

# Z b-mass Uncertainty Study

## AlphaS Group Meeting

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# Goal and Strategy

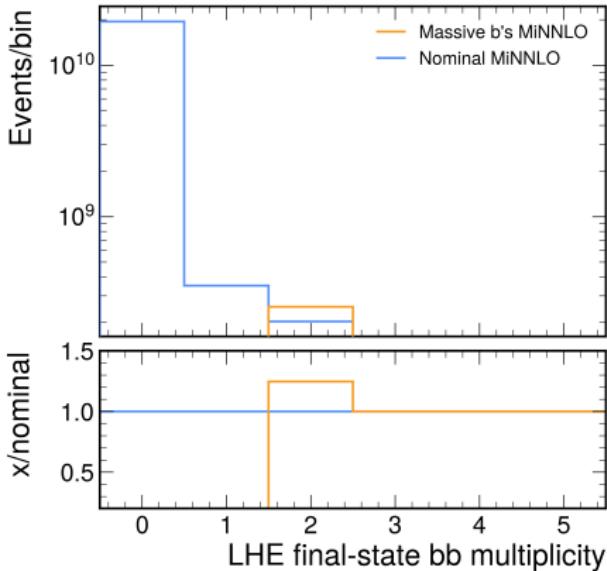
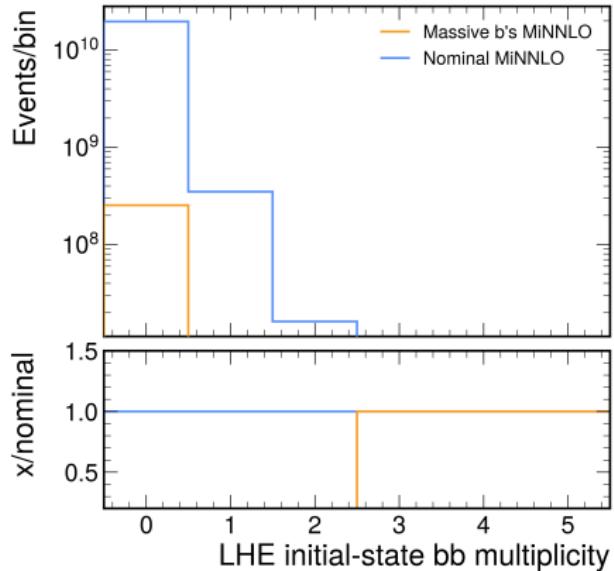
- Goal: derive a nuisance for MiNNLO Z (5FS, massless b quarks) using a comparison to Zbb MiNNLO (4FS, massive b quarks).
- Core method: compare distributions between the two samples and interpret differences as candidate nuisance content.
- Important context: 5FS vs 4FS scheme differences are part of the physical effect entering this nuisance.

# Samples and Object Definitions

- Nominal sample: inclusive Zmumu MiNNLO (5FS, massless b).
- Alternate sample: Zbb MiNNLO (4FS, massive b). (Note: it seems this sample is actually  $Z \rightarrow ee$ .)
- Objects shown in this draft: LHE bb observables, gen b-jet observables, and B-hadron observables from GenPart-based definitions in the histmaker.

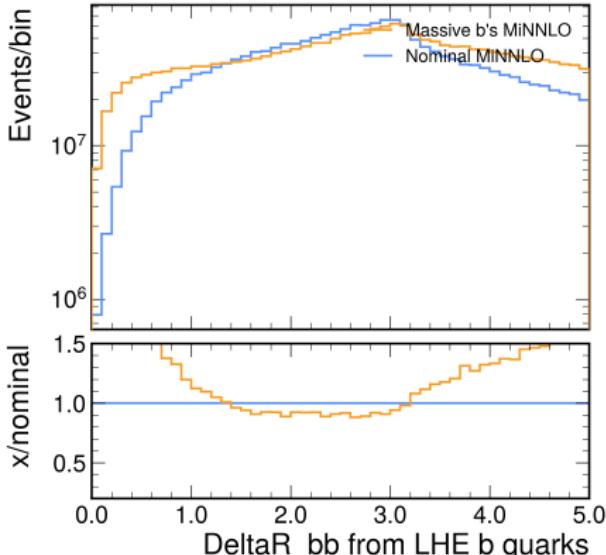
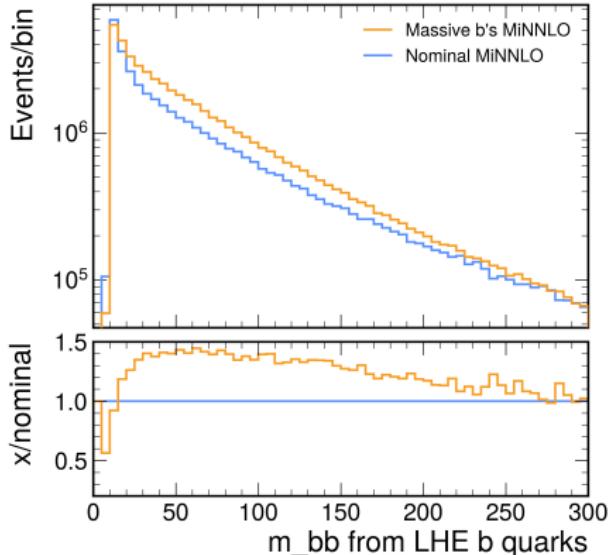
# LHE Composition

