Per 430.122(B), $14 \text{ A} \times 1.25 = 17.5$ amperes. The minimum size copper conductor based on 75°C termination rating is 14 AWG (20 amperes per Table 310.16).

Note that the 14 AWG size conductor is permitted in accordance with 240.4(G), and the rating of the overcurrent device that is installed at the equipment from which the supply circuit to the power conversion equipment originates is controlled by 430.130(A) or (B).

- Δ (C) Bypass Device. The ampacity of circuit conductors supplying power conversion equipment included as part of an adjustable-speed drive system that utilizes a bypass device shall be the larger of either of the following:
 - (1) 125 percent of the rated input current to the power conversion equipment
 - (2) 125 percent of the motor full-load current rating determined in accordance with 430.6
 - **(D)** Several Motors or a Motor and Other Loads. Conductors supplying several motors or a motor and other loads, including power conversion equipment, shall have ampacity in accordance with 430.24, using the rated input current of the power conversion equipment for purposes of calculating ampacity.
 - **430.124 Overload Protection.** Overload protection of the motor shall be provided.
 - (A) Included in Power Conversion Equipment. Where the power conversion equipment is marked to indicate that motor overload protection is included, additional overload protection shall not be required.
 - **(B) Bypass Circuits.** For adjustable-speed drive systems that utilize a bypass device to allow motor operation at rated full-load speed, motor overload protection as described in Article 430, Part III, shall be provided in the bypass circuit.
 - **(C) Multiple Motor Applications.** For multiple motor application, individual motor overload protection shall be provided in accordance with Article 430, Part III.

430.126 Motor Overtemperature Protection.

- (A) General. Adjustable-speed drive systems shall protect against motor overtemperature conditions where the motor is not rated to operate at the nameplate rated current over the speed range required by the application. This protection shall be provided in addition to the conductor protection required in 430.32. Protection shall be provided by one of the following means:
 - (1) Motor thermal protector in accordance with 430.32
 - (2) Adjustable-speed drive system with load and speedsensitive overload protection and thermal memory retention upon shutdown or power loss

Exception to (2): Thermal memory retention upon shutdown or power loss is not required for continuous duty loads.

- (3) Overtemperature protection relay utilizing thermal sensors embedded in the motor and meeting the requirements of 430.126(A)(2)
- (4) Thermal sensor embedded in the motor whose communications are received and acted upon by an adjustable-speed drive system

Informational Note: The relationship between motor current and motor temperature changes when the motor is operated by an adjustable-speed drive. In certain applications, overheating of motors can occur when operated at reduced speed, even at current levels less than a motor's rated full-load current. The overheating can be the result of reduced motor cooling when its shaft-mounted fan is operating less than rated nameplate RPM. As part of the analysis to determine whether overheating will occur, it is necessary to consider the continuous torque capability curves for the motor given the application requirements. This will assist in determining whether the motor overload protection will be able, on its own, to provide protection against overheating. These overheating protection requirements are only intended to apply to applications where an adjustable-speed drive, as defined in Article 100, is used.

For motors that utilize external forced air or liquid cooling systems, overtemperature can occur if the cooling system is not operating. Although this issue is not unique to adjustable speed applications, externally cooled motors are most often encountered with such applications. In these instances, overtemperature protection using direct temperature sensing is recommended [i.e., 430.126(A)(1), (A)(3), or (A)(4)], or additional means should be provided to ensure that the cooling system is operating (flow or pressure sensing, interlocking of adjustable-speed drive system and cooling system, etc.).

- **(B)** Multiple Motor Applications. For multiple motor applications, individual motor overtemperature protection shall be provided as required in 430.126(A).
- **(C) Automatic Restarting and Orderly Shutdown.** 430.43 and 430.44 shall apply to the motor overtemperature protection means.
- **430.128 Disconnecting Means.** The disconnecting means shall be permitted to be in the incoming line to the conversion equipment and shall have a rating not less than 115 percent of the rated input current of the conversion unit.
- 430.130 Branch-Circuit Short-Circuit and Ground-Fault Protection for Single Motor Circuits Containing Power Conversion Equipment.
- (A) Circuits Containing Power Conversion Equipment. Circuits containing power conversion equipment shall be protected by a branch-circuit short-circuit and ground-fault protective device in accordance with all of the following:
 - (1) The rating and type of protection shall be determined by 430.52(C)(1), (C)(3), (C)(5), or (C)(6), using the full-load current rating of the motor load as determined by 430.6(A) or (B).