



SweeterSwift

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Growth Session #24 - May 16-17 2019

What is this project about

SweeterSwift is Swift code formatter.



```
if name == "Swift" {  
    print("Hello World!")  
}
```

Abstract Syntax Tree (AST)

We write code...

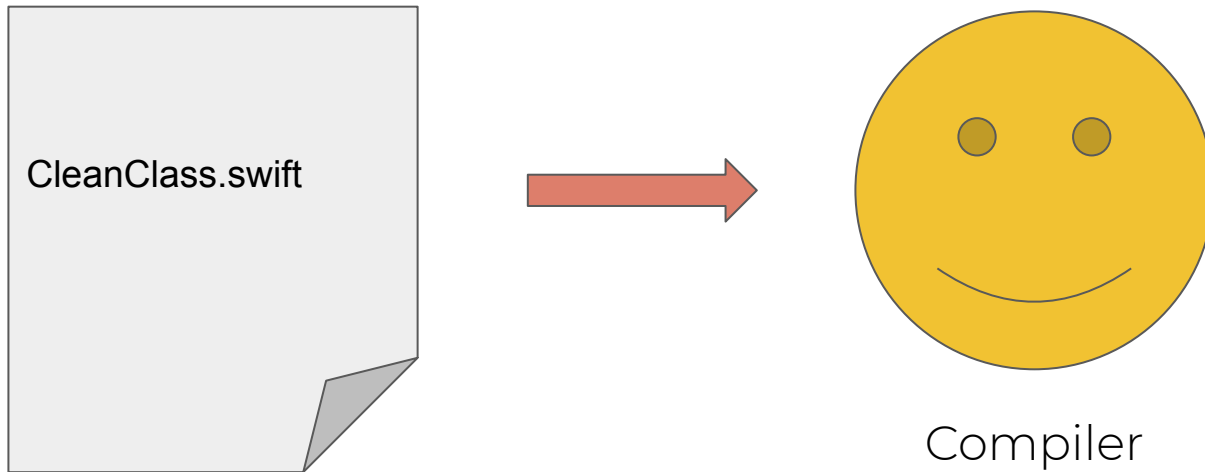


Intro

```
// swift-tools-version:4.0
import PackageDescription

let package = Package(
    name: "Flint",
    products: [
        .executable(
            name: "flint",
            targets: ["Flint"]),
    ],
    dependencies: [
        .package(url: "https://github.com/flintbox/Bouncer", from: "0.1.3"),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/flintbox/Motor", from: "0.1.2"),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/flintbox/Work", from: "0.1.1"),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/flintbox/ANSIEscapeCode", from: "0.1.1"),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/jasonnam/PathFinder", .branch("develop")),
        .package(url: "https://github.com/jpsim/Yams.git", from: "1.0.0"),
    ],
    targets: [
        .target(
            name: "Flint",
            dependencies: ["Bouncer", "Motor", "Work", "ANSIEscapeCode", "PathFinder", "Yams"]),
    ]
)
```