- Counts are built from LHEPart with b quarks identified by  $|pdgId| = 5$  and split by status: initial-state has status = -1, final-state has status = 1.



# LHE Kinematics

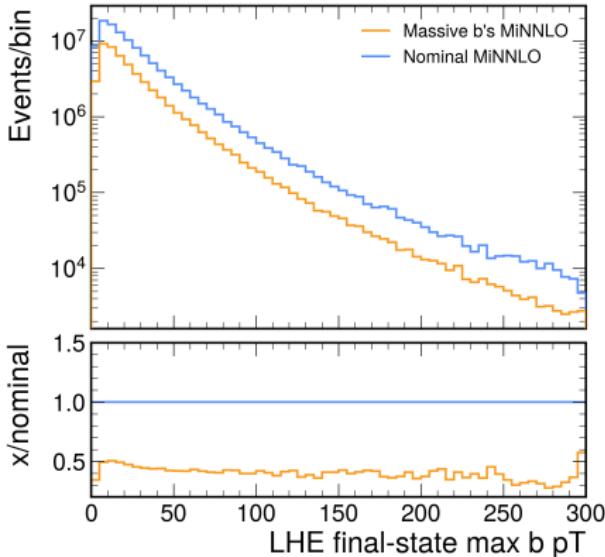
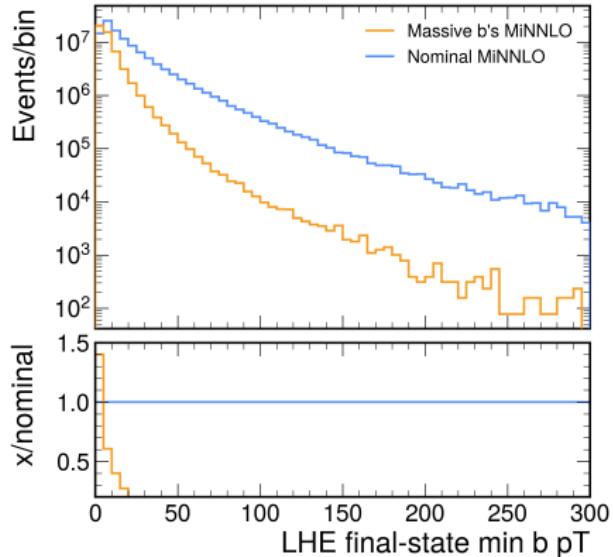
- $m_{bb}^{\text{LHE}}$  and  $\Delta R_{bb}^{\text{LHE}}$  are computed from LHE  $b$  and  $\bar{b}$  quarks with  $|\text{pdgId}| = 5$ ;  $p_T$  observables use final-state LHE  $b$  quarks with status = 1.



- Swapping at LHE-quark level is unphysical here because the two samples differ by flavor scheme (5FS vs 4FS), not just by a small kinematic perturbation.

