

# Unit 09c: More Autonomous Behaviour

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## Introduction

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We now have a rudimentary enemy turret. Next, we're going to look at making an enemy that moves around!

## Goal

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To make an enemy that pursues the player while shooting at it.

## Process

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### Create a tank

The next type of enemy we are going to make is a tank. It will pursue the player around the level. It will also shoot projectiles that will damage the player.

1. In your Hierarchy, create a new empty GameObject and call it `Tank`. Create the following hierarchy within it:
2. Tank (empty gameObject)
  - Body (Cube)
    - Turret (Cube)
      - Barrel (Cube)
        - Nozzle (empty gameObject)

Feel free to add materials, etc.

### Moving the tank, first pass

We're now going to start to add some behaviour. We're going to reuse the `Radar` script from the Turret, so the Tank only starts attacking when the player is in range.

1. To the top-most `Tank` object, add a `SphereCollider` and the `EnemyRadar` script. Set the `SphereCollider` to be a `Trigger`, and the radius to 6.

If you test the game, the Tank should rotate to look at the player when the player is in range. Neat!

Next we're simply going to make the Tank move forward – which, because we're already aiming at the player, means it'll go after the player.

1. Create a new script on the `Tank` called `TankMovement`, and open it in the editor.
2. We need to hook the movement script up with the `EnemyRadar` script, just like we did with the `TurretAttack` script:

```
public class TankMovement : MonoBehaviour
{
    public EnemyRadar radar;

    // Start is called before the first frame update
    void Start()
    {
        radar = GetComponent<EnemyRadar>();
    }
}
```

Test, and check that the `radar` field in the editor gets filled out when you play the game.

Now let's do something with this connection!

1. In the `Update` function, we're going to check if the radar is active, and if so, move forward:

```
// Update is called once per frame
void Update()
{
    if (radar.isActive)
    {
        transform.Translate(Vector3.forward);
    }
}
```

Test the game, and move the player close to the Tank. Notice how the Tank moves towards the player... possibly too quickly. Let's fix that.

Remember that the `Update` function runs every redraw, which has inconsistent speed depending on the speed of the computer. We're going to even this out with the classic `Time.deltaTime` trick. Remember this trick.

1. Change the code to:

```
transform.Translate(Vector3.forward * Time.deltaTime);
```

Better! We're being chased now, without being overrun every frame. Let's get some control over the Tank's speed.

1. Add a new class variable:

```
public class TankMovement : MonoBehaviour
{
    public EnemyRadar radar;
    public float translateSpeed = 4f;
```

1. And modify the movement to use it:

```
transform.Translate(Vector3.forward * Time.deltaTime * translateSpeed);
```

Alright! We have the Tank following the player, and we can control its speed.

## Making the Tank shoot

Now that we have the Tank moving, let's make it shoot too.

Just to make it work for now, we can reuse the TurretAttack script – after all, it does everything we need! The reason we might want to make a different script is if we ever want to significantly change the functionality. For now, it's good.

1. Add a **TurretAttack** script to the **Tank**. Drag the **Nozzle** from the **Tank** object into the Nozzle slot. Drag the **EnemyBullet** prefab into the prefab slot. Set the ReloadTime to 0.2.

Now the Tank also shoots at us! Superb. But, just like the Turret, it is impossible to destroy. Let's fix that too.

1. Add a **Health** script to the **Tank**.

If, when you test, the Tank starts losing health even without being hit, it probably means that the **EnemyBullet** prefab is set to collide with the **Enemy**. You can fix that in the **Edit > Project Settings...** menu. Make sure there is no check in the intersection between **EnemyBullet** and **Enemy**:

	Pickups	EnemyBullet	Enemy	PlayerBullet	Player	UI	Water	Ignore Raycast	TransparentFX	Default
Pickups	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
EnemyBullet	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enemy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PlayerBullet	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Player	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Ignore Raycast	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
TransparentFX	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Default	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Now we need to get rid of the Tank when it loses all of its health. For now, we can just use the `TurretDeath` script.

