

# OPEN VIRTUALIZATION BUILD AND BOOT GUIDE



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# 1 Build and booting Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Single Guest)

## 1.1 Steps to boot Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Single Guest)

### 1.1.1 Install the Fastmodel

Fast Model can be downloaded from the following link by using an ARM user account. (First time users need a registration).

<http://www.arm.com/products/tools/models/fast-models.php>

The option Download Now on clicking navigates to the page where the list of products available for download will appear.

Select Development Tools-> Fast Models from the products

and download Fast Models Evaluation, Fast Models Third Party IP and the license. Install the Fast Models Evaluation and the third party IP.

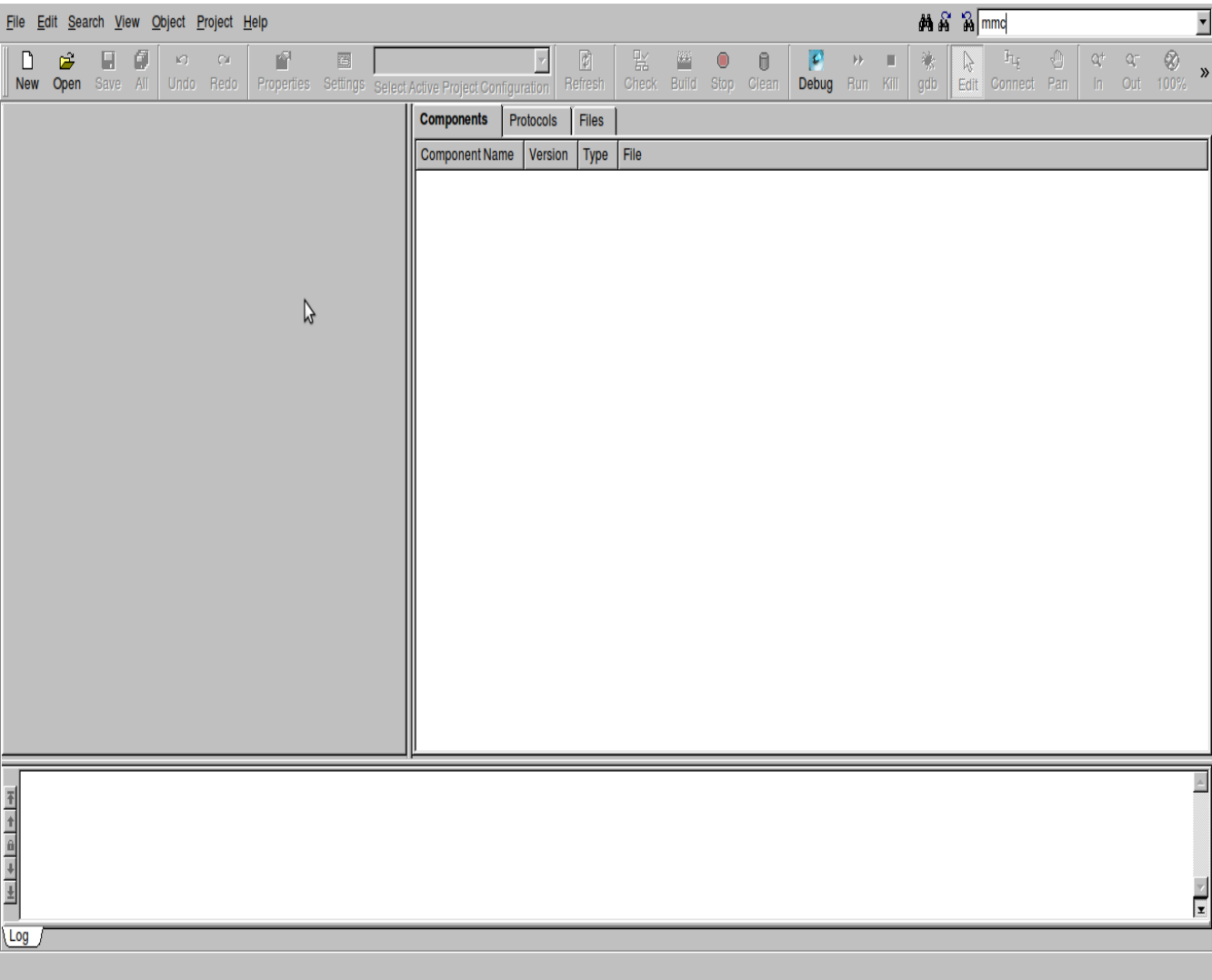
### 1.1.2 Starting the Fastmodel

Run the following commands in order to launch the fast model.

```
#source <FastModelInstalled-Dir>/FastModelTools_7.1/source_all.sh
```

```
#sgcanvas
```

The application gets started and the following screen appears.



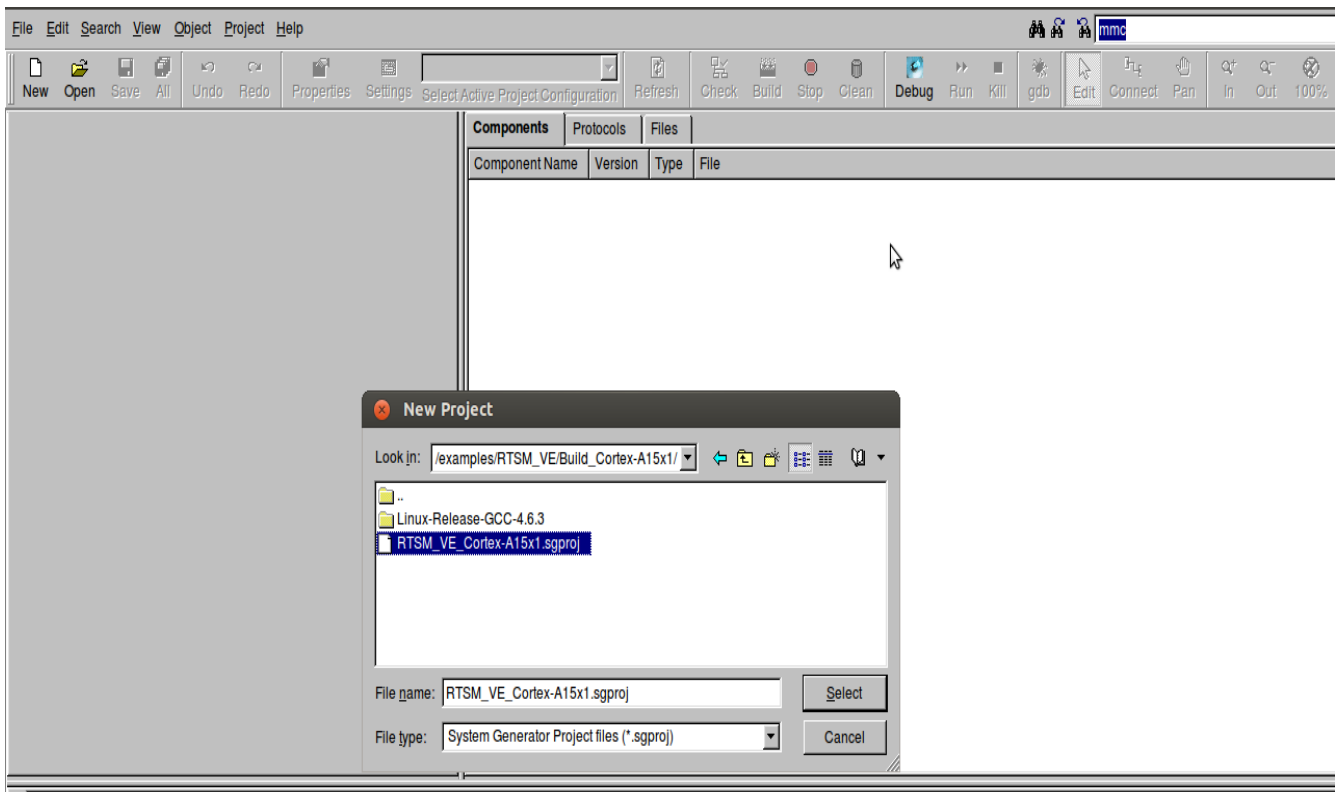
### 1.1.3 Load project and debugging

Load the required project by selecting File -> Load Project

For example for using Realview Eval board with cortex A15 select the following.

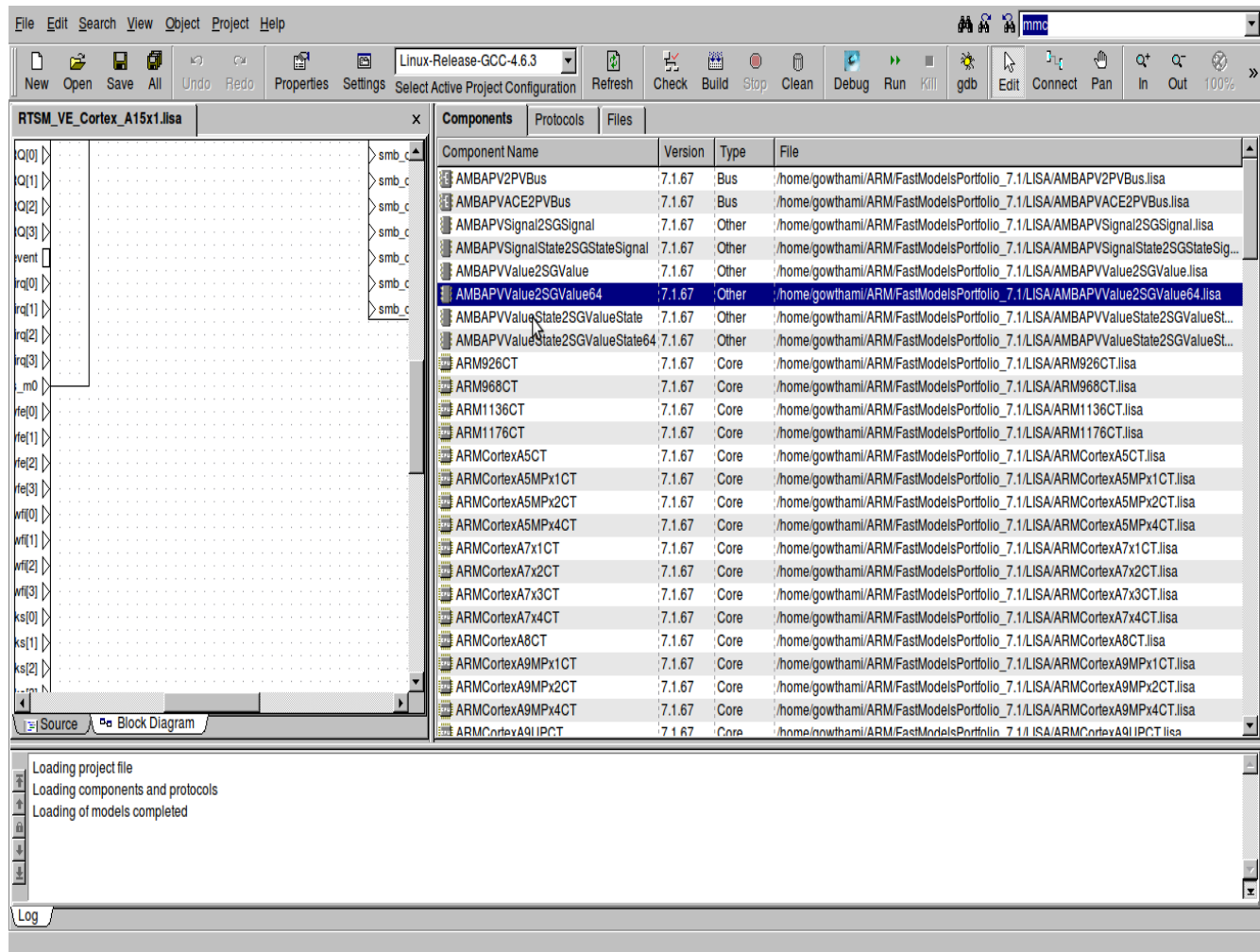
<FastModel install dir>/

FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/examples/RTSM\_VE/Build\_Cortex-A15x1/  
RTSM\_VE\_Cortex-A15x1.sgproj



Example projects are available in the Fastmodel installed directory.

The following screen appears on loading the project.



