The babynames data

DATA MANIPULATION WITH DPLYR



Chris Cardillo

Data Scientist



The babynames data

babynames

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 3
                number
   year name
  <dbl> <chr>
              <int>
1 1880 Aaron
               102
  1880 Ab
   1880 Abbie
   1880 Abbott
   1880 Abby
   1880 Abe
                    50
   1880 Abel
   1880 Abigail
   1880 Abner
   1880 Abraham
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```

Frequency of a name

```
babynames %>%
filter(name == "Amy")
```

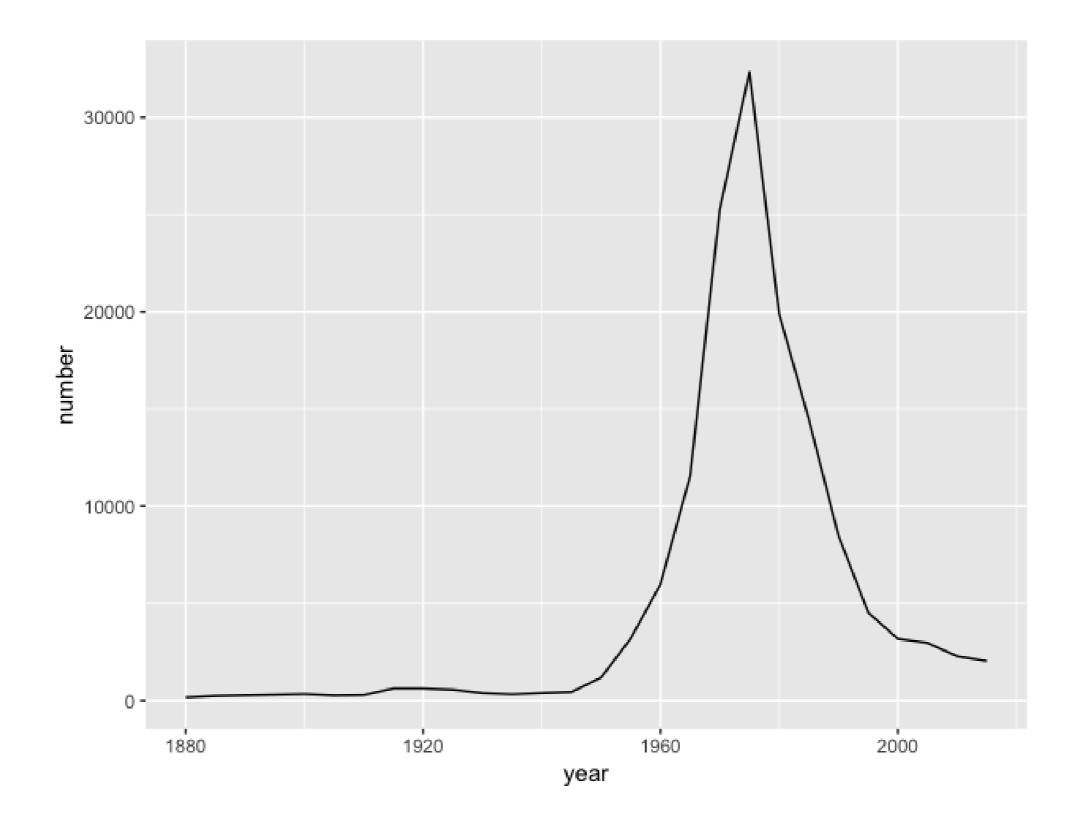
```
# A tibble: 28 x 3
   year name number
  <dbl> <chr> <int>
1 1880 Amy
                167
2 1885 Amy
             240
  1890 Amy
             275
4 1895 Amy
                303
   1900 Amy
                335
6 1905 Amy
                269
7 1910 Amy
                287
8 1915 Amy
             624
9 1920 Amy
                624
  1925 Amy
                560
# ... with 18 more rows
```

