

CMC-12: Lista 11

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$$1) G_a(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+2)} \quad e \quad \begin{cases} e_{\infty, \text{rampa}} \leq 1 \\ GM \geq 6 \text{ dB} \end{cases}$$

$$\bullet e_{\infty, \text{rampa}} = \frac{1}{K_{U_0}} \rightarrow K_{U_0} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot G_a(s)$$

$$K_{U_0} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{K}{(s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{K}{2} \rightarrow e_{\infty, \text{rampa}} = \frac{2}{K} \leq 1$$

$$\underline{K \geq 2}$$

$$\bullet G_a(j\omega) = \frac{K}{(j\omega)^3 + 3(j\omega)^2 + 2(j\omega)} = \frac{K}{-3\omega^2 + j(2\omega - \omega^3)}$$

$$\angle G_a(j\omega_{CG}) = -180^\circ \rightarrow 2\omega - \omega^3 = 0 \rightarrow \omega_{CG} = \sqrt{2} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$|G_a(j\omega_{CG})| = \left| \frac{K}{-3 \cdot 2} \right| = \frac{K}{6} \rightarrow \underline{GM = \frac{6}{K}}$$

$$GM_{dB} \geq 6 \text{ dB} \Rightarrow GM \geq 10^{\frac{6}{20}} \rightarrow \frac{6}{K} \geq 10^{\frac{6}{20}}$$

$$K \leq \frac{6}{10^{\frac{6}{20}}} \rightarrow K \leq 3,0071. \text{ Logo:}$$

$$\underline{2 \leq K \leq 3,0071}$$

2) Sem o Lag: $G_a(s) = \frac{54}{(s+2)(s+3)} \cdot \alpha$

$$G_f(s) = \frac{54}{s^2 + 5s + 6} \Rightarrow e_{\infty} = 1 - G_f(0) = 1 - \frac{9}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$|G_a(j\omega_{cp})| = 1 \rightarrow \left| \frac{54}{6 - \omega^2 + 5j\omega} \right| = 1 \rightarrow 54^2 = (6 - \omega^2)^2 + 25\omega^2$$

$$54^2 = 36 - 12\omega^2 + \omega^4 + 25\omega^2 \rightarrow \omega^4 + 13\omega^2 - 2890 = 0$$

$$\omega_{cp} = 6,8962 \text{ rad/s} \downarrow$$

Com o Lag: $G(s) = \alpha \frac{(Ts + 1)}{(\alpha Ts + 1)} \cdot \beta = -\frac{1}{T} = -\frac{\omega_{cp}}{10}$

$$T = 1,4501 \downarrow \quad e_{\infty}' = \frac{e_{\infty}}{2} = \frac{1}{20} = 1 - G_f'(0)$$

$$0,05 = 1 - \frac{54 \cdot (10)}{6 + 54(10)} = 1 - \frac{542}{6 + 542} = \frac{6}{6 + 542}$$

$$6 + 542 = 120 \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{114}{54} = 2,1111$$

$$3) G(s) = \frac{1}{Ls + R}, C(s) = \frac{K(s - z)}{s(s - p)} \quad \begin{cases} e_{ss, \text{rampa}} \leq 0,05 \\ \omega_b \geq 15 \text{ rad/s} \\ PM \geq 50^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$G_a(s) = \frac{C(s)}{Ls + R} \quad \text{e} \quad G_f(s) = \frac{C(s)}{Ls + R + C(s)}$$

$$\bullet e_{ss, \text{rampa}} = \frac{1}{K_{v0}} \rightarrow K_{v0} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot G_a(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s \cdot C(s)}{Ls + R}$$

$$K_{v0} = \frac{Kz}{R \cdot p} \quad \left| \rightarrow \frac{R \cdot p}{Kz} \leq 0,05 \rightarrow Kz \geq 20p \right|$$

