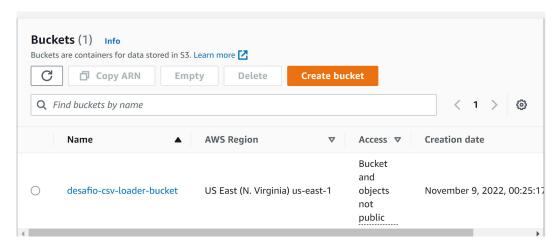
a) Desafio 3 (primera parte)S3 + Lambda

miércoles, 9 de noviembre de 2022 00:2

Creamos un bucket privado simple

BucketS3_csv:

- Name: xxxx-csv-loader-bucket
- Privado



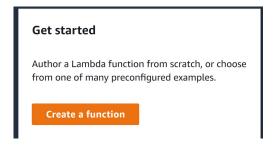
Creamos una function en Lambda:

Lambda:

- Runtime: Python 3.9
- Name: educacionit_s3toDynamonCSVImport
- Role: LabRole
- Region: us-east-1
- Código: https://bootcamp-

educacionit.s3.amazonaws.com/lambda_function.py

- Trigger:
 - 。 S3
 - $\circ \ \ \, \text{Bucket arn: arn:aws:s3:::xxxxx-csv-loader-bucket}$
 - Event type: s3:ObjectCreated:Put
 - o Suffix: .csv



Basic information

Function name

Enter a name that describes the purpose of your function.

educacionit_s3toDynamonCSVImport

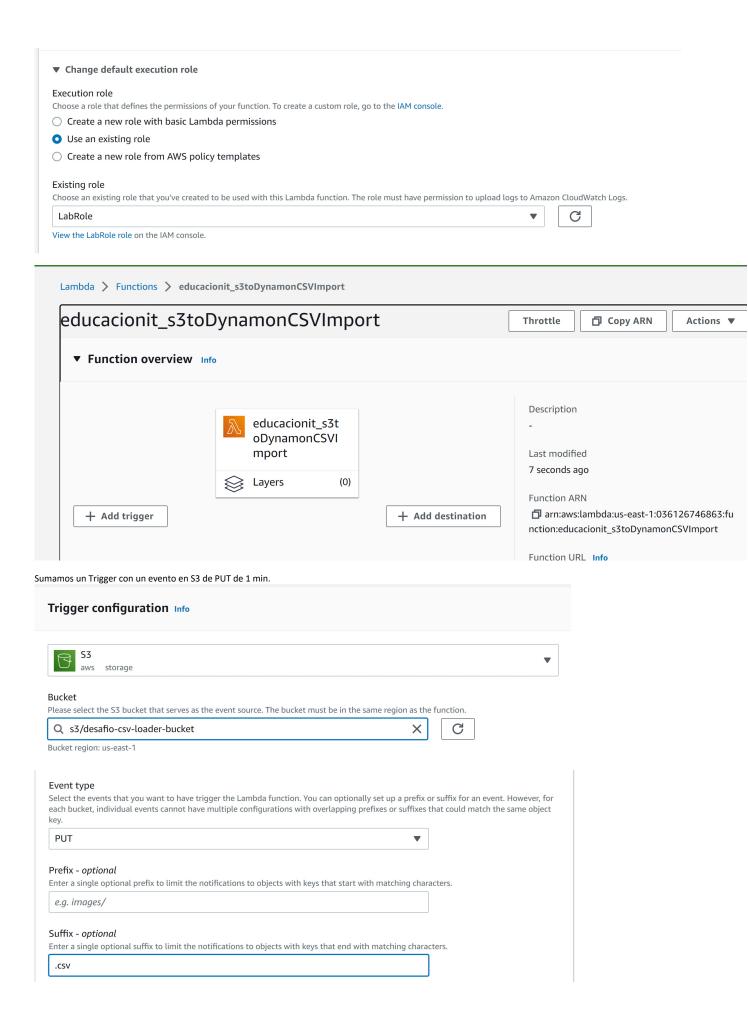
Use only letters, numbers, hyphens, or underscores with no spaces.

Runtime Info

Choose the language to use to write your function. Note that the console code editor supports only Node.js, Python, and Ruby.

 \blacksquare



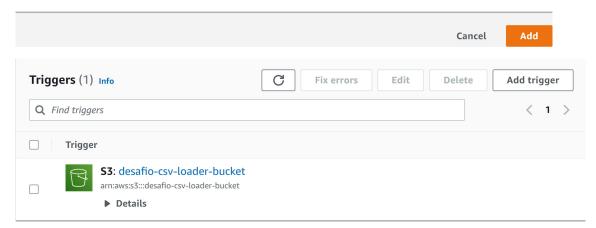


Recursive invocation

If your function writes objects to an S3 bucket, ensure that you are using different S3 buckets for input and output. Writing to the same bucket increases the risk of creating a recursive invocation, which can result in increased Lambda usage and increased costs. Learn more

✓ I acknowledge that using the same S3 bucket for both input and output is not recommended and that this configuration can cause recursive invocations, increased Lambda usage, and increased costs.

Lambda will add the necessary permissions for AWS S3 to invoke your Lambda function from this trigger. Learn more about the Lambda permissions model.



Ahora creamos la tabla con DynamoDB

DynamoDB:

- Nombre: customer
- Primary key: CustomerID