Amy plot

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
babynames_filtered <- babynames %>%
filter(name == "Amy")
```

```
ggplot(babynames_filtered, aes(x = year, y = number)) +
  geom_line()
```





Filter for multiple names

```
babynames_multiple <- babynames %>%
filter(name %in% c("Amy", "Christopher"))
```



When was each name most common?

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  top_n(1, number)
```

```
# A tibble: 54,881 x 3
# Groups: name [48,040]
                 number
   year name
  <dbl> <chr> <int>
1 1880 Arch
 2 1880 Bird
                    17
 3 1880 Ednah
 4 1880 Erasmus
 5 1880 Garfield
                   122
 6 1880 Harve
                    17
 7 1880 Lidie
 8 1880 Loula
 9 1880 Lovisa
10 1880 Lulie
# ... with 54,871 more rows
```



Grouped mutates

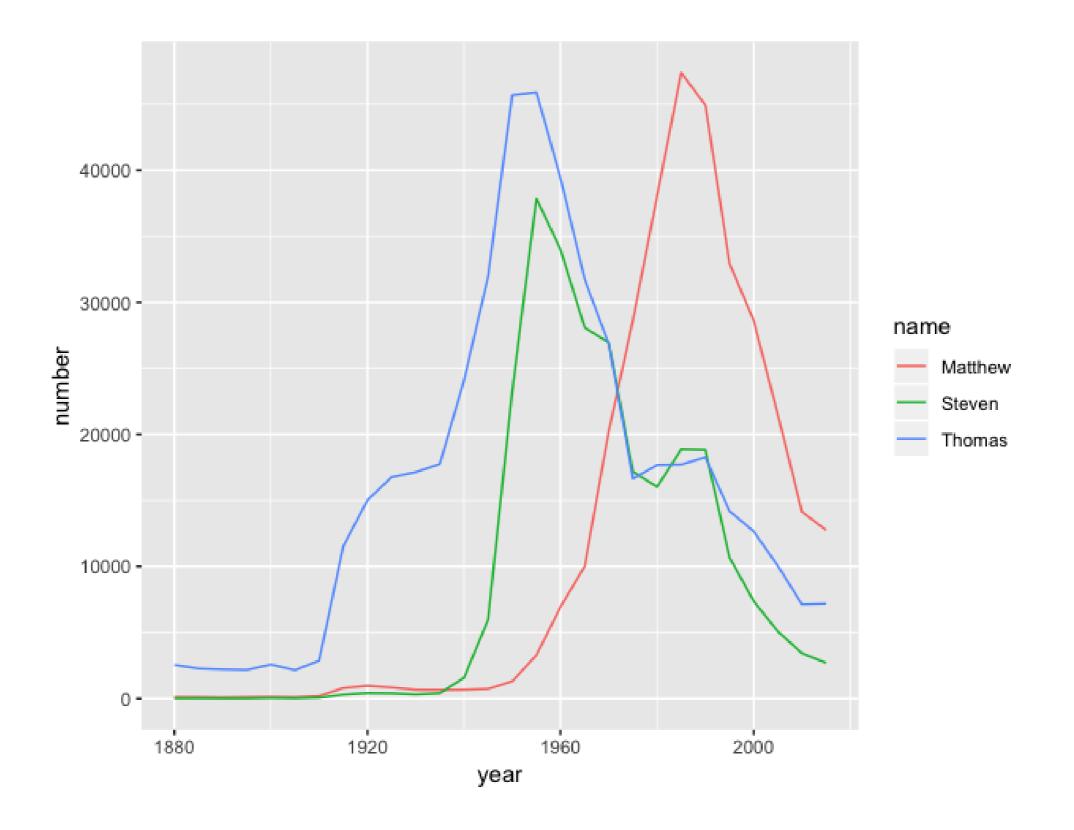
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Review: group_by() and summarize()

```
babynames %>%
group_by(year) %>%
summarize(year_total = sum(number))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 2
    year year_total
             <int>
   <dbl>
 1 1880
            201478
 2 1885
            240822
 3 1890
            301352
 4 1895
            350934
 5 1900
            450148
 6 1905
            423875
 7 1910
            590607
 8 1915
           1830351
 9 1920
           2259494
   1925
           2330750
# ... with 18 more rows
```