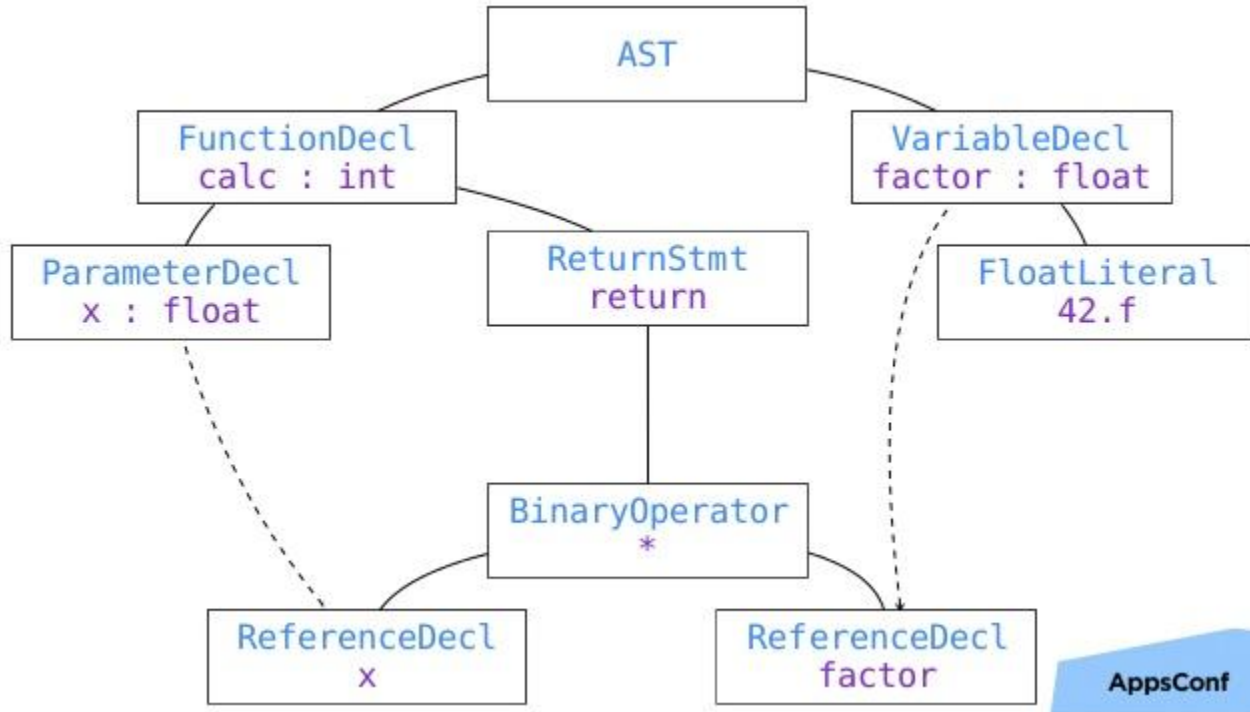
Compile the code



Intro



Abstract Syntax Tree



What does code formatter do?

Load AST

Read and parse code

Apply Rules

Transverse AST and
apply rules

Write Output

Write output to the
same or different file. If
needed just print to
standard output

What are the benefits?

**We can stop wasting time with things does not
matter much.**

New Lines



```
import UIKit
```

```
@UIApplicationMain
```

```
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {  
    var window: UIWindow?  
}
```

New Lines



```
import UIKit

@UIApplicationMain
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {

    var window: UIWindow?
}
```

New Lines



```
import UIKit

@UIApplicationMain
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {

    var window: UIWindow?

}
```

Intro



Snapshot Testing

```
<a
  className="normal"
  href="http://www.facebook.com"
  onMouseEnter=[[Function]]
  onMouseLeave=[[Function]]
>
  Facebook
</a>
```

=

```
<a onMouseEnter=[[Function]]
onMouseLeave=[[Function]]
className="normal"
href="http://www.facebook.com"
>Facebook</a>
```

SweeterSwift is a Swift code formatter.

1. Uses SwiftSyntax
2. Good documentation
3. Production ready interfaces

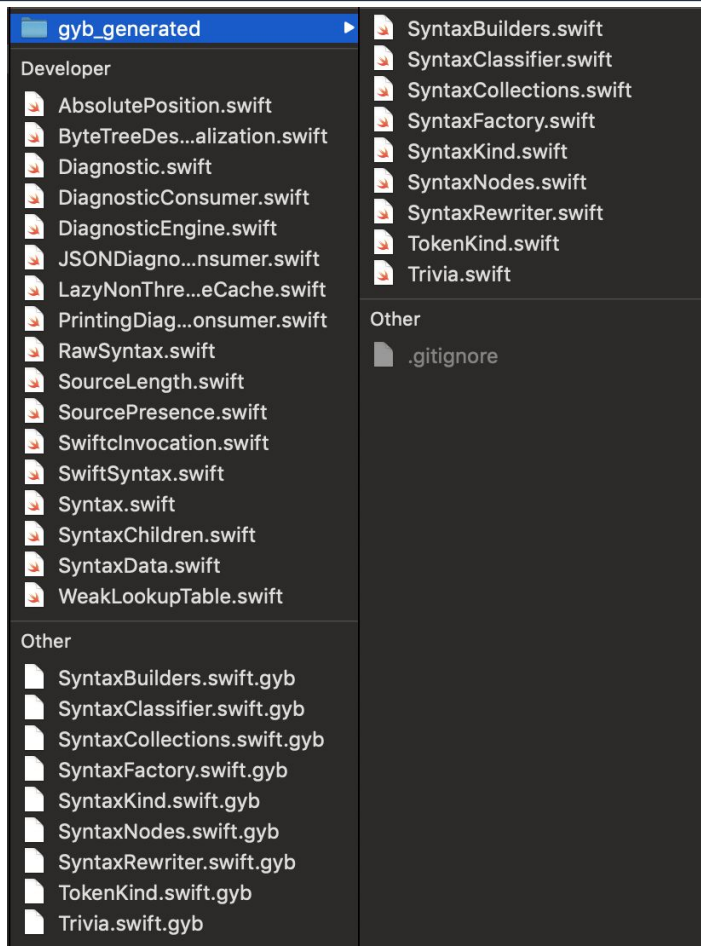
SwiftSyntax

SwiftSyntax is a set of Swift bindings for the libSyntax library. It allows for Swift tools to parse, inspect, generate, and transform Swift source code.

