

Lab3: In the following two labs, we will apply the CRISP-DM methodology for data mining in a simple form. For this assignment, we will start with the data understanding, followed by data preparation. The overall goal of this and next lab is to build and train a Neural Network that can recognize handwritten digits from 0 to 9. You can use the following code to download the MNIST data of handwritten digits.

```
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
from tensorflow import keras
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

(X_train_full, y_train_full), (X_test, y_test) =
keras.datasets.mnist.load_data()
```

Data understanding

- Investigate the shape of the data and explain what you see.
- Check if the labels are skewed by plotting their count distribution per class.
- Select a random image from the training set (for example with the `random.randint()` function to select a random index of `X_train`) and print the resulting array. Calculate the maximum value and explain the meaning of that value.
- Plot the image using the matplotlib function `imshow()`. Compare the image to the label and make sure it is correct

Data preparation

- Separate the training data into training and validation set. Explain why this additional data split is needed.
- Scale the data. In this simple case you can simply divide by the max value for scaling
- Name three different performance measures and explain their meaning and advantages/disadvantages.