10132 File Fragmentation

Your friend, a biochemistry major, tripped while carrying a tray of computer files through the lab. All of the files fell to the ground and broke. Your friend picked up all the file fragments and called you to ask for help putting them back together again.

Fortunately, all of the files on the tray were identical, all of them broke into exactly two fragments, and all of the file fragments were found. Unfortunately, the files didn't all break in the same place, and the fragments were completely mixed up by their fall to the floor.

You've translated the original binary fragments into strings of ASCII 1's and 0's, and you're planning to write a program to determine the bit pattern the files contained.

Input

?The input begins with a single positive integer on a line by itself indicating the number of the cases following, each of them as described below. This line is followed by a blank line, and there is also a blank line between two consecutive inputs.

Input will consist of a sequence of "file fragments", one per line, terminated by the end-of-file marker. Each fragment consists of a string of ASCII 1's and 0's.

Output

For each test case, the output must follow the description below. The outputs of two consecutive cases will be separated by a blank line.

Output is a single line of ASCII 1's and 0's giving the bit pattern of the original files. If there are 2N fragments in the input, it should be possible to concatenate these fragments together in pairs to make N copies of the output string. If there is no unique solution, any of the possible solutions may be output.

Your friend is certain that there were no more than 144 files on the tray, and that the files were all less than 256 bytes in size.

Sample Input

1

011

0111

01110

111

0111 10111

Sample Output

01110111



10082 WERTYU

A common typing error is to place the hands on the keyboard one row to the right of the correct position. So 'Q' is typed as 'W' and 'J' is typed as 'K' and so on. You are to decode a message typed in this manner.



Input

Input consists of several lines of text. Each line may contain digits, spaces, upper case letters (except Q, A, Z), or punctuation shown above [except back-quote (`)]. Keys labelled with words [Tab, BackSp, Control, etc.] are not represented in the input.

Output

You are to replace each letter or punction symbol by the one immediately to its left on the 'QWERTY' keyboard shown above. Spaces in the input should be echoed in the output.

Sample Input

O S, GOMR YPFSU/

Sample Output

I AM FINE TODAY.