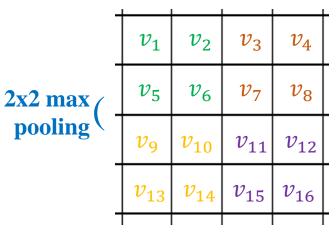
# Object Localization and Detection

Quang-Vinh Dinh Ph.D. in Computer Science

#### Max pooling: Features are preserved

$v_1$	$v_2$	$v_3$	$v_4$		
$v_5$	$v_6$	$v_7$	$v_8$		
$v_9$	$v_{10}$	$v_{11}$	$v_{12}$		
$v_{13}$	$v_{14}$	$v_{15}$	$v_{16}$		



_	ı		L
` _	$m_1$	$m_2$	
) —	$m_3$	$m_4$	
			Γ

$m_1 = \max(v_1, v_2, v_5, v_6)$
$m_2 = \max(v_3, v_4, v_7, v_8)$
$m_3 = \max(v_9, v_{10}, v_{13}, v_{14})$
$m_4 = \max(v_{11}, v_{12}, v_{15}, v_{16})$

Data

keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool\_size=2)





Feature map (220x220)





Feature map (110x110)

Feature map (55x55)

 $m_1$ 

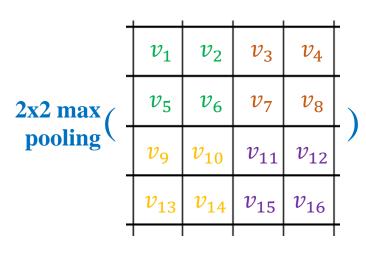
 $m_3$ 

 $m_2$ 

 $m_{4}$ 

#### **Max pooling**

ı			<del> </del>		
$v_1$	$v_2$	$v_3$	$v_4$		
$v_5$	$v_6$	$v_7$	$v_8$		
$v_9$	$v_{10}$	$v_{11}$	$v_{12}$		
$v_{13}$	$v_{14}$	$v_{15}$	$v_{16}$		
Data					



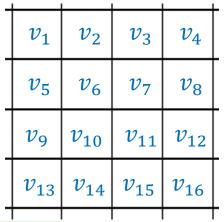
$$m_1 = \max(v_1, v_2, v_5, v_6)$$

$$m_2 = \max(v_3, v_4, v_7, v_8)$$

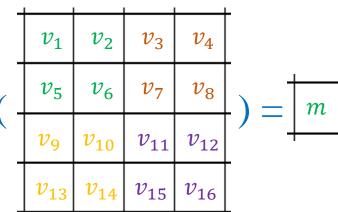
$$m_3 = \max(v_9, v_{10}, v_{13}, v_{14})$$

$$m_4 = \max(v_{11}, v_{12}, v_{15}, v_{16})$$

#### Global max pooling



global max pooling

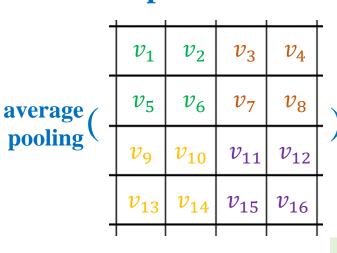


 $m = \max(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{16})$ 

keras.layers.GlobalMaxPool2D()

#### Average pooling: Features are preserved

$v_1$	$v_2$	$v_3$	$v_4$		
$v_5$	$v_6$	$v_7$	$v_8$		
$v_9$	$v_{10}$	$v_{11}$	$v_{12}$		
$v_{13}$	$v_{14}$	$v_{15}$	$v_{16}$		
Data					



$m_1 = \text{mean}(v_1, v_2, v_5, v_6)$
$m_2 = \operatorname{mean}(v_3, v_4, v_7, v_8)$
$m_3 = \mathrm{mean}(v_9, v_{10}, v_{13}, v_{14})$
$m_4 = \mathrm{mean}(v_{11}, v_{12}, v_{15}, v_{16})$

