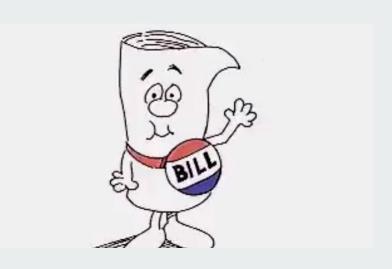
State Bill Prediction



A machine learning study in predicting the outcome of state bills.

The Journey of a State Bill

HOW A BILL BECOMES A LAW IN TEXAS

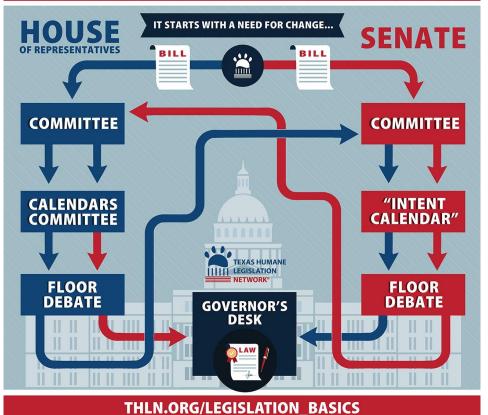


Image from the Texas Humane Legislation Network

Goal of this study

Can we predict the outcome of a state bill using:

- The title of the bill
- Majority party for both houses and governor



Bill title

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9A.48 RCW to read as follows: When any person is found guilty of violating RCW 9A.48.090 or

9A.48.105 committed against property owned by the state of Washington under the jurisdiction of the department of transportation, the court must order a mandatory 30-day period of community restitution to

require the removal of graffiti from the building, structure, or

property where the offense was committed, unless the court finds that

such an order is not practical. The community restitution must be

imposed consecutively to any other community restitution the court

imposes for the offense.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The sum of \$10,000,000 is appropriated for

17 the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2025, from the general fund to

the department of transportation to:

Data Overview

1) Sources:

- a) Open States
- b) National Conference of State Legislatures
- c) Harvard Dataverse, published by Dr. Garlick

Content of data:

- a) Title of Bill
- b) Party features: (e.g. Republican Governor)
- c) Outcome of bill

3) Size:

