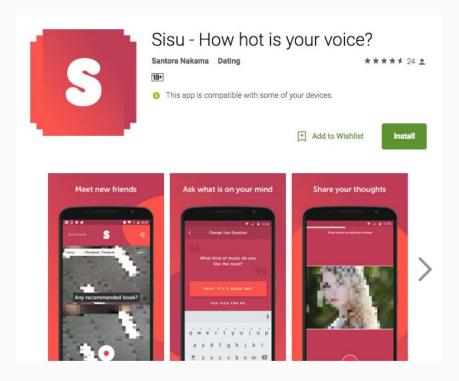
Cloud Firestore

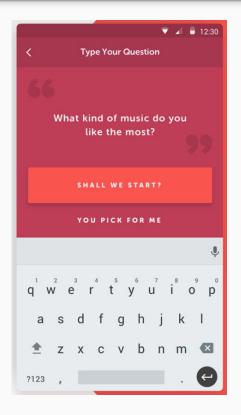
Rossukhon

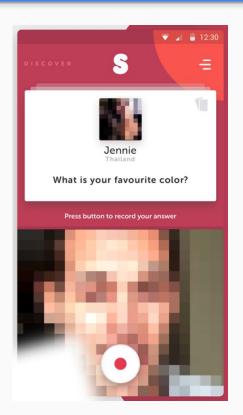
Growth Session #9 - November 16-17 2017

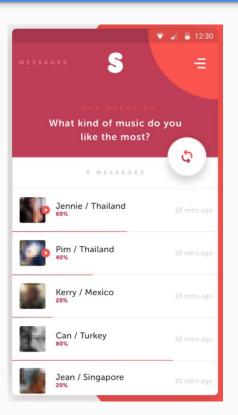
Intro

Migrate the Sisu admin app to Firestore (previously was Firebase)

