## Introducción a DevOps y Metodologías Afines

### Infrastructure as code (IaC)



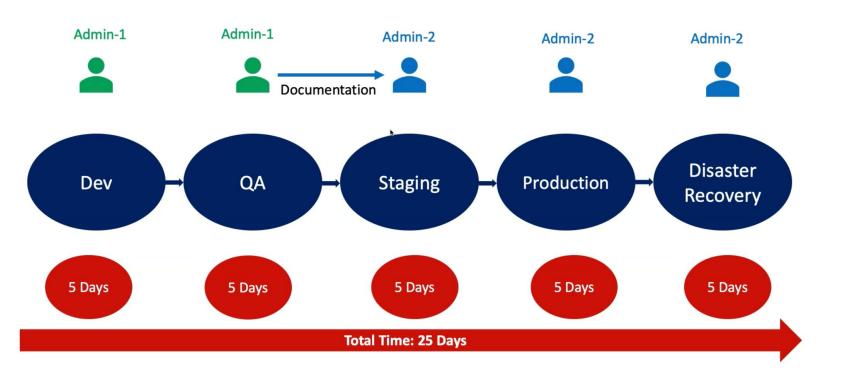
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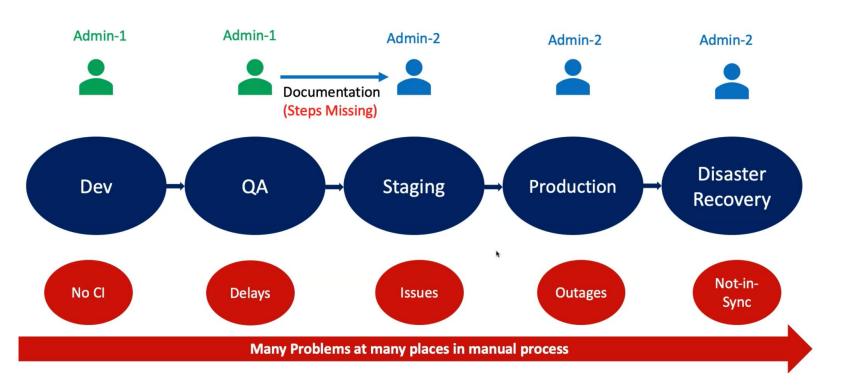


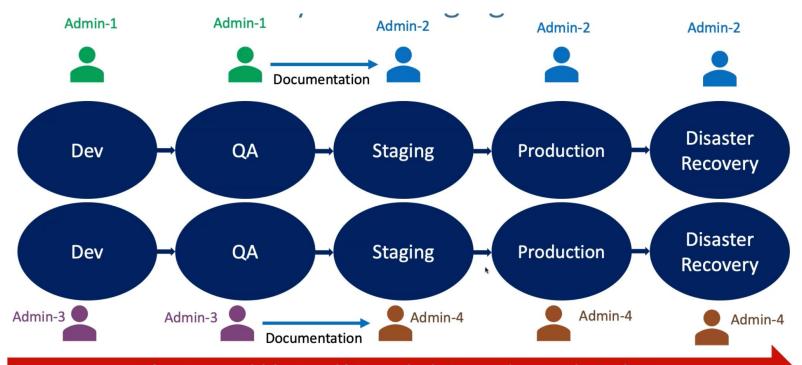
#### **AGENDA**

- Old infra managing way vs new infra managing way
- 2. ¿Qué es laC?
- 3. Herramientas
- 4. Terraform

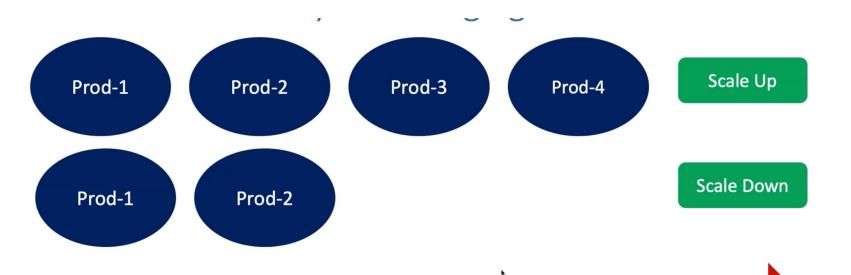
# Old infra managing way vs new infra managing way





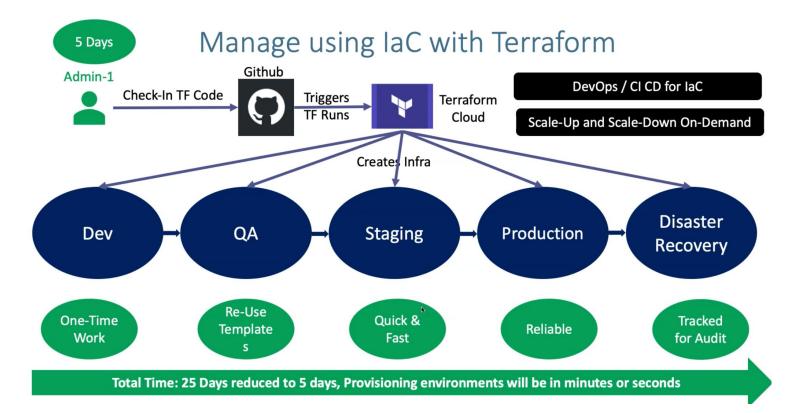


Infrastructure scalability – Workforce need to be increased to meet the timelines

