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TRACKME DD

Design Document

Software Engineering 2 Project

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

1.2 Scope

1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations

1.4 Revision History

1.5 Document Structure

2 Architectural Design

2.1 Overview

The TrackMe services are built on a client-server structure, this way the system is organized through abstraction levels. We chose to adopt a 3-tier architecture:

- **Presentation Tier**

This layer makes the interaction possible between the user and the system. Here the user sees all the information provided by the system in a easily way to understand them.

- **Application Tier**

This layer is managed almost totally by Data4Help service that is in charge of:

- store data incoming from the external;
- collect data information from database in order to execute Third parties' requests;
- also generates data statistics on data collected;
- send to third parties requested data.

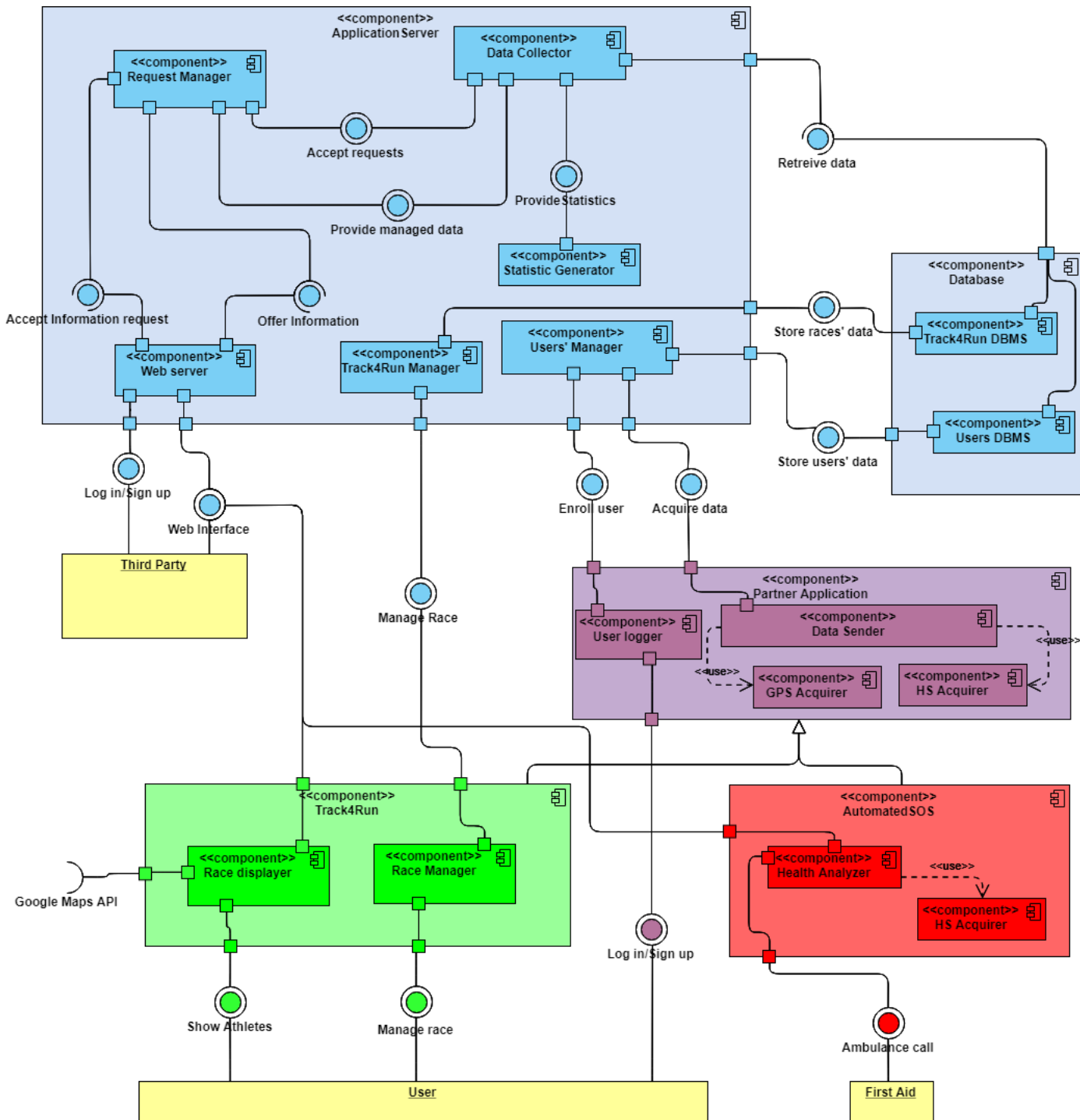
Moreover even AutomatedSOS has logic application in order to continuously monitor users' health status.

