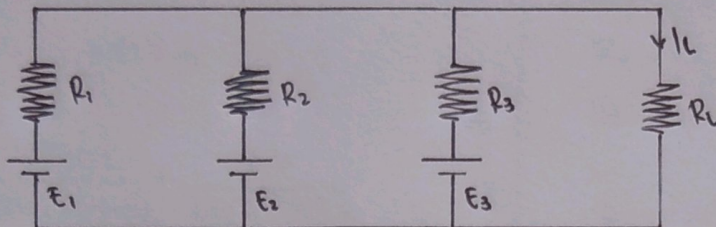


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Tugas Workshop Pengganti Percobaan HUKUM SUPERPOSISI



Diket : $R_1 = 5k\Omega$

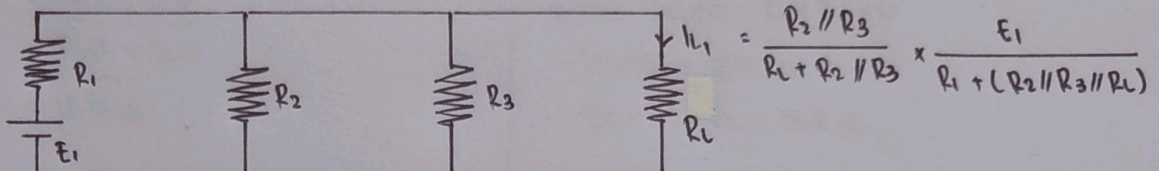
$R_2 = 4k\Omega$

$R_3 = 3k\Omega$

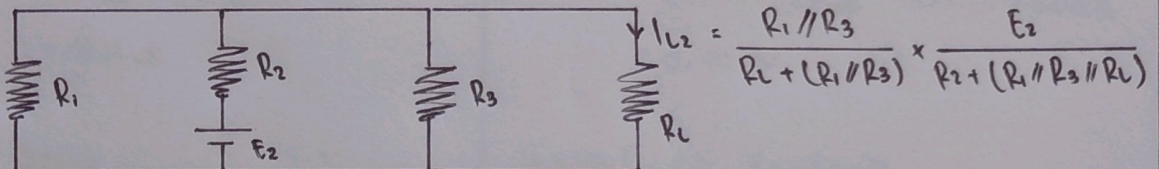
$R_L = 2k\Omega$

Gambar rangkaian

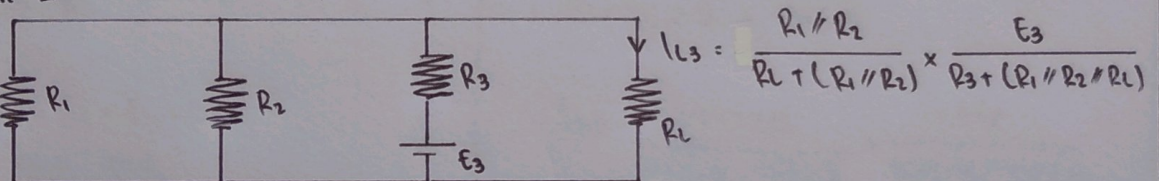
→ Rangkaian I : saat kondisi $E_1 \neq 0$, $E_2 = E_3 = 0$.



→ Rangkaian II : saat kondisi $E_2 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_3 = 0$



→ Rangkaian III : saat kondisi $E_3 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_2 = 0$.



→ Tabel Data hasil perhitungan.

| No | E_1 (V) | E_2 (V) | E_3 (V) | I_{L1} (mA) | I_{L2} (mA) | I_{L3} (mA) | I_L (mA) |
|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| 1 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 0,78 | 0,49 | 0,39 | 1,66 |
| 2 | 10 | 5 | -3 | 0,78 | 0,49 | -0,39 | 0,88 |
| 3 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 0,62 | 0,58 | 0,52 | 1,72 |
| 4 | 8 | 6 | -4 | 0,62 | 0,58 | -0,52 | 0,68 |

$$\text{No.1 } E_1 = 10V, E_2 = 5V, E_3 = 3V$$

$$* \text{short } E_1 \neq 0, E_2 = E_3 = 0$$

$$R_2 // R_3 = \frac{4k\Omega \cdot 3k\Omega}{4k\Omega + 3k\Omega} \\ = 1714 \Omega$$

$$R_2 // R_3 // R_1 = \frac{1714\Omega \cdot 2000\Omega}{1714\Omega + 2000\Omega} \\ = 923 \Omega$$

$$I_{L1} = \frac{1714\Omega}{2000\Omega + 1714\Omega} \times \frac{10V}{5000\Omega + 923\Omega} \\ = 0,78 \text{ mA}$$

$$* \text{short } E_2 \neq 0, E_1 = E_3 = 0$$

$$R_1 // R_3 = \frac{5k\Omega \cdot 3k\Omega}{5k\Omega + 3k\Omega} \\ = 1875 \Omega$$

$$R_1 // R_3 // R_2 = \frac{1875\Omega \cdot 2000\Omega}{1875\Omega + 2000\Omega} \\ = 968 \Omega$$

$$I_{L2} = \frac{1875\Omega}{2000\Omega + 1875\Omega} \times \frac{5V}{4000\Omega + 968\Omega} \\ = 0,49 \text{ mA}$$

