## CS246—Assignment 1 (Winter 2017)

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Due Date 1: Friday, January 13, 5pm Due Date 2: Wednesday, January 18, 5pm

## Questions 1 and 2 are due on Due Date 1; the remainder of the assignment is due on Due Date 2.

- 1. Provide a Unix command line to accomplish each of the following tasks. Your answer in each subquestion should consist of a single command or pipeline of commands, with no separating semicolons (;). (Please verify before submitting that your solution consists of a single line. Use wc for this.) Before beginning this question, familiarize yourself with the Unix commands outlined on the Unix handout. Keep in mind that some commands have options not listed on the sheet, so you may need to examine some man pages. Note that some tasks refer to a file myfile.txt. No myfile.txt is given. You should create your own for testing.
  - (a) Print the 10th through 25th words (including the 10th and 25th words) in /usr/share/dict/words. You may take advantage of the fact that the words in this file are each on a separate line.
    - Place your command pipeline in the file alqla.txt.
  - (b) Print the (non-hidden) contents of the current directory in reverse order. Place your command pipeline in the file alq1b.txt.
  - (c) Print the total number of characters in the first 10 lines from the text file myfile.txt that are at least 20 characters long.

    Place your command pipeline in the file alq1c.txt.
  - (d) Print the first line that contains the string cs246 from the text file myfile.txt. Place your command pipeline in the file alqld.txt.
  - (e) Print the number of lines in the text file myfile.txt that contain the string linux.student.cs.uwaterloo.ca where each letter could be either uppercase or lowercase. Place your command pipeline in the file alqle.txt.
  - (f) Print all (non-hidden) files in any *subdirectory* of the current directory that end with .c (immediate subdirectories only, not subdirectories of subdirectories). Do not use find. Place your command pipeline in the file alq1f.txt.
  - (g) Out of the first 20 lines of myfile.txt, how many contain at least one digit? Place the command pipeline that prints this number in the file alq1g.txt.
  - (h) Print all (non-hidden) files in the current directory that start with a, contain at least one b, and end with .c. Place your command pipeline in the file alq1h.txt.
  - (i) Print a listing, in long form, of all non-hidden entries (files, directories, etc.) in the current directory that are executable by at least one of owner, group, other (the other permission bits could be anything). Do not attempt to solve this problem with find. Place your command pipeline in the file alqli.txt.

- 2. For each of the following text search criteria, provide a regular expression that matches the criterion, suitable for use with egrep. Your answer in each case should be a text file that contains just the regular expression, on a single line (again, use wc to verify this). If your pattern contains special characters, enclose it in quotes.
  - (a) Lines that contain both cs246 and cs247. Place your answer in the file alg2a.txt.

  - (c) Lines that contain nothing but a single occurrence of generalized laughter, which is like ordinary laughter, except that there can be arbitrarily many (but at least one) a's between each pair of consecutive h's. (For example: Haahahaaaa!) Place your answer in the file alq2c.txt.
  - (d) Lines that contain at least one a and at least two b's. Place your answer in the file alq2d.txt.
  - (e) Lines consisting of a definition of a single C variable of type int, without initialization, optionally preceded by unsigned, and optionally followed by any single line // comment. Example:

```
int varname; // comment
```

You may assume that all of the whitespace in the line consists of space characters (no tabs). You may also assume that varname will not be a C keyword (i.e., you do not have to try to check for this with your regular expression). Place your answer in the file alq2e.txt.

- 3. Write a bash script called selfReferential that takes no arguments and prints the names of all (non-hidden) files in the current directory (one per line) that contain their own name. For example, if a file called hello contains the string hello somewhere within it, then your script would print the name of this file. The script ends by printing (on a new line) the number of files that contained their own name.
- 4. Write a Bash script called HowSimilar that takes two file names as command line arguments. ./HowSimilar file1 file2 should print the string

The same.

if the two files are exactly the same. It should print the string

Mostly the same.

if the two files have the same contents, except for differences between uppercase and lowercase letters. It should print the string

Different.

otherwise. You may assume that the user will call this script correctly; no error checking is needed.

