# Assignment 0: O Brother, How Far Art Thou?

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September 15, 2021

Hand-in date: 06/11/2020.

# General guidance

- State and prove all non-trivial mathematical results necessary to substantiate your arguments;
- Do not forget to add appropriate scholarly references at the end of the document;
- Mathematical expressions also receive punctuation;
- Please hand in a single PDF file as your final main document.

  Code appendices are welcome, in addition to the main PDF document.

## Background

A large portion of the content of this course is concerned with computing high-dimensional integrals via simulation. Today you will be introduced to a simple-looking problem with a complicated closed-form solution and one we can approach using simulation.

Suppose you have a disc  $C_R$  of radius R. Take  $p, q \in C_R$  two points in the disc. Consider the Euclidean distance between p and q,  $||p-q|| = \sqrt{(p-q)^2} = |p-q|$ .

**Problem A:** What is the *average* distance between pairs of points in  $C_R$  if they are picked uniformly at random?

## Questions

- 1. To start building intuition, let's solve a related by much simpler problem. Consider an interval [0, s], with s > 0 and take  $x_1, x_2 \in [0, s]$  uniformly at random. Show that the average distance between  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  is s/3.
- 2. Show that Problem A is equivalent to computing

$$I = \frac{1}{\pi^2 R^4} \int_0^R \int_0^R \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{r_1^2 + r_2^2 - 2r_1 r_2 \cos \phi(\theta_1, \theta_2)} \, d\theta_1 \, d\theta_2 \, dr_1 \, dr_2,$$

where  $\phi(\theta_1, \theta_2)$  is the central angle between  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ .

- 3. Compute I in closed-form.
  - Hint: Look up Crofton's mean value theorem or Crofton's formula.
- 4. Propose a simulation algorithm to approximate I. Provide point and interval estimates and give theoretical guarantees about them (consistency, coverage, etc).