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Introduction

In this article, we will demonstrate how we can create custom authentication app. As you know, authentication and authorization in a website project are still very important to give access to the users based on their roles. For building custom authentication, we use membership provider class which is able to check the user credentials (username & password) and role provider class that is used to verify the user authorization based on his/her roles.

Finally, I'd like to mention that we are using ASP.NET MVC framework in order to build our system. I hope you will like it.

- [Download Source Code](#)

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- Create MVC application.
- Create a database (Using Entity Framework Code First).
- Implementing Membership provider and role provider.
- Create controller.
- Add Authorization filter.

Overview

The scenario of our authentication system is as follows -

1. The user will provide his/her credentials data (Login & Password) then we need to call ValidateUser method which is defined within our custom membership provider class. TValidateUser method will return true or false value to see if the user already exists from database or not.
2. Notice that, we must specify custom membership provider which will be used. This update we need to do it within Web.config file.
3. When the user is authenticated successfully, Authorize Attribute filter will be invoked automatically to check if the user has access or not for requested resource and role provider is the class that is responsible to do that based on user role.
4. Note, we must also specify role provider which will be used within Web.config file.

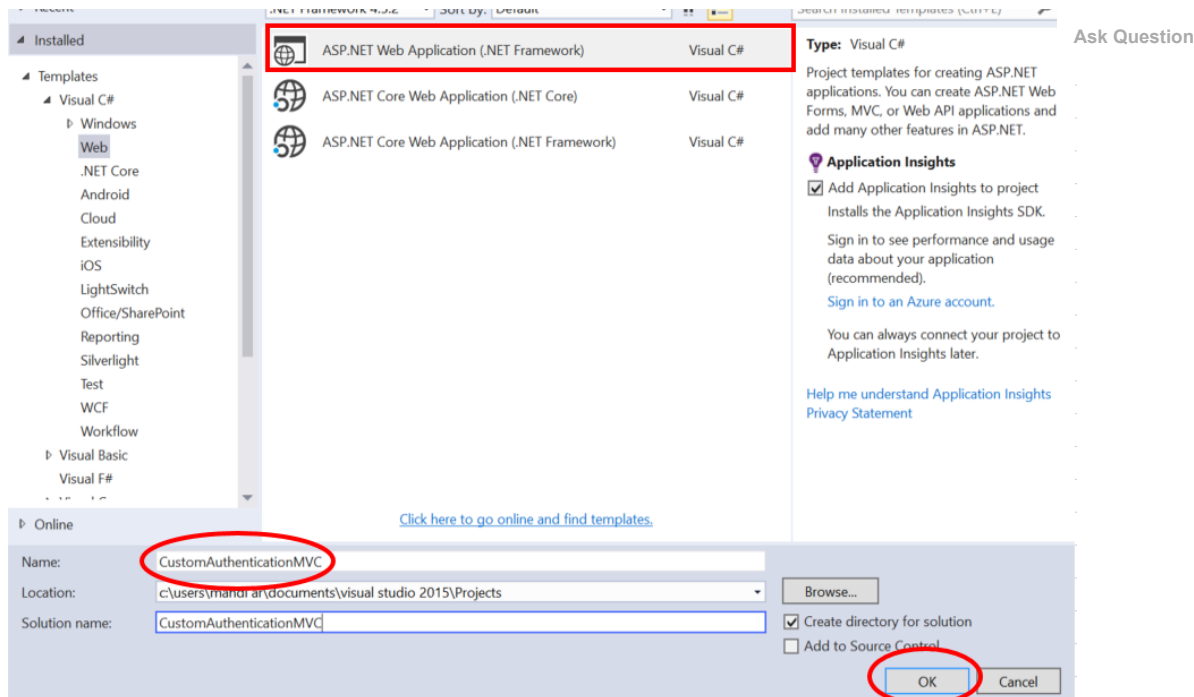
Prerequisites

Make sure you have installed Visual Studio 2015 (.Net Framework 4.5.2) and SQL Server.