1. Add a `TurretDeath` script to the `Tank` .

We now have a decent working Tank enemy, that chases us and shoots at us.

The main issue is that the Tank does not take the enironment into consideration. It will drive into walls, without any thought of going around them. They're currently pretty basic. Let's go deeper.

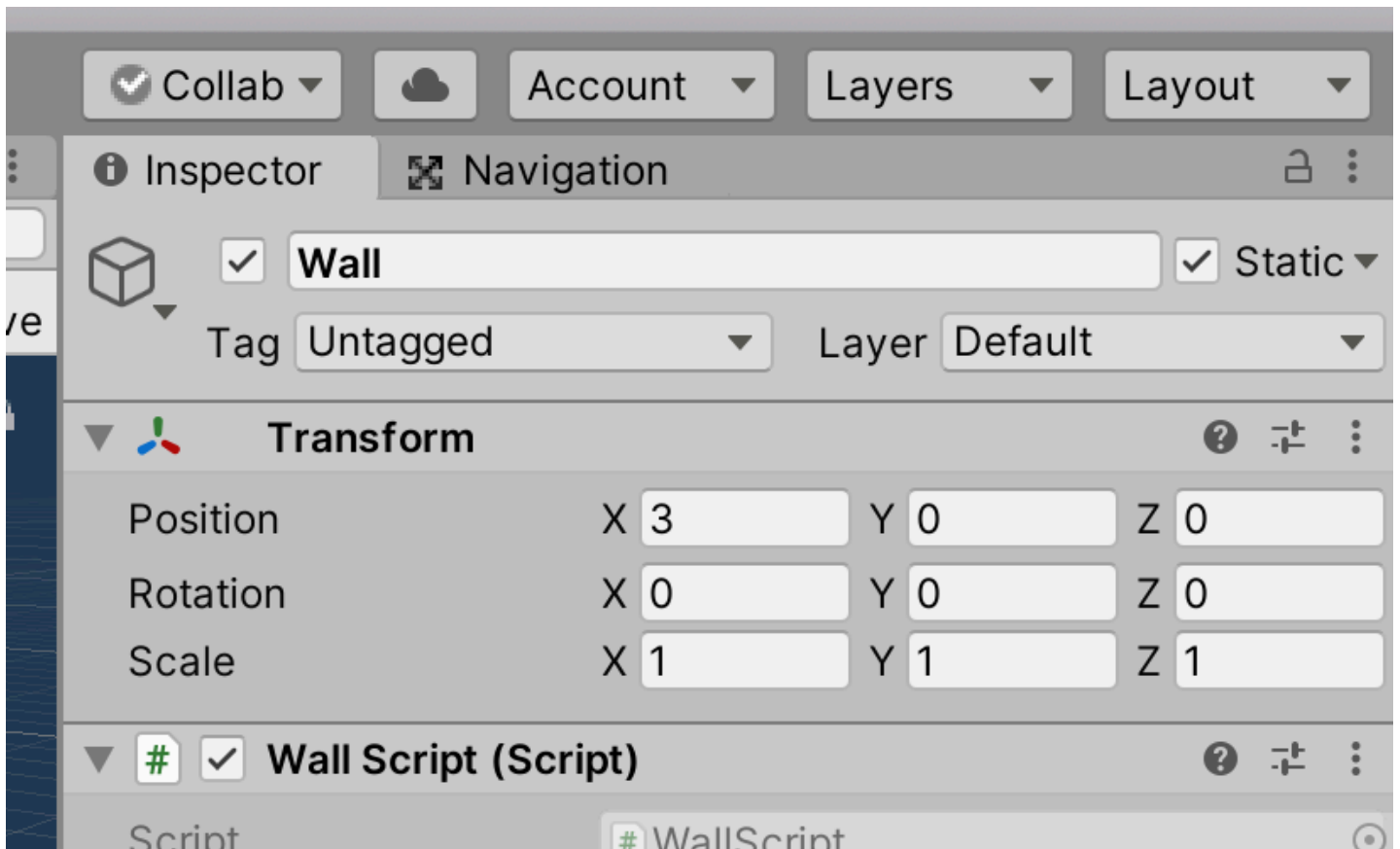
## Moving the tank, second pass

### Setting up the scene

The next section will be quite involved. Don't be put off! Ask questions! But, ultimately, if you want to stick with the basic movement, you can.

