ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY 1

PROBLEM SET 4

Keywords: Schemes - topology and morphisms, gluing, fibre products

Problem 1 (1 pt)

Show that every affine scheme with the Zariski topology is quasi-compact.

Problem 2 (2 pt)

- 1. Show that every scheme admits a unique morphism to $Spec(\mathbb{Z})$.
- 2. Show that global regular functions on a scheme X are in bijection with morphisms

$$X \to \mathbb{A}^1_{\mathbb{Z}} = \operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}[x]).$$

3. Consider the ring homomorphisms $\alpha \colon \mathbb{Z}[x] \to \mathbb{Z}[x] \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}[x]$ mapping x to $x \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes x$, and $\mu \colon \mathbb{Z}[x] \to \mathbb{Z}[x] \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}[x]$ mapping x to $x \otimes x$. Can you interpret them in view of the previous point?

Problem 3 (2 pt)

- 1. Consider the scheme $U = \mathbb{A}^2_{\mathbb{Z}} \setminus V(x_1, x_2)$. Show that it is not affine. (Hint: compute global regular functions.)
- 2. Produce an example of a scheme with an affine cover, such that the intersection of two affine opens is not affine. (Hint: gluing.)

Problem 4 (3 pt)

Let $(f, f^{\#}): X \to Y$ be a morphism of affine algebraic varieties over \mathbf{k} . Prove or disprove:

- 1. f is surjective if and only if $f^{\#}$ is injective.
- 2. f is injective if and only if $f^{\#}$ is surjective.

Would anything be different if we considered a morphism of affine schemes?

Problem 5 (3 pt)

- 1. Show that $\operatorname{Spec}(\mathbb{C} \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{C})$ consists of two points.
- 2. Let X and Y be algebraic varieties over an algebraically closed field **k**. Show that $X \times Y$ is an algebraic variety, whose underlying set $X \times Y$ is $X \times Y$.
- 3. Show that if X and Y are irreducible, then so is $X \times Y$.