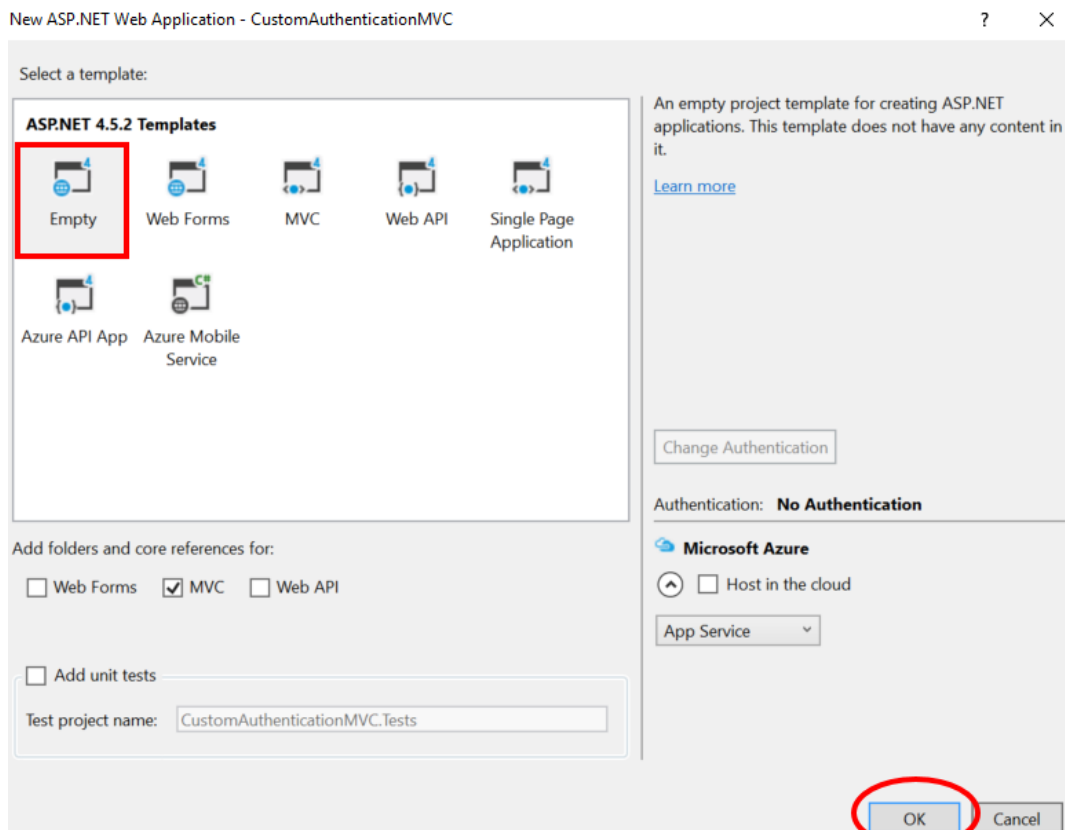
Create your MVC application

Open Visual Studio and select File >> New Project.

The "New Project" window will pop up. Select ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework), name your project, and click OK.



Next, new dialog will pop up for selecting the template. We are going choose Empty template and click Ok.



Once our project is created, we will create database using entity framework (Code first approach).

SQL Database part

As you know, entity framework has a different approach to map database such as database first, model first, and code first. In this article, I'd like to show you how we can create database using code first approach.

Let's follow the steps below to create our database. Before of all, we are going create Data Access folder.

To do that. From solution explorer >> right click on project name >> Add >> New Folder.

After that, we are adding User and Role entities respectively.

User.cs

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```

3  using System.Linq;
4  using System.Web;
5
6  namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess
7  {
8      public class User
9      {
10         public int UserId { get; set; }
11         public string Username { get; set; }
12         public string FirstName { get; set; }
13         public string LastName { get; set; }
14         public string Email { get; set; }
15         public string Password { get; set; }
16         public bool IsActive { get; set; }
17         public Guid ActivationCode { get; set; }
18         public virtual ICollection<Role> Roles { get; set; }
19     }
20 }
21

```

Role.cs

```

1  using System;
2  using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using System.Linq;
4  using System.Web;
5
6  namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess
7  {
8      public class Role
9      {
10         public int RoleId { get; set; }
11         public string RoleName { get; set; }
12         public virtual ICollection<User> Users { get; set; }
13     }
14 }

```

As final step, We are adding our AuthenticationDB context which will help us to access data from database. Usually context inherits from dbContext class.

AuthenticationDB.cs

```

2  using CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess;
3  using System;
4  using System.Collections.Generic;
5  using System.Data.Entity;
6  using System.Linq;
7  using System.Web;
8  using System.Web.Configuration;
9
10 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess
11 {
12     public class AuthenticationDB : DbContext
13     {
14         public AuthenticationDB()
15             :base("AuthenticationDB")
16         {
17         }
18     }
19
20     protected override void OnModelCreating(DbModelBuilder modelBuilder)
21     {
22         modelBuilder.Entity<User>()
23             .HasMany(u => u.Roles)
24             .WithMany(r => r.Users)
25     }
26 }

```

```

26         m.ToTable("UserRoles");
27         m.MapLeftKey("UserId");
28         m.MapRightKey("RoleId");
29     });
30 }
31
32 public DbSet<User> Users { get; set; }
33 public DbSet<Role> Roles { get; set; }
34 }
35 }

```

[Ask Question](#)**Note**

Make sure that you have added connection string of your database in Web.config file.

```

1 <connectionStrings>
2   <add name="AuthenticationDB" connectionString="Data Source=.;Initial Catalog=CustomAuthenticationDB;Integrat
3 </connectionStrings>

```

Now, Open Package Manager console and type the following command.

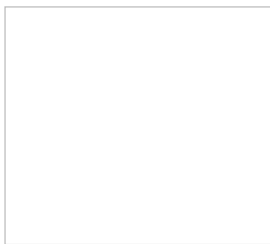
Enable-migrations

After that, I can see that we are ready to create our database. Run the following commands respectively.

```

add-migration "initial_migration"
update-database -verbose

```



As you can see above, all the tables have been added successfully.

Implementing Membership Provider and Role Provider

Let's start implementing custom MemberShip Provider.

Now, first thing that we need to do is to create CustomMembership class that should inherits from MembershipProvider.

After doing that, according to our requirement, we are going to override the following methods,

- ValidateUser which takes username and password as parameters and test simply if user exists or not.
- GetUser is responsible to return user data based on username parameter.
- GetUserNameByEmail accepts email as parameter, and return username as result.

CustomMembership.cs

```

4 using CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess;
5 using System;
6 using System.Collections.Generic;
7 using System.Linq;
8 using System.Web;
9 using System.Web.Security;
10
11 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication
12 {
13     public class CustomMembership : MembershipProvider
14     {
15
16
17         /// <summary>

```

[Ask Question](#)