- **Data Tier**

In this layer all the sensible users' data (location, health status) are stored into Databases and are retrieved by the application tier in order to do statistics and answer third parties' requests.

More specifically Data4Help manage the data and core logic sections while AutomatedSOS and Track4Run manage the presentation section. Actually, a small part of application tier is also present in AutomatedSOS, this is due to the fact that the Health Monitoring process requires to be executed as fast as possible.

2.2 Component View



Component diagram description

- 1 **Main Server** This huge component is in charge of manage Data4Help services so store and provide, for interested companies, users' data (such as GPS location and daily Health Status). More-over it manages race information of Track4Run application.

- 1.1 **Web Server:** In order to accept and supply information to who need them, this component offer a friendly web interface to simplify these operations
Offered interfaces:

- 1.1.1 **Web Interface:** Human interface for third parties and Track4Run users. Software interface for AutomatedSOS.
- 1.1.2 **Web Interface:** Human interface for logging third parties.
- 1.2 **Request Manager:** In order to support web server in its job, this component manage all the incoming request: it sorts them per urgency, it wrap the request in a smart data structure and send it to Data Collector, it unwrap the answer from Data Collector and it continuously generates data exchange if a live acquisition is active
Offered interfaces:
 - 1.2.1 **Accept Information request:** Software interface for Web server to allow receiving request to be evaluated.
 - 1.2.2 **Offer Information:** Software interface for Web server to provide information answer.
- 1.3 **Data Collector:** This component is in charge to communicate with Database in order to retrieve information and supply them to Request Manager. To perform these operations the component should receive request from Request Manger, unwrap it, creates a query to database that cover the question and send it to database; once the database has responded it should wrap the answer and provide it to Request Manager. Moreover if a statistic on data is required it requires it to Statistic Generator.
Offered interfaces:
 - 1.3.1 **Accept request:** Software interface that accept request from Request manager formatted in the proper way.
 - 1.3.2 **Provide managed data:** Software interface that provide to Request Manager information answer formatted in the proper way.
- 1.4 **Statistic Generator:** This component is in charge of generates statistic on data provided by data collector such as arithmetic mean, variance from average, standard deviation and median.
Offered interfaces:
 - 1.4.1 **Provide Statistics:** Software interface that provides statistic values to data collector.
 - 1.4.2 **Provide Statistics:** (The Software interface to receive data from Data collector to be managed is trivial and not explicitly specified).
- 1.5 **Users' Manager:** This component is in charge to communicate with users' device in order to log (or sign up) user and retrieve data collected.
Offered interfaces:
 - 1.5.1 **Acquire Data:** Software interface that allows partner application to send data to Data4Help.
 - 1.5.2 **Enroll user:** Software interface that allows user to become user of Data4Help service.
- 1.6 **Track4Run Manager:** This component is in charge to communicate with Track4Run applications in order to allow promoter to manage races.
Offered interfaces:
 - 1.6.1 **Acquire Data:** Software interface that allows promoter, through Track4Run, to promote a run, invite athletes and specify all the useful information about the race.
- 2 **Database** This component is in charge of store physically data and organize them in a smart way according to DBMS rule, moreover it allows the access to those data.
 - 2.1 **Users' data DBMS:** This component is in charge of store all the users' acquired data and quickly provide them to Data collector whenever it is required.
Offered Interfaces:
 - 2.1.1 **Store users' Data:** Software interface that allows to Users' data Acquirer to store data with queries.

2.1.2 **Retrieve Data:** Software interface that allows to Data Collector to collect data with queries.

2.2 **Track4Run DBMS:** This component is in charge of store all the races' informations provided by promoters.

Offered Interfaces:

2.2.1 **Store races' Data:** Software interface that allows to Track4Run Manager to store data with queries.

2.2.2 **Retrieve Data:** Software interface that allows to Data Collector to collect data with queries.

2.3 Deployment View

The following Deployment Diagram captures the topology of the system's hardware. The SmartphoneApp and SmartWatchApp (Presentation Tier) communicate to the Application Server through RMI, while the WebBrowser communicates to the WebServer through HTTP protocol. The Application Server (Application Tier) communicates to the Database Server (Data Tier) through JDBC.