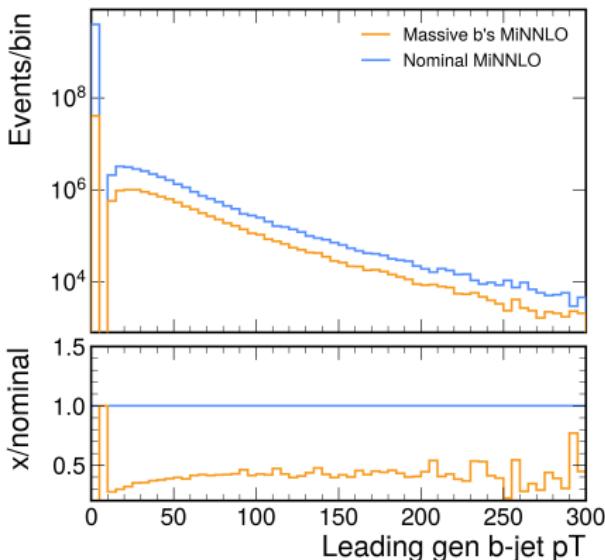
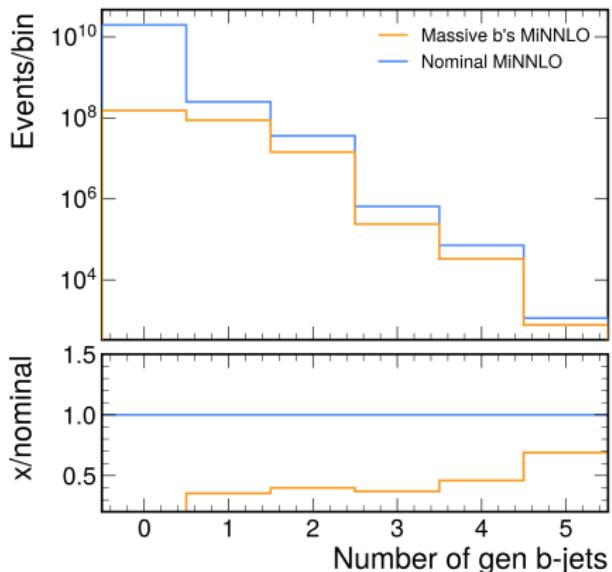
# LHE b-Quark pT Spectra

- Final-state LHE  $b$  quarks are selected with status = 1 and  $|\text{pdgId}| = 5$ ; shown are event-wise minimum and maximum  $p_T$  across final-state  $b/\bar{b}$  quarks.



# Jet-Level Composition and pT

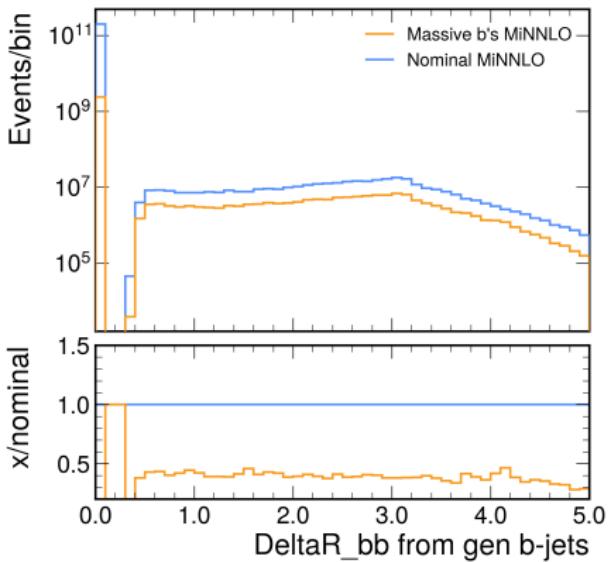
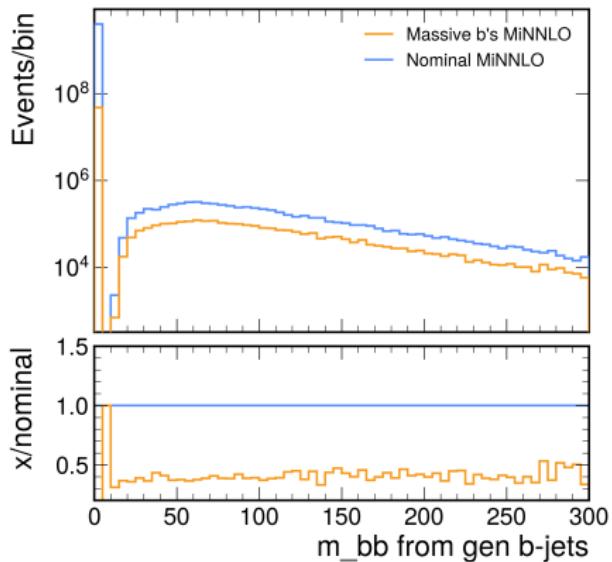
- A gen  $b$ -jet is defined by  $\text{hadronFlavour} = 5$ ;  $n_{b\text{jets}}$  uses  $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ , while the leading-jet  $p_T$  panel uses the loose ordered list with  $p_T > 0$  and  $|\eta| < 10$  (as stored in NanoAOD).