```

20  /// <param name="username"></param>
21  /// <param name="password"></param>
22  /// <returns></returns>
23  public override bool ValidateUser(string username, string password)
24  {
25      if(string.IsNullOrEmpty(username) || string.IsNullOrEmpty(password))
26      {
27          return false;
28      }
29
30      using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new AuthenticationDB())
31      {
32          var user = (from us in dbContext.Users
33                      where string.Compare(username, us.Username, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0
34                        && string.Compare(password, us.Password, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0
35                        && us.IsActive == true
36                      select us).FirstOrDefault();
37
38          return (user != null) ? true : false;
39      }
40  }
41
42  /// <summary>
43  ///
44  /// </summary>
45  /// <param name="username"></param>
46  /// <param name="password"></param>
47  /// <param name="email"></param>
48  /// <param name="passwordQuestion"></param>
49  /// <param name="passwordAnswer"></param>
50  /// <param name="isApproved"></param>
51  /// <param name="providerUserKey"></param>
52  /// <param name="status"></param>
53  /// <returns></returns>
54  public override MembershipUser CreateUser(string username, string password, string email, string passwordQuestion,
55  {
56      throw new NotImplementedException();
57  }
58
59  /// <summary>
60  ///
61  /// </summary>
62  /// <param name="username"></param>
63  /// <param name="userIsOnline"></param>
64  /// <returns></returns>
65  public override MembershipUser GetUser(string username, bool userIsOnline)
66  {
67      using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new AuthenticationDB())
68      {
69          var user = (from us in dbContext.Users
70                      where string.Compare(username, us.Username, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0
71                      select us).FirstOrDefault();
72
73          if(user == null)
74          {
75              return null;
76          }
77          var selectedUser = new CustomMembershipUser(user);
78
79          return selectedUser;
80      }
81  }
82

```

```
85     using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new DataAccess.AuthenticationDB()) Ask Question
86     {
87         string username = (from u in dbContext.Users
88                             where string.Compare(email, u.Email) == 0
89                             select u.Username).FirstOrDefault();
90
91         return !string.IsNullOrEmpty(username) ? username : string.Empty;
92     }
93 }
94
95 #region Overrides of Membership Provider
96
97 public override string ApplicationName
98 {
99     get
100     {
101         throw new NotImplementedException();
102     }
103
104     set
105     {
106         throw new NotImplementedException();
107     }
108 }
109
110 public override bool EnablePasswordReset
111 {
112     get
113     {
114         throw new NotImplementedException();
115     }
116 }
117
118 public override bool EnablePasswordRetrieval
119 {
120     get
121     {
122         throw new NotImplementedException();
123     }
124 }
125
126 public override int MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts
127 {
128     get
129     {
130         throw new NotImplementedException();
131     }
132 }
133
134 public override int MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters
135 {
136     get
137     {
138         throw new NotImplementedException();
139     }
140 }
141
142 public override int MinRequiredPasswordLength
143 {
144     get
145     {
146         throw new NotImplementedException();
147     }
148 }
```

[Ask Question](#)

```
150 public override int PasswordAttemptWindow
151 {
152     get
153     {
154         throw new NotImplementedException();
155     }
156 }
157
158 public override MembershipPasswordFormat PasswordFormat
159 {
160     get
161     {
162         throw new NotImplementedException();
163     }
164 }
165
166 public override string PasswordStrengthRegularExpression
167 {
168     get
169     {
170         throw new NotImplementedException();
171     }
172 }
173
174 public override bool RequiresQuestionAndAnswer
175 {
176     get
177     {
178         throw new NotImplementedException();
179     }
180 }
181
182 public override bool RequiresUniqueEmail
183 {
184     get
185     {
186         throw new NotImplementedException();
187     }
188 }
189
190 public override bool ChangePassword(string username, string oldPassword, string newPassword)
191 {
192     throw new NotImplementedException();
193 }
194
195 public override bool ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer(string username, string password, string newPassword)
196 {
197     throw new NotImplementedException();
198 }
199
200 public override bool DeleteUser(string username, bool deleteAllRelatedData)
201 {
202     throw new NotImplementedException();
203 }
204
205 public override MembershipUserCollection FindUsersByEmail(string emailToMatch, int pageIndex, int pageSize)
206 {
207     throw new NotImplementedException();
208 }
209
210 public override MembershipUserCollection FindUsersByName(string usernameToMatch, int pageIndex, int pageSize)
211 {
212     throw new NotImplementedException();
```

```

215     public override MembershipUserCollection GetAllUsers(int pageIndex, int pageCount, int totalRecords)
216     {
217         throw new NotImplementedException();
218     }
219
220     public override int GetNumberOfUsersOnline()
221     {
222         throw new NotImplementedException();
223     }
224
225     public override string GetPassword(string username, string answer)
226     {
227         throw new NotImplementedException();
228     }
229
230     public override MembershipUser GetUser(object providerUserKey, bool userIsOnline)
231     {
232         throw new NotImplementedException();
233     }
234
235     public override string ResetPassword(string username, string answer)
236     {
237         throw new NotImplementedException();
238     }
239
240     public override bool UnlockUser(string userName)
241     {
242         throw new NotImplementedException();
243     }
244
245     public override void UpdateUser(MembershipUser user)
246     {
247         throw new NotImplementedException();
248     }
249
250     #endregion
251 }

```

A
V

I'd like to point out, GetUser method uses CustomMembershipUser class to get only what we need as user informations.

CustomMembershipUser.cs

```

2  using System;
3  using CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess;
4  using System.Collections.Generic;
5  using System.Linq;
6  using System.Web;
7  using System.Web.Security;
8
9  namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication
10 {
11     public class CustomMembershipUser : MembershipUser
12     {
13         #region User Properties
14
15         public int UserId { get; set; }
16         public string FirstName { get; set; }
17         public string LastName { get; set; }
18         public ICollection<Role> Roles { get; set; }

```



```

21
22                                     Ask Question
23     public CustomMembershipUser(User user):base("CustomMembership", user.Username, user.UserId, user.Email, s
24     {
25         UserId = user.UserId;
26         FirstName = user.FirstName;
27         LastName = user.LastName;
28         Roles = user.Roles;
29     }
30 }

```

Note, as we mentioned before, the second step consists of adding our customMembership within Web.config file. This is what we are going to do now, edit web.config file and adding the following code snippet.