$$* \text{short } E_3 \neq 0, E_1 = E_2 = 0$$

$$R_1 // R_2 = \frac{5k\Omega \cdot 4k\Omega}{5k\Omega + 4k\Omega} \\ = 2222 \Omega$$

$$R_1 // R_2 // R_3 = \frac{2222\Omega \cdot 2000\Omega}{2222\Omega + 2000\Omega} \\ = 1053 \Omega$$

$$I_{L3} = \frac{2222\Omega}{2000\Omega + 2222\Omega} \cdot \frac{3V}{3000\Omega + 1053\Omega} \\ = 0,39 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{No.1 } E_1 = 10V, E_2 = 5V, E_3 = 3V$$

$$* I_L = I_{L1} + I_{L2} + I_{L3} \\ = 0,78 \text{ mA} + 0,49 \text{ mA} + 0,39 \text{ mA} \\ = 1,66 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{No.2 } E_1 = 10V, E_2 = 5V, E_3 = -3V$$

$$* \text{short } E_1 \neq 0, E_2 = E_3 = 0$$

$$R_2 // R_3 = 1714 \Omega$$

$$R_2 // R_3 // R_1 = 923 \Omega$$

$$I_{L1} = \frac{1714\Omega}{2000\Omega + 1714\Omega} \times \frac{10V}{5000\Omega + 923\Omega} \\ = 0,78 \text{ mA}$$

$$* \text{short } E_2 \neq 0, E_1 = E_3 = 0$$

$$R_1 // R_3 = 1875 \Omega$$

$$R_1 // R_3 // R_2 = 968 \Omega$$

$$I_{L2} = \frac{1875\Omega}{2000\Omega + 1875\Omega} \times \frac{5V}{4000\Omega + 968\Omega} \\ = 0,49 \text{ mA}$$

$$* \text{short } E_3 \neq 0, E_1 = E_2 = 0$$

$$R_1 // R_2 = 2222 \Omega$$

$$R_1 // R_2 // R_3 = 1053 \Omega$$

$$I_{L3} = \frac{2222\Omega}{2000\Omega + 2222\Omega} \times \frac{-3V}{3000\Omega + 1053\Omega} \\ = -0,39 \text{ mA}$$

$$* I_L = I_{L1} + I_{L2} + I_{L3} \\ = 0,78 \text{ mA} + 0,49 \text{ mA} - 0,39 \text{ mA} \\ = 0,88 \text{ mA}$$

No.3. $E_1 = 8V$, $E_2 = 6V$, $E_3 = 4V$

* Saat $E_1 \neq 0$, $E_2 = E_3 = 0$

$$R_2 \parallel R_3 = 1714 \Omega$$

$$R_2 \parallel R_3 \parallel R_L = 923 \Omega$$

$$I_{L1} = \frac{1714 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 1714 \Omega} \times \frac{10V}{5000 \Omega + 923 \Omega}$$

$$= 0,62 \text{ mA}$$

* Saat $E_2 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_3 = 0$

$$R_1 \parallel R_3 = 1875 \Omega$$

$$R_1 \parallel R_3 \parallel R_L = 968 \Omega$$

$$I_{L2} = \frac{1875 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 1875 \Omega} \times \frac{6V}{4000 \Omega + 968 \Omega}$$

$$= 0,58 \text{ mA}$$

* Saat $E_3 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_2 = 0$

$$R_1 \parallel R_2 = 2222 \Omega$$

$$R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel R_L = 1053 \Omega$$

$$I_{L3} = \frac{2222 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 2222 \Omega} \times \frac{4V}{3000 \Omega + 1053 \Omega}$$

$$= 0,52 \text{ mA}$$

$$* I_L = I_{L1} + I_{L2} + I_{L3}$$

$$= 0,62 \text{ mA} + 0,58 \text{ mA} + 0,52 \text{ mA}$$

$$= 1,72 \text{ mA}$$

No.4. $E_1 = 8V$, $E_2 = 6V$, $E_3 = -4V$

* Saat $E_1 \neq 0$, $E_2 = E_3 = 0$

$$R_2 \parallel R_3 = 1714 \Omega$$

$$R_2 \parallel R_3 \parallel R_L = 923 \Omega$$

$$I_{L1} = \frac{1714 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 1714 \Omega} \times \frac{10V}{5000 \Omega + 923 \Omega}$$

$$= 0,62 \text{ mA}$$

No.4. $E_1 = 10V$, $E_2 = 6V$, $E_3 = -4V$

* Saat $E_2 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_3 = 0$

$$R_1 \parallel R_3 = 1875 \Omega$$

$$R_1 \parallel R_3 \parallel R_L = 968 \Omega$$

$$I_{L2} = \frac{1875 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 1875 \Omega} \times \frac{6V}{4000 \Omega + 968 \Omega}$$

$$= 0,58 \text{ mA}$$

* Saat $E_3 \neq 0$, $E_1 = E_2 = 0$

$$R_1 \parallel R_2 = 2222 \Omega$$

$$R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel R_L = 1053 \Omega$$

$$I_{L3} = \frac{2222 \Omega}{2000 \Omega + 2222 \Omega} \times \frac{-4V}{3000 \Omega + 1053 \Omega}$$

$$= -0,52 \text{ mA}$$

$$* I_L = I_{L1} + I_{L2} + I_{L3}$$

$$= 0,62 \text{ mA} + 0,58 \text{ mA} - 0,52 \text{ mA}$$

$$= 0,68 \text{ mA}$$