

# **CS426- Mobile Device Application Development**



Class: APCS 2015

# Final Project Report

1551044 Trần Văn Duy Tuệ tvdtue@apcs.vn 1551025 Liêng Thế Phy ltphy@apcs.vn

## I. Project Assessment

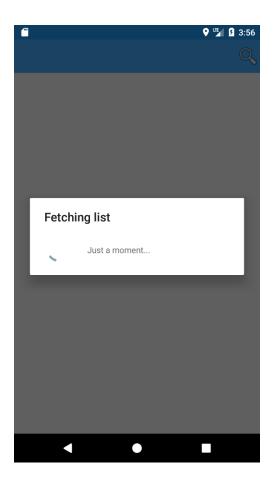
In this section, each student should personally evaluate his or her own effort to complete the project.

- For each feature, please determine the level of complexity (1-Very simple, 2-Simple, 3-Normal, 4-Difficult, 5-Very difficult) and level of completeness (100%).

Feature	Complexity	Level of completeness (100%)
Use JSON to store data and load data from the internet server	4	100%
Search food by its name within a recommended list	3	100%
Search food by taking image	3	50%
List all the data with names and descriptions in card view	2	100%
Have check box to keep track the ingredients and cooking	4	80%
progress		
Share cook images on Facebook	3	100%
Have a list of places to buy ingredients and an ability to sort by	4	100%
nearest place or name		
Show a marker of a place on map and find direction to that place.	3	100%
Make a call and connect to website	1	100%

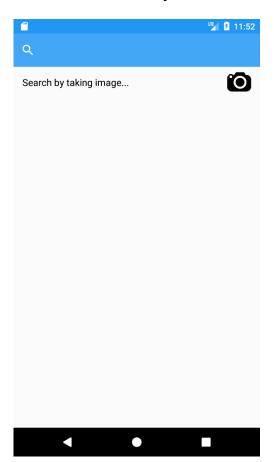
### II. Advanced Features

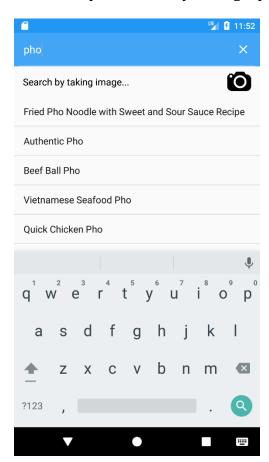
1. We do not store our data directly in the project but store them on the JSON server and download them at the very beginning.



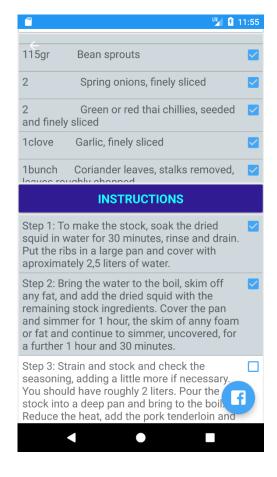
(

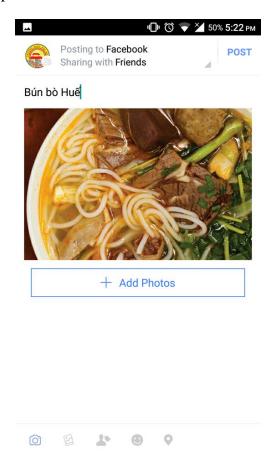
2. Users can use two ways to search their food to cook: by words or by taking a photo.



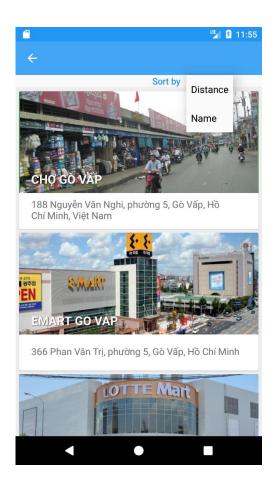


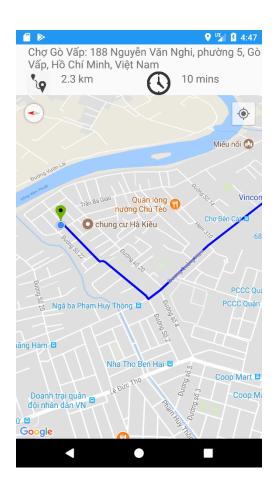
3. After finishing your dish step by step, users can share their dish on facebook by clicking at the floating facebook's button to take a photo and then share it.



