### Classificaço de Patologias usando Imagens Médicas

#### Carregar imagens do diretório

```
import os
   current_dir = os.path.abspath(os.getcwd())
```

#### Converter base de dados para treino, validação e teste

```
In [2]: #cria nova pasta para cachorros e gatos atendendo a estrutura do Keras/Tensor
folder = "/novo"
    train_folder = current_dir + folder + "/train"
    #val_folder = current_dir + folder + "/val"
    test_folder = current_dir + folder + "/test"
```

# Fazer o Tensorflow carregar as imagens para a RNA

```
In [3]:
         import tensorflow as tf
         print(tf.config.list physical devices('GPU'))
         print(tf.__version__)
        2022-06-27 08:37:48.066891: W tensorflow/stream executor/platform/default/dso
         loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'libcudart.so.11.0'; dlerror: l
        ibcudart.so.11.0: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory
        2022-06-27 08:37:48.066946: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cudart stub.cc:
        29] Ignore above cudart dlerror if you do not have a GPU set up on your machi
        []
        2.6.1
        2022-06-27 08:37:58.616591: W tensorflow/stream_executor/platform/default/dso
        _loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'libcuda.so.1'; dlerror: libcud
        a.so.l: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory
        2022-06-27 08:37:58.616665: W tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_driver.cc:
        269] failed call to cuInit: UNKNOWN ERROR (303)
        2022-06-27 08:37:58.616712: I tensorflow/stream executor/cuda/cuda diagnostic
        s.cc:156] kernel driver does not appear to be running on this host (pc): /pro
        c/driver/nvidia/version does not exist
```

Found 34931 files belonging to 2 classes. Found 484 files belonging to 2 classes.

2022-06-27 08:38:00.415840: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu\_feature\_guard.cc:1 42] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAPI Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use the following CPU instructions in performance-critical operations: AVX2 FMA

To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.

```
In [5]:
#
for data_batch, labels_batch in train_dataset:
    print("data batch shape:", data_batch.shape)
    print("labels batch shape:", labels_batch.shape)
    print(data_batch[0].shape)
    break
2022-06-27 08:38:00.498187: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir_graph_optimization pass.cc:185] None of the MLIR Optimization Passes are enabled (registered)
```

labels batch shape: (32,) (180, 180, 3)

#### Treinando o modelo

data batch shape: (32, 180, 180, 3)

```
In [6]:
    from tensorflow import keras
    from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense
    from tensorflow.keras.layers.experimental.preprocessing import Rescaling

#cria uma arquitetura de uma rede neural profunda vazia
model = keras.Sequential()
#model.add(Rescaling(scale=1.0/255))
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(180,
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(1, activation="sigmoid"))
model.add(Dense(1, activation="sigmoid"))
model.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy",optimizer="adam",metrics=["accuracy"
#model.add(Dense(4, activation='softmax'))
#model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy', model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy', metrics=['accuracy', model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy', metrics=['ac
```