Feature map (220x220)

Average
Pooling (2x2)

 $m_1$ 

 $m_2$ 

 $m_4$ 



Average Pooling (2x2)

keras.layers. AveragePooling2D (pool\_size=2)

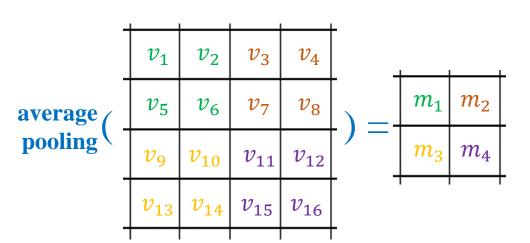


Feature map (110x110)

Feature map (55x55)

#### **Average pooling**

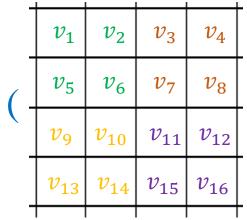
		Po		L		
$v_1$	$v_2$	$v_3$	$v_4$			
$v_5$	$v_6$	$v_7$	$v_8$			
$v_9$	$v_{10}$	$v_{11}$	$v_{12}$			
$v_{13}$	$v_{14}$	$v_{15}$	$v_{16}$			
Data						



#### Global average pooling

$v_1$	$v_2$	$v_3$	$v_4$
$v_5$	$v_6$	$v_7$	$v_8$
$v_9$	$v_{10}$	$v_{11}$	$v_{12}$
$v_{13}$	$v_{14}$	$v_{15}$	$v_{16}$

global average pooling



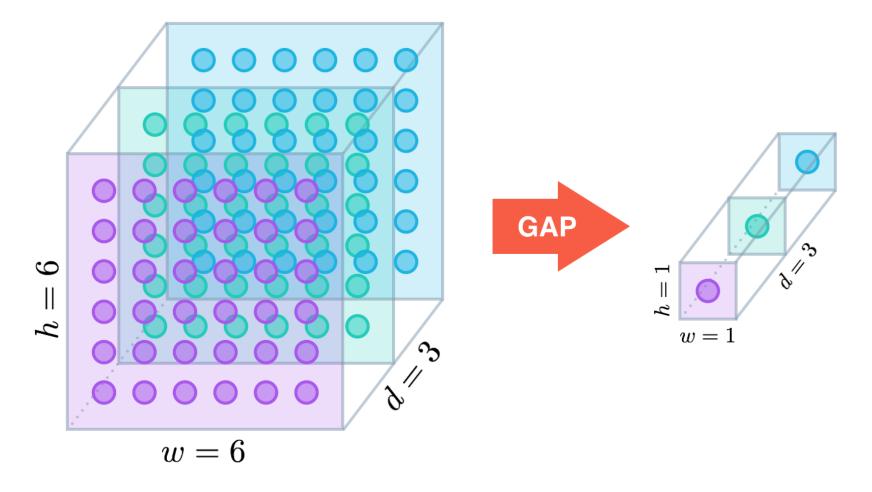
$$) = \boxed{m}$$

 $m = average(v_1, v_2, ..., v_{16})$ 

keras.layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()

