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1 /**
2  * Marlin 3D Printer Firmware
3  * Copyright (c) 2020 MarlinFirmware
4  * [https://github.com/MarlinFirmware/Marlin]
5  *
6  * Based on Sprinter and grbl.
7  * Copyright (c) 2011 Camiel Gubbels / Erik van der Zalm
8  *
9  * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
10 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
11 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
12 * (at your option) any later version.
13 *
14 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
15 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
16 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
17 * GNU General Public License for more details.
18 *
19 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
20 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
21 */
22 #pragma once
23
24 /**
25  * Configuration.h
26  *
27  * Basic settings such as:
28  *
29  * - Type of electronics
30  * - Type of temperature sensor
31  * - Printer geometry
32  * - Endstop configuration
33  * - LCD controller
34  * - Extra features
35  *
36  * Advanced settings can be found in Configuration_adv.h
37  */
38 #define CONFIGURATION_H_VERSION 02000902
39
40 //=====
41 //===== Getting Started
42 //=====
43
44 /**
45  * Here are some useful links to help get your machine configured and
46  * calibrated:
47  *
48  * Example Configs:
49  * https://github.com/MarlinFirmware/Configurations/branches/all
50  *
51  * Průša Calculator: https://blog.prusaprinters.org/calculator_3416/
52  *
53  * Calibration Guides: https://reprap.org/wiki/Calibration
54  *
55  * ...

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https://reprap.org/wiki/Ir1t1d_Hunter%2/s_Calibration_Guide
53 *
https://sites.google.com/site/repraplogphase/calibration-of-your-reprap
54 * https://youtu.be/wAL9d7FgInk
55 *
56 * Calibration Objects: https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:5573
57 * https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:1278865
58 */
59
60 //=====
61 //===== DELTA / SCARA / TPARA
62 //=====
63 //
64 // Download configurations from the link above and customize for your
65 // machine.
66 // Examples are located in config/examples/delta, .../SCARA, and .../TPARA.
67 //=====
68 //
69 // @section info
70
71 // Author info of this build printed to the host during boot and M115
72 #define STRING_CONFIG_H_AUTHOR "(Lucanator, Io)" // Who made the changes.
73 // #define CUSTOM_VERSION_FILE Version.h // Path from the root directory (no
74 // quotes)
75 /**
76 * *** VENDORS PLEASE READ ***
77 *
78 * Marlin allows you to add a custom boot image for Graphical LCDs.
79 * With this option Marlin will first show your custom screen followed
80 * by the standard Marlin logo with version number and web URL.
81 *
82 * We encourage you to take advantage of this new feature and we also
83 * respectfully request that you retain the unmodified Marlin boot screen.
84 */
85
86 // Show the Marlin bootscreen on startup. ** ENABLE FOR PRODUCTION **
87 // #define SHOW_BOOTSCREEN
88
89 // Show the bitmap in Marlin/_Bootscreen.h on startup.
90 // #define SHOW_CUSTOM_BOOTSCREEN
91
92 // Show the bitmap in Marlin/_Statusscreen.h on the status screen.
93 // #define CUSTOM_STATUS_SCREEN_IMAGE
94
95 // @section machine
96
97 /**
98 * Select the serial port on the board to use for communication with the
99 * host.
100 * This allows the connection of wireless adapters (for instance) to non-
101 * default port pins.
102 * Serial port -1 is the USB emulated serial port, if available.
103 * Note: The first serial port (-1 or 0) will always be used by the Arduino

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101 bootloader.
102 *
103 * :[-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
104 */
105 #define SERIAL_PORT 1
106
107 /**
108 * Serial Port Baud Rate
109 * This is the default communication speed for all serial ports.
110 * Set the baud rate defaults for additional serial ports below.
111 *
112 * 250000 works in most cases, but you might try a lower speed if
113 * you commonly experience drop-outs during host printing.
114 * You may try up to 1000000 to speed up SD file transfer.
115 *
116 * :[2400, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 250000, 500000, 1000000]
117 */
118 #define BAUDRATE 115200
119 // #define BAUD_RATE_GCODE // Enable G-code M575 to set the baud rate
120
121 /**
122 * Select a secondary serial port on the board to use for communication with
123 * the host.
124 * Currently Ethernet (-2) is only supported on Teensy 4.1 boards.
125 * :[-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
126 */
127 #define SERIAL_PORT_2 -1
128 // #define BAUDRATE_2 250000 // Enable to override BAUDRATE
129
130 /**
131 * Select a third serial port on the board to use for communication with the
132 * host.
133 * Currently only supported for AVR, DUE, LPC1768/9 and STM32/STM32F1
134 * :[-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
135 */
136 #define SERIAL_PORT_3 3
137 // #define BAUDRATE_3 250000 // Enable to override BAUDRATE
138
139 // Enable the Bluetooth serial interface on AT90USB devices
140 // #define BLUETOOTH
141
142 // Choose the name from boards.h that matches your setup
143 #ifndef MOTHERBOARD
144 #define MOTHERBOARD BOARD_BTT_SKR_V2_0_REV_B
145 #endif
146
147 // Name displayed in the LCD "Ready" message and Info menu
148 #define CUSTOM_MACHINE_NAME "3Devo"
149
150 // Printer's unique ID, used by some programs to differentiate between
151 * machines.
152 // Choose your own or use a service like
153 * https://www.uuidgenerator.net/version4
154 // #define MACHINE_UUID "f1448366-6e98-4b6f-bced-90fb6e24768f"
155
156 /**
157 * Define the number of coordinated linear axes.
158 * See https://github.com/DerAnthere1/Marlin/wiki

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155 * Each linear axis gets its own stepper control and endstop:
156 *
157 *   Steppers: *_STEP_PIN, *_ENABLE_PIN, *_DIR_PIN, *_ENABLE_ON
158 *   Endstops: *_STOP_PIN, USE_*MIN_PLUG, USE_*MAX_PLUG
159 *   Axes: *_MIN_POS, *_MAX_POS, INVERT_*_DIR
160 *   Planner: DEFAULT_AXIS_STEPS_PER_UNIT, DEFAULT_MAX_FEEDRATE
161 *             DEFAULT_MAX_ACCELERATION, AXIS_RELATIVE_MODES,
162 *             MICROSTEP_MODES, MANUAL_FEEDRATE
163 *
164 * :[3, 4, 5, 6]
165 */
166 // #define LINEAR_AXES 3
167
168 /**
169 * Axis codes for additional axes:
170 * This defines the axis code that is used in G-code commands to
171 * reference a specific axis.
172 * 'A' for rotational axis parallel to X
173 * 'B' for rotational axis parallel to Y
174 * 'C' for rotational axis parallel to Z
175 * 'U' for secondary linear axis parallel to X
176 * 'V' for secondary linear axis parallel to Y
177 * 'W' for secondary linear axis parallel to Z
178 * Regardless of the settings, firmware-internal axis IDs are
179 * I (AXIS4), J (AXIS5), K (AXIS6).
180 */
181 #if LINEAR_AXES >= 4
182   #define AXIS4_NAME 'A' // :['A', 'B', 'C', 'U', 'V', 'W']
183 #endif
184 #if LINEAR_AXES >= 5
185   #define AXIS5_NAME 'B' // :['A', 'B', 'C', 'U', 'V', 'W']
186 #endif
187 #if LINEAR_AXES >= 6
188   #define AXIS6_NAME 'C' // :['A', 'B', 'C', 'U', 'V', 'W']
189 #endif
190
191 // @section extruder
192
193 // This defines the number of extruders
194 // :[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
195 #define EXTRUDERS 1
196
197 // Generally expected filament diameter (1.75, 2.85, 3.0, ...). Used for
198 // Volumetric, Filament Width Sensor, etc.
199 #define DEFAULT_NOMINAL_FILAMENT_DIA 1.75
200
201 // For Cyclops or any "multi-extruder" that shares a single nozzle.
202 // #define SINGLENOZZLE
203
204 // Save and restore temperature and fan speed on tool-change.
205 // Set standby for the unselected tool with M104/106/109 T...
206 #if ENABLED(SINGLENOZZLE)
207   // #define SINGLENOZZLE_STANDBY_TEMP
208   // #define SINGLENOZZLE_STANDBY_FAN
209 #endif
210
211 /**
212 * Multi-Material Unit
213 * Set to one of these predefined models:

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213 *
214 * PRUSA_MMU1 : Průša MMU1 (The "multiplexer" version)
215 * PRUSA_MMU2 : Průša MMU2
216 * PRUSA_MMU2S : Průša MMU2S (Requires MK3S extruder with motion
sensor, EXTRUDERS = 5)
217 * EXTENDABLE_EMU_MMU2 : MMU with configurable number of filaments (ERCF,
SMuFF or similar with Průša MMU2 compatible firmware)
218 * EXTENDABLE_EMU_MMU2S : MMUS with configurable number of filaments
(ERCF, SMuFF or similar with Průša MMU2 compatible firmware)
219 *
220 * Requires NOZZLE_PARK_FEATURE to park print head in case MMU unit fails.
221 * See additional options in Configuration_adv.h.
222 */
223 // #define MMU_MODEL PRUSA_MMU2
224
225 // A dual extruder that uses a single stepper motor
226 // #define SWITCHING_EXTRUDER
227 #if ENABLED(SWITCHING_EXTRUDER)
228 #define SWITCHING_EXTRUDER_SERVO_NR 0
229 #define SWITCHING_EXTRUDER_SERVO_ANGLES { 0, 90 } // Angles for E0, E1[,
E2, E3]
230 #if EXTRUDERS > 3
231 #define SWITCHING_EXTRUDER_E23_SERVO_NR 1
232 #endif
233 #endif
234
235 // A dual-nozzle that uses a servomotor to raise/lower one (or both) of the
nozzles
236 // #define SWITCHING_NOZZLE
237 #if ENABLED(SWITCHING_NOZZLE)
238 #define SWITCHING_NOZZLE_SERVO_NR 0
239 // #define SWITCHING_NOZZLE_E1_SERVO_NR 1 // If two servos are
used, the index of the second
240 #define SWITCHING_NOZZLE_SERVO_ANGLES { 0, 90 } // Angles for E0, E1
(single servo) or lowered/raised (dual servo)
241 #endif
242
243 /**
244 * Two separate X-carriages with extruders that connect to a moving part
245 * via a solenoid docking mechanism. Requires SOL1_PIN and SOL2_PIN.
246 */
247 // #define PARKING_EXTRUDER
248
249 /**
250 * Two separate X-carriages with extruders that connect to a moving part
251 * via a magnetic docking mechanism using movements and no solenoid
252 *
253 * project : https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:3080893
254 * movements : https://youtu.be/0xCEiG9VS3k
255 * https://youtu.be/Bqbc0CU2FE
256 */
257 // #define MAGNETIC_PARKING_EXTRUDER
258
259 #if EITHER(PARKING_EXTRUDER, MAGNETIC_PARKING_EXTRUDER)
260
261 #define PARKING_EXTRUDER_PARKING_X { -78, 184 } // X positions for
parking the extruders
262 #define PARKING_EXTRUDER_GRAB_DISTANCE 1 // (mm) Distance to

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move beyond the parking point to grab the extruder
263 // #define MANUAL_SOLENOID_CONTROL // Manual control of
docking solenoids with M380 S / M381
264
265 #if ENABLED(PARKING_EXTRUDER)
266
267 #define PARKING_EXTRUDER_SOLENOIDS_INVERT // If enabled, the
solenoid is NOT magnetized with applied voltage
268 #define PARKING_EXTRUDER_SOLENOIDS_PINS_ACTIVE LOW // LOW or HIGH pin
signal energizes the coil
269 #define PARKING_EXTRUDER_SOLENOIDS_DELAY 250 // (ms) Delay for
magnetic field. No delay if 0 or not defined.
270 // #define MANUAL_SOLENOID_CONTROL // Manual control of
docking solenoids with M380 S / M381
271
272 #elif ENABLED(MAGNETIC_PARKING_EXTRUDER)
273
274 #define MPE_FAST_SPEED 9000 // (mm/min) Speed for travel
before last distance point
275 #define MPE_SLOW_SPEED 4500 // (mm/min) Speed for last
distance travel to park and couple
276 #define MPE_TRAVEL_DISTANCE 10 // (mm) Last distance point
277 #define MPE_COMPENSATION 0 // Offset Compensation -1 , 0 , 1
(multiplier) only for coupling
278
279 #endif
280
281 #endif
282
283 /**
284  * Switching Toolhead
285  *
286  * Support for swappable and dockable toolheads, such as
287  * the E3D Tool Changer. Toolheads are locked with a servo.
288  */
289 // #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD
290
291 /**
292  * Magnetic Switching Toolhead
293  *
294  * Support swappable and dockable toolheads with a magnetic
295  * docking mechanism using movement and no servo.
296  */
297 // #define MAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD
298
299 /**
300  * Electromagnetic Switching Toolhead
301  *
302  * Parking for CoreXY / HBot kinematics.
303  * Toolheads are parked at one edge and held with an electromagnet.
304  * Supports more than 2 Toolheads. See https://youtu.be/JolbsAKTKf4
305  */
306 // #define ELECTROMAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD
307
308 #if ANY(SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD, MAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD,
ELECTROMAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD)
309 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Y_POS 235 // (mm) Y position
of the toolhead dock
310 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Y_SECURITY 10 // (mm) Security

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310 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Y_SECURITY 10 // (mm) Security
distance Y axis
311 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Y_CLEAR 60 // (mm) Minimum
distance from dock for unobstructed X axis
312 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_X_POS { 215, 0 } // (mm) X positions
for parking the extruders
313 #if ENABLED(SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD)
314 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_SERVO_NR 2 // Index of the
servo connector
315 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_SERVO_ANGLES { 0, 180 } // (degrees) Angles
for Lock, Unlock
316 #elif ENABLED(MAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD)
317 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Y_RELEASE 5 // (mm) Security
distance Y axis
318 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_X_SECURITY { 90, 150 } // (mm) Security
distance X axis (T0,T1)
319 // #define PRIME_BEFORE_REMOVE // Prime the nozzle
before release from the dock
320 #if ENABLED(PRIME_BEFORE_REMOVE)
321 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_PRIME_MM 20 // (mm) Extruder
prime length
322 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_RETRACT_MM 10 // (mm) Retract
after priming length
323 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_PRIME_FEEDRATE 300 // (mm/min) Extruder
prime feedrate
324 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_RETRACT_FEEDRATE 2400 // (mm/min) Extruder
retract feedrate
325 #endif
326 #elif ENABLED(ELECTROMAGNETIC_SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD)
327 #define SWITCHING_TOOLHEAD_Z_HOP 2 // (mm) Z raise for
switching
328 #endif
329 #endif
330
331 /**
332  * "Mixing Extruder"
333  * - Adds G-codes M163 and M164 to set and "commit" the current mix
factors.
334  * - Extends the stepping routines to move multiple steppers in proportion
to the mix.
335  * - Optional support for Repetier Firmware's 'M164 S<index>' supporting
virtual tools.
336  * - This implementation supports up to two mixing extruders.
337  * - Enable DIRECT_MIXING_IN_G1 for M165 and mixing in G1 (from Pia
Taubert's reference implementation).
338  */
339 // #define MIXING_EXTRUDER
340 #if ENABLED(MIXING_EXTRUDER)
341 #define MIXING_STEPPERS 2 // Number of steppers in your mixing
extruder
342 #define MIXING_VIRTUAL_TOOLS 16 // Use the Virtual Tool method with M163
and M164
343 // #define DIRECT_MIXING_IN_G1 // Allow ABCDHI mix factors in G1
movement commands
344 // #define GRADIENT_MIX // Support for gradient mixing with M166
and LCD
345 // #define MIXING_PRESETS // Assign 8 default V-tool presets for 2
or 3 MIXING_STEPPERS
346 #if ENABLED(GRADIENT_MIX)

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347 // #define GRADIENT_VT00L // Add M166 T to use a V-tool index as a
Gradient alias
348 #endif
349 #endif
350
351 // Offset of the extruders (uncomment if using more than one and relying on
firmware to position when changing).
352 // The offset has to be X=0, Y=0 for the extruder 0 hotend (default
extruder).
353 // For the other hotends it is their distance from the extruder 0 hotend.
354 // #define HOTEND_OFFSET_X { 0.0, 20.00 } // (mm) relative X-offset for each
nozzle
355 // #define HOTEND_OFFSET_Y { 0.0, 5.00 } // (mm) relative Y-offset for each
nozzle
356 // #define HOTEND_OFFSET_Z { 0.0, 0.00 } // (mm) relative Z-offset for each
nozzle
357
358 // @section machine
359
360 /**
361  * Power Supply Control
362  *
363  * Enable and connect the power supply to the PS_ON_PIN.
364  * Specify whether the power supply is active HIGH or active LOW.
365  */
366 // #define PSU_CONTROL
367 // #define PSU_NAME "Power Supply"
368
369 #if ENABLED(PSU_CONTROL)
370 // #define MKS_PWC // Using the MKS PWC add-on
371 // #define PS_OFF_CONFIRM // Confirm dialog when power off
372 // #define PS_OFF_SOUND // Beep 1s when power off
373 #define PSU_ACTIVE_STATE LOW // Set 'LOW' for ATX, 'HIGH' for X-Box
374
375 // #define PSU_DEFAULT_OFF // Keep power off until enabled directly
with M80
376 // #define PSU_POWERUP_DELAY 250 // (ms) Delay for the PSU to warm up to
full power
377
378 // #define PSU_POWERUP_GCODE "M355 S1" // G-code to run after power-on
(e.g., case light on)
379 // #define PSU_POWEROFF_GCODE "M355 S0" // G-code to run before power-off
(e.g., case light off)
380
381 // #define AUTO_POWER_CONTROL // Enable automatic control of the PS_ON
pin
382 #if ENABLED(AUTO_POWER_CONTROL)
383 #define AUTO_POWER_FANS // Turn on PSU if fans need power
384 #define AUTO_POWER_E_FANS
385 #define AUTO_POWER_CONTROLLERFAN
386 #define AUTO_POWER_CHAMBER_FAN
387 #define AUTO_POWER_COOLER_FAN
388 // #define AUTO_POWER_E_TEMP 50 // (°C) Turn on PSU if any
extruder is over this temperature
389 // #define AUTO_POWER_CHAMBER_TEMP 30 // (°C) Turn on PSU if the chamber
is over this temperature
390 // #define AUTO_POWER_COOLER_TEMP 26 // (°C) Turn on PSU if the cooler
is over this temperature
391 #define POWER_TIMEOUT 30 // (s) Turn off power if the