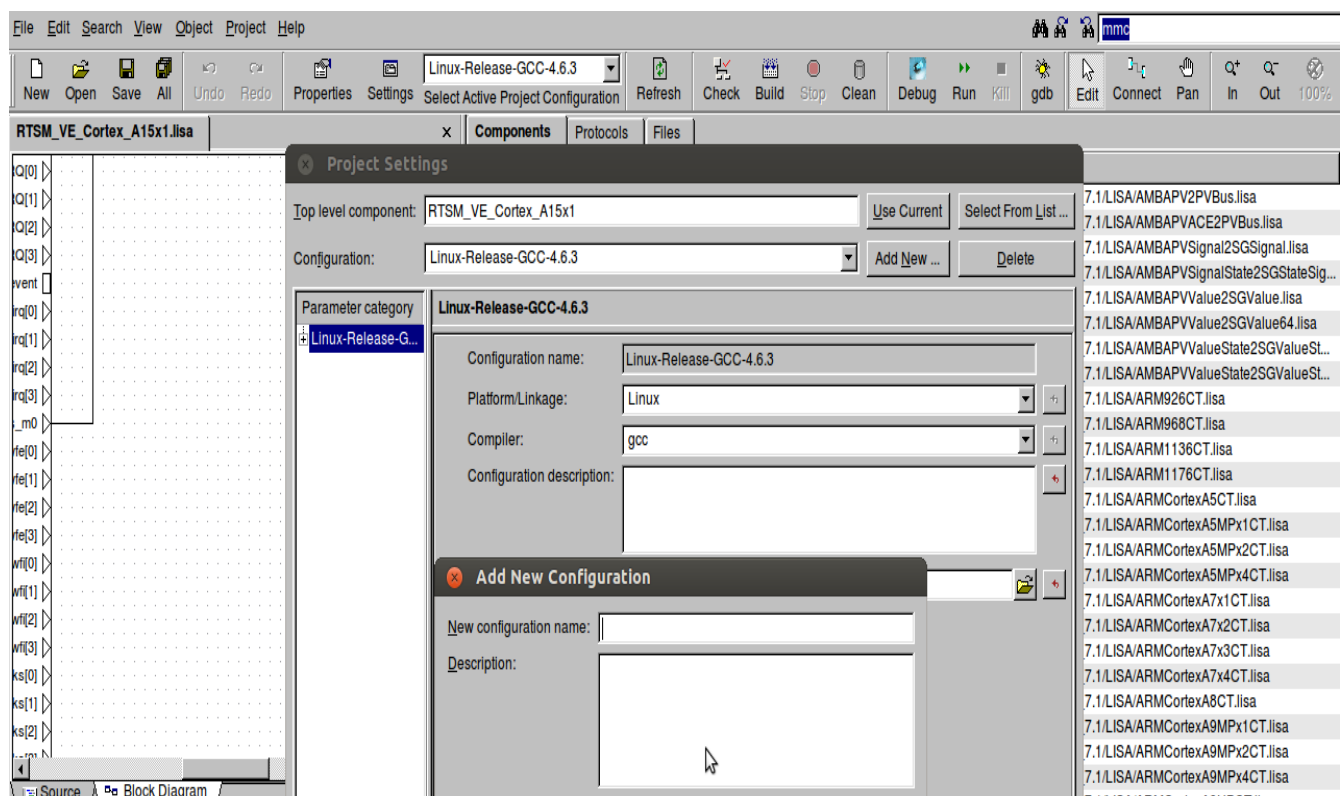
On trying to build (clicking Build option) the project with GCC 4.7.2, few .so files are not created which results in the Model Debugger to throw an error similar to the following.

Cannot load model library '<Fastmodel-install  
 dir>/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/examples/RTSM\_EB/Build\_Cortex-A8/Linux-Release-  
 GCC-4.7/cadi\_system Linux-Release-GCC-4.7.so':  
 Error while loading lib:

<Fastmodel-install dir>/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/examples/RTSM\_EB/Build\_Cortex-  
 A8/Linux-Release-GCC-4.7/cadi\_system Linux-Release-GCC-4.7.so:  
 undefined symbol: \_ZN2sg13ConnectorBase5emptyEv

This error can be avoided by using GCC 4.6.3(or earlier versions) to carry out the build.

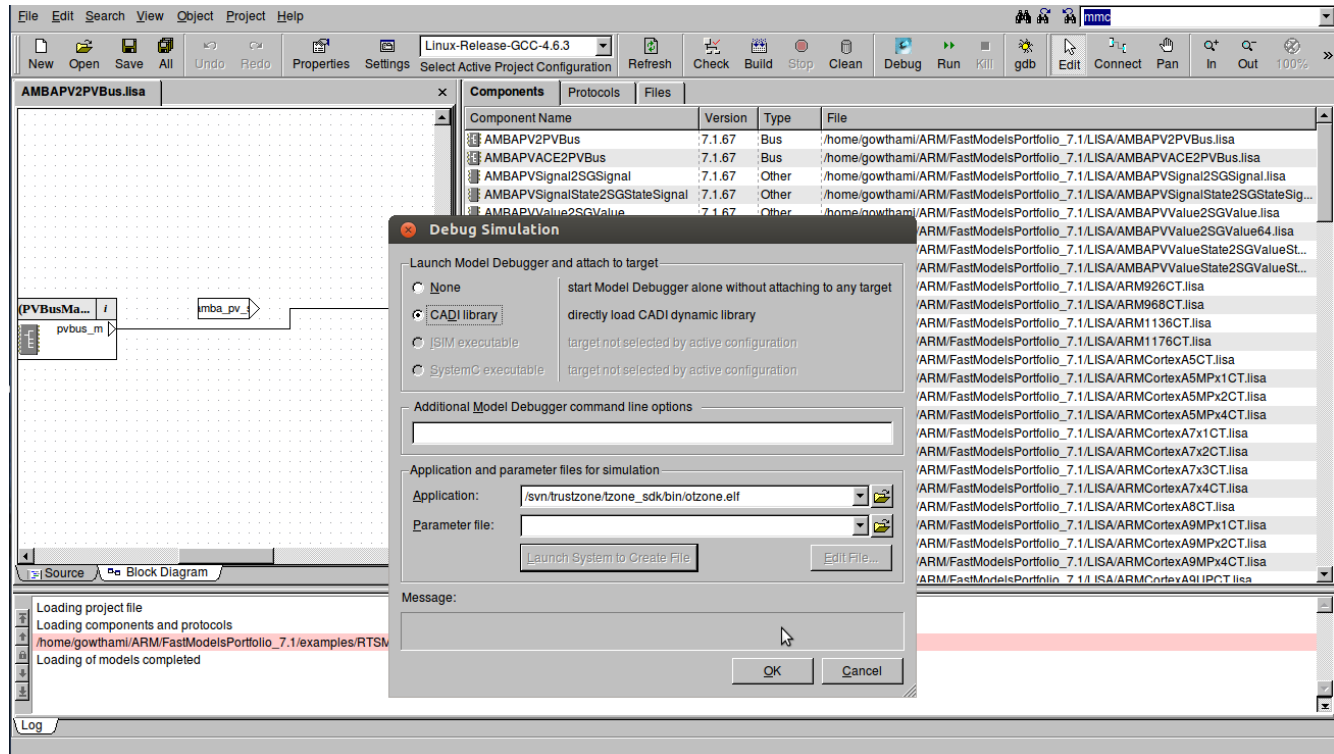
The GCC version for building the project can be changed by selecting the Settings option and then by adding a new configuration.





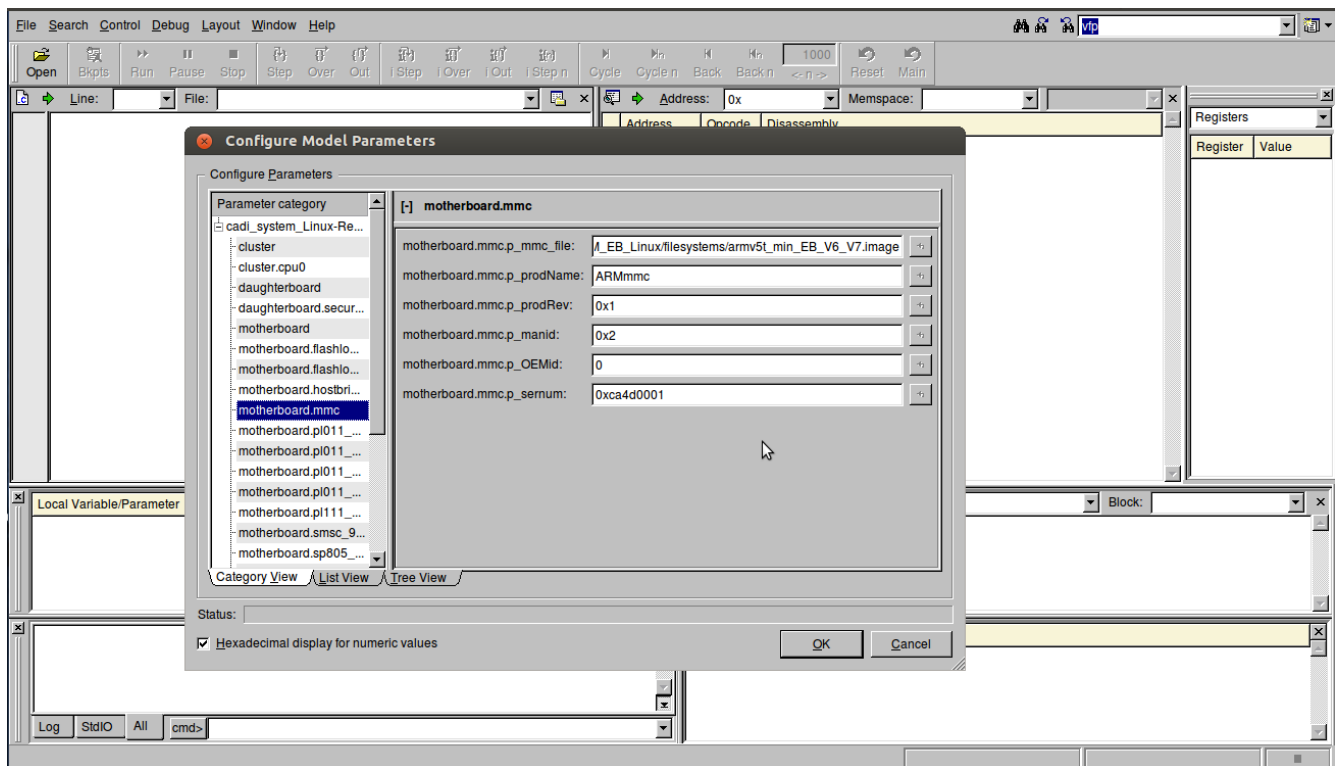
### 1.1.4 Booting the image and debugging using Fastmodel

On clicking Debug, a Debug Simulation window appears which allows the required application to be loaded. Select otzone.elf and click ok.

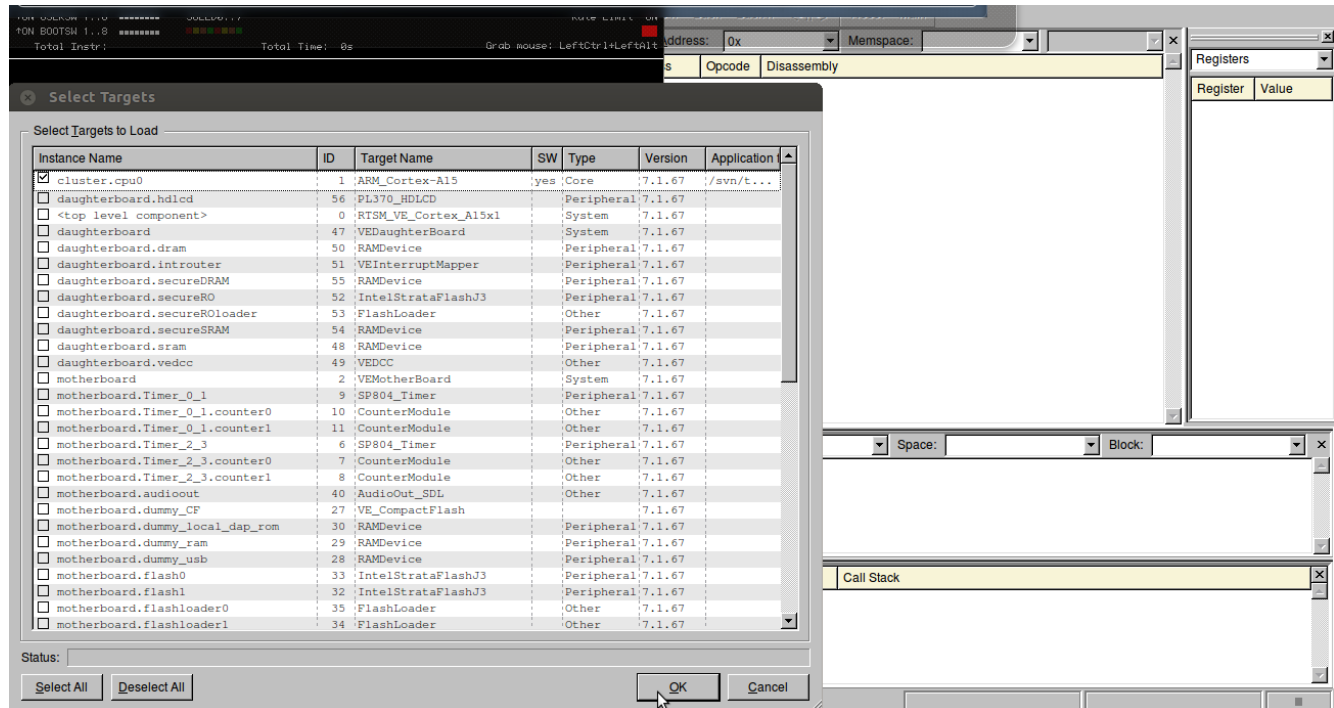


The Configure Model Parameters window gets popped up and change the motherboard.mmc to point to the following root system image.