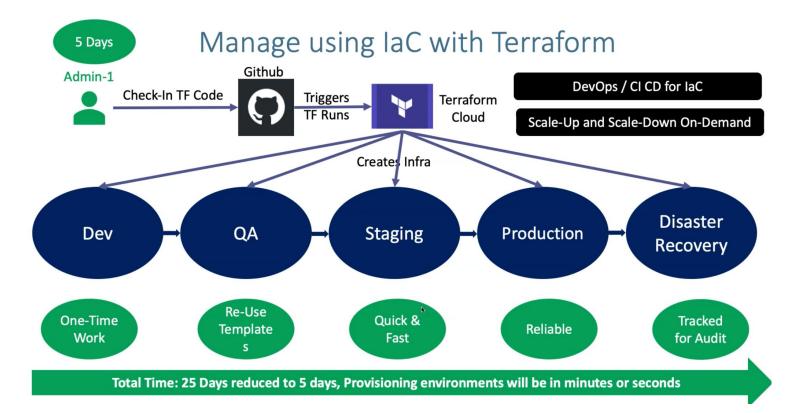


On-Demand Scale-Up and Scale-Down is not an option

### New infra managing way



### New infra managing way



### New infra managing way

Visibility

IaC serves as a very clear reference of what resources we created, and what their settings are. We don't have to navigate to the web console to check the parameters.

Stability

If you accidentally change the wrong setting or delete the wrong resource in the web console you can break things. IaC helps solve this, especially when it is combined with version control, such as Git.

Scalability

With IaC we can write it once and then reuse it many times. This means that one well written template can be used as the basis for multiple services, in multiple regions around the world, making it much easier to horizontally scale.

Security

Once again IaC gives you a unified template for how to deploy our architecture. If we create one well secured architecture we can reuse it multiple times, and know that each deployed version is following the same settings.

Audit

Terraform not only creates resources it also maintains the record of what is created in real world cloud environments using its State files.

### ¿Qué es laC?



### Infrastructure as Code (IaC)

Es el proceso de gestionar la infraestructura de forma automatizada, aplicando los mismos principios y prácticas que los equipos de desarrollo aplican a la hora de escribir código.









#### Recursos























#### **Grandes empresas**







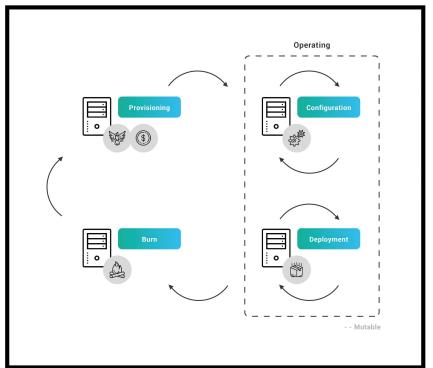








### Aprovisionamiento, configuración y implementación



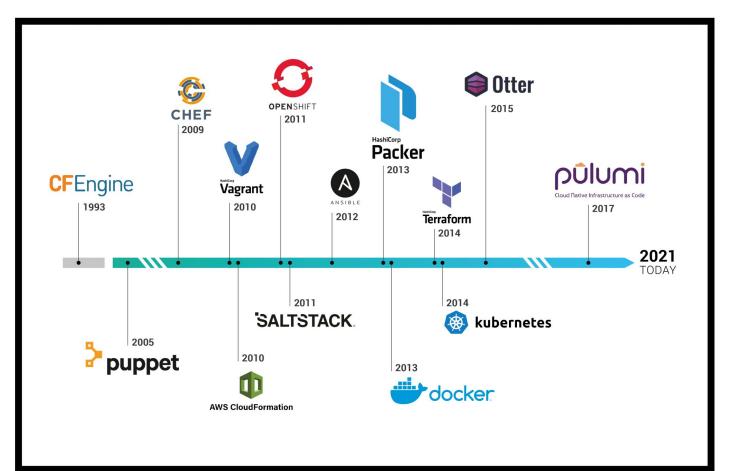


### Aprovisionamiento, configuración y implementación

"The result is a unique snowflake – good for a ski resort, bad for a data center." – Martin Fowler

"A server should be like a phoenix, regularly rising from the ashes" – Martin Fowler