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391 #define POWER_TIMEOUT 30 // (s) Turn off power if the
machine is idle for this duration
392 // #define POWER_OFF_DELAY 60 // (s) Delay of poweroff after M81
command. Useful to let fans run for extra time.
393 #endif
394 #endif
395
396 //=====
397 //===== Thermal Settings
398 //=====
399 // @section temperature
400
401 /**
402 * --NORMAL IS 4.7kΩ PULLUP!-- 1kΩ pullup can be used on hotend sensor,
using correct resistor and table
403 *
404 * Temperature sensors available:
405 *
406 * SPI RTD/Thermocouple Boards – IMPORTANT: Read the NOTE below!
407 * -----
408 * -5 : MAX31865 with Pt100/Pt1000, 2, 3, or 4-wire (only for sensors 0-
1)
409 * NOTE: You must uncomment/set the MAX31865*_OHMS_n
defines below.
410 * -3 : MAX31855 with Thermocouple, -200°C to +700°C (only for sensors 0-
1)
411 * -2 : MAX6675 with Thermocouple, 0°C to +700°C (only for sensors 0-
1)
412 *
413 * NOTE: Ensure TEMP_n_CS_PIN is set in your pins file for each
TEMP_SENSOR_n using an SPI Thermocouple. By default,
414 * Hardware SPI on the default serial bus is used. If you have also
set TEMP_n_SCK_PIN and TEMP_n_MISO_PIN,
415 * Software SPI will be used on those ports instead. You can force
Hardware SPI on the default bus in the
416 * Configuration_adv.h file. At this time, separate Hardware SPI
buses for sensors are not supported.
417 *
418 * Analog Themocouple Boards
419 * -----
420 * -4 : AD8495 with Thermocouple
421 * -1 : AD595 with Thermocouple
422 *
423 * Analog Thermistors – 4.7kΩ pullup – Normal
424 * -----
425 * 1 : 100kΩ EPCOS – Best choice for EPCOS thermistors
426 * 331 : 100kΩ Same as #1, but 3.3V scaled for MEGA
427 * 332 : 100kΩ Same as #1, but 3.3V scaled for DUE
428 * 2 : 200kΩ ATC Semitec 204GT-2
429 * 202 : 200kΩ Copymaster 3D
430 * 3 : ???Ω Mendel-parts thermistor
431 * 4 : 10kΩ Generic Thermistor !! DO NOT use for a hotend – it gives
bad resolution at high temp. !!
432 * 5 : 100kΩ ATC Semitec 104GT-2/104NT-4-R025H42G – Used in ParCan, J-
Head, and E3D, SliceEngineering 300°C
433 * 501 : 100kΩ Zonestar – Tronxy X3A

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434 * 502 : 100kΩ Zonestar – used by hot bed in Zonestar Průša P802M
435 * 512 : 100kΩ RPW-Ultra hotend
436 * 6 : 100kΩ EPCOS – Not as accurate as table #1 (created using a fluke
thermocouple)
437 * 7 : 100kΩ Honeywell 135-104LAG-J01
438 * 71 : 100kΩ Honeywell 135-104LAF-J01
439 * 8 : 100kΩ Vishay 0603 SMD NTCs0603E3104FXT
440 * 9 : 100kΩ GE Sensing AL03006-58.2K-97-G1
441 * 10 : 100kΩ RS PRO 198-961
442 * 11 : 100kΩ Keenovo AC silicone mats, most Wanhao i3 machines – beta
3950, 1%
443 * 12 : 100kΩ Vishay 0603 SMD NTCs0603E3104FXT (#8) – calibrated for
Makibox hot bed
444 * 13 : 100kΩ Hisens up to 300°C – for "Simple ONE" & "All In ONE"
hotend – beta 3950, 1%
445 * 15 : 100kΩ Calibrated for JGAurora A5 hotend
446 * 18 : 200kΩ ATC Semitec 204GT-2 Dagoma.Fr – MKS_Base_DKU001327
447 * 22 : 100kΩ GTM32 Pro vB – hotend – 4.7kΩ pullup to 3.3V and 220Ω to
analog input
448 * 23 : 100kΩ GTM32 Pro vB – bed – 4.7kΩ pullup to 3.3v and 220Ω to
analog input
449 * 30 : 100kΩ Kis3d Silicone heating mat 200W/300W with 6mm precision
cast plate (EN AW 5083) NTC100K – beta 3950
450 * 60 : 100kΩ Maker's Tool Works Kapton Bed Thermistor – beta 3950
451 * 61 : 100kΩ Formbot/Vivedino 350°C Thermistor – beta 3950
452 * 66 : 4.7MΩ Dyze Design High Temperature Thermistor
453 * 67 : 500kΩ SliceEngineering 450°C Thermistor
454 * 70 : 100kΩ bq Hephestos 2
455 * 75 : 100kΩ Generic Silicon Heat Pad with NTC100K MGB18-104F39050L32
456 * 2000 : 100kΩ Ultimachine Rambo TDK NTCG104LH104KT1 NTC100K motherboard
Thermistor
457 *
458 * Analog Thermistors – 1kΩ pullup – Atypical, and requires changing out
the 4.7kΩ pullup for 1kΩ.
459 * ----- (but gives greater accuracy and more
stable PID)
460 * 51 : 100kΩ EPCOS (1kΩ pullup)
461 * 52 : 200kΩ ATC Semitec 204GT-2 (1kΩ pullup)
462 * 55 : 100kΩ ATC Semitec 104GT-2 – Used in ParCan & J-Head (1kΩ pullup)
463 *
464 * Analog Thermistors – 10kΩ pullup – Atypical
465 * -----
466 * 99 : 100kΩ Found on some Wanhao i3 machines with a 10kΩ pull-up
resistor
467 *
468 * Analog RTDs (Pt100/Pt1000)
469 * -----
470 * 110 : Pt100 with 1kΩ pullup (atypical)
471 * 147 : Pt100 with 4.7kΩ pullup
472 * 1010 : Pt1000 with 1kΩ pullup (atypical)
473 * 1047 : Pt1000 with 4.7kΩ pullup (E3D)
474 * 20 : Pt100 with circuit in the Ultimainboard V2.x with mainboard ADC
reference voltage = INA826 amplifier-board supply voltage.
475 * NOTE: (1) Must use an ADC input with no pullup. (2) Some
INA826 amplifiers are unreliable at 3.3V so consider using sensor 147, 110,
or 21.
476 * 21 : Pt100 with circuit in the Ultimainboard V2.x with 3.3v ADC
reference voltage (STM32, LPC176x....) and 5V INA826 amplifier board supply.
477 * NOTE: ADC pins are not 5V tolerant. Not recommended

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477 // NOTE: ADC pins are not 5V tolerant. Not recommended
because it's possible to damage the CPU by going over 500°C.
478 * 201 : Pt100 with circuit in Overlord, similar to Ultimainboard V2.x
479 *
480 * Custom/Dummy/Other Thermal Sensors
481 * -----
482 * 0 : not used
483 * 1000 : Custom - Specify parameters in Configuration_adv.h
484 *
485 * !!! Use these for Testing or Development purposes. NEVER for production
machine. !!!
486 * 998 : Dummy Table that ALWAYS reads 25°C or the temperature defined
below.
487 * 999 : Dummy Table that ALWAYS reads 100°C or the temperature defined
below.
488 *
489 */
490 #define TEMP_SENSOR_0 1
491 #define TEMP_SENSOR_1 0
492 #define TEMP_SENSOR_2 0
493 #define TEMP_SENSOR_3 0
494 #define TEMP_SENSOR_4 0
495 #define TEMP_SENSOR_5 0
496 #define TEMP_SENSOR_6 0
497 #define TEMP_SENSOR_7 0
498 #define TEMP_SENSOR_BED 1
499 #define TEMP_SENSOR_PROBE 0
500 #define TEMP_SENSOR_CHAMBER 4
501 #define TEMP_SENSOR_COOLER 0
502 #define TEMP_SENSOR_BOARD 0
503 #define TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT 0
504
505 // Dummy thermistor constant temperature readings, for use with 998 and 999
506 #define DUMMY_THERMISTOR_998_VALUE 25
507 #define DUMMY_THERMISTOR_999_VALUE 100
508
509 // Resistor values when using MAX31865 sensors (-5) on TEMP_SENSOR_0 / 1
510 // #define MAX31865_SENSOR_OHMS_0 100 // (Ω) Typically 100 or 1000
// (PT100 or PT1000)
511 // #define MAX31865_CALIBRATION_OHMS_0 430 // (Ω) Typically 430 for
Adafruit PT100; 4300 for Adafruit PT1000
512 // #define MAX31865_SENSOR_OHMS_1 100
513 // #define MAX31865_CALIBRATION_OHMS_1 430
514
515 #define TEMP_RESIDENCY_TIME 10 // (seconds) Time to wait for hotend
to "settle" in M109
516 #define TEMP_WINDOW 1 // (°C) Temperature proximity for
the "temperature reached" timer
517 #define TEMP_HYSTERESIS 3 // (°C) Temperature proximity
considered "close enough" to the target
518
519 #define TEMP_BED_RESIDENCY_TIME 10 // (seconds) Time to wait for bed to
"settle" in M190
520 #define TEMP_BED_WINDOW 1 // (°C) Temperature proximity for
the "temperature reached" timer
521 #define TEMP_BED_HYSTERESIS 3 // (°C) Temperature proximity
considered "close enough" to the target
522
523 #define TEMP_CHAMBER_RESIDENCY_TIME 10 // (seconds) Time to wait for

```

```

chamber to "settle" in M191
524 #define TEMP_CHAMBER_WINDOW          1 // (°C) Temperature proximity for
the "temperature reached" timer
525 #define TEMP_CHAMBER_HYSTERESIS      3 // (°C) Temperature proximity
considered "close enough" to the target
526
527 /**
528  * Redundant Temperature Sensor (TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT)
529  *
530  * Use a temp sensor as a redundant sensor for another reading. Select an
unused temperature sensor, and another
531  * sensor you'd like it to be redundant for. If the two thermistors differ
by TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT_MAX_DIFF (°C),
532  * the print will be aborted. Whichever sensor is selected will have its
normal functions disabled; i.e. selecting
533  * the Bed sensor (-1) will disable bed heating/monitoring.
534  *
535  * For selecting source/target use: COOLER, PROBE, BOARD, CHAMBER, BED, E0,
E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7
536  */
537 #if TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT
538   #define TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT_SOURCE    E1 // The sensor that will
provide the redundant reading.
539   #define TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT_TARGET    E0 // The sensor that we are
providing a redundant reading for.
540   #define TEMP_SENSOR_REDUNDANT_MAX_DIFF  10 // (°C) Temperature difference
that will trigger a print abort.
541 #endif
542
543 // Below this temperature the heater will be switched off
544 // because it probably indicates a broken thermistor wire.
545 #define HEATER_0_MINTEMP    5
546 #define HEATER_1_MINTEMP    5
547 #define HEATER_2_MINTEMP    5
548 #define HEATER_3_MINTEMP    5
549 #define HEATER_4_MINTEMP    5
550 #define HEATER_5_MINTEMP    5
551 #define HEATER_6_MINTEMP    5
552 #define HEATER_7_MINTEMP    5
553 #define BED_MINTEMP         5
554 #define CHAMBER_MINTEMP     5
555
556 // Above this temperature the heater will be switched off.
557 // This can protect components from overheating, but NOT from shorts and
failures.
558 // (Use MINTEMP for thermistor short/failure protection.)
559 #define HEATER_0_MAXTEMP 275
560 #define HEATER_1_MAXTEMP 275
561 #define HEATER_2_MAXTEMP 275
562 #define HEATER_3_MAXTEMP 275
563 #define HEATER_4_MAXTEMP 275
564 #define HEATER_5_MAXTEMP 275
565 #define HEATER_6_MAXTEMP 275
566 #define HEATER_7_MAXTEMP 275
567 #define BED_MAXTEMP      170
568 #define CHAMBER_MAXTEMP  170
569
570 /**
571  * Thermal Overheat

```

```

571 * Thermal overshoot
572 * During heatup (and printing) the temperature can often "overshoot" the
target by many degrees
573 * (especially before PID tuning). Setting the target temperature too close
to MAXTEMP guarantees
574 * a MAXTEMP shutdown! Use these values to forbid temperatures being set too
close to MAXTEMP.
575 */
576 #define HOTEND_OVERSHOOT 15 // (°C) Forbid temperatures over MAXTEMP -
OVERSHOOT
577 #define BED_OVERSHOOT 10 // (°C) Forbid temperatures over MAXTEMP -
OVERSHOOT
578 #define COOLER_OVERSHOOT 2 // (°C) Forbid temperatures closer than
OVERSHOOT
579
580 //=====
=
581 //===== PID Settings
=====
582 //=====
=
583 // PID Tuning Guide here: https://reprap.org/wiki/PID\_Tuning
584
585 // Comment the following line to disable PID and enable bang-bang.
586 #define PIDTEMP
587 #define BANG_MAX 255 // Limits current to nozzle while in bang-bang
mode; 255=full current
588 #define PID_MAX BANG_MAX // Limits current to nozzle while PID is active
(see PID_FUNCTIONAL_RANGE below); 255=full current
589 #define PID_K1 0.95 // Smoothing factor within any PID loop
590
591 #if ENABLED(PIDTEMP)
592 // #define PID_EDIT_MENU // Add PID editing to the "Advanced
Settings" menu. (~700 bytes of PROGMEM)
593 // #define PID_AUTOTUNE_MENU // Add PID auto-tuning to the "Advanced
Settings" menu. (~250 bytes of PROGMEM)
594 // #define PID_PARAMS_PER_HOTEND // Uses separate PID parameters for each
extruder (useful for mismatched extruders)
595 // Set/get with gcode: M301 E[extruder
number, 0-2]
596
597 #if ENABLED(PID_PARAMS_PER_HOTEND)
598 // Specify up to one value per hotend here, according to your setup.
599 // If there are fewer values, the last one applies to the remaining
hotends.
600 #define DEFAULT_Kp_LIST { 22.20, 22.20 }
601 #define DEFAULT_Ki_LIST { 1.08, 1.08 }
602 #define DEFAULT_Kd_LIST { 114.00, 114.00 }
603 #else
604 #define DEFAULT_Kp 30.73
605 #define DEFAULT_Ki 2.61
606 #define DEFAULT_Kd 90.34
607 #endif
608 #endif // PIDTEMP
609
610 //=====
=
611 //===== PID > Bed Temperature Control
=====

```

```

612 //=====
613 =
614 /**
615  * PID Bed Heating
616  *
617  * If this option is enabled set PID constants below.
618  * If this option is disabled, bang-bang will be used and
619  * BED_LIMIT_SWITCHING will enable hysteresis.
620  *
621  * The PID frequency will be the same as the extruder PWM.
622  * If PID_dT is the default, and correct for the hardware/configuration,
623  * that means 7.689Hz,
624  * which is fine for driving a square wave into a resistive load and does
625  * not significantly
626  * impact FET heating. This also works fine on a Fotek SSR-10DA Solid State
627  * Relay into a 250W
628  * heater. If your configuration is significantly different than this and
629  * you don't understand
630  * the issues involved, don't use bed PID until someone else verifies that
631  * your hardware works.
632  */
633 //define PIDTEMPBED
634
635 //define BED_LIMIT_SWITCHING
636
637 /**
638  * Max Bed Power
639  * Applies to all forms of bed control (PID, bang-bang, and bang-bang with
640  * hysteresis).
641  * When set to any value below 255, enables a form of PWM to the bed that
642  * acts like a divider
643  * so don't use it unless you are OK with PWM on your bed. (See the comment
644  * on enabling PIDTEMPBED)
645  */
646 #define MAX_BED_POWER 255 // limits duty cycle to bed; 255=full current
647
648 #if ENABLED(PIDTEMPBED)
649   //define MIN_BED_POWER 0
650   //define PID_BED_DEBUG // Sends debug data to the serial port.
651
652   // 120V 250W silicone heater into 4mm borosilicate (MendelMax 1.5+)
653   // from FOPDT model - kp=.39 Tp=405 Tdead=66, Tc set to 79.2, aggressive
654   // factor of .15 (vs .1, 1, 10)
655   #define DEFAULT_bedKp 10.00
656   #define DEFAULT_bedKi .023
657   #define DEFAULT_bedKd 305.4
658
659   // FIND YOUR OWN: "M303 E-1 C8 S90" to run autotune on the bed at 90
660   // degreesC for 8 cycles.
661 #endif // PIDTEMPBED
662
663 //=====
664 =
665 //===== PID > Chamber Temperature Control
666 =====
667 //=====
668 =

```