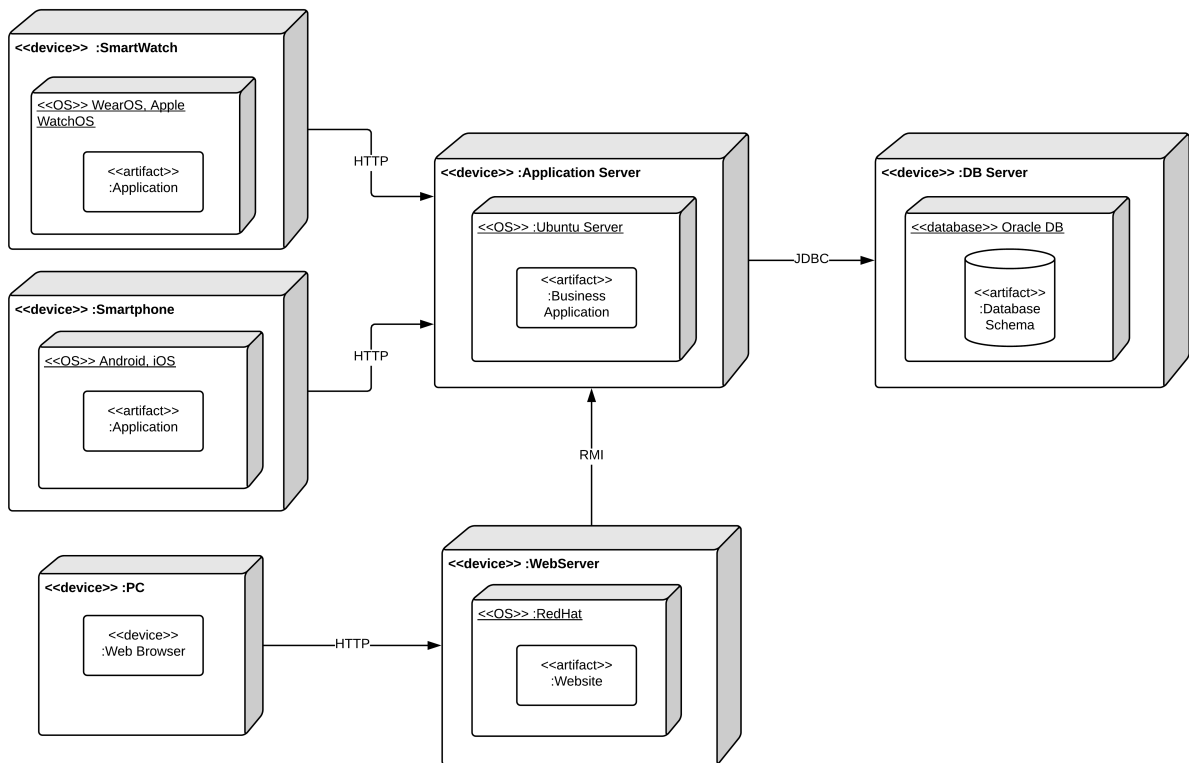


Figure 1: Deployment Diagram.

2.4 Runtime View

In this section several Sequence Diagrams are shown in order to point up the interaction among components and their behavior in particular scenarios.

2.4.1 Individual Request

2.4.2

2.4.3

2.5 Component Interfaces

2.6 Selected Architectural Styles and Patterns

2.7 Other Design Decisions

3 User Interface Design

in this Section the user interface design, already presented in *Section 3.1.1 User Interfaces of Requirements and Analysis Specification Document* with several mockups, is explained in more detail. A special attention is focused on the interaction between the user and the systems, and how the mockups are correlated each other.

- Data4Help

- AutomatedSOS

TrackMe offers to AutomatedSOS users an App for smartwatches, with which the users can see their location and health status information.

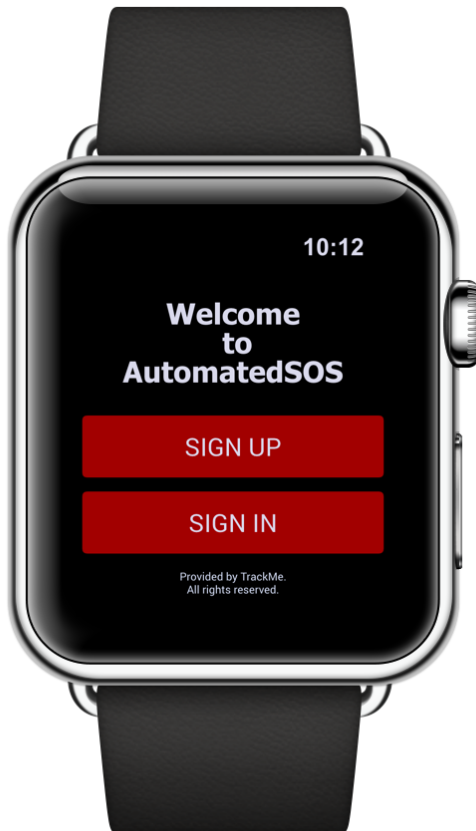


Figure 2: Welcome page.



