

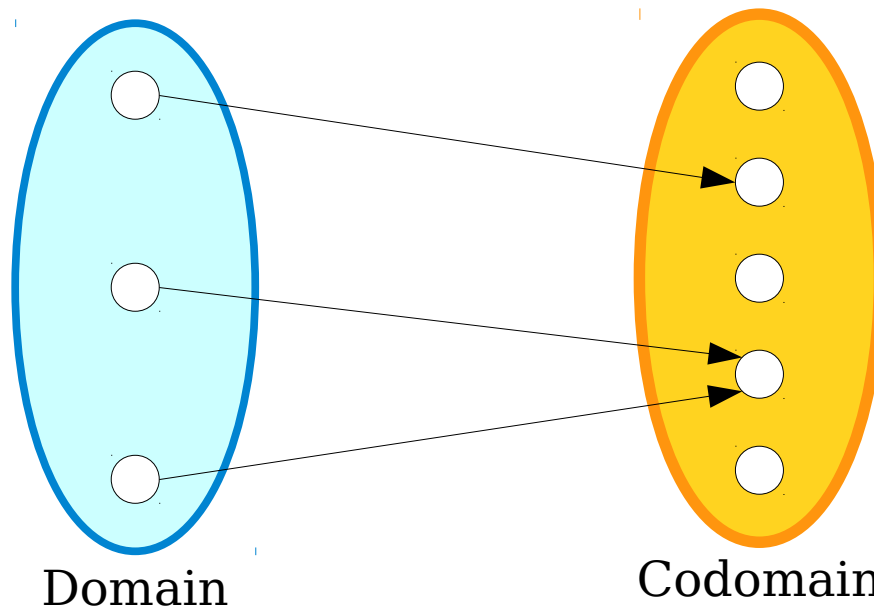
Cardinality

Recap from Last Time

Domains and Codomains

- Every function f has two sets associated with it: its **domain** and its **codomain**.
- A function f can only be applied to elements of its domain. For any x in the domain, $f(x)$ belongs to the codomain.
- We write $f : A \rightarrow B$ to indicate that f is a function whose domain is A and whose codomain is B .

The function must be defined for each element of its domain.



The output of the function must always be in the codomain, but not all elements of the codomain need to be producible.

Function Composition

- If $f : A \rightarrow B$ and $g : B \rightarrow C$ are functions, the **composition of f and g** , denoted $g \circ f$, is a function
 - whose domain is A ,
 - whose codomain is C , and
 - which is evaluated as $(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$.

Injective Functions

- A function $f : A \rightarrow B$ is called **injective** (or **one-to-one**) if each element of the codomain has at most one element of the domain that maps to it.
 - A function with this property is called an **injection**.
- Formally, $f : A \rightarrow B$ is an injection if this FOL statement is true:

$$\forall a_1 \in A. \forall a_2 \in A. (a_1 \neq a_2 \rightarrow f(a_1) \neq f(a_2))$$

(“If the inputs are different, the outputs are different”)

- Equivalently:

$$\forall a_1 \in A. \forall a_2 \in A. (f(a_1) = f(a_2) \rightarrow a_1 = a_2)$$

(“If the outputs are the same, the inputs are the same”)

- **Theorem:** The composition of two injections is an injection.

Injective (but not Surjective)



Chadwick
Boseman

**King
T'Challa**



Michael B.
Jordan

**Erik
Killmonger**



Letitia Wright

Shuri

Nakia

Surjective Functions

- A function $f : A \rightarrow B$ is called **surjective** (or **onto**) if each element of the codomain is “covered” by at least one element of the domain.
 - A function with this property is called a **surjection**.
- Formally, $f : A \rightarrow B$ is a surjection if this FOL statement is true:

$$\forall b \in B. \exists a \in A. f(a) = b$$

(“For every possible output, there's at least one possible input that produces it”)

- **Theorem:** The composition of two surjections is a surjection.