Integrating SwiftSyntax

```
1 // swift-tools-version:5.0
2
3 import PackageDescription
4
5 let package = Package(
6     name: "Sweeter",
7     products: [
8         .library(
9             name: "SweeterKit",
10            targets: ["SweeterKit"]),
11     ],
12     dependencies: [
13         .package(url: "https://github.com/apple/swift-syntax.git", .exact("0.50000.0")),
14     ],
15     targets: [
16         .target(
17             name: "SweeterKit",
18             dependencies: ["SwiftSyntax"]),
19         .testTarget(
20             name: "SweeterKitTests",
21             dependencies: ["SweeterKit"]),
22     ]
23 )
24
```

Achievement and Progress



SwiftSyntax API

Load AST

SyntaxTreeParser

Apply Rules

SyntaxRewriter

Write Output

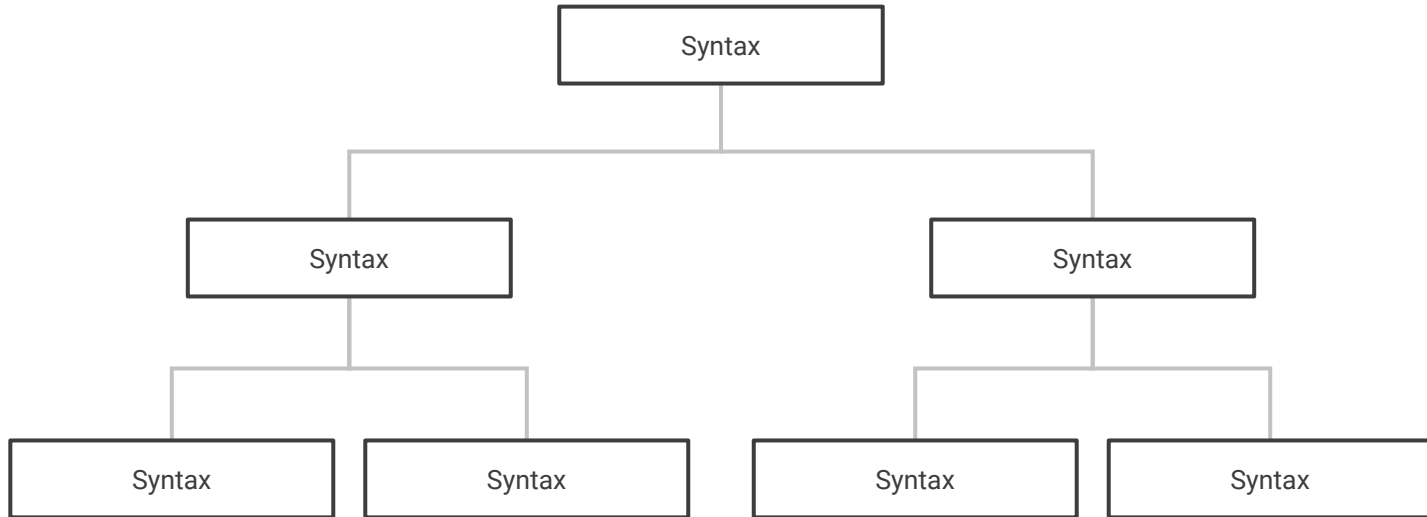
Syntax.write

SyntaxTreeParser

Has one static function

```
public static func parse(_ url: URL, swiftcURL: URL? = nil) throws
```

A composition of syntax objects



SyntaxRewriter

Visitor

override func visit(_ token: TokenSyntax) -> Syntax

open func visit(_ node: UnknownStmtSyntax) -> StmtSyntax

```
import Foundation
import SwiftSyntax

class AddOneToIntegerLiterals: SyntaxRewriter {

    override func visit(_ token: TokenSyntax) -> Syntax {
        // Only transform integer literals.
        guard case .integerLiteral(let text) = token.tokenKind else {
            return token
        }

        // Remove underscores from the original text.
        let integerText = String(text.filter { ("0"..."9").contains($0) })

        // Parse out the integer.
        let int = Int(integerText)!

        // Return a new integer literal token with `int + 1` as its text.
        return token.withKind(.integerLiteral("\(int + 1)"))
    }
}

let syntaxTree = try! SyntaxTreeParser.parse(URL(string: "Code.swift")!)
let formattedCode = AddOneToIntegerLiterals().visit(syntaxTree)
print(formattedCode)
```


Integer literal with underscore

```
1 let x = 2  
2 let y = 3_000  
3
```

Integer literal with underscore

```
→ cli ./sweeter
```

```
let x = 3
```

```
let y = 3001
```

```
→ cli █
```

What you plan to do next

Planning for features

Architecturing

- Frameworks to use
- SweeteKit

What kind of rules should
SweeteSwift have?

Implementation

Write code and unit tests

CI/CD


Release

README

Documentation

Package managers

- Brew
- Mint
- Swift Package Manager



Writing software is like doing
an artwork. There are a lot of
personal preferences
reflected in the code.

Thanks!

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