Figure 3: Registration form.

In the first access to AutomatedSOS App the user is asked to sign up or to sign in (Figure 2). Based on the fact that the user already has a TrackMe account or not will choose the right option. In future accesses to the App the user do not need to select each time one of these two possible options because the App automatically remembers the account which is logged in. In case of sign in (Figure 3), the user has to fill all the mandatory fields in order to complete the registration form. Scrolling down the screen other fields will appear. Once every field is correctly filled, it would be possible to select the **NEXT PAGE** button.

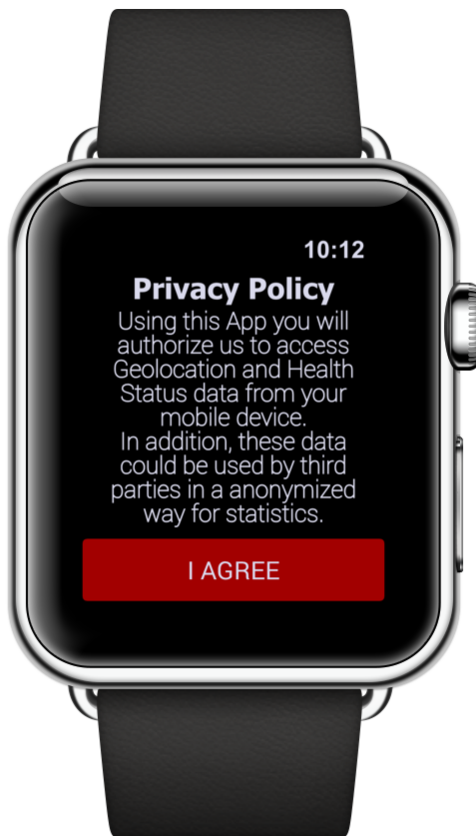


Figure 4: Privacy Policy Conditions.

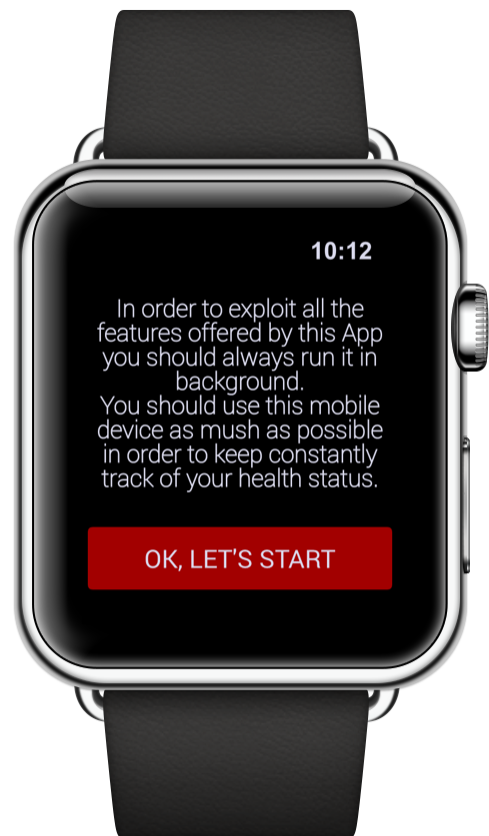


Figure 5: Usage Conditions.

During the first access to the App, the next step after sign up/sign in is to agree to the Privacy Policy Conditions (Figure 4). In order to use this App the user has to agree to the treatment of Location and Health Status data by Data4Help. In addition, these data could be used by third parties for the group monitoring request. Without agreeing the Privacy Policy Conditions the user cannot go to the next page, therefore he/she will not be able to use this App. The last step before starting use the App is taking note of the importance of wearing the Smartwatch as much as possible and to let the App runs in background (Figure 5).



Figure 6: Main menu.



Figure 7: Warning message.

The main menu of the App, which is immediately accessible by selecting the AutomatedSOS App on the Smartwatch home, is composed by three parts (Figure 6). Selecting **Monitor Health** the user can see live health informations, like the current Heart Rate, Blood Pressure and so on. Choosing the **Acquired Info** button the user can see all the historical data stored since the first access to the App. Finally, **Preferences** option allow to the user to set own threshold parameters according to the particular illnesses he/she is affected, own age and so on. As soon as an ambulance request is done due to the user's critical health status a warning message (Figure 7) appears on the screen of the Smartwatch notified by an alert sound.