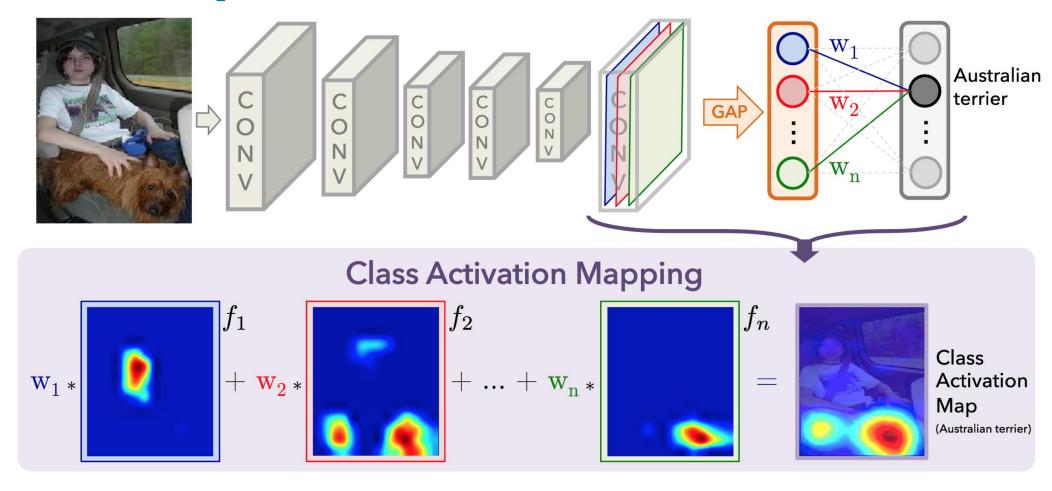
### **Object Localization**

#### **&** Global Average Pooling



### **Object Localization**

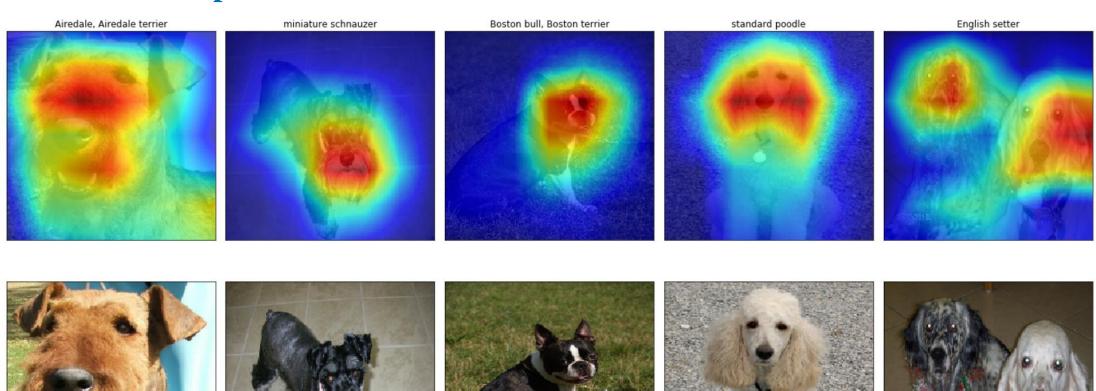
#### Class Heat Map



$$w_1 \cdot f_1 + w_2 \cdot f_2 + \ldots + w_{2048} \cdot f_{2048}$$

### **Object Localization**

#### Class Heat Map













ObjectLocalization.ipynb



### **Object Detection Metrics**

#### **❖ Intersection Over Union (IOU)**

$$IoU = \frac{B_p \cap B_{gt}}{B_p \cup B_{gt}}$$

$$IoU = \frac{area\ of\ overlap}{area\ of\ union} = \frac{}{}$$

**True Positive (TP)**: A correct detection. Detection with IOU > *threshold* 

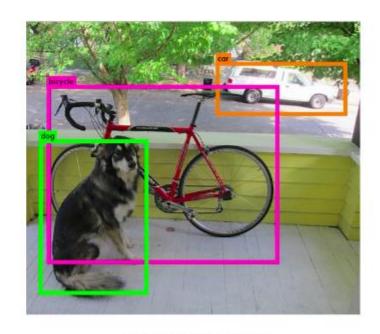
**False Positive (FP)**: A wrong detection. Detection with IOU < *threshold* 

threshold: depending on the metric, usually set to 50%, 75% or 95%.