```

1  <membership defaultProvider="CustomMembership">
2    <providers>
3      <clear/>
4      <add name="CustomMembership"
5          type="CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication.CustomMembership"/>
6    </providers>
7  </membership>

```

Now, we will switch to implement Custom Role Provider.

Here, we need to create CustomRole class that should inherit from RoleProvider then we will override GetRolesForUser & IsUserInRole methods respectively.

CustomRole.cs

```

3  using CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess;
4  using System;
5  using System.Collections.Generic;
6  using System.Linq;
7  using System.Web;
8  using System.Web.Security;
9
10 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication
11 {
12     public class CustomRole : RoleProvider
13     {
14         /// <summary>
15         ///
16         /// </summary>
17         /// <param name="username"></param>
18         /// <param name="roleName"></param>
19         /// <returns></returns>
20         public override bool IsUserInRole(string username, string roleName)
21         {
22             var userRoles = GetRolesForUser(username);
23             return userRoles.Contains(roleName);
24         }
25
26         /// <summary>
27         ///
28         /// </summary>
29         /// <param name="username"></param>
30         /// <returns></returns>
31         public override string[] GetRolesForUser(string username)
32         {
33             if (!HttpContext.Current.User.Identity.IsAuthenticated)
34             {
35                 return null;
36             }
37

```

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```
40     using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new AuthenticationDB())
41     {
42         var selectedUser = (from us in dbContext.Users.Include("Roles")
43                             where string.Compare(us.Username, username, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0
44                             select us).FirstOrDefault();
45         if(selectedUser != null)
46         {
47             userRoles = new[] { selectedUser.Roles.Select(r=>r.RoleName).ToString() };
48         }
49
50         return userRoles.ToArray();
51     }
52 }
53
54 #region Overrides of Role Provider
55
56 public override string ApplicationName
57 {
58     get
59     {
60         throw new NotImplementedException();
61     }
62
63     set
64     {
65         throw new NotImplementedException();
66     }
67 }
68
69 public override void AddUsersToRoles(string[] usernames, string[] roleNames)
70 {
71     throw new NotImplementedException();
72 }
73
74 public override void CreateRole(string roleName)
75 {
76     throw new NotImplementedException();
77 }
78
79 public override bool DeleteRole(string roleName, bool throwOnPopulatedRole)
80 {
81     throw new NotImplementedException();
82 }
83
84 public override string[] FindUsersInRole(string roleName, string usernameToMatch)
85 {
86     throw new NotImplementedException();
87 }
88
89 public override string[] GetAllRoles()
90 {
91     throw new NotImplementedException();
92 }
93
94 public override string[] GetUsersInRole(string roleName)
95 {
96     throw new NotImplementedException();
97 }
98
99
100 public override void RemoveUsersFromRoles(string[] usernames, string[] roleNames)
101 {
102     throw new NotImplementedException();
```

```

105         public override bool RoleExists(string roleName)
106         {
107             throw new NotImplementedException();
108         }
109     }
110 #endregion
}

```

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method takes username and rolename as parameters and checks if user has a role that will allow him access to the requested resource.

Next, do not forget editing web.config file and adding the following code snippet.

```

1 <roleManager defaultProvider="CustomRole" enabled="true">
2   <providers>
3     <clear/>
4     <add name="CustomRole" type="CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication.CustomRole" />
5   </providers>
6 </roleManager>

```

Now, we are implementing custom principal and identity. By default to get user informations from http request, we have user property that contains basics user data. Deeply, user informations is accessed via `IPrincipal` interface. In fact, this interface has `Identity` property that encapsulates all user information.

As we mentioned before, user property holds only basic user informations but the idea is to extend this property in order to have more informations which will be helpful.

Now, we are going create `CustomPrincipal` class that inherits from `IPrincipal` interface.

CustomPrincipal.cs

```

1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Linq;
4 using System.Security.Principal;
5 using System.Web;
6
7 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication
8 {
9     public class CustomPrincipal : IPrincipal
10     {
11         #region Identity Properties
12
13         public int UserId { get; set; }
14         public string FirstName { get; set; }
15         public string LastName { get; set; }
16         public string Email { get; set; }
17         public string[] Roles { get; set; }
18         #endregion
19
20         public IIdentity Identity
21         {
22             get; private set;
23         }
24
25         public bool IsInRole(string role)
26         {
27             if (Roles.Any(r => role.Contains(r)))
28             {
29                 return true;
30             }
31             else
32             {
33                 return false;
34             }
35         }
36     }
37 }