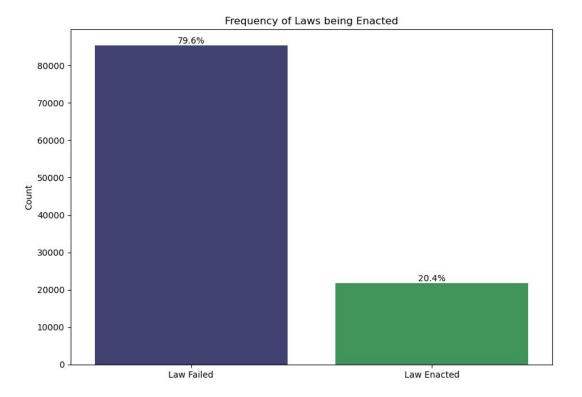
a) 110,000 bills from 2017 and 2018

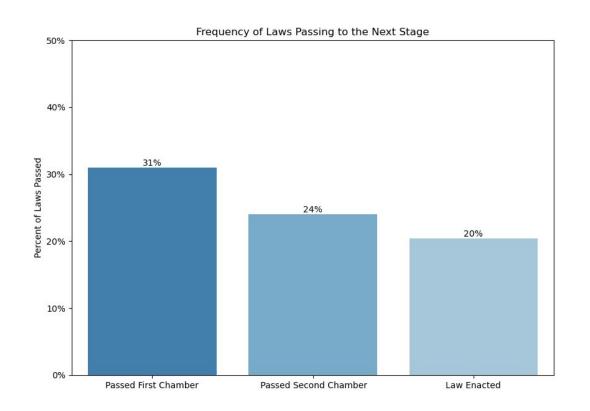




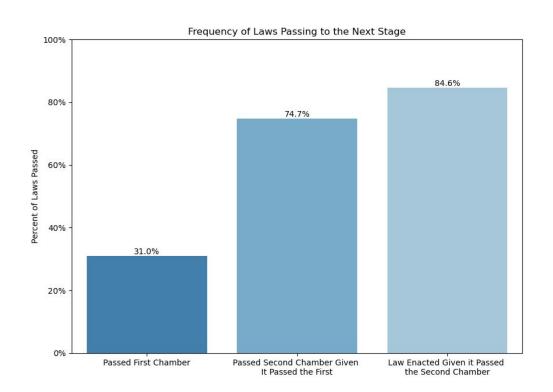


Imbalanced Data



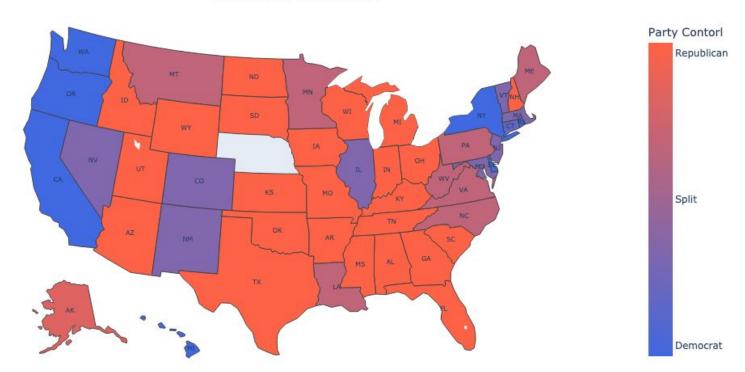


Bills are scrutinized at each step

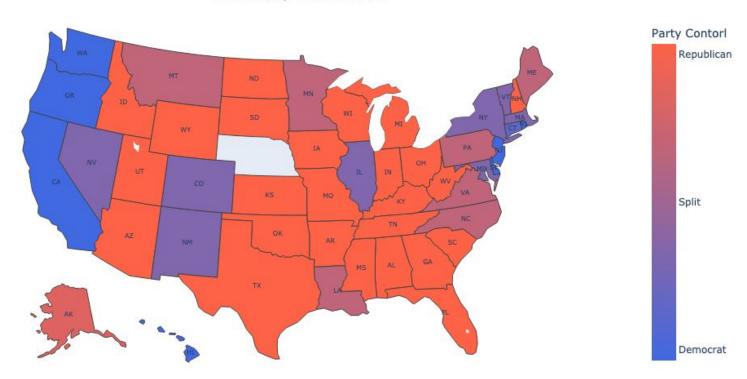


The hardest chamber to pass is the one the bill was introduced in.

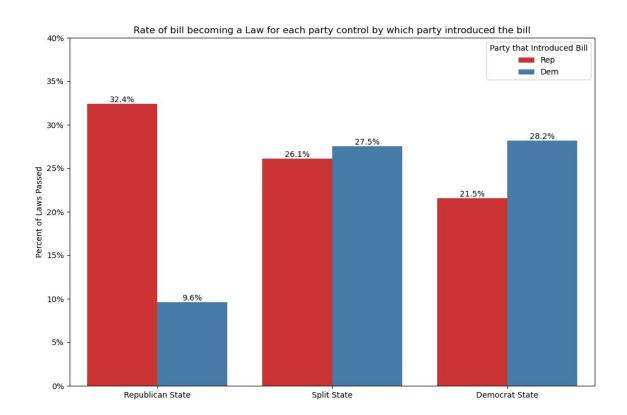
State Party Control 2017



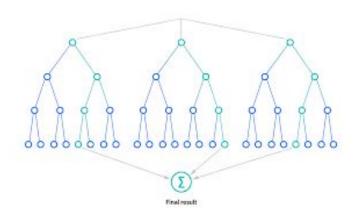
State Party Control 2018



Partisanship plays a role in the outcome of bills.



Modeling

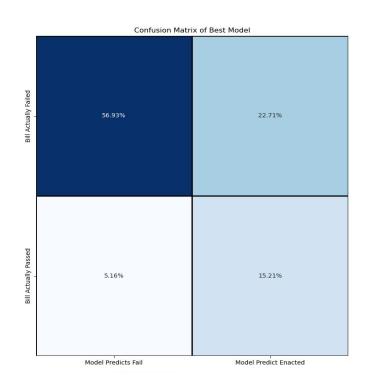


- The title of the bills were processed
 - Count Vectorize

 A Random Forest Classifier model was used to make predictions

Model Performance

- Accuracy of 72%
- 75% of passed bills were correctly identifie
- When the model predicted the bill would not pass, it was correct 91% of the time
- When the model predicted the bill would, it was correct 40% of the time



App

State Bill Prediction

About the Model

This model uses the title of the bill, the majority party of the state's congressional houses, the governor's party, and whether a state's houses and governor parties are alligned or not to predict if the bill will pass or not. This model was trained on 80,000 peices of legislation and tested on 27,000 bills from the years 2017 and 2018. On the test set, the model was able to predict 75% of the bills that passed. This is impressive as only 20% of state bills are enacted into law. When the model predicted the bill would not pass, it was correct 92% of the time. When the model predicted the bill would pass though, it was only correct 40% of the time.

A major limitation of this model is that this model's ability to interpret language is limited. For example, it is difficult for the model to differentiate between phrases like "raise taxes" compared to "decrease taxes".

Model Prediction

Copy and paste the state bill title.

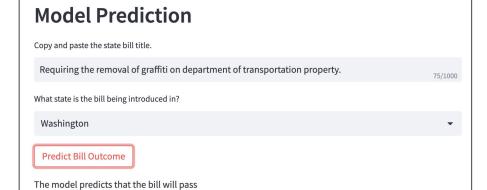
0/1000

What state is the bill being introduced in?

Alabama

•

Predict Bill Outcome





Conclusion

- This model shows that predicting outcomes of bills is possible
- The model can be improved on
 - Using bill abstracts instead of titles
 - Different modeling techniques: (BERT)