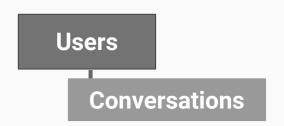






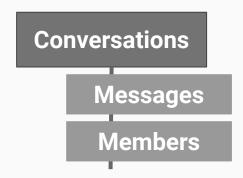


The Database - Firebase Realtime Database



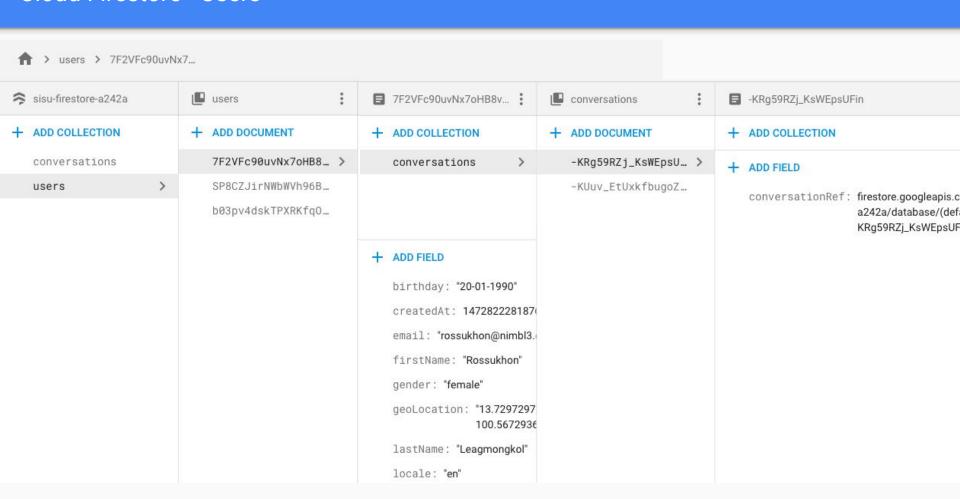


The Database - Firebase Realtime Database

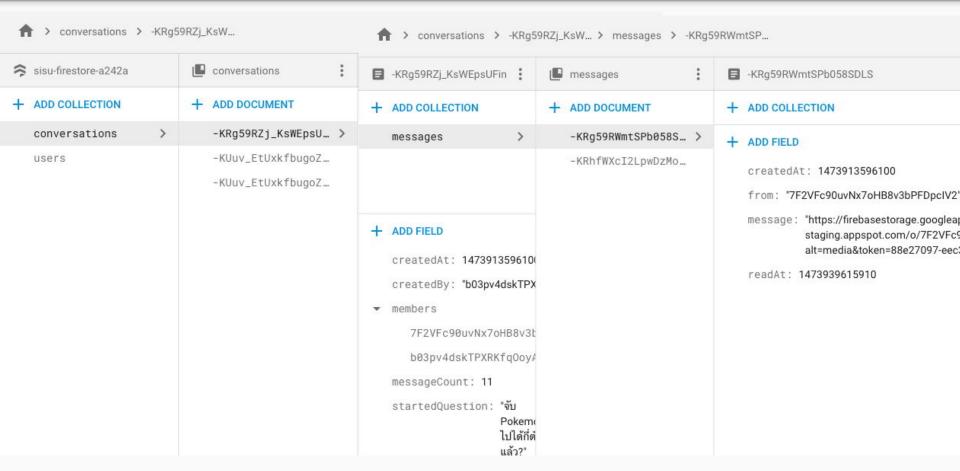




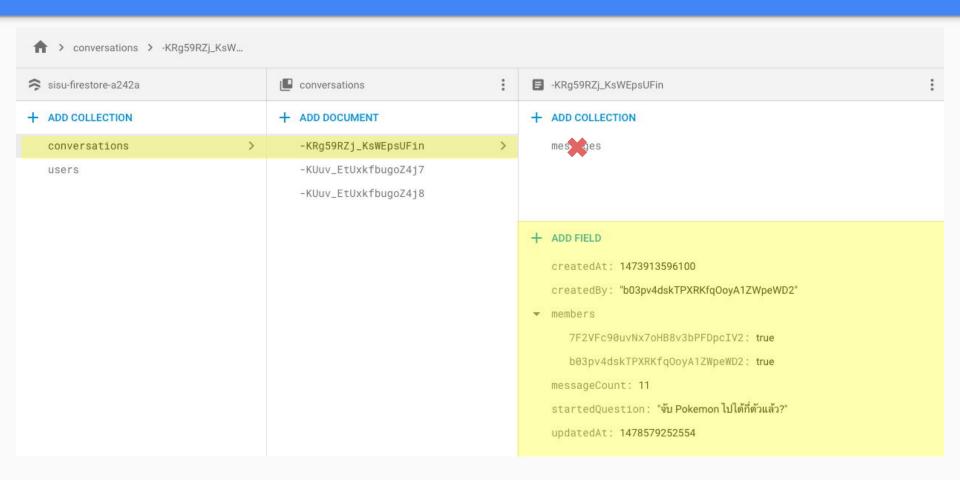
Cloud Firestore - Users



Cloud Firestore - Conversations



Firestore - Shallow query



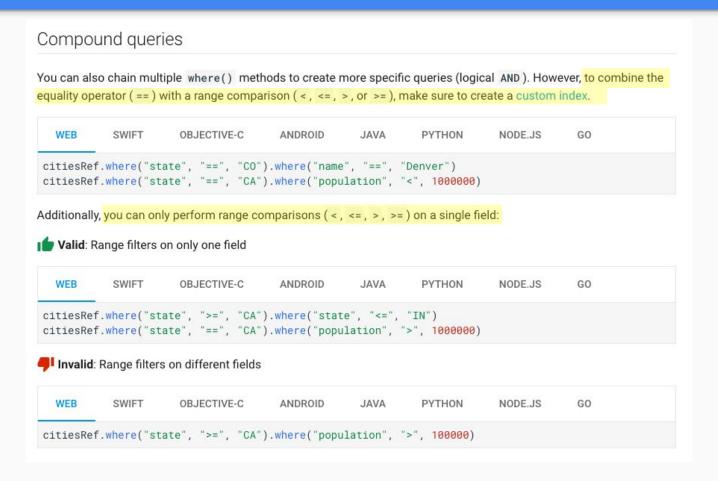
```
/**
  * Get list of conversations
  *
  * @param {Number} {limitSize} - total of conversation items to retrieve
  * @param {String} {keyOffset} - id of a conversation to use in query to offset results
  * @return {Promise} - a promise which will resolve to an object containing conversation objects
  */
static getConversations(limitSize = PAGINATION_SIZE, keyOffset = null) {
  let query = firebase.database().ref('conversations').orderByKey().limitToLast(limitSize);
  if (keyOffset) {
    query = query.endAt(keyOffset);
  }
  return query.once('value').then((snapshot) => {
    return snapshot.val();
  });
}
```

```
/**
  * Get list of conversations
  *
  * @param {Number} [limitSize] - total of conversation items to retrieve
  * @param {String} [lastItem] - last queried conversation snapshot
  * @return {Promise} - a promise which will resolve to an object containing conversation objects
  */
  */
  static getConversations(limitSize = PAGINATION_SIZE, lastItem = null) {
    let query = firebase.firestore().collection('conversations').orderBy('updatedAt', 'desc');
    if (lastItem) {
        // TODO: Need to change column for `startAfter` since it is not unique
        query = query.startAfter(lastItem.updatedAt)
    }
    return query.limit(limitSize).get();
}
```

```
***
 * Get user information.

*
 * @param {String} [uid] - the uid of a user
 * @return {Promise} - a promise which will resolve to a user object
 */

static getUser(uid) {
 return firebase.database().ref(`users/${uid}`).once('value').then((snapshot) => {
 return snapshot.val();
 });
}
```



```
static getConversations(limitSize = PAGINATION_SIZE, lastItem = null) {
    let query = firebase.firestore()
        .collection('conversations')
        .where('messageCount', '>', 0)
        .orderBy('updatedAt', 'desc');

if (lastItem) {
    // TODO: Need to change column for `startAfter` since it is not unique
    query = query.startAfter(lastItem.updatedAt);
}
return query.limit(limitSize).get();
}
```

```
Uncaught Error: Invalid query. You have a where filter with an inequality (<, <=, >, or >=) on field
'messageCount' and so you must also use 'messageCount' as your first Query.orderBy(), but your first Query.orderBy() is on field
'updatedAt' instead.
    at new FirestoreError (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:4285), <anonymous>:151:28)