#### Las diferentes fases

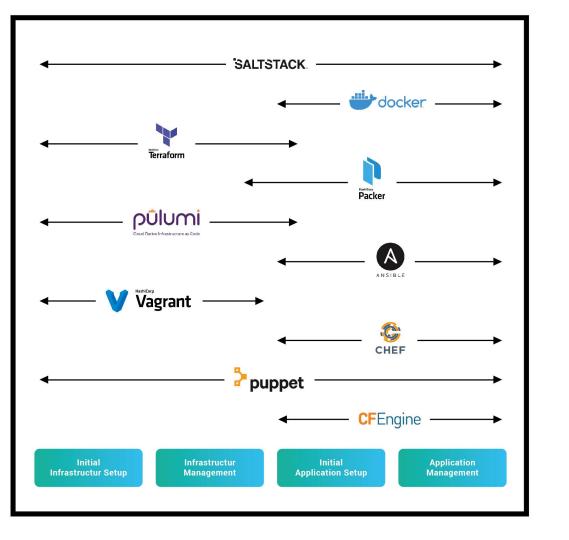
#### Initial setup phase

- Provisionar la infraestructura
- Configuración de la infraestructura
- Instalación inicial de software
- Configuración inicial del software

#### Maintaining phase

- Ajustes en la infraestructura
- Eliminación y adición de componentes
- Actualización de software
- Reconfiguración de software







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#### Los diferentes tipos de laC









#### **Scripts**

```
#!/bin/bash
   # Update Package Manager
   sudo apt-get update
6
   # Install Apache
   sudo apt-get install -y apache2
9
   # Start Apache
   sudo service apache2 start
12
```



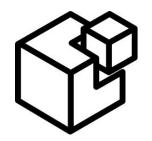








#### **Configuration management tools**







2 - hosts: apache

3 sudo: yes

4 tasks:

5 - name: install apache2

apt: name=apache2 update\_cache=yes state=latest

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#### Templating tools

```
FROM ubuntu:latest
RUN apt-get -y update && \
   apt-get install -y apache2
ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/sbin/apache2"]
CMD ["-D", "FOREGROUND"]
```













### Herramientas



#### Implementaciones IaC

Examples of "Infrastructure as Code" implementations				
vRealize Automation	Template: Target:	Cloud template  Multiple Clouds Cloud Agnostic	resources: example-vm: type: Cloud.AWS.EC2.Instance properties: image: Ubuntu-1	
AWS CloudFormation	Template: Target:		"Resources" : {     "example-vm": {         "Type": "AWS::EC2::Instance",         "Properties": {             "ImageId" {	
Azure Resource Manager	Template: Target:		"resources": [ {     "type": "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines",     "name": "example-vm",	
Terraform		Terraform configuration  Multiple Clouds	resource "aws_instance" "example-vm" {    ami = "ami-0c55b172cbfefa1f0"    instance_type = "t2.micro" }	



#### Implementaciones Configuration management

Examples of "Configuration Management" implementations					
vRealize Automation SaltStack Config	Config:	Template	nginx: service.running: - enable: True		
Puppet	Config:	Manifest	<pre>class running_service {   service { 'nginx':     ensure =&gt; 'running',   }</pre>		
Chef	Config:	Recipe	service "nginx" do supports :status => true action :start End		
Ansible	Config:	Playbook	handlers: - name: start nginx service: name: nginx state: present		

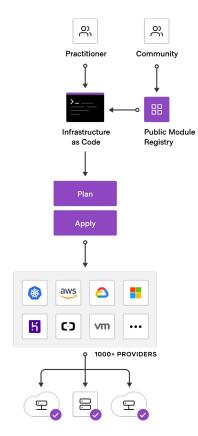


#### **Templating tools**

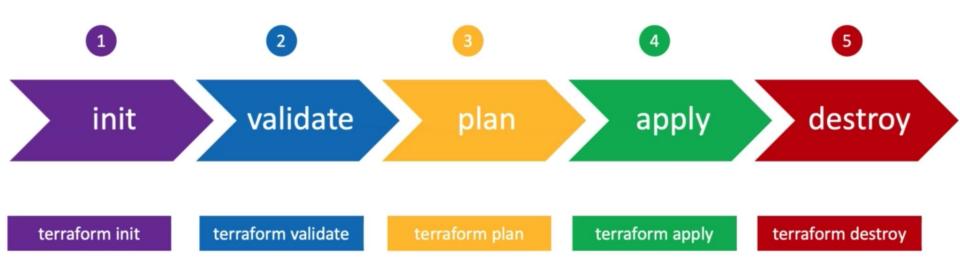
#### **Terraform**



#### ¿Por qué Terraform?



### Terraform Workflow



#### Terraform Workflow

1 3 4

#### init

#### validate

#### plan

#### apply

#### destroy

- Used to Initialize a working directory containing terraform config files
- This is the first command that should be run after writing a new Terraform configuration
- Providers

- Validates the terraform configurations files in that respective directory to ensure they are syntactically valid and internally consistent.
- Creates an execution plan
- Terraform
   performs a refresh
   and determines
   what actions are
   necessary to
   achieve the
   desired state
   specified in
- Used to apply the changes required to reach the desired state of the configuration.
- By default, apply scan s the current directory for the configuration and applies the changes appropriately.
- Used to destroy the Terraformmanaged infrastructure
- This will ask for confirmation before destroying.