#### **\*** Motivation



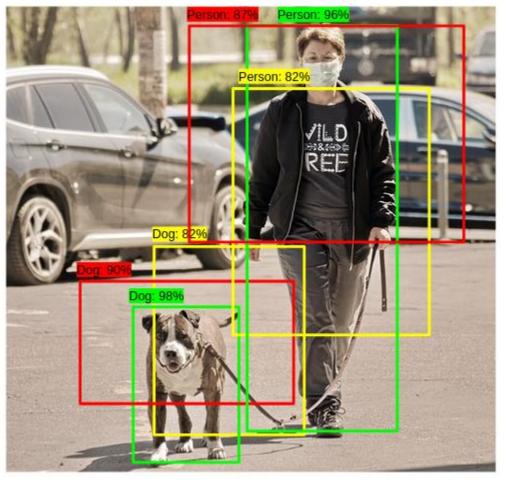
Multiple Bounding Boxes



Final Bounding Boxes

https://pjreddie.com/darknet/yolov1/

- **Confidence** score
- **❖ IoU**



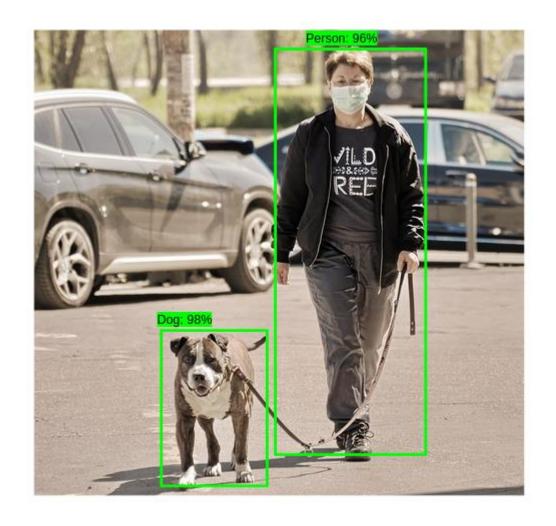
https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2020/08/selecting-the-right-bounding-box-using-non-max-suppression-with-implementation/



#### **Procedure**

Select the bounding box with the highest confidence score

Remove all the other boxes with high overlap



#### **Procedure**

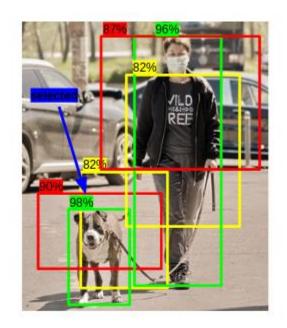
**Step 1:** Select the box with highest objectiveness score

**Step 2:** Then, compare the overlap (intersection over union) of this box with other boxes

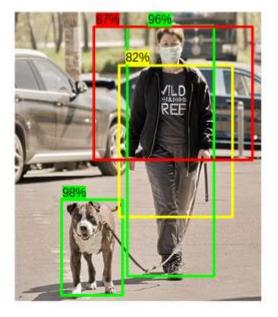
**Step 3:** Remove the bounding boxes with overlap (intersection over union) >50%