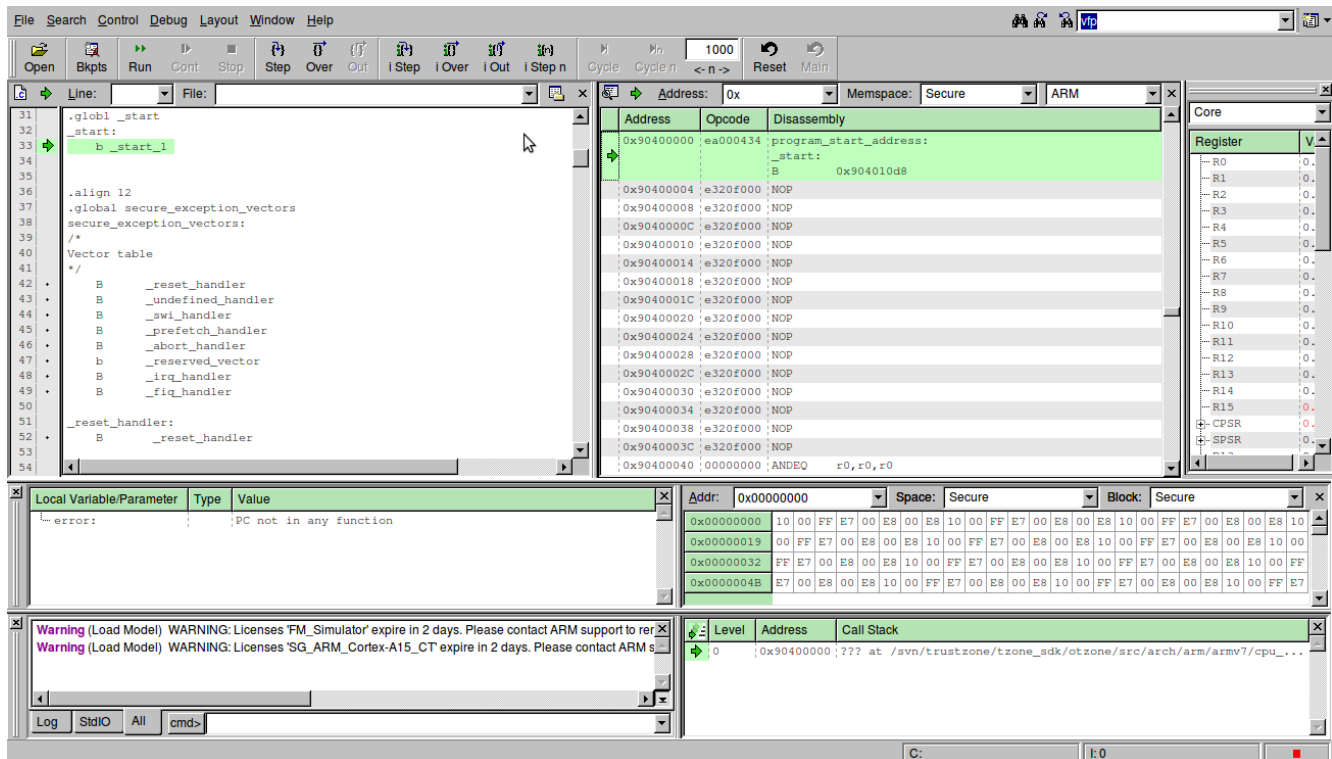
<FastModelInstalldir>/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/images/RTSM\_EB\_Linux/filesystems/armv5t\_min\_EB\_V6\_V7.image.



Next the Select Targets window will appear which is already configured.



After all the configuration has been done and proceeding forward by clicking ok, the Model Debugger window will be appearing in the screen. In this window, the run option would make the system to boot, reset will make the system to boot from the starting point.



Login as root.

```

RTSM terminal_0
Intel/Sharp Extended Query Table at 0x0031
Using buffer write method
armflash-1: Found 2 x16 devices at 0x0 in 32-bit bank, Manufacturer ID 0x000089
Chip ID 0x000018
Intel/Sharp Extended Query Table at 0x0031
Using buffer write method
armflash: multiple devices found but MTD concat support disabled.
smc91x: not found (-19).
mousedev: PS/2 mouse device common for all mice
mmc1-pl18x nb:mmci: mmc0: PL180 manf 41 rev0 at 0x1c050000 irq 41,42 (pio)
TCP cubic registered
NET: Registered protocol family 17
VFP support v0.3: implementor 41 architecture 3 part 30 variant 9 rev 3
Registering SMP/SMPB emulation handler
mmc0: new MMC card at address 0001
mmcblk0: mmc0:0001 ARMMC 256 MiB
mmcblk0: unknown partition table
input: AT Raw Set 2 keyboard as /devices/nb:kmi0/serio0/input/input0
input: PS/2 Generic Mouse as /devices/nb:kmi1/serio1/input/input1
VFS: Mounted root (ext2 filesystem) readonly on device 179:0.
Freeing init memory: 160K
init started: BusyBox v1.14.3 (2009-11-12 11:03:55 GMT)
starting pid 37, tty '': '/etc/rc.d/rc.local'
/etc/rc.d/rc.local: line 14: can't create /var/testfile: Read-only file system
warning: can't open /etc/mtab: No such file or directory
S: devpts
S: udev
udev (77): /proc/77/oom_adj is deprecated, please use /proc/77/oom_score_adj in
stead.
S: sshd
S: dbus id
Thu Jan  1 00:00:08 UTC 1970
S: hald
S: Xorg
R: Xorg
S: dhcdd
Found no /etc/resolv.conf you need one for e.g. browser to resolve URLs
S: ohmd
sbrshd: Can't get address info
No network interface 'eth0' found
No network interface 'usb0' found
lo      Link encap:Local Loopback
        inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:16436  Metric:1
        RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 f
AEL login: root
login[330]: root login on 'ttyAMA0'

BusyBox v1.14.3 (2009-11-12 11:03:55 GMT) built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

#

```


## 1.1.5 Testing the Open-virtualization Stack

Load the Open-Trust-Zone kernel driver by executing the following instruction.

```
#insmod /otz_client.ko
```

Launch the test application.

```
#otzapp.elf
```



```

RTSM terminal_0
S: udev
udev (77): /proc/77/oom_adj is deprecated, please use /proc/77/oom_score_adj in
stead.
S: sshd
S: dbus id
Thu Jan 1 00:00:08 UTC 1970
S: hald
S: Xorg
R: Xorg
S: dhcdd
Found no /etc/resolv.conf you need one for e.g. browser to resolve URLs
S: ohmd
sbrshd: Can't get address info
No network interface 'eth0' found
No network interface 'usb0' found
lo      Link encap:Local Loopback
         inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:16436  Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 f
AEL login: root
login[330]: root login on 'ttyAMA0'

BusyBox v1.14.3 (2009-11-12 11:03:55 GMT) built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

# insmod /otz_client.ko
# otzapp.elf
fd :3
input data test data abcdefgh
out data ipc echo test: Test IPI echo cmd
Attempting to lock the variable
Lock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
Mutex already locked. We cannot lock it anymore !!
Unlock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
Going to sleep
Second time locking successful
= test data abcdefgh and out data len 0x13
shared res buf addr 0x40167200, out data addr 0x40167200 and value test_shared_
buffer and out data len 0x13
next decoder data type 0x2
res buf addr 0x4033f000, out data addr 0x4033f000 and value test_array_space_bu
ffer and out data len 0x18
next decoder data type 0x0
device close successful
Creating task for testing otz mutexes
device close successful
Mutex testing finished
Creating task for testing secure kernel notification feature
echo task handler 0x115
device close successful
Notification testing finished
#
  
```

TEE compliant app can be tested by launching the following application:

*#otz\_tee\_app.elf*

```

RTSM terminal_0
S: Xorg
R: Xorg
S: dhcdd
Found no /etc/resolv.conf you need one for e.g. browser to resolve URLs
S: ohmd
sbrshd: Can't get address info
No network interface 'eth0' found
No network interface 'usb0' found
lo      Link encap:Local Loopback
        inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:16436  Metric:1
        RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 f
AEL login: root
login[330]: root login on 'ttyAMA0'

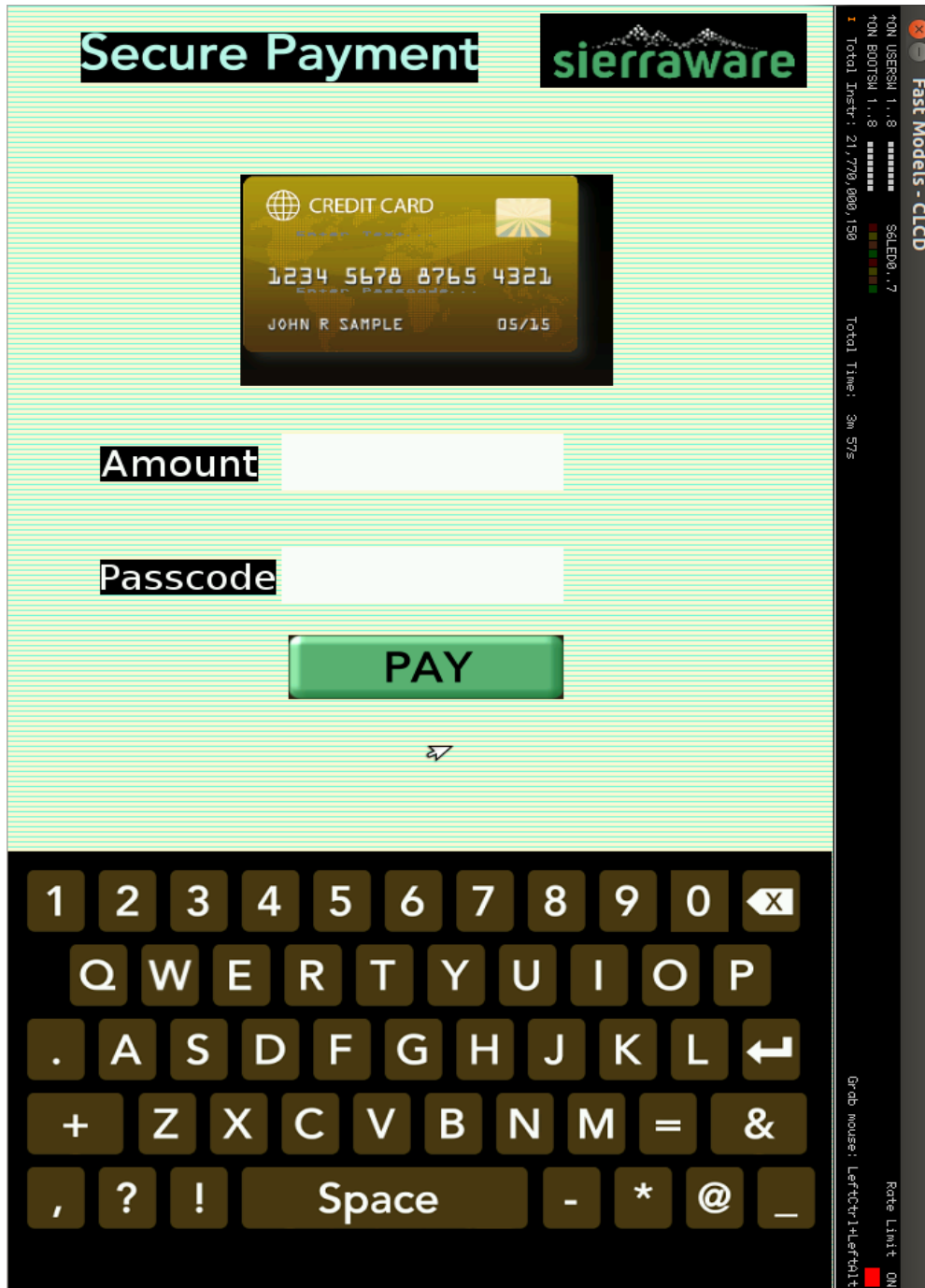
BusyBox v1.14.3 (2009-11-12 11:03:55 GMT) built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

# insmod /otz_client.ko
# otzapp.elf
fd :3
input data test data abcdefgh
out data ipc echo test: Test IPI echo cmd
Attempting to lock the variable
Lock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
Mutex already locked. We cannot lock it anymore !!
Unlock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
Going to sleep
Second time locking successful
= test data abcdefgh and out data len 0x13
shared res buf addr 0x40167200, out data addr 0x40167200 and value test_shared_
buffer and out data len 0x13
next decoder data type 0x2
res buf addr 0x4033f000, out data addr 0x4033f000 and value test_array_space_bu
ffer and out data len 0x18
next decoder data type 0x0
device close successful
Creating task for testing otz mutexes
device close successful
Mutex testing finished
Creating task for testing secure kernel notification feature
echo task handler 0x115
device close successful
Notification testing finished
# otz_tee_app.elf
session id 0x116
TEEC output buffer 0x40174000: test global platform client api: full memory reference testing
TEEC output buffer test global platform client api: zero copy testing - inout
TEEC output buffer test global platform client api: zero copy testing
TEEC output buffer test global platform client api: non-zero copy
TEEC output buffer test global platform client api: testing temp memory reference
#

```

Virtual keyboard can be tested by launching the following application:

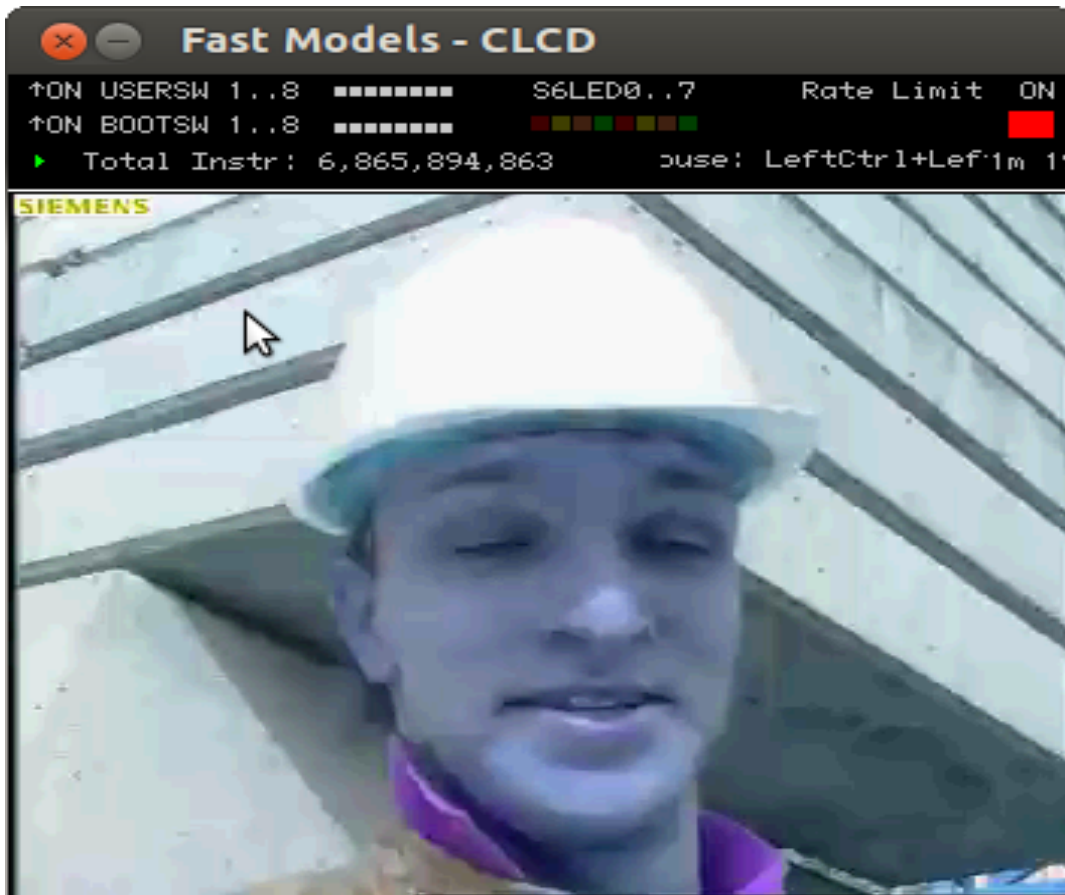
otz\_virtual\_keyboard.elf





Media Player can be tested by launching the following application:

otz\_play\_media.elf



Neon/VFP support feature can be tested by launching the following application:

```
# otz_neon_app.elf
```

## 1.2 Steps to Build Open Virtualization SDK:

### 1.2.1 Steps to build the linux kernel:

- i. Download linux-2.6.38.7 from linux kernel source.
- ii. Copy the downloaded file to trustzone/otz\_linux as linux-2.6.38.7.tar.bz2
- iii. Create a soft link or copy the image  
<FastModelInstalldir>/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/images/RTSM\_EB\_Linux/filesystems/armv5t\_min\_EB\_V6\_V7.image to trustzone/otz\_linux.
- iv. Run make command from otz\_linux path.

### 1.2.2 Steps to build the secure kernel :

- i. Export the CROSS\_COMPILE variable to point to the codesourcery toolchain.  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE=<toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-linux-gnueabi-*
- ii. Export the CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB variable to point to the supplied toolchain in case of building crypto application. In case of building *crypto application*,  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB=<supplied toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-eabi-*  
Otherwise,  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB=<toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-linux-gnueabi*
- iii. Run make command from SDK path.
- iv. Binaries and library files are available in **tzone\_sdk/bin** and **tzone\_sdk/lib** respectively.
- v. Linux trustzone api client application (**otzapp.elf**), Linux trustzone client driver (**otz\_client.ko**) and trustzone api shared library (**libtzapi.so**) are copied to the root file system.

### 1.2.3 Steps to follow to resolve the toolchain error in Ubuntu 12.x

While building the secure kernel with crypto enabled in ubuntu 12.04, the tool chain might give some errors due to the missing of the required libraries. Run the following in order to fix this issue.

- apt-get install libmpc2:i386
- apt-get install libmpfr4:i386
- ln -s /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libmpfr.so.4 /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libmpfr.so.1
- apt-get install libgmp10:i386
- ln -s /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgmp.so.10 /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgmp.so.3
- apt-get install libelf1:i386
- ln -s /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libelf.so.1 /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libelf.so.0

Note: Supported toolchain version is arm-2010q1.

## 2 Build and booting Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Dedicated TEE)

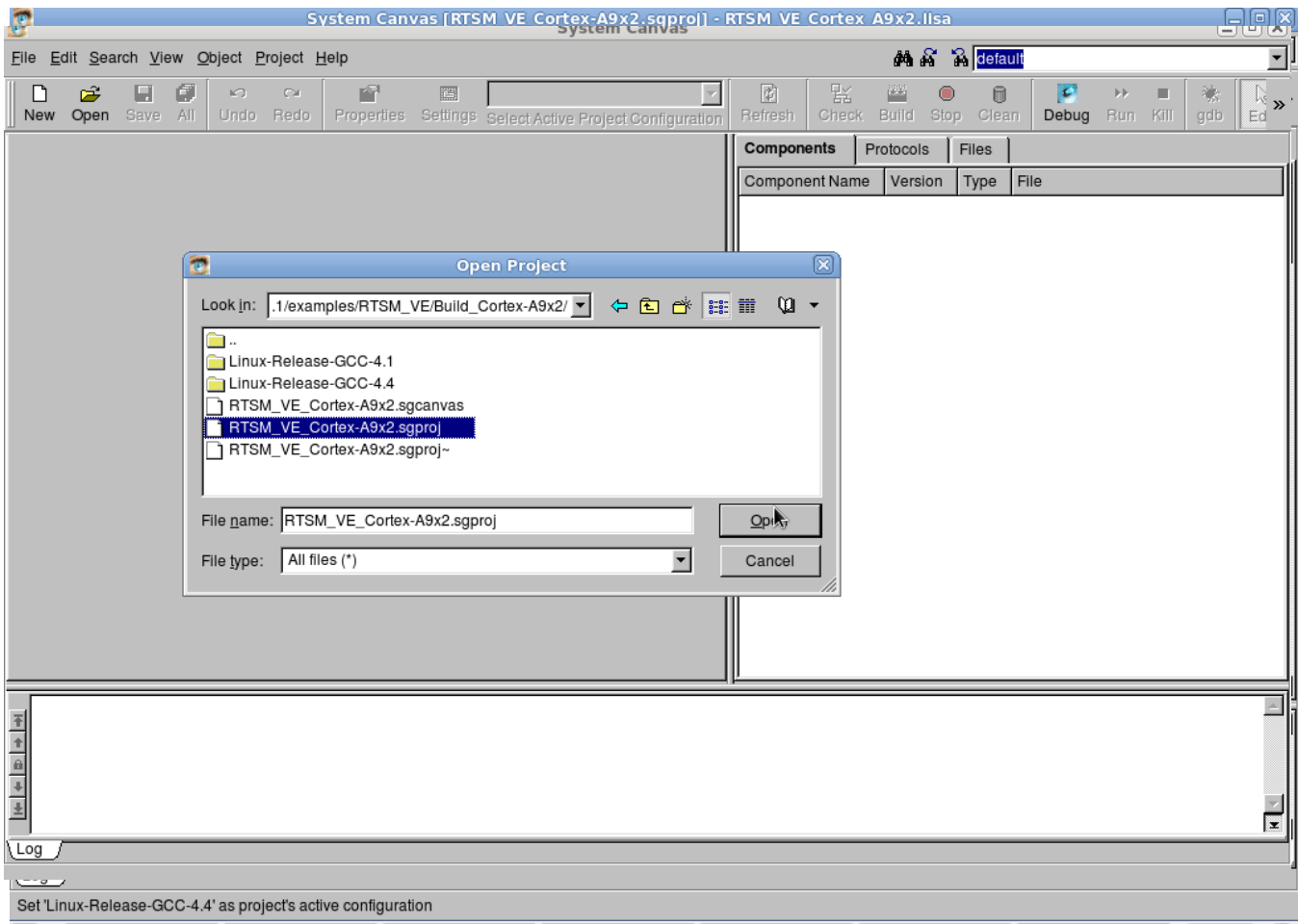
### 2.1 Steps to boot Open Virtualization in Fastmodel(Dedicated TEE):

The Steps are the same as those described in steps (i) to (v) of Section 1.1

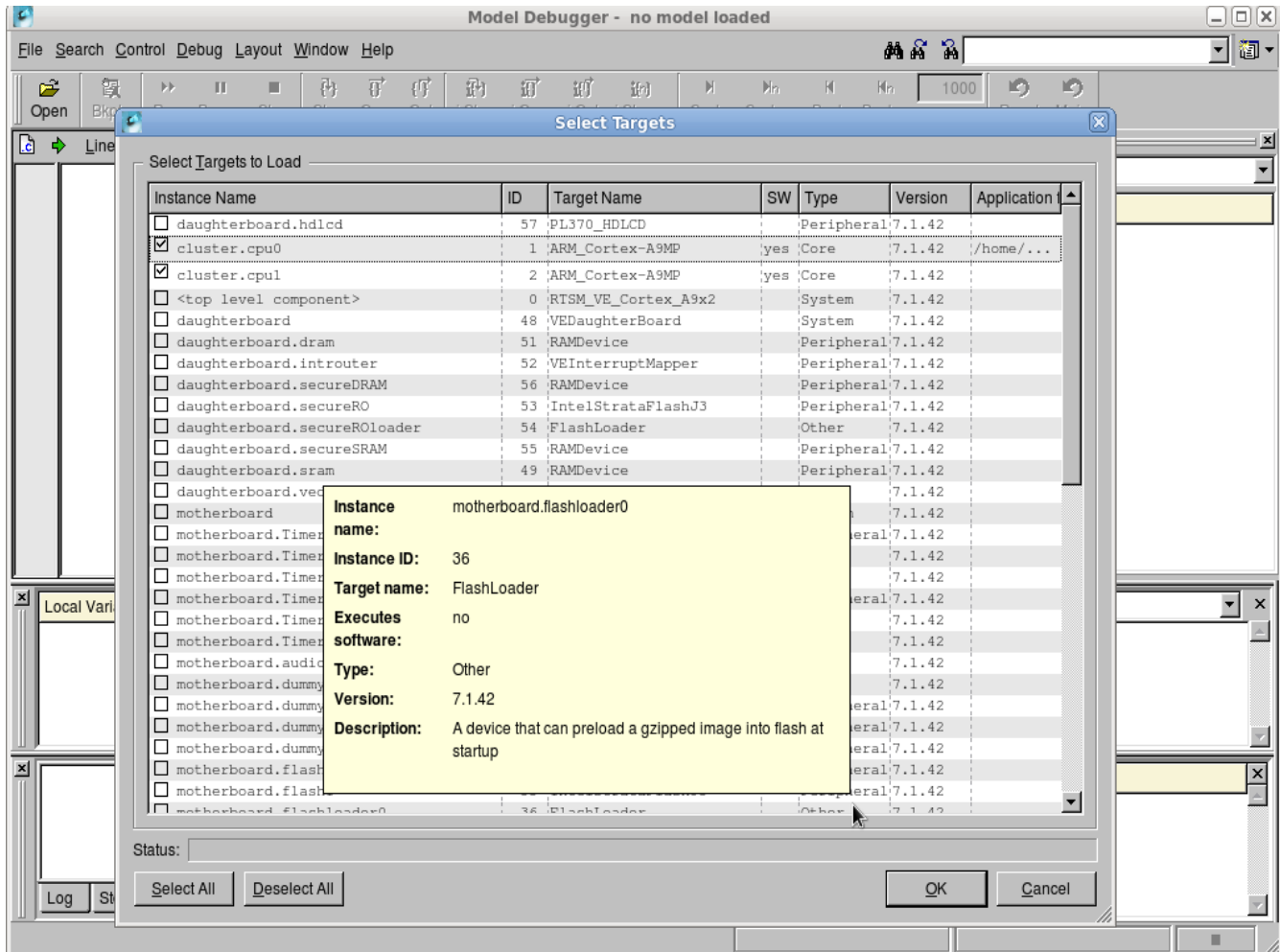
It is supported in Versatile Express Cortex A9 and Cortex A15.

<Fastmodel-install-dir>/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/examples/RTSM\_VE/Build\_Cortex-A9x2/RTSM\_VE\_Cortex-A9x2.sgproj

After loading the required project models, a window appears as below.



Configure the required parameters in the Configure Model Parameters window and click OK which makes the "select targets" window to appear. Click OK. The file gets loaded and the following window appears.



Two windows will be appearing as shown below.

The screenshot displays the SierraWare debugger interface with the following components:

- File Search Control Debug Layout Window Help**: Main menu bar.
- Open Bkpts Run Cont Stop Step Over Out**: Execution control buttons.
- Line: File: Address: 0x Memspace: Se Af**: Address and memory space selection fields.
- Assembly View**:
 

Line	Code	Address	Opcode	Disassembly
31	.globl _start			
32	_start:			
33	b _start_1	0x90100000	ea000439	program_start_address
34				_start: B 0x901010ec
35				
36	.align 12	0x90100004	e320f000	NOP
37	.global secure_exception_vectors	0x90100008	e320f000	NOP
38	secure_exception_vectors:	0x9010000C	e320f000	NOP
39	/*	0x90100010	e320f000	NOP
40	Vector table	0x90100014	e320f000	NOP
41	*/	0x90100018	e320f000	NOP
42	B _reset_handler	0x9010001C	e320f000	NOP
43	B _undefined_handler	0x90100020	e320f000	NOP
44	B _swi_handler	0x90100024	e320f000	NOP
45	B _prefetch_handler	0x90100028	e320f000	NOP
46	B _abort_handler	0x9010002C	e320f000	NOP
47	B _reserved_vector	0x90100030	e320f000	NOP
48	B _irq_handler	0x90100034	e320f000	NOP
49	B _fiq_handler			
50				
- Core Register View**:
 

Register	Value
R0	0x00000000
R1	0x00000000
R2	0x00000000
R3	0x00000000
R4	0x00000000
R5	0x00000000
R6	0x00000000
R7	0x00000000
R8	0x00000000
R9	0x00000000
R10	0x00000000
R11	0x00000000
R12	0x00000000
R13	0x00000000
R14	0x00000000
R15	0x90100000
- Local Variable/Parameter View**:
 

Local Variable/Parameter	Type	Value
error:		PC not in any function
- Memory View**:
 

Addr	0x00000000	Space	Secure	Block	Secure
0x00000000	10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00				
0x00000012	FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7				
0x00000024	00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8				
0x00000036	00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8				
- Call Stack View**:
 

Level	Address	Call Stack
0	0x90100000	??? at /home/ratheesh/sep12_release/trustz...
- Log StdIO All cmd>**: Output window.
- C: I:0**: Status bar.