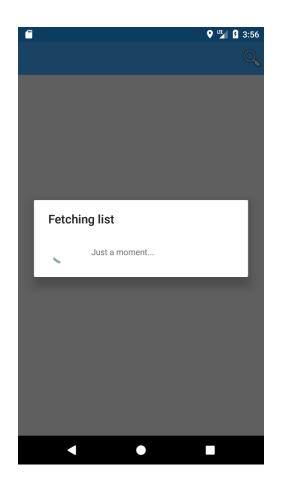


4. Users can find their nearest spot to buy ingredient easily and then connect to google map to find the direction to that place.

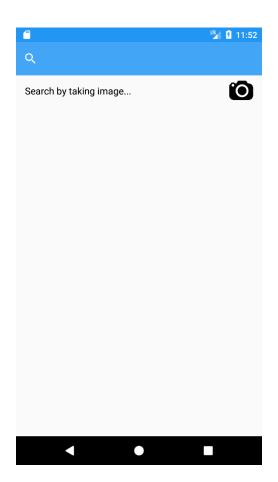


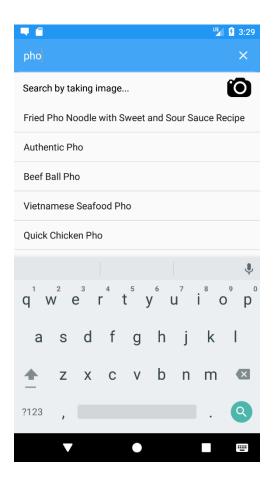


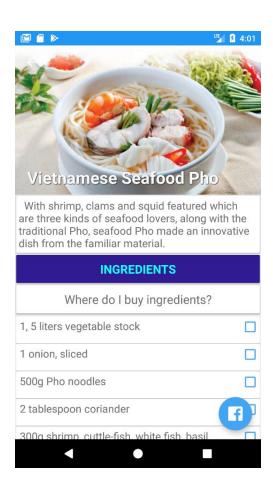
## **III. Screenshots**

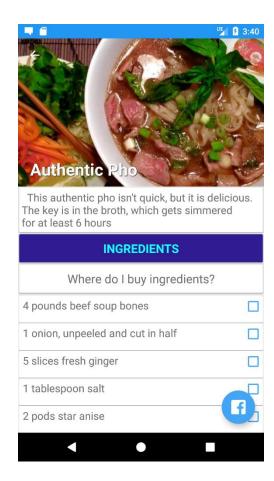




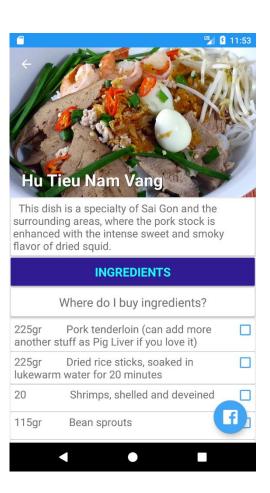


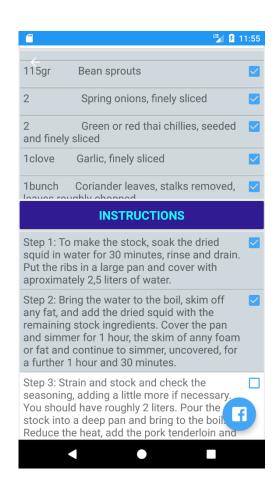


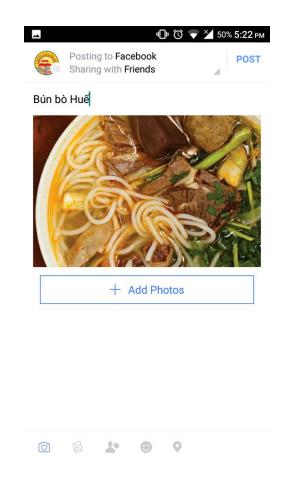




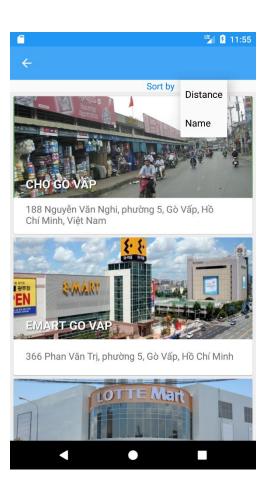






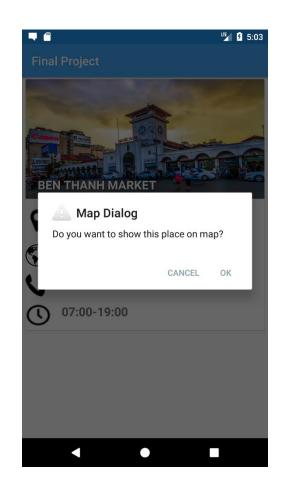


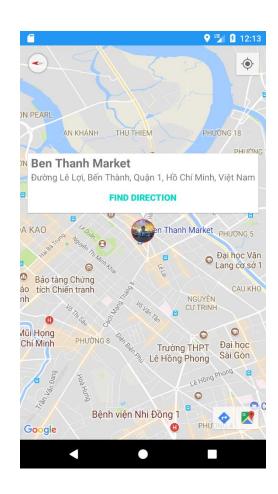


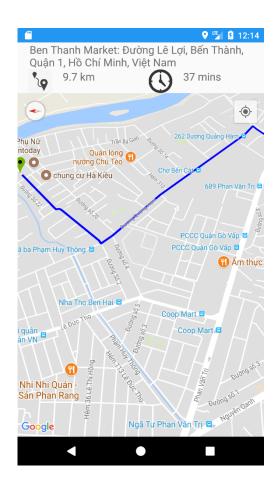


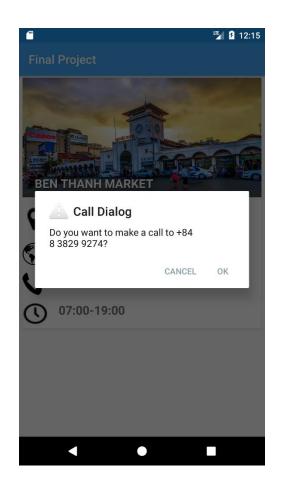


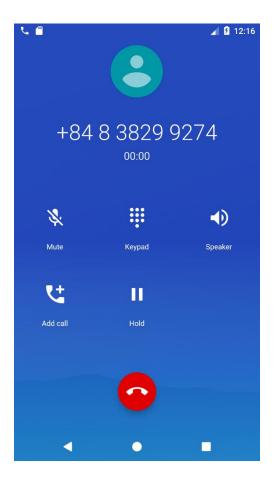


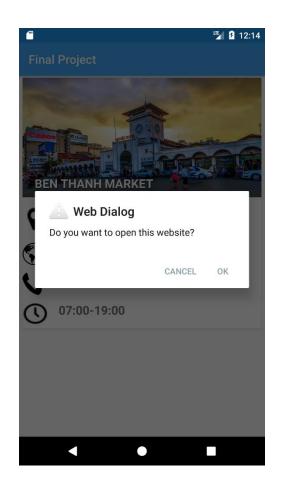


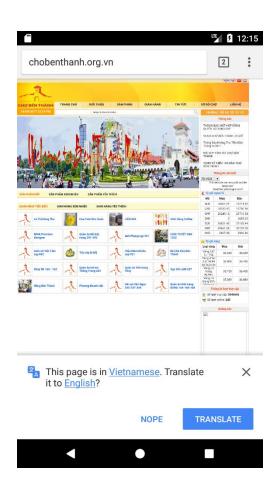












### IV. References

#### 1. Find Direction in Google Map

DirectionFinder Module Code is taken from tutorial 10

```
oublic class DirectionFinder {
   private String destination;
   public DirectionFinder (DirectionFinderListener listener, String origin, String
destination) {
        this.listener = listener;
   public void execute() throws UnsupportedEncodingException {
        listener.onDirectionFinderStart();
       new DownloadRawData().execute(createUrl());
   private String createUrl() throws UnsupportedEncodingException {
       String urlOrigin = origin;
       String urlDestination = destination;
   private class DownloadRawData extends AsyncTask<String, Void, String> {
       protected String doInBackground(String... params) {
                InputStream is = url.openConnection().getInputStream();
                StringBuffer buffer = new StringBuffer();
                BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(is));