Combining group_by() and mutate()

```
babynames %>%
group_by(year) %>%
mutate(year_total = sum(number))
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 4
# Groups: year [28]
   year name
                number year_total
  <dbl> <chr>
                 <int>
                            <int>
 1 1880 Aaron
                   102
                           201478
 2 1880 Ab
                           201478
   1880 Abbie
                           201478
 4 1880 Abbott
                           201478
   1880 Abby
                           201478
 6 1880 Abe
                    50
                           201478
 7 1880 Abel
                           201478
                           201478
   1880 Abigail
   1880 Abner
                           201478
   1880 Abraham
                           201478
                    81
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```

ungroup()

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 4
                number year_total
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                 <int>
                            <int>
 1 1880 Aaron
                   102
                           201478
 2 1880 Ab
                           201478
 3 1880 Abbie
                           201478
                    71
 4 1880 Abbott
                           201478
 5 1880 Abby
                           201478
 6 1880 Abe
                    50
                           201478
 7 1880 Abel
                           201478
 8 1880 Abigail
                           201478
                    12
   1880 Abner
                           201478
   1880 Abraham
                           201478
                    81
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```

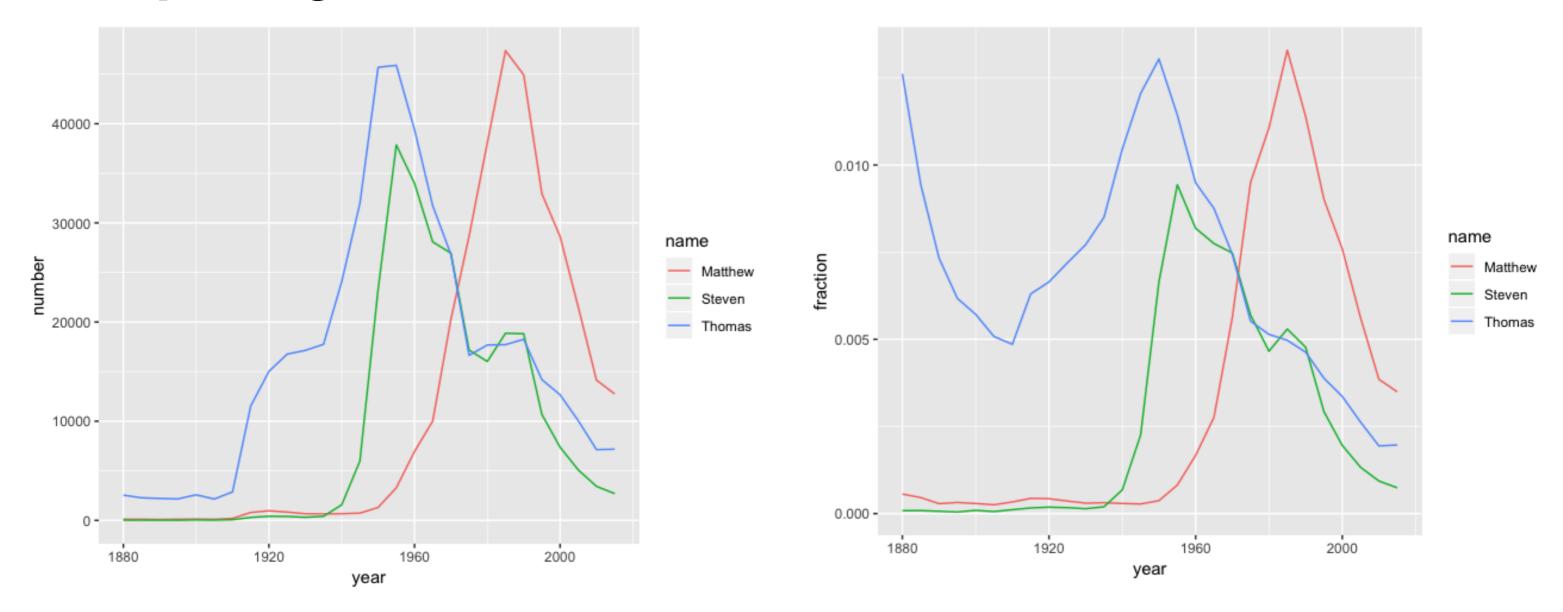
Add the fraction column