**Step 4:** Then, move to the next highest objectiveness score

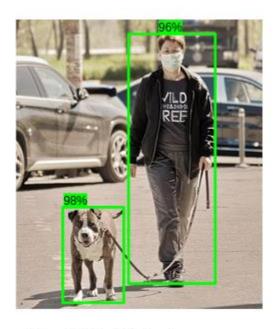
**Step 5:** Finally, repeat steps 2-4



Step 1: Selecting Bounding box with highest score



Step 3: Delete Bounding box with high overlap



Step 5: Final Output



#### **20** categories

Person: person

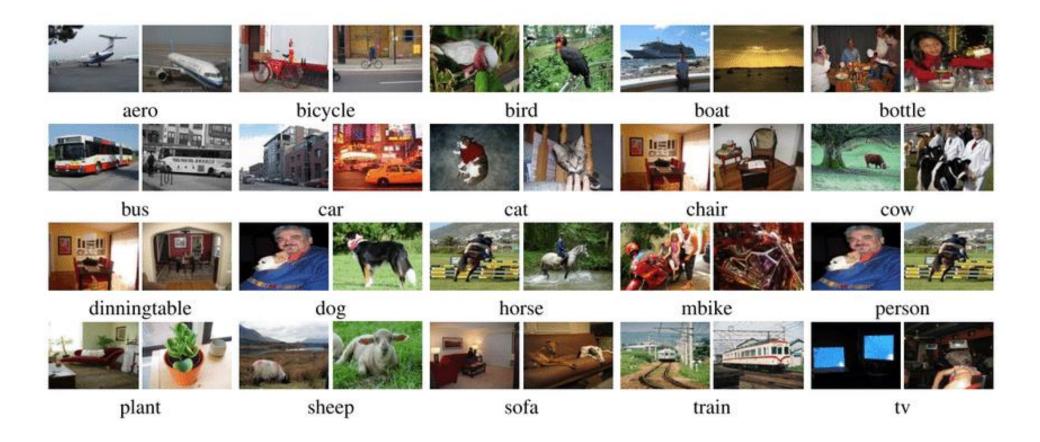
Animal: bird, cat, cow, dog, horse, sheep

Vehicle: aeroplane, bicycle, boat, bus, car, motorbike, train

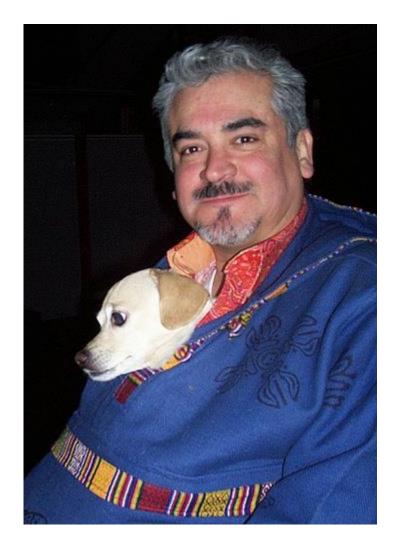
Indoor: bottle, chair, dining table, potted plant, sofa, tv/monitor

Year 2021

#### **20 categories**



#### **Example**



```
⊟<annotation>
     <folder>VOC2007</folder>
     <filename>000001.jpg</filename>
     <source>
        <database>The VOC2007 Database
        <annotation>PASCAL VOC2007</annotation>
        <image>flickr</image>
        <flickrid>341012865</flickrid>
     </source>
     <owner>
        <flickrid>Fried Camels</flickrid>
        <name>Jinky the Fruit Bat</name>
     </owner>
     <size>
        <width>353</width>
        <height>500</height>
        <depth>3</depth>
     </size>
     <segmented>0</segmented>
     <object>
        <name>dog</name>
        <pose>Left</pose>
        <truncated>1</truncated>
        <difficult>0</difficult>
        <br/>bndbox>
            <xmin>48</xmin>
            <ymin>240
            <xmax>195
            <ymax>371
        </bndbox>
     </object>
     <object>
        <name>person</name>
        <pose>Left</pose>
        <truncated>1</truncated>
        <difficult>0</difficult>
         <br/>bndbox>
            <xmin>8</xmin>
            <ymin>12
            <xmax>352
            <ymax>498
        </bndbox>
     </object>
</annotation>
```