- Because gen jets in NanoAOD effectively have a threshold near 20 GeV, many events in the Zbb sample still have no tagged  $b$ -jets, so this is not a robust swap handle.

# Jet-Level bb Pair Kinematics

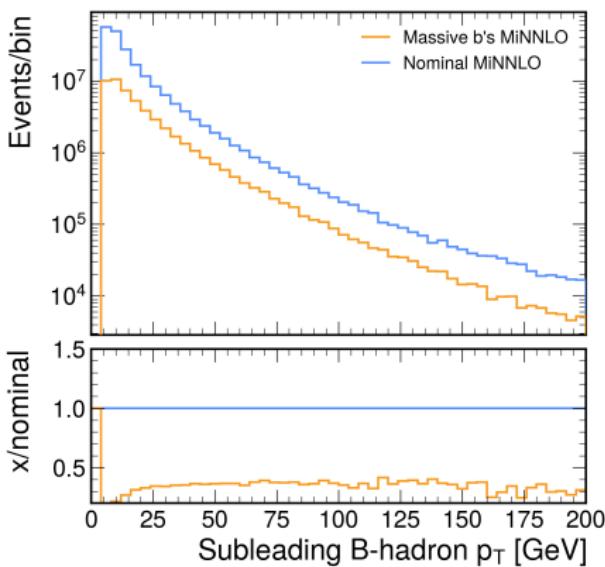
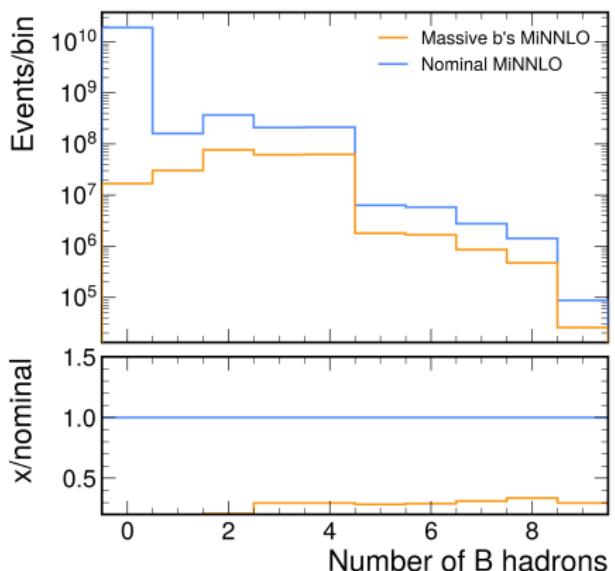
- $m_{bb}^{\text{jet}}$  and  $\Delta R_{bb}^{\text{jet}}$  are computed from the leading two gen  $b$ -jets after requiring  $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta| < 2.5$ .



- The ratios are relatively flat between the two samples in these jet-pair observables.