```

656 /**
657  * PID Chamber Heating
658  *
659  * If this option is enabled set PID constants below.
660  * If this option is disabled, bang-bang will be used and
661  CHAMBER_LIMIT_SWITCHING will enable
662  * hysteresis.SOFT_PWM_SCALE
663  *
664  * The PID frequency will be the same as the extruder PWM.
665  * If PID_dT is the default, and correct for the hardware/configuration,
666  that means 7.689Hz,
667  * which is fine for driving a square wave into a resistive load and does
668  not significantly
669  * impact FET heating. This also works fine on a Fotek SSR-10DA Solid State
670  Relay into a 200W
671  * heater. If your configuration is significantly different than this and
672  you don't understand
673  * the issues involved, don't use chamber PID until someone else verifies
674  that your hardware works.
675  */
676 #define PIDTEMPCHAMBER
677 // #define CHAMBER_LIMIT_SWITCHING
678
679 /**
680  * Max Chamber Power
681  * Applies to all forms of chamber control (PID, bang-bang, and bang-bang
682  with hysteresis).
683  * When set to any value below 255, enables a form of PWM to the chamber
684  heater that acts like a divider
685  * so don't use it unless you are OK with PWM on your heater. (See the
686  comment on enabling PIDTEMPCHAMBER)
687  */
688 #define MAX_CHAMBER_POWER 255 // limits duty cycle to chamber heater;
689 255=full current
690
691 #if ENABLED(PIDTEMPCHAMBER)
692   #define MIN_CHAMBER_POWER 0
693   // #define PID_CHAMBER_DEBUG // Sends debug data to the serial port.
694
695   // Lasko "MyHeat Personal Heater" (200w) modified with a Fotek SSR-10DA to
696   control only the heating element
697   // and placed inside the small Creality printer enclosure tent.
698   //
699   #define DEFAULT_chamberKp 37.04
700   #define DEFAULT_chamberKi 1.40
701   #define DEFAULT_chamberKd 655.17
702   // M309 P37.04 I1.04 D655.17
703
704   // FIND YOUR OWN: "M303 E-2 C8 S50" to run autotune on the chamber at 50
705   degreesC for 8 cycles.
706 #endif // PIDTEMPCHAMBER
707
708 #if ANY(PIDTEMP, PIDTEMPBED, PIDTEMPCHAMBER)
709   // #define PID_DEBUG // Sends debug data to the serial port.
710   Use 'M303 D' to toggle activation.
711   // #define PID_OPENLOOP // Puts PID in open loop. M104/M140 sets
712   the output power from 0 to PID_MAX
713   // #define SLOW_PWM_HEATERS // PWM with very low frequency (roughly

```



```

0.125Hz=8s) and minimum state time of approximately 1s useful for heaters
driven by a relay
700 #define PID_FUNCTIONAL_RANGE 10 // If the temperature difference between
the target temperature and the actual temperature
701 // is more than PID_FUNCTIONAL_RANGE then
the PID will be shut off and the heater will be set to min/max.
702 #endif
703
704 // @section extruder
705
706 /**
707  * Prevent extrusion if the temperature is below EXTRUDE_MINTEMP.
708  * Add M302 to set the minimum extrusion temperature and/or turn
709  * cold extrusion prevention on and off.
710  *
711  * *** IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED TO LEAVE THIS OPTION ENABLED! ***
712  */
713 #define PREVENT_COLD_EXTRUSION
714 #define EXTRUDE_MINTEMP 140
715
716 /**
717  * Prevent a single extrusion longer than EXTRUDE_MAXLENGTH.
718  * Note: For Bowden Extruders make this large enough to allow load/unload.
719  */
720 #define PREVENT_LENGTHY_EXTRUDE
721 #define EXTRUDE_MAXLENGTH 200
722
723 //=====
724 //===== Thermal Runaway Protection
725 //=====
726
727 /**
728  * Thermal Protection provides additional protection to your printer from
729  * damage
730  * and fire. Marlin always includes safe min and max temperature ranges
731  * which
732  * protect against a broken or disconnected thermistor wire.
733  *
734  * The issue: If a thermistor falls out, it will report the much lower
735  * temperature of the air in the room, and the the firmware will keep
736  * the heater on.
737  *
738  * If you get "Thermal Runaway" or "Heating failed" errors the
739  * details can be tuned in Configuration_adv.h
740  */
741 #define THERMAL_PROTECTION_HOTENDS // Enable thermal protection for all
extruders
742 #define THERMAL_PROTECTION_BED // Enable thermal protection for the
heated bed
743 #define THERMAL_PROTECTION_CHAMBER // Enable thermal protection for the
heated chamber
744 #define THERMAL_PROTECTION_COOLER // Enable thermal protection for the
laser cooling
745

```

```

745 //=====
746 //===== Mechanical Settings
747 //=====
748
749 // @section machine
750
751 // Enable one of the options below for CoreXY, CoreXZ, or CoreYZ kinematics,
752 // either in the usual order or reversed
753 // #define COREXY
754 // #define COREXZ
755 // #define COREYZ
756 // #define COREYX
757 // #define COREZX
758 // #define COREZY
759 // #define MARKFORGED_XY // MarkForged. See
760 // https://reprap.org/forum/read.php?152,504042
761 // Enable for a belt style printer with endless "Z" motion
762 // #define BELTPRINTER
763
764 // Enable for Polargraph Kinematics
765 // #define POLARGRAPH
766 #if ENABLED(POLARGRAPH)
767     #define POLARGRAPH_MAX_BELT_LEN 1035.0
768     #define POLAR_SEGMENTS_PER_SECOND 5
769 #endif
770
771 //=====
772 //===== Endstop Settings
773 //=====
774
775 // @section homing
776
777 // Specify here all the endstop connectors that are connected to any endstop
778 // or probe.
779 // Almost all printers will be using one per axis. Probes will use one or
780 // more of the
781 // extra connectors. Leave undefined any used for non-endstop and non-probe
782 // purposes.
783 // #define USE_XMIN_PLUG
784 // #define USE_YMIN_PLUG
785 #define USE_ZMIN_PLUG
786 // #define USE_IMIN_PLUG
787 // #define USE_JMIN_PLUG
788 // #define USE_KMIN_PLUG
789 #define USE_XMAX_PLUG
790 #define USE_YMAX_PLUG
791 // #define USE_ZMAX_PLUG
792 // #define USE_IMAX_PLUG
793 // #define USE_JMAX_PLUG
794 // #define USE_KMAX_PLUG
795
796 // Enable pullup for all endstops to prevent a floating state

```

```

794 #define ENDSTOPPULLUPS
795 #if DISABLED(ENDSTOPPULLUPS)
796     // Disable ENDSTOPPULLUPS to set pullups individually
797     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_XMAX
798     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_YMAX
799     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_ZMAX
800     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_IMAX
801     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_JMAX
802     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_KMAX
803     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_XMIN
804     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_YMIN
805     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_ZMIN
806     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_IMIN
807     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_JMIN
808     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_KMIN
809     //#define ENDSTOPPULLUP_ZMIN_PROBE
810 #endif
811
812 // Enable pulldown for all endstops to prevent a floating state
813 //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWNS
814 #if DISABLED(ENDSTOPPULLDOWNS)
815     // Disable ENDSTOPPULLDOWNS to set pulldowns individually
816     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_XMAX
817     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_YMAX
818     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_ZMAX
819     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_IMAX
820     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_JMAX
821     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_KMAX
822     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_XMIN
823     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_YMIN
824     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_ZMIN
825     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_IMIN
826     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_JMIN
827     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_KMIN
828     //#define ENDSTOPPULLDOWN_ZMIN_PROBE
829 #endif
830
831 // Mechanical endstop with COM to ground and NC to Signal uses "false" here
832 // (most common setup).
833 #define X_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
834 // the endstop.
835 #define Y_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
836 // the endstop.
837 #define Z_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
838 // the endstop.
839 #define I_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
840 // the endstop.
841 #define J_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
842 // the endstop.
843 #define K_MIN_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
844 // the endstop.
845 #define X_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
846 // the endstop.
847 #define Y_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
848 // the endstop.
849 #define Z_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
850 // the endstop.
851 #define I_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
852 // the endstop.

```

```

tne endstop.
842 #define J_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
the endstop.
843 #define K_MAX_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the logic of
the endstop.
844 #define Z_MIN_PROBE_ENDSTOP_INVERTING false // Set to true to invert the
logic of the probe.
845
846 /**
847  * Stepper Drivers
848  *
849  * These settings allow Marlin to tune stepper driver timing and enable
advanced options for
850  * stepper drivers that support them. You may also override timing options
in Configuration_adv.h.
851  *
852  * A4988 is assumed for unspecified drivers.
853  *
854  * Use TMC2208/TMC2208_STANDALONE for TMC2225 drivers and
TMC2209/TMC2209_STANDALONE for TMC2226 drivers.
855  *
856  * Options: A4988, A5984, DRV8825, LV8729, L6470, L6474, POWERSTEP01,
857  *          TB6560, TB6600, TMC2100,
858  *          TMC2130, TMC2130_STANDALONE, TMC2160, TMC2160_STANDALONE,
859  *          TMC2208, TMC2208_STANDALONE, TMC2209, TMC2209_STANDALONE,
860  *          TMC26X, TMC26X_STANDALONE, TMC2660, TMC2660_STANDALONE,
861  *          TMC5130, TMC5130_STANDALONE, TMC5160, TMC5160_STANDALONE
862  * :['A4988', 'A5984', 'DRV8825', 'LV8729', 'L6470', 'L6474', 'POWERSTEP01',
'TB6560', 'TB6600', 'TMC2100', 'TMC2130', 'TMC2130_STANDALONE', 'TMC2160',
'TMC2160_STANDALONE', 'TMC2208', 'TMC2208_STANDALONE', 'TMC2209',
'TMC2209_STANDALONE', 'TMC26X', 'TMC26X_STANDALONE', 'TMC2660',
'TMC2660_STANDALONE', 'TMC5130', 'TMC5130_STANDALONE', 'TMC5160',
'TMC5160_STANDALONE']
863 */
864 #define X_DRIVER_TYPE  DRV8825
865 #define Y_DRIVER_TYPE  DRV8825
866 #define Z_DRIVER_TYPE  DRV8825
867 //#define X2_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
868 //#define Y2_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
869 //#define Z2_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
870 //#define Z3_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
871 //#define Z4_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
872 //#define I_DRIVER_TYPE  A4988
873 //#define J_DRIVER_TYPE  A4988
874 //#define K_DRIVER_TYPE  A4988
875 #define E0_DRIVER_TYPE DRV8825
876 //#define E1_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
877 //#define E2_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
878 //#define E3_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
879 //#define E4_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
880 //#define E5_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
881 //#define E6_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
882 //#define E7_DRIVER_TYPE A4988
883
884 // Enable this feature if all enabled endstop pins are interrupt-capable.
885 // This will remove the need to poll the interrupt pins, saving many CPU
cycles.
886 //#define ENDSTOP_INTERRUPTS_FEATURE
887

```

```

888 /**
889  * Endstop Noise Threshold
890  *
891  * Enable if your probe or endstops falsely trigger due to noise.
892  *
893  * - Higher values may affect repeatability or accuracy of some bed probes.
894  * - To fix noise install a 100nF ceramic capacitor in parallel with the
switch.
895  * - This feature is not required for common micro-switches mounted on PCBs
896  *   based on the Makerbot design, which already have the 100nF capacitor.
897  *
898  * :[2,3,4,5,6,7]
899  */
900 // #define ENDSTOP_NOISE_THRESHOLD 2
901
902 // Check for stuck or disconnected endstops during homing moves.
903 // #define DETECT_BROKEN_ENDSTOP
904
905 //=====
===
906 //===== Movement Settings
=====
907 //=====
===
908 // @section motion
909
910 /**
911  * Default Settings
912  *
913  * These settings can be reset by M502
914  *
915  * Note that if EEPROM is enabled, saved values will override these.
916  */
917
918 /**
919  * With this option each E stepper can have its own factors for the
920  * following movement settings. If fewer factors are given than the
921  * total number of extruders, the last value applies to the rest.
922  */
923 // #define DISTINCT_E_FACTORS
924
925 /**
926  * Default Axis Steps Per Unit (steps/mm)
927  * Override with M92
928  *
929  * X, Y, Z [, I [, J [, K]]], E0 [,
E1[, E2...]]
930  */
931 #define DEFAULT_AXIS_STEPS_PER_UNIT { 160, 160, 1600, 829.23 }
932
933 /**
934  * Default Max Feed Rate (mm/s)
935  * Override with M203
936  *
937  * X, Y, Z [, I [, J [, K]]], E0 [,
E1[, E2...]]
938  */
939 #define DEFAULT_MAX_FEEDRATE { 500, 500, 50, 25 }
940
941 // #define LIMITED_MAX_FR_EDITING // Limit edit via M203 or LCD to
-----

```

```

940 #if ENABLED(LIMITED_MAX_FR_EDITING)
941   #define MAX_FEEDRATE_EDIT_VALUES    { 600, 600, 10, 50 } // ...or, set
your own edit limits
942 #endif
943
944 /**
945  * Default Max Acceleration (change/s) change = mm/s
946  * (Maximum start speed for accelerated moves)
947  * Override with M201
948  *
949  *           X, Y, Z [, I [, J [, K]], E0 [,
E1[, E2...]]
950 */
951 #define DEFAULT_MAX_ACCELERATION      { 500, 500, 100, 5000 }
952
953 // #define LIMITED_MAX_ACCEL_EDITING   // Limit edit via M201 or LCD to
DEFAULT_MAX_ACCELERATION * 2
954 #if ENABLED(LIMITED_MAX_ACCEL_EDITING)
955   #define MAX_ACCEL_EDIT_VALUES       { 6000, 6000, 200, 20000 } // ...or,
set your own edit limits
956 #endif
957
958 /**
959  * Default Acceleration (change/s) change = mm/s
960  * Override with M204
961  *
962  *   M204 P   Acceleration
963  *   M204 R   Retract Acceleration
964  *   M204 T   Travel Acceleration
965  */
966 #define DEFAULT_ACCELERATION          500    // X, Y, Z and E acceleration
for printing moves
967 #define DEFAULT_RETRACT_ACCELERATION  500    // E acceleration for retracts
968 #define DEFAULT_TRAVEL_ACCELERATION   500    // X, Y, Z acceleration for
travel (non printing) moves
969
970 /**
971  * Default Jerk limits (mm/s)
972  * Override with M205 X Y Z E
973  *
974  * "Jerk" specifies the minimum speed change that requires acceleration.
975  * When changing speed and direction, if the difference is less than the
976  * value set here, it may happen instantaneously.
977  */
978 // #define CLASSIC_JERK
979 #if ENABLED(CLASSIC_JERK)
980   #define DEFAULT_XJERK 10.0
981   #define DEFAULT_YJERK 10.0
982   #define DEFAULT_ZJERK 0.3
983   // #define DEFAULT_IJERK 0.3
984   // #define DEFAULT_JJERK 0.3
985   // #define DEFAULT_KJERK 0.3
986
987   // #define TRAVEL_EXTRA_XYJERK 0.0    // Additional jerk allowance for all
travel moves
988
989   // #define LIMITED_JERK_EDITING       // Limit edit via M205 or LCD to
DEFAULT_aJERK * 2
990 #if ENABLED(LIMITED_JERK_EDITING)

```

```

990     #define MAX_JERK_EDIT_VALUES { 20, 20, 0.6, 10 } // ...or, set your own
edit limits
991     #endif
992 #endif
993
994 #define DEFAULT_EJERK    5.0 // May be used by Linear Advance
995
996 /**
997  * Junction Deviation Factor
998  *
999  * See:
1000  *   https://reprap.org/forum/read.php?1,739819
1001  *   https://blog.kyneticcnc.com/2018/10/computing-junction-deviation-for-marlin.html
1002  */
1003 #if DISABLED(CLASSIC_JERK)
1004     #define JUNCTION_DEVIATION_MM 0.013 // (mm) Distance from real junction
edge
1005     #define JD_HANDLE_SMALL_SEGMENTS // Use curvature estimation instead of
just the junction angle
1006                                     // for small segments (< 1mm) with
large junction angles (> 135°).
1007 #endif
1008
1009 /**
1010  * S-Curve Acceleration
1011  *
1012  * This option eliminates vibration during printing by fitting a Bézier
1013  * curve to move acceleration, producing much smoother direction changes.
1014  *
1015  * See https://github.com/synthetos/TinyG/wiki/Jerk-Controlled-Motion-Explained
1016  */
1017 // #define S_CURVE_ACCELERATION
1018
1019 //=====
1020 //===== Z Probe Options
=====
1021 //=====
1022 // @section probes
1023
1024 //
1025 // See https://marlinfw.org/docs/configuration/probes.html
1026 //
1027
1028 /**
1029  * Enable this option for a probe connected to the Z-MIN pin.
1030  * The probe replaces the Z-MIN endstop and is used for Z homing.
1031  * (Automatically enables USE_PROBE_FOR_Z_HOMING.)
1032  */
1033 // #define Z_MIN_PROBE_USES_Z_MIN_ENDSTOP_PIN
1034
1035 // Force the use of the probe for Z-axis homing
1036 // #define USE_PROBE_FOR_Z_HOMING
1037
1038 /**

```



