

Sessão 2: Firewall

1) Configuração inicial do firewall

Criar DMZ host-only faixa 10.0.42.0/24, ip host físico 10.0.42.254. Criar Intranet host-only faixa 192.168.42.0/24, ip host físico 192.168.42.254.

Clonar debian-template para **fw** com 2 interfaces de rede, 1 bridge dhcp, 2 host-only estático 10.0.42.1/24, 3 host-only estático 192.168.42.1/24.

Renomear vm.

```
# bash ~/changehost.sh fw
```

Configurar rede.

```
# cat /etc/network/interfaces
source /etc/network/interfaces.d/*

auto lo enp0s3 enp0s8 enp0s9

iface lo inet loopback

iface enp0s3 inet dhcp

iface enp0s8 inet static
address 10.0.42.1/24

iface enp0s9 inet static
address 192.168.42.1/24
```

Habilitar repasse.

```
# sed -i '/net.ipv4.ip_forward/s/^#//' /etc/sysctl.conf
```

```
# sysctl -p
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 1
```

Habilitar nat.

```
# iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -s 10.0.42.0/24 -o enp0s3 -j MASQUERADE
```

```
# iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -s 192.168.42.0/24 -o enp0s3 -j MASQUERADE
```

Instalar iptables-persistent, salvar regras.

```
# apt-get install iptables-persistent -y
```

2) Configuração do servidor DNS

Instale os pacotes.

```
# apt-get install nsd unbound dnsutils
```

Configure as chaves TLS de controle.

```
# nsd-control-setup
```

Gerar chave TSIG aleatória para transferência de zona.

```
# dd if=/dev/random of=/dev/stdout count=1 bs=32 | base64
1+0 registros de entrada
1+0 registros de saída
twjSFcE/A1sBoNfNgdv+Gy3z9GLV9yC8SgobK5hyaVg=
32 bytes copiados, 0,000523239 s, 61,2 kB/s
```

Crie o arquivo `/etc/nsd/nsd.conf`. Obs.: não configuraremos DNS secundário por razões de tempo).

```
1 server:
2   ip-address: 127.0.0.1
3   ip-address: 10.0.42.1
4   ip-address: 192.168.42.1
5   do-ip4: yes
6   port: 8053
7   username: nsd
8   zonesdir: "/etc/nsd"
9
10  logfile: "/var/log/nsd.log"
11  pidfile: "/run/nsd/nsd.pid"
12  hide-version: yes
13  version: "intnet DNS"
14  identity: "unidentified server"
15
16 remote-control:
17   control-enable: yes
18   control-interface: 127.0.0.1
19   control-port: 8952
20   server-key-file: "/etc/nsd/nsd_server.key"
21   server-cert-file: "/etc/nsd/nsd_server.pem"
22   control-key-file: "/etc/nsd/nsd_control.key"
23   control-cert-file: "/etc/nsd/nsd_control.pem"
24
25 key:
26   name: "inkey"
27   algorithm: sha512
28   secret: "mIl6XgI2u3NN8a8oldMqTalaTh/dgON0Txg4VqTC4bc="
29
30 pattern:
31   name: "inslave"
32   notify: 10.0.42.11 inkey
33   provide-xfr: 10.0.42.11 inkey
34
35 zone:
36   name: "intnet"
37   include-pattern: "inslave"
38   zonefile: "intnet.zone"
39
40 zone:
41   name: "42.0.10.in-addr.arpa"
42   zonefile: "10.0.42.zone"
43   include-pattern: "inslave"
```

Crie o arquivo de zona direta `/etc/nsd/intnet.zone`.

```
1 $TTL 86400 ; (1 day)
2 $ORIGIN intnet.
3
4 @      IN    SOA    fw.intnet.  admin.intnet. (
5          2018110300 ;serial (YYYYMMDDnn)
6          14400      ;refresh (4 hours)
7          1800       ;retry (30 minutes)
8          1209600    ;expire (2 weeks)
9          3600       ;negative cache TTL (1 hour)
10         )
11
12 @      IN    NS     fw.intnet.
13 @      IN    NS     ns2.intnet.
14
15 @      IN    MX     10    mx1.intnet.
16 @      IN    MX     20    mx2.intnet.
17
18 fw     IN    A      10.0.42.1
19 ldap   IN    A      10.0.42.2
20 nfs    IN    A      10.0.42.3
21
22 ns2    IN    A      10.0.42.11
23 mx1    IN    A      10.0.42.12
24 mx2    IN    A      10.0.42.13
25
26 files  IN    CNAME   nfs
27 pop    IN    CNAME   mx1
28 imap   IN    CNAME   mx1
```