Let's take care of some general housekeeping, before we get to the details. If you still have a `WallMakerObject` in your scene, either disable it or delete it. It'll make things screwy (that's a technical term). Next, if you haven't already, create many walls in between your Tank and your player. Use the prefab `Wall` , as we need to make some small changes to it.

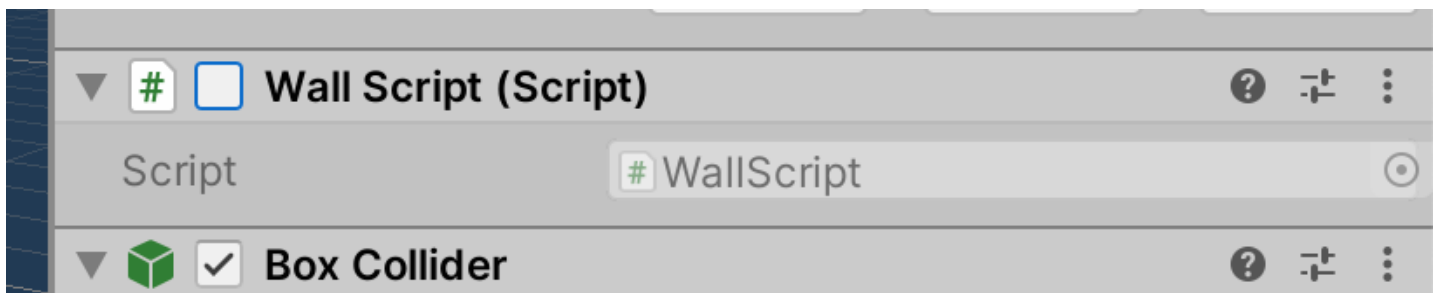
1. Open your `Wall` prefab. **Important:** make sure you're opening the prefab for editing, and not just changing an instance of the Wall.
2. At the top right of the Inspector, set the `Wall` to be **static**:



If it asks if you want to change all the children, do so.

By setting the Wall to static, it means it will not move during gameplay, so the navigation can be baked in around it before the game starts.

