

# Aeronautics Formula Sheet

compiled by Lucas Alava Peña

## 1 AIRCRAFT GEOMETRY

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Wing taper ratio} \quad \lambda &= \frac{c_t}{c_r} \\ \text{Standard mean chord (SMC)} \quad \bar{c} &= \frac{S}{b} \\ \text{Aspect ratio (AR)} \quad AR &= \frac{b}{\bar{c}} = \frac{b^2}{S} \\ \text{Mean aerodynamic chord (MAC)} \quad \bar{c} &= \frac{1}{S} \int_{-\frac{b}{2}}^{\frac{b}{2}} c^2(y) dy\end{aligned}$$

## 2 LIFT & AIRFOILS

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Lift} \quad L &= \frac{1}{2} \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2 S C_L \\ \text{Reynolds number (Re)} \quad Re &= \frac{\rho V_{\infty} c}{\mu} \\ \text{Coefficient of Lift} \quad C_L &= \frac{L}{\frac{1}{2} \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2 S} \\ \text{Coefficient of Drag} \quad C_D &= \frac{D}{\frac{1}{2} \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2 S} \\ \text{Pitching Moment Coefficient} \quad C_M &= \frac{M}{\frac{1}{2} \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2 S c} \\ \text{Coefficient of Lift} \quad C_L &= a(\alpha - \alpha_0)\end{aligned}$$

## 3 DRAG

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Coefficient of Drag (3D)} \quad C_D &= C_{D0} + K C_L^2 \\ \text{Coefficient of induced Drag (3D)} \quad C_{Di} &= \frac{C_L^2}{\pi e AR} \\ \text{Coefficient of Drag (3D)} \quad C_D &= C_{D0} + \frac{C_L^2}{\pi e AR}\end{aligned}$$

## 4 WAVE DRAG & PITCHING MOMENT

$$\begin{aligned}C_{Mac} &= C_{M0} \\ \text{aerodynamic center} \quad \frac{x_{ac}}{c} &= 0.25\end{aligned}$$

## 5 STANDARD ATMOSPHERE

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Equation of state} \quad p &= \rho RT \\ \text{Temperature} \quad T &= 288.15 - 6.5H \\ \text{Density Ratio in relation to sea level} \quad \sigma &= \frac{20 - H}{20 + H} \\ \text{Speed of sound} \quad a &= \sqrt{\gamma RT}\end{aligned}$$

## 6 AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE IN STRAIGHT & LEVEL FLIGHT

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Equivalent air speed} \quad V_E &= V \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\rho_0}} = V \sqrt{\sigma} \\ \text{Pitot-static tube} \quad p_{\text{pitot}} - p_{\text{static}} &= \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 \\ \text{Minimum Drag} \quad C_{D_{min}} &= 2C_{D0} = 2K C_L^2 \\ \text{Minimum Drag Velocity} \quad V_{MD} &= \left( \frac{2W}{\rho S} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{K}{C_{D0}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\end{aligned}$$

## 7 VARIATION OF POWER WITH SPEED & ALTITUDE

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Power} \quad P &= TV = DV \\ \text{Minimum Power Coefficient of Drag} \quad C_{D_{MP}} &= C_{D0} + 3C_{D0} = 4C_{D0} \\ \text{Minimum Power Coefficient of Lift} \quad C_{L_{MP}} &= \sqrt{3C_{D0}/K} \\ \text{Minimum Power Velocity} \quad V_{MD} &= \left( \frac{2W}{\rho S} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{K}{3C_{D0}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}\end{aligned}$$

## 8 CLIMB & GLIDE

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Gliding Lift} \quad L &= W \cos \theta \\ \text{Gliding Drag} \quad D &= W \sin \theta \\ \text{Climbing Lift} \quad L &= W \cos \theta \\ \text{Climbing} \quad T - D &= W \sin \theta\end{aligned}$$

## 9 CRUISE

$$\text{Thrust} \quad T = k T_0 \sigma^x \quad x = 1 \text{ for all altitudes except for } H > 11 \text{ km}$$

## 10 RANGE & ENDURANCE JET

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Endurance} \quad E &= \frac{1}{fg} \frac{C_L}{C_D} \ln \left( \frac{W_1}{W_2} \right) \\ \text{Range} \quad R &= \frac{V}{fg} \frac{C_L}{C_D} \ln \left( \frac{W_1}{W_2} \right)\end{aligned}$$

## 11 RANGE & ENDURANCE PROPELLER DRIVEN AC

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Endurance} \quad E_{prop} &= \frac{\eta}{fg} \frac{1}{V} \frac{C_L}{C_D} \ln \left( \frac{W_1}{W_2} \right) \\ \text{Range} \quad R_{prop} &= \frac{\eta}{fg} \frac{C_L}{C_D} \ln \left( \frac{W_1}{W_2} \right)\end{aligned}$$

## 12 PAYLOAD - RANGE

Initial Weight  $W_{initial} = W_{final} + \text{Trip fuel weight}$

Final Weight  $W_{final} = OEW + \text{Payload} + \text{Reverse Fuel}$

Range  $R = \frac{a}{fg} \left( M \frac{L}{D} \right) \ln \left( \frac{W_{initial}}{W_{final}} \right)$

## 13 MANOEUVRING FLIGHT

Load Factor  $n = \frac{L}{W}$

Corner Velocity  $V_* = \sqrt{\frac{2n_{max}W}{\rho S C_{L_{max}}}}$

Load Factor (wind gusts)  $n = \frac{\rho a_1 v}{2W/S} V + 1$

## 14 BANKED TURNS

Angle  $\cos \phi = \frac{1}{n}$

Turn Radius  $R = \frac{V^2}{g\sqrt{n^2 - 1}}$

Turn Rate  $\omega_t = \frac{g\sqrt{n^2 - 1}}{V}$

## 15 MAGIC TABLE

$C_L/C_D$ relation	Maximized when	$C_L$	$C_D$	Relates to
$C_L^{3/2}/C_D$	$C_{D0} = \frac{1}{3}C_L^2$	$\sqrt{\frac{3C_{D0}}{K}}$	$4C_{D0}$	Min Power, Min Sink Rate, Max Prop Endurance
$C_L/C_D$	$C_{D0} = KC_L^2$	$\sqrt{\frac{C_{D0}}{K}}$	$2C_{D0}$	Min drag, Min glide angle Max prop range, Max jet endurance
$C_L^{1/2}/C_D$	$C_{D0} = 3KC_L^2$	$\sqrt{\frac{C_{D0}}{3K}}$	$\frac{4}{3}C_{D0}$	Max Jet Range