- Track4Run

Track4Run users can use an App for smartphone and another one for smartwatches. The first one could be used by everyone, while the second one is made only for the athletes.

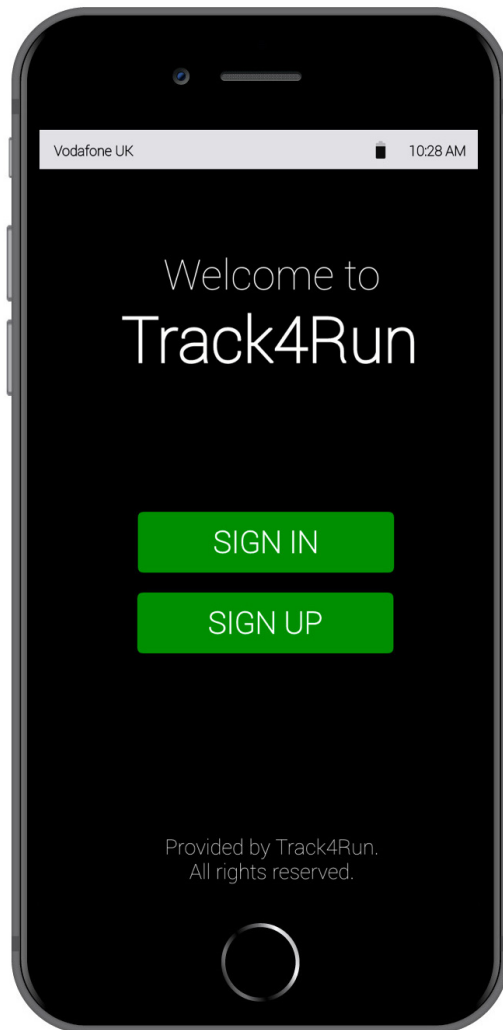


Figure 8: Welcome page.



Figure 9: Registration form.

In the first access to Track4Run App the user is asked to sign up or to sign in (Figure 2). Based on the fact that the user already has a TrackMe account or not will choose the right option. In future accesses to the App the user do not need to select each time one of these two possible options because the App automatically remembers the account which is logged in. In case of sign in (Figure 3), the user has to fill all the mandatory fields in order to complete the registration form. Once every field is correctly filled, it would be possible to complete the registration selecting the **Register Now** button.