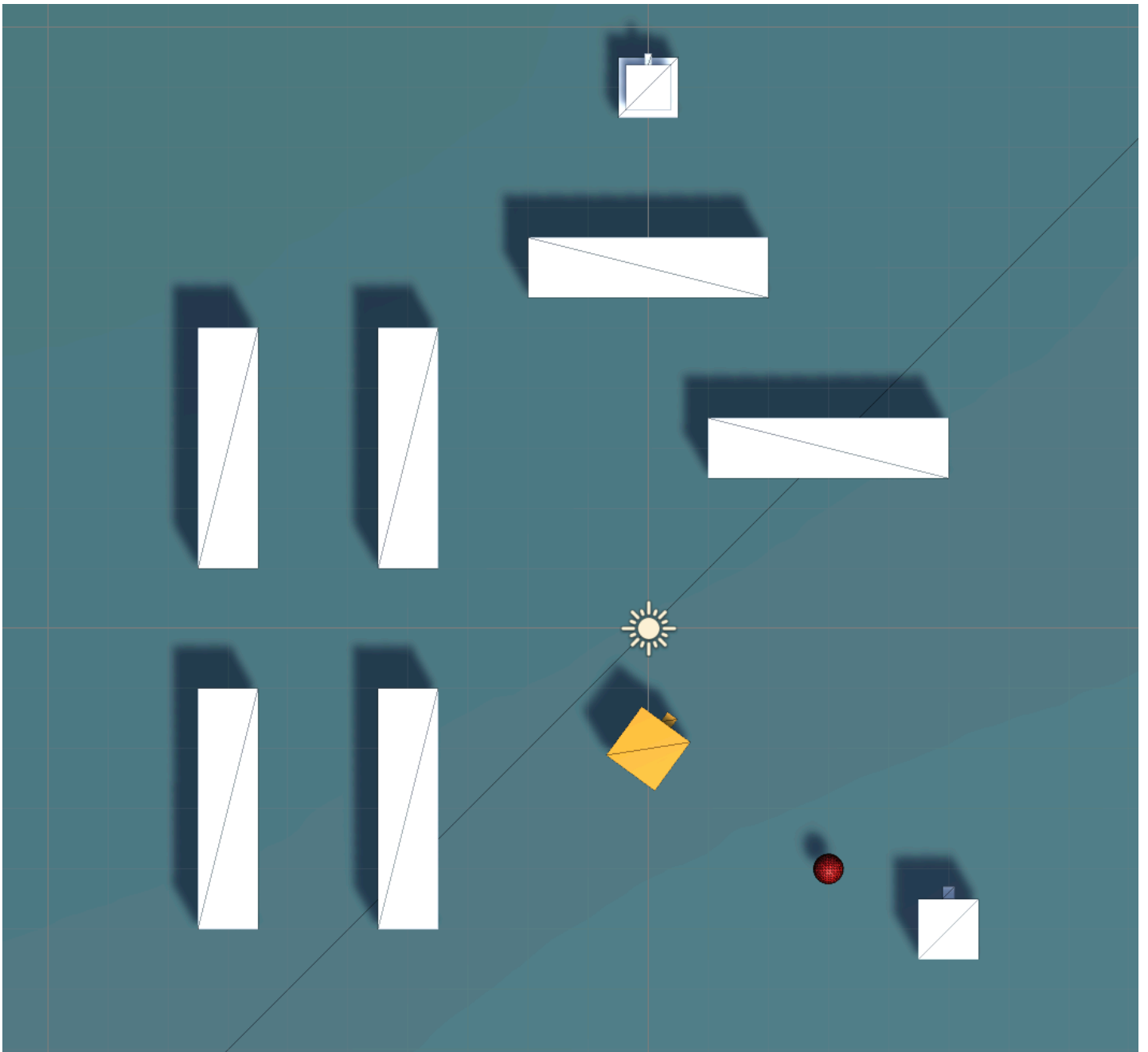
1. Disable the `WallScript` , if you have one, by unchecking the checkbox next to the name:



Our walls will no longer be destroyable for now.

1. Lastly, set the `Floor` (or `Plane` depending in how it's named) to static as well.

My little level will look like this:

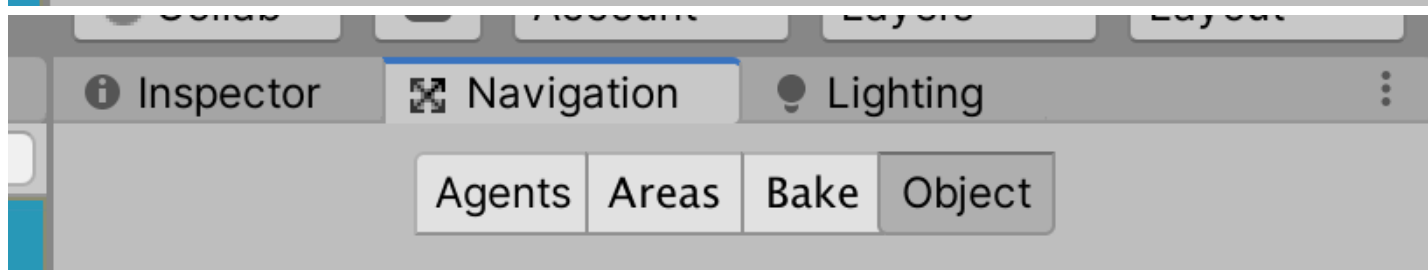
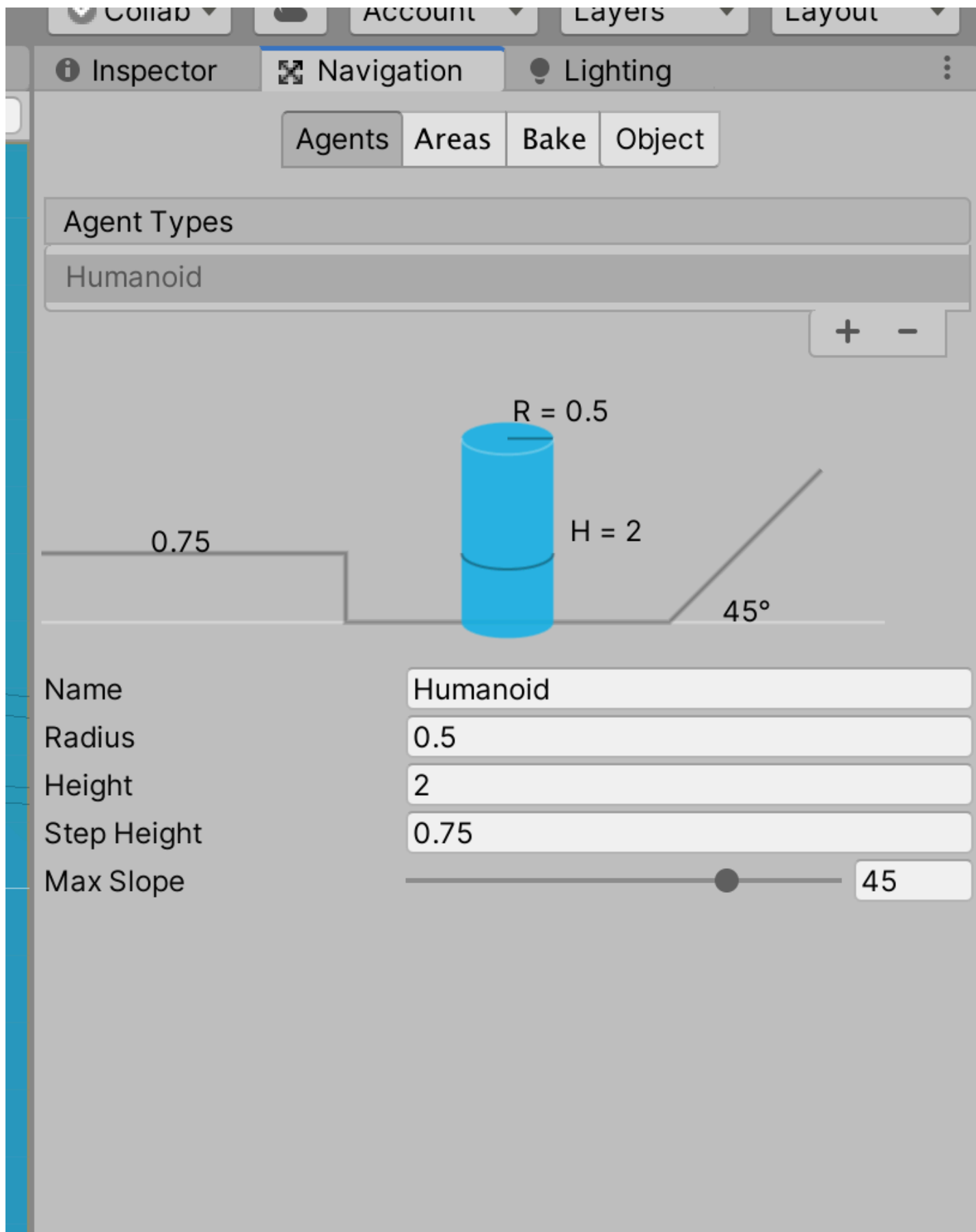


## Creating the NavMesh

Next, we're going to create a **NavMesh**. This is an invisible representation of the traversable areas of your level. It gets generated outside of gameplay, and applied to any horizontal surface. It compensates for any static objects, so autonomous agents can avoid them.

