved junction boxes or by use of listed material.
- (B) Protection Against Physical Damage. Direct-buried conductors and cables entering or leaving a trench shall be protected by rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, electrical metallic tubing with supplementary corrosion protection, rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit (PVC), nonmetallic underground conduit with conductors (NUCC), high density polyethylene conduit (HDPE), reinforced thermosetting resin conduit (RTRC), liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit, liquidtight flexible metal conduit, or other approved raceways or enclosures. Where subject to physical damage, the conductors or cables shall be protected by rigid metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, Schedule 80 PVC conduit, or RTRC listed for exposure to physical damage. All such protection shall extend at least 450 mm (18 in.) into the trench from finished grade.

Informational Note: See 300.5 and Article 340 for conductors or Type UF cable used underground or in direct burial in earth.

- **551.81 Receptacles.** A receptacle to supply electric power to a recreational vehicle shall be one of the configurations shown in Figure 551.46(C)(1) in the following ratings:
- (1) 50-ampere 125/250-volt, 50-ampere, 3-pole, 4-wire grounding type for 120/240-volt systems
- (2) 30-ampere 125-volt, 30-ampere, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding type for 120-volt systems
- (3) 20-ampere 125-volt, 20-ampere, 2-pole, 3-wire grounding type for 120-volt systems

Informational Note: See ANSI/NEMA WD 6-2016, *Wiring Devices* — *Dimensional Specifications*, Figures 14-50, TT, and 5-20, for complete details of these configurations.

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Park Trailers

Part I. General

552.1 Scope. The provisions of this article cover the electrical conductors and equipment installed within or on park trailers not covered fully under Articles 550 and 551.

This article covers park trailers that have a single chassis and wheels, that do not exceed 400 ft² (set up), and that are not used as permanent residences. Article 552 does not apply to units that meet the definition of the term *park trailer* (see Article 100) but are used for commercial purposes (see 552.4).