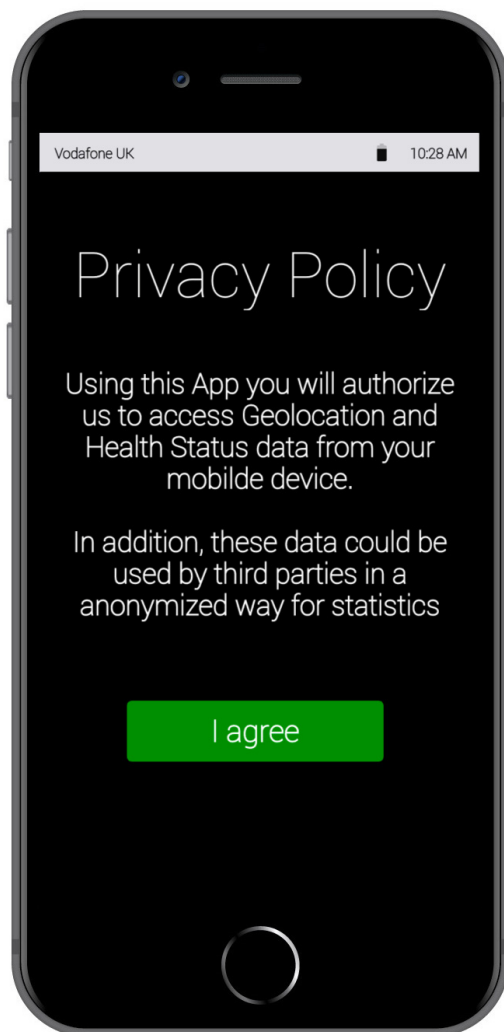


Figure 10: Privacy Policy Conditions pt.1

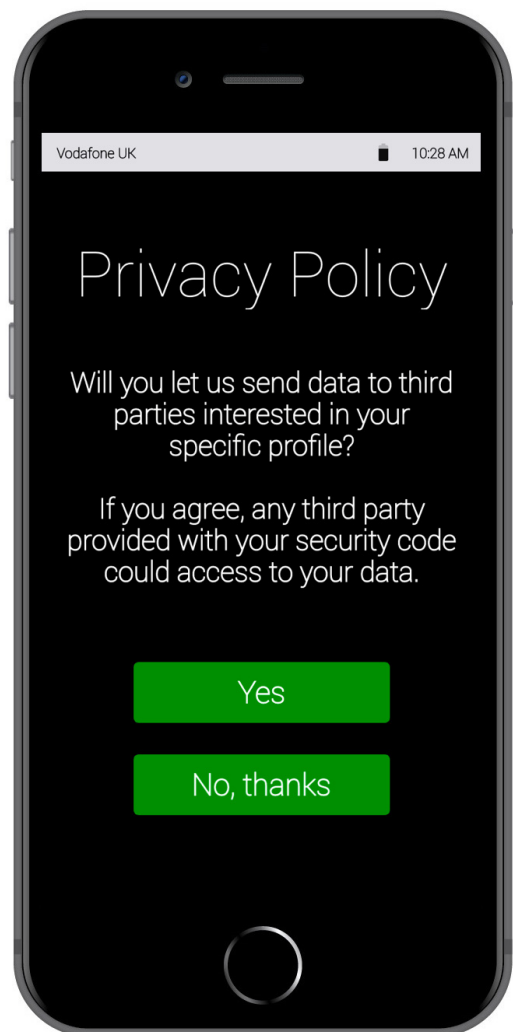


Figure 11: Privacy Policy Conditions pt.2

During the first access to the App, the next step after sign up/sign in is to agree to the Privacy Policy Conditions (Figure 4). In order to use this App the user has to agree to the treatment of Location and Health Status data by Data4Help. In addition, these data could be used by third parties for the group monitoring request. Without agreeing the Privacy Policy Conditions the user can not go to the next page, therefore he/she will not be able to use this App. All the three first steps presented so far are substantially the same of AutomatedSOS. The next step regards the second part of the Privacy Policy Conditions (which was not presented for the previous system) about individual monitoring request (Figure 9). In this case it is not strictly necessary to accept it, the user simply can select the **No, thanks** option.

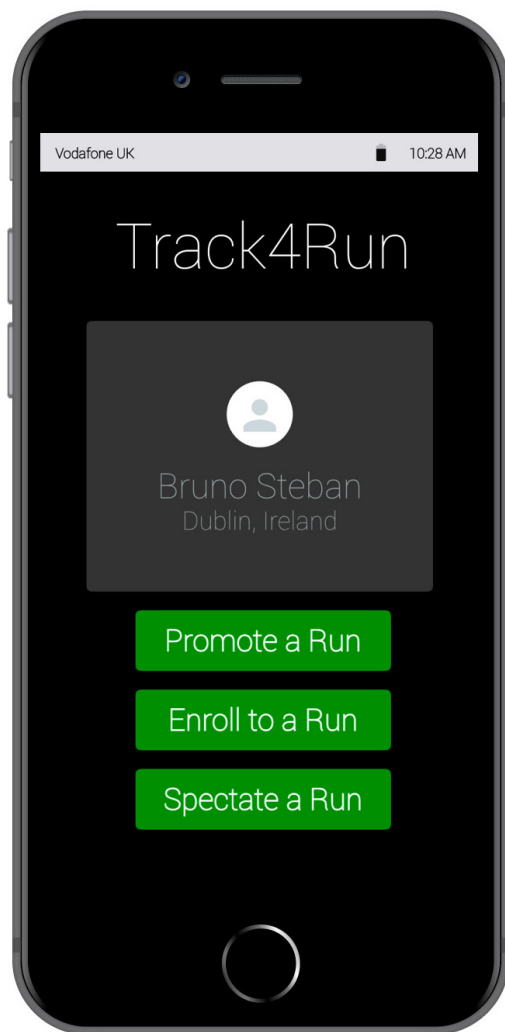


Figure 12: Main menu.