Surjective (but not Injective)

**King
T'Challa**



Chadwick
Boseman

**Adonis
Creed**



Michael B.
Jordan

**Erik
Killmonger**



Shuri



Letitia Wright

Bijections

- A function that associates each element of the codomain with a unique element of the domain is called ***bijjective***.
 - Such a function is a ***bijection***.
- Formally, a bijection is a function that is both *injective* and *surjective*.
- ***Theorem***: The composition of two bijections is a bijection.

Where We Are

- We now know
 - what an injection, surjection, and bijection are;
 - that the composition of two injections, surjections, or bijections is also an injection, surjection, or bijection, respectively; and
 - that bijections are invertible and invertible functions are bijections.
- You might wonder why this all matters. Well, there's a good reason...

New Stuff!

Cardinality Revisited

Cardinality

- Recall (*from our first lecture!*) that the **cardinality** of a set is the number of elements it contains.
- If S is a set, we denote its cardinality by $|S|$.
- For finite sets, cardinalities are natural numbers:
 - $|\{1, 2, 3\}| = 3$
 - $|\{100, 200\}| = 2$
- For infinite sets, we introduced **infinite cardinals** to denote the size of sets:

$$|\mathbb{N}| = \aleph_0$$

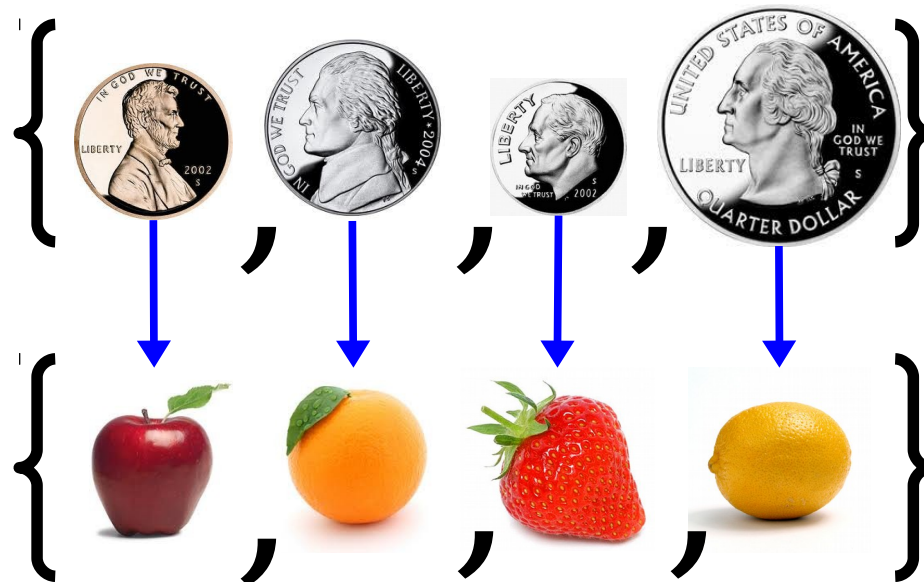
Defining Cardinality

- It is difficult to give a rigorous definition of what cardinalities actually are.
 - What is 4? What is \aleph_0 ?
 - (Take Math 161 for an answer!)
- ***Idea:*** Define cardinality as a *relation* between two sets rather than an absolute quantity.

Comparing Cardinalities

- Here is the formal definition of what it means for two sets to have the same cardinality:

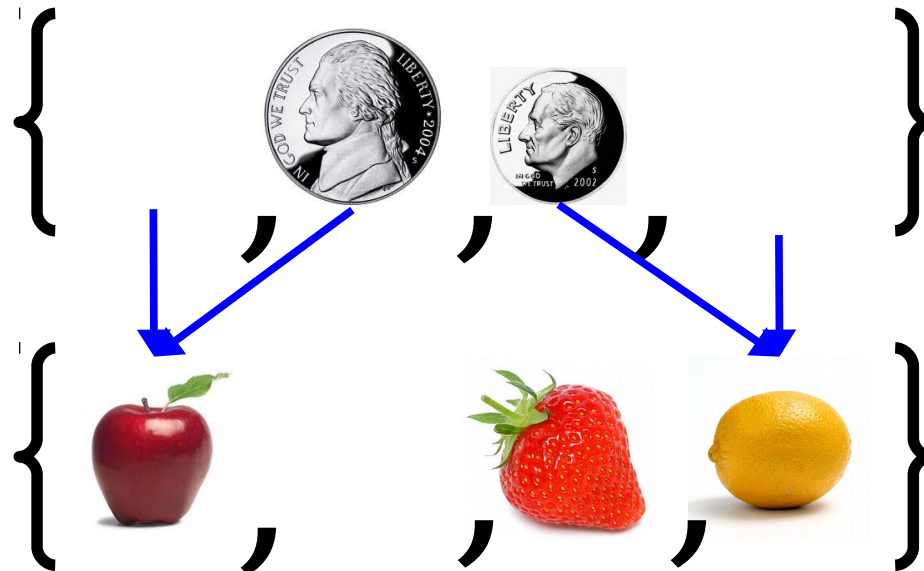
$|S| = |T|$ if there exists a *bijection* $f : S \rightarrow T$



