$$W = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\begin{array}{c} 2 & 0 \\ b & 2a \end{array} \right) ; a,b \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \subset \mathcal{M}_{4 \times 2} \\ A_1 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ b_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_2 & 0 \\ b_2 & 2a_2 \end{array} \right) \\ A_2 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 + a_2 & 0 \\ b_1 + b_2 & 2(a_1 + a_2) \end{array} \right) \in \mathbb{W} \\ A_3 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ b_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_2 & 0 \\ b_2 & 2a_2 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 + a_2 & 0 \\ b_1 + b_2 & 2(a_1 + a_2) \end{array} \right) \in \mathbb{W} \\ A_4 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ b_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & b_1 & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) \in \mathbb{W} \\ A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & b_1 & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & b_1 & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) \in \mathbb{W} \\ A_7 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) \\ A_7 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) \\ A_7 = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & 0 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & c & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} a_1 & a_1 \\ c & a_1 & 2a_1 \end{array}$$

$$3 - \beta = \left\{ (-2,1), (1,1) \right\} \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$$

$$a(-2,1) + b(1,1) = (0,0)$$

$$(-2a,a) + (b,b) = (0,0)$$

$$(-2a+b,a+b) = (0,0)$$

$$\left\{ -2a+b=0 \right\} = \begin{cases} -2/a+b=0 \\ 2a+b=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 3b=0 \\ 3a+2b=0 \end{cases}$$

Seya
$$(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$$

 $(x,y) = a(-2,1) + b(1,1)$
 $(x,y) = (-2a,a) + (b,b)$
 $(x,y) = (-2a+b, a+b)$
 $-2a+b=x$
 $a+b=y$ => $\begin{cases} -3a+b=x\\ 3a+2b=2y \end{cases}$ => $3b=x+2y$
 $b=\frac{x+2y}{3}$
 $a=y-b$
 $a=y-\left(\frac{x+2y}{3}\right)$
 $a=\frac{3y-x-2y}{3}$ => $a=\frac{y-x}{3}$

Logo
$$(x_1y) = \frac{y-x}{3}(-z_1) + \frac{x+2y}{3}(1_17)$$

$$(\gamma,4) = \frac{4-1}{3} \cdot (-2,1) + \frac{1+8}{3} (1,1)$$

$$(1,4) = 1 \cdot (-2,1) + 3 \cdot (1,1)$$

$$(3,4) = (-2,1) + (3,3)$$

$$(1,4) = (1,4)$$

$$a(1,1,1) + b(-1,1,0) + c(2,0,-2) = (0,0,0)$$

$$(a,2,2) + (-b,b,0) + (2c,0,-2c) = (0,0,0)$$

$$(a-b+2c,a+b,a-2c) = (0,0,0)$$

$$a-b+2c=0 \longrightarrow 2-(2)+(2)$$

$$a+b=0 \implies b=-2$$

$$a-2c=0 \implies c=\frac{2}{2}$$

$$2a+2\frac{2}{2}=0$$

$$\frac{6a}{2}=0 \longrightarrow 2=0$$

$$\frac{6z}{z} = 0 \implies z = 0$$

$$(x,y,z) = a(1,1,1) + b(-1,1,0) + c(2,0,-2)$$

$$(x,y,z) = (a,a,a) + (-b,b,0) + (2c,0,-2c)$$

$$B_1 \in Q.i.$$

$$\begin{cases} a - b + 2c = x & \longrightarrow & a - (y-2) + x \cdot \left(\frac{-2+a}{x}\right) = x \\ a + b = y \rightarrow b = y-a & a - y + a = z + a = x \\ a - 2c = z \rightarrow c = \frac{-z+a}{2} & 3a - y - z = x \end{cases}$$

$$b = y - (\underbrace{x+y+z}_{3})$$

$$b = \underbrace{3y-x-y-z}_{3}$$

$$3z = x + y + z$$

$$3z = x + y + z$$

$$C = -z + \frac{x + y + z}{3} \rightarrow c = \frac{-2z + x + y}{3} \rightarrow c = \frac{-2z + x + y}{6}$$

$$(x_{1}y_{1}z) = \frac{x+y+z}{3} \cdot (y_{1}y_{1}z) + \frac{2y-x-z}{3} \cdot (-1,y_{1}z) + (-\frac{2z+x+y}{6}) \cdot (2,0,-z)$$

$$(7,1,1) = \frac{7+1+1}{3} \cdot (9,1,1) + \frac{2-7-1}{3} \cdot (-1,1,0) + \left(\frac{-2+7+1}{6}\right) \cdot (2,0,-2)$$

$$(7,1,1) = 3 \cdot (1,1,1) + (-3) \cdot (-1,1,0) + 1 \cdot (2,0,-2)$$