```

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```
36  
37     public CustomPrincipal(string username)  
38     {  
39         Identity = new GenericIdentity(username);  
40     }  
41 }  
42 }
```

Note

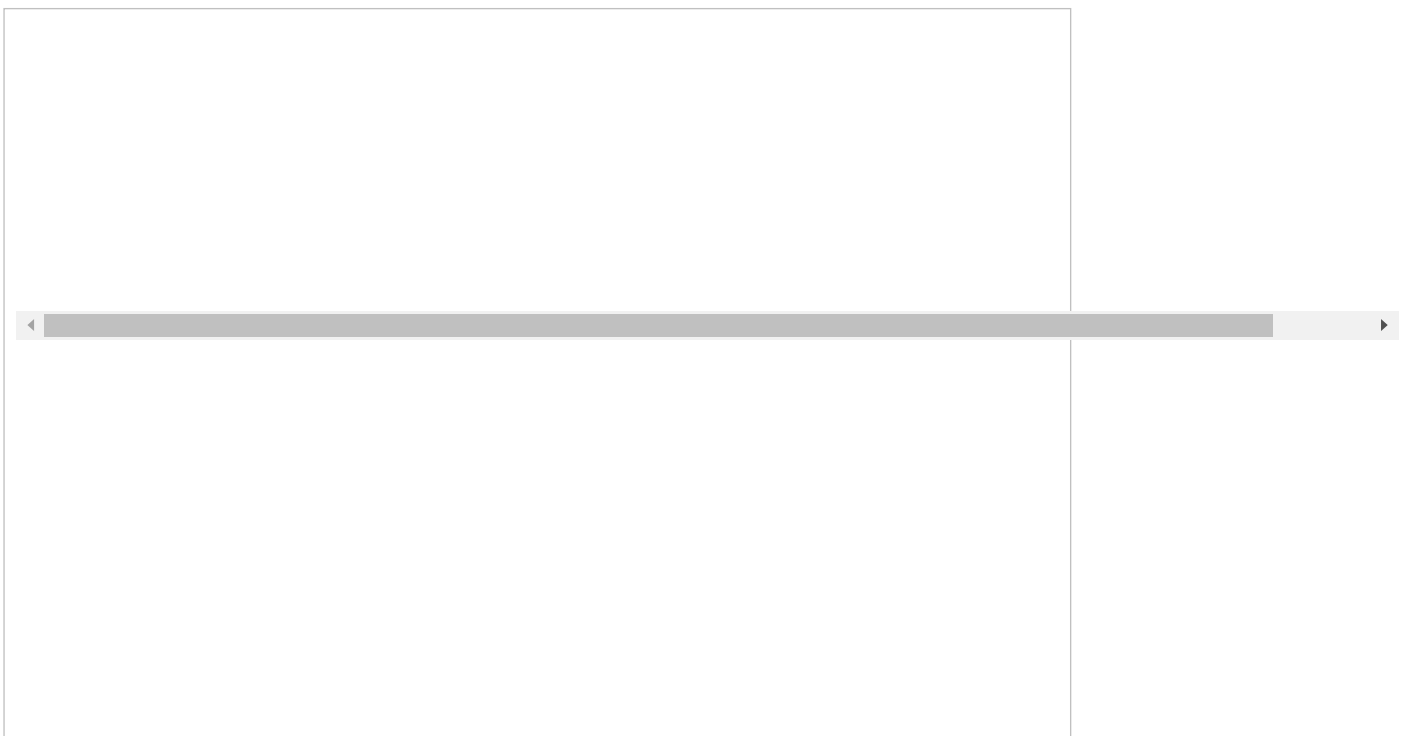
To replace the default user property from HttpContext. We will add the following code snippet inside Global.asax

```
1  protected void Application_PostAuthenticateRequest(Object sender, EventArgs e)  
2  {  
3      HttpCookie authCookie = Request.Cookies["Cookie1"];  
4      if (authCookie != null)  
5      {  
6          FormsAuthenticationTicket authTicket = FormsAuthentication.Decrypt(authCookie.Value);  
7  
8          var serializeModel = JsonConvert.DeserializeObject<CustomSerializeModel>(authTicket.UserData);  
9          CustomPrincipal principal = new CustomPrincipal(authTicket.Name);  
10         principal.UserId = serializeModel.UserId;  
11         principal.FirstName = serializeModel.FirstName;  
12         principal.LastName = serializeModel.LastName;  
13         principal.Roles = serializeModel.RoleName.ToArray<string>();  
14  
15         HttpContext.Current.User = principal;  
16     }  
17 }
```

Create a controller

After implementing Custom Membership Provider and Custom Role Provider, I think that the time has come to define Account Controller with all the needed actions which help us authenticating users.

Now, we are going to create a controller. Right click on the controllers folder>> Add >> Controller>> selecting MVC 5 Controller - Empty>> click Add. In the next dialog name the controller AccountController and then click Add.



[Ask Question](#)**AccountController.cs**

```
1 using CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication;
2 using CustomAuthenticationMVC.DataAccess;
3 using CustomAuthenticationMVC.Models;
4 using Newtonsoft.Json;
5 using System;
6 using System.Collections.Generic;
7 using System.Linq;
8 using System.Net;
9 using System.Net.Mail;
10 using System.Web;
11 using System.Web.Mvc;
12 using System.Web.Security;
13
14 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.Controllers
15 {
16     [AllowAnonymous]
17     public class AccountController : Controller
18     {
19         // GET: Account
20         public ActionResult Index()
21         {
22             return View();
23         }
24
25         [HttpGet]
26         public ActionResult Login(string returnUrl = "")
27         {
28             if (User.Identity.IsAuthenticated)
29             {
30                 return Logout();
31             }
32             ViewBag.ReturnUrl = returnUrl;
33             return View();
34         }
35
36         [HttpPost]
37         public ActionResult Login(LoginView loginView, string returnUrl = "")
38         {
39             if (ModelState.IsValid)
40             {
41                 if (Membership.ValidateUser(loginView.UserName, loginView.Password))
42                 {
43                     var user = (CustomMembershipUser)Membership.GetUser(loginView.UserName, false);
44                     if (user != null)
45                     {
46                         CustomSerializeModel userModel = new Models.CustomSerializeModel()
47                         {
48                             UserId = user.UserId,
49                             FirstName = user.FirstName,
50                             LastName = user.LastName,
51                             RoleName = user.Roles.Select(r => r.RoleName).ToList()
52                         };
53
54                         string userData = JsonConvert.SerializeObject(userModel);
55                         FormsAuthenticationTicket authTicket = new FormsAuthenticationTicket
56                         (
57                             1, loginView.UserName, DateTime.Now, DateTime.Now.AddMinutes(15), false, userData
58                         );
59                     }
60                 }
61             }
62         }
63     }
64 }
```