    at Query.validateOrderByAndInequalityMatch (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:4447), <anonymous>:1029:19)
    at Query.orderBy (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:4447), <anonymous>:1023:22)
    at Query.orderBy (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:4447), <anonymous>:776:14)
    at Function.getConversations (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:3259), <anonymous>:64:98)
    at eval (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:5653), <anonymous>:11:18)
    at eval (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:5629), <anonymous>:11:18)
    at eval (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:5629), <anonymous>:17:20)
    at Object.eval [as fetchConversations] (eval at <anonymous> (bundle.js:1855), <anonymous>:7:12)
```

You can combine where() filters with orderBy() and limit(). In the following example, the queries define a population threshold, sort by population in ascending order, and return only the first few results that exceed the threshold:

```
WEB
             SWIFT
                        OBJECTIVE-C
                                         ANDROID
                                                       JAVA
                                                                  PYTHON
                                                                               NODE.JS
                                                                                            GO
 citiesRef.where("population", ">", 100000).orderBy("population").limit(2)
However, if you have a filter with a range comparison ( < , <= , > , >= ), your first ordering must be on the same field:
Valid: Range filter and orderBy on the same field
   WEB
             SWIFT
                        OBJECTIVE-C
                                         ANDROID
                                                       JAVA
                                                                  PYTHON
                                                                               NODE.JS
                                                                                            GO
 citiesRef.where("population", ">", 100000).orderBy("population")
 Invalid: Range filter and first orderBy on different fields
                                                                               NODE.JS
   WEB
             SWIFT
                        OBJECTIVE-C
                                         ANDROID
                                                       JAVA
                                                                  PYTHON
                                                                                            GO
 citiesRef.where("population", ">", 100000).orderBy("country")
```

Thanks!

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