The screenshot displays the Model Debugger interface with the following components:

- File Search Control Debug Layout Window Help**: Top menu bar.
- Open Bkpts Run Cont Stop Step Over Out I Step I Over I Out I Step n Cycle Cyclen <- n-> Reset Main**: Top toolbar.
- Line: File: cpu\_entry.S**: Source code editor showing assembly code.
 

```

31 .globl _start
32 _start:
33     b_start_l
34
35 .align 12
36 .global secure_exception_vectors
37 secure_exception_vectors:
38 /*
39 Vector table
40 */
41
42     B     _reset_handler
43     B     _undefined_handler
44     B     _swi_handler
45     B     _prefetch_handler
46     B     _abort_handler
47     B     _reserved_vector
48     B     _irq_handler
49     B     _fiq_handler
50

```
- Address: 0x Memspace: Sec ARM**: Disassembly view showing instructions.
 

Address	Opcode	Disassembly
0x900FFFF8	dfdfdcf	SVCLE #0xdfdcf
0x900FFFFC	cfdfdcf	SVCGT #0xdfdcf
0x90100000	ea000439	B 0x901010ec
0x90100004	e320f000	NOP
0x90100008	e320f000	NOP
0x9010000C	e320f000	NOP
0x90100010	e320f000	NOP
0x90100014	e320f000	NOP
0x90100018	e320f000	NOP
0x9010001C	e320f000	NOP
0x90100020	e320f000	NOP
0x90100024	e320f000	NOP
0x90100028	e320f000	NOP
0x9010002C	e320f000	NOP
0x90100030	e320f000	NOP
0x90100034	e320f000	NOP
- Core**: Register view showing values for R0 through R15.
 

Register	Value
R0	0x00000000
R1	0x00000000
R2	0x00000000
R3	0x00000000
R4	0x00000000
R5	0x00000000
R6	0x00000000
R7	0x00000000
R8	0x00000000
R9	0x00000000
R10	0x00000000
R11	0x00000000
R12	0x00000000
R13	0x00000000
R14	0x00000000
R15	0x90100000
- Local Variable/Parameter**: Table with columns Type and Value.
 

Local Variable/Parameter	Type	Value
error:		PC not in any function
- Addr: 0x00000000 Space: Secure Block: Secure**: Memory view showing hex data.
 

Addr	0x00000000	0x00000012	0x00000024	0x00000036
00 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00	FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7	00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8	00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8	
- Level Address Call Stack**: Call stack view showing the current function.
 

Level	Address	Call Stack
0	0x90100000	??? at /home/ratheesh/sep12_release/trustz...
- Log StdIO All cmd>**: Bottom status bar with tabs for Log, StdIO, All, and cmd>.



Clicking Run will boot the system.

```

RTSM terminal_0
usbcore: registered new interface driver usb-storage
USB Mass Storage support registered.
mousedev: PS/2 mouse device common for all mice
rtc-p1031 dev:rtc: rtc core: registered p1031 as rtc0
mmc0: p1031 fpga:mmc0: mmc0: PL180 rev0 at 0x10005000 irq 49,50
usbcore: registered new interface driver usblid
usblid: USB HID core driver
mmc0: new MMC card at address 0001
aaci-p1041 fpga:aaci: ARM AC'97 Interface at 0x0000000010004000, irq 51, fifo 512
mmcblk0: mmc0:0001 ARMm256 HiB
ALSA device list:
#0: ARM AC'97 Interface at 0x0000000010004000, irq 51
TCP cubic registered
NET: Registered protocol family 17
mmcblk0: unknown partition table
VFP support v0.3: implementor 41 architecture 3 part 30 variant c rev 2
ThumbEE CPU extension supported.
rtc-p1031 dev:rtc: setting system clock to 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC (0)
input: AT Raw Set 2 keyboard as /devices/fpga/kmi0/serial0/input/input0
VFS: Mounted root (ext2 filesystem) readonly on device 179:0.
Freeing init memory: 144K
init started: BusyBox v1.14.3 (2009-11-12 11:03:55 GMT)
starting pid 465, tty '': /etc/rc.d/rc.local
/etc/rc.d/rc.local: line 14: can't create /var/testfile: Read-only file system
input: PS/2 Generic Mouse as /devices/fpga/kmi1/serial0/input/input1
warning: can't open /etc/mtab: No such file or directory
S: devpts
S: udev
udev (508): /proc/508/oom_adj is deprecated, please use /proc/508/oom_score_adj instead.
S: sshd
S: dbus id
Thu Jan 1 00:00:03 UTC 1970
S: halid
S: Xorg
R: Xorg
S: dhcdd
Found no /etc/resolv.conf you need one for e.g. browser to resolve URLs
S: ohmd
No network interface 'eth0' found
No network interface 'usb0' found
sbrshd: Can't get address info
lo Link encap:Local Loopback
inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)

/proc/asound/cards file present
0 [Interface ]: aaci-p1041 - ARM AC'97 Interface
HEL login:

```

For rebooting with the same image and root file system just click

stop ---> Reset ---> Run

Login as root and follow the successive steps in Section 1.1.

## 2.2 Steps to build Open Virtualization SDK(Dedicated TEE):

### 2.2.1 Steps to build the linux kernel for dedicated tee:

1. Enable OTZONE\_AMP\_SUPPORT by making the following change in **otz-linux/Makefile**.

```
export OTZONE_AMP_SUPPORT := y
```

2. Run Make which will build the linux kernel image.

```
#make
```

### 2.2.2 Steps to build the secure kernel :

Refer steps 1 to 3 in Section 1.2.2 and enable CONFIG\_SW\_DEDICATED\_TEE in the VE config file present in the following path **tzone\_sdk/otzone/config/config.ve** before running make from SDK path.

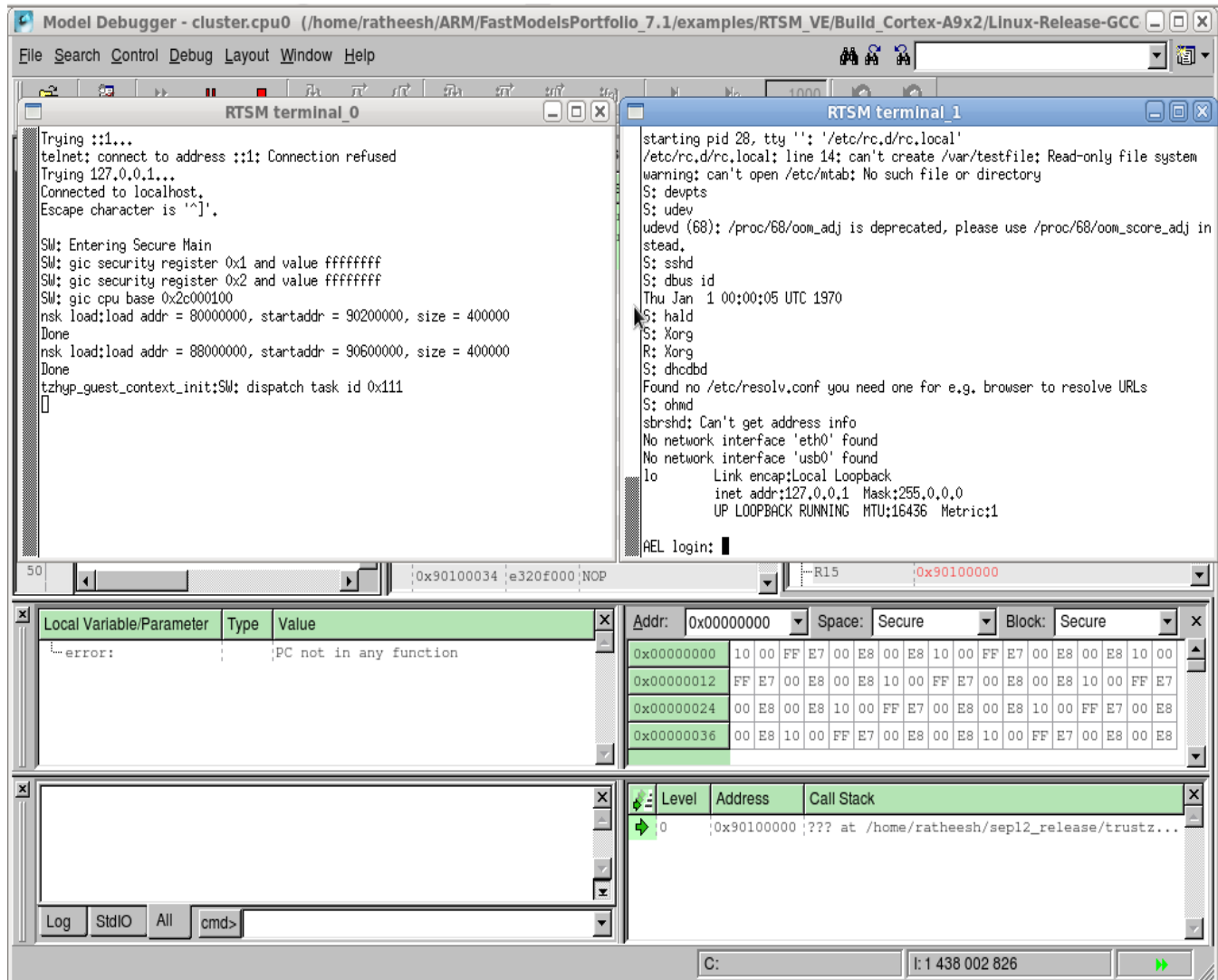
-DCONFIG\_SW\_DEDICATED\_TEE=1 should be enabled in both TARGET\_ASMFLAGS and TARGET\_CCFLAGS.

### **3 Build and booting Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Hypervisor)**

#### **3.1 Steps to boot Open Virtualization in Fastmodel(Multiple guests)**

Follow the same steps as in Section 1.1. The only exception is that the way in which the testing for the Open Virtualization Stack is done.

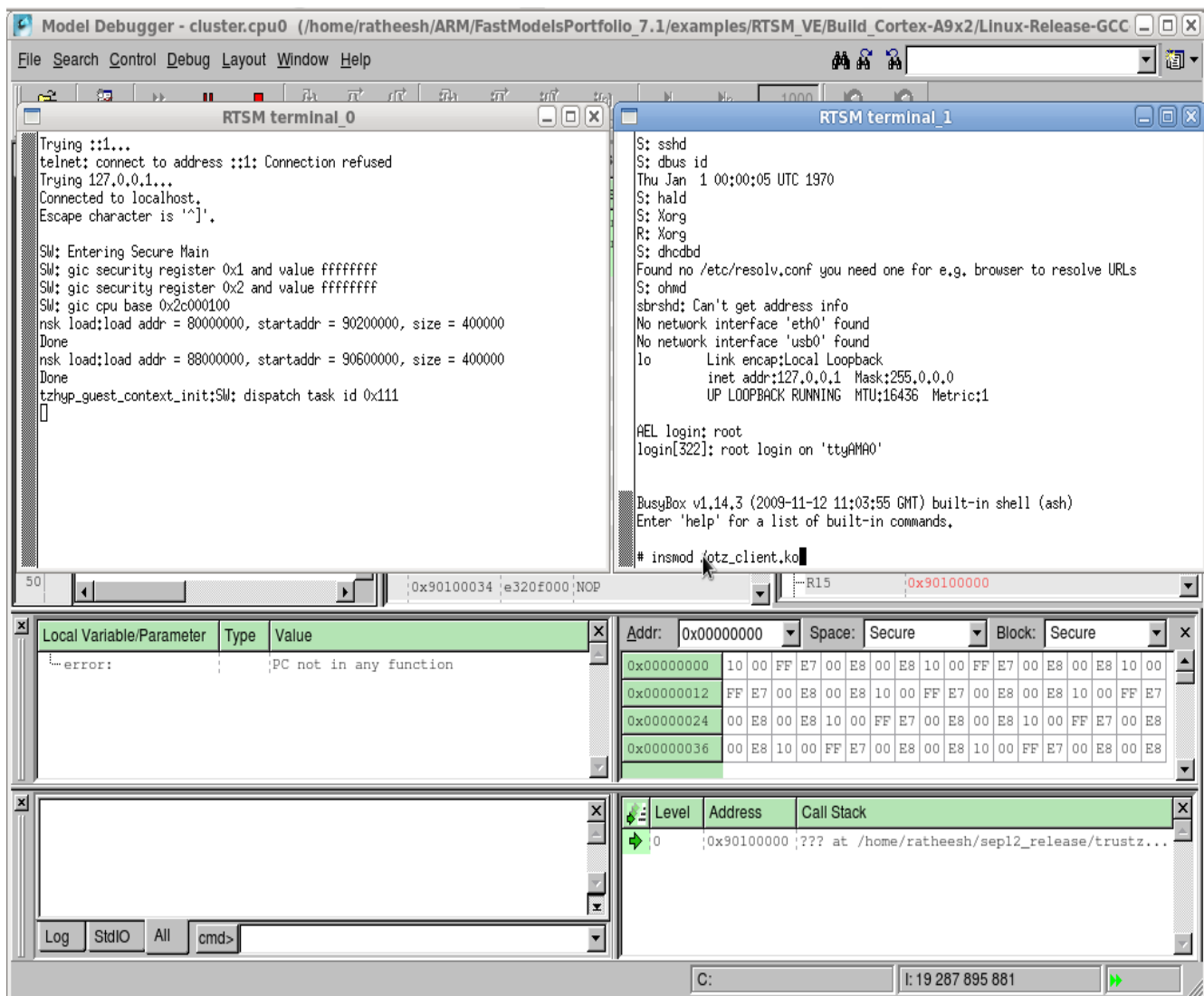
The first linux comes up on booting the system.