#### Data Processing

'aeroplane': 0

'bicycle': 1

'bird': 2

'boat': 3

'bottle': 4

'bus': 5

'car': 6

'cat': 7

'chair': 8

'cow': 9

'diningtable': 10

'dog': 11

'horse': 12

'motorbike': 13

'person': 14

'pottedplant': 15

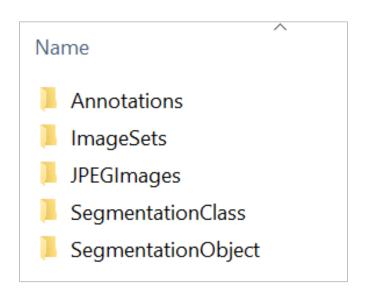
'sheep': 16

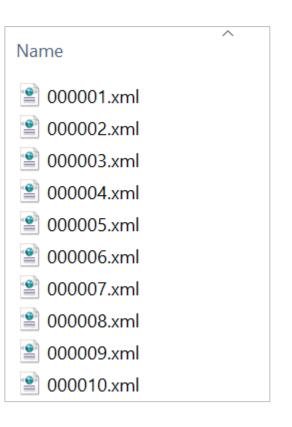
'sofa': 17

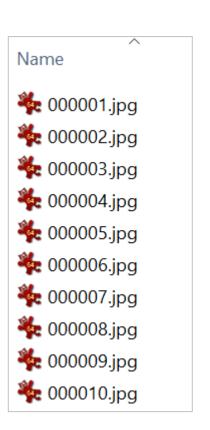
'train': 18

'tv/monitor': 19

#### Data Processing



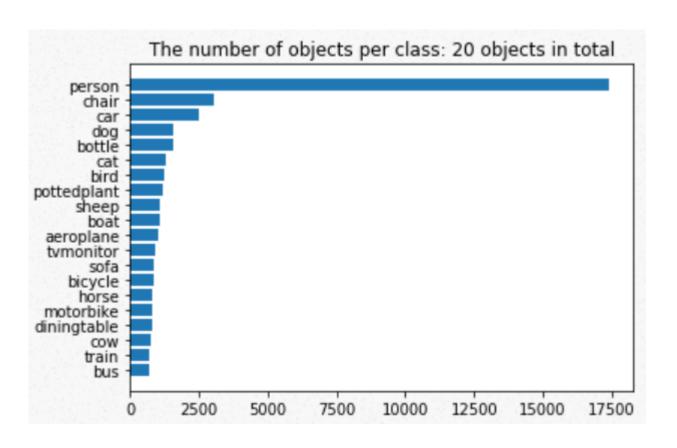




#### **\*** Data Processing

```
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000153.jpg 237,147,358,191,6
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000154.jpg 59,76,367,266,3
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000159.jpg 234,48,286,124,14 1,16,498,333,6
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000161.jpg 104,34,446,390,6 68,195,121,288,6
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000162.jpg 306,227,380,299,19 196,143,309,369,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000163.jpg 52,22,308,328,14 26,108,456,396,13
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000164.jpg 114,154,369,348,13 292,49,446,370,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000171.jpg 1,290,128,407,11 94,21,375,491,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000173.jpg 106,64,270,297,14 109,64,288,464,12
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000174.jpg 143,5,426,333,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000187.jpg 1,95,240,336,19
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000189.jpg 65,39,459,346,2
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000192.jpg 116,64,356,375,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000193.jpg 80,4,500,375,14 1,29,227,375,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000194.jpg 86,36,239,224,12 115,19,203,136,14 279,77,298,132,14
VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000198.jpg 160,134,286,239,18
```

#### **Statistics**



	train		V	al	trainval		
	Images	Objects	Images	Objects	Images	Objects	
Aeroplane	112	151	126	155	238	306	
Bicycle	116	176	127	177	243	353	
Bird	180	243	150	243	330	486	
Boat	81	140	100	150	181	290	
Bottle	139	253	105	252	244	505	
Bus	97	115	89	114	186	229	
Car	376	625	337	625	713	1250	
Cat	163	186	174	190	337	376	
Chair	224	400	221	398	445	798	
Cow	69	136	72	123	141	259	
Diningtable	97	103	103	112	200	215	
Dog	203	253	218	257	421	510	
Horse	139	182	148	180	287	362	
Motorbike	120	167	125	172	245	339	
Person	1025	2358	983	2332	2008	4690	
Pottedplant	133	248	112	266	245	514	
Sheep	48	130	48	127	96	257	
Sofa	111	124	118	124	229	248	
Train	127	145	134	152	261	297	
Tvmonitor	128	166	128	158	256	324	
Total	2501	6301	2510	6307	5011	12608	