Crie o arquivo de zona reversa `/etc/nsd/10.0.42.zone`.

```
1 $TTL 86400 ; (1 day)
2 $ORIGIN 42.0.10.in-addr.arpa.
3
4 @      IN    SOA    fw.intnet.  admin.intnet. (
5          2018110300 ;serial (YYYYMMDDnn)
6          14400      ;refresh (4 hours)
7          1800       ;retry (30 minutes)
8          1209600    ;expire (2 weeks)
9          3600       ;negative cache TTL (1 hour)
10         )
11
12 @      IN    NS     fw.intnet.
13 @      IN    NS     ns2.intnet.
14
15 @      IN    MX     10    mx1.intnet.
16 @      IN    MX     20    mx2.intnet.
17
18 1      IN    PTR     fw.intnet.
19 2      IN    PTR     ldap.intnet.
20 3      IN    PTR     nfs.intnet.
21
22 11     IN    PTR     ns2.intnet.
23 12     IN    PTR     mx1.intnet.
24 13     IN    PTR     mx2.intnet.
```

Cheque a configuração, inicie o serviço e verifique se está rodando.

```
# nsd-checkconf /etc/nsd/nsd.conf
```

```
# systemctl restart nsd
```

```
# tail /var/log/nsd.log
[2018-11-03 12:12:25.905] nsd[1820]: notice: nsd starting (NSD 4.1.14)
[2018-11-03 12:12:25.923] nsd[1821]: notice: nsd started (NSD 4.1.14), pid 1820
```

```
# ss -tunlp | grep 8053
udp    UNCONN    0      0      192.168.42.1:8053          *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=6),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=6),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=6))
udp    UNCONN    0      0      10.0.42.1:8053           *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=5),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=5),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=5))
udp    UNCONN    0      0      127.0.0.1:8053           *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=4),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=4),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=4))
tcp    LISTEN     0      128    192.168.42.1:8053          *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=9),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=9),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=9))
tcp    LISTEN     0      128    10.0.42.1:8053           *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=8),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=8),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=8))
tcp    LISTEN     0      128    127.0.0.1:8053           *:~
users:(("nsd",pid=2821,fd=7),("nsd",pid=2820,fd=7),("nsd",pid=2819,fd=7))
```

Teste a resolução direta e reversa.

```
# dig @127.0.0.1 -p 8053 ldap.intnet +noadditional

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> @127.0.0.1 -p 8053 ldap.intnet +noadditional
; (1 server found)
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 49827
;; flags: qr aa rd; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 2, ADDITIONAL: 3
;; WARNING: recursion requested but not available

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;ldap.intnet.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
ldap.intnet.                86400   IN      A      10.0.42.2

;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
intnet.                     86400   IN      NS      fw.intnet.
intnet.                     86400   IN      NS      ns2.intnet.

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#8053(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 13:05:06 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 123
```

```
# dig @127.0.0.1 -p 8053 -x 10.0.42.3 +noadditional

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> @127.0.0.1 -p 8053 -x 10.0.42.3 +noadditional
; (1 server found)
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 23418
;; flags: qr aa rd; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 2, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; WARNING: recursion requested but not available

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;3.42.0.10.in-addr.arpa.          IN      PTR

;; ANSWER SECTION:
3.42.0.10.in-addr.arpa. 86400   IN      PTR      nfs.intnet.

;; AUTHORITY SECTION:
42.0.10.in-addr.arpa.   86400   IN      NS        fw.intnet.
42.0.10.in-addr.arpa.   86400   IN      NS        ns2.intnet.

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#8053(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 13:05:51 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE  rcvd: 110
```