```

1039 * Z_MIN_PROBE_PIN
1040 *
1041 * Define this pin if the probe is not connected to Z_MIN_PIN.
1042 * If not defined the default pin for the selected MOTHERBOARD
1043 * will be used. Most of the time the default is what you want.
1044 *
1045 * - The simplest option is to use a free endstop connector.
1046 * - Use 5V for powered (usually inductive) sensors.
1047 *
1048 * - RAMPS 1.3/1.4 boards may use the 5V, GND, and Aux4->D32 pin:
1049 *   - For simple switches connect...
1050 *     - normally-closed switches to GND and D32.
1051 *     - normally-open switches to 5V and D32.
1052 */
1053 // #define Z_MIN_PROBE_PIN 32 // Pin 32 is the RAMPS default
1054
1055 /**
1056  * Probe Type
1057  *
1058  * Allen Key Probes, Servo Probes, Z-Sled Probes, FIX_MOUNTED_PROBE, etc.
1059  * Activate one of these to use Auto Bed Leveling below.
1060  */
1061
1062 /**
1063  * The "Manual Probe" provides a means to do "Auto" Bed Leveling without a
1064  * probe.
1065  * Use G29 repeatedly, adjusting the Z height at each point with movement
1066  * commands
1067  * or (with LCD_BED_LEVELING) the LCD controller.
1068  */
1069 // #define PROBE_MANUALLY
1070
1071 /**
1072  * A Fix-Mounted Probe either doesn't deploy or needs manual deployment.
1073  * (e.g., an inductive probe or a nozzle-based probe-switch.)
1074  */
1075 // #define FIX_MOUNTED_PROBE
1076
1077 /**
1078  * Use the nozzle as the probe, as with a conductive
1079  * nozzle system or a piezo-electric smart effector.
1080  */
1081 // #define NOZZLE_AS_PROBE
1082
1083 /**
1084  * Z Servo Probe, such as an endstop switch on a rotating arm.
1085  */
1086 // #define Z_PROBE_SERVO_NR 0 // Defaults to SERVO 0 connector.
1087 // #define Z_SERVO_ANGLES { 70, 0 } // Z Servo Deploy and Stow angles
1088
1089 /**
1090  * The BLTouch probe uses a Hall effect sensor and emulates a servo.
1091  */
1092 // #define BLTOUCH
1093
1094 /**
1095  * Touch-MI Probe by hotends.fr
1096  *
1097  * This probe is deployed and activated by moving the X-axis to a magnet at

```

```

1095 // This probe is deployed and activated by moving the X axis to a magnet at
the edge of the bed.
1096 * By default, the magnet is assumed to be on the left and activated by a
home. If the magnet is
1097 * on the right, enable and set TOUCH_MI_DEPLOY_XPOS to the deploy position.
1098 *
1099 * Also requires: BABYSTEPPING, BABYSTEP_ZPROBE_OFFSET, Z_SAFE_HOMING,
1100 * and a minimum Z_HOMING_HEIGHT of 10.
1101 */
1102 // #define TOUCH_MI_PROBE
1103 #if ENABLED(TOUCH_MI_PROBE)
1104   #define TOUCH_MI_RETRACT_Z 0.5 // Height at which the
probe retracts
1105   // #define TOUCH_MI_DEPLOY_XPOS (X_MAX_BED + 2) // For a magnet on the
right side of the bed
1106   // #define TOUCH_MI_MANUAL_DEPLOY // For manual deploy (LCD
menu)
1107 #endif
1108
1109 // A probe that is deployed and stowed with a solenoid pin (SOL1_PIN)
1110 // #define SOLENOID_PROBE
1111
1112 // A sled-mounted probe like those designed by Charles Bell.
1113 // #define Z_PROBE_SLED
1114 // #define SLED_DOCKING_OFFSET 5 // The extra distance the X axis must
travel to pickup the sled. 0 should be fine but you can push it further if
you'd like.
1115
1116 // A probe deployed by moving the x-axis, such as the Wilson II's rack-and-
pinion probe designed by Marty Rice.
1117 // #define RACK_AND_PINION_PROBE
1118 #if ENABLED(RACK_AND_PINION_PROBE)
1119   #define Z_PROBE_DEPLOY_X X_MIN_POS
1120   #define Z_PROBE_RETRACT_X X_MAX_POS
1121 #endif
1122
1123 // Duet Smart Effector (for delta printers) - https://bit.ly/2ul5U7J
1124 // When the pin is defined you can use M672 to set/reset the probe
sensitivity.
1125 // #define DUET_SMART_EFFECTOR
1126 #if ENABLED(DUET_SMART_EFFECTOR)
1127   #define SMART_EFFECTOR_MOD_PIN -1 // Connect a GPIO pin to the Smart
Effector MOD pin
1128 #endif
1129
1130 /**
1131  * Use StallGuard2 to probe the bed with the nozzle.
1132  * Requires stallGuard-capable Trinamic stepper drivers.
1133  * CAUTION: This can damage machines with Z lead screws.
1134  * Take extreme care when setting up this feature.
1135  */
1136 // #define SENSORLESS_PROBING
1137
1138 //
1139 // For Z_PROBE_ALLEN_KEY see the Delta example configurations.
1140 //
1141
1142 /**
1143  * Nozzle-to-Probe offsets { X, Y, Z }

```

```

1144 *
1145 * X and Y offset
1146 *   Use a caliper or ruler to measure the distance from the tip of
1147 *   the Nozzle to the center-point of the Probe in the X and Y axes.
1148 *
1149 * Z offset
1150 * - For the Z offset use your best known value and adjust at runtime.
1151 * - Common probes trigger below the nozzle and have negative values for Z
offset.
1152 * - Probes triggering above the nozzle height are uncommon but do exist.
When using
1153 *   probes such as this, carefully set Z_CLEARANCE_DEPLOY_PROBE and
Z_CLEARANCE_BETWEEN_PROBES
1154 *   to avoid collisions during probing.
1155 *
1156 * Tune and Adjust
1157 * - Probe Offsets can be tuned at runtime with 'M851', LCD menus,
babystepping, etc.
1158 * - PROBE_OFFSET_WIZARD (configuration_adv.h) can be used for setting the
Z offset.
1159 *
1160 * Assuming the typical work area orientation:
1161 * - Probe to RIGHT of the Nozzle has a Positive X offset
1162 * - Probe to LEFT of the Nozzle has a Negative X offset
1163 * - Probe in BACK of the Nozzle has a Positive Y offset
1164 * - Probe in FRONT of the Nozzle has a Negative Y offset
1165 *
1166 * Some examples:
1167 * #define NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET { 10, 10, -1 } // Example "1"
1168 * #define NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET { -10, 5, -1 } // Example "2"
1169 * #define NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET { 5, -5, -1 } // Example "3"
1170 * #define NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET { -15, -10, -1 } // Example "4"
1171 *
1172 *   +-- BACK ----+
1173 *   |      [+]      |
1174 *   L |      1      | R <-- Example "1" (right+, back+)
1175 *   E |      2      | I <-- Example "2" ( left-, back+)
1176 *   F | [-]  N  [+] | G <-- Nozzle
1177 *   T |      3      | H <-- Example "3" (right+, front-)
1178 *   |      4      | T <-- Example "4" ( left-, front-)
1179 *   |      [-]      |
1180 *   0-- FRONT ---+
1181 */
1182 #define NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET { 10, 10, 0 }
1183
1184 // Most probes should stay away from the edges of the bed, but
1185 // with NOZZLE_AS_PROBE this can be negative for a wider probing area.
1186 #define PROBING_MARGIN 10
1187
1188 // X and Y axis travel speed (mm/min) between probes
1189 #define XY_PROBE_FEEDRATE (133*60)
1190
1191 // Feedrate (mm/min) for the first approach when double-probing
(MULTIPLE_PROBING == 2)
1192 #define Z_PROBE_FEEDRATE_FAST (4*60)
1193
1194 // Feedrate (mm/min) for the "accurate" probe of each point
1195 #define Z_PROBE_FEEDRATE_SLOW (Z_PROBE_FEEDRATE_FAST / 2)
1196

```

```

1197 /**
1198  * Probe Activation Switch
1199  * A switch indicating proper deployment, or an optical
1200  * switch triggered when the carriage is near the bed.
1201  */
1202 // #define PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH
1203 #if ENABLED(PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH)
1204     #define PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH_STATE LOW // State indicating probe is
active
1205     // #define PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH_PIN PC6 // Override default pin
1206 #endif
1207
1208 /**
1209  * Tare Probe (determine zero-point) prior to each probe.
1210  * Useful for a strain gauge or piezo sensor that needs to factor out
1211  * elements such as cables pulling on the carriage.
1212  */
1213 // #define PROBE_TARE
1214 #if ENABLED(PROBE_TARE)
1215     #define PROBE_TARE_TIME 200 // (ms) Time to hold tare pin
1216     #define PROBE_TARE_DELAY 200 // (ms) Delay after tare before
1217     #define PROBE_TARE_STATE HIGH // State to write pin for tare
1218     // #define PROBE_TARE_PIN PA5 // Override default pin
1219     #if ENABLED(PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH)
1220         // #define PROBE_TARE_ONLY_WHILE_INACTIVE // Fail to tare/probe if
PROBE_ACTIVATION_SWITCH is active
1221     #endif
1222 #endif
1223
1224 /**
1225  * Multiple Probing
1226  *
1227  * You may get improved results by probing 2 or more times.
1228  * With EXTRA_PROBING the more atypical reading(s) will be disregarded.
1229  *
1230  * A total of 2 does fast/slow probes with a weighted average.
1231  * A total of 3 or more adds more slow probes, taking the average.
1232  */
1233 // #define MULTIPLE_PROBING 2
1234 // #define EXTRA_PROBING 1
1235
1236 /**
1237  * Z probes require clearance when deploying, stowing, and moving between
1238  * probe points to avoid hitting the bed and other hardware.
1239  * Servo-mounted probes require extra space for the arm to rotate.
1240  * Inductive probes need space to keep from triggering early.
1241  *
1242  * Use these settings to specify the distance (mm) to raise the probe (or
1243  * lower the bed). The values set here apply over and above any (negative)
1244  * probe Z Offset set with NOZZLE_TO_PROBE_OFFSET, M851, or the LCD.
1245  * Only integer values >= 1 are valid here.
1246  *
1247  * Example: `M851 Z-5` with a CLEARANCE of 4 => 9mm from bed to nozzle.
1248  * But: `M851 Z+1` with a CLEARANCE of 2 => 2mm from bed to nozzle.
1249  */
1250 #define Z_CLEARANCE_DEPLOY_PROBE 10 // Z Clearance for Deploy/Stow
1251 #define Z_CLEARANCE_BETWEEN_PROBES 5 // Z Clearance between probe points
1252 #define Z_CLEARANCE_MULTI_PROBE 5 // Z Clearance between multiple probes

```

```

1253 // #define Z_AFTER_PROBING          5 // Z position after probing is done
1254
1255 #define Z_PROBE_LOW_POINT          -2 // Farthest distance below the
trigger-point to go before stopping
1256
1257 // For M851 give a range for adjusting the Z probe offset
1258 #define Z_PROBE_OFFSET_RANGE_MIN -20
1259 #define Z_PROBE_OFFSET_RANGE_MAX 20
1260
1261 // Enable the M48 repeatability test to test probe accuracy
1262 // #define Z_MIN_PROBE_REPEATABILITY_TEST
1263
1264 // Before deploy/stow pause for user confirmation
1265 // #define PAUSE_BEFORE_DEPLOY_STOW
1266 #if ENABLED(PAUSE_BEFORE_DEPLOY_STOW)
1267     // #define PAUSE_PROBE_DEPLOY_WHEN_TRIGGERED // For Manual Deploy Allenkey
Probe
1268 #endif
1269
1270 /**
1271  * Enable one or more of the following if probing seems unreliable.
1272  * Heaters and/or fans can be disabled during probing to minimize electrical
1273  * noise. A delay can also be added to allow noise and vibration to settle.
1274  * These options are most useful for the BLTouch probe, but may also improve
1275  * readings with inductive probes and piezo sensors.
1276  */
1277 // #define PROBING_HEATERS_OFF        // Turn heaters off when probing
1278 #if ENABLED(PROBING_HEATERS_OFF)
1279     // #define WAIT_FOR_BED_HEATER    // Wait for bed to heat back up between
probes (to improve accuracy)
1280     // #define WAIT_FOR_HOTEND        // Wait for hotend to heat back up
between probes (to improve accuracy & prevent cold extrude)
1281 #endif
1282 // #define PROBING_FANS_OFF           // Turn fans off when probing
1283 // #define PROBING_ESTEPPERS_OFF      // Turn all extruder steppers off when
probing
1284 // #define PROBING_STEPPERS_OFF       // Turn all steppers off (unless needed
to hold position) when probing (including extruders)
1285 // #define DELAY_BEFORE_PROBING 200  // (ms) To prevent vibrations from
triggering piezo sensors
1286
1287 // Require minimum nozzle and/or bed temperature for probing
1288 // #define PREHEAT_BEFORE_PROBING
1289 #if ENABLED(PREHEAT_BEFORE_PROBING)
1290     #define PROBING_NOZZLE_TEMP 120  // (°C) Only applies to E0 at this time
1291     #define PROBING_BED_TEMP      50
1292 #endif
1293
1294 // For Inverting Stepper Enable Pins (Active Low) use 0, Non Inverting
(Active High) use 1
1295 // :{ 0:'Low', 1:'High' }
1296 #define X_ENABLE_ON 0
1297 #define Y_ENABLE_ON 0
1298 #define Z_ENABLE_ON 0
1299 #define E_ENABLE_ON 0 // For all extruders
1300 // #define I_ENABLE_ON 0
1301 // #define J_ENABLE_ON 0
1302 // #define K_ENABLE_ON 0
1303

```

```

1304 // Disable axis steppers immediately when they're not being stepped.
1305 // WARNING: When motors turn off there is a chance of losing position
accuracy!
1306 #define DISABLE_X false
1307 #define DISABLE_Y false
1308 #define DISABLE_Z false
1309 //#define DISABLE_I false
1310 //#define DISABLE_J false
1311 //#define DISABLE_K false
1312
1313 // Turn off the display blinking that warns about possible accuracy
reduction
1314 //#define DISABLE_REDUCED_ACCURACY_WARNING
1315
1316 // @section extruder
1317
1318 #define DISABLE_E false           // Disable the extruder when not
stepping
1319 #define DISABLE_INACTIVE_EXTRUDER // Keep only the active extruder enabled
1320
1321 // @section machine
1322
1323 // Invert the stepper direction. Change (or reverse the motor connector) if
an axis goes the wrong way.
1324 #define INVERT_X_DIR false
1325 #define INVERT_Y_DIR false
1326 #define INVERT_Z_DIR false
1327 //#define INVERT_I_DIR false
1328 //#define INVERT_J_DIR false
1329 //#define INVERT_K_DIR false
1330
1331 // @section extruder
1332
1333 // For direct drive extruder v9 set to true, for geared extruder set to
false.
1334 #define INVERT_E0_DIR true
1335 #define INVERT_E1_DIR false
1336 #define INVERT_E2_DIR false
1337 #define INVERT_E3_DIR false
1338 #define INVERT_E4_DIR false
1339 #define INVERT_E5_DIR false
1340 #define INVERT_E6_DIR false
1341 #define INVERT_E7_DIR false
1342
1343 // @section homing
1344
1345 //#define NO_MOTION_BEFORE_HOMING // Inhibit movement until all axes have
been homed. Also enable HOME_AFTER_DEACTIVATE for extra safety.
1346 //#define HOME_AFTER_DEACTIVATE // Require rehoming after steppers are
deactivated. Also enable NO_MOTION_BEFORE_HOMING for extra safety.
1347
1348 /**
1349  * Set Z_IDLE_HEIGHT if the Z-Axis moves on its own when steppers are
disabled.
1350  * - Use a low value (i.e., Z_MIN_POS) if the nozzle falls down to the bed.
1351  * - Use a large value (i.e., Z_MAX_POS) if the bed falls down, away from
the nozzle.
1352  */

```



```

1353 // #define Z_IDLE_HEIGHT Z_HOME_POS
1354
1355 // #define Z_HOMING_HEIGHT 4 // (mm) Minimal Z height before homing
1356 // (G28) for Z clearance above the bed, clamps, ...
1357 // Be sure to have this much clearance
1358 // over your Z_MAX_POS to prevent grinding.
1359
1360 // #define Z_AFTER_HOMING 10 // (mm) Height to move to after homing Z
1361
1362 // Direction of endstops when homing; 1=MAX, -1=MIN
1363 // : [-1,1]
1364 #define X_HOME_DIR 1
1365 #define Y_HOME_DIR 1
1366 #define Z_HOME_DIR -1
1367 // #define I_HOME_DIR -1
1368 // #define J_HOME_DIR -1
1369 // #define K_HOME_DIR -1
1370
1371 // @section machine
1372
1373 // The size of the printable area
1374 #define X_BED_SIZE 230
1375 #define Y_BED_SIZE 225
1376
1377 // Travel limits (mm) after homing, corresponding to endstop positions.
1378 #define X_MIN_POS 0
1379 #define Y_MIN_POS 0
1380 #define Z_MIN_POS 0
1381 #define X_MAX_POS X_BED_SIZE
1382 #define Y_MAX_POS Y_BED_SIZE
1383 #define Z_MAX_POS 300
1384 // #define I_MIN_POS 0
1385 // #define I_MAX_POS 50
1386 // #define J_MIN_POS 0
1387 // #define J_MAX_POS 50
1388 // #define K_MIN_POS 0
1389 // #define K_MAX_POS 50
1390
1391 /**
1392  * Software Endstops
1393  *
1394  * - Prevent moves outside the set machine bounds.
1395  * - Individual axes can be disabled, if desired.
1396  * - X and Y only apply to Cartesian robots.
1397  * - Use 'M211' to set software endstops on/off or report current state
1398  */
1399
1400 // Min software endstops constrain movement within minimum coordinate bounds
1401 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS
1402 #if ENABLED(MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS)
1403 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_X
1404 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_Y
1405 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_Z
1406 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_I
1407 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_J
1408 #define MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_K
1409 #endif
1410
1411 // Max software endstops constrain movement within maximum coordinate bounds

```



