

2) Dada a função  $y = xe^x$  e os valores

$x$	1,7	1,8	1,9	2,0
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e se utilizando do chamado método de Newton podemos obter o polinômio pedido:

$$P_3(x) = \nabla_0^0 + \nabla_0^1(x-x_0) + \nabla_0^2(x-x_0)(x-x_1) + \nabla_0^3(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_2)$$

$i$	$x$	$\nabla_i^0 = y_i$	$\nabla_i^1$	$\nabla_i^2$	$\nabla_i^3$
0	1,7	9,3057	15,8370	11,5050	5,1667
1	1,8	10,8894	18,1380	13,0550	—
2	1,9	12,7032	20,7490	—	—
3	2,0	14,7781	—	—	—

$$\nabla_0^1 = \frac{\nabla_1^0 - \nabla_0^0}{x_1 - x_0}$$

$$\nabla_1^1 = \frac{\nabla_2^0 - \nabla_1^0}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$P_3(x) = 9,3057 + 15,8370(x - 1,7) + 11,5050 \cdot (x - 1,7)(x - 1,8) + 5,1667(x - 1,7)(x - 1,8)(x - 1,9)$$

$$\nabla_2^1 = \frac{\nabla_3^0 - \nabla_2^0}{x_3 - x_2}$$

$$P_3(x) = 9,3057 + 15,8370x - 26,9229 + 11,5050(x^2 - 3,5x + 3,06) + 5,1667(x^3 - 1,9x^2 - 3,5x^2 + 6,65x + 3,06x - 5,8140)$$

$$\nabla_0^2 = \frac{\nabla_1^1 - \nabla_0^1}{x_2 - x_0}$$

$$\nabla_1^2 = \frac{\nabla_2^1 - \nabla_1^1}{x_3 - x_1}$$

$$P_3(x) = 9,3057 + 15,8370x - 26,9229 + 11,5050x^2 - 40,2675x + 35,2053 + 5,1667x^3 - 9,8167x^2 - 18,0834x + 34,3586x + 15,8101x - 30,0392$$

$$\nabla_0^3 = \frac{\nabla_1^2 - \nabla_0^2}{x_3 - x_0}$$

$$\therefore P_3(x) = 5,1667x^3 - 16,3951x^2 + 25,7381x - 12,4511$$

No pedron formado, temos:

$$P(x) = -12,4511 + 25,7381x - 16,3951x^2 + 5,1667x^3$$