$$\bullet |G_f(j\omega_b)| = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} G_f(0) \rightarrow G_f(s) = \frac{K(s - z)}{Ls^3 + (R - pL)s^2 + (K - pR)s - Kz}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left| \frac{K \cdot (j\omega - z)}{\omega^2 pL - \omega^2 R - Kz + j\omega(K - pR - L\omega^2)} \right| = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 1$$

$$2 \cdot K^2 \cdot (z^2 + \omega^2) = (\omega^2(pL - R) - Kz)^2 + \omega^2(K - pR - L\omega^2)^2$$

$$\omega = 15 \text{ rad/s} \rightarrow \text{outro lim inferior } p/K.$$

$$\bullet PM \geq 50^\circ \Rightarrow 180^\circ + \angle G_a(j\omega_{cp}) \geq 50^\circ$$

4) Função de transferência final:

$$G_f(s) = \frac{(K_p + K_d \cdot s)/m}{s^2 + \frac{(b + K_d)}{m}s + \frac{K_p}{m}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \omega_n = 2\pi \\ \xi = 0,7 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{K_p}{m} = \omega_n^2 \text{ e } \frac{b + K_d}{m} = 2\xi\omega_n$$

$$G_a(s) = \frac{(K_p + K_d \cdot s)/m}{s(s + b/m)} \Rightarrow |G_a(j\omega_{cp})| = 1$$

$$\left| \frac{K_p + K_d \cdot j\omega}{j\omega(j\omega \cdot m + b)} \right| = 1 \rightarrow K_p^2 + K_d^2 \omega^2 = \omega^2(b^2 + m^2 \omega^2)$$

$$m^2 \omega^4 + \omega^2(b^2 - K_d^2) - K_p^2 = 0$$

$$\omega^4 + \omega^2 \left(\frac{b^2 - K_d^2}{m^2} \right) - \frac{K_p^2}{m^2} = 0 \Rightarrow \omega_{cp} = 9,6549 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\text{Atrass} = \left(\frac{T_{om}}{2} + \tau \right) = \left(\frac{0,1}{2} + 0,05 \right) = 0,1 \text{ s}$$

$$\Delta PM = \text{Atrass} \cdot \omega_{cp} \Rightarrow \Delta PM = 0,96549 \text{ rad}$$

$$\Delta PM(^{\circ}) = 55,3185^{\circ}$$

$$5) \quad \Omega = \frac{z}{T} \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right)$$

$$F_m(\Omega) = \frac{\omega_m^2}{\Omega^2 + 2\xi\omega_m\Omega + \omega_m^2}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{\omega_m^2}{\frac{z^2}{T^2} \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right)^2 + 2\xi\omega_m \cdot \frac{z}{T} \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right) + \omega_m^2}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{\omega_m^2 \cdot T^2 \cdot (z+1)^2}{4(z-1)^2 + 4\xi\omega_m \cdot (z-1)(z+1)T + \omega_m^2 \cdot T^2 (z+1)^2}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{\omega_m^2 \cdot T^2 \cdot (z^2 + 2z + 1)}{z^2(\omega_m^2 T^2 + 4\xi\omega_m T + 4) + z(2T^2\omega_m^2 - 8) + (\omega_m^2 T^2 - 4\xi\omega_m T + 4)}$$

$$\Rightarrow D(z) \cdot U(z) = N(z) \cdot E(z)$$

$$D(z) = \overbrace{(\omega_m^2 T^2 + 4\xi\omega_m T + 4)}^D + (2T^2\omega_m^2 - 8)z^{-1} + (\omega_m^2 T^2 - 4\xi\omega_m T + 4)z^{-2}$$

$$N(z) = \omega_m^2 T^2 \cdot (1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2})$$

$$u[k] = \left[\omega_m^2 T^2 \cdot (e[k] + 2e[k-1] + e[k-2]) + (2T^2\omega_m^2 - 8)u[k-1] + (\omega_m^2 T^2 - 4\xi\omega_m T + 4)u[k-2] \right]$$

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