```
babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(fraction = number / year_total)
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 5
               number year_total fraction
   year name
  <dbl> <chr>
                <int>
                       <int>
                                   <dbl>
1 1880 Aaron
                      201478 0.000506
               102
 2 1880 Ab
                      201478 0.0000248
 3 1880 Abbie
                        201478 0.000352
 4 1880 Abbott
                      201478 0.0000248
 5 1880 Abby
                    6 201478 0.0000298
 6 1880 Abe
                      201478 0.000248
 7 1880 Abel
                         201478 0.0000447
                      201478 0.0000596
  1880 Abigail
 9 1880 Abner
                      201478 0.000134
   1880 Abraham
                        201478 0.000402
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



Comparing visualizations





Window functions

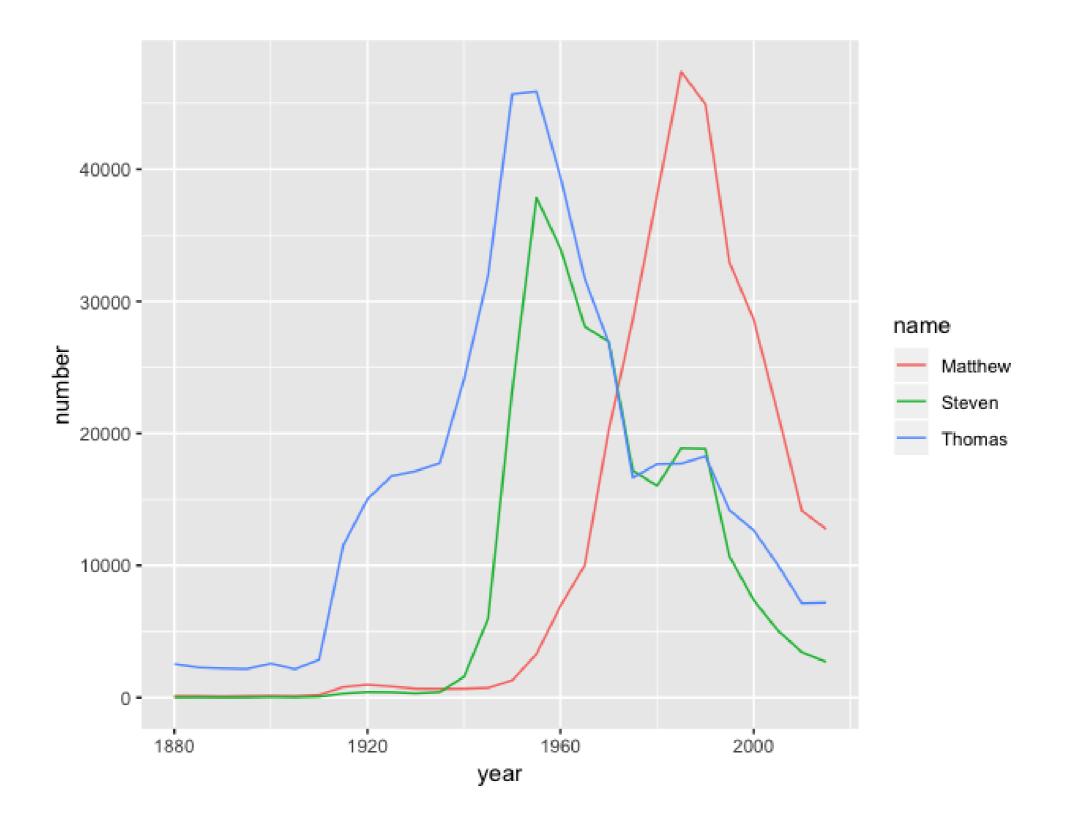
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Window function

```
v <- c(1, 3, 6, 14)
v
```

```
[1] 1 3 6 14
```

```
lag(v)
```