5. Note: the script you write in this question will be useful every time you write a program. Be sure to complete it! In this course, you will be responsible for your own testing. As you fix bugs and refine your code, you will very often need to rerun old tests, to check that existing bugs have been fixed, and to ensure that no new bugs have been introduced. This task is *qreatly* simplified if you take the time to create a formal test suite,

and build a tool to automate your testing. In this question, you will implement such a tool as a Bash script.

Create a Bash script called runSuite that is invoked as follows:

```
./runSuite suite-file program
```

The argument suite-file is the name of a file containing a list of filename stems (more details below), and the argument program is the name of the program to be run.

In summary, the runSuite script runs program on each test in the test suite (as specified by suite-file) and reports on any tests whose output does not match the expected output.

The file suite-file contains a list of stems, from which we construct the names of files containing the input and expected output of each test. Stems will not contain spaces. For example, suppose our suite file is called suite.txt and contains the following entries:

```
test1 test2
reallyBigTest
```

Then our test suite consists of three tests. The first one (test1) will use the file test1.in to hold its input, and test1.out to store its expected output. The second one (test2) will use the file test2.in to hold its input, and test2.out to store its expected output. The last one (reallyBigTest) will use the file reallyBigTest.in to hold its input, and reallyBigTest.out to store its expected output.

A sample run of runSuite would be as follows:

```
./runSuite suite.txt ./myprogram
```

The script will then run ./myprogram three times, once for each test specified in suite.txt:

- The first time, it will run ./myprogram with standard input redirected to come from test1.in. The results, captured from standard output, will be compared with test1.out.
- The second time, it will run ./myprogram with standard input redirected to come from test2.in. The results, captured from standard output, will be compared with test2.out.
- The third time, it will run ./myprogram with standard input redirected to come from reallyBigTest.in. The results, captured from standard output, will be compared with reallyBigTest.out.

If the output of a given test case differs from the expected output, print the following to standard output (assuming test test2 failed):

```
Test failed: test2
Input:
(contents of test2.in)
Expected:
(contents of test2.out)
Actual:
(contents of the actual program output)
```

with the (contents ...) lines replaced with actual file contents, as described. Follow these output specifications *very carefully*. You will lose a lot of marks if your output does not match them. If you need to create temporary files, create them in /tmp, and use the mktemp command to prevent name duplications. Also be sure to delete any temporary files you create in /tmp.

You can get most of the marks for this question by fulfilling the above requirements. For full marks, your script must also check for the following error conditions:

- incorrect number of command line arguments
- missing or unreadable .in or .out files (for example, the suite file contains an entry xxx, but either xxx.in or xxx.out doesn't exist or is unreadable).

If such an error condition arises, print an informative error message to standard error and abort the script with a nonzero exit status.

6. Note: the script you write in this question will be useful every time you write a program. Be sure to complete it! In this question, you will start with the runSuite script that you created in problem 5, and generalize it. As it is currently written, runSuite only works for programs that take their input on stdin; it cannot be used with programs that take parameters on the command line. For this problem, you will enhance runSuite so that it can pass command line arguments. The interface to runSuite remains the same:

./runSuite suite.txt ./myprogram

The format of the suite file remains the same. But now, for each testname in the suite file, there will be files testname.in, testname.out, and an optional third file testname.args. If the file testname.args is present, then runSuite will run myprogram with the contents of testname.args passed on the command line and the contents of testname.in used for input on stdin. If testname.args is not present, then the behaviour is identical to problem 5: myprogram is run without arguments, and testname.in still supplies the input on stdin. The file testname.out is used identically to the way it was used in problem 5, and the output of runSuite should also be identical to the way it appeared in problem 5. All of the error-checking that was required in problem 5 is required here as well.

**Note:** To get this working should require only very small changes to your solution to problem 5.

## **Submission:**

The following files are due at Due Date 1: alq1a.txt, alq1b.txt, alq1c.txt, alq1d.txt, alq1e.txt, alq1f.txt, alq1g.txt, alq1h.txt, alq1i.txt, alq2a.txt, alq2b.txt, alq2c.txt, alq2d.txt, alq2e.txt.

The following files are due at Due Date 2: selfReferential, HowSimilar, runSuite, runSuite.