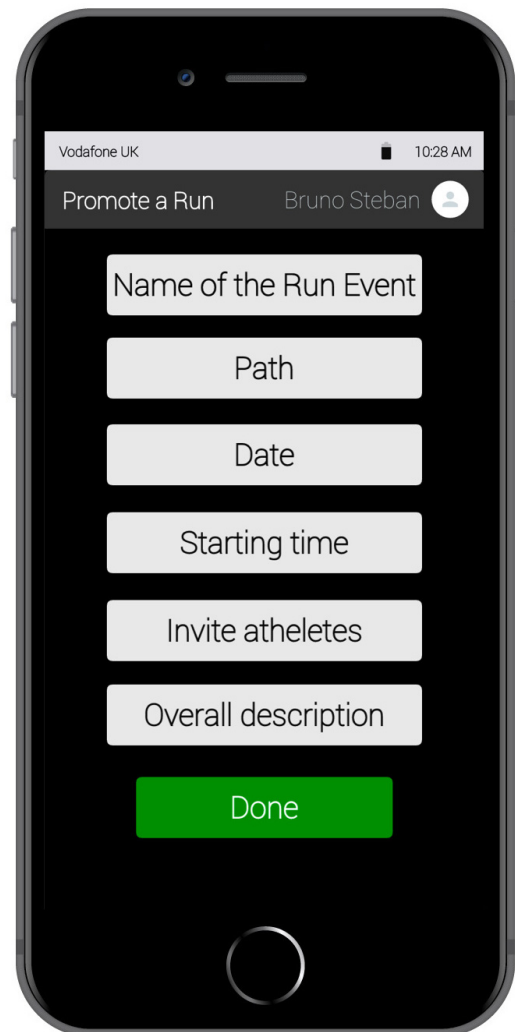


Figure 13: Promote a run view.

In Track4Run Home three options are possible. Selecting the first one, **Promote a Run**, a user can create a run event and promote it inviting athletes. The second option, which is **Enroll to a Run** allows the user enrol to a run. Finally, choosing **Spectate a Run** a spectator can see on a map the position of all runners during the run. Now, we analyze these three possibilities in detail. Choosing the first one the App leads the user to a new page in order to manage the event (Figure X). Here, it is possible to set all the necessary features of the run, like to define the path on a map, set the date, the starting time and so on. It is also possible to invite athletes to the run in order to promote the event.

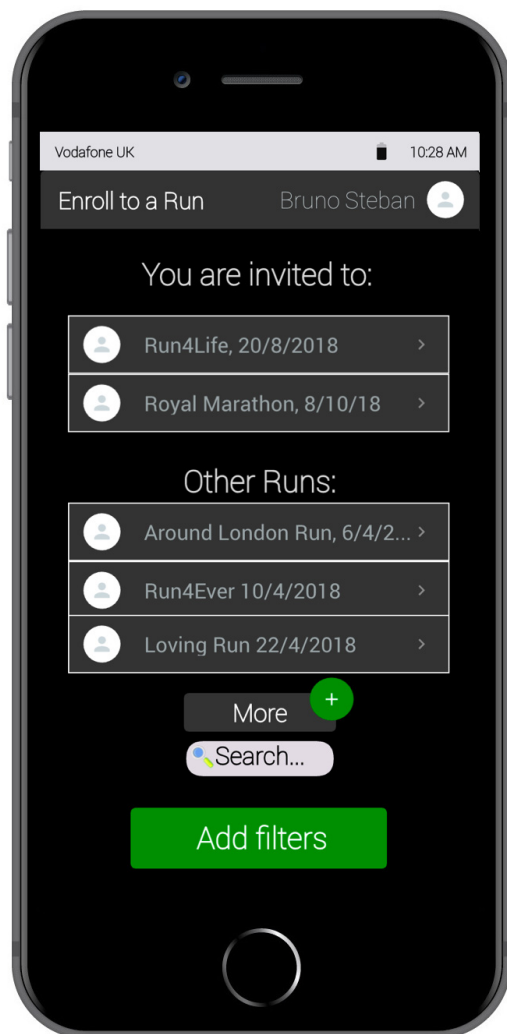


Figure 14: Enroll to a run.