## #validation\_data=validation\_dataset, callbacks=callbacks)

```
Epoch 1/50
accuracy: 0.7476
Epoch 2/50
accuracy: 0.7978
Epoch 3/50
accuracy: 0.8415
Epoch 4/50
accuracy: 0.8657
Epoch 5/50
accuracy: 0.8892
Epoch 6/50
accuracy: 0.9076
Epoch 7/50
accuracy: 0.8155
Epoch 8/50
accuracy: 0.9207
Epoch 9/50
accuracy: 0.9451
Epoch 10/50
accuracy: 0.9585
Epoch 11/50
accuracy: 0.9698
Epoch 12/50
accuracy: 0.9729
Epoch 13/50
accuracy: 0.9795
Epoch 14/50
accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 15/50
accuracy: 0.9809
Epoch 16/50
accuracy: 0.9826
Epoch 17/50
accuracy: 0.9853
Epoch 18/50
accuracy: 0.9864
Epoch 19/50
accuracy: 0.9881
Epoch 20/50
accuracy: 0.9886
Epoch 21/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.9878
Epoch 22/50
accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 23/50
accuracy: 0.9894
Epoch 24/50
accuracy: 0.9911
Epoch 25/50
accuracy: 0.9896
Epoch 26/50
accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 27/50
accuracy: 0.9926
Epoch 28/50
accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 29/50
accuracy: 0.9943
Epoch 30/50
accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 31/50
accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 32/50
accuracy: 0.9939
Epoch 33/50
accuracy: 0.9914
Epoch 34/50
accuracy: 0.9941
Epoch 35/50
accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 36/50
accuracy: 0.9940
Epoch 37/50
accuracy: 0.9946
Epoch 38/50
accuracy: 0.9939
Epoch 39/50
accuracy: 0.9954
Epoch 40/50
accuracy: 0.9930
Epoch 41/50
accuracy: 0.9947
Epoch 42/50
```

```
accuracy: 0.9957
  Epoch 43/50
  accuracy: 0.9948
  Epoch 44/50
  accuracy: 0.9945
  Epoch 45/50
  accuracy: 0.9943
  Epoch 46/50
  accuracy: 0.9954
  Epoch 47/50
  accuracy: 0.9957
  Epoch 48/50
         1092/1092 [======
  accuracy: 0.9946
  Epoch 49/50
  accuracy: 0.9960
  Epoch 50/50
  accuracy: 0.9955
In [8]:
  model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 178, 178, 32)	896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 89, 89, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 87, 87, 64)	18496
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 484416)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	484417
T 1 1 502 000		

Total params: 503,809 Trainable params: 503,809 Non-trainable params: 0

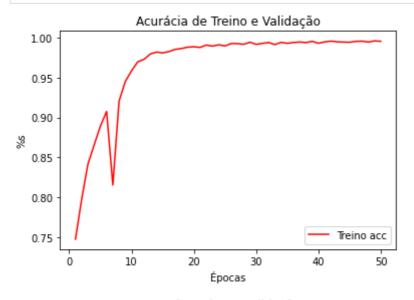
```
In [9]:
```

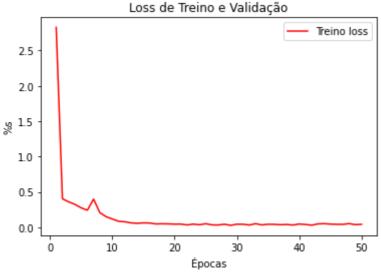
```
#https://www.tensorflow.org/js/tutorials/conversion/import keras?hl=pt-br#ali
import tensorflowjs as tfjs
tfjs.converters.save_keras_model(model, "conversao_01_15")
```

## Visualização de Resultados

```
In [10]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          accuracy = history.history["accuracy"]
          #val accuracy = history.history["val accuracy"]
          loss = history.history["loss"]
          #val loss = history.history["val loss"]
          epochs = range(1, len(accuracy) + 1)
          plt.plot(epochs, accuracy, "r", label="Treino acc")
```

```
#plt.plot(epochs, val_accuracy, "b", label="Val acc")
plt.xlabel("Épocas")
plt.ylabel("%s")
plt.title("Acurácia de Treino e Validação")
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "r", label="Treino loss")
#plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Val loss")
plt.xlabel("Épocas")
plt.ylabel("%s")
plt.title("Loss de Treino e Validação")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





# Resultados do Conjunto de Teste

```
In [11]: #from tensorflow import keras
    #model = keras.models.load_model("classificacao01.keras")
    # serialize model to JSON
    #model_json = model.to_json()
    #with open("classificacao01.json", "w") as json_file:json_file.write(model_js)
    # serialize weights to HDF5
    #model.save_weights("classificacao01.h5")
    #print("Saved model to disk")
```

```
In [12]: | test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_dataset)
      print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc:.3f}")
      16/16 [======
```

cy: 0.9855

Test accuracy: 0.986

#### Referências

- https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-develop-a-convolutional-neural-network-toclassify-photos-of-dogs-and-cats/
- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3430372/how-do-i-get-the-full-path-of-the-current-filesdirectory
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-list-files-in-a-directory/
- https://pynative.com/python-random-sample/
- https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-develop-a-convolutional-neural-network-toclassify-photos-of-dogs-and-cats/
- https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/keras-tutorial/
- https://www.machinecurve.com/index.php/2020/03/30/how-to-use-conv2d-with-keras/
- https://www.pyimagesearch.com/2021/06/30/how-to-use-the-modelcheckpoint-callbackwith-keras-and-tensorflow/