1. First, we need to open the Navigation panel, located at **Window > AI > Navigation**. It might pop up in the same spot as your Inspector, and may look like (depending on the selected tab):







Scene Filter:



Mesh Renderers



Terrains

[Learn instead about the component workflow.](#)



**Floor (Mesh Renderer)**

Navigation Static



Generate OffMeshLinks

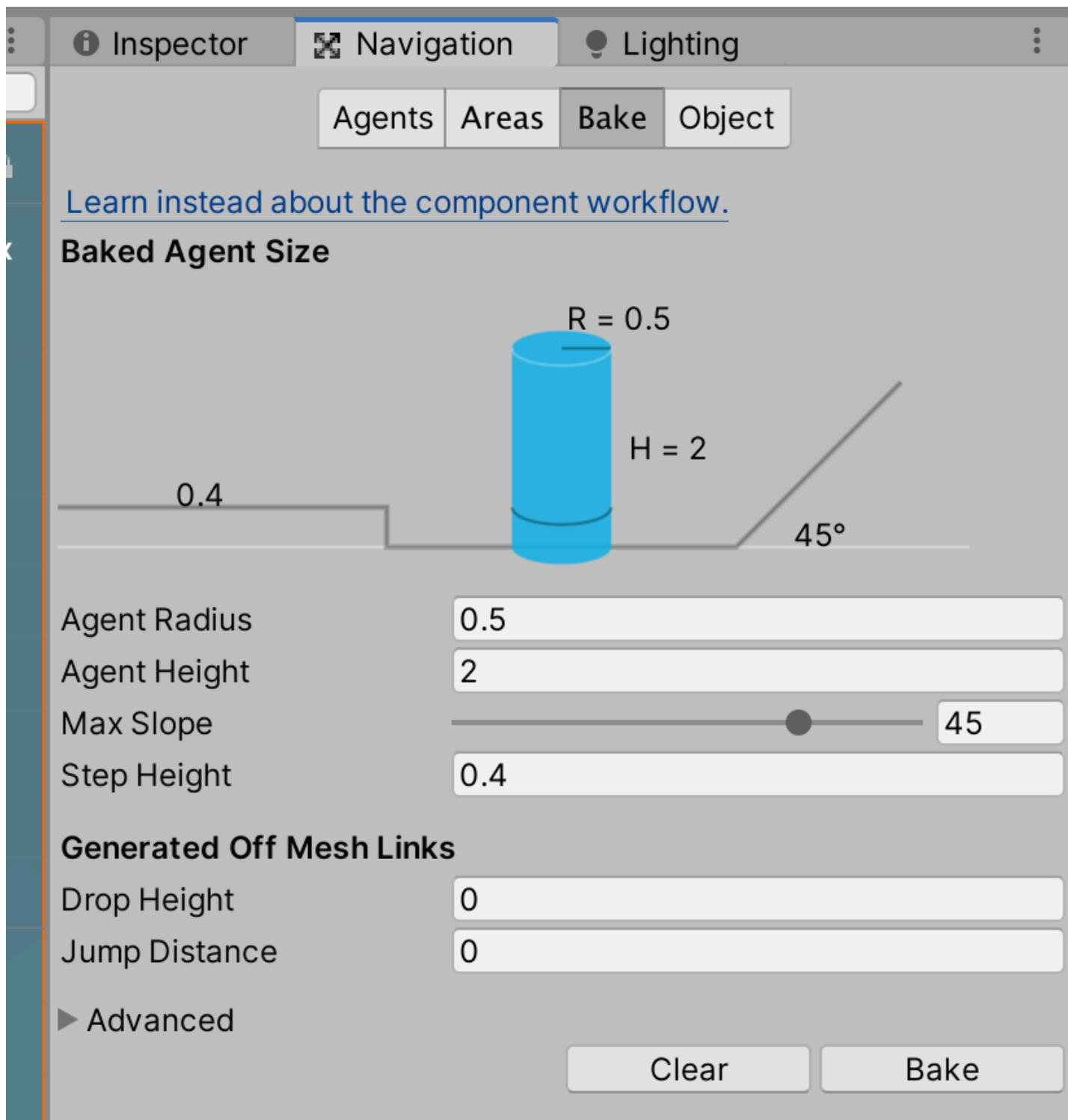


Navigation Area

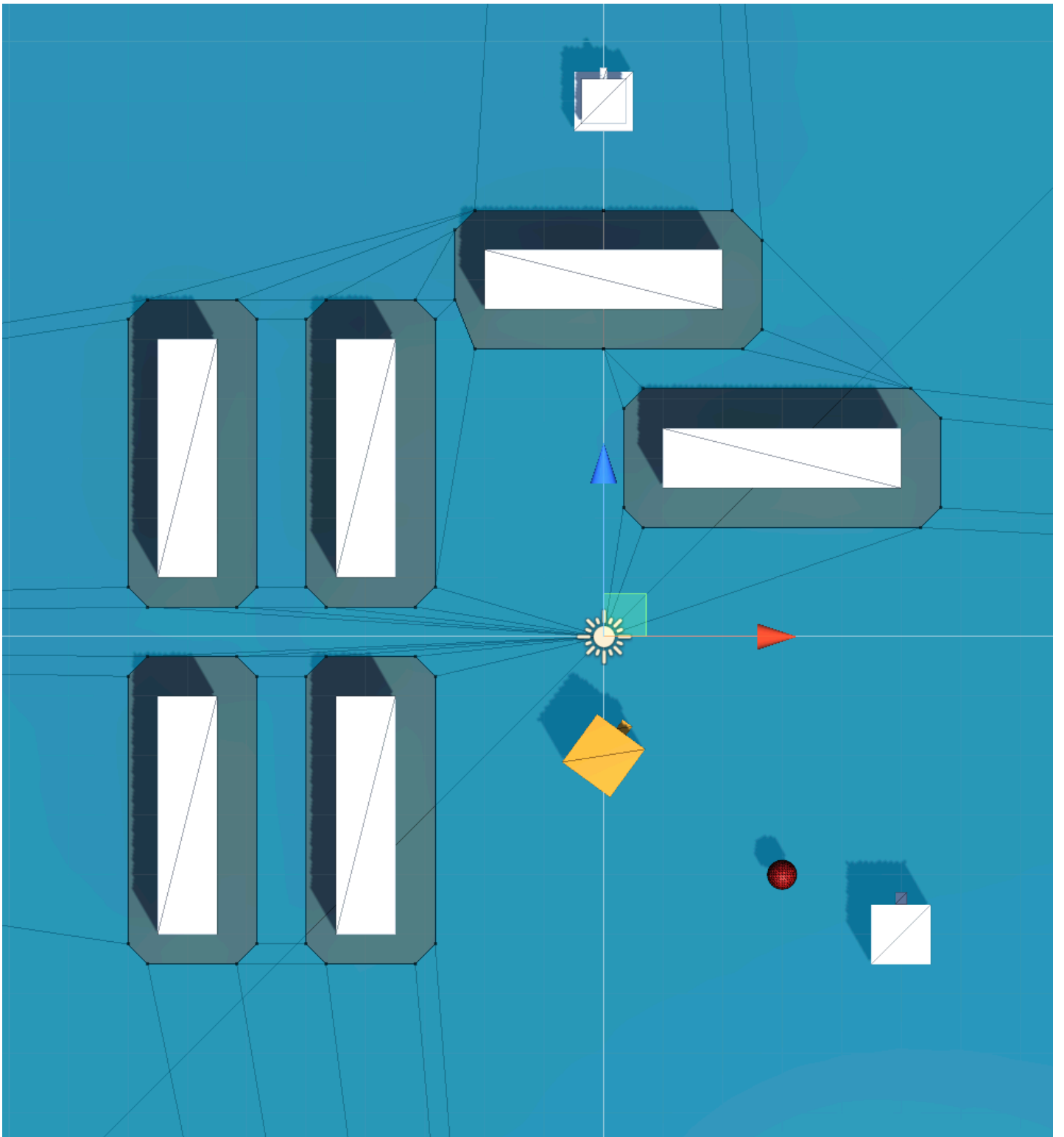
Walkable



1. In the Hierarchy, select the `Floor`. Then, in the Navigation panel, select the Bake tab and click the Bake button (awkward naming).