#### **\*** Data Processing

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import cv2
    import numpy as np
    # read an image
    image = cv2.imread('VOCdevkit/VOC2007/JPEGImages/000026.jpg')
    image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB)
    print(image.shape)
    # draw bounding boxes
    color = (255, 0, 0)
    thickness = 2
    image = cv2.rectangle(image, (90,125), (337,212), color, thickness)
14
    # plot image
16 | fig = plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(image/255.0)
(333, 500, 3)
```



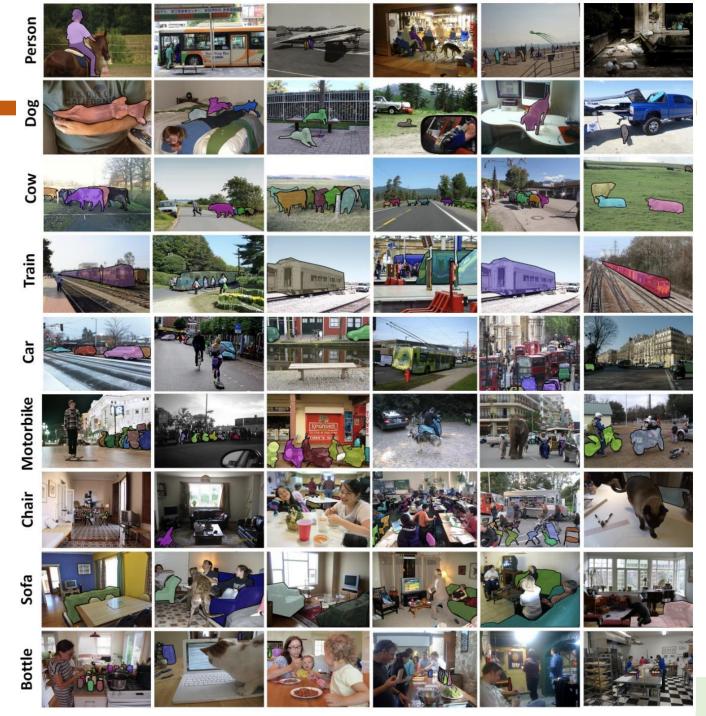
### **COCO Dataset**

Common Objects in Context

121,408 images

883,331 object annotations

80 classes



### **COCO Dataset**

#### **Common Objects in Context**

person	10,777	
car	1,918	
chair	1,771	
book	1,129	
bottle	1,013	
cup	895	
diningtable	695	
traffic light	634	
bowl	623	
handbag	540	
bird	427	
boat	424	
truck	414	
bench	411	
umbrella	407	
cow	372	
backpack	371	
banana	370	
motorbike	367	
carrot	365	•
sheep	354	•
pottedplant	342	•
wine glass	341	•

donut	328 •
kite	327 •
knife	325 •
bicycle	314 •
broccoli	312 •
cake	310 •
suitcase	299 •
tvmonitor	288 •
orange	285 •
pizza	284 •
bus	283 •
remote	283 •
vase	274 •
horse	272 •
clock	267 •
surfboard	267 •
zebra	266 •
cell phone	262 •
sofa	261 •
sports ball	260 •
spoon	253 •
elephant	252 •
tie	252 •
skis	241 •
apple	236 •
giraffe	232 •
laptop	231 •
sink	225 •
tennis racket	225 •
dog	218 •
fork	215 •
cat	202 •
teddy bear	190 •



#### **Use as blackbox**

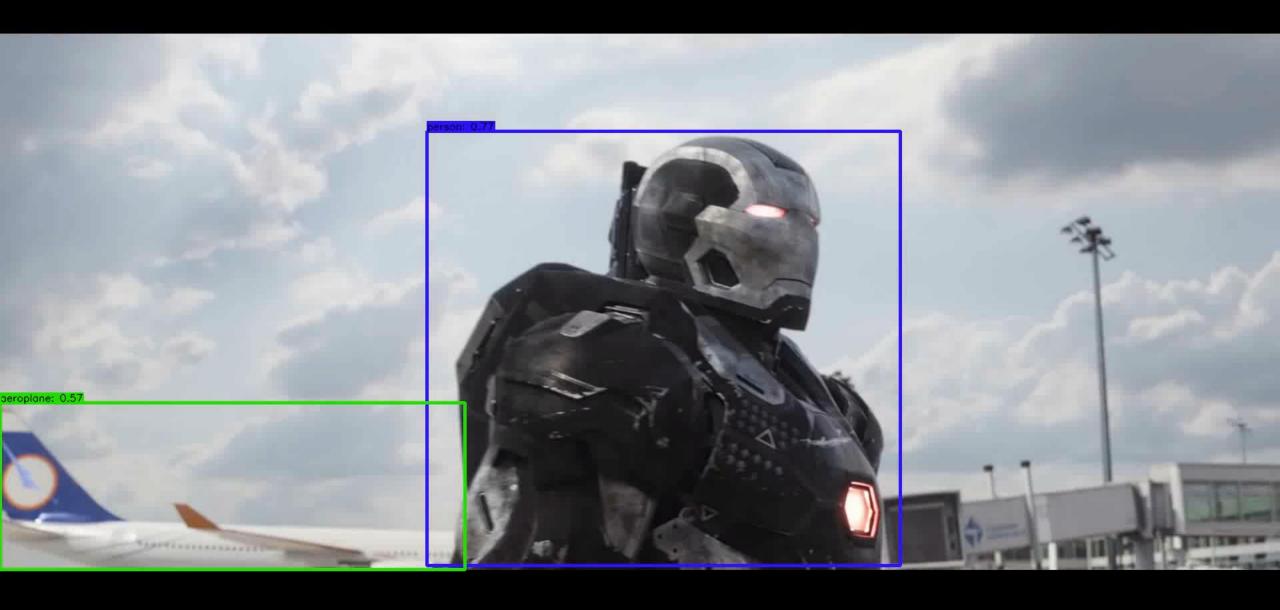
#### yolov4-custom-functions



A wide range of custom functions for YOLOv4, YOLOv4-tiny, YOLOv3, and YOLOv3-tiny implemented in TensorFlow, TFLite and TensorRT.