Login as root.

Load the Open-Trust-Zone kernel driver module for the first linux by executing the following instruction.

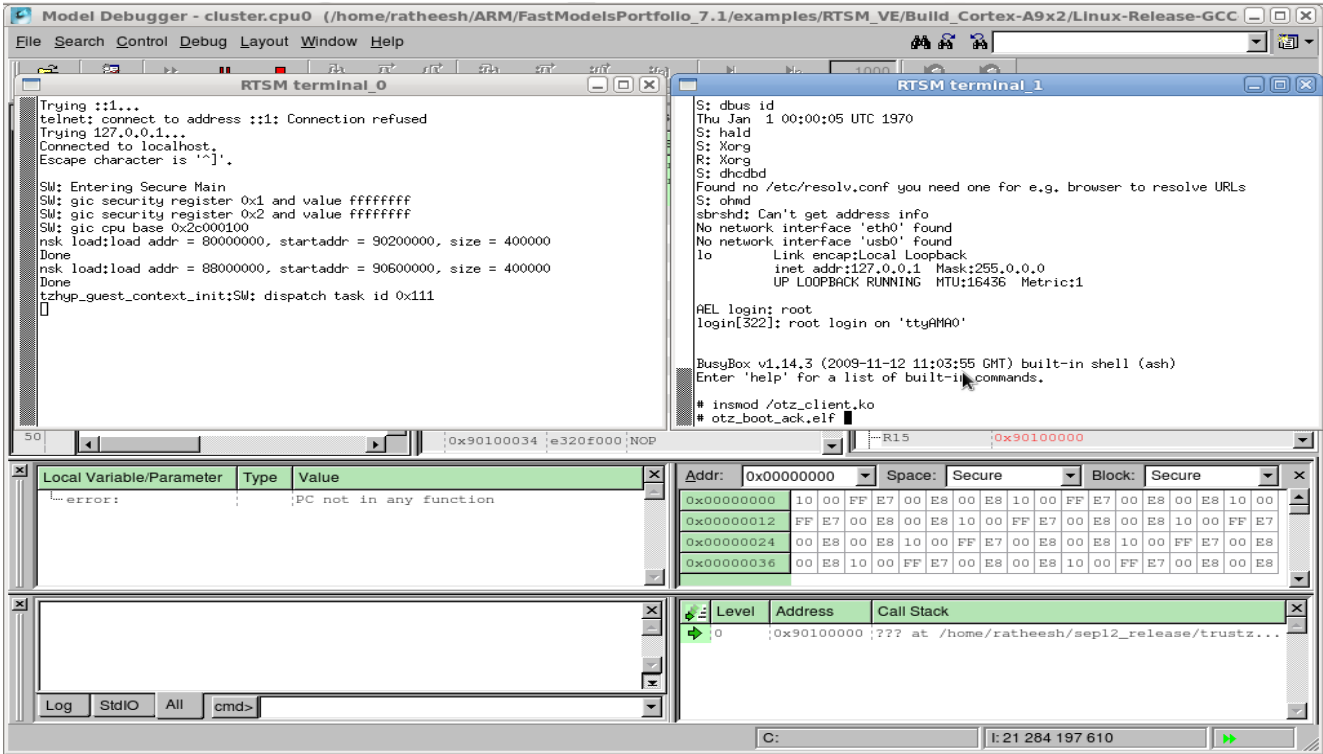
```
#insmod /otz_client.ko
```



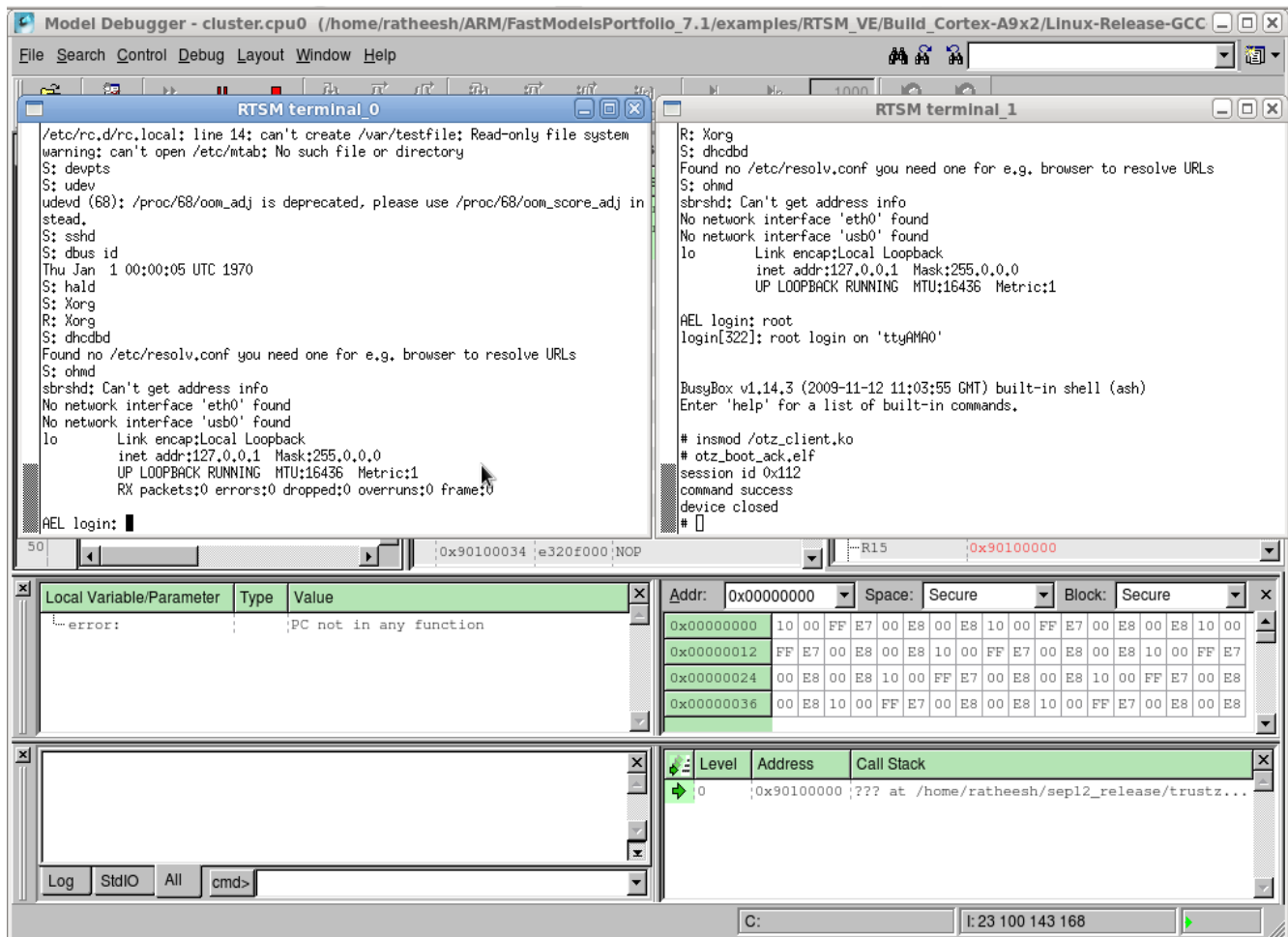
Only the first linux runs and the behaviour would be similar to that of a single guest system.

To start the second linux, run the following application.

```
#otz_boot_ack_elf
```



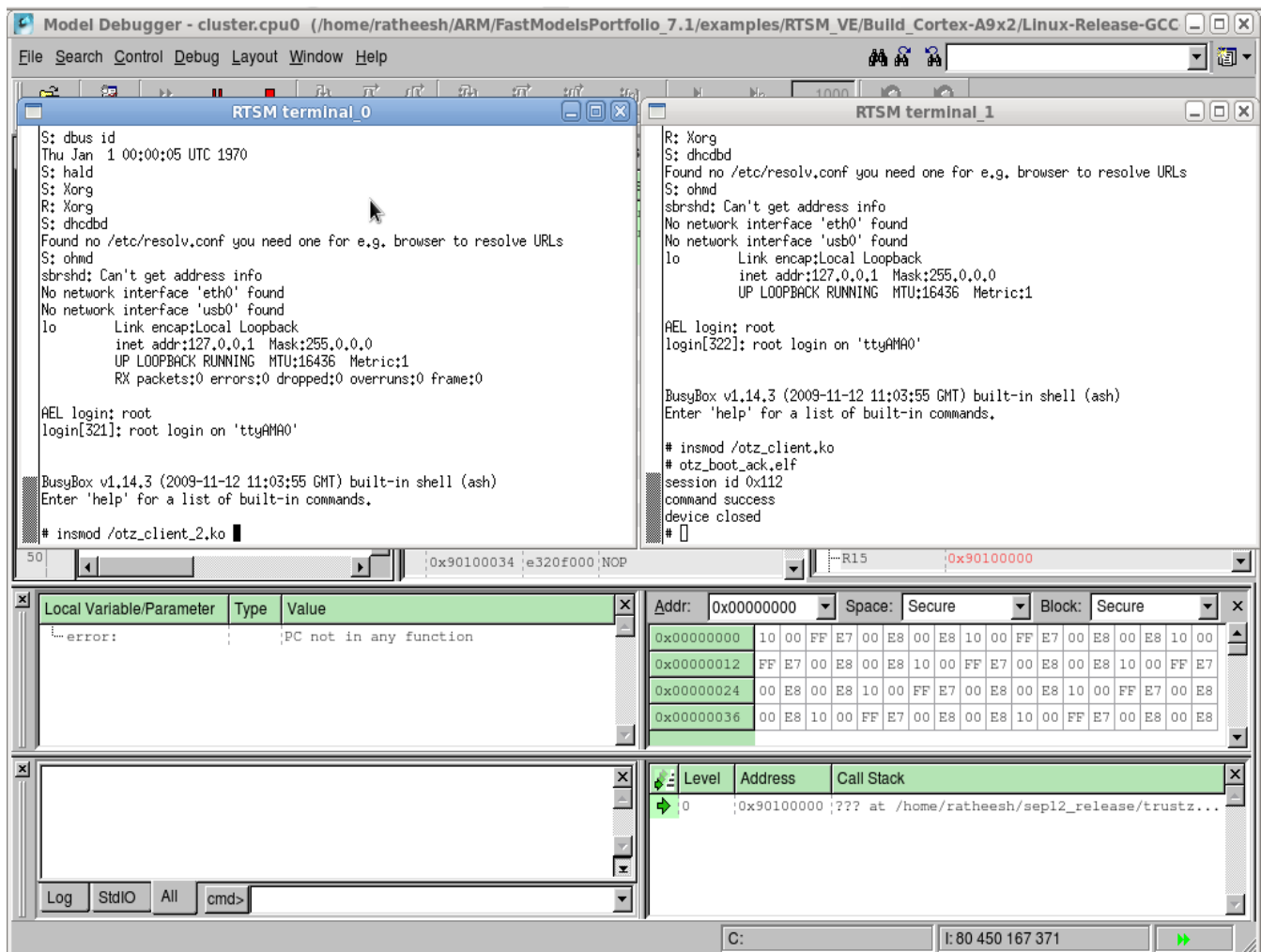
The second linux comes up as shown below.



Login as root.

