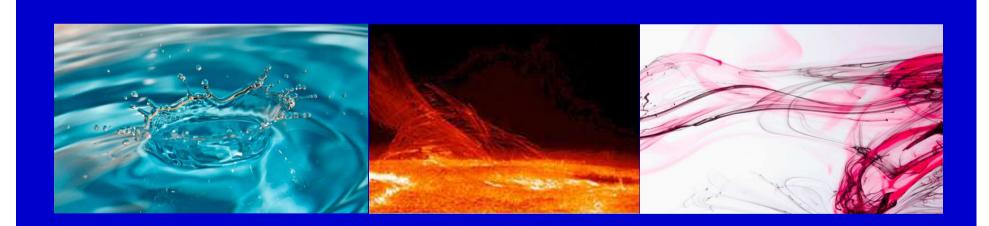
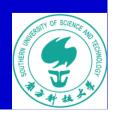
**MAF309** 

# **General Principles of Transport Phenomena**

# 输运现象原理



Associate Professor: Peng Yu (余鵬)
Department of Mechanics and Aerospace Engineering
Southern University of Science and Technology



- Office Hour
  - > Thursday 7-9 pm
- Venue
  - ▶ TAs: 第二科研楼322
  - ➤ Teacher: 1教313



Room 505 Level 5, N15

- What can we discuss during office hour
  - > Questions on lecture notes and references
  - ➤ Homework problems
  - Discussions on related transport topics (in your other projects, research ideas ...)

# Transport Phenomena

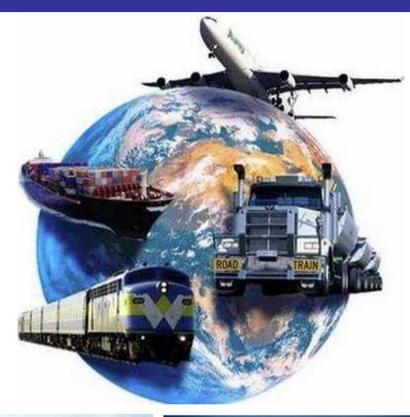
**Definition of 'transport' in dictionary** 

Transport (传输、输运):

To carry someone (people) or something (goods) from one place to another





















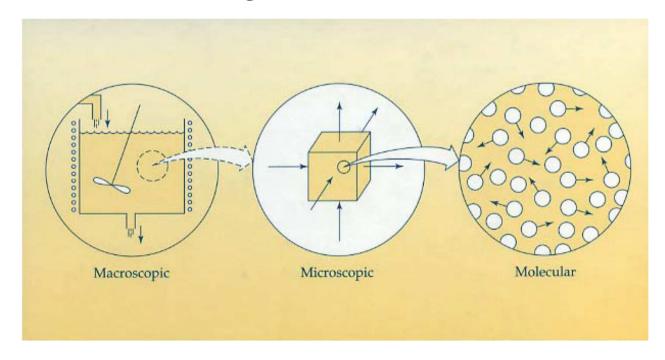


In this class, the 'people or goods' which we are going to move are: momentum, energy, and mass

- What are the transport phenomena?
  - > The subject of transport phenomena includes three closely related topics: fluid dynamics, heat transfer, and mass transfer.

Fluid Dynamics	Heat Transfer	Mass Transfer
transport of momentum	transport of energy	transport of mass of various species
O Salada	Convection  Radiation	

- Three levels at which transport phenomena can be studied
  - > Macroscopic level: length scales centimeter or meters
  - > Microscopic level: length scales micron to centimeter
  - Molecular level: length scales 1 to 1000 nanometers

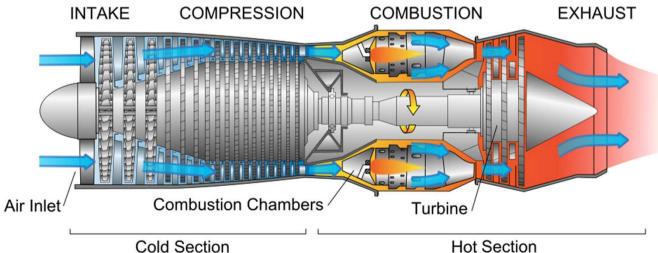


- Why should these three transports be studied together:
  - > They frequently occur simultaneously.
  - The basic governing equations that describe the three transports are closely related.
  - The mathematical tools needed for describing these phenomena are very similar.
  - The molecular mechanisms underlying the various transport phenomena are very closely related.