Crie o arquivo `/etc/unbound/unbound.conf`.

```
1 server:
2   interface: 127.0.0.1
3   interface: 10.0.42.1
4   interface: 192.168.42.1
5   port: 53
6
7   access-control: 127.0.0.0/8 allow
8   access-control: 10.0.42.0/24 allow
9   access-control: 192.168.42.0/24 allow
10
11  cache-min-ttl: 300
12  cache-max-ttl: 14400
13
14  local-zone: "intnet" nodefault
15  domain-insecure: "intnet"
16
17  local-zone: "10.in-addr.arpa." nodefault
18  domain-insecure: "10.in-addr.arpa."
19
20  verbosity: 1
21  prefetch: yes
22  hide-version: yes
23  hide-identity: yes
24  use-caps-for-id: yes
25  rrset-roundrobin: yes
26  minimal-responses: yes
27  qname-minimisation: yes
28  do-not-query-localhost: no
29
30 stub-zone:
31   name: "intnet"
32   stub-addr: 127.0.0.1@8053
33
34 stub-zone:
35   name: "42.0.10.in-addr.arpa."
36   stub-addr: 127.0.0.1@8053
37
38 forward-zone:
39   name: "."
40   forward-addr: 8.8.8.8
41   forward-addr: 8.8.4.4
42
43 include: "/etc/unbound/unbound.conf.d/*.conf"
```

Reinicie o **unbound**.

```
# systemctl restart unbound
```


Reconfigure o DNS *system-wide*. Devido ao DHCP, torne o arquivo `/etc/resolv.conf` imutável.

```
# cat /etc/resolv.conf
domain intnet.
search intnet.
nameserver 127.0.0.1
```

```
# chattr +i /etc/resolv.conf
```

Teste a resolução de domínios internos e externos usando o `unbound`.

```
# dig fw.intnet

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> fw.intnet
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 14190
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;fw.intnet.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
fw.intnet.                86400   IN      A      10.0.42.1

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#53(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 13:09:15 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 54
```

```
# dig openbsd.org

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> openbsd.org
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 20180
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
openbsd.org.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
openbsd.org.                21599   IN      A      129.128.5.194

;; Query time: 482 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#53(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 13:09:21 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 56
```

3) Configuração da VM template

Ligue a VM **debian-template** e reconfigure o DNS padrão.

```
# hostname ; whoami
debian-template
root
```

```
# cat /etc/resolv.conf
domain intnet.
search intnet.
nameserver 10.0.42.1
```

4) Configuração do DNSSEC

Instale as ferramentas de suporte.

```
# apt-get install ldnsutils haveged
```

Crie as chaves de assinatura de zona (ZSK) e chave (KSK).

```
# cd /etc/nsd/

# export ZSK=`ldns-keygen -a RSASHA1-NSEC3-SHA1 -b 2048 intnet`

# export KSK=`ldns-keygen -k -a RSASHA1-NSEC3-SHA1 -b 2048 intnet`

# rm Kintnet.+007+*.ds

# ls -l Kintnet.+007+*
Kintnet.+007+04740.key
Kintnet.+007+04740.private
Kintnet.+007+12293.key
Kintnet.+007+12293.private

# echo $ZSK
Kintnet.+007+12293

# echo $KSK
Kintnet.+007+04740
```

Assine a zona **intnet.zone**.

```
# ldns-signzone -n -p -s $(head -n 1000 /dev/random | sha1sum | cut -b 1-16)
intnet.zone $ZSK $KSK

# ls intnet.zone* -l
intnet.zone
intnet.zone.signed
```

Configure o **nsd** para usar a zona assinada.

```
# cat /etc/nsd/nsd.conf | grep intnet.zone.signed -B3
zone:
  name: "intnet"
  include-pattern: "inslave"
  zonefile: "intnet.zone.signed"

# nsd-control reconfig
reconfig start, read /etc/nsd/nsd.conf
ok

# nsd-control reload intnet
ok
```

