## Homework 7

Topological Data Analysis with Persistent Homology

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**Exercise 37.** Let X, Y be two closed and bounded subsets of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that, for every  $t \geq 0$ , the thickenings satisfy

$$d_H(X^t, Y^t) \le d_H(X, Y).$$

Give an example for which  $d_H(X^t, Y^t) < d_H(X, Y)$ .

Suppose, by contradiction,  $d_H(X^t, Y^t) > d_H(X, Y)$ . That is,

$$\max\{d_H(X^t; Y^t), d_H(Y^t; X^t)\} > \max\{d_H(X; Y), d_H(Y; X)\}$$

We will have

$$\max\{d_H(X^t; Y^t), d_H(Y^t; X^t)\} > d_H(X; Y), d_H(Y; X)$$

So, without loss of generality, we can consider  $d_H(X^t; Y^t) > d_H(X; Y)$  is true. This is the same as

$$\begin{split} \sup_{z \in Y^t} \inf_{w \in X^t} & \|w - z\| > \sup_{y \in Y} \inf_{x \in X} \|x - y\| \\ & \geq \inf_{x \in X} \|x - y\|, \ \ \forall y \in Y \end{split}$$

Because the sets are closed, there must exist  $z \in Y^t$  such that

$$\begin{split} \inf_{w \in X^t} & \|w - z\| = \sup_{z \in Y^t} \inf_{w \in X^t} \|w - z\| \\ &> \inf_{x \in X} \|x - y\|, \ \forall y \in Y \end{split}$$

Consider this  $z \in Y^t$ . So there must exist  $y_0 \in Y$  such that  $||z-y_0|| \le t$ . This way, there exists  $x_0 \in X$  which attains the infimum  $\inf_{x \in X} ||x-y_0|| = ||x_0-y_0||$ . Now, consider the convex combination between  $x_0 \in X$  and  $y_0 \in Y$  such that we

end up with the point  $x_1 \in X^t$  with  $||x_0 - x_1|| = t$ , that is,  $||x_1 - y_0|| = ||x_0 - y_0|| - t$ . This way,

$$||x_1 - z|| \le ||x_1 - y_0|| + ||y_0 - z||$$

$$\le ||x_1 - y_0|| + t$$

$$= ||x_0 - y_0||$$

We now can conclude that

$$\inf_{w \in X_t} ||w - z|| > \inf_{x \in X} ||x - y_0||$$

$$= ||x_0 - y_0||$$

$$\geq ||x_1 - z||$$

$$\geq \inf_{w \in X_t} ||w - z||$$

This is a contradiction. So

$$d_H(X^t, Y^t) \le d_H(X, Y).$$