```

1409 // Max software endstops constrain movement within maximum coordinate bounds
1410 #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS
1411 #if ENABLED(MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS)
1412     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_X
1413     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_Y
1414     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_Z
1415     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_I
1416     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_J
1417     #define MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOP_K
1418 #endif
1419
1420 #if EITHER(MIN_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS, MAX_SOFTWARE_ENDSTOPS)
1421     // #define SOFT_ENDSTOPS_MENU_ITEM // Enable/Disable software endstops
1422     from the LCD
1423 #endif
1424
1425 /**
1426  * Filament Runout Sensors
1427  * Mechanical or opto endstops are used to check for the presence of
1428  * filament.
1429  *
1430  * IMPORTANT: Runout will only trigger if Marlin is aware that a print job
1431  * is running.
1432  * Marlin knows a print job is running when:
1433  * 1. Running a print job from media started with M24.
1434  * 2. The Print Job Timer has been started with M75.
1435  * 3. The heaters were turned on and PRINTJOB_TIMER_AUTOSTART is enabled.
1436  *
1437  * RAMPS-based boards use SERV03_PIN for the first runout sensor.
1438  * For other boards you may need to define FIL_RUNOUT_PIN, FIL_RUNOUT2_PIN,
1439  * etc.
1440  */
1441 // #define FILAMENT_RUNOUT_SENSOR
1442 #if ENABLED(FILAMENT_RUNOUT_SENSOR)
1443     #define FIL_RUNOUT_ENABLED_DEFAULT true // Enable the sensor on startup.
1444     Override with M412 followed by M500.
1445     #define NUM_RUNOUT_SENSORS 1 // Number of sensors, up to one
1446     per extruder. Define a FIL_RUNOUT#_PIN for each.
1447
1448     #define FIL_RUNOUT_STATE LOW // Pin state indicating that
1449     filament is NOT present.
1450     #define FIL_RUNOUT_PULLUP // Use internal pullup for
1451     filament runout pins.
1452     // #define FIL_RUNOUT_PULLDOWN // Use internal pulldown for
1453     filament runout pins.
1454     // #define WATCH_ALL_RUNOUT_SENSORS // Execute runout script on any
1455     triggering sensor, not only for the active extruder.
1456     // This is automatically enabled
1457     for MIXING_EXTRUDERS.
1458
1459     // Override individually if the runout sensors vary
1460     // #define FIL_RUNOUT1_STATE LOW
1461     // #define FIL_RUNOUT1_PULLUP
1462     // #define FIL_RUNOUT1_PULLDOWN
1463
1464     // #define FIL_RUNOUT2_STATE LOW
1465     // #define FIL_RUNOUT2_PULLUP
1466     // #define FIL_RUNOUT2_PULLDOWN

```

```

1457 // #define FIL_RUNOUT3_STATE LOW
1458 // #define FIL_RUNOUT3_PULLUP
1459 // #define FIL_RUNOUT3_PULLDOWN
1460
1461 // #define FIL_RUNOUT4_STATE LOW
1462 // #define FIL_RUNOUT4_PULLUP
1463 // #define FIL_RUNOUT4_PULLDOWN
1464
1465 // #define FIL_RUNOUT5_STATE LOW
1466 // #define FIL_RUNOUT5_PULLUP
1467 // #define FIL_RUNOUT5_PULLDOWN
1468
1469 // #define FIL_RUNOUT6_STATE LOW
1470 // #define FIL_RUNOUT6_PULLUP
1471 // #define FIL_RUNOUT6_PULLDOWN
1472
1473 // #define FIL_RUNOUT7_STATE LOW
1474 // #define FIL_RUNOUT7_PULLUP
1475 // #define FIL_RUNOUT7_PULLDOWN
1476
1477 // #define FIL_RUNOUT8_STATE LOW
1478 // #define FIL_RUNOUT8_PULLUP
1479 // #define FIL_RUNOUT8_PULLDOWN
1480
1481 // Commands to execute on filament runout.
1482 // With multiple runout sensors use the %c placeholder for the current
tool in commands (e.g., "M600 T%c")
1483 // NOTE: After 'M412 H1' the host handles filament runout and this script
does not apply.
1484 #define FILAMENT_RUNOUT_SCRIPT "M600"
1485
1486 // After a runout is detected, continue printing this length of filament
1487 // before executing the runout script. Useful for a sensor at the end of
1488 // a feed tube. Requires 4 bytes SRAM per sensor, plus 4 bytes overhead.
1489 // #define FILAMENT_RUNOUT_DISTANCE_MM 25
1490
1491 #ifdef FILAMENT_RUNOUT_DISTANCE_MM
1492 // Enable this option to use an encoder disc that toggles the runout pin
1493 // as the filament moves. (Be sure to set FILAMENT_RUNOUT_DISTANCE_MM
1494 // large enough to avoid false positives.)
1495 // #define FILAMENT_MOTION_SENSOR
1496 #endif
1497 #endif
1498
1499 //=====
=
1500 //===== Bed Leveling
=====
1501 //=====
=
1502 // @section calibrate
1503
1504 /**
1505 * Choose one of the options below to enable G29 Bed Leveling. The
parameters
1506 * and behavior of G29 will change depending on your selection.
1507 *
1508 * If using a Probe for Z Homing, enable Z_SAFE_HOMING also!
1509 ..

```

```

1509 *
1510 * - AUTO_BED_LEVELING_3POINT
1511 *   Probe 3 arbitrary points on the bed (that aren't collinear)
1512 *   You specify the XY coordinates of all 3 points.
1513 *   The result is a single tilted plane. Best for a flat bed.
1514 *
1515 * - AUTO_BED_LEVELING_LINEAR
1516 *   Probe several points in a grid.
1517 *   You specify the rectangle and the density of sample points.
1518 *   The result is a single tilted plane. Best for a flat bed.
1519 *
1520 * - AUTO_BED_LEVELING_BILINEAR
1521 *   Probe several points in a grid.
1522 *   You specify the rectangle and the density of sample points.
1523 *   The result is a mesh, best for large or uneven beds.
1524 *
1525 * - AUTO_BED_LEVELING_UBL (Unified Bed Leveling)
1526 *   A comprehensive bed leveling system combining the features and benefits
1527 *   of other systems. UBL also includes integrated Mesh Generation, Mesh
1528 *   Validation and Mesh Editing systems.
1529 *
1530 * - MESH_BED_LEVELING
1531 *   Probe a grid manually
1532 *   The result is a mesh, suitable for large or uneven beds. (See
1533 BILINEAR.)
1534 *   For machines without a probe, Mesh Bed Leveling provides a method to
1535 *   perform
1536 *   leveling in steps so you can manually adjust the Z height at each grid-
1537 *   point.
1538 *   With an LCD controller the process is guided step-by-step.
1539 */
1540 // #define AUTO_BED_LEVELING_3POINT
1541 // #define AUTO_BED_LEVELING_LINEAR
1542 // #define AUTO_BED_LEVELING_BILINEAR
1543 // #define AUTO_BED_LEVELING_UBL
1544 #define MESH_BED_LEVELING
1545
1546 /**
1547 * Normally G28 leaves leveling disabled on completion. Enable one of
1548 * these options to restore the prior leveling state or to always enable
1549 * leveling immediately after G28.
1550 */
1551 // #define RESTORE_LEVELING_AFTER_G28
1552 // #define ENABLE_LEVELING_AFTER_G28
1553
1554 /**
1555 * Auto-leveling needs preheating
1556 */
1557 // #define PREHEAT_BEFORE_LEVELING
1558 #if ENABLED(PREHEAT_BEFORE_LEVELING)
1559   #define LEVELING_NOZZLE_TEMP 120 // (°C) Only applies to E0 at this time
1560   #define LEVELING_BED_TEMP 50
1561 #endif
1562
1563 /**
1564 * Enable detailed logging of G28, G29, M48, etc.
1565 * Turn on with the command 'M111 S32'.
1566 * NOTE: Requires a lot of PROGMEM!
1567 */

```

```

1565 // #define DEBUG_LEVELING_FEATURE
1566
1567 #if ANY(MESH_BED_LEVELING, AUTO_BED_LEVELING_UBL, PROBE_MANUALLY)
1568     // Set a height for the start of manual adjustment
1569     #define MANUAL_PROBE_START_Z 1 // (mm) Comment out to use the last-
measured height
1570 #endif
1571
1572 #if ANY(MESH_BED_LEVELING, AUTO_BED_LEVELING_BILINEAR,
AUTO_BED_LEVELING_UBL)
1573     // Gradually reduce leveling correction until a set height is reached,
1574     // at which point movement will be level to the machine's XY plane.
1575     // The height can be set with M420 Z<height>
1576     #define ENABLE_LEVELING_FADE_HEIGHT
1577     #if ENABLED(ENABLE_LEVELING_FADE_HEIGHT)
1578         #define DEFAULT_LEVELING_FADE_HEIGHT 10.0 // (mm) Default fade height.
1579     #endif
1580
1581     // For Cartesian machines, instead of dividing moves on mesh boundaries,
1582     // split up moves into short segments like a Delta. This follows the
1583     // contours of the bed more closely than edge-to-edge straight moves.
1584     #define SEGMENT_LEVELED_MOVES
1585     #define LEVELED_SEGMENT_LENGTH 5.0 // (mm) Length of all segments (except
the last one)
1586
1587     /**
1588      * Enable the G26 Mesh Validation Pattern tool.
1589      */
1590     // #define G26_MESH_VALIDATION
1591     #if ENABLED(G26_MESH_VALIDATION)
1592         #define MESH_TEST_NOZZLE_SIZE 0.4 // (mm) Diameter of primary
nozzle.
1593         #define MESH_TEST_LAYER_HEIGHT 0.2 // (mm) Default layer height for
G26.
1594         #define MESH_TEST_HOTEND_TEMP 205 // (°C) Default nozzle temperature
for G26.
1595         #define MESH_TEST_BED_TEMP 60 // (°C) Default bed temperature
for G26.
1596         #define G26_XY_FEEDRATE 20 // (mm/s) Feedrate for G26 XY
moves.
1597         #define G26_XY_FEEDRATE_TRAVEL 100 // (mm/s) Feedrate for G26 XY
travel moves.
1598         #define G26_RETRACT_MULTIPLIER 1.0 // G26 Q (retraction) used by
default between mesh test elements.
1599     #endif
1600
1601 #endif
1602
1603 #if EITHER(AUTO_BED_LEVELING_LINEAR, AUTO_BED_LEVELING_BILINEAR)
1604
1605     // Set the number of grid points per dimension.
1606     #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_X 3
1607     #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_Y GRID_MAX_POINTS_X
1608
1609     // Probe along the Y axis, advancing X after each column
1610     // #define PROBE_Y_FIRST
1611
1612     #if ENABLED(AUTO_BED_LEVELING_BILINEAR)

```

```

1013
1614 // Beyond the probed grid, continue the implied tilt?
1615 // Default is to maintain the height of the nearest edge.
1616 // #define EXTRAPOLATE_BEYOND_GRID
1617
1618 //
1619 // Experimental Subdivision of the grid by Catmull-Rom method.
1620 // Synthesizes intermediate points to produce a more detailed mesh.
1621 //
1622 // #define ABL_BILINEAR_SUBDIVISION
1623 #if ENABLED(ABL_BILINEAR_SUBDIVISION)
1624 // Number of subdivisions between probe points
1625 #define BILINEAR_SUBDIVISIONS 3
1626 #endif
1627
1628 #endif
1629
1630 #elif ENABLED(AUTO_BED_LEVELING_UBL)
1631
1632 //=====
1633 //===== Unified Bed Leveling
1634 //=====
1635
1636 // #define MESH_EDIT_GFX_OVERLAY // Display a graphics overlay while
1637 // editing the mesh
1638 #define MESH_INSET 1 // Set Mesh bounds as an inset region of
1639 // the bed
1640 #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_X 10 // Don't use more than 15 points per
1641 // axis, implementation limited.
1642 #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_Y GRID_MAX_POINTS_X
1643
1644 // #define UBL_HILBERT_CURVE // Use Hilbert distribution for less
1645 // travel when probing multiple points
1646
1647 #define UBL_MESH_EDIT_MOVES_Z // Sophisticated users prefer no
1648 // movement of nozzle
1649 #define UBL_SAVE_ACTIVE_ON_M500 // Save the currently active mesh in the
1650 // current slot on M500
1651
1652 // #define UBL_Z_RAISE_WHEN_OFF_MESH 2.5 // When the nozzle is off the
1653 // mesh, this value is used
1654 // as the Z-Height correction
1655 // value.
1656
1657 // #define UBL_MESH_WIZARD // Run several commands in a row to get
1658 // a complete mesh
1659
1660 #elif ENABLED(MESH_BED_LEVELING)
1661
1662 //=====
1663 //===== Mesh
1664 //=====
1665
1666 //=====

```

```

1657
1658 #define MESH_INSET 20 // Set Mesh bounds as an inset region of
the bed
1659 #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_X 3 // Don't use more than 7 points per axis,
implementation limited.
1660 #define GRID_MAX_POINTS_Y GRID_MAX_POINTS_X
1661
1662 // #define MESH_G28_REST_ORIGIN // After homing all axes ('G28' or 'G28
XYZ') rest Z at Z_MIN_POS
1663
1664 #endif // BED_LEVELING
1665
1666 /**
1667  * Add a bed leveling sub-menu for ABL or MBL.
1668  * Include a guided procedure if manual probing is enabled.
1669  */
1670 #define LCD_BED_LEVELING
1671
1672 #if ENABLED(LCD_BED_LEVELING)
1673 #define MESH_EDIT_Z_STEP 0.025 // (mm) Step size while manually probing Z
axis.
1674 #define LCD_PROBE_Z_RANGE 4 // (mm) Z Range centered on Z_MIN_POS for
LCD Z adjustment
1675 #define MESH_EDIT_MENU // Add a menu to edit mesh points
1676 #endif
1677
1678 // Add a menu item to move between bed corners for manual bed adjustment
1679 #define LEVEL_BED_CORNERS
1680
1681 #if ENABLED(LEVEL_BED_CORNERS)
1682 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_INSET_LFRB { 30, 30, 30, 30 } // (mm) Left, Front,
Right, Back insets
1683 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_HEIGHT 0.0 // (mm) Z height of nozzle at
leveling points
1684 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_Z_HOP 4.0 // (mm) Z height of nozzle between
leveling points
1685 // #define LEVEL_CENTER_T00 // Move to the center after the
last corner
1686 // #define LEVEL_CORNERS_USE_PROBE
1687 #if ENABLED(LEVEL_CORNERS_USE_PROBE)
1688 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_PROBE_TOLERANCE 0.1
1689 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_VERIFY_RAISED // After adjustment triggers the
probe, re-probe to verify
1690 // #define LEVEL_CORNERS_AUDIO_FEEDBACK
1691 #endif
1692
1693 /**
1694  * Corner Leveling Order
1695  *
1696  * Set 2 or 4 points. When 2 points are given, the 3rd is the center of
the opposite edge.
1697  *
1698  * LF Left-Front RF Right-Front
1699  * LB Left-Back RB Right-Back
1700  *
1701  * Examples:
1702  *
1703  * Default {LF,RB,LB,RF} {LF,RF} {LB,LF}

```

```

1704 *   LB ----- RB   LB ----- RB   LB ----- RB   LB ----- RB
1705 *   | 4       3   |   | 3       2   |   |   <3>   |   | 1       |
1706 *   |             |   |             |   |             |   |             |
1707 *   | 1       2   |   | 1       4   |   | 1       2   |   | 2       |
1708 *   LF ----- RF   LF ----- RF   LF ----- RF   LF ----- RF
1709 */
1710 #define LEVEL_CORNERS_LEVELING_ORDER { LF, RF, RB, LB }
1711 #endif
1712
1713 /**
1714  * Commands to execute at the end of G29 probing.
1715  * Useful to retract or move the Z probe out of the way.
1716  */
1717 // #define Z_PROBE_END_SCRIPT "G1 Z10 F12000\nG1 X15 Y330\nG1 Z0.5\nG1 Z10"
1718
1719 // @section homing
1720
1721 // The center of the bed is at (X=0, Y=0)
1722 // #define BED_CENTER_AT_0_0
1723
1724 // Manually set the home position. Leave these undefined for automatic
1725 // settings.
1726 // For DELTA this is the top-center of the Cartesian print volume.
1727 // #define MANUAL_X_HOME_POS 0
1728 // #define MANUAL_Y_HOME_POS 0
1729 // #define MANUAL_Z_HOME_POS 0
1730 // #define MANUAL_I_HOME_POS 0
1731 // #define MANUAL_J_HOME_POS 0
1732 // #define MANUAL_K_HOME_POS 0
1733
1734 /**
1735  * Use "Z Safe Homing" to avoid homing with a Z probe outside the bed area.
1736  *
1737  * - Moves the Z probe (or nozzle) to a defined XY point before Z homing.
1738  * - Allows Z homing only when XY positions are known and trusted.
1739  * - If stepper drivers sleep, XY homing may be required again before Z
1740  * homing.
1741  */
1742 // #define Z_SAFE_HOMING
1743
1744 #if ENABLED(Z_SAFE_HOMING)
1745   #define Z_SAFE_HOMING_X_POINT X_CENTER // X point for Z homing
1746   #define Z_SAFE_HOMING_Y_POINT Y_CENTER // Y point for Z homing
1747 #endif
1748
1749 // Homing speeds (mm/min)
1750 #define HOMING_FEEDRATE_MM_M { (50*60), (50*60), (4*60) }
1751
1752 // Validate that endstops are triggered on homing moves
1753 #define VALIDATE_HOMING_ENDSTOPS
1754
1755 // @section calibrate
1756
1757 /**
1758  * Bed Skew Compensation
1759  *
1760  * This feature corrects for misalignment in the XYZ axes.
1761  *
1762  * Take the following steps to get the bed skew in the XY plane:

```