# B-hadron Multiplicity and $p_T$

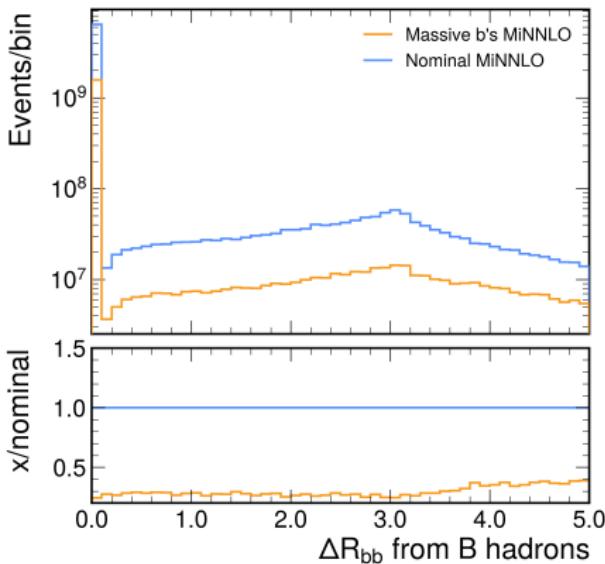
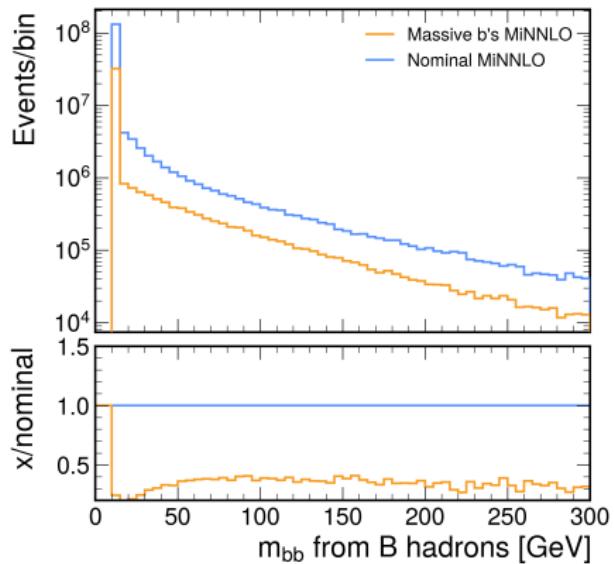
- $B$  hadrons are selected from final-state GenPart objects using the  $B$ -hadron identifier; multiplicity and  $p_T$  observables on this slide require hadron  $p_T > 5$  GeV.



- Ratios are fairly flat in shape, but there is a sizeable normalization difference; unnormalized swapping would induce an overly large systematic, so a normalized-swap option is motivated.

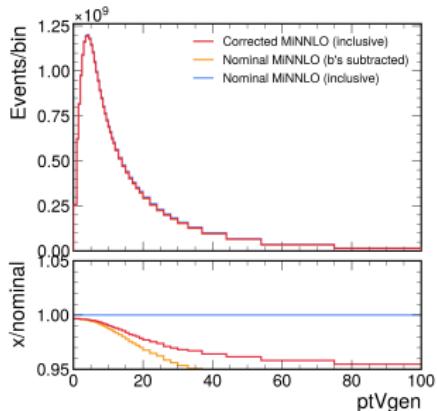
# B-hadron Pair Kinematics

- This slide is restricted to events with at least two  $B$  hadrons above 5 GeV; pair observables use the leading two selected  $B$  hadrons.



# Swap Procedure on $p_T^{V,\text{gen}}$ (Unnormalized)

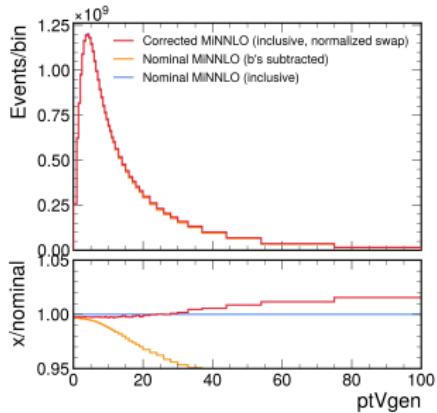
- Procedure: select events with at least two  $B$  hadrons above 5 GeV and subleading  $B$ -hadron  $p_T > 10$  GeV in both samples; replace the selected 5FS component with the selected 4FS component without extra scaling.



- Conclusion: this direct swap induces a too-large systematic because of the normalization difference.