Load the Open-Trust-Zone kernel driver for the second guest by executing the following instruction

```
#insmod /otz_client_2.ko
```



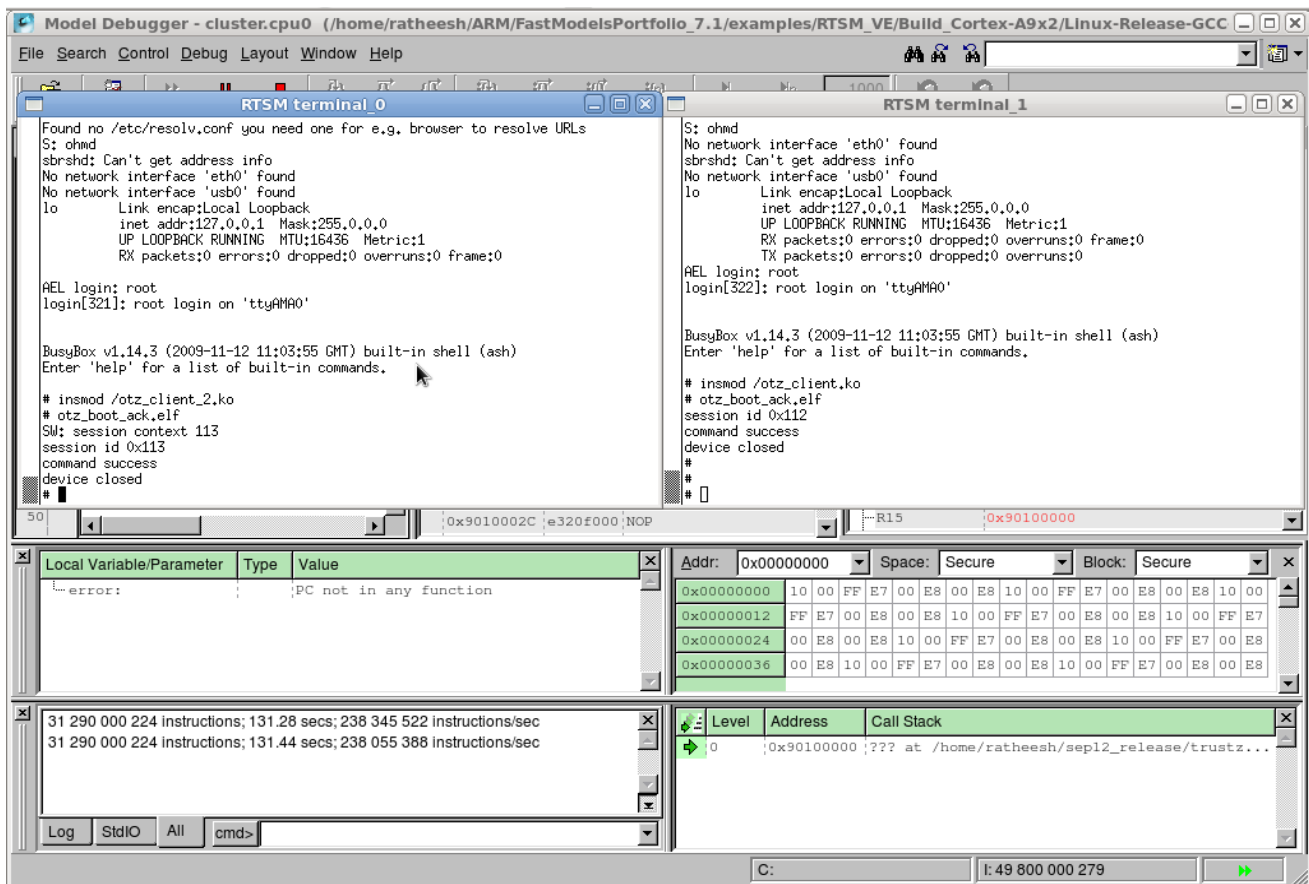


Only the second guest runs at this point and the behaviour would be similar to that of a single guest system.

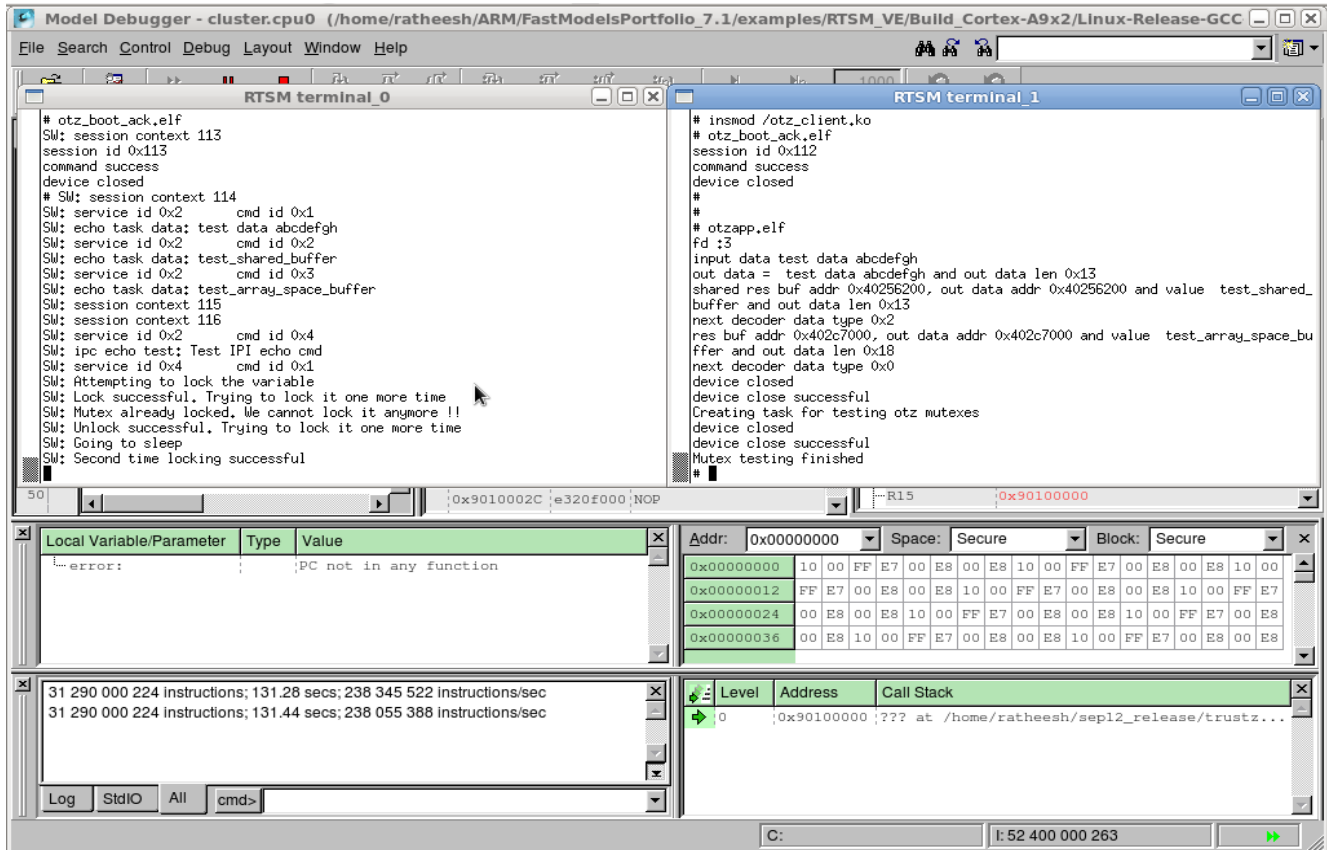
To make both guests run simultaneously, run the following application from second linux.

```
#otz_boot_ack.elf
```

Running both the guests simultaneously would result in a screen similar to the one below.



Applications can be run from both linux independently.



Model Debugger - cluster.cpu0 (/home/ratheesh/ARM/FastModelsPortfolio\_7.1/examples/RTSM\_VE/Build\_Cortex-A9x2/Linux-Release-GCC)

File Search Control Debug Layout Window Help

RTSM terminal\_0

```
SW: service id 0x2 cmd id 0x4
SW: ipc echo test: Test IPI echo cmd
SW: service id 0x4 cmd id 0x1
SW: Attempting to lock the variable
SW: Lock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
SW: Mutex already locked. We cannot lock it anymore !!
SW: Unlock successful. Trying to lock it one more time
SW: Going to sleep
SW: Second time locking successful
input data test data abcdefgh
out data = test data abcdefgh and out data len 0x13
shared res buf addr 0x401d0200, out data addr 0x401d0200 and value test_shared_
buffer and out data len 0x13
next decoder data type 0x2
res buf addr 0x4036a000, out data addr 0x4036a000 and value test_array_space_bu
ffer and out data len 0x18
next decoder data type 0x0
device closed
device close successful
Creating task for testing otz mutexes
device closed
device close successful
Mutex testing finished
#
```

RTSM terminal\_1

```
command success
device closed
#
# otzapp.elf
fd :3
input data test data abcdefgh
out data = test data abcdefgh and out data len 0x13
shared res buf addr 0x40256200, out data addr 0x40256200 and value test_shared_
buffer and out data len 0x13
next decoder data type 0x2
res buf addr 0x402c7000, out data addr 0x402c7000 and value test_array_space_bu
ffer and out data len 0x18
next decoder data type 0x0
device closed
device close successful
Creating task for testing otz mutexes
device closed
device close successful
Mutex testing finished
#
#
```

50 0x9010002C e320f000 NOP R15 0x90100000

Local Variable/Parameter Type Value

Local Variable/Parameter	Type	Value
error:		PC not in any function

Addr: 0x00000000 Space: Secure Block: Secure

0x00000000	10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00
0x00000012	FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7
0x00000024	00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8
0x00000036	00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8 10 00 FF E7 00 E8 00 E8

31 290 000 224 instructions; 131.28 secs; 238 345 522 instructions/sec  
31 290 000 224 instructions; 131.44 secs; 238 055 388 instructions/sec

Level Address Call Stack

Level	Address	Call Stack
0	0x90100000	??? at /home/ratheesh/sep12_release/trustz...

Log StdIO All cmd>

C: I: 66 000 000 241

## 3.2 Steps to Build Open Virtualization SDK(Multiple guests):

### 3.2.1 Steps to build the secure kernel :

Follow the same steps as in Section 1.2.2 and in addition perform the following two steps before running make from the SDK path.

1. Enable the CONFIG\_MULTI\_GUESTS\_SUPPORT variable in ***tzone\_sdk/Makefile***.
2. Enable CONFIG\_MULTI\_GUESTS\_SUPPORT in the ve configuration file which is present in the following path by uncommenting the corresponding lines.

***tzone\_sdk/otzone/config/config.ve***

-DCONFIG\_MULTI\_GUESTS\_SUPPORT=1

3. Run make from ***tzone\_sdk*** .This would produce the required binaries and library files in ***tzone\_sdk/bin*** and ***tzone\_sdk/lib*** respectively.
4. Linux trustzone api client application (***otzapp.elf***), Linux trustzone client driver (***otz\_client.ko***) and trustzone api shared library (***libtzapi.so***) are copied to the root file system.
5. Driver modules for linux guest 1 is otz\_client.ko and linux guest2 is otz\_client\_2.ko .

### 3.2.2 Steps to build multiple linux guests:

1. Enable MULTIPLE\_GUESTS\_SUPPORT variable in ***otz-linux/Makefile***.
2. Running make will build two linux guests.  
#make

## 4 Build and booting Android based Open Virtualization in Fastmodel

### 4.1 Steps to build Android based Open Virtualization

#### 4.1.1 Steps to build Android SDK:

- (i) Download the script to build android from this link  
[http://snapshots.linaro.org/android/~linaro-android/vexpress-rtsm-ics-gcc46-armlt-stable-open-12.04-release/5/linaro\\_android\\_build\\_cmds.sh](http://snapshots.linaro.org/android/~linaro-android/vexpress-rtsm-ics-gcc46-armlt-stable-open-12.04-release/5/linaro_android_build_cmds.sh)
- (ii) Comment out the last two lines in the script corresponding to the building of android  
#. build/envsetup.sh  
  
#make -j\${CPUS} boottarball systemtarball userdatatarball
- (iii) Run the following script  
#android\_install.sh
- (iv) Uncomment the last two lines in the android build script.  
. build/envsetup.sh  
make -j\${CPUS} boottarball systemtarball userdatatarball
- (v) Run the script  
#linaro\_android\_build\_cmds.sh

## 4.1.2 Steps to Build Open Virtualization SDK (Android supported kernel):

### 4.1.3 Steps to build the secure kernel :

1. Export the CROSS\_COMPILE variable to point to the codesourcery toolchain that would be used.  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE=<toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-linux-gnueabi-*
2. Export the CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB variable to point to the supplied toolchain that would be used. This toolchain is used while building crypto application.  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB=<toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-eabi-*
3. Enable the CONFIG\_ANDROID\_GUEST variable in ***tzone\_sdk/Makefile***
4. Modify the ANDROID\_PATH variable to the corresponding Android install directory.
5. Run make command from SDK path.  
*#make*
6. Binary files are available in ***tzone\_sdk/bin***.
7. Linux trustzone client driver (***otz\_client.ko***) is copied to the android root file system.