                    buffer.append(line + "\n");
                Log.i("buffer", buffer.toString());
                return buffer.toString();
            } catch (MalformedURLException e) {
            } catch (IOException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
```

```
protected void onPostExecute(String res) {
            } catch (JSONException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
   private void parseJSon(String data) throws JSONException {
        if (data == null)
       JSONArray jsonRoutes = jsonData.getJSONArray("routes");
           JSONObject jsonRoute = jsonRoutes.getJSONObject(i);
jsonRoute.getJSONObject("overview polyline");
           JSONArray jsonLegs = jsonRoute.getJSONArray("legs");
            JSONObject jsonLeg = jsonLegs.getJSONObject(0);
           JSONObject jsonDistance = jsonLeg.getJSONObject("distance");
            JSONObject jsonDuration = jsonLeg.getJSONObject("duration");
            JSONObject jsonEndLocation = jsonLeg.getJSONObject("end_location");
            JSONObject jsonStartLocation = jsonLeg.getJSONObject("start location");
            route.distance = new Distance(jsonDistance.getString("text"),
            route.duration = new Duration(jsonDuration.getString("text"),
jsonDuration.getInt("value"));
            route.endAddress = jsonLeg.getString("end address");
            route.startAddress = jsonLeg.getString("start_address");
           route.endLocation = new LatLng(jsonEndLocation.getDouble("lat"),
decodePolyLine(overview polylineJson.getString("points"));
            routes.add(route);
        listener.onDirectionFinderSuccess(routes);
   private List<LatLng> decodePolyLine(final String poly) {
            int shift = 0;
               shift += 5;
```