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Fun with Cardinality

Terminology Refresher

- Let a and b be real numbers where $a \leq b$.
- The notation $[a, b]$ denotes the set of all real numbers between a and b , inclusive.

$$[a, b] = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x \leq b \}$$

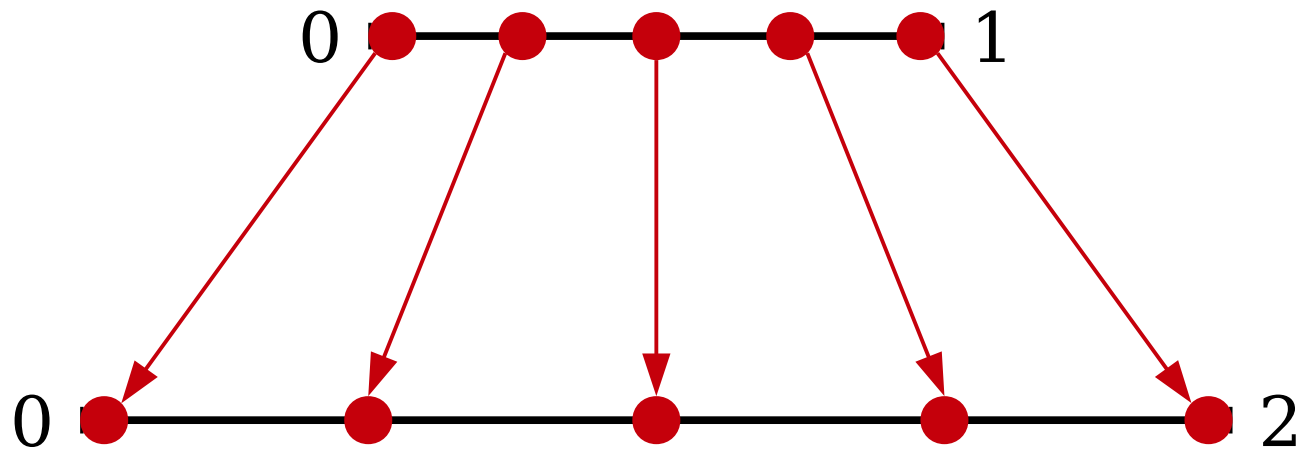
- The notation (a, b) denotes the set of all real numbers between a and b , exclusive.

$$(a, b) = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a < x < b \}$$

Home on the Range



Home on the Range



$$f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 2]$$
$$f(x) = 2x$$

Theorem: $|[0, 1]| = |[0, 2]|$

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First, we will show that f is a well-defined function.

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Proof: Consider the function $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 2]$ defined as $f(x) = 2x$.

How many of the following are proper ways of setting up the next part of this proof?

Choose any $x \in [0, 1]$. We will show there is a $y \in [0, 2]$ such that $f(x) = y$.

Pick any $y \in [0, 2]$. We will show there is an $x \in [0, 1]$ where $f(x) = y$.

Assume for the sake of contradiction that, for any $y \in [0, 2]$ and for any $x \in [0, 1]$, we have $f(x) \neq y$.

Finally, we will show that f is surjective.

Answer at **PollEv.com/cs103** or
text **CS103** to **22333** once to join, then a number between **0** and **3**.