## 4.2 Steps to boot Android based kernel:

### 4.2.1 Create an SD card image:

1. Untar the boot.tar.bz2 file in a directory.  

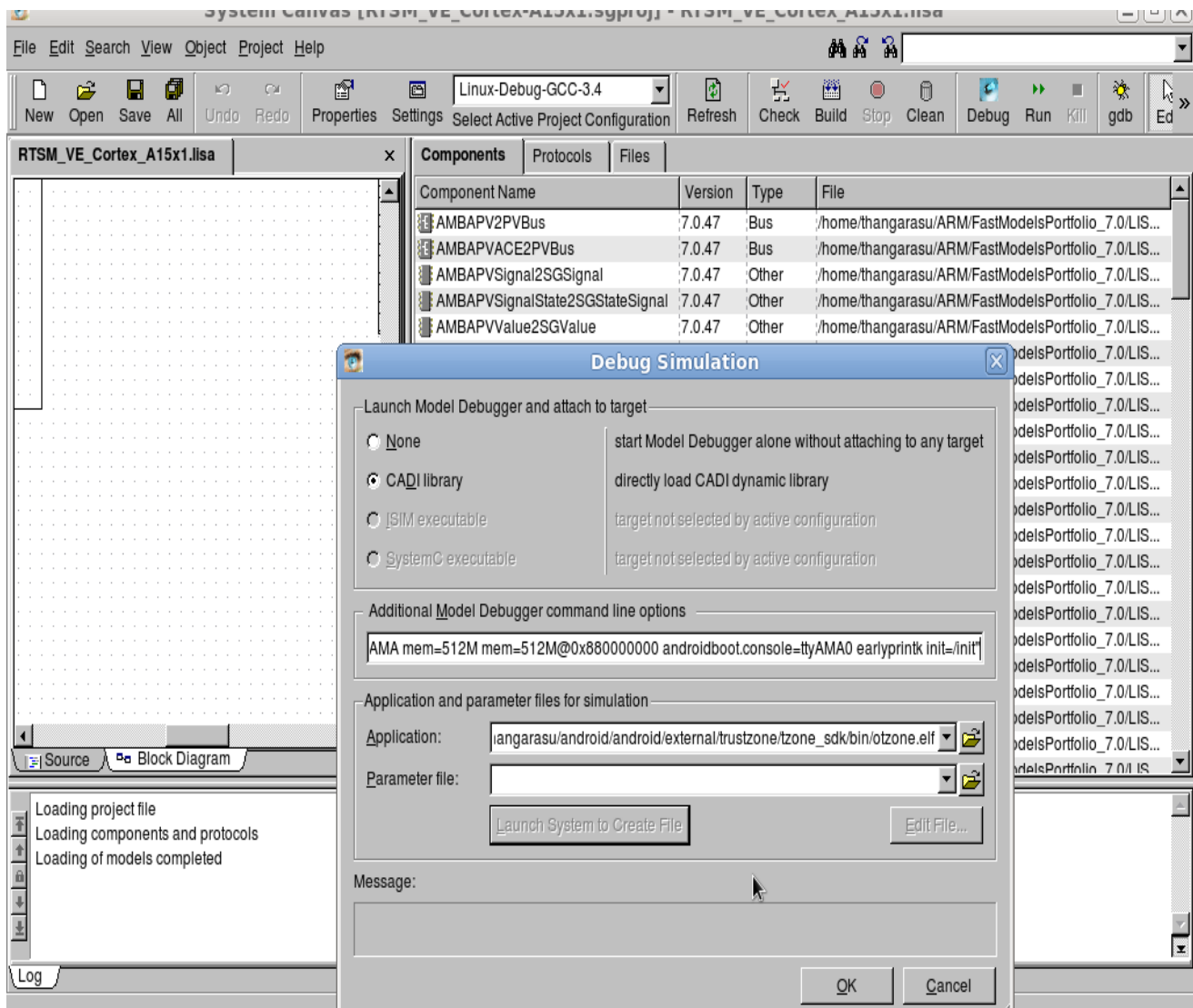
```
#cd <android_temp_extracted_directory>
#tar -xvf boot.tar.bz2
```
2. Create mmc.bin by running this command.  

```
#bzip branch lp:linaro-image-tools
#./linaro-image-tools/linaro-android-media-create --image_file
mc.bin --image_size 2000M --dev vexpress-a9 --system
system.tar.bz2 --userdata userdata.tar.bz2 --boot boot.tar.bz2
```

### 4.2.2 Steps to boot Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Single Android guest)

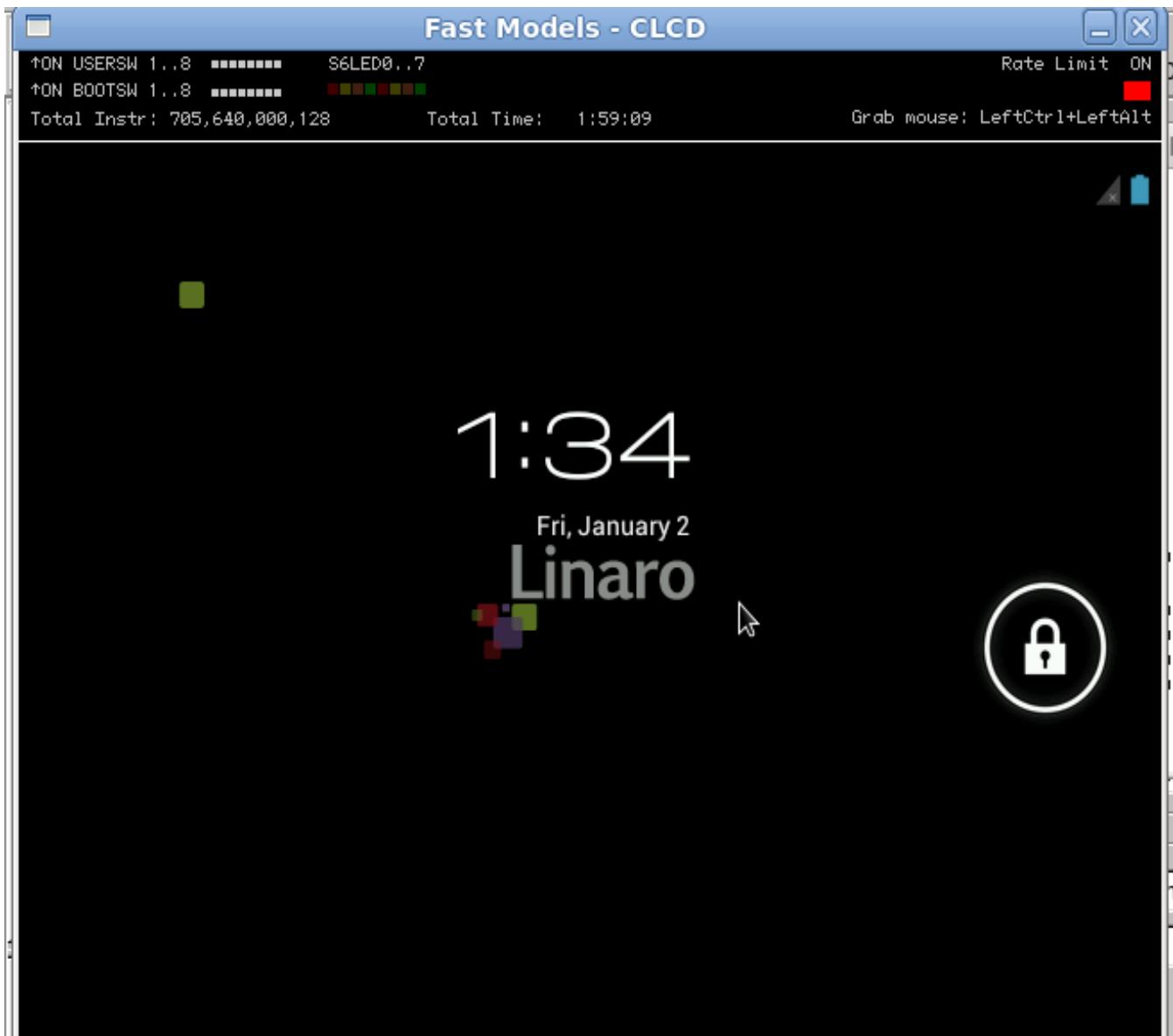
1. Refer section 1 for building the Fastmodel.
2. Run on the A15 Simulator with semi-hosting. Give Additional Model Command Line Options at runtime as  

```
"-C motherboard.mmc.p_mmc_file
=<android_temp_extracted_directory>/mmc.bin -C
cluster.cpu0.semihosting- cmd_line="--kernel
<android_temp_extracted_directory>/boot/uImagewithDT --initrd
<android_temp_extracted_directory>/boot/Initrd -- console=ttyAMA
mem=512M mem=512M@0x880000000
androidboot.console=ttyAMA0 earlyprintk init=/init"
```



Click OK and then run the android supported otzone.elf image





### 4.2.3 Steps to boot Open Virtualization in Fastmodel (Android guest and Vanilla kernel)

1. Please Refer section 3.1 to boot the multiple guests except that we need to pass the command line options in the fastmodel debug launch dialog.
2. The Command Line Options are

```
"-C motherboard.mmc.p_mmc_file
=<android_temp_extracted_directory>/mmc.bin -C
cluster.cpu0.semihosting- cmd_line="--kernel
<android_temp_extracted_directory>/boot/uImagewithDT --initrd
<android_temp_extracted_directory>/boot/Initrd -- console=ttyAMA
mem=512M mem=512M@0x880000000
androidboot.console=ttyAMA0 earlyprintk init=/init"
```
3. Follow the other steps as in the section 3.1
4. Before running otz\_boot\_ack.elf from android console, wait for the GUI to appear.

## 5 Steps for installing other packages:

1. Experimental support for openssl has been added. Since this is experimental, a separate executable file **otzone-crypto.elf** would be created.

To enable openssl support , the following changes need to be made.

- (i) Download openssl-1.0.1c from <http://www.openssl.org/source/openssl-1.0.1c.tar.gz> and place it in */trustzone/package/storage* folder.
  - (ii) Set ENABLE\_LIBCRYPT to "y" in ***tzzone\_sdk/Makefile***.
  - (iii) Set the value of the variable CONFIG\_CRYPT to "y" in the file *config.package*, found under the directory *package*.
  - (iv) The variable CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB should be made to point to the appropriate path.  
*#export CROSS\_COMPILE\_NEWLIB=<supplied toolchain installed directory>/bin/arm-none-eabi-*
2. Load the image **otzone-crypto.elf** , which would be available in the bin directory.
  3. The app can be tested by launching *otzapp.elf* as discussed previously.

*#otzapp.elf*

## 6 Components description

Path	Component	Description
/trustzone/otz_linux	ov_android.patch	Patch to support the android with open virtualization
/trustzone/otz_linux/patches	otz_hyp_linux1.patch	Patch for linux kernel guest 1
/trustzone/otz_linux/patches	otz_hyp_linux2.patch	Patch for linux kernel guest 2
/trustzone/otz_linux/patches	otz_linux_async.patch	Patch to support the asynchronous
/trustzone/package/patches	openssl.patch	Patch to support the openssl
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	apps	Sample secure OS applications
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	arch	Architecture dependent codes
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	core	Core modules of the secure OS like memory management, task handler
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	drivers	Supported driver code
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	fs	Supported file system code
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	gui	Graphical User Interface code
/trustzone/tzone_sdk/otzone/src	lib	Library routines for memory, string, etc..

## 7 Configuration Flags

Flag	Description
CONFIG_FILESYSTEM_SUPPORT	Enables the support for file system
CONFIG_GUI_SUPPORT	Enables GUI support
TOUCH_SUPPORT	Enables the touch screen support in TEE
TIMER_NOT_DEFINED	Disables the secure timer support
CONFIG_MULTI_GUESTS_SUPPORT	Enable trustzone based hypervisor or running multiple guests, number of guests is selected by GUESTS_NO macro
CONFIG_SW_DEDICATED_TEE	Runs secure OS in a dedicated core
CONFIG_SW_BL	Enables the support for secure bootloader
CONFIG_SW_MULTICORE	Enables support for booting SMP kernels in non secure world, Number of cores to be enabled is selected by MAX_CORES macro
CONFIG_SW_NOBOOTLOADER	Enables support for directly running the secure world OS on target without running a bootloader
CONFIG_KSPACE_PROTECTION	Run tasks in a lower privilege mode (user mode) and not in the kernel(system mode)
CONFIG_CACHE_L2x0	Enables the L2 cache controller support in Secure OS.
CONFIG_CACHE_PL310	Enables the PL310 L2 Cache controller support
CONFIG_MMC_SUPPORT	Enables the eMMC support
CONFIG_GP_TEST	Enables to test Global platform internal API specification
CONFIG_SW_ELF_LOADER_SUPPORT	Enables the dynamic loading of modules
CONFIG_NEON_SUPPORT	Enables the Neon co-processor support
OTZONE_ASYNC_NOTIFY_SUPPORT	Enables the asynchronous support in secure world
CONFIG_ANDROID_GUEST	Enables to boot Android guest
NON_SECURE_BOOTWRAPPER_SUPPORT	Enables the boot wrapper support for non-secure kernel (e.g ARM Fastmodel)
CONFIG_CRYPTO, CRYPTO_BUILD	Enables the crypto to build

## 8 Additional Features:

### 8.1 Neon Support:

- Enable the CONFIG\_NEON\_SUPPORT in tzone\_sdk/Makefile  
CONFIG\_NEON\_SUPPORT :=y
- Enable the Target flags in tzone\_sdk/otzone/config/config.<board>

Uncomment the line -DCONFIG\_NEON\_SUPPORT=1 in both ASMFLAGS and CCFLAGS.

### 8.2 Dynamic Modules Support:

#### 8.2.1 Steps to enable the Dynamic modules support

- Enable the CONFIG\_SW\_ELF\_LOADER\_SUPPORT in tzone\_sdk/otzone/config/config.<board>  
CONFIG\_SW\_ELF\_LOADER\_SUPPORT=y
- Enable the Target flags in tzone\_sdk/otzone/config/config.<board>  
Uncomment the line -D CONFIG\_SW\_ELF\_LOADER\_SUPPORT=1 in both ASMFLAGS and CCFLAGS.

#### 8.2.2 Steps to add dynamic modules

- Application configuration  
 <sa\_config instance>.entry\_func – Name of the entry function  
 <sa\_config instance>.elf\_flag – Set it to ELF\_FLAG  
 <sa\_config instance>.entry\_point – Set it to '0' and ELF loader will handle the relocations automatically and set the entry point address to the address of the function specified in the "entry\_func" field.  
 <sa\_config instance>.process\_name – Processing function name of the module.  
 <sa\_config instance>.process – Set it to '0' and ELF loader will set its value to the appropriate address of the function specified in the "process\_name" field.
- If the application invokes the kernel function, the appropriate symbol must be exported by "EXPORT\_SYMBOL" macro.
- Dynamic modules support requires the file system support.

#### 8.2.3 Testing dynamic modules

- Dynamic modules support added to mutex test and virtual keyboard application.

### **8.3 DRM Plugin:**

DRM plugin supported for Android ICS based systems. This feature is not currently supported in Fastmodel VE platform.

### **8.4 MMC:**

eMMC driver support is added. This feature is not currently supported in Fastmodel VE platform.