#### 2. Vision web detection

https://cloud.google.com/vision/docs/detecting-web#vision-web-detection-java

```
public static void detectWebDetections(String filePath, PrintStream out) throws
 List<AnnotateImageRequest> requests = new ArrayList<>();
 ByteString imgBytes = ByteString.readFrom(new FileInputStream(filePath));
 Image img = Image.newBuilder().setContent(imgBytes).build();
 Feature feat = Feature.newBuilder().setType(Type.WEB DETECTION).build();
 AnnotateImageRequest request =
     AnnotateImageRequest.newBuilder().addFeatures(feat).setImage(img).build();
 requests.add(request);
 try (ImageAnnotatorClient client = ImageAnnotatorClient.create()) {
   BatchAnnotateImagesResponse response = client.batchAnnotateImages(requests);
   List<AnnotateImageResponse> responses = response.getResponsesList();
   for (AnnotateImageResponse res : responses) {
     if (res.hasError()) {
       out.printf("Error: %s\n", res.getError().getMessage());
     WebDetection annotation = res.getWebDetection();
     out.println("Entity:Id:Score");
```

#### 3. Android Sharing

https://developers.facebook.com/docs/sharing/android

```
public class MainActivity extends FragmentActivity {
    CallbackManager callbackManager;
    ShareDialog shareDialog;
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        callbackManager = CallbackManager.Factory.create();
        shareDialog = new ShareDialog(this);
        // this part is optional
        shareDialog.registerCallback(callbackManager, new
FacebookCallback<Sharer.Result>() { ... });
}
```

```
@Override
public void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent data) {
    super.onActivityResult(requestCode, resultCode, data);
    if (requestCode == PICK_PHOTO && resultCode == Activity.RESULT_OK) {
```

### 4. MapWrapperLayout

MapWrapperLayout is taken from tutorial 9.

```
class MapWrapperLayout extends LinearLayout {
    private GoogleMap map;

    private int bottomOffsetPixels;
    private Marker marker;

    private View infoWindow;

    public MapWrapperLayout(Context context) {
        super(context);
    }

    public MapWrapperLayout(Context context, AttributeSet attrs) {
        super(context, attrs);
    }

    public MapWrapperLayout(Context context, AttributeSet attrs, int defStyle) {
        super(context, attrs, defStyle);
    }

    public void init(GoogleMap map, Context context) {
        this.map = map;
        this.bottomOffsetPixels = getPixelsFromDp(context, 30+ 29);
    }

    public void setMarkerWithInfoWindow(Marker marker, View infoWindow) {
        this.marker = marker;
        this.infoWindow = infoWindow;
    }
}
```

#### 5. Get current location

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/32290045/error-invoke-virtual-method-double-android-location-getlatitude-on

```
locationManager = (LocationManager)
context.getSystemService(Context.LOCATION SERVICE);
true)).toString();
            if (ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(context,
Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION) != PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED ) {
                ActivityCompat.requestPermissions((Activity)context, new String[]
{Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION}, 1);
                latitude = location.getLatitude();
                locationManager.requestLocationUpdates(bestProvider, 1000, 0,
    public void onLocationChanged(Location location) {
        locationManager.removeUpdates(this);
    public boolean isLocationEnabled() {
        int locationMode = 0;
        if (Build. VERSION. SDK INT >= Build. VERSION CODES. KITKAT) {
            } catch (Settings.SettingNotFoundException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            locationProviders =
Settings.Secure.getString(context.getContentResolver(),
```