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$$f(x) = 2x = 2(y/2)$$

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Home on the Range



$$f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 2]$$
$$f(x) = 2x$$

Home on the Range



$$f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 3]$$
$$f(x) = 3x$$

Home on the Range



$$f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 137]$$
$$f(x) = 137x$$

Home on the Range

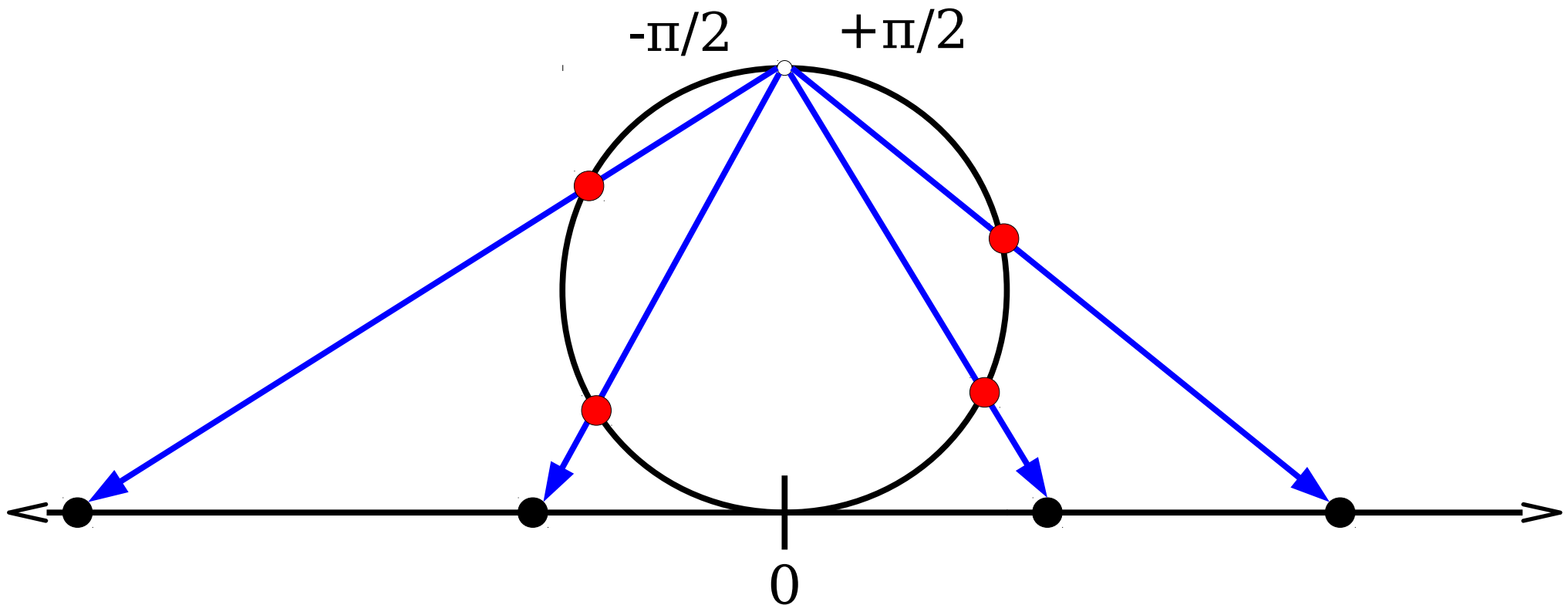


$$f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, k]$$
$$f(x) = kx$$

This means that **cardinality** (how many points there are) is a different idea than **mass** (how much those points weight). Look into **measure theory** if you're curious to learn more!

And one more example, just for funzies.

Put a Ring On It



$$f : (-\pi/2, \pi/2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$
$$f(x) = \tan x$$

$$|(-\pi/2, \pi/2)| = |\mathbb{R}|$$

Some Properties of Cardinality

Theorem: For any set A , we have $|A| = |A|$.

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Proof:

Which of the following is the right high-level way to approach this proof?

- A. Pick an arbitrary set A , then find a bijection $f : A \rightarrow A$.
- B. Pick an arbitrary set A and show every function $f : A \rightarrow A$ is bijective.
- C. There's nothing to prove here. Every object is equal to itself.

