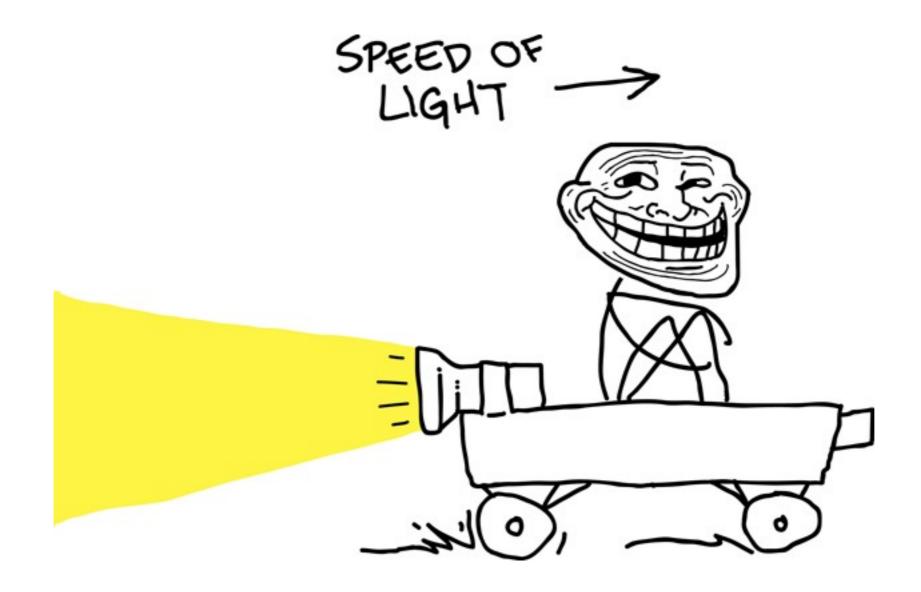
Scala ao Resgate: Testes de Software mais expressivos e com menos código na JVM

Filipe Sabella => @FilipeSabella Lucas Torri => @lucastorri

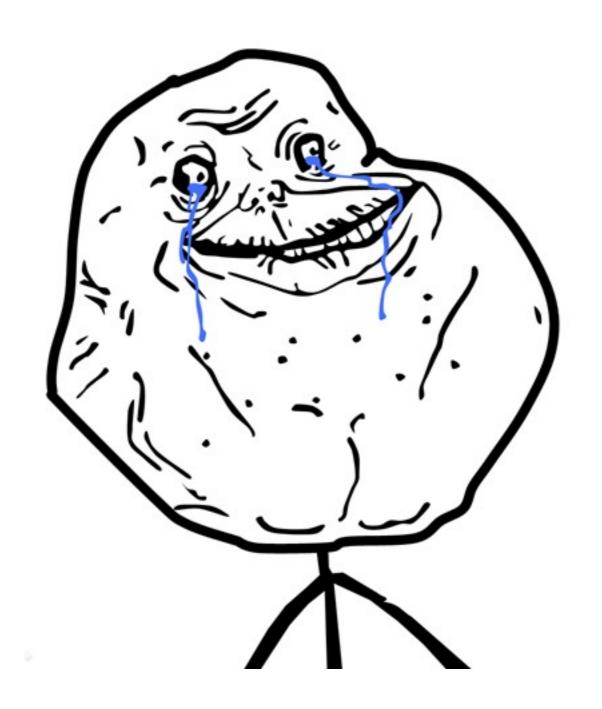
https://github.com/ lucastorri/SuperMarket



Plataforma



Linguagem



JRUby











```
object HelloWorld {
   def main(args: Array[String]) {
     println("Hello World")
   }
}
```

```
var someVariable = 3
someVariable = 7
```

```
val someValue = 13
someValue = 17 //error: reassignment to val
```

```
// def to define functions/methods
def isTrue(b: Boolean) = b
// implicit return type
```

```
def sayHello(msg: String = "Hi") =
    println(msg)

sayHello()
sayHello("Hello")
sayHello(msg = "Oi")
```

```
// [] instead of <>
val emptyList = List[Int]()
```

```
// Scala's == != Java's ==
val p1 = new Point(1, 2)
val p2 = new Point(1, 2)
p1 == p2 // true
p1 eq p2 // false
```

// no checked exceptions
def mayFail = throw new Exception

```
val mlstr =
"""
multi
line
"""
val tuple = (1, "tuple")
```

```
var list = List(1, 2, 3)
var sameList = 1 :: 2 :: 3 :: Nil
list(0) // 1st element
var map = Map("a" -> 1, "b" -> 2, "c" -> 3)
var array = Array(1, 2, 3)
var set = Set(1, 2, 3)
// and also Vector, Queue,
// Stack, LinkedList, and many more
```

```
def sayHello(g: { def hello: String }) =
  println(g.hello)
object Duck { def hello = "quack!" }
object Cat { def hello = "miau!" }
sayHello(Frog)
sayHello(Duck)
```

```
val xml =
<numbers>
  { for (n < -1 to 5) yield < n > \{n\} < /n > }
</numbers>
/**
 * <numbers>
  < n>1</n>< n>2</n>< n>3</n>< n>4</n>< n>5</n>
 * </numbers>
 */
```

val numbers = 1 to 6

numbers.foreach(println)

number.filter(e => e % 2 == 0)
numbers.filter(_ % 2 == 0)

```
// mixins
trait Flyer { def fly = "I'm flying" }
trait Quacker { def quack = "quack!" }

class Duck extends Flyer with Quacker
val d = new Duck
d.fly; d.quack
```

```
// single instance of a type (singleton)
object HolyGrail
var g1 = HolyGrail; var g2 = HolyGrail
g1 eq g2 // true
```

```
// generated equals, toString, hashCode, ...
case class Point(x: Int, y: Int)
```

```
class IntPlus(i: Int) {
  def weeks = i * 7
  def ago: Date = {
    val cal = Calendar.getInstance
    cal.add(Calendar.DATE, -i)
    cal.getTime
implicit def intPlus(i: Int) = new IntPlus(i)
2.weeks.ago
// new IntPlus(new IntPlus(2).weeks).ago
// Date = Fri Jun 10 13:14:05 BRT 2011
```

```
object A {
  def methodA = 7
}

val methodA = A.methodA _
methodA() // 7
```

Testando com Scala

- ScalaCheck
- ScalaTest
- Specs
- Specs2
- Specsy

- ScalaCheck
- ScalaTest
- Specs
- Specs2
- Specsy



- Sistema de ponto de venda
 - Produtos
 - Impostos
 - Carrinho compra
 - Clientes
 - Cartão de Crédito
 - Caixa

- Sistema de ponto de venda
 - Produtos
 - Impostos
 - Carrinho compra
 - Clientes
 - Cartão de Crédito
 - Caixa

- A Checkout Counter
 - knows that an empty cart has price zero
 - sums the total price of the items in the cart

- A Customer
 - gets a new shopping cart from the supermarket
 - shops following a shopping list
 - gets a counter to checkout and pay
 - pays bills with credit card