# Predicting User Next Action Through Site Activities

**Data Scientist:** 

Paul Yap

Dataset:

Kaggle - Airbnb New User Bookings

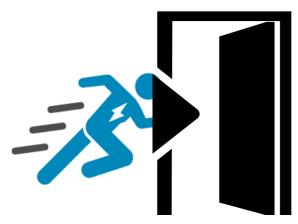
#### **Business Problem:**

predicting where a new user will book for their first travel



**Enrich Engagement** 

Through more personalized content delivery



**Improve Conversion Time** 

Decrease average time to first booking



By better forecasting demand



turning internet activities into opportunities

16 Unique Features

360

**Unique Actions** 

56,232,142

Hours Spent On Site



#### **Dataset**

Train Set

213,451

Unique Rows

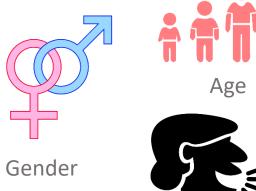
Test Set 62,096

**Unique Rows** 

## **Dataset**

## three main types of information

# Sociodemographics



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Language

#### **Surfing Preferences**



#### **Session Logs**

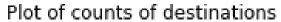


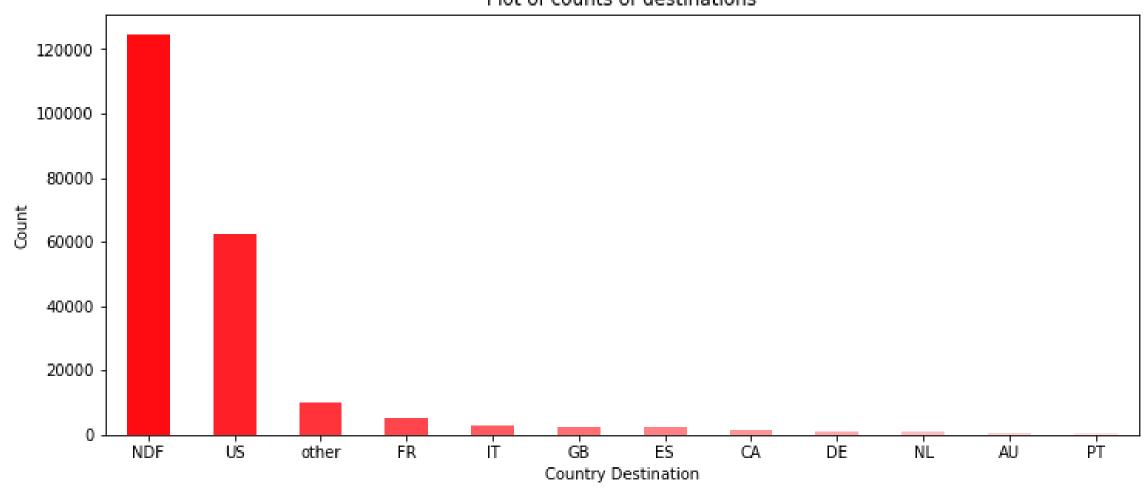
10.1 Million Logs





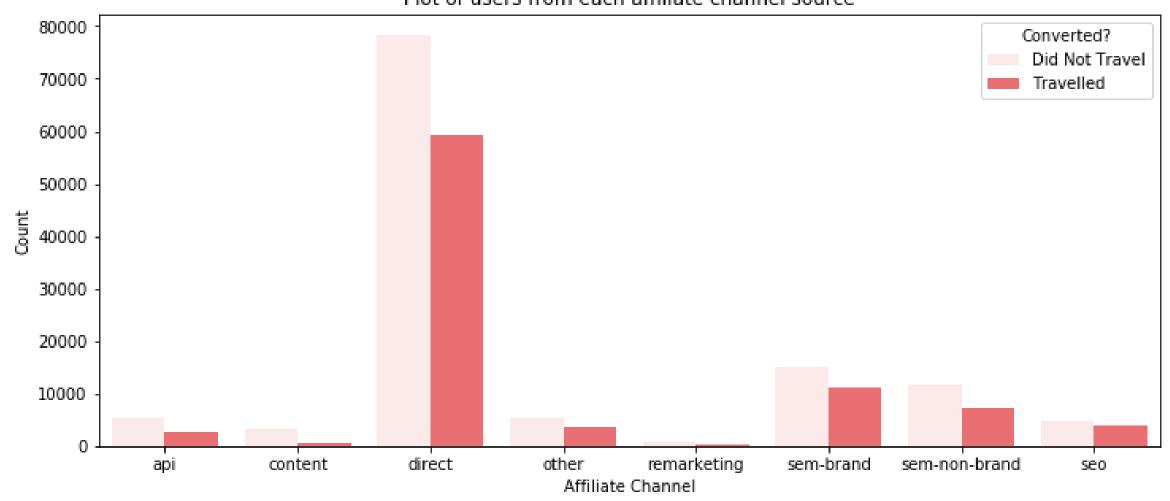
# major class imbalance





#### not much difference between affiliate channels...





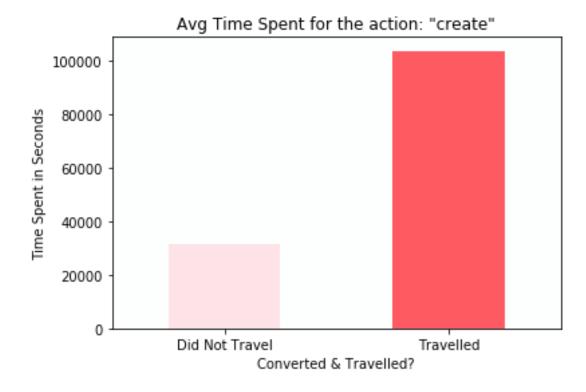


# finding distinction between classes by looking into site activities

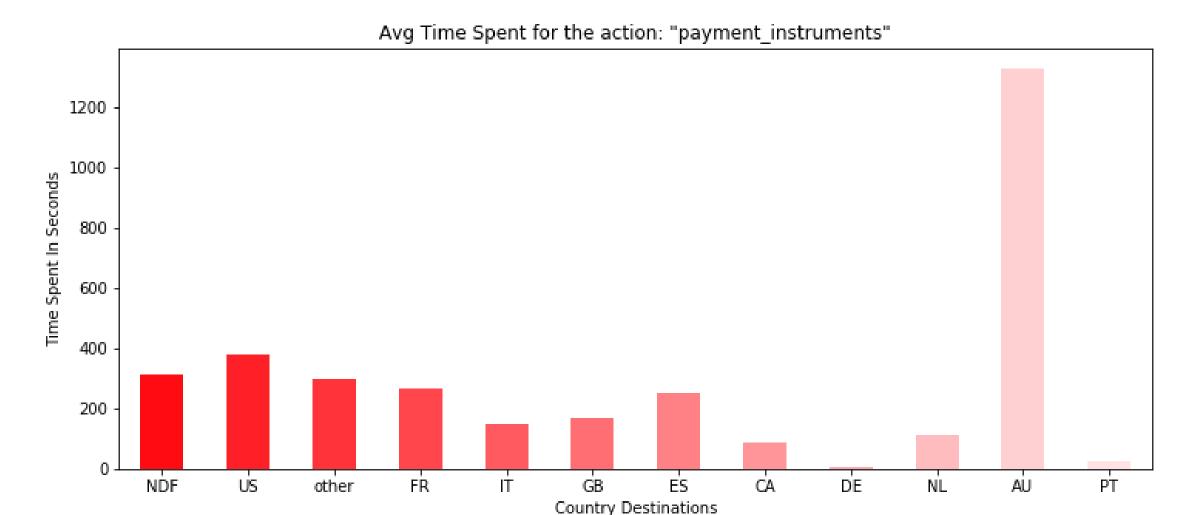
#### **No Distinction**

# Avg Time Spent for the action: "search" 200000 - 150000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 100000 - 10