- Mechanics and Aerospace Engineering
  - Turbine Combustion
    - Airflow intake (momentum transfer).
    - Mixing of air and fuel (mass transfer).
    - Combustion process (heat transfer).
    - Exhausting gases (momentum, heat, and mass transfers).

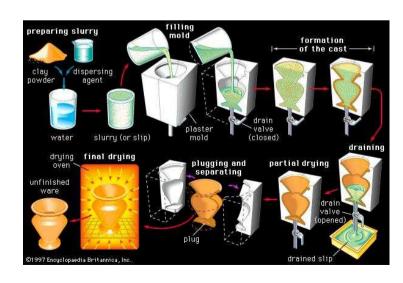


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- Mechanics and Aerospace Engineering
  - ➤ In-flight aircraft icing
    - ✓ Airflow with supercooled droplets (momentum and mass transfer).
    - ✓ Formation of water ice on the surfaces of an aircraft (heat transfer).
    - **√** .....

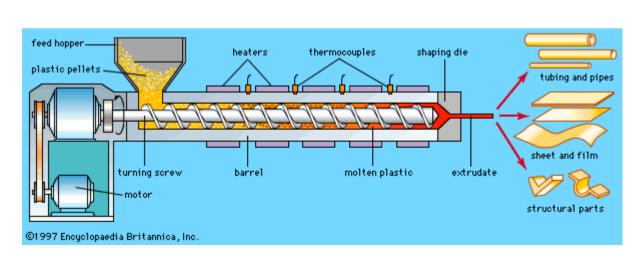


- Materiel Science and Engineering
  - Ceramic Processing
    - ✓ Mixing clay powder with dispersing agent (momentum and mass transfers).
    - ✓ Filling mold (momentum and mass transfers).
    - ✓ Drying: removing the water or binder from the formed material (momentum, heat, and mass transfers).
    - **√** .....





- Materiel Science and Engineering
  - Plastic Processing
    - Heating plastic pellets until they are molten (momentum, heat, and mass transfers).
    - Flow of the molten plastic (momentum transfer).
    - Cooling of the products (heat transfer).

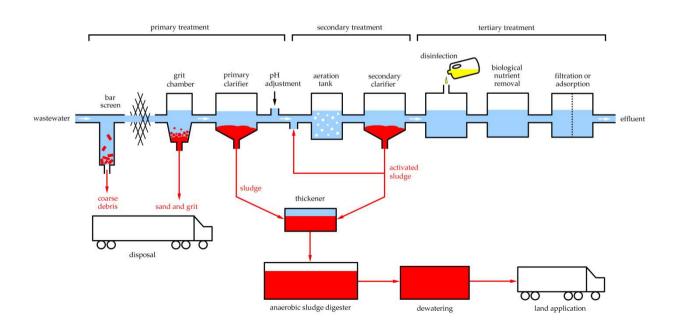




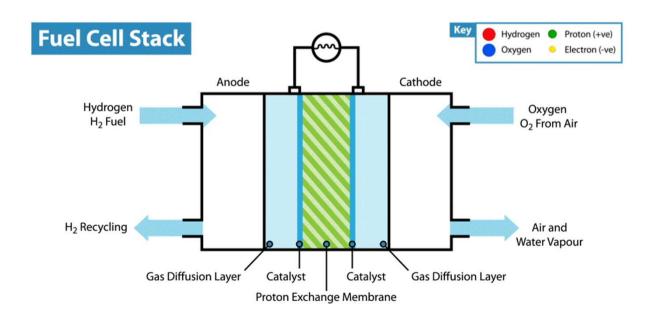
- Environmental Science and Engineering
  - Volcano Eruption
    - ✓ Flow of hot lava (momentum transfer)
    - ✓ Transport of volcano ash (mass transfer)
    - ✓ Heat transfer from hot lava (heat transfer)
    - ✓ Natural convection (momentum transfer and heat transfer)
    - **√** ...