Answer at **PollEv.com/cs103** or
text **CS103** to **22333** once to join, then **A**, **B**, or **C**.

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Proof: Consider any set A , and let $f: A \rightarrow A$ be the function defined as $f(x) = x$.

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First, we'll show that f is a well-defined function.

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Great exercise: Prove that if A and B are sets where $|A| = |B|$, then $|B| = |A|$.

Unequal Cardinalities

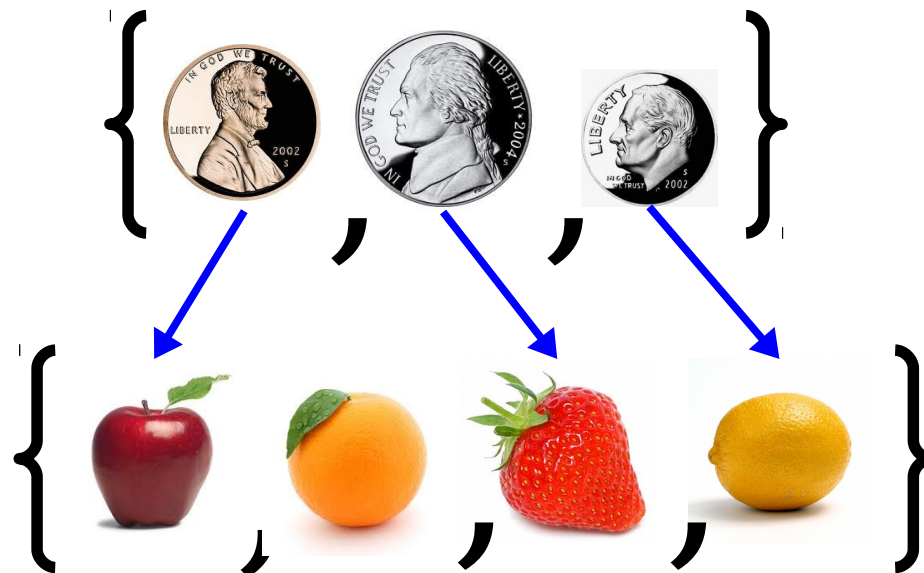
- Recall: $|A| = |B|$ if the following statement is true:

There exists a bijection $f : A \rightarrow B$

- What does it mean for $|A| \neq |B|$ to be true?

Every function $f : A \rightarrow B$ is not a bijection.

- This is a strong statement! To prove $|A| \neq |B|$, we need to show that *no possible function* from A to B can be injective and surjective.