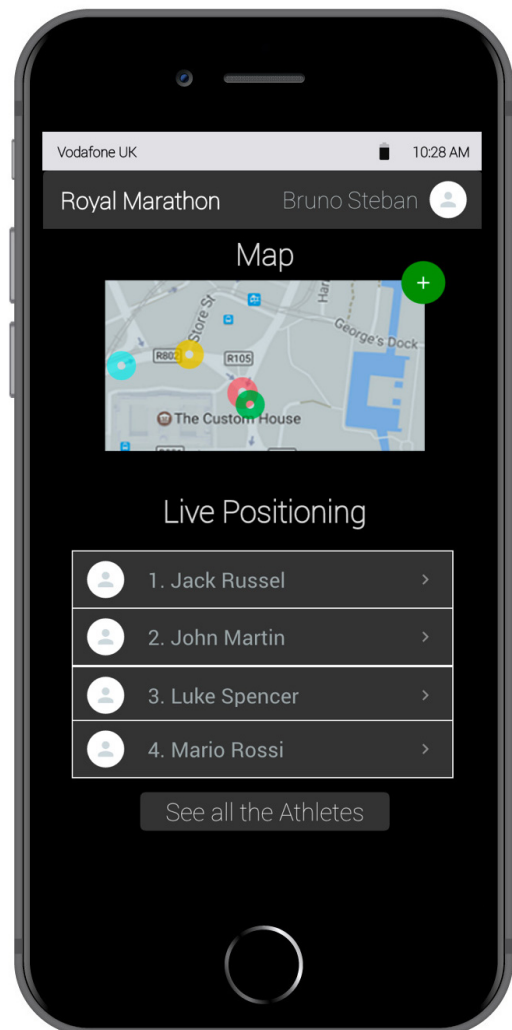


Figure 15: Spectate a run view

In the section Enroll to a Run (Figure X) a user can see a list of all the runs in which he/she has been invited. The user can select each of these runs to see furthermore details about it and at the end to enroll to it. A list of all the runs that will be soon held is showed immediately below. Since the large number of all the future runs, only a little portion of them is showed, selecting the **More** + button the user can see another set of run events. In addition, through **Add filters** it is possible to limit the list of the all runs to a specific date, location and similar options. To easily access to a specific run, the **Search** button allows the user to immediately find the run he/she was looking for. In the last section, Spectate a Run (Figure X), it is possible to spectate to a specific run in an interactive way. A map shows all the runners enrolled in it, each one represented by a different coloured circle. Selecting the + button is possible to zoom in the map that will appear on full-screen mode. Below the map the live positioning shows the first four athletes, anyway selecting **See all the Athletes** option it is possible to see the live positions of all the participants.

4 Requirements Traceability

5 Implementation, Integration and Test Plan

6 Effort Spent

In this section contains information about how much hours each group member spent in working at this document.

6.0.1 Luca Alessandrelli

Date	Task	Hours
23/11/18	Overview	1
19/10/18	Deployment View	3
20/10/18		
24/10/18		
24/10/18	Domain Assumptions	1
30/10/18	Text Assumptions	0.5
30/10/17	Domain Assumptions	0.5
30/10/18	State Chart	1.5
4/11/18	Goals	2
4/11/18	Text Assumptions	2
4/11/18	Domain Assumptions	2
5/11/18	State Chart	1.5
5/11/18	Use Case	4
6/11/18	Use Case	3
6/11/18	Use Case Diagram	3
7/11/18	Use Case	1.5
7/11/18	Use Case Diagram	1
8/11/18	Use Case	2
8/11/18	Use Case Diagrams	0.5
8/11/18	Scenarios	0.5
9/11/18	Scenarios	1
10/11/18	Document revision	3.5
11/11/18	Alloy	8
Overview		1
Deployment View		3
State Chart		3
Scenarios		1.5
Use Case		10.5
Use Case Diagram		4.5
Alloy		8
Document Revision		3.5
Total		47

6.0.2 Andrea Caraffa

Date	Task	Hours
18/10/18	Goals	2
19/10/18	Domain Assumptions	3
20/10/18	Text Assumptions	3
21/10/18	Introduction	2
27/10/18	Goals	2
30/10/18	Product Functions	3
1/11/17	Mockups	3
3/11/18	Mockups	3
4/11/18	Goals	2
4/11/18	Mockups	2
5/11/18	External requirements	2
5/11/18	Alloy	2
6/11/18	External requirements	3
9/11/18	Revisioning	2
9/11/18	Alloy	3
10/11/18	Revisioning	3
11/11/18	Revisioning	3
11/11/18	Alloy	3
Text Assumptions		3
Goals		6
Domain Assumptions		3
Introduction		2
Product functions		3
External requirements		5
Mockups		8
Alloy		8
Document Revisioning		8
Total		46

6.0.3 Andrea Bionda

/	Task	Hours
	Text Assumptions	3
	Goals and Introduction	6
	Domain Assumptions	3
	Functional requirements	13
	Class Diagram	5
	Sequence Diagram	5
	Performance requirements and Constraints	3
	Alloy	7
	Total	45

7 Reference Documents

- Specification Document "Mandatory Project Assignment AY 2018-2019".
- Slides "Structure of RASD".
- Slides "Use of Alloy in RE".
- Use Case Diagrams created with <https://www.lucidchart.com>
- Mockups created with <https://www.fluidui.com>