- Environmental Science and Engineering
  - Waste Water Treatment
    - ✓ Flow of waste water (momentum and mass transfer).
    - ✓ Chemical and biological treatments (heat, momentum, and mass transfer).
    - ✓ Sediment process (momentum and mass transfer).
    - **√** ...



- Mechanical and Energy Engineering
  - > Fuel Cell
    - ✓ Hydrogen and oxygen flow (momentum transfer).
    - ✓ Heat generation due to reaction (heat transfer).
    - ✓ Air and water flow from outlet (momentum and mass transfer).
    - **√** ...



#### • Chemical Engineering

- Refining of crude oil
  - ✓ Flow of crude oil (momentum transfer).
  - ✓ Distills the incoming crude oil into various fractions for further processing (heat and mass transfer).
  - ✓ Adds or removes chemicals from the various fractions (momentum and mass transfer).
  - **√** ...



- Summary of Important Examples
  - Aerospace engineering: turbine engine, in-flight icing, space shutter ...
  - Materials processing and production: metal, ceramic, polymer ...
  - Environment science and engineering: volcano, water treatment, underground water pollution ...
  - > Chemical engineering: petroleum refinery ...
  - > Energy engineering: fuel cell, chemical batteries ...
  - ➤ Bioengineering: artificial organ, blood system, drug delivery ...

#### Technical Disciplines

- Mechanics and Aerospace Engineering
- ➤ Materials Science and Engineering
- > Environmental Science and Engineering
- Mechanical and Energy Engineering
- Biomedical Engineering
- ➤ Marine Science and Ocean Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- **>** .....

- Similar Governing Equations
  - > Conservation law can apply to three transports
    - ✓ A particular measurable property of an isolated physical system does not change as the system evolves over time.
    - ✓ Conservation of momentum: Navier-Stokes equation in fluid dynamics
    - ✓ Conservation of energy: heat transfer equation
    - ✓ Conservation of species: mass transfer equation

• Similar Molecular Mechanisms

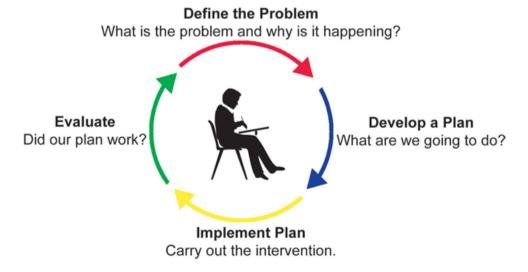
#### Comparison of diffusion phenomena

Transported quantity	Physical phenomenon	Equation
Momentum	Shear Stress (Newtonian fluid)	$\tau = \mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$
Energy	Heat conduction (Fourier's law)	$q = k \frac{\partial T}{\partial x}$
Mass	Molecular diffusion (Fick's law)	$J = D \frac{\partial C}{\partial x}$

- Pre-requisites
  - Math such as vector, calculus, ordinary and partial differential equation.
    - ✓ GE101
    - ✓ GE102
  - > Physics such as thermodynamics.
    - ✓ PHY101
    - **✓** PHY102

#### • Objectives

- Provide students with basic principles of the three transfers encountered in engineering, momentum, heat and mass transfers. (Success in your exam)
- ➤ Help students to develop critical thinking skills by solving transport phenomena problems taken from the fields of engineering, using analytical methods. (Success in your future career)



#### • Learning Outcomes

- > Students can understand the basic concepts on transport phenomena.
- > Students can identify the mechanism of an engineering transport phenomenon and construct the proper model for it.
- > Students can apply the knowledge from pre-requisite as a tool to solve the model defined above.
- 1. Good marks in your exam (Level 1).
- 2. Apply the knowledge of transport phenomena to solve the related problems in your job (Level 2).
- 3. Apply the skills developed in this course to solve other challenge problems in your future career (Level 3).

