Section 1.2

October 1, 2023

Figures for Section 1.2

```
[19]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
```

Figure 1.5

100 simulated values of the cyclical time series (left panel), the stochastic amplitude (middle panel), and the sine part (right panel).

```
[10]: # plot for Cyclical Time Series seq
def genCTS(R,phi):
    t = np.arange(1, 101)
    lmbda = np.pi / 25

    cyc = R * np.sin(lmbda * t + phi)

    return cyc
```

```
[17]: R1 = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 1, 100)
    phi = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 100)
    simulated100 = genCTS(R1,phi)

R2 = np.random.uniform(-1, 1, 100)
    stochasticAm = genCTS(R2,phi)

R3 = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 1, 100)
    phi3 = np.random.standard_normal(100)
    sinePart = genCTS(R3,phi3)
```

```
[21]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize=(12,4),constrained_layout = True)
    axs[0].plot(simulated100)
    axs[1].plot(stochasticAm)
    axs[2].plot(sinePart)
    plt.show()
```

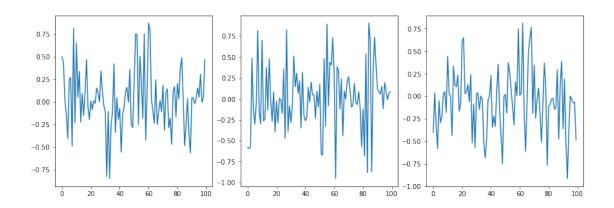


Figure 1.6 1000 simulated values of iid N(0;1) noise (left panel) and a random walk with iid N(0;1) innovations (right panel).

```
[31]: # iid noise
z = np.random.standard_normal(1000)
# random walk
rw = np.cumsum(z)

[32]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(9,4),constrained_layout = True)
axs[0].plot(z)
axs[1].plot(rw)
```

[32]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f9151f2b750>]