[1] NA 1 3 6

Compare consecutive steps

```
v - lag(v)
```

[1] NA 2 3 8

Changes in popularity of a name

```
babynames_fraction <- babynames %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  mutate(year_total = sum(number)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(fraction = number / year_total)
```

Matthew

```
babynames_fraction %>%

filter(name == "Matthew") %>%

arrange(year)
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 5
                 number year_total fraction
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
                                      <dbl>
 1 1880 Matthew
                   113
                            201478 0.000561
 2 1885 Matthew
                    111
                            240822 0.000461
   1890 Matthew
                            301352 0.000285
                     86
 4 1895 Matthew
                            350934 0.000319
                    112
   1900 Matthew
                            450148 0.000289
                    130
 6 1905 Matthew
                    107
                            423875 0.000252
 7 1910 Matthew
                    197
                            590607 0.000334
 8 1915 Matthew
                    798
                           1830351 0.000436
 9 1920 Matthew
                           2259494 0.000428
                    967
   1925 Matthew
                           2330750 0.000360
                    840
# ... with 18 more rows
```

Matthew over time

```
babynames_fraction %>%

filter(name == "Matthew") %>%

arrange(year) %>%

mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 6
                number year_total fraction difference
   year name
  <dbl> <chr>
                            <int>
                                     <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                 <int>
 1 1880 Matthew
                   113
                           201478 0.000561 NA
                           240822 0.000461 -0.0000999
 2 1885 Matthew
                   111
                           301352 0.000285 -0.000176
   1890 Matthew
 4 1895 Matthew
                           350934 0.000319 0.0000338
                   112
   1900 Matthew
                   130
                           450148 0.000289 -0.0000304
 6 1905 Matthew
                   107
                           423875 0.000252 -0.0000364
 7 1910 Matthew
                   197
                           590607 0.000334 0.0000811
 8 1915 Matthew
                   798
                          1830351 0.000436 0.000102
 9 1920 Matthew
                   967
                          2259494 0.000428 -0.00000801
10 1925 Matthew
                          2330750 0.000360 -0.0000676
                   840
# ... with 18 more rows
```



Biggest jump in popularity

```
babynames_fraction %>%

filter(name == "Matthew") %>%

arrange(year) %>%

mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction)) %>%

arrange(desc(difference))
```

```
# A tibble: 28 x 6
                 number year_total fraction difference
    year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                  <int>
                             <int>
                                      <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
 1 1975 Matthew 28665
                          3014943 0.00951
                                            0.00389
 2 1970 Matthew 20265
                          3604252 0.00562
                                            0.00286
 3 1985 Matthew 47367
                          3563364 0.0133
                                             0.00223
   1980 Matthew 38054
                          3439117 0.0111
                                            0.00156
   1965 Matthew 10015
                          3624610 0.00276
                                            0.00109
   1960 Matthew
                          4152075 0.00167
                   6942
                                            0.000853
 7 1955 Matthew
                          4012691 0.000819 0.000447
                   3287
   1915 Matthew
                          1830351 0.000436 0.000102
                   798
 9 1950 Matthew
                           3502592 0.000372 0.0000967
                   1303
   1910 Matthew
                   197
                           590607 0.000334 0.0000811
# ... with 18 more rows
```