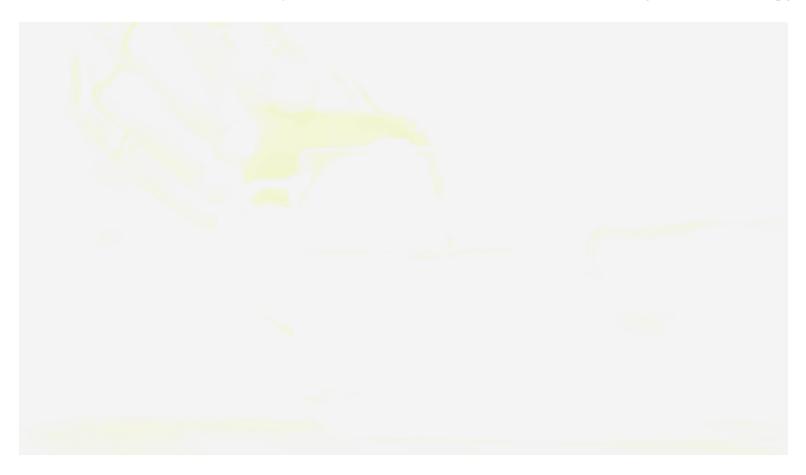
#### • Syllabus

- > Introduction
- ➤ Basic Concepts on Fluid Mechanics
- > Fluid Statics
- > Conservation Law
- Bernoulli Equation
- Laminar and Turbulent Flow
- ➤ Heat Conduction
- Forced Convection
- Natural Convection
- Radiation
- ➤ Heat Transfer with Phase Change
- Diffusion
- > Mass Convection
- ➤ Multiphase Flow

- Textbook and References
  - No Textbook.
  - A lot of references:
    - ✓ R. Byron Bird, Warren E. Stewart, Edwin N. Lightfoot, Daniel J. Klingenberg, Introductory Transport Phenomena, Wiley, 2014.
    - ✓ Pijush K. Kundu, Ira M. Cohen, David R Dowling, Fluid Mechanics, Elsevier, 2012
    - ✓ Joseph Katz, Introductory Fluid Mechanics, Cambridge University Press, 2013
    - ✓ Adrian Bejan, **Heat Transfer**, Wiley, 1993
    - ✓ Hans Dieter Baehr, Karl Stephan, Heat and Mass Transfer, Springer 2006
    - ✓ Many others .....
  - Many other materials online

- Tutorials
  - > Fluid Mechanics
  - > Heat Transfer
  - > Mass Transfer
- Three groups
  - There are more than 100 students from three departments MAE, MSE, ESE.
  - > Divided into three or four groups.
  - > Each TA will teach tutorials in one group.

MOOC Course: Basics of Transport Phenomena from Delft University of Technology



Course starts on October 21, 2016

- Evaluation
  - > Attendance 10%
  - > Projects (term paper) 20%
  - ➤ Homework 10%
  - > Midterm exam 20%
  - > Final exam 40%
- You pass this course, if you attend all the classes, finish all project and homework.
- You fail this course, if you cheat in exam, plagiarize homework, directly copy materials online for your project.

- How to succeed in this course
  - > Preview lecture notes before the class.
  - Come to all lectures and listen attentively in class - do not play your mobile please!
  - > Review lecture notes and read reference books.
  - > Work on all homework problems.
  - > Discuss with peers and attend the office hours when have questions.
  - Connect what you have learned to the phenomena occur in the applications related to your own major and in everyday life.

- How to write a good term paper
  - > Find a topic which you are interested in
    - ✓ Related to transport phenomena
    - ✓ Related to your discipline or everyday life
    - ✓ Make it as creative as possible
  - > Do your research
    - ✓ Understand the background to the topic
    - ✓ Find out what future research is
    - ✓ Search what are the possible solution
  - > Final Write-up
    - ✓ Develop an outline
    - ✓ Introduce your own opinion in the term paper
    - ✓ Prove your opinion
    - ✓ Strength your conclusion

- Term Paper
  - Discuss transport phenomena related to your discipline or your everyday life.
  - At least include one of the three transport phenomena (fluid dynamics, heat transfer or mass transfer).
  - > Decide the title yourself.
  - $\triangleright$  10-20 pages (A4 paper).
  - ➤ Please <u>DO NOT</u> Plagiarize!!!