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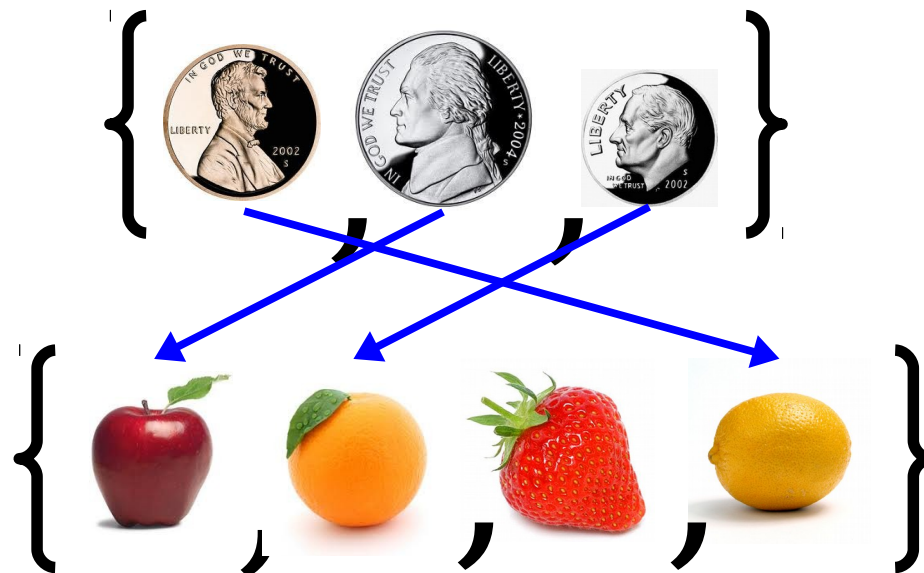
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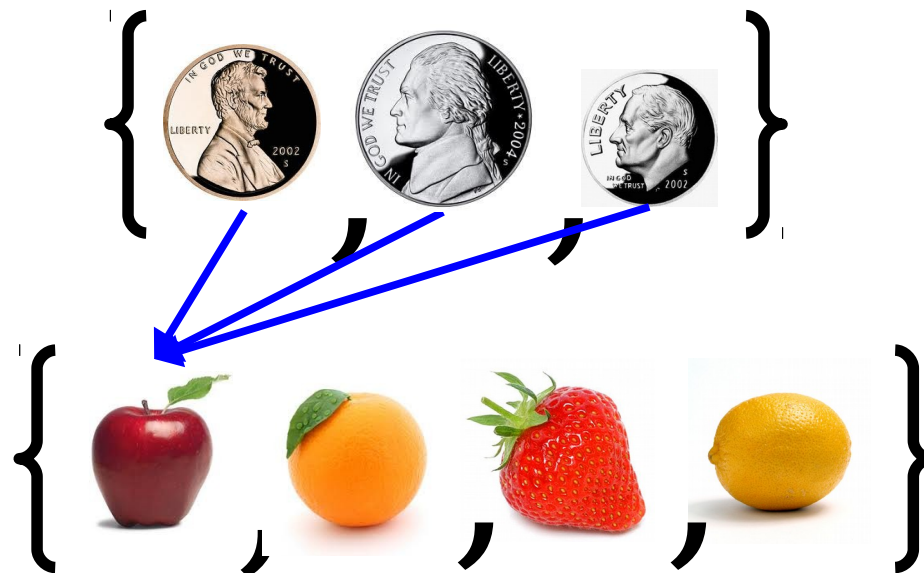
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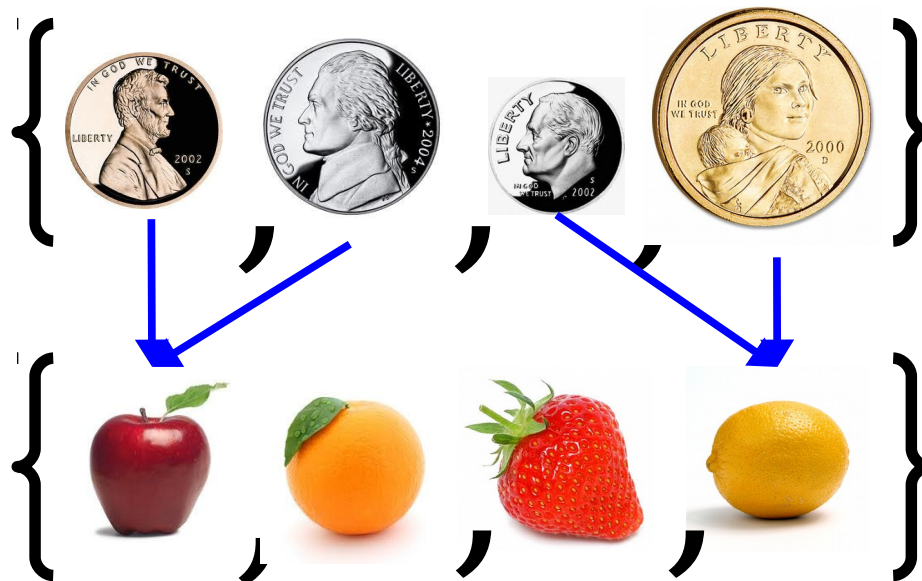
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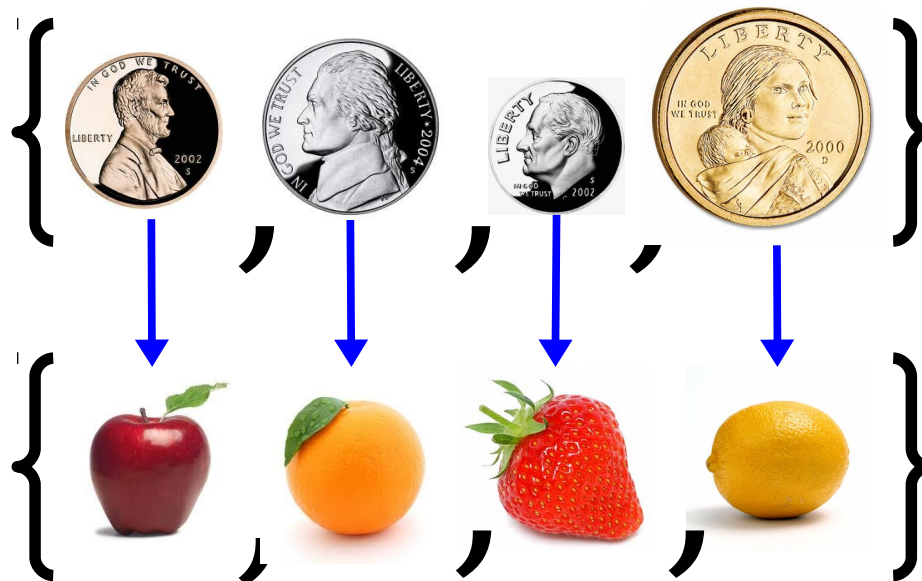
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Cantor's Theorem Revisited