```

1761 * 1. Print a test square (e.g., https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:2563185)
1762 * 2. For XY_DIAG_AC measure the diagonal A to C
1763 * 3. For XY_DIAG_BD measure the diagonal B to D
1764 * 4. For XY_SIDE_AD measure the edge A to D
1765 *
1766 * Marlin automatically computes skew factors from these measurements.
1767 * Skew factors may also be computed and set manually:
1768 *
1769 * - Compute AB      : SQRT(2*AC*AC+2*BD*BD-4*AD*AD)/2
1770 * - XY_SKEW_FACTOR : TAN(PI/2-ACOS((AC*AC-AB*AB-AD*AD)/(2*AB*AD)))
1771 *
1772 * If desired, follow the same procedure for XZ and YZ.
1773 * Use these diagrams for reference:
1774 *
1775 *      Y      Z      Z
1776 *      ^      ^      ^
1777 *      |      |      |
1778 *      |      |      |
1779 *      |      |      |
1780 *      +----->X   +----->X   +----->Y
1781 *      XY_SKEW_FACTOR   XZ_SKEW_FACTOR   YZ_SKEW_FACTOR
1782 */
1783 // #define SKEW_CORRECTION
1784
1785 #if ENABLED(SKEW_CORRECTION)
1786   // Input all length measurements here:
1787   #define XY_DIAG_AC 282.8427124746
1788   #define XY_DIAG_BD 282.8427124746
1789   #define XY_SIDE_AD 200
1790
1791   // Or, set the default skew factors directly here
1792   // to override the above measurements:
1793   #define XY_SKEW_FACTOR 0.0
1794
1795   // #define SKEW_CORRECTION_FOR_Z
1796   #if ENABLED(SKEW_CORRECTION_FOR_Z)
1797     #define XZ_DIAG_AC 282.8427124746
1798     #define XZ_DIAG_BD 282.8427124746
1799     #define YZ_DIAG_AC 282.8427124746
1800     #define YZ_DIAG_BD 282.8427124746
1801     #define YZ_SIDE_AD 200
1802     #define XZ_SKEW_FACTOR 0.0
1803     #define YZ_SKEW_FACTOR 0.0
1804   #endif
1805
1806   // Enable this option for M852 to set skew at runtime
1807   // #define SKEW_CORRECTION_GCODE
1808 #endif
1809
1810 //=====
1811 //===== Additional Features
1812 //=====
1813
1814 // @section extras
1815
1816 .

```

```

1816 /**
1817  * EEPROM
1818  *
1819  * Persistent storage to preserve configurable settings across reboots.
1820  *
1821  * M500 - Store settings to EEPROM.
1822  * M501 - Read settings from EEPROM. (i.e., Throw away unsaved changes)
1823  * M502 - Revert settings to "factory" defaults. (Follow with M500 to init
the EEPROM.)
1824 */
1825 #define EEPROM_SETTINGS // Persistent storage with M500 and M501
1826 // #define DISABLE_M503 // Saves ~2700 bytes of PROGMEM. Disable for
release!
1827 #define EEPROM_CHITCHAT // Give feedback on EEPROM commands. Disable
to save PROGMEM.
1828 #define EEPROM_BOOT_SILENT // Keep M503 quiet and only give errors during
first load
1829 #if ENABLED(EEPROM_SETTINGS)
1830 #define EEPROM_AUTO_INIT // Init EEPROM automatically on any errors.
1831 #endif
1832
1833 //
1834 // Host Keepalive
1835 //
1836 // When enabled Marlin will send a busy status message to the host
1837 // every couple of seconds when it can't accept commands.
1838 //
1839 #define HOST_KEEPA_LIVE_FEATURE // Disable this if your host doesn't
like keepalive messages
1840 #define DEFAULT_KEEPA_LIVE_INTERVAL 2 // Number of seconds between "busy"
messages. Set with M113.
1841 #define BUSY_WHILE_HEATING // Some hosts require "busy" messages
even during heating
1842
1843 //
1844 // G20/G21 Inch mode support
1845 //
1846 // #define INCH_MODE_SUPPORT
1847
1848 //
1849 // M149 Set temperature units support
1850 //
1851 // #define TEMPERATURE_UNITS_SUPPORT
1852
1853 // @section temperature
1854
1855 //
1856 // Preheat Constants - Up to 5 are supported without changes
1857 //
1858 #define PREHEAT_1_LABEL "PLA"
1859 #define PREHEAT_1_TEMP_HOTEND 180
1860 #define PREHEAT_1_TEMP_BED 70
1861 #define PREHEAT_1_TEMP_CHAMBER 45
1862 #define PREHEAT_1_FAN_SPEED 0 // Value from 0 to 255
1863
1864 #define PREHEAT_2_LABEL "ABS"
1865 #define PREHEAT_2_TEMP_HOTEND 240
1866 #define PREHEAT_2_TEMP_BED 110
1867 #define PREHEAT_2_TEMP_CHAMBER 50

```

```

1868 #define PREHEAT_2_FAN_SPEED      0 // Value from 0 to 255
1869
1870 #define PREHEAT_3_LABEL           "HDPE"
1871 #define PREHEAT_3_TEMP_HOTEND    250
1872 #define PREHEAT_3_TEMP_BED       110
1873 #define PREHEAT_3_TEMP_CHAMBER   70
1874 #define PREHEAT_3_FAN_SPEED      0 // Value from 0 to 255
1875
1876 /**
1877  * Nozzle Park
1878  *
1879  * Park the nozzle at the given XYZ position on idle or G27.
1880  *
1881  * The "P" parameter controls the action applied to the Z axis:
1882  *
1883  *   P0 (Default) If Z is below park Z raise the nozzle.
1884  *   P1 Raise the nozzle always to Z-park height.
1885  *   P2 Raise the nozzle by Z-park amount, limited to Z_MAX_POS.
1886  */
1887 // #define NOZZLE_PARK_FEATURE
1888
1889 #if ENABLED(NOZZLE_PARK_FEATURE)
1890   // Specify a park position as { X, Y, Z_raise }
1891   #define NOZZLE_PARK_POINT { (X_MIN_POS + 10), (Y_MAX_POS - 10), 20 }
1892   // #define NOZZLE_PARK_X_ONLY          // X move only is required to park
1893   // #define NOZZLE_PARK_Y_ONLY          // Y move only is required to park
1894   #define NOZZLE_PARK_Z_RAISE_MIN      2 // (mm) Always raise Z by at least
this distance
1895   #define NOZZLE_PARK_XY_FEEDRATE 100 // (mm/s) X and Y axes feedrate
(also used for delta Z axis)
1896   #define NOZZLE_PARK_Z_FEEDRATE      5 // (mm/s) Z axis feedrate (not used
for delta printers)
1897 #endif
1898
1899 /**
1900  * Clean Nozzle Feature -- EXPERIMENTAL
1901  *
1902  * Adds the G12 command to perform a nozzle cleaning process.
1903  *
1904  * Parameters:
1905  *   P Pattern
1906  *   S Strokes / Repetitions
1907  *   T Triangles (P1 only)
1908  *
1909  * Patterns:
1910  *   P0 Straight line (default). This process requires a sponge type
material
1911  *       at a fixed bed location. "S" specifies strokes (i.e. back-forth
motions)
1912  *       between the start / end points.
1913  *
1914  *   P1 Zig-zag pattern between (X0, Y0) and (X1, Y1), "T" specifies the
1915  *       number of zig-zag triangles to do. "S" defines the number of
strokes.
1916  *       Zig-zags are done in whichever is the narrower dimension.
1917  *       For example, "G12 P1 S1 T3" will execute:
1918  *
1919  *       --

```

```

1920 *
1921 *
1922 *
1923 *
1924 *
1925 *
1926 *
1927 *
1928 *
1929 * P2 Circular pattern with middle at NOZZLE_CLEAN_CIRCLE_MIDDLE.
1930 * "R" specifies the radius. "S" specifies the stroke count.
1931 * Before starting, the nozzle moves to NOZZLE_CLEAN_START_POINT.
1932 *
1933 * Caveats: The ending Z should be the same as starting Z.
1934 * Attention: EXPERIMENTAL. G-code arguments may change.
1935 */
1936 // #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_FEATURE
1937
1938 #if ENABLED(NOZZLE_CLEAN_FEATURE)
1939 // Default number of pattern repetitions
1940 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_STROKES 12
1941
1942 // Default number of triangles
1943 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_TRIANGLES 3
1944
1945 // Specify positions for each tool as { { X, Y, Z }, { X, Y, Z } }
1946 // Dual hotend system may use { { -20, (Y_BED_SIZE / 2), (Z_MIN_POS + 1)
1947 }, { 420, (Y_BED_SIZE / 2), (Z_MIN_POS + 1) } }
1948 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_START_POINT { { 30, 30, (Z_MIN_POS + 1) } }
1949 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_END_POINT { { 100, 60, (Z_MIN_POS + 1) } }
1950
1951 // Circular pattern radius
1952 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_CIRCLE_RADIUS 6.5
1953 // Circular pattern circle fragments number
1954 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_CIRCLE_FN 10
1955 // Middle point of circle
1956 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_CIRCLE_MIDDLE NOZZLE_CLEAN_START_POINT
1957
1958 // Move the nozzle to the initial position after cleaning
1959 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_GOBACK
1960
1961 // For a purge/clean station that's always at the gantry height (thus no Z
1962 move)
1963 // #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_NO_Z
1964
1965 // For a purge/clean station mounted on the X axis
1966 // #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_NO_Y
1967
1968 // Require a minimum hotend temperature for cleaning
1969 #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_MIN_TEMP 170
1970 // #define NOZZLE_CLEAN_HEATUP // Heat up the nozzle instead of
1971 skipping wipe
1972
1973 // Explicit wipe G-code script applies to a G12 with no arguments.
1974 // #define WIPE_SEQUENCE_COMMANDS "G1 X-17 Y25 Z10 F4000\nG1 Z1\nM114\nG1
1975 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-17 Y95\nG1 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-17 Y95\nG1 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-17
1976 Y95\nG1 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-17 Y95\nG1 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-17 Y95\nG1 X-17 Y25\nG1 X-
1977 17 Y95\nG1 Z15\nM400\nG0 X-10.0 Y-9.0"

```

```

1973 #endif
1974
1975 /**
1976  * Print Job Timer
1977  *
1978  * Automatically start and stop the print job timer on
1979  M104/M109/M140/M190/M141/M191.
1980  * The print job timer will only be stopped if the bed/chamber target temp
1981  is
1982  * below BED_MINTTEMP/CHAMBER_MINTTEMP.
1983  *
1984  * M104 (hotend, no wait) - high temp = none,          low temp = stop
1985  timer
1986  * M109 (hotend, wait)    - high temp = start timer, low temp = stop
1987  timer
1988  * M140 (bed, no wait)    - high temp = none,          low temp = stop
1989  timer
1990  * M190 (bed, wait)      - high temp = start timer, low temp = none
1991  * M141 (chamber, no wait) - high temp = none,          low temp = stop
1992  timer
1993  * M191 (chamber, wait)   - high temp = start timer, low temp = none
1994  *
1995  * For M104/M109, high temp is anything over EXTRUDE_MINTTEMP / 2.
1996  * For M140/M190, high temp is anything over BED_MINTTEMP.
1997  * For M141/M191, high temp is anything over CHAMBER_MINTTEMP.
1998  *
1999  * The timer can also be controlled with the following commands:
2000  *
2001  * M75 - Start the print job timer
2002  * M76 - Pause the print job timer
2003  * M77 - Stop the print job timer
2004  */
2005 #define PRINTJOB_TIMER_AUTOSTART
2006
2007 /**
2008  * Print Counter
2009  *
2010  * Track statistical data such as:
2011  *
2012  * - Total print jobs
2013  * - Total successful print jobs
2014  * - Total failed print jobs
2015  * - Total time printing
2016  *
2017  * View the current statistics with M78.
2018  */
2019 //#define PRINTCOUNTER
2020 #if ENABLED(PRINTCOUNTER)
2021   #define PRINTCOUNTER_SAVE_INTERVAL 60 // (minutes) EEPROM save interval
2022   during print
2023 #endif
2024
2025 /**
2026  * Password
2027  *
2028  * Set a numerical password for the printer which can be requested:
2029  *
2030  * - When the printer boots up

```

```

2024 * - Upon opening the 'Print from Media' Menu
2025 * - When SD printing is completed or aborted
2026 *
2027 * The following G-codes can be used:
2028 *
2029 * M510 - Lock Printer. Blocks all commands except M511.
2030 * M511 - Unlock Printer.
2031 * M512 - Set, Change and Remove Password.
2032 *
2033 * If you forget the password and get locked out you'll need to re-flash
2034 * the firmware with the feature disabled, reset EEPROM, and (optionally)
2035 * re-flash the firmware again with this feature enabled.
2036 */
2037 // #define PASSWORD_FEATURE
2038 #if ENABLED(PASSWORD_FEATURE)
2039     #define PASSWORD_LENGTH 4 // (#) Number of digits (1-9). 3
2040     or 4 is recommended
2041     #define PASSWORD_ON_STARTUP
2042     #define PASSWORD_UNLOCK_GCODE // Unlock with the M511
2043     P<password> command. Disable to prevent brute-force attack.
2044     #define PASSWORD_CHANGE_GCODE // Change the password with M512
2045     P<old> S<new>.
2046     // #define PASSWORD_ON_SD_PRINT_MENU // This does not prevent gcodes
2047     from running
2048     // #define PASSWORD_AFTER_SD_PRINT_END
2049     // #define PASSWORD_AFTER_SD_PRINT_ABORT
2050     // #include "Configuration_Secure.h" // External file with
2051     PASSWORD_DEFAULT_VALUE
2052 #endif
2053 // =====
2054 // ===== LCD and SD support
2055 // =====
2056 // =====
2057 // @section lcd
2058 /**
2059 * LCD LANGUAGE
2060 *
2061 * Select the language to display on the LCD. These languages are available:
2062 *
2063 * en, an, bg, ca, cz, da, de, el, el_CY, es, eu, fi, fr, gl, hr, hu, it,
2064 * jp_kana, ko_KR, nl, pl, pt, pt_br, ro, ru, sk, sv, tr, uk, vi, zh_CN,
2065 * zh_TW
2066 *
2067 * :{ 'en':'English', 'an':'Aragonese', 'bg':'Bulgarian', 'ca':'Catalan',
2068 * 'cz':'Czech', 'da':'Danish', 'de':'German', 'el':'Greek (Greece)',
2069 * 'el_CY':'Greek (Cyprus)', 'es':'Spanish', 'eu':'Basque-Euskera',
2070 * 'fi':'Finnish', 'fr':'French', 'gl':'Galician', 'hr':'Croatian',
2071 * 'hu':'Hungarian', 'it':'Italian', 'jp_kana':'Japanese', 'ko_KR':'Korean
2072 * (South Korea)', 'nl':'Dutch', 'pl':'Polish', 'pt':'Portuguese',
2073 * 'pt_br':'Portuguese (Brazilian)', 'ro':'Romanian', 'ru':'Russian',
2074 * 'sk':'Slovak', 'sv':'Swedish', 'tr':'Turkish', 'uk':'Ukrainian',
2075 * 'vi':'Vietnamese', 'zh_CN':'Chinese (Simplified)', 'zh_TW':'Chinese
2076 * (Traditional)' }
2077 */

```

```

2065 #define LCD_LANGUAGE en
2066
2067 /**
2068  * LCD Character Set
2069  *
2070  * Note: This option is NOT applicable to Graphical Displays.
2071  *
2072  * All character-based LCDs provide ASCII plus one of these
2073  * language extensions:
2074  *
2075  * - JAPANESE ... the most common
2076  * - WESTERN ... with more accented characters
2077  * - CYRILLIC ... for the Russian language
2078  *
2079  * To determine the language extension installed on your controller:
2080  *
2081  * - Compile and upload with LCD_LANGUAGE set to 'test'
2082  * - Click the controller to view the LCD menu
2083  * - The LCD will display Japanese, Western, or Cyrillic text
2084  *
2085  * See https://marlinfw.org/docs/development/lcd\_language.html
2086  *
2087  * :['JAPANESE', 'WESTERN', 'CYRILLIC']
2088  */
2089 #define DISPLAY_CHARSET_HD44780 WESTERN
2090
2091 /**
2092  * Info Screen Style (0:Classic, 1:Průša)
2093  *
2094  * :[0:'Classic', 1:'Průša']
2095  */
2096 #define LCD_INFO_SCREEN_STYLE 0
2097
2098 /**
2099  * SD CARD
2100  *
2101  * SD Card support is disabled by default. If your controller has an SD
2102  * slot,
2103  * you must uncomment the following option or it won't work.
2104  */
2105 #define SDSUPPORT
2106 // #define SD_CONNECTION_IS_ONBOARD
2107
2108 /**
2109  * SD CARD: ENABLE CRC
2110  *
2111  * Use CRC checks and retries on the SD communication.
2112  */
2113 // #define SD_CHECK_AND_RETRY
2114
2115 /**
2116  * LCD Menu Items
2117  *
2118  * Disable all menus and only display the Status Screen, or
2119  * just remove some extraneous menu items to recover space.
2120  */
2121 // #define NO_LCD_MENUS
2122 // #define SLIM_LCD_MENUS

```