After a short moment, my `Floor` now looks like this:



The light areas are traversable, and the dark areas near the walls are not. Neat!

Now we have a NavMesh, a representation of the traversable areas of the level. Next, we need to make the Tank pay attention to this NavMesh, and move around within its boundaries.

## Upgrading the Tank

This is the fun bit. We have two things to do: add a NavMeshAgent to the Tank, and write some code.

1. Select the `Tank` gameObject, and click the **Add Component** button at the bottom on the Inspector. In the menu, add a **NavMeshAgent**.

A NavMeshAgent is a component that interacts with the NavMesh.

1. Open the `TankMovement` script in the editor.
2. Add a new class variable:

```
public class TankMovement : MonoBehaviour
{
    public EnemyRadar radar;
    public float translateSpeed = 10f;
    public bool useNavMesh;
```

1. Now we can add a conditional to switch between using the NavMesh or not:

```
void Update()
{
    if (radar.isActive)
    {
        if (useNavMesh)
        {
        }
        else
        {
            transform.Translate(Vector3.forward * Time.deltaTime * translateSpeed);
        }
    }
}
```

Check to see if the code compiles. When you play the game, you'll still be using the old code. Now we've got that nice little gap to take care of. Before we do, let's talk about the NavMeshAgent. The NavMeshAgent uses an algorithm called *A\** to perform pathfinding from where the agent currently is to a set destination. It's a common game algorithm, used very frequently.

1. First, we're going to get the NavMeshAgent in our code:

```
if (useNavMesh)
{
    var agent = GetComponent<NavMeshAgent>();
```

Here we're using the `var` keyword. This is a useful shorthand we can use *inside* of methods, where we don't always need to specify variable types. If you'd like to use `NavMeshAgent agent` instead, that's okay too.

1. Now we can set the destination of the NavMeshAgent. In this case, we'll grab the player's location from the `EnemyRadar` code:

```
if (useNavMesh)
{
    var agent = GetComponent<NavMeshAgent>();
    agent.destination = radar.player.transform.position;
}
```

This isn't the best solution, as if we decide to not attach a Radar, we won't have the player. In that case, we'd have to get the player here, in the same way we did in the Radar.

1. Back in the editor, make sure you check the `UseNavMesh` checkbox.

Try the code. Hopefully, when you get close enough, the Tank will navigate around walls to get close to the player.

Take a look at the `NavMeshAgent` component properties. There's a lot there – make sure to read the docs to get more information.

## Complete Code

```
public class TankMovement : MonoBehaviour
{
    public EnemyRadar radar;
    public float translateSpeed = 10f;
    public bool useNavMesh;

    // Start is called before the first frame update
    void Start()
    {
        radar = GetComponent<EnemyRadar>();
    }

    // Update is called once per frame
    void Update()
    {
        if (radar.isActive)
        {
            if (useNavMesh)
            {
                var agent = GetComponent<NavMeshAgent>();
                agent.destination = radar.player.transform.position;
            }
            else
            {
                transform.Translate(Vector3.forward * Time.deltaTime * translateSpeed);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

## Wrap-Up

In this unit, we tried two different techniques to make the Tank move. The `NavMeshAgent` allows for some quite sophisticated movement around a complex map.

Going forward, you should take a look at the other classes of the Unity Navigation, including `NavMeshObstacle`, which might help with our Turrets... after they are destroyed.

## Further Material

- 
- [Unity Manual on NavMeshAgents](#)
  - [Unity Manual on NavMeshObstacle](#)