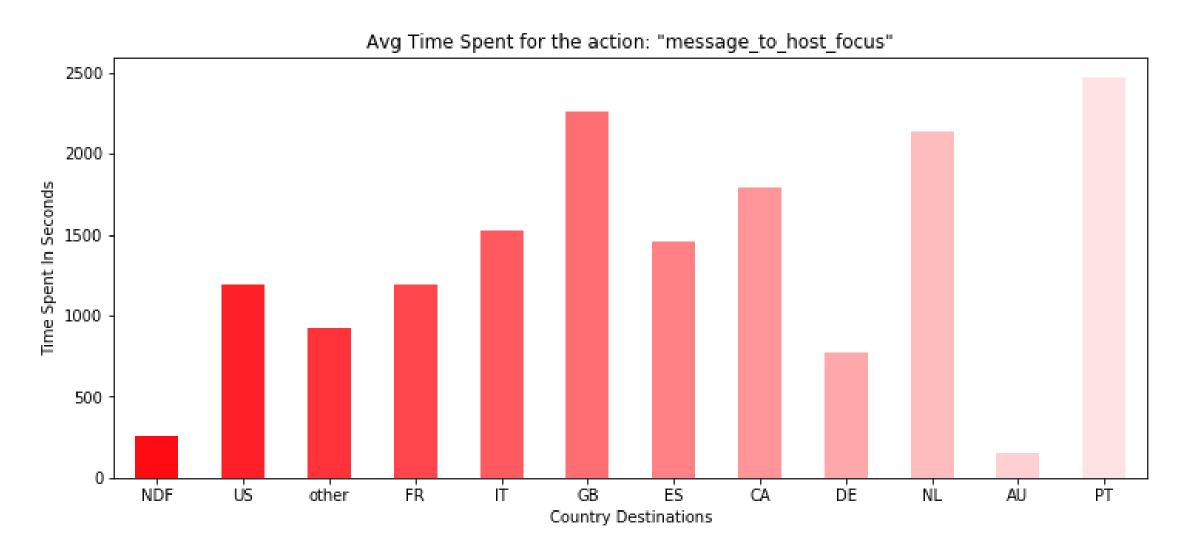
#### **Noticeable Distinction**



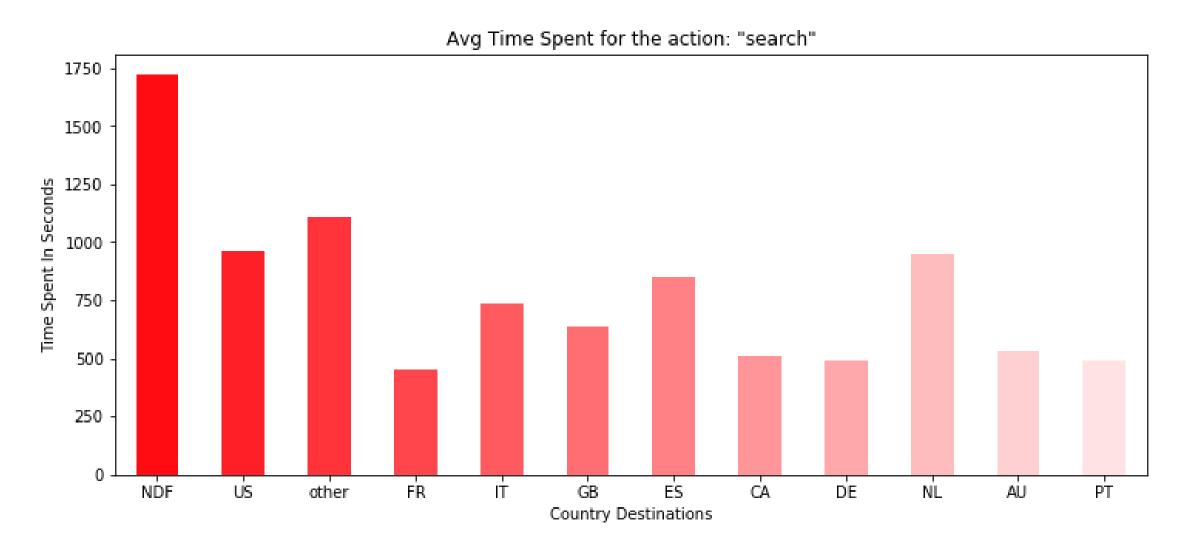
finding distinction between classes by looking into site activities cont...



finding distinction between classes by looking into site activities cont...



finding distinction between classes by looking into site activities cont...





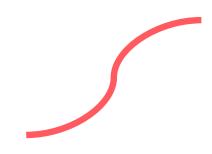
evaluation metric; NDCG (Normalized discounted cumulative gain)

$$DCG_k = \sum_{i=1}^{k} \frac{2^{rel_i} - 1}{\log_2\left(i + 1\right)},$$

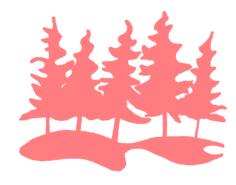
$$nDCG_k = \frac{DCG_k}{IDCG_k},$$

- Allow to make up to 5 guesses
- The further the answer is away from the true value, the lower the score for that entry

#### summary – not all models are equal



Logistic Regression – **0.446** 



Random Forest – **0.849** 



Neural Network – **0.843** 



**XGBoost – 0.872** 

#### **Stacking Results**

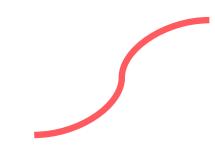


Random Forest -0.835

XGBoost – **0.858** 

Neural Network— 0.858

## logistic regression



Logistic Regression – **0.446** 

#### Why this model?

Observe how well a simple model matches up

#### **Findings**

- Relationship between features seems quite non-linear
- Model is too simplistic to pick it up
- Challenge when dealing with a multiclass problem with severe class imbalance

#### summary – not all models are equal



**XGBoost – 0.872** 



Random Forest – **0.849** 

#### Why this model?

 Learned from log reg to pick a model capable of handling non-linear features

#### **Findings**

- Tree-based models seems to work best, though interpretability is lacking
- More robust and able to generate nonzero probabilities for minority classes