DISCLAIMER: This repository is very similar to my repository: tensorflow-yolov4-tflite. I created this repository to explore coding custom functions to be implemented with YOLOv4, and they may worsen the overal speed of the application and make it not optimized in respect to time complexity. So if you want to run the most optimal YOLOv4 code with TensorFlow than head over to my other repository. This one is to explore cool customizations and applications that can be created using YOLOv4!





#### **Use as blackbox**

```
# load model
saved_model_loaded = tf.saved_model.load(flags_weights, tags=[tag_constants.SERVING])
# load image
original_image = cv2.imread(image_path)
original_image = cv2.cvtColor(original_image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
image_data = cv2.resize(original_image, (input_size, input_size))
image_data = image_data / 255.
# get image name by using split method
image_name = image_path.split('/')[-1]
image_name = image_name.split('.')[0]
```

#### **Use as blackbox**

```
#load model and detect objects
infer = saved model loaded.signatures['serving default']
batch data = tf.constant(images data)
pred bbox = infer(batch data)
for key, value in pred bbox.items():
   boxes = value[:, :, 0:4]
   pred conf = value[:, :, 4:]
# run non max suppression on detections
boxes, scores, classes, valid detections = tf.image.combined non max suppression (
    boxes=tf.reshape(boxes, (tf.shape(boxes)[0], -1, 1, 4)),
    scores=tf.reshape(
        pred conf, (tf.shape(pred conf)[0], -1, tf.shape(pred conf)[-1])),
   max output size per class=50,
   max total size=50,
    iou threshold=flags iou,
    score threshold=flags score
```

- **\*** Use as black-box
- **Detect for a specific object**