# Swap Procedure on $p_T^{V,\text{gen}}$ (Normalized)

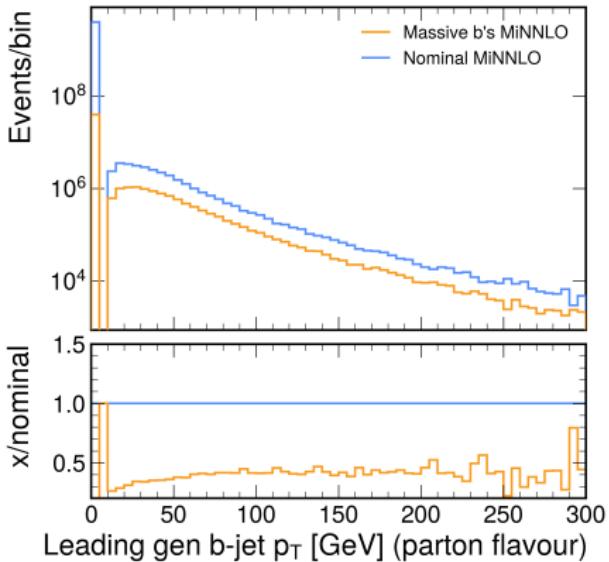
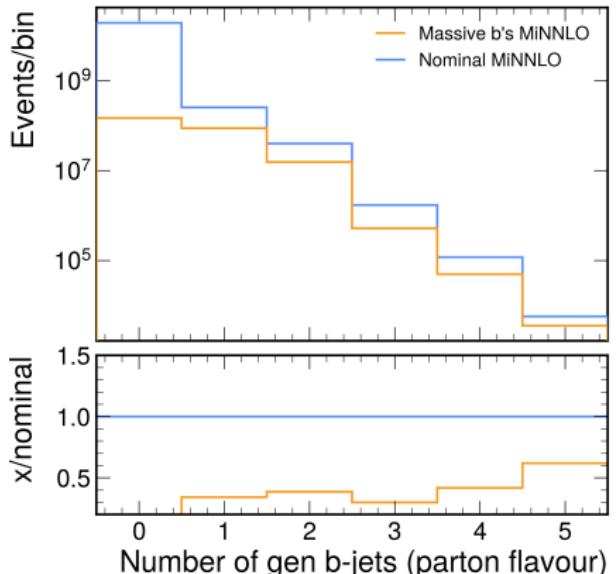
- Procedure: same event selection as previous slide, but normalize the selected 4FS component to the selected 5FS yield before replacement.



- With normalization, the ratio is much flatter and the effect is more shape-like, making this prescription more suitable as a nuisance candidate, though it may be unphysical.

# Backup: Parton-Flavour Jet Multiplicity and Leading $p_T$

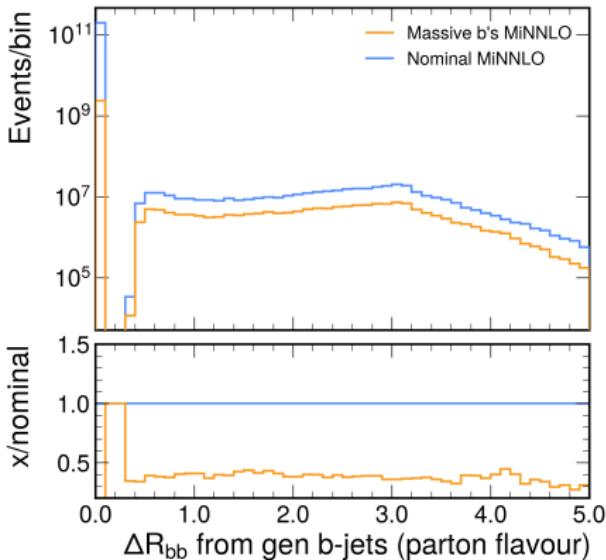
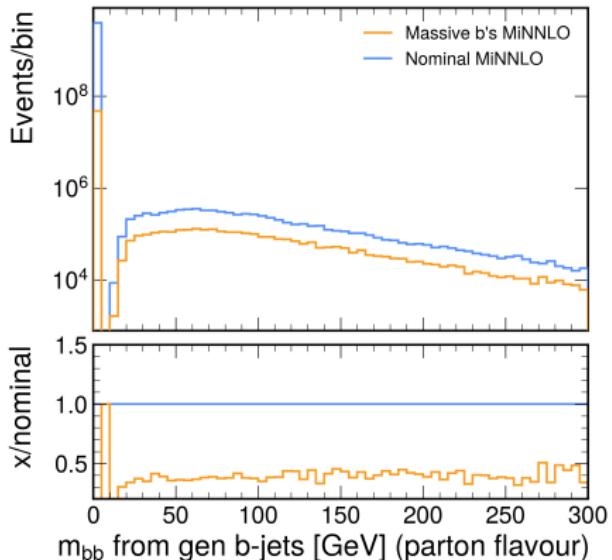
- Backup check: define jet tags with parton flavour ( $|\text{partonFlavour}| = 5$ ) and use the same jet kinematic cuts as in the hadron-flavour study.



- These parton-flavour-tagged shapes are qualitatively very similar to the hadron-flavour-tagged ones.

# Backup: Parton-Flavour Jet Pair Kinematics

- Backup check: compare  $m_{bb}^{\text{jet}}$  and  $\Delta R_{bb}^{\text{jet}}$  built from parton-flavour-tagged jets.



- Again, behavior is close to the hadron-flavour case, so this does not materially change the swap-handle conclusion.