Cantor's Theorem

- In our very first lecture, we sketched out a proof of ***Cantor's theorem***, which says that

If S is a set, then $|S| < |\wp(S)|$.

- That proof was visual and pretty hand-wavy. Let's see if we can go back and formalize it!

Where We're Going

- Today, we're going to formally prove the following result:

If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

- We've released an online Guide to Cantor's Theorem, which will go into *way* more depth than what we're going to see here.
- The goal for today will be to see how to start with our picture and turn it into something rigorous.
- On the next problem set, you'll explore the proof in more depth and see some other applications.

The Roadmap

- We're going to prove this statement:

If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

- Here's how this will work:
 - Pick an arbitrary set S .
 - Pick an arbitrary function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.
 - Show that f is not surjective using a diagonal argument.
 - Conclude that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$.
 - Conclude that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

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- Show that f is not surjective using a diagonal argument.

Conclude that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$.

Conclude that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

x_0

x_1

x_2

x_3

x_4

x_5

\dots

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

$$x_0 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_2, x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_1 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_3, x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_2 \longrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_3 \longrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_4 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_5, \dots \}$$

$$x_5 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, \dots \}$$

...

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 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | \dots |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|

$$x_0 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_2, x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_1 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_3, x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_2 \longrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$$

$$x_3 \longrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$$

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\dots

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 \longrightarrow | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |

$x_1 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_3, x_4, \dots \}$

$x_2 \longrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$

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| | | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | \dots |
|-------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| x_0 | → | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | \dots |
| x_1 | → | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | \dots |

$$x_2 \longrightarrow \{ x_4, \dots \}$$
$$x_3 \longrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$$
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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-----------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| $x_1 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| $x_2 \longrightarrow$ | { x_4 , ... } | | | | | | |
| $x_3 \longrightarrow$ | { x_1 , x_4 , ... } | | | | | | |
| $x_4 \longrightarrow$ | { x_0 , x_5 , ... } | | | | | | |
| $x_5 \longrightarrow$ | { x_0 , x_1 , x_2 , x_3 , x_4 , x_5 , ... } | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | |

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| | | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | \dots |
|-------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| x_0 | → | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | \dots |
| x_1 | → | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | \dots |
| x_2 | → | N | N | N | N | Y | N | \dots |

$$x_3 \longrightarrow \{ x_1, x_4, \dots \}$$
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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|---------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 → | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 → | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 → | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 → | { x_1 , x_4 , ... } | | | | | | |
| x_4 → | { x_0 , x_5 , ... } | | | | | | |
| x_5 → | { x_0 , x_1 , x_2 , x_3 , x_4 , x_5 , ... } | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | |

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| $x_1 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| $x_2 \longrightarrow$ | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| $x_3 \longrightarrow$ | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |

$x_4 \longrightarrow \{ x_0, x_5, \dots \}$

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-----------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| $x_0 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| $x_1 \longrightarrow$ | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| $x_2 \longrightarrow$ | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| $x_3 \longrightarrow$ | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 → | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 → | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 → | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 → | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 → | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 → | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | | | | | | | |

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 → | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 → | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 → | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 → | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 → | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 → | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
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| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

$\left\{ x_0', \quad \quad \quad x_5', \quad \dots \right\}$

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| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | N | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | N | N | N | N | N | N | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

For this choice of f , what set
is shown in blue below?

**Flip all Y's to N's
and vice-versa to
get a new set**

Answer at **PollEv.com/cs103** or
text **CS103** to **22333** once to join, then your answer.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Flip all Y's to N's
and vice-versa to
get a new set**

$\{ x_1', x_2', x_3', x_4', \dots \}$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

**Which row in the
table is paired
with this set?**

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
| Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

Which row in the table is paired with this set?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

What set is this?

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

What set is this?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
| Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$f(x_0)$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

$x_0 \in f(x_0)?$

| | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_0 \notin f(x_0)$?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$f(x_1)$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_1 \in f(x_1)?$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_1 \notin f(x_1)$?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$f(x_2)$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

$x_2 \in f(x_2)?$

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_2 \notin f(x_2)$?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_3 \notin f(x_3)$?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_4 \notin f(x_4)$?

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

$x_5 \notin f(x_5)?$

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

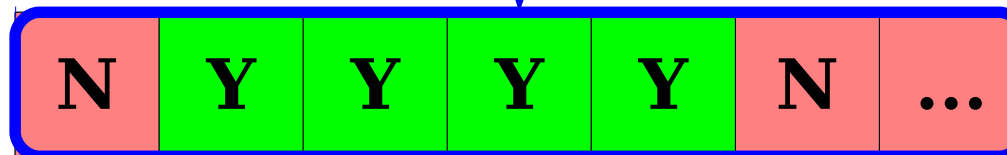
...

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | ... |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|

*This is a drawing
of our function
 $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.*

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | ... |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| x_0 | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_1 | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | ... |
| x_2 | N | N | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_3 | N | Y | N | N | Y | N | ... |
| x_4 | Y | N | N | N | N | Y | ... |
| x_5 | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

$\{ x \in S \mid x \notin f(x) \}$



The Diagonal Set

- For any set S and function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$, we can define a set D as follows:

$$D = \{ x \in S \mid x \notin f(x) \}$$

(“The set of all elements x where x is not an element of the set $f(x)$.”)

- This is a formalization of the set we found in the previous picture.
- Using this choice of D , we can formally prove that no function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$ is a bijection.

Theorem: If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

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Proof: Let S be an arbitrary set.

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Proof: Let S be an arbitrary set. We will prove that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$ by showing that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$.

Theorem: If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

Proof: Let S be an arbitrary set. We will prove that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$ by showing that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$. To do so, choose an arbitrary function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$.

Theorem: If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

Proof: Let S be an arbitrary set. We will prove that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$ by showing that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$. To do so, choose an arbitrary function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$. We will prove that f is not surjective.

Theorem: If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

Proof: Let S be an arbitrary set. We will prove that $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$ by showing that there are no bijections from S to $\wp(S)$. To do so, choose an arbitrary function $f : S \rightarrow \wp(S)$. We will prove that f is not surjective.

Starting with f , we define the set

$$D = \{ x \in S \mid x \notin f(x) \}. \quad (1)$$

Theorem: If S is a set, then $|S| \neq |\wp(S)|$.

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The Big Recap

- We define equal cardinality in terms of bijections between sets.
- Lots of different sets of infinite size have the same cardinality.
- Cardinality acts like an equivalence relation – but only because we can prove specific properties of how it behaves by relying on properties of function.
- Cantor's theorem can be formalized in terms of surjectivity.

Next Time

- ***Graphs***
 - A ubiquitous, expressive, and flexible abstraction!
- ***Properties of Graphs***
 - Building high-level structures out of lower-level ones!