```

64         HttpCookie faCookie = new HttpCookie("Cookie1", enTicket);
65         Response.Cookies.Add(faCookie);
66     }
67
68     if (Url.IsLocalUrl(ReturnUrl))
69     {
70         return Redirect(ReturnUrl);
71     }
72     else
73     {
74         return RedirectToAction("Index");
75     }
76 }
77
78 ModelState.AddModelError("", "Something Wrong : Username or Password invalid ^^ ");
79 return View(loginView);
80 }
81
82 [HttpGet]
83 public ActionResult Registration()
84 {
85     return View();
86 }
87
88 [HttpPost]
89 public ActionResult Registration(RegistrationView registrationView)
90 {
91     bool statusRegistration = false;
92     string messageRegistration = string.Empty;
93
94     if (ModelState.IsValid)
95     {
96         // Email Verification
97         string userName = Membership.GetUserByEmail(registrationView.Email);
98         if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(userName))
99         {
100             ModelState.AddModelError("Warning Email", "Sorry: Email already Exists");
101             return View(registrationView);
102         }
103
104         //Save User Data
105         using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new AuthenticationDB())
106         {
107             var user = new User()
108             {
109                 Username = registrationView.Username,
110                 FirstName = registrationView.FirstName,
111                 LastName = registrationView.LastName,
112                 Email = registrationView.Email,
113                 Password = registrationView.Password,
114                 ActivationCode = Guid.NewGuid(),
115             };
116
117             dbContext.Users.Add(user);
118             dbContext.SaveChanges();
119         }
120
121         //Verification Email
122         VerificationEmail(registrationView.Email, registrationView.ActivationCode.ToString());
123         messageRegistration = "Your account has been created successfully. ^^";
124         statusRegistration = true;
125     }
126     else

```

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```

129     }
130     ViewBag.Message = messageRegistration;
131     ViewBag.Status = statusRegistration;
132
133     return View(registrationView);
134 }
135
136 [HttpGet]
137 public ActionResult ActivationAccount(string id)
138 {
139     bool statusAccount = false;
140     using (AuthenticationDB dbContext = new DataAccess.AuthenticationDB())
141     {
142         var userAccount = dbContext.Users.Where(u => u.ActivationCode.ToString().Equals(id)).FirstOrDefault();
143
144         if (userAccount != null)
145         {
146             userAccount.IsActive = true;
147             dbContext.SaveChanges();
148             statusAccount = true;
149         }
150         else
151         {
152             ViewBag.Message = "Something Wrong !!";
153         }
154     }
155
156     ViewBag.Status = statusAccount;
157     return View();
158 }
159
160 public ActionResult Logout()
161 {
162     HttpCookie cookie = new HttpCookie("Cookie1", "");
163     cookie.Expires = DateTime.Now.AddYears(-1);
164     Response.Cookies.Add(cookie);
165
166     FormsAuthentication.SignOut();
167     return RedirectToAction("Login", "Account", null);
168 }
169
170 [NonAction]
171 public void VerificationEmail(string email, string activationCode)
172 {
173     var url = string.Format("/Account/ActivationAccount/{0}", activationCode);
174     var link = Request.Url.AbsoluteUri.Replace(Request.Url.PathAndQuery, url);
175
176     var fromEmail = new MailAddress("mehdi.rami2012@gmail.com", "Activation Account - AKKA");
177     var toEmail = new MailAddress(email);
178
179     var fromEmailPassword = "*****";
180     string subject = "Activation Account !";
181
182     string body = "<br/> Please click on the following link in order to activate your account" + "<br/>";
183
184     var smtp = new SmtpClient
185     {
186         Host = "smtp.gmail.com",
187         Port = 587,
188         EnableSsl = true,
189         DeliveryMethod = SmtpDeliveryMethod.Network,
190         UseDefaultCredentials = false,
191         Credentials = new NetworkCredential(fromEmail.Address, fromEmailPassword)
192     }
193 }

```

```

194         using (var message = new MailMessage(fromEmail, toEmail)
195         {
196             Subject = subject,
197             Body = body,
198             IsBodyHtml = true
199         })
200         {
201             smtp.Send(message);
202         }
203     }

```

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- *Login* action accepts loginview model as parameter which contains username and password properties, then this action will verify user credentials using ValidateUser method from custom Membership. If user validation is true, we are getting user data based on GetUser method.

Next, we are creating authentication ticket that should be encrypted using the following expression `FormsAuthentication.Encrypt(authTicket)` and finally creating faCookie object that has our ticket encrypted as value.

- *Registration* action is used to create new user account. Deeply this action will do three things,
 - Verify if user who would create new account has already been created. To check that, we will use GetUserNameByEmail method from CustomMembershipProvider.
 - Next, we will save user data.
 - We must activate user account by using verification email which will send an email to user and tells him that you should activate your account by clicking on activation link.
- *LogOut* action as its name suggests, this action enables user to log out his/her session.

Now, we need to add login, registration and activation account views.

Login.cshtml

```

2  @model CustomAuthenticationMVC.Models.LoginView
3
4  @{
5      ViewBag.Title = "Login";
6  }
7
8  <h2>Login</h2>
9
10
11  @using (Html.BeginForm(null, null, new { returnUrl = ViewBag.ReturnUrl }, FormMethod.Post))
12  {
13      @Html.AntiForgeryToken()
14
15      <div class="form-horizontal">
16          <h4>LoginView</h4>
17          <hr />
18          @Html.ValidationSummary(true, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
19          <div class="form-group">
20              @Html.LabelFor(model => model.UserName, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
21              <div class="col-md-10">
22                  @Html.EditorFor(model => model.UserName, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control" } })
23                  @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.UserName, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
24              </div>
25          </div>
26
27          <div class="form-group">
28              @Html.LabelFor(model => model.Password, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })

```



```

31         @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.Password, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
32     </div>
33 </div>
34
35 <div class="form-group">
36     @Html.LabelFor(model => model.RememberMe, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
37     <div class="col-md-10">
38         <div class="checkbox">
39             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.RememberMe)
40             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.RememberMe, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
41         </div>
42     </div>
43 </div>
44
45 <div class="form-group">
46     <div class="col-md-offset-2 col-md-10">
47         <input type="submit" value="Log In" class="btn btn-default" />
48     </div>
49 </div>
50 </div>
51 }
52
53 <div>
54     @Html.ActionLink("Back to List", "Index")
55 </div>
56
57 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
58 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.min.js"></script>
59 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.unobtrusive.min.js"></script>

```

Registration.cshtml

```

3 @model CustomAuthenticationMVC.Models.RegistrationView
4
5 @{
6     ViewBag.Title = "Registration";
7 }
8
9 <h2>Registration</h2>
10
11 @if (ViewBag.Status != null && Convert.ToBoolean(ViewBag.Status))
12 {
13     if (ViewBag.Message != null)
14     {
15         <div class="alert alert-success">
16             <strong>Success!</strong> @ViewBag.Message
17         </div>
18     }
19 }
20 else
21 {
22     using (Html.BeginForm())
23     {
24         @Html.AntiForgeryToken()
25
26         <div class="form-horizontal">
27             <h4>RegistrationView</h4>
28             <hr />
29             @Html.ValidationSummary(true, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
30             <div class="form-group">
31                 @Html.LabelFor(model => model.Username, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
32                 <div class="col-md-10">
33                     @Html.EditorFor(model => model.Username, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control" } })
34                 </div>
35             </div>
36
37             <div class="form-group">
38                 @Html.LabelFor(model => model.Password, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
39                 <div class="col-md-10">
40                     @Html.EditorFor(model => model.Password, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control" } })
41                 </div>
42             </div>
43
44             <div class="form-group">
45                 @Html.LabelFor(model => model.ConfirmPassword, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
46                 <div class="col-md-10">
47                     @Html.EditorFor(model => model.ConfirmPassword, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control" } })
48                 </div>
49             </div>
50
51             <div class="form-group">
52                 <input type="submit" value="Register" class="btn btn-default" />
53             </div>
54         </div>
55     }
56 }
57
58 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
59 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.min.js"></script>
60 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.unobtrusive.min.js"></script>

```

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```

35     </div>
36
37     <div class="form-group">
38         @Html.LabelFor(model => model.FirstName, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2"
39         <div class="col-md-10">
40             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.FirstName, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control"
41             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.FirstName, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
42         </div>
43     </div>
44
45     <div class="form-group">
46         @Html.LabelFor(model => model.LastName, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" }
47         <div class="col-md-10">
48             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.LastName, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control"
49             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.LastName, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
50         </div>
51     </div>
52
53     <div class="form-group">
54         @Html.LabelFor(model => model.Email, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })
55         <div class="col-md-10">
56             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.Email, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control" }
57             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.Email, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
58             @Html.ValidationMessage("ErrorEmail", new { @class = "text-danger" })
59         </div>
60     </div>
61
62     <div class="form-group">
63         @Html.LabelFor(model => model.Password, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" }
64         <div class="col-md-10">
65             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.Password, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control"
66             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.Password, "", new { @class = "text-danger" })
67         </div>
68     </div>
69
70     <div class="form-group">
71         @Html.LabelFor(model => model.ConfirmPassword, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-
72         <div class="col-md-10">
73             @Html.EditorFor(model => model.ConfirmPassword, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-c
74             @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.ConfirmPassword, "", new { @class = "text-danger" }
75         </div>
76     </div>
77
78     <div class="form-group">
79         <div class="col-md-offset-2 col-md-10">
80             <input type="submit" value="Create" class="btn btn-default" />
81         </div>
82     </div>
83 </div>
84
85 if(ViewBag.Message != null)
86 {
87     <div class="alert alert-danger">
88         <strong>Error!</strong> @ViewBag.Message
89     </div>
90 }
91
92 }
93 }
94
95 <div>
96     @Html.ActionLink("Login", "Login")
97 </div>

```

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```

100
101 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.min.js"></script>
102 <script src="~/Scripts/jquery.validate.unobtrusive.min.js"></script>
    }

```

A

```

1  @{
2      ViewBag.Title = "Activation Account ^_^";
3  }
4
5  <h2>Activation Account</h2>
6
7  @if(ViewBag.Status != null && Convert.ToBoolean(ViewBag.Status))
8  {
9      <div class="alert alert-success">
10         <strong>Success!</strong> Your account has been activated successfully.
11     </div>
12 }
13 else
14 {
15     <div class="alert alert-danger">
16         <strong>Error!</strong>@ViewBag.Message
17     </div>
18 }

```

Authorization Filter

In this part, we will implement custom authorization filter. What we would like to do is to create filter which restricts access to user controller if the connected user has not user role.

So, let's follow steps.

Firstly, Create CustomAuthorizeAttribute class which inherits from AuthorizeAttribute.

CustomAuthorizeAttribute.cs

```

2  using CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication;
3  using System;
4  using System.Collections.Generic;
5  using System.Linq;
6  using System.Web;
7  using System.Web.Mvc;
8  using System.Web.Routing;
9
10 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication
11 {
12     public class CustomAuthorizeAttribute : AuthorizeAttribute
13     {
14         protected virtual CustomPrincipal CurrentUser
15         {
16             get { return HttpContext.Current.User as CustomPrincipal; }
17         }
18
19         protected override bool AuthorizeCore(HttpContextBase httpContext)
20         {
21             return ((CurrentUser != null && !CurrentUser.IsInRole(Roles)) || CurrentUser == null) ? false : true;
22         }
23
24         protected override void HandleUnauthorizedRequest(AuthorizationContext filterContext)
25         {
26             RedirectToRouteResult routeData = null;
27
28             if(CurrentUser == null)
29             {

```

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```
31         (new
32         {
33             controller = "Account",
34             action = "Login",
35         }
36         ));
37     }
38     else
39     {
40         routeData = new RedirectToRouteResult
41             (new System.Web.Routing.RouteValueDictionary
42             (new
43             {
44                 controller = "Error",
45                 action = "AccessDenied"
46             }
47             ));
48     }
49
50     filterContext.Result = routeData;
51 }
52
53 }
54 }
```

UserController.cs

```
1 using CustomAuthenticationMVC.CustomAuthentication;
2 using System;
3 using System.Collections.Generic;
4 using System.Linq;
5 using System.Web;
6 using System.Web.Mvc;
7
8 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.Controllers
9 {
10     [CustomAuthorize(Roles = "User")]
11     public class UserController : Controller
12     {
13
14         // GET: User
15         public ActionResult Index()
16         {
17             return View();
18         }
19     }
20 }
```

When user is authenticated successfully and has not user role, in this case we should inform him that his/her access is denied. This is what we made in `HandleUnauthorizedRequest` method.

ErrorController.cs

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Linq;
4 using System.Web;
5 using System.Web.Mvc;
6
7 namespace CustomAuthenticationMVC.Controllers
8 {
9     public class ErrorController : Controller
10     {
11         // GET: Error
```

14

15

16

17

```
        return View();
    }
}
```

Ask Question

AccessDenied.cshtml

1

2

3

4

5

```
@{
    ViewBag.Title = "AccessDenied";
}

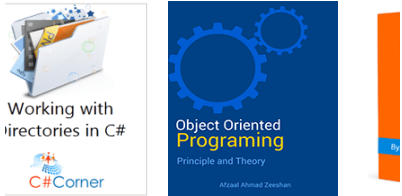
<h2>AccessDenied</h2>
```


Happy Coding!

That's all. Please send your feedback and queries in comments box.

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	Hello, seems there is no definition for "CustomSerializeModel" in the solution David D NA 5 0			Aug 09, 2019 0 1 Reply



public List<string> roleName { get; set; } }

[Oleksandr Ivaniv](#)

NA 4 0

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Aug 13, 2019

0



Note: If you want to add multiple roles to the Authorization Attribute you need to change authorization annotations to example: [CustomAuthorize(Roles = "Admin,User")] and then change the CustomAuthorizeAttribute class's overridden AuthorizeCore() method to: protected override bool AuthorizeCore(HttpContextBase httpContext) { bool isAuthorized = base.AuthorizeCore(httpContext); if(!isAuthorized) { return false; } if (Roles.Split(',').Contains(_context.Tbl_Users.Where(x => x.UserName == httpContext.User.Identity.Name).FirstOrDefault().Tbl_Roles.RoleName)) { return true; } else { return false; } }

[Mark Woodard](#)

NA 4 0

Apr 19, 2019

0 1 Reply



Yea that don't work, roles.roleName is not accessible even though it does contain RoleName. Error CS1061 'ICollection Role does not contain a definition for 'RoleName' and no accessible extension method 'RoleName' accepting a first argument of type 'ICollection Role could be found

[Nick Marino](#)

NA 5 0

Dec 07, 2019

0



Article is great! Not liking Identity Framework and this is a good alternative with lots of detail. I have a question though. None of the code in the CustomRole class is ever called. The role provider is specified in the web.config as indicated in the article. Even removed the role provider section from web.config and it all still works. Everything works because the user roles are obtained directly from the model in Login and then set in the ticket. Then CustomAuthorize does a check on role by calling the CustomPrinciple IsInRole method (using string checks--no entity). So, all the nifty methods in CustomRole are not used. How would I use those? Maybe make the CustomRole class static and just call them like utility methods? Or just treat it like a basic Roles table entity object and query/update that way? Thanks again for the great article!

[Rob Walls](#)

NA 12 0

Mar 27, 2019

0 0 Reply



Thanks for a fantastic article

[Laxmidhar Sahoo](#)

238 10.4k 39.9k

Nov 28, 2018

0 0 Reply



Hi, thanks for your detailed tutorial, I find it very useful. I've been using this on all of my projects, but recently i encountered a problem when i use custom attribute with roles on one of my controllers. and found out AuthorizeCore in CustomAuthorizeAttribute sometimes returns false trues, so I corrected like this : if (CurrentUser == null) return false; else if (!CurrentUser.IsInRole(Roles)) return false; else return true; instead of this: return ((CurrentUser != null && !CurrentUser.IsInRole(Roles)) || CurrentUser == null) ? false : true; I figured you could correct this on your code as well. Thank you

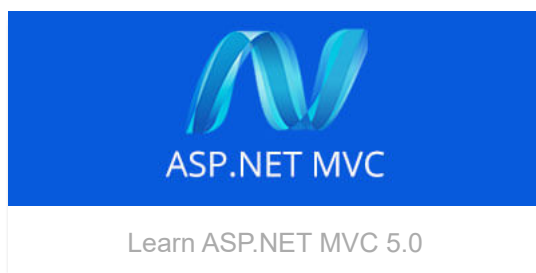
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