```

2122 //
2123 //
2124 // ENCODER SETTINGS
2125 //
2126 // This option overrides the default number of encoder pulses needed to
2127 // produce one step. Should be increased for high-resolution encoders.
2128 //
2129 // #define ENCODER_PULSES_PER_STEP 4
2130 //
2131 //
2132 // Use this option to override the number of step signals required to
2133 // move between next/prev menu items.
2134 //
2135 // #define ENCODER_STEPS_PER_MENU_ITEM 1
2136 //
2137 /**
2138  * Encoder Direction Options
2139  *
2140  * Test your encoder's behavior first with both options disabled.
2141  *
2142  * Reversed Value Edit and Menu Nav? Enable REVERSE_ENCODER_DIRECTION.
2143  * Reversed Menu Navigation only? Enable REVERSE_MENU_DIRECTION.
2144  * Reversed Value Editing only? Enable BOTH options.
2145  */
2146 //
2147 //
2148 // This option reverses the encoder direction everywhere.
2149 //
2150 // Set this option if CLOCKWISE causes values to DECREASE
2151 //
2152 // #define REVERSE_ENCODER_DIRECTION
2153 //
2154 //
2155 // This option reverses the encoder direction for navigating LCD menus.
2156 //
2157 // If CLOCKWISE normally moves DOWN this makes it go UP.
2158 // If CLOCKWISE normally moves UP this makes it go DOWN.
2159 //
2160 // #define REVERSE_MENU_DIRECTION
2161 //
2162 //
2163 // This option reverses the encoder direction for Select Screen.
2164 //
2165 // If CLOCKWISE normally moves LEFT this makes it go RIGHT.
2166 // If CLOCKWISE normally moves RIGHT this makes it go LEFT.
2167 //
2168 // #define REVERSE_SELECT_DIRECTION
2169 //
2170 //
2171 // Individual Axis Homing
2172 //
2173 // Add individual axis homing items (Home X, Home Y, and Home Z) to the LCD
2174 // menu.
2175 //
2176 #define INDIVIDUAL_AXIS_HOMING_MENU
2177 #define INDIVIDUAL_AXIS_HOMING_SUBMENU
2178 //
2179 // SDF5KFR/RH177FR

```

```

2179 // SPEAKER BUZZER
2180 //
2181 // If you have a speaker that can produce tones, enable it here.
2182 // By default Marlin assumes you have a buzzer with a fixed frequency.
2183 //
2184 #define SPEAKER
2185
2186 //
2187 // The duration and frequency for the UI feedback sound.
2188 // Set these to 0 to disable audio feedback in the LCD menus.
2189 //
2190 // Note: Test audio output with the G-Code:
2191 // M300 S<frequency Hz> P<duration ms>
2192 //
2193 // #define LCD_FEEDBACK_FREQUENCY_DURATION_MS 2
2194 // #define LCD_FEEDBACK_FREQUENCY_HZ 5000
2195
2196 //=====
2197 //===== LCD / Controller Selection
2198 //===== (Character-based LCDs)
2199 //=====
2200
2201 //
2202 // RepRapDiscount Smart Controller.
2203 // https://reprap.org/wiki/RepRapDiscount\_Smart\_Controller
2204 //
2205 // Note: Usually sold with a white PCB.
2206 //
2207 // #define REPRAP_DISCOUNT_SMART_CONTROLLER
2208
2209 //
2210 // GT2560 (YHCB2004) LCD Display
2211 //
2212 // Requires Testato, Koepel softwarewire library and
2213 // Andriy Golovnya's LiquidCrystal_AIP31068 library.
2214 //
2215 // #define YHCB2004
2216
2217 //
2218 // Original RADDs LCD Display+Encoder+SDCardReader
2219 // http://doku.radds.org/dokumentation/lcd-display/
2220 //
2221 // #define RADDs_DISPLAY
2222
2223 //
2224 // ULTIMAKER Controller.
2225 //
2226 // #define ULTIMAKERCONTROLLER
2227
2228 //
2229 // ULTIPANEL as seen on Thingiverse.
2230 //
2231 // #define ULTIPANEL
2232
2233 //

```

```

2234 // PanelOne from T3P3 (via RAMPS 1.4 AUX2/AUX3)
2235 // https://reprap.org/wiki/PanelOne
2236 //
2237 // #define PANEL_ONE
2238
2239 //
2240 // GADGETS3D G3D LCD/SD Controller
2241 // https://reprap.org/wiki/RAMPS_1.3/1.4_GADGETS3D_Shield_with_Panel
2242 //
2243 // Note: Usually sold with a blue PCB.
2244 //
2245 // #define G3D_PANEL
2246
2247 //
2248 // RigidBot Panel V1.0
2249 // http://www.inventapart.com/
2250 //
2251 // #define RIGIDBOT_PANEL
2252
2253 //
2254 // Makeboard 3D Printer Parts 3D Printer Mini Display 1602 Mini Controller
2255 // https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32765887917.html
2256 //
2257 // #define MAKEBOARD_MINI_2_LINE_DISPLAY_1602
2258
2259 //
2260 // ANET and Tronxy 20x4 Controller
2261 //
2262 // #define ZONESTAR_LCD // Requires ADC_KEYPAD_PIN to be assigned
to an analog pin.
2263 // This LCD is known to be susceptible to
electrical interference
2264 // which scrambles the display. Pressing
any button clears it up.
2265 // This is a LCD2004 display with 5 analog
buttons.
2266
2267 //
2268 // Generic 16x2, 16x4, 20x2, or 20x4 character-based LCD.
2269 //
2270 // #define ULTRA_LCD
2271
2272 //=====
===
2273 //===== LCD / Controller Selection
=====
2274 //===== (I2C and Shift-Register LCDs)
=====
2275 //=====
===
2276
2277 //
2278 // CONTROLLER TYPE: I2C
2279 //
2280 // Note: These controllers require the installation of Arduino's
LiquidCrystal_I2C
2281 // library. For more info: https://github.com/kiyoshigawa/LiquidCrystal_I2C
2282 //
2283

```

```
2284 //
2285 // Elefu RA Board Control Panel
2286 // http://www.elefu.com/index.php?route=product/product&product_id=53
2287 //
2288 // #define RA_CONTROL_PANEL
2289
2290 //
2291 // Sainsmart (YwRobot) LCD Displays
2292 //
2293 // These require F.Malpartida's LiquidCrystal_I2C library
2294 // https://bitbucket.org/fmalpartida/new-liquidcrystal/wiki/Home
2295 //
2296 // #define LCD_SAINSMART_I2C_1602
2297 // #define LCD_SAINSMART_I2C_2004
2298
2299 //
2300 // Generic LCM1602 LCD adapter
2301 //
2302 // #define LCM1602
2303
2304 //
2305 // PANEL0LU2 LCD with status LEDs,
2306 // separate encoder and click inputs.
2307 //
2308 // Note: This controller requires Arduino's LiquidTWI2 library v1.2.3 or
2309 // later.
2310 // For more info: https://github.com/lincomatic/LiquidTWI2
2311 //
2312 // Note: The PANEL0LU2 encoder click input can either be directly connected
2313 // to
2314 // a pin (if BTN_ENC defined to != -1) or read through I2C (when BTN_ENC ==
2315 // -1).
2316 //
2317 // #define LCD_I2C_PANEL0LU2
2318
2319 //
2320 // Panucatt VIKI LCD with status LEDs,
2321 // integrated click & L/R/U/D buttons, separate encoder inputs.
2322 //
2323 // #define LCD_I2C_VIKI
2324
2325 //
2326 // CONTROLLER TYPE: Shift register panels
2327 //
2328 // 2-wire Non-latching LCD SR from https://goo.gl/aJJ4sH
2329 // LCD configuration: https://reprap.org/wiki/SAV_3D_LCD
2330 //
2331 // #define SAV_3DLCD
2332
2333 //
2334 // 3-wire SR LCD with strobe using 74HC4094
2335 // https://github.com/mikeshub/SailfishLCD
2336 // Uses the code directly from Sailfish
2337 //
2338 // #define FF_INTERFACEBOARD
```

```

2339 //
2340 // TFT GLCD Panel with Marlin UI
2341 // Panel connected to main board by SPI or I2C interface.
2342 // See https://github.com/Serhiy-K/TFTGLCDAdapter
2343 //
2344 // #define TFTGLCD_PANEL_SPI
2345 // #define TFTGLCD_PANEL_I2C
2346
2347 //=====
2348 //===== LCD / Controller Selection
2349 //===== (Graphical LCDs)
2350 //=====
2351
2352 //
2353 // CONTROLLER TYPE: Graphical 128x64 (DOGM)
2354 //
2355 // IMPORTANT: The U8glib library is required for Graphical Display!
2356 // https://github.com/olikraus/U8glib\_Arduino
2357 //
2358 // NOTE: If the LCD is unresponsive you may need to reverse the plugs.
2359 //
2360
2361 //
2362 // RepRapDiscount FULL GRAPHIC Smart Controller
2363 // https://reprap.org/wiki/RepRapDiscount\_Full\_Graphic\_Smart\_Controller
2364 //
2365 // #define REPRAP_DISCOUNT_FULL_GRAPHIC_SMART_CONTROLLER
2366
2367 //
2368 // K.3D Full Graphic Smart Controller
2369 //
2370 // #define K3D_FULL_GRAPHIC_SMART_CONTROLLER
2371
2372 //
2373 // ReprapWorld Graphical LCD
2374 // https://reprapworld.com/?products\_details&products\_id/1218
2375 //
2376 // #define REPRAPWORLD_GRAPHICAL_LCD
2377
2378 //
2379 // Activate one of these if you have a Panucatt Devices
2380 // Viki 2.0 or mini Viki with Graphic LCD
2381 // https://www.panucatt.com
2382 //
2383 // #define VIKI2
2384 // #define miniVIKI
2385
2386 //
2387 // MakerLab Mini Panel with graphic
2388 // controller and SD support - https://reprap.org/wiki/Mini\_panel
2389 //
2390 // #define MINIPANEL
2391
2392 //
2393 // Make3d Make Panel with graphic controller and SD support

```

```
2393 // MAK3D MAK1-Panel with graphic controller and SD support.
2394 // https://reprap.org/wiki/MaKr3d_MaKrPanel
2395 //
2396 // #define MAKRPANEL
2397 //
2398 //
2399 // Adafruit ST7565 Full Graphic Controller.
2400 // https://github.com/eboston/Adafruit-ST7565-Full-Graphic-Controller/
2401 //
2402 // #define ELB_FULL_GRAPHIC_CONTROLLER
2403 //
2404 //
2405 // BQ LCD Smart Controller shipped by
2406 // default with the BQ Hephestos 2 and Witbox 2.
2407 //
2408 // #define BQ_LCD_SMART_CONTROLLER
2409 //
2410 //
2411 // Cartesio UI
2412 // http://mauk.cc/webshop/cartesio-shop/electronics/user-interface
2413 //
2414 // #define CARTESIO_UI
2415 //
2416 //
2417 // LCD for Melzi Card with Graphical LCD
2418 //
2419 // #define LCD_FOR_MELZI
2420 //
2421 //
2422 // Original Ulticontroller from Ultimaker 2 printer with SSD1309 I2C display
and encoder
2423 //
https://github.com/Ultimaker/Ultimaker2/tree/master/1249\_Ulticontroller\_Boar
d\_\(x1\)
2424 //
2425 // #define ULTI_CONTROLLER
2426 //
2427 //
2428 // MKS MINI12864 with graphic controller and SD support
2429 // https://reprap.org/wiki/MKS_MINI_12864
2430 //
2431 // #define MKS_MINI_12864
2432 //
2433 //
2434 // MKS MINI12864 V3 is an alias for FYSETC_MINI_12864_2_1. Type A/B.
NeoPixel RGB Backlight.
2435 //
2436 // #define MKS_MINI_12864_V3
2437 //
2438 //
2439 // MKS LCD12864A/B with graphic controller and SD support. Follows
MKS_MINI_12864 pinout.
2440 // https://www.aliexpress.com/item/33018110072.html
2441 //
2442 // #define MKS_LCD12864A
2443 // #define MKS_LCD12864B
2444 //
2445 //
2446 // FYSETC variant of the MINI12864 graphic controller with SD support
```

```

2447 // https://wiki.fysetc.com/Mini12864_Panel/
2448 //
2449 // #define FYSETC_MINI_12864_X_X    // Type C/D/E/F. No tunable RGB Backlight
    by default
2450 // #define FYSETC_MINI_12864_1_2    // Type C/D/E/F. Simple RGB Backlight
    (always on)
2451 // #define FYSETC_MINI_12864_2_0    // Type A/B. Discreet RGB Backlight
2452 // #define FYSETC_MINI_12864_2_1    // Type A/B. NeoPixel RGB Backlight
2453 // #define FYSETC_GENERIC_12864_1_1 // Larger display with basic ON/OFF
    backlight.
2454
2455 //
2456 // Factory display for Creality CR-10
2457 // https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32833148327.html
2458 //
2459 // This is RAMPS-compatible using a single 10-pin connector.
2460 // (For CR-10 owners who want to replace the Melzi Creality board but retain
    the display)
2461 //
2462 #define CR10_STOCKDISPLAY
2463
2464 //
2465 // Ender-2 OEM display, a variant of the MKS_MINI_12864
2466 //
2467 // #define ENDER2_STOCKDISPLAY
2468
2469 //
2470 // ANET and Tronxy Graphical Controller
2471 //
2472 // Anet 128x64 full graphics lcd with rotary encoder as used on Anet A6
2473 // A clone of the RepRapDiscount full graphics display but with
2474 // different pins/wiring (see pins_ANET_10.h). Enable one of these.
2475 //
2476 // #define ANET_FULL_GRAPHICS_LCD
2477 // #define ANET_FULL_GRAPHICS_LCD_ALT_WIRING
2478
2479 //
2480 // AZSMZ 12864 LCD with SD
2481 // https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32837222770.html
2482 //
2483 // #define AZSMZ_12864
2484
2485 //
2486 // Silvergate GLCD controller
2487 // https://github.com/android444/Silvergate
2488 //
2489 // #define SILVER_GATE_GLCD_CONTROLLER
2490
2491 //=====
    ===
2492 //===== OLED Displays
    =====
2493 //=====
    ===
2494
2495 //
2496 // SSD1306 OLED full graphics generic display
2497 //
2498 // #define UGLIB_TFT SSD1306

```



```

2498 // #define U8GLIB_SSD1306
2499
2500 //
2501 // SAV OLEd LCD module support using either SSD1306 or SH1106 based LCD
modules
2502 //
2503 // #define SAV_3DGLCD
2504 #if ENABLED(SAV_3DGLCD)
2505     #define U8GLIB_SSD1306
2506     // #define U8GLIB_SH1106
2507 #endif
2508
2509 //
2510 // TinyBoy2 128x64 OLED / Encoder Panel
2511 //
2512 // #define OLED_PANEL_TINYBOY2
2513
2514 //
2515 // MKS OLED 1.3" 128x64 Full Graphics Controller
2516 // https://reprap.org/wiki/MKS_12864OLED
2517 //
2518 // Tiny, but very sharp OLED display
2519 //
2520 // #define MKS_12864OLED           // Uses the SH1106 controller (default)
2521 // #define MKS_12864OLED_SSD1306 // Uses the SSD1306 controller
2522
2523 //
2524 // Zonestar OLED 128x64 Full Graphics Controller
2525 //
2526 // #define ZONESTAR_12864LCD           // Graphical (DOGM) with ST7920
controller
2527 // #define ZONESTAR_12864OLED           // 1.3" OLED with SH1106 controller
(default)
2528 // #define ZONESTAR_12864OLED_SSD1306 // 0.96" OLED with SSD1306 controller
2529
2530 //
2531 // Einstart S OLED SSD1306
2532 //
2533 // #define U8GLIB_SH1106_EINSTART
2534
2535 //
2536 // Overlord OLED display/controller with i2c buzzer and LEDs
2537 //
2538 // #define OVERLORD_OLED
2539
2540 //
2541 // FYSETC OLED 2.42" 128x64 Full Graphics Controller with WS2812 RGB
2542 // Where to find : https://www.aliexpress.com/item/4000345255731.html
2543 // #define FYSETC_242_OLED_12864 // Uses the SSD1309 controller
2544
2545 //
2546 // K.3D SSD1309 OLED 2.42" 128x64 Full Graphics Controller
2547 //
2548 // #define K3D_242_OLED_CONTROLLER // Software SPI
2549
2550 //=====
===
2551 //===== Extensible UI Displays
=====

```