Pesquise os registros DNSKEY do domínio no **nsd**, verificando as chaves ZSK e KSK.

```
# dig DNSKEY intnet. @localhost +multiline +nored -p 8053

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> DNSKEY intnet. @localhost +multiline +nored -p 8053
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 37343
;; flags: qr aa; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
intnet.                                IN DNSKEY

;; ANSWER SECTION:
intnet.                                86400 IN DNSKEY 256 3 7 (
    AwEAAc2pUU0TiK7+pW0bz6ovwIPFcbbNkwhltxaIVCuX
    OpS2uGufu9m15AW6hKb8JHLN1RMNbkeDcwRW996cpRqz
    QWt/Ya1e4xfbyUkdoE6+Yo1At6SBgkH1Nsi7MGtiz0w3
    C8G0RqJSF6WvreEJyEAdcxP8A+6a8zqZ69Y44udafpiu
    nSh773i1txNgNER0gLzQbdvQujXRmork/HCTjeDCNWzg
    1xqhXqnD4IVeIjGeB05uxcTpFZ6SLN25cfoECesqk/zs
    VafUJdCPxqaGd3szaDvTVhZ37eGfY1pZNXNL826NRNVF
    UdNCfeWGVl13gGAyFvxUxfr/Bwtpkr8Y1Ts/4Pc=
    ) ; ZSK; alg = NSEC3RSASHA1; key id = 25253
intnet.                                86400 IN DNSKEY 257 3 7 (
    AwEAAcLaf9zFIDEL5dWhB4HzWx6iptWnj42WOUIZmT6f
    7GE0wgBBUuT88Q3dZQwWSvydveH16TNUtt7/7JJJPk4H
    JjUS79lmLbahUvDEgTwynyphiKEFGWmcVo449o6oqB5mo
    1kiWkMepq51QYFATHEjG2kRib47LDejZQ6VrnjeHEq0w
    jnRQbp1rrp217LuvayFgKBVJgpswQBNI8yaqmZ04oPjd
    i21oH2CyjnFW2x/FWoWlv373l/r426QxQL80f0qa4EC+
    a1tB0oIsZanlqVi00zHdhYhaxumZhou0Q7/AsPZveFfu
    BSCAyFX4tJIClxI51uES6hB6obNa0T50o0Mz0ss=
    ) ; KSK; alg = NSEC3RSASHA1; key id = 48774

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#8053(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 16:13:34 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 587
```

Teste uma resolução de nome direta, via **unbound**, usando DNSSEC.

```
# dig nfs.intnet +dnssec +multiline

; <<>> DiG 9.10.3-P4-Debian <<>> nfs.intnet +dnssec +multiline
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 30386
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags: do; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;nfs.intnet.                IN A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
nfs.intnet.                86385 IN A 10.0.42.3
nfs.intnet.                86385 IN RRSIG A 7 2 86400 (
                           20181201191314 20181103191314 25253 intnet.
                           SldCjrjnb8iQ+ozjJBIOh8t+BNX7iqRffJ6qSQtj32W9
                           2FCmxW/TCKrMZ4RM1ViqzMVnsY3yCmqD+8jHVvVH3Bp6
                           Jon1iEYAfhUPq4NcXH4mjsZU8Ite8lnox3krpeF9DhRr
                           mvNibmJyq6clwNu6MIoOySY2odHrwmW7rg0vYmdtQTLs
                           vuBdaZ+b0s959Cf0lGoUIthPVKGBirWoTf9i0qC5QdSK
                           miMNUgBdCWxRRe+zCPLdV8p1adW3yFKA+LQoy6IV5w7y
                           0sr0/dNzpmBGYIpWXbygYFaJ26zBlIVi09GI09TDcvoc
                           4t2t+FvSwKmSa3tP7Q9ZSoMMSQXy89uauQ== )

;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#53(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Sat Nov 03 16:18:02 -03 2018
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 349
```

Caso fosse desejável exportar a configuração DNS para um *registrar* hierarquicamente superior (fechando a cadeia de verificação DNS), pode-se gerar os registros DS — *delegation of signing* — das chaves com o comando abaixo.

```
# ldns-key2ds -n -1 intnet.zone.signed && ldns-key2ds -n -2 intnet.zone.signed
intnet. 86400 IN DS 48774 7 1 571d6a2b7822eb6c6989b8ede2e9c38d395ab5e9
intnet. 86400 IN DS 48774 7 2
57e574424987489e222ce4b3ad1abef58d6638c977193257f8202fc141944615
```

5) Automatizando assinatura DNSSEC após alterações

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 ZSK="Kintnet.+007+12293"
4 KSK="Kintnet.+007+04740"
5 ZONE_FILE="intnet.zone"
6
7 cd /etc/nsd
8
9 ldns-signzone -n \
10 -p \
11 -s $(head -n 1000 /dev/random | sha1sum | cut -b 1-16) \
12 $ZONE_FILE \
13 $ZSK \
14 $KSK
15
16 nsd-control reconfig
17 nsd-control reload intnet
18 nsd-control reload 42.0.10.in-addr.arpa
```

```
# bash /etc/nsd/signzone-intnet.sh
reconfig start, read /etc/nsd/nsd.conf
ok
ok
```