

Vectors Formula

9 Octobre, 2023

Lucas Duchet-Annez

Vectors Formula

Here are some of the main formulas associated with vectors:

Vector addition: $\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w} = (v_1 + w_1)\mathbf{i} + (v_2 + w_2)\mathbf{j} + (v_3 + w_3)\mathbf{k}$ Scalar multiplication: $k\mathbf{v} = k(v_1)\mathbf{i} + k(v_2)\mathbf{j} + k(v_3)\mathbf{k}$ Dot product: $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w} = (v_1w_1) + (v_2w_2) + (v_3w_3)$ Cross product: $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w} = (v_2w_3 - v_3w_2)\mathbf{i} + (v_3w_1 - v_1w_3)\mathbf{j} + (v_1w_2 - v_2w_1)\mathbf{k}$ where \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} are vectors, and v_1 , v_2 , and v_3 ,

and w_1 , w_2 , and w_3 are the components of the vectors in the x, y, and z directions, respectively. These formulas provide a way to manipulate vectors using mathematical operations, and are an important part of vector algebra and vector calculus.