```

2552 //=====
2553 ===
2554 //
2555 // DGUS Touch Display with DWIN OS. (Choose one.)
2556 // ORIGIN : https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32993409517.html
2557 // FYSETC : https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32961471929.html
2558 // MKS : https://www.aliexpress.com/item/1005002008179262.html
2559 //
2560 // Flash display with DGUS Displays for Marlin:
2561 // - Format the SD card to FAT32 with an allocation size of 4kb.
2562 // - Download files as specified for your type of display.
2563 // - Plug the microSD card into the back of the display.
2564 // - Boot the display and wait for the update to complete.
2565 //
2566 // ORIGIN (Marlin DWIN_SET)
2567 // - Download https://github.com/coldtobi/Marlin\_DGUS\_Resources
2568 // - Copy the downloaded DWIN_SET folder to the SD card.
2569 //
2570 // FYSETC (Supplier default)
2571 // - Download https://github.com/FYSETC/FYSTLCD-2.0
2572 // - Copy the downloaded SCREEN folder to the SD card.
2573 //
2574 // HIPRECY (Supplier default)
2575 // - Download https://github.com/HiPrecy/Touch-Lcd-LEO
2576 // - Copy the downloaded DWIN_SET folder to the SD card.
2577 //
2578 // MKS (MKS-H43) (Supplier default)
2579 // - Download https://github.com/makerbase-mks/MKS-H43
2580 // - Copy the downloaded DWIN_SET folder to the SD card.
2581 //
2582 // RELOADED (T5UID1)
2583 // - Download https://github.com/Desuuuu/DGUS-reloaded/releases
2584 // - Copy the downloaded DWIN_SET folder to the SD card.
2585 //
2586 // #define DGUS_LCD_UI_ORIGIN
2587 // #define DGUS_LCD_UI_FYSETC
2588 // #define DGUS_LCD_UI_HIPRECY
2589 // #define DGUS_LCD_UI_MKS
2590 // #define DGUS_LCD_UI_RELOADED
2591 #if ENABLED(DGUS_LCD_UI_MKS)
2592   #define USE_MKS_GREEN_UI
2593 #endif
2594
2595 //
2596 // Touch-screen LCD for Malyan M200/M300 printers
2597 //
2598 // #define MALYAN_LCD
2599 #if ENABLED(MALYAN_LCD)
2600   #define LCD_SERIAL_PORT 1 // Default is 1 for Malyan M200
2601 #endif
2602
2603 //
2604 // Touch UI for FTDI EVE (FT800/FT810) displays
2605 // See Configuration_adv.h for all configuration options.
2606 //
2607 // #define TOUCH_UI_FTDI_EVE
2608 //
2609 //

```

```

2609 //
2610 // Touch-screen LCD for Anycubic printers
2611 //
2612 // #define ANYCUBIC_LCD_I3MEGA
2613 // #define ANYCUBIC_LCD_CHIRON
2614 #if EITHER(ANYCUBIC_LCD_I3MEGA, ANYCUBIC_LCD_CHIRON)
2615     #define LCD_SERIAL_PORT 3 // Default is 3 for Anycubic
2616     // #define ANYCUBIC_LCD_DEBUG
2617 #endif
2618
2619 //
2620 // 320x240 Nextion 2.8" serial TFT Resistive Touch Screen NX3224T028
2621 //
2622 // #define NEXTION_TFT
2623 #if ENABLED(NEXTION_TFT)
2624     #define LCD_SERIAL_PORT 1 // Default is 1 for Nextion
2625 #endif
2626
2627 //
2628 // Third-party or vendor-customized controller interfaces.
2629 // Sources should be installed in 'src/lcd/extui'.
2630 //
2631 // #define EXTENSIBLE_UI
2632
2633 #if ENABLED(EXTENSIBLE_UI)
2634     // #define EXTUI_LOCAL_BEEPER // Enables use of local Beeper pin with
external display
2635 #endif
2636
2637 //=====
===
2638 //===== Graphical TFTs
=====
2639 //=====
===
2640
2641 /**
2642  * Specific TFT Model Presets. Enable one of the following options
2643  * or enable TFT_GENERIC and set sub-options.
2644  */
2645
2646 //
2647 // 480x320, 3.5", SPI Display From MKS
2648 // Normally used in MKS Robin Nano V2
2649 //
2650 // #define MKS_TS35_V2_0
2651
2652 //
2653 // 320x240, 2.4", FSMC Display From MKS
2654 // Normally used in MKS Robin Nano V1.2
2655 //
2656 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT24
2657
2658 //
2659 // 320x240, 2.8", FSMC Display From MKS
2660 // Normally used in MKS Robin Nano V1.2
2661 //
2662 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT28
2663

```

```

2664 //
2665 // 320x240, 3.2", FSMC Display From MKS
2666 // Normally used in MKS Robin Nano V1.2
2667 //
2668 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT32
2669
2670 //
2671 // 480x320, 3.5", FSMC Display From MKS
2672 // Normally used in MKS Robin Nano V1.2
2673 //
2674 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT35
2675
2676 //
2677 // 480x272, 4.3", FSMC Display From MKS
2678 //
2679 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT43
2680
2681 //
2682 // 320x240, 3.2", FSMC Display From MKS
2683 // Normally used in MKS Robin
2684 //
2685 // #define MKS_ROBIN_TFT_V1_1R
2686
2687 //
2688 // 480x320, 3.5", FSMC Stock Display from TronxXY
2689 //
2690 // #define TFT_TRONXY_X5SA
2691
2692 //
2693 // 480x320, 3.5", FSMC Stock Display from AnyCubic
2694 //
2695 // #define ANYCUBIC_TFT35
2696
2697 //
2698 // 320x240, 2.8", FSMC Stock Display from Longer/Alfawise
2699 //
2700 // #define LONGER_LK_TFT28
2701
2702 //
2703 // 320x240, 2.8", FSMC Stock Display from ET4
2704 //
2705 // #define ANET_ET4_TFT28
2706
2707 //
2708 // 480x320, 3.5", FSMC Stock Display from ET5
2709 //
2710 // #define ANET_ET5_TFT35
2711
2712 //
2713 // 1024x600, 7", RGB Stock Display from BIQU-BX
2714 //
2715 // #define BIQU_BX_TFT70
2716
2717 //
2718 // Generic TFT with detailed options
2719 //
2720 // #define TFT_GENERIC
2721 #if ENABLED(TFT_GENERIC)
2722 // #define MAINTENANCE_TFT320x240 160x120 160x120 160x120 160x120 160x120 160x120

```

```

2722 // :L "AUTO", "S17735", "S17789", "S17790", "R01505", "ILI9328",
'ILI9341', 'ILI9488' ]
2723 #define TFT_DRIVER AUTO
2724
2725 // Interface. Enable one of the following options:
2726 // #define TFT_INTERFACE_FSMC
2727 // #define TFT_INTERFACE_SPI
2728
2729 // TFT Resolution. Enable one of the following options:
2730 // #define TFT_RES_320x240
2731 // #define TFT_RES_480x272
2732 // #define TFT_RES_480x320
2733 // #define TFT_RES_1024x600
2734 #endif
2735
2736 /**
2737  * TFT UI - User Interface Selection. Enable one of the following options:
2738  *
2739  *   TFT_CLASSIC_UI - Emulated DOGM - 128x64 Upscaled
2740  *   TFT_COLOR_UI   - Marlin Default Menus, Touch Friendly, using full TFT
capabilities
2741  *   TFT_LVGL_UI    - A Modern UI using LVGL
2742  *
2743  *   For LVGL_UI also copy the 'assets' folder from the build directory to
the
2744  *   root of your SD card, together with the compiled firmware.
2745  */
2746 // #define TFT_CLASSIC_UI
2747 // #define TFT_COLOR_UI
2748 // #define TFT_LVGL_UI
2749
2750 #if ENABLED(TFT_LVGL_UI)
2751   // #define MKS_WIFI_MODULE // MKS WiFi module
2752 #endif
2753
2754 /**
2755  * TFT Rotation. Set to one of the following values:
2756  *
2757  *   TFT_ROTATE_90, TFT_ROTATE_90_MIRROR_X, TFT_ROTATE_90_MIRROR_Y,
2758  *   TFT_ROTATE_180, TFT_ROTATE_180_MIRROR_X, TFT_ROTATE_180_MIRROR_Y,
2759  *   TFT_ROTATE_270, TFT_ROTATE_270_MIRROR_X, TFT_ROTATE_270_MIRROR_Y,
2760  *   TFT_MIRROR_X, TFT_MIRROR_Y, TFT_NO_ROTATION
2761  */
2762 // #define TFT_ROTATION TFT_NO_ROTATION
2763
2764 //=====
===
2765 //===== Other Controllers
=====
2766 //=====
===
2767
2768 //
2769 // Ender-3 v2 OEM display. A DWIN display with Rotary Encoder.
2770 //
2771 // #define DWIN_CREALITY_LCD
2772
2773 //
2774 // Ender-3 v2 OEM displav. enhanced.

```

```

2775 //
2776 // #define DWIN_CREALITY_LCD_ENHANCED
2777
2778 //
2779 // Ender-3 v2 OEM display with enhancements by Jacob Myers
2780 //
2781 // #define DWIN_CREALITY_LCD_JYERSUI
2782
2783 //
2784 // MarlinUI for Creality's DWIN display (and others)
2785 //
2786 // #define DWIN_MARLINUI_PORTRAIT
2787 // #define DWIN_MARLINUI_LANDSCAPE
2788
2789 //
2790 // Touch Screen Settings
2791 //
2792 // #define TOUCH_SCREEN
2793 #if ENABLED(TOUCH_SCREEN)
2794     #define BUTTON_DELAY_EDIT 50 // (ms) Button repeat delay for edit screens
2795     #define BUTTON_DELAY_MENU 250 // (ms) Button repeat delay for menus
2796
2797     // #define TOUCH_IDLE_SLEEP 300 // (secs) Turn off the TFT backlight if set
2798     // (5mn)
2799
2800     #define TOUCH_SCREEN_CALIBRATION
2801
2802     // #define TOUCH_CALIBRATION_X 12316
2803     // #define TOUCH_CALIBRATION_Y -8981
2804     // #define TOUCH_OFFSET_X -43
2805     // #define TOUCH_OFFSET_Y 257
2806     // #define TOUCH_ORIENTATION TOUCH_LANDSCAPE
2807
2808     #if BOTH(TOUCH_SCREEN_CALIBRATION, EEPROM_SETTINGS)
2809         #define TOUCH_CALIBRATION_AUTO_SAVE // Auto save successful calibration
2810         values to EEPROM
2811     #endif
2812
2813     #if ENABLED(TFT_COLOR_UI)
2814         // #define SINGLE_TOUCH_NAVIGATION
2815     #endif
2816 #endif
2817
2818 //
2819 // RepRapWorld REPRAPWORLD_KEYPAD v1.1
2820 //
2821 // https://reprapworld.com/products/electronics/ramps/keypad_v1_0_fully_assembl
2822 // ed/
2823 //
2824 // #define REPRAPWORLD_KEYPAD
2825 // #define REPRAPWORLD_KEYPAD_MOVE_STEP 10.0 // (mm) Distance to move per
2826 // key-press
2827
2828 // =====
2829 //
2830 // ===== Extra Features
2831 // =====
2832 // =====

```

```

2826 ===
2827 // @section extras
2828
2829 // Set number of user-controlled fans. Disable to use all board-defined
2830 // fans.
2831 // :[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
2832 // #define NUM_M106_FANS 1
2833
2834 // Increase the FAN PWM frequency. Removes the PWM noise but increases
2835 // heating in the FET/Arduino
2836 // #define FAST_PWM_FAN
2837
2838 // Use software PWM to drive the fan, as for the heaters. This uses a very
2839 // low frequency
2840 // which is not as annoying as with the hardware PWM. On the other hand, if
2841 // this frequency
2842 // is too low, you should also increment SOFT_PWM_SCALE.
2843 // #define FAN_SOFT_PWM
2844
2845 // Incrementing this by 1 will double the software PWM frequency,
2846 // affecting heaters, and the fan if FAN_SOFT_PWM is enabled.
2847 // However, control resolution will be halved for each increment;
2848 // at zero value, there are 128 effective control positions.
2849 // :[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
2850 #define SOFT_PWM_SCALE 0
2851
2852 // If SOFT_PWM_SCALE is set to a value higher than 0, dithering can
2853 // be used to mitigate the associated resolution loss. If enabled,
2854 // some of the PWM cycles are stretched so on average the desired
2855 // duty cycle is attained.
2856 // #define SOFT_PWM_DITHER
2857
2858 // Temperature status LEDs that display the hotend and bed temperature.
2859 // If all hotends, bed temperature, and target temperature are under 54C
2860 // then the BLUE led is on. Otherwise the RED led is on. (1C hysteresis)
2861 // #define TEMP_STAT_LEDS
2862
2863 // Support for the BariCUDA Paste Extruder
2864 // #define BARICUDA
2865
2866 // Support for BlinkM/CyzRgb
2867 // #define BLINKM
2868
2869 // Support for PCA9632 PWM LED driver
2870 // #define PCA9632
2871
2872 // Support for PCA9533 PWM LED driver
2873 // #define PCA9533
2874
2875 /**
2876  * RGB LED / LED Strip Control
2877  *
2878  * Enable support for an RGB LED connected to 5V digital pins, or
2879  * an RGB Strip connected to MOSFETs controlled by digital pins.
2880  *
2881  * Adds the M150 command to set the LED (or LED strip) color.
2882  * If pins are PWM capable (e.g., 4, 5, 6, 11) then a range of
2883  * luminance values can be set from 0 to 255.

```



```

2880 * For NeoPixel LED an overall brightness parameter is also available.
2881 *
2882 * *** CAUTION ***
2883 * LED Strips require a MOSFET Chip between PWM lines and LEDs,
2884 * as the Arduino cannot handle the current the LEDs will require.
2885 * Failure to follow this precaution can destroy your Arduino!
2886 * NOTE: A separate 5V power supply is required! The NeoPixel LED needs
2887 * more current than the Arduino 5V linear regulator can produce.
2888 * *** CAUTION ***
2889 *
2890 * LED Type. Enable only one of the following two options.
2891 */
2892 //#define RGB_LED
2893 //#define RGBW_LED
2894
2895 #if EITHER(RGB_LED, RGBW_LED)
2896     //#define RGB_LED_R_PIN 34
2897     //#define RGB_LED_G_PIN 43
2898     //#define RGB_LED_B_PIN 35
2899     //#define RGB_LED_W_PIN -1
2900 #endif
2901
2902 // Support for Adafruit NeoPixel LED driver
2903 //#define NEOPIXEL_LED
2904 #if ENABLED(NEOPIXEL_LED)
2905     #define NEOPIXEL_TYPE NEO_GRBW // NEO_GRBW / NEO_GRB - four/three
channel driver type (defined in Adafruit_NeoPixel.h)
2906     //#define NEOPIXEL_PIN 4 // LED driving pin
2907     //#define NEOPIXEL2_TYPE NEOPIXEL_TYPE
2908     //#define NEOPIXEL2_PIN 5
2909     #define NEOPIXEL_PIXELS 30 // Number of LEDs in the strip. (Longest
strip when NEOPIXEL2_SEPARATE is disabled.)
2910     #define NEOPIXEL_IS_SEQUENTIAL // Sequential display for temperature
change - LED by LED. Disable to change all LEDs at once.
2911     #define NEOPIXEL_BRIGHTNESS 127 // Initial brightness (0-255)
2912     //#define NEOPIXEL_STARTUP_TEST // Cycle through colors at startup
2913
2914 // Support for second Adafruit NeoPixel LED driver controlled with M150 S1
...
2915     //#define NEOPIXEL2_SEPARATE
2916     #if ENABLED(NEOPIXEL2_SEPARATE)
2917         #define NEOPIXEL2_PIXELS 15 // Number of LEDs in the second strip
2918         #define NEOPIXEL2_BRIGHTNESS 127 // Initial brightness (0-255)
2919         #define NEOPIXEL2_STARTUP_TEST // Cycle through colors at startup
2920     #else
2921         //#define NEOPIXEL2_INSERIES // Default behavior is NeoPixel 2 in
parallel
2922     #endif
2923
2924 // Use some of the NeoPixel LEDs for static (background) lighting
2925     //#define NEOPIXEL_BKGD_INDEX_FIRST 0 // Index of the first
background LED
2926     //#define NEOPIXEL_BKGD_INDEX_LAST 5 // Index of the last
background LED
2927     //#define NEOPIXEL_BKGD_COLOR { 255, 255, 255, 0 } // R, G, B, W
2928     //#define NEOPIXEL_BKGD_ALWAYS_ON // Keep the backlight
on when other NeoPixels are off
2929 #endif

```

```
2930
2931 /**
2932  * Printer Event LEDs
2933  *
2934  * During printing, the LEDs will reflect the printer status:
2935  *
2936  * - Gradually change from blue to violet as the heated bed gets to target
temp
2937  * - Gradually change from violet to red as the hotend gets to temperature
2938  * - Change to white to illuminate work surface
2939  * - Change to green once print has finished
2940  * - Turn off after the print has finished and the user has pushed a button
2941  */
2942 #if ANY(BLINKM, RGB_LED, RGBW_LED, PCA9632, PCA9533, NEOPIXEL_LED)
2943   #define PRINTER_EVENT_LEDS
2944 #endif
2945
2946 /**
2947  * Number of servos
2948  *
2949  * For some servo-related options NUM_SERVOS will be set automatically.
2950  * Set this manually if there are extra servos needing manual control.
2951  * Set to 0 to turn off servo support.
2952  */
2953 // #define NUM_SERVOS 3 // Note: Servo index starts with 0 for M280-M282
commands
2954
2955 // (ms) Delay before the next move will start, to give the servo time to
reach its target angle.
2956 // 300ms is a good value but you can try less delay.
2957 // If the servo can't reach the requested position, increase it.
2958 #define SERVO_DELAY { 300 }
2959
2960 // Only power servos during movement, otherwise leave off to prevent jitter
2961 // #define DEACTIVATE_SERVOS_AFTER_MOVE
2962
2963 // Edit servo angles with M281 and save to EEPROM with M500
2964 // #define EDITABLE_SERVO_ANGLES
2965
2966 // Disable servo with M282 to reduce power consumption, noise, and heat when
not in use
2967 // #define SERVO_DETACH_GCODE
2968
```