Changes within every name

```
babynames_fraction %>%
  arrange(name, year) %>%
  mutate(difference = fraction - lag(fraction)) %>%
  group_by(name) %>%
  arrange(desc(difference))
```

```
# A tibble: 332,595 x 6
# Groups: name [48,040]
                 number year_total fraction difference
   year name
   <dbl> <chr>
                                      <dbl>
                  <int>
                            <int>
                                                 <dbl>
1 1880 John
                  9701
                           201478
                                     0.0481
                                                0.0481
                                                0.0475
 2 1880 William
                 9562
                           201478
                                     0.0475
 3 1880 Mary
                           201478
                                                0.0352
                   7092
                                     0.0352
 4 1880 James
                           201478
                                                0.0295
                   5949
                                     0.0295
                           201478
                                                0.0266
   1880 Charles
                   5359
                                     0.0266
                           201478
                                                0.0256
 6 1880 George
                   5152
                                     0.0256
 7 1880 Frank
                           201478
                                     0.0162
                                                0.0162
                   3255
 8 1935 Shirley 42790
                                                0.0137
                           2088487
                                     0.0205
 9 1880 Joseph
                   2642
                            201478
                                                0.0131
                                     0.0131
   1880 Anna
                   2616
                                                0.0129
                            201478
                                     0.0130
# ... with 332,585 more rows
```



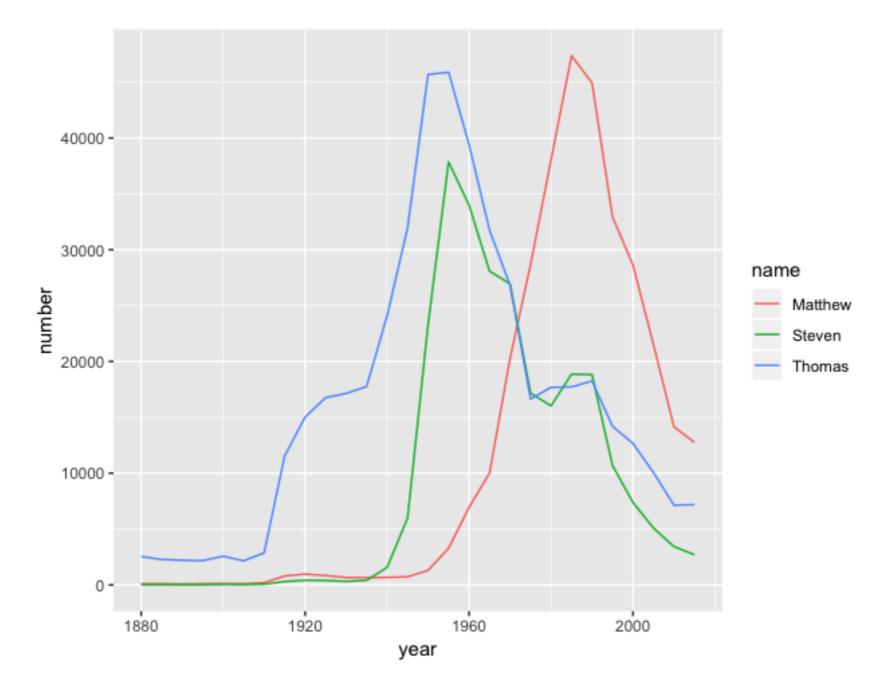
Summary

- select()
- filter()
- mutate()
- arrange()
- count()
- group_by()
- summarize()

Verbs table

	Keeps only specified variables	Keeps other variables
Can't change values	select	rename
Can change values	transmute	mutate

babynames data





Other DataCamp courses

- Exploratory Data Analysis in R: Case Study
- Working with Data in the Tidyverse
- Machine Learning in the Tidyverse
- Categorical Data in the Tidyverse