# Of Affordances and Flow, a sociomaterial perspective on consumption experiences

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### Introduction

- Flow in consumption experiences has been theorized as being achieved "when a context exists that pushes individuals to near their physical and mental limits" (Celsi et al., 1993, p. 12, added emphasis).
- Cskiszentmihalyi (1974) emphasizes how flow can be achieved in a multiplicity of practices.
- Being enabled by Affordance Theory allows us to avoid purely phenomenological assessments of flow and focus on how the objects of practices constrain or enable flow instead.

#### Research Question

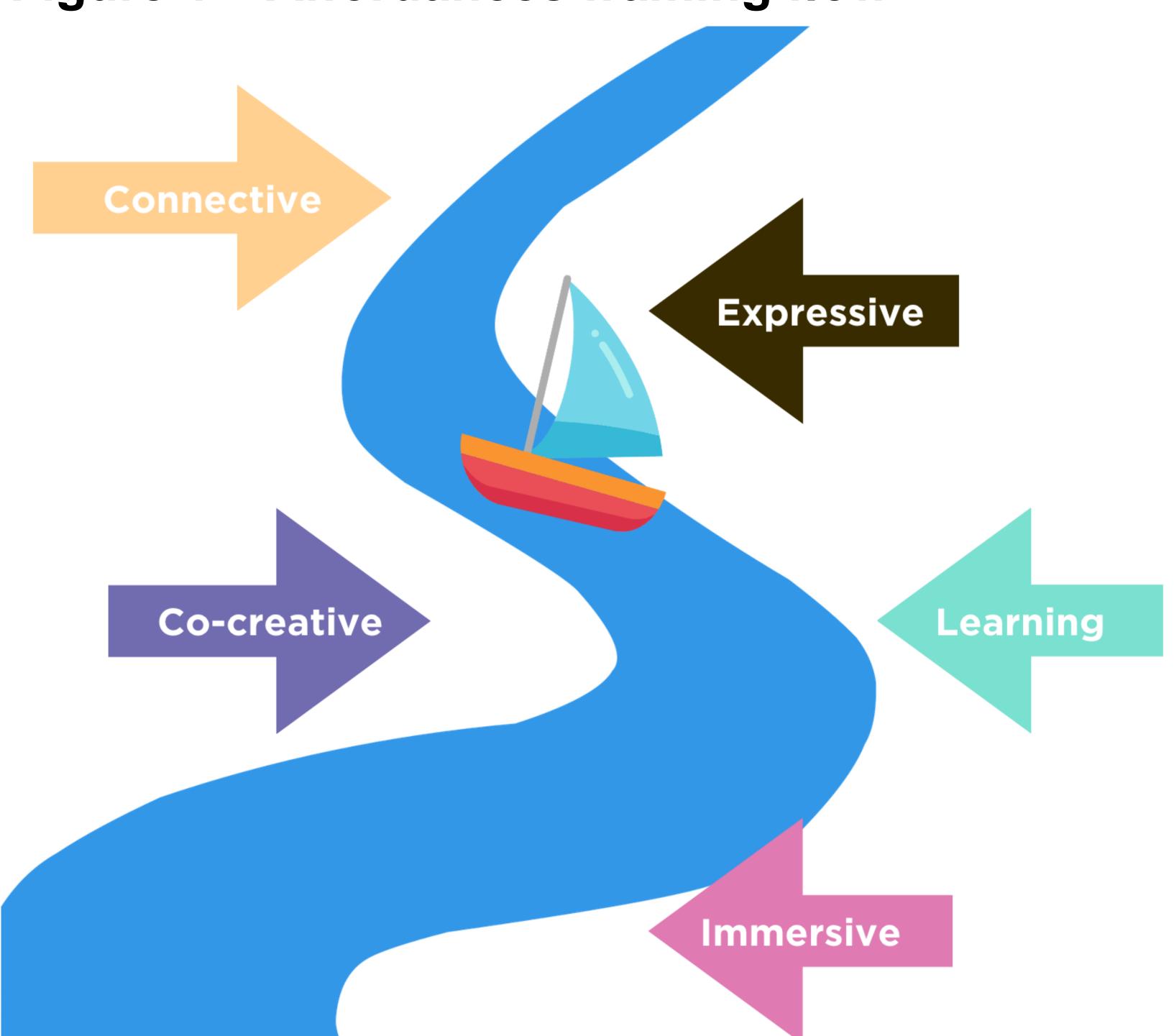
- What are the affordances that emerge in the video game experience?
- How do they enable players to achieve flow?

#### Method

- Walkthrough Method (Light et al., 2018)
- Autoethnography (Wallendorf & Brucks, 1993)
- Game Studies methods (Aarseth, 2007; Larsen
  & Walther, 2020; Schmierbach, 2009)

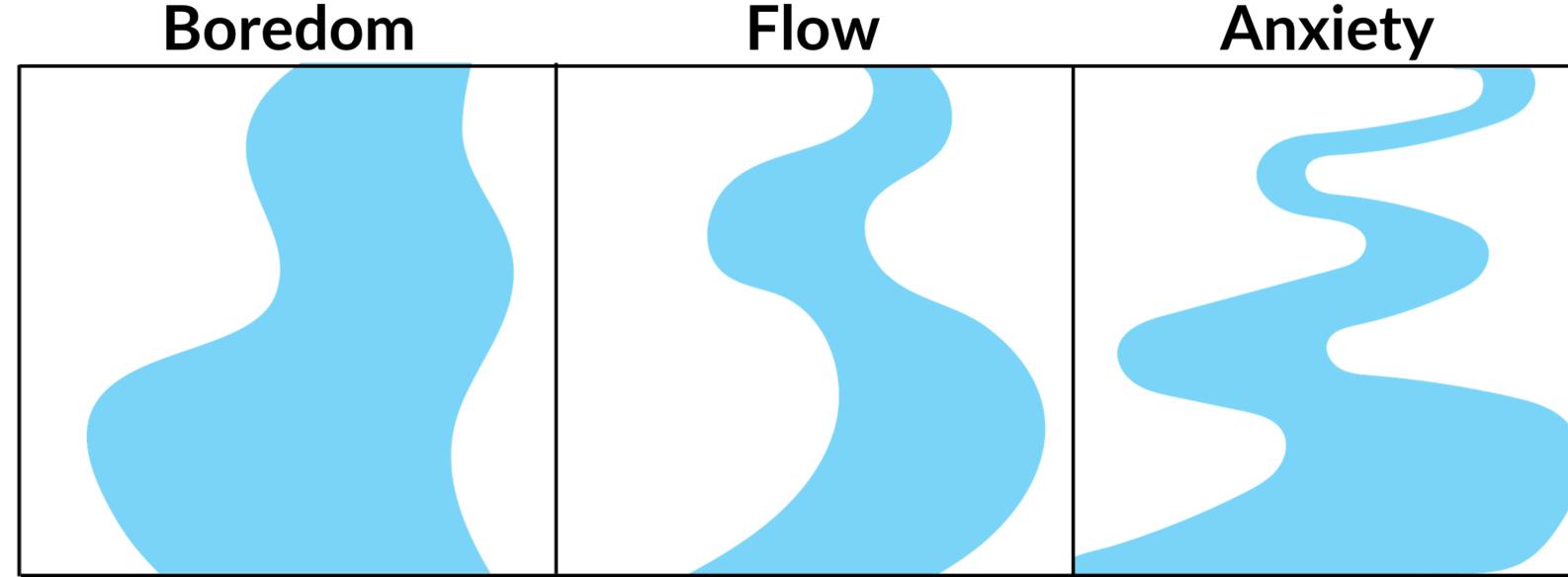
### Results

Figure 1 – Affordances framing flow



- Games can be thought of as **bundles of affordances**. We identify five affordances: **connective**, **expressive**, **co-creative**, **learning**, and **immersive**.
- The flow experience can be thought of as a river shaped by the interaction among the game's affordances and the player's skills, as seen in Figure 1.
- The player's skills are formed by the **perceptive** and **dexterous capabilities**, both previously acquired, or **built during gameplay**.

Figure 2 – Three states during gameplay



- Thus, experiences **fluctuate** between boredom, anxiety and flow **from moment to moment**, morphologically imagined as in Figure 2.
- Over time both the game changes and the player acquire skills, so that the river is in a constant state of change.

## Discussion

- Previous CCT conceptualizations steeped in a phenomenological tradition, reducing flow to a narrow set of high-risk consumption activities.
- This established rendering of flow might have resonated with CCT's earlier humanistic experientalist episteme, but it also elides how flow emerges from the interaction between an actor and a system of affordances.