#### stacking – too much noise

#### **Stacking Results**



Random Forest -0.835

**XGBoost** – **0.858** 

Neural Network- 0.858

#### Why this model?

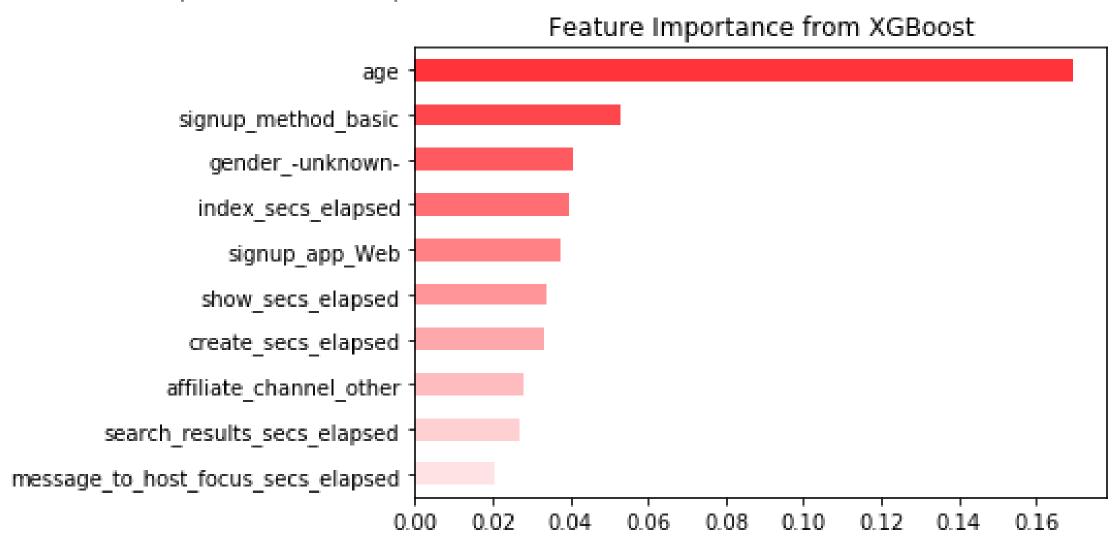
 Try to piggy back on superior results to further boost it

#### **Findings**

- Weights of input models are equal, creating more noise for the superior model instead
- More superior model such as XGBoost gets dampened



top 10 feature importance



#### Age



 People at different stages of their lives have different travel destination goals

#### **Signup Method**



• Signups through the web app using a desktop have higher chance of converting

#### **Missing Value**



 Can generally ignore targeting IDs with any missing information

putting it all together



Age: **26** 

Gender: Male

Signup Method: **Basic** Signup Medium: **Web** 

Time Spent: "index" 57,033 secs
Time Spent: "update" 89,270 secs



Pred Destinations	
US	50.0%
FR	2.5%
IT	2.0%

#### **Targeting**

BY AIRBNB / MAY 4 2018
COMMUNITY DESTINATIONS NO

# Airbnb Unveils Top 10 Most Hospitable Cities in the U.S.

3





Airbnb anchors a customer service center in Wasquehal (Hauts-de-France) in partnership with Acticall Sitel

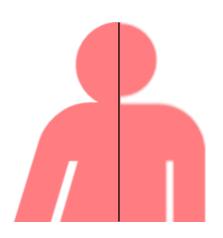
For the first time in its history, Airbnb announces the establishment, in Wasquehal, near Lille in the Hauts-de-France region, of its first customer service centre dedicated to the Airbnb Community in France.



Airbnb in this idyllic Italian town for 3 months for free

Catherine Clifford | 10:00 AM ET Sat, 19 Jan 2019

putting it all together



Age: **37** 

Gender: -unknown-

Signup Method: **Basic** Signup Medium: **Web** 

Time Spent: "create" 26,418 secs
Time Spent: "update" 10,452 secs



<b>Pred Destinations</b>	
No Travel	89.5%
US	5.9%
other	1.8%



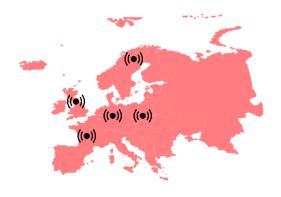


# **Limitations**



#### **Lacks Interpretability**

It is difficult to further dissect the model to gain more insights



#### **Specificity Limit**

The business still has to decide with of the 5 outputs to target market for



#### **Limited Feature Information**

Some of the information given have to be inferred. Which increased uncertainty

# Limitations

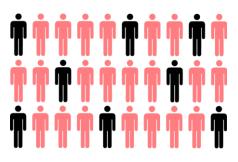
possible information to improve model



**Search Terms** 



**Device Location** 



More Observations on